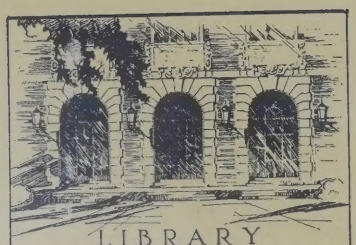

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COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1951 No. 1.

SENATE

TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1951, 12:00 o'clock noon.

This being the day and hour fixed by the Constitution for the meeting of the General Assembly, the members of the Senate together with the Senators-elect, chosen at the last general election held on November 7, 1950, assembled in the Senate Chamber.

The PRESIDENT (Acting Lieutenant-Governor, M. Harvey Taylor) called the Senate to order at twelve o'clock noon.

PRAYER

The Rev. J. B. Williams, Pastor of the Second Baptist Church of Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray: Oh God our help in ages past, our hope for years to come, our shelter from the stormy blasts and our eternal home, it is in the spirit of this season, Oh God, that we come to Thee, thanking Thee for wisdom from above. In these days of trouble and at this time of National crisis, we thank Thee for these men whom Thou hast raised up as the leaders of this State to make the laws, to create confidence and to inspire courage in the hearts of men. We thank Thee that there has never been a day so dark but that Thou didst not lead the way, if only one man would trust in Thee; that there has never been a way so rough that Thou would not smooth it if we would follow Thee by faith.

We thank Thee for these men and for their high aspirations; inspire them to do the right although the forces of earth may oppose.

Bless the President of our Country, the Governor of our State and mankind everywhere. We ask it in Jesus' name. Amen.

COMMUNICATION

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication which was read by the Clerk:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Lieutenant-Governor's Office
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Daniel B. Strickler
Lieutenant-Governor

December 28, 1950.

Members of The Senate:

It is with much regret that it is not possible for me to be present at the opening of the Senate session next Tuesday. When I became Lieutenant Governor soon after my return from the last war I had eagerly looked forward to my new duties, chief among which was presiding over the Senate.

I very much want to express to you my appreciation for the opportunity of being associated with you through two sessions. Before I could serve out four years I was called upon again to enter the military service with the Pennsylvania National Guard. It is with much pride that I command Pennsylvania's own 28th Infantry Division which outfit I served with in all its battles and campaigns. I wish you to know our Division is held in high regard by Americans everywhere. I pledge you a good accounting by the thousands of Pennsylvania boys who left with me.

We want so much to keep America strong. You members of the Senate will want to do your utmost to keep Pennsylvania strong and aid the nation in what must be done. It appears America is at the crossroads of indecision. What we have to do now is to blaze a new trail of decision that will lead us and our allies on a safe but probably rugged course to victory. It isn't just a matter of going out and defending our way of life or the principles of free government. It is a matter of protecting and assuring our very physical existence as a people who should not be dominated by a ruthless, preying, destructive force that has no respect for the rights of others or for what they have proven to be worth-while.

Most of us in the armed forces have put aside the niceties of life to prepare ourselves to meet and resist the enemy who seeks advancement chiefly through armed aggression. The time has come when all the people of America and those of allied nations must gear themselves to supply not only man power but to produce that which is necessary for the emergency. Even if we loose most of our means and worldly goods in pursuing this course but save ourselves from being subjected to Communistic forces we will be far better off than saving all else only to be confiscated by them.

Let us be sure we are right in making our decision, for right makes might, and then go ahead with a plan, pave the way, and dare to do our duty. I wish to repeat my plea made in my inaugural address four years ago: "Together let us go forward with fresh and untrammeled vision, meet and hail the future, and help guide the destinies of Pennsylvania and the United States of America."

Respectfully,

DANIEL B. STRICKLER,
Lieutenant Governor.

PRESENTATION OF ELECTION RETURNS

The PRESIDENT. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, I have the honor to present the Honorable Gene D. Smith, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I have the honor to lay before this honorable body the official returns of the November 7, 1950, general election of the Governor of the

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Commonwealth, the Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs and certain members of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT. Thank you, Mr. Secretary.

ELECTION RETURNS FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS LAID ON THE TABLE

The PRESIDENT. The returns of election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are laid on the table.

RETURNS OF ELECTIONS OF SENATORS

The PRESIDENT. The Chief Clerk will read the returns of election of Senators and the Clerks of the Senate will act as tellers.

SENATORS IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Alvin Evans Kephart R.	Elise Thompson Bailen D.
Philadelphia (part)	25,055	17,458

FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Bertram G. Frazier R.	John J. McCreesh D.
Philadelphia (part)	70,057	94,344

SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	John W. Lord, Jr. R.	Martin Silvert D.
Philadelphia (part)	85,704	90,886

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Louis H. Farrell R.	John F. Byrne D.
Philadelphia (part)	78,565	101,448

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Edward B. Watson R.	Harold V. Craven D.
Bucks	26,222	18,145

TWELFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Henry J. Propert R.	Lois Forer D.
Montgomery	80,706	41,199

FOURTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Montgomery F. Crowe R.	John A. Brislin D.	L. B. Nielsen, Jr. R.	Vernon Leslie R.
Pike	2,801	1,633		
Wayne	7,548	2,689	2	1
Carbon	9,541	9,384		
Monroe	6,034	5,816		
			C. T. Van Sciver (no party)	C. E. Coleman (no party)
			1	1

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Tilghman A. Freed R.	George A. Rupp D.
Lehigh	27,084	25,395

EIGHTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	James R. Charron R.	Joseph J. Yosko D.
Northampton	25,974	27,882

TWENTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	T. Newell Wood R.	Albert Joseph Valibus D.
Luzerne	36,159	26,732

TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	John Koniszewski R.	Hugh J. McMenamin D.
Lackawanna	51,079	56,597

TWENTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	John G. Snowden R.	Perry M. Paulhamus D.	Ira S. Sassaman Pro.	Herman Schneebeli
Columbia	9,166	9,156	77	
Sullivan	1,706	1,281	9	
Montour	2,684	2,182	14	
Lycoming	16,155	15,297	1,302	1

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	George B. Stevenson R.	Richard F. Hartzell, Sr. D.
Cameron	1,539	746
Clarion	6,456	5,258
Clinton	6,659	4,085
Elk	5,182	5,274
Forest	1,235	661

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Clarence Green R.	George M. Leader D.	Catherine J. Harley Pro.	Carroll D. Kearns No Party
York	29,659	31,317	272	1

THIRTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Charles R. Mallery R.	Robert D. Tonkin D.
Huntingdon	7,441	3,501
Blair	23,942	12,418

THIRTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	M. Hayes Liston R.	Eustace H. Bane D.
Fayette	19,286	29,723

THIRTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	A. H. Letzler R.	John W. Decker D.
Centre	6,841	4,312
Clearfield	12,756	11,330

THIRTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Fred P. Hare, Jr. R.	Simon K. Uhl D.
Bedford	6,893	4,757
Fulton	1,693	1,780
Somerset	14,507	11,636

THIRTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Nelson T. Miller R.	Elmer J. Holland D.
Allegheny	16,990	31,940

FORTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Robert D. Fleming R.	Robert Vander Voort D.	Scattered
Allegheny	51,103	39,374	8

FORTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Theodore H. Doehla R.	Bernard B. McGinnis D.
Allegheny	19,298	24,210

FORTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	John M. Walker R.	Frank J. Zappala D.	Scattered
Allegheny	64,064	61,599	7

FORTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Samuel B. Chaney R.	W. J. Lane D.
Greene	4,265	7,662
Washington	27,261	40,489

FORTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Leroy E. Chapman R.	Henry C. Huckestein D.
Warren	8,732	3,495
Venango	11,925	4,593

FIFTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT

County	Rowland B. Mahany R.	Kenneth C. Moore D.
Mercer	19,858	14,435
Crawford	13,815	8,283

Whereupon the following named persons were declared duly elected Senators in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Second District—Alvin Evans Kephart
Fourth District—John J. McCreesh
Sixth District—Martin Silvert
Eighth District—John F. Byrne
Tenth District—Edward B. Watson
Twelfth District—Henry J. Propert
Fourteenth District—Montgomery F. Crowe
Sixteenth District—Tilghman A. Freed
Eighteenth District—Joseph J. Yosko
Twentieth District—T. Newell Wood
Twenty-second District—Hugh J. McMenamin
Twenty-fourth District—John G. Snowden
Twenty-sixth District—George B. Stevenson
Twenty-eighth District—George M. Leader
Thirtieth District—Charles R. Mallery
Thirty-second District—Eustice H. Bane
Thirty-fourth District—A. H. Letzler
Thirty-sixth District—Fred P. Hare, Jr.
Thirty-eighth District—Elmer J. Holland
Fortieth District—Robert D. Fleming
Forty-second District—Bernard B. McGinnis
Forty-fourth District—John M. Walker
Forty-sixth District—W. J. Lane
Forty-eighth District—Leroy E. Chapman
Fiftieth District—Rowland B. Mahany

ADMINISTRATION OF OATHS OF OFFICE

The PRESIDENT. The next order of business will be the administration of oaths of office to the newly elected Senators. The oath will be administered by the Honorable William H. Neely, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

The Chair invites the Honorable William H. Neely to the rostrum, and the newly elected Senators will present themselves in front of the desk.

(Oaths of office administered accordingly.)

QUORUM PRESENT

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will call the roll.

The Clerk called the roll and the following Senators were present:

First District—Anthony J. DiSilvestro.
Second District—A. Evans Kephart.
Third District—John R. Meade.
Fourth District—John J. McCreesh.
Fifth District—Israel Stiefel.
Sixth District—Martin Silvert.
Seventh District—Maxwell S. Rosenfeld.
Eighth District—John F. Byrne.
Ninth District—G. Robert Watkins.
Tenth District—Edward B. Watson.
Eleventh District—Frank W. Ruth.
Twelfth District—Henry J. Propert.
Thirteenth District—Edward J. Kessler.
Fourteenth District—Montgomery F. Crowe.
Fifteenth District—M. Harvey Taylor.
Sixteenth District—Tilghman A. Freed.
Seventeenth District—G. Graybill Diehm.
Eighteenth District—Joseph J. Yosko.
Nineteenth District—George B. Scarlett.
Twentieth District—T. N. Wood.
Twenty-first District—Patrick J. Toole.
Twenty-second District—Hugh J. McMenamin.
Twenty-third District—Guy B. Robinson.
Twenty-fourth District—John G. Snowden.
Twenty-fifth District—James S. Berger.
Twenty-sixth District—George B. Stevenson.
Twenty-seventh District—Samuel B. Wolfe.
Twenty-eighth District—George M. Leader.
Twenty-ninth District—Paul L. Wagner.
Thirtieth District—Charles R. Mallery.
Thirty-first District—George N. Wade.
Thirty-second District—Eustace H. Bane.
Thirty-third District—Donald R. McPherson, Jr.
Thirty-fourth District—A. H. Letzler.
Thirty-fifth District—John J. Haluska.
Thirty-sixth District—Fred P. Hare, Jr.
Thirty-seventh District—Murray Peelor.
Thirty-eighth District—Elmer J. Holland.
Thirty-ninth District—John H. Dent.
Fortieth District—Robert D. Fleming.
Forty-first District—Albert R. Pechan.
Forty-second District—Bernard B. McGinnis.
Forty-third District—Joseph M. Barr.
Forty-fourth District—John M. Walker.
Forty-fifth District—Thomas E. Barrett.
Forty-sixth District—William J. Lane.
Forty-seventh District—Samuel G. Neff.
Forty-eighth District—Leroy E. Chapman.
Forty-ninth District—C. Arthur Blass.
Fiftieth District—Rowland B. Mahany.

The PRESIDENT. Fifty Senators having answered to their names, a quorum is present.

NOTIFICATION OF SPECIAL CEREMONY

The PRESIDENT. The Chair wishes to announce that on Thursday, November 30, 1950, the oath of Office was administered in the Senate Chamber to The Honorable Edward J. Kessler, of Lancaster County. Senator Kessler was elected at the General election of November 7, 1950, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the Honorable Frederick L. Homsher.

This will be spread upon the Journal.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will please come to the rostrum to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (John M. Walker) in the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The next order of business before the Senate is the election of the President pro tempore.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

Mr. CHAPMAN. The Senator whom I am about to nominate for President pro tempore of the Senate of Pennsylvania is first, honest and competent; second, he has proven his worth as an organizer; third, he is always available for the duties which the office requires, because of his residence in Harrisburg; and fourth, because of his long experience in governmental affairs and his wide acquaintance throughout the State, he is preeminently qualified for the position.

It is a pleasure for me to present to this body the name of the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, I second the nomination.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, in rising to place in nomination the choice of the Democratic Caucus, I would like to take a moment of the Senate's time to pin point to each and every one of the assembled guests and members of this body the importance of the action which all of us are about to take, the importance from an ideological standpoint, in view of the tremendous problems we are having throughout the world today. I am proud that our Caucus has designated me as the one to make the nomination. I am proud by reason of the fact that what we are about to do is an extension of the democracy which we preach and practice.

Mr. President, there are so few places in the world today where not only are elections free but where an elected body of this kind assembles,and within their own party caucuses, each individual member has a right to express his opinion, may take the floor and place in nomination that person whom he feels will best carry out the leadership of his party, and I think if all of us proceed in that spirit, in the spirit that we are showing to the people of this Country and to rest of the people in the world that we not only preach democracy but that we practice it, that this is it, and that the people have the right, and that we who are elected by the people have the right to give choice on this occasion and on other occasions when party officers are to be elected.

I am doubly proud, however, to have been given the honor of placing our choice in nomination by reason of the fact that the man whose name I am going to offer, in my own opinion and in the opinion of the Democratic Caucus, best fits our ideal of the individual best qualified for this honored position. I refer to a man whose experience, whose character and whose sincerity is beyond question; it has been proven by his four successive terms in this Senate.

I am, therefore, proud to place in nomination the name of the Minority Leader, the Honorable John H. Dent, of Westmoreland County.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any further nominations?

NOMINATIONS CLOSED

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I move the nominations for the office of President pro tempore of the Senate be closed.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On the election of the President pro tempore the Chief Clerk will call the roll, and the clerks of the Senate will act as tellers. The candidates are the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor of Dauphin County, and the Honorable John H. Dent of Westmoreland County.

The roll was called and resulted as follows:

FOR MR. TAYLOR—30

Berger,	Hare,	Pechan,	Wagner,
Blass,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Kessler,	Propert,	Watson,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Walker,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	Meade,	Wade,	

FOR MR. DENT—20

Bane,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barr,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Lane,	Neff,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Toole,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,	Yosko,

The PRESIDING OFFICER. M. Harvey Taylor, having received 30 votes, and John H. Dent having received 20 votes, the Chair declare M. Harvey Taylor duly elected President pro tempore of the Senate of Pennsylvania.

VOTE MADE UNANIMOUS

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, before I make this motion I want to make an observation. Years ago when I first sat down to play a little penny-ante, I was told if you win the first pot and the last pot you never lose. I just received the first vote and the last vote, but somewhere along the line I didn't get enough.

So, Mr. President, I move that the vote by which the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor was elected President pro tempore of the Senate be made unanimous.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE ELECT TO THE ROSTRUM

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair takes pleasure in naming as the committee to escort the President pro tempore elect to the rostrum, the gentleman from Warren, Mr. Chapman; the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Mallery, and the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent.

Whereupon, the President pro tempore-elect was escorted to the rostrum of the Senate.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The oath of office will be administred to the newly elected President pro tempore by the Honorable William H. Neely, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

(The oath of office was administered accordingly.)

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Gentlemen of the Senate, if you keep on electing me President pro tempore of the Senate, they will have to carry me up.

This is a funny experience for me and I want Johnny Dent to hear it. About the only time I vote for a Democrat is when I vote for the Democratic candidate for President pro tempore of the Senate, but my Democrat never wins.

Gentlemen of the Senate, I do thank you from the bottom of my heart. It is really a compliment for an old man to be elected President of a distinguished body such as this, and I say it is the finest compliment to be paid to anybody.

I told the Governor, "Big Red," "Don't you go to Washington because I don't want any sixteeen days over there. I want two years with these fellows over here that I like," and all I can say is thank you. I will try to do a good job, I will be as fair as I know how to be and I will try not to do anything wrong. I cannot give you all the committees you ask for, because on both sides everybody wants the best committees and best chairmanships, and there are only so many, so you will have to be a little charitable to the old man, and I will do the best I can. Thank you very much.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH TO MAJORITY AND MINORITY FLOOR LEADERS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The next order of business will be the administration of the oath to Majority Floor Leader, the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, and Minority Floor Leader, the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent.

Oath administered by the Honorable William H. Neely, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

ELECTION OF SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The next order of business before the Senate is election of Secretary of the Senate.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I have the privilege of nominating for the office of Secretary of the Senate a man whom I have several times previously nominated for this office, a man who served with distinction in this Senate one term, who has very efficiently served as Secretary of the Senate during the past three Sessions, an outstanding attorney and public servant. Incidentally, he is celebrating today, as he has celebrated several dozen previous times in his life, the anniversary of his birth.

I nominate the Honorable G. Harold Watkins, of Schuylkill County.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, at this time I wish to make an announcement on behalf of the Democratic contingent here in the Senate.

Previous to now it has always been the custom for the Minority to present names for the various Offices of the Senate in order to show their preferences. However, the time has come when we must set aside purely political consideration; after all, in the final analysis, that is all we would be doing today, we would be giving consideration to political feelings by presenting a set of names for the Offices which will be filled by members of the Majority Party.

We are at present, as we all know, engaged in a condition of world affairs, when any sign of unity, any sign of encouragement to all of our peoples, no matter how small it may be, will give some lift to the general

morale, and in order that we start this Senate Session in a manner that the people will understand, let our first and foremost consideration during this Session of the Legislature, above and beyond all other considerations, be a striving for the unity of our peoples towards a common objective.

Therefore, on behalf of the Minority members of the Senate, we second the nominations of all of the Officers to be elected to the Senate of Pennsylvania as nominated by the Majority Party.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore Are there any further nominations?

NOMINATIONS CLOSED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nominations for office of Secretary of the Senate be closed.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. On the election of the Secretary of the Senate, the Chief Clerk will call the roll, and the Clerks of the Senate will act as tellers. The candidate is Mr. G. Harold Watkins, of Schuylkill County.

The roll was called and resulted as follows:

FOR MR. WATKINS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. G. Harold Watkins having received 50 votes the Chair declared G. Harold Watkins duly elected Secretary of the Senate.

ELECTION OF CHIEF CLERK OF THE SENATE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The next order of business before the Senate is election of Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, it is my privilege to place in nomination for the Office of Chief Clerk of the Senate a man who has served ably and long, the Honorable William J. Ridge, of Tioga County.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, four years ago it was my privilege to second the nomination of the distinguished, number one citizen of Tioga County. I am happy today to recognize him not only as the number one citizen, but as a maker of judges. I, therefore, second the nomination of William J. Ridge for the Office of Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Are there any further nominations?

NOMINATIONS CLOSED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move the nominations for Chief Clerk of the Senate be closed.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. On the election of the Chief Clerk of the Senate the Clerk will call the roll, and the clerks of the Senate will act as tellers. The candidate is Mr. William J. Ridge of Tioga County.

The roll was called and resulted as follows:

FOR MR. RIDGE—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. William J. Ridge having received 50 votes the Chair declares William J. Ridge, of Tioga County, duly elected Chief Clerk of the Senate.

ELECTION OF SENATE LIBRARIAN

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The next order of business before the Senate is election of Senate Librarian.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, it is a privilege and pleasure to place in nomination for the Office of Senate Librarian, the name of Charles L. Lathero.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I second the nomination.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Are there any further nominations?

NOMINATIONS CLOSED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move the nominations for Senate Librarian be closed.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. On the election of the Senate Librarian the Clerk will call the roll, and the clerks of the Senate will act as tellers. The candidate is Mr. Charles Lathero of Blair County.

The roll was called and resulted as follows:

FOR MR. LATHERO—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Mr. Charles Lathero having received 50 votes, the Chair declares Mr. Charles Lathero duly elected Senate Librarian.

OATHS OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO SECRETARY OF THE SENATE, CHIIEF CLERK OF THE SENATE AND SENATE LIBRARIAN

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Secretary-elect of the Senate, G. Harold Watkins; the Chief Clerk-elect of the Senate, William J. Ridge, the Senate Librarian-elect, Charles Lathero, will aproach the rostrum in order that the oaths of office may be administered.

Oaths of office were administered accordingly to above officers by the Honorable William H. Neely, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

PRESENTATION OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ELECT

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. I think it would be very apropos at this time to have a word or two from our newly elected Lieutenant Governor. He was a Member of the House for many years and a fine Senator, and I just don't feel right having my back on him all the time. I would like him to say a few words to all of us.

REMARKS BY LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ELECT

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR-ELECT LLOYD H. WOOD. Mr. President, Members of the Senate, Ladies and Gentlemen, inasmuch as it will be necessary for me to make a few remarks at my inauguration in this Chamber two weeks hence, I feel that I should confine my remarks on this occasion to the minimum. However, I would like to say that I feel deeply grateful for the high honor that has been conferred upon me by the electorate of our great Commonwealth. I shall do the best I can to discharge my duties impartially.

In conclusion, I wish you all, if it is not too late, a Happy New Year and a successful administration.

RESOLUTIONS

AUTHORIZATION OF APPOINTMENT OF ALL SPECIAL AND STANDING COMMITTEES

Mr. WATKINS offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate be authorized to appoint all special and standing committees of the Senate during the session and shall be ex-officio a member of all standing, special and joint Legislative committees.

THANKS OF THE SENATE TENDERED TO HONORABLE WILLIAM H. NEELY FOR ADMINISTERING OATHS OF OFFICE

Mr. KESSLER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are hereby tendered to Honorable William H. Neely, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, for his services in qualifying the newly elected Senators, the President Pro Tempore and the several officers of the Senate.

NOTIFICATION TO HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR

Mr. SCARLETT offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the Senate is convened and organized and ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment of the following committee to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the Senate is organized and ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make: the gentleman from Chester, Mr. SCARLETT; the gentleman from Bucks, Mr. WATSON, and the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. McGINNIS

NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE

Mr. PROPERT offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate is now in session and ready to proceed to business.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment of the following committee to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is duly organized and ready to proceed with its business: the gentleman from Montgomery, Mr. PROPERT; the gentleman from Lehigh, Mr. FREED, and the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. BANE.

STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE ADOPTED FOR 1951 SESSION

Mr. FLEMING offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the standing rules of the Senate during the regular session of 1949 be adopted for the government of the Senate for the present regular session.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. It is, indeed, an honor that I can call to the Chair at this time the man who almost won as President pro tempore of the Senate.

Senator Dent, I would like you to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (John H. Dent) in the Chair.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE

Mr. KEPHART offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate be and is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of twelve Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of fifteen members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to make necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect, to wait upon His Excellency, and to conduct him to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and be it

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremonies take place at twelve o'clock Noon on the third Tuesday of January, the 16th instant, 1951, on the west side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Forum; and be it further

Resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding Five Thousand (5,000) Dollars in the making and carrying out of said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS

TELLER TO COMPUTE AND COUNT VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

Mr. ROBINSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the Senator from Indiana County, Mr. Peelor, be appointed Teller on the part of the Senate for the purpose of witnessing, computing and counting the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS IN THE SENATE

Mr. MEADE offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That no bills shall be presented to the Senate until after the appointment of the standing committees of the Senate.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

Mr. MAHANY offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Whereas, The Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the Postmaster at Harrisburg, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and that the payment of the postage for the Legislative Journal, also for the bills, calendars and histories be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS

PRINTING OF GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS

Mr. McPHERSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the list of appointments which may be sent to the Senate by the Governor as having been made during the recess, be printed for the use of the Senate under the direction of the Chief Clerk.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND REMONSTRANCES

Mr. PECHAN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That all petitions, memorials and remonstrances be presented by handling the same to the Chief Clerk, properly endorsed with the date thereon, in accordance with the practice of the last session.

NOMINATIONS FOR NOTARIES PUBLIC TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WOLFE offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Whereas, the reference to committee of nominations by the Governor for appointment of Notaries Public has resulted in the past in duplication of printing and an avoidable expense in the matter of printing, therefore be it

Resolved, That nominations by the Governor for the appointment of Notaries Public be laid on the table until further action.

APPROVAL OF PAYMENT OF SALARIES AND WAGES TO OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE SENATE

Mr. BERGER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Senate approve orders for the payment of salaries and wages only to such officers and employes of the Senate as are specifically authorized by law and who actually perform the duties of the positions to which they have been elected or appointed.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. DIEHM offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M.

Ordered, That the Clerk present same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President I present a Committee of the Senate.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, the committee has performed its duties and has notified the Governor that the Senate is now in session and is ready to receive any communications he might be pleased to make.

The Governor acknowledged receipt of the message and extends his greetings.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President I present a Committee of the Senate.

Mr. PROPERT. Mr. President, pursuant to the instructions of the Senate, we have notified the House of Repre-

sentatives the Senate is organized and ready to do business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to address the members in Joint Session this afternoon at three o'clock.

JAMES H. DUFF.

COMMUNICATION

REPORT OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the report of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company for the year 1950 as follows:

THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY

Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Building, Philadelphia 9, Pa.

December 14, 1950.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the General Assembly met:

In compjliance with the requirements of the 19th Section of the Act of Assembly, passed March 20, 1818, entitled "An Act to Improve the Navigation of the River Lehigh", I wish to report that no tolls were received on the Lehigh Navigation during the year 1950.

Very truly yours,
J. S. GATES, Secretary

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania }
County of Philadelphia } ss:

Before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the County of Philadelphia and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, personally appeared on this 14th day of December, 1950, J. S. GATES, Secretary of THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, who being duly affirmed according to law, did depose and say that the above statement is just and true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

J. S. GATES.

Affirmed and subscribed
before me the day and year
aforesaid.

RITA McMAHON
Notary Public

My commission expires March 26, 1951

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

JOINT SESSION

Mr. WOOD offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in joint session Tuesday, January 2, 1951, at (two-fifteen o'clock) p. m., in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth; also witnessing the opening, counting and computing of the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held Tuesday, November 7, 1950, in the several counties of this Commonwealth; and to elect a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Ordered, That the Clerk present same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT THE GOVERNOR TO THE HALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. WAGNER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, to the Hall of the House of Representatives to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, pursuant to a resolution already adopted by the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk present same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Members of the Senate, at this time I wish to turn the gavel back to the newly elected President pro tempore, and I assure him that I appreciate the honor bestowed upon me to preside over the Senate of Pennsylvania.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRESENTATION OF SENATOR LEADER

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Members of the Senate, I want to call your attention to something that I think is very fine. Senator Leader was with us for four years. In fact, he looks enough like me to be a Republican. His son was sworn in this morning, and I think that is a mighty fine compliment.

If Senator Leader is in the room, will be take a bow?

PRESENTATION OF FORMER SENATOR HARRY L. SHAPIRO

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Another former Senator, Harry Shapiro, is in the Senate Chamber this afternoon, and, boy, if he wasn't a terror to the Republicans. I will never forget him; he had us standing on our heads a good deal of the time.

Senator Shapiro, will you please take a bow?

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT THE GOVERNOR TO THE HALL OF THE HOUSE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment as a committee to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House, the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Wagner; the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. Wade, and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McCreesh.

APPOINTMENT OF INAUGURAL COMMITTEE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment as a committee to make necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect:

The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Kephart; the gentleman from Lycoming, Mr. Snowden; the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Wagner; the gentleman from Monroe, Mr. Crowe, the gentleman from Clinton, Mr. Stevenson, the gentleman from Chester, Mr. Scarlett; the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Mallery; the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Blass; the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent; the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Haluska, the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. McGinnis, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. DiSilvestro.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until two o'clock.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE NOTIFIES SENATE IT IS ORGANIZED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, I have the honor of presenting a committee on behalf of the House of Representatives.

Mr. YEAKEL. Mr. President, we were appointed as a committee of the House to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives is organized and ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair thanks the committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

HOUSE NOTIFIES SENATE IT IS READY TO CONVENE IN JOINT SESSION

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, I have the honor of presenting a committee on behalf of the House of Representatives.

Mr. ROYER. Mr. President, we are a committee appointed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate the House is ready to receive the Officers and Members of the Senate in Joint Session and to escort them to the Hall of the House.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair thanks the committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

SENATE PROCEEDS TO HOUSE TO HEAR GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE TO COUNT VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS AND TO ELECT DIRECTOR OF THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

The hour of two-fifteen p.m., having arrived Messrs. Royer and Polen, a committee on the part of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives was ready for the reception of the President and Members of the Senate for the purpose of listening to the reading by His Excellency the Governor of his message and witnessing the opening, counting and publishing of the official returns of the votes cast on the first Tuesday of November, A.D., 1950, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, and the election of a director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Whereupon,

The President and Members of the Senate proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives.

SENATE RETURNS FROM THE HOUSE

After some time the President and Members of the Senate returned to the Senate Chamber.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, I have the honor of presenting the Secretary to the Governor, the Honorable N. L. Wymard.

REMARKS BY SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

Mr. WYMARD. Mr. President, on behalf of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, I would like to extend the Governor's sincere thanks for the many courtesies extended to him by the Members of the Senate and by the staff.

I also would like to add my own sincere appreciation.

I have here a number of official communications in writing from His Excellency.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Mr. Secretary, it has been a pleasure to serve with you, and I want you to know that I consider you one of the best secretaries it has ever been my pleasure to know.

FINAL MESSAGE OF JAMES H. DUFF, GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. There has been placed on the desks of the Senators the final message of James H. Duff, Governor of Pennsylvania, to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, dated January 2, 1951, and will be noted in the Journal of the Senate.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, ETC.

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Gene D. Smith, Macungie R. D. 1, from May 24, 1950, until superseded.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Charles J. Margiotti, Pittsburgh, from July 5, 1950, until superseded.

MAJOR GENERAL PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL GUARD

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, from August 8, 1950, until terminated.

MAJOR GENERAL, PENNSYLVANIA GUARD

Frank A. Weber, Beaver Falls, from August 7, 1950, until terminated.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Artemas C. Leslie, Pittsburgh, from April 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF REVENUE

Otto F. Messner, Lancaster, from October 26, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF WELFARE

William C. Brown, Lincoln University Post Office, from September 28, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE ADVISORY COUNCIL

Penrose Hertzler, Pottsville, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

C. W. Hudson, Emporium, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Earl C. Bohr, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Harry Boyer, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Lester Thomas, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950 until terminated.

William A. Baird, Cambridge Springs, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

(Mrs.) Martha Sloan, Pittsburgh, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

J. Harry LaBrum, Philadelphia, from April 24, 1950, until terminated.

Robert L. Zullinger, Merion, from September 25, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY HOSPITAL COUNCIL

(Miss) Esther J. Tinsley, Pittston, from December 13, 1949, until November 18, 1952, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harold T. Prentzel, Norristown, from December 13, 1949, until November 18, 1952, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

Alan M. Scaife, Pittsburgh, from June 15, 1949, until March 6, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

John Henry Leh, Allentown, from October 10, 1949, until June 2, 1953, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE ANTHRACITE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD

Frank DeLeo, Scranton, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph Oshinski, Shamokin, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William W. Everett, Wilkes-Barre, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

George Roos, Pottsville, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF ARBITRATION OF CLAIMS

J. Boyd Duff, Jr., Pittsburgh, from January 11, 1950, until July 21, 1955, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Arthur D. Kemp, Yeadon, from July 24, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L. Supplee, Lancaster, from July 24, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF ASHLAND STATE HOSPITAL

Joseph Krick, Girardville, from June 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

George J. Jones, Williamsport, from December 14, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John DaGrosa, Philadelphia, from December 14, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

George C. Shoemaker, Ashland, from November 16, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BANKING BOARD

Mark Willcox, Wawa, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

George R. Howell, Reading, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

William B. McFall, Pittsburgh, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

T. C. Swarts, Aliquippa, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD FOR THE BITUMINOUS COAL MINES OF PENNSYLVANIA

R. M. Fleming, Colver, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

G. M. Gillette, DuBois, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Willis I. Hill, Irwin, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

R. H. Nicholas, Library, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. A. Boyle, Uniontown, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BUSHY RUN BATTLEFIELD COMMISSION

J. Graff Bomberger, Jeannette, from September 20, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. E. Kuhn, Belle Vernon, from October 10, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CHEYNEY TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

(Mrs.) Verona Beckett, Philadelphia, from January 12, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS

James I. Pritchard, Sr., Reading, from July 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

Kenfield K. Lane, Meadville, from July 15, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

Stanley Morton, Pittsburgh, from July 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

W. Ray Burns, Harrisburg, from July 15, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

John A. M. McCarthy, Philadelphia, from May 18, 1950, until April 9, 1956, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CLARION STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Evan J. Jones, Bradford, from November 2, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF COALDALE STATE HOSPITAL

Richard H. Evans, Coaldale, from June 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY

(Mrs.) Helen Josephine Dunbar, Wilkes-Barre, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) LaVerta M. Harper, Williamsport, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Charlotte W. Rice, Reading, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Thomas W. Webster, Brownsville, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Louise A. Porreca, Philadelphia, from January 26, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE COUNCIL FOR THE BLIND

C. T. Troy, Towanda, from November 4, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

Frank A. Miller, Riverside, from May 5, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE DENTAL COUNCIL AND EXAMINING BOARD

Reuben E. V. Miller, Easton, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Cloyd S. Harkins, Osceola Mills, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EAST STROUDSBURG STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. Lawrence Davis, Bangor, from May 3, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Frank S. LaBar, Stroudsburg, from May 3, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE

Percival E. Foerderer, Bryn Mawr, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. L. Kauffman, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William N. Parkinson, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert L. Johnson, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Noel J. Hooper, Jenkintown, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robin C. Buerki, Merion, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William H. DuBarry, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harold E. Stassen, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L. Brown, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles A. Allen, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Marion Fay, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Donald C. Rubel, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John W. Lord, Jr., Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Hayward R. Hamrick, Philadelphia, from September 13, 1950, until May 13, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

L. Stauffer Oliver, Philadelphia, from December 8, 1950, until May 13, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Fred T. Corleto, Philadelphia, from November 4, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William Reinhardt, Philadelphia, from November 21, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Vincent DeP. Henderson, Wyncote, from January 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank M. Speakman, Philadelphia, from January 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

George A. Williams, Philadelphia, from April 12, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EMBREEVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

W. Roy Widdoes, Coatesville, from July 7, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

N. Harlan Slack, Jr., West Chester, from August 2, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF NURSES

(Miss) Mathilda Scheuer, Philadelphia, from March 9, 1950, for the term of six years, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF FARVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

J. Russell Eshback, Bushkill, from March 6, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Roy N. Howe, Lake Ariel, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

LeRoy E. Sands, Hawley, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

F. Carrol Krautter, Newfoundland, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Garfield Thomas, Carbondale, from April 24, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA FISH COMMISSION

Philip E. Angle, Sharon, from December 14, 1950, until the second Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

Joseph Putnam Willson, Smethport, from December 29, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE HIGHWAY PLANNING COMMISSION

James S. Berger, Coudersport, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Edgar J. Kaufmann, Pittsburgh, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Ralph Kelly, Philadelphia, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

George R. Lamade, Williamsport from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Charles S. Tippetts, Mercersburg, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

J. Paul Rupp, Steelton, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Max Don Howell, Pittsburgh, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Don Markle, Jeddo, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Walter W. Krebs, Johnstown, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Arthur C. Kaufmann, Philadelphia, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

William H. Worrilow, Lebanon, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF INDIANA STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Joseph H. Sheriff, Windber, from Dec. 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN FOR THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Charles H. Brunner, Jr., Norristown, from May 24, 1949, for the term of two years, or until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Leo Abernathy, Pittsburgh, from July 15, 1949, until June 2, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MANSFIELD STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Olin W. Evans, Wilkes-Barre, from May 6, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MAYVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

(Mrs.) Mary Phillips Henry, Pittsburgh, from January 6, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Josephine S. Falk, Pittsburgh, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

John A. Freyvogel, Pittsburgh, from September 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE

Raymond Leopold, Philadelphia, from June 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY ADVISORY COMMISSION

Milton G. Baker, Wayne, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Charles C. Curtis, Allentown, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Albert H. Stackpole, Dauphin, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MILLERSVILLE STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. F. Aierstock, Lancaster, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

H. C. Burgard, Manheim, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Ada M. Forry, Columbia, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Allen P. Brightbill, Jonestown, from September 21,

1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Samuel S. Wenger, Paradise, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

George S. Mann, Millersville, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Guy K. Bard, Ephrata, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

David N. Crider, York, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Lewis Shoemaker, Kirkwood, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

H. Ober Hess, Norristown, from June 22, 1950, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

J. Lloyd Loushay, Athens, from November 17, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

Andrew Garber, Wilkes-Barre, from November 17, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF NANTICOKE STATE HOSPITAL

N. R. Lakatos, Nanticoke, from June 3, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF NORRISTOWN STATE HOSPITAL

T. Allen Glenn, Jr., Norristown, from June 30, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MEDICAL BOARD UNDER THE OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE LAW

T. Lyle Hazlett, Pittsburgh, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

Eugene P. Pendergrass, Philadelphia, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

Peter A. Herbut, Drexel Hill, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE ORAL SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

William A. Rose, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph M. Gerard, Dunmore, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Marjorie L. Sutherland, Clarks Summit, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Leo Moskovitz, Jermyn, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Benjamin Sterling, Jr., Moosic, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Paul R. Sable, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Karl Reese, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William W. Martin, Peckville, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNHURST STATE SCHOOL

Elmer W. Bowman, Lancaster, from November 2, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank J. Anastasio, Philadelphia, from October 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Alice R. Eysenbach, Wayne, from October 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Daniel R. Goodwin, West Chester, from October 20, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL AT MORGANZA

James F. McQuistion, McDonald, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Garfield A. McDowell, Greensburg, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Gaynelle M. Dixon, Butler, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

H. E. Milliken, Waynesburg, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ed. O. Golden, Kittanning, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William M. Parrish, Pittsburgh, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ernie Adamson, Mt. Lebanon, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

Jacob H. Katz, Philadelphia, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Edward W. Tighe, Lancaster, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Edward C. Ifft, Pittsburgh, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

S. Bascombe Alloway, Erie, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PHILADELPHIA STATE HOSPITAL

Furey Ellis, Philadelphia, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

H. Clayton Moyer, Perkasie, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Meade L. Barr, Haverford, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Louis C. Spring, Bristol, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Benjamin H. Freeman, Narberth, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William W. Bodine, Villa Nova, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

E. Washington Rhodes, Philadelphia, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William J. Meinel, Huntingdon Valley, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF POLK STATE SCHOOL

John L. Gibson, Monessen, from April 24, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

Sewell W. Hodge, Philadelphia, from September 23, 1949, and until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

W. H. Knaake, Allentown, from April 11, 1950, until September 21, 1953, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REGISTRATION BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

Robert C. Gorham, Pittsburgh, from July 21, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF RETREAT STATE HOSPITAL

Charles A. Malpass, Forty Fort, from February 21, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SCRANTON STATE HOSPITAL

(Mrs.) Sarah Gaul, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Garfield Lewis, Moscow, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Herbert J. Dooley, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Michael J. Borick, Olyphant, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Peter Novitsky, Blakely, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Edward H. Schlesser, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank Suraci, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Everett A. Rosser, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Edward Hetkowski, Dickson City, from March 21, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SHAMOKIN STATE HOSPITAL

W. Irvine Wiest, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Pearl V. Simmonds, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

John F. Oshinskie, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ralph H. Steinhart, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank A. Miller, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

W. R. Buckley, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Stephen F. Kocis, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Fred D. Kessler, Northumberland, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SLIPPERY ROCK STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

John Evans Rose, Sewickley, from January 17, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Ralph D. Horsman, Mt. Lebanon, from January 17, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

W. Lee Gilmore, Pittsburgh, from March 9, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE SOIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

John B. Peters, Gardners, from February 23, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and has qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL

(Mrs.) Lillian W. Stevenson, Wilkinsburg, from May 5, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

(Mrs.) Katharine G. Murdock, Greensburg, from May 4, 1949, and until her successor is appointed.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE VETERANS' COMMISSION

Fred Adams, Kingston, from July 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph B. Johnston, Pittsburgh, from July 21, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Louis G. Feldmann, Hazleton, from August 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Henry J. Mahady, Latrobe, from August 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph S. McCracken, Kingston, from October 19, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE TAX EQUALIZATION BOARD

Paul C. Kaestner, Drexel Hill, from July 7, 1950, until November 14, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THADDEUS STEVENS TRADE SCHOOL

Louis B. Bond, Christiana, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Clifford J. Backstrand, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

B. W. Luttenberger, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Elizabeth D. Stine, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Samuel E. Dyke, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Theodore M. Ayres, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William E. Ix, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF TORRANCE STATE HOSPITAL

Louis Altman, Greensburg, from February 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS

W. Judson Dean, Philadelphia, from February 21, 1950, until August 31, 1952, and until his successor shall have been appointed.

MEMBER OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BOARD OF REVIEW

Harry A. Englehart, Ebensburg, from November 16, 1949, until July 1, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS

J. Colvin Wright, Bedford, from February 27, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS

Edward J. Scanlon, Narberth, from March 13, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Stanley P. Ashe, Pittsburgh, from September 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WOODVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

L. D. Sargent, Washington, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Elmer E. Bauer, Wexford, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualfied.

Samuel S. Haudenshield, Carnegie, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank R. S. Kaplan, Pittsburgh, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD

Frank B. Brennan, Philadelphia, from December 15, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Howard G. Stutzman, Tower City, from December 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Alvin E. Dillman, Glenshaw, from January 13, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. Ross Foust, Greensburg, from February 23, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Gladstone A. Carmalt, Brookville, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Percy A. Patterson, Altoona, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Jesse George Smtih, Warren, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Curtis B. Haines, Pittsburgh, from March 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Hobson R. Reynolds, Philadelphia, from March 10, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles J. Bufalino, Pittston, from March 20, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harvey E. Moore, Sharon, from March 29, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John Sheldrake, Philadelphia, from May 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John Alessandroni, Philadelphia, from May 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph P. Olexy, Plymouth, from July 5, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE BOARDS

Also the following persons to be MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE, for the terms set opposite their names:

ADAMS COUNTY

Murray B. Frazee, Gettysburg, from February 20, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Elmer N. Gruber, East Berlin, from June 8, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

George V. Lang, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Donald B. Hirsch, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

C. A. Leeming, Munhall, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Wiliam S. Howell, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Viers W. Adams, Pittsburgh, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Norman O. Kegel, Pittsburgh, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Paul R. Newcomb, Kittanning, from December 5, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BEAVER COUNTY

Lyle P. Shaffer, New Brighton, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BEDFORD COUNTY

(Miss) Mary Hughes, Bedford, from March 21, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Ralph Moyle, Saxton, from March 21, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his suecessor is duly appointed and qualified.

BERKS COUNTY

Francis J. Kaczmarek, Reading, from August 16, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BLAIR COUNTY

(Mrs.) Sara Mitterling, Hollidaysburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Eugene O'M. Bradley, Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John J. McMurray, Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BUCKS COUNTY

(Mrs.) Minnie H. Oblinger, New Hope, from March 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Frank F. Whittam, Newtown, from March 31, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Winifred A. Clymer, Southampton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles F. Freeman, Doylestown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BUTLER COUNTY

Clay C. Ruff, Slippery Rock, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Robert A. Young, West Sunbury, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Daisy Riddle, Butler, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

W. P. Brown, Barnesboro, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Mrs.) Leola Barkheimer, Johnstown, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her success or his duly appointed and qualified.

James G. Contakos, Johnstown, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CAMERON COUNTY

William H. Smith, Emporium, from December 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

H. Auchu Regelman, Emporium, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Earl L. Towner, Emporium, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CARBON COUNTY

William T. Longsdorf, Palmerton, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

George H. Mitten, Lansford, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CENTRE COUNTY

John Curtin, Sr., Bellefonte, from July 14, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CHESTER COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ellen W. Krauss, West Chester, from February 15, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

J. Elmer Gotwals, Phoenixville, from February 15, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

Milton Apfelbaum, Coatesville, from August 1, 1950, untitl December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eugenia Cassatt Davis, Berwyn, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953.

Sidney B. Hutton, West Grove, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLARION COUNTY

Edgar Dickey Stewart, East Brady, from July 10, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLINTON COUNTY

William McCoy, Renovo, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Ross Pennington, Benton, from March 30, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Atta M. Young, Catawissa, from March 30, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

George M. Hummer, Titusville, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Ira L. Dunlay, Carlisle, from October 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DELAWARE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Anna F. Rigler, Upper Darby, from January 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Percy O. Batipps, Jr., Media, from January 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ERIE COUNTY

Randall M. Falk, Erie, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Corynn W. Ervin, Waynesboro, from May 10, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

FULTON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ethel Decker, McConnellsburg, from October 2, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Albert Barnhart, Warfordsburg, from October 2, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Dorothy K. Mainzer, Huntingdon, from January 6, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

INDIANA COUNTY

(Mrs.) Franceska M. Kirk, Indiana, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles E. Gabrielson, Saltsburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JEFERSON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Sara N. Blake, Brookville, from April 25, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

E. E. Deible, Reynoldsville, from April 25, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Andrew P. Shaute, Blakely, Peckville, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1951.

John M. Maloney, Dunmore, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Bertha Mika, Old Forge, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Dorothy Von Storch, Chinchilla, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

David F, Jones, Taylor, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LANCASTER COUNTY

(Mrs.) Irene R. Weidman, Ephrata, from September 28, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LEBANON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Jane E. Erb, Palmyra, from December 7, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MERCER COUNTY

Myron M. Murstein, Sharon, from August 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Catherine Saxton, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Jay M. Riden, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

James A. Dalton, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

D. Grant Arnold, Reedsville, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Gerald Wilson, Lewistown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Milton H. Pagel, Norristown, from February 6, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Walter S. Cassel, Souderton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Willis C. Hendricks, Pottstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Dennis Quigg, Danville, from December 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Edward S. Kear, Danville, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Emilie Walls, Bethlehem, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Joshua Trachtenberg, Easton, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Roy D. Hassler, Bethlehem, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

Harry J. Seyfried, Nazareth, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Miss) Catharine McGrath, Easton, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph A. Faison, from January 26, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Sol S. Turnoff, from January 26, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Louis Glazer, from April 19, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Marion E. Buzby, from September 22, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Florence Cowanova, from September 22, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Frank J. Bendinsky, Mildred, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Harry Haywood, Eagles Mere, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Anne Yarosh, Lopez, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Susan Morgan, Shunk, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Sue A. Dailey, Dushore, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

TIOGA COUNTY

Fred Jupenlaz, Mansfield, from January 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

UNION COUNTY

(Mrs.) Esther G. Sauvain, Lewisburg, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

WAYNE COUNTY

John Bigart, Lake Ariel, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Mrs.) Blanche Lorenson, South Canaan, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William Scheerer, Hawley, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

WYOMING COUNTY

(Mrs.) Esther Englemier, Osterhout, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Mildred Forscht, Laceyville, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

YORK COUNTY

Judson E. Ruch, York, from December 8, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Leonard J. Parson, Mt. Lebanon, from January 1, 1951, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwaelth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons to be Members of the County Boards of Assistance, for the terms set opposite their names:

CAMBRIA COUNTY

D. Tom Evans, Johnstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John Thomas, Jr., Johnstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLARION COUNTY

Archie L. Whisner, Clarion, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DELAWARE COUNTY

John H. Foster, Wayne, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly ap pointed and qualified.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Arvid E. Minnich, Greencastle, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Ernest Lamberti, Old Forge, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Dr. Milton J. Goldstein, Scranton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Marie DeBacker, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951,, until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Harry J. Magee, Jr., Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles P. Shisler, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

J. Griffith Stringfield, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles Cavanaugh, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William H. Godfrey, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATION LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nominations received from the Governor, just read by the Clerk, be laid on the table.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

REASONS FOR PARDONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith the reasons for pardons and commutations granted from January 5, 1949, to date.

JAMES H. DUFF.

(For reasons see Appendix.)

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment for Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on January 2, 1951.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to .

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Josephine M. Capizzi, Mt. Oliver.
Boris Kramich, Pittsburgh, 5315 Baum Blvd.
Miss Carolyn N. Haman, Pittsburgh, 1017 Park Bldg.
Mrs. Bertha H. McDougall, Coraopolis.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Gertrude A. Kissman, Erie.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Mabel V. Cannon, Chester.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Carl T. Gilbert, Mapleton.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Samuel Fallk, Scranton.
Frank Grover, Moosic.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss F. Ethel Adams, Lancaster.
Earl D. Bomberger, Warwick Twp., Lititz.
John C. Campbell, Lancaster.
James Harsh, New Holland.
Miss Alice W. Kreiner, Lancaster.
Paul R. Geist, Manheim Twp., Lancaster.
Joseph F. Pirraglia, Columbia.
Mrs. Maude M. Shirk, Paradise Twp., Paradise.
Miss C. Myrtle Vandergrift, Lancaster.

LEBANON COUNTY

Irwin Horst, Heidelberg Twp., Schaefferstown.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Sara L. Bell, Sharon.

MONROE COUNTY

Frank J. Mitchell, Barrett Twp., Skytop.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Louis Cohen, Mount Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jack Braslow, 610 Morris Bldg.
Miss Jule Hennessey, 236 N. 23d St.
George H. Long, Jr., 230 N. Broad St.
V. H. Pasquarella, 2513 N. Front St.

To compute from January 9, 1951

LEBANON COUNTY

Miss J. Luella Donmoyer, Lebanon.

To compute from January 19, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph J. Porta, Pittsburgh, 1213 Crucible Street.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Rose A. Mulligan, Rm. 200, 43 S. 19th St.

To compute from January 20, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Leonard DeFonson, Carnegie.

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. G. Peterson, Munhall.
Robert W. Plunkett, Pittsburgh, 1616 Grant Bldg.

CLINTON COUNTY

H. H. Martin, Jr., Bald Eagle Twp., Mill Hall.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Edward G. Wilson, Jr., Manheim Twp., Lancaster.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In confirmity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for reappointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from January 7, 1951:

ADAMS COUNTY

Dale G. Crum, Bendersville.
E. G. Mummert, East Berlin.
Mrs. Ethyle M. Singmaster, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Chas. H. Adams, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St. (22).
Harry Alter, Pittsburgh, 1211 Plaza Bldg.
B. J. Ambrose, East Pittsburgh.
William F. Amman, Pittsburgh, 1001 Muriel St.
Harry J. Andrews, Pittsburgh, Mellon Nat'l. Bank & Trust Co.
S. B. Aronson, Pittsburgh, 301 Fifth Ave.
Howard S. Auld, Hampton Twp., Allison Park.
Ritzema L. Bacon, Pittsburgh, 14 Federal St.
Miss Leola Beare, McKeesport.
Robert G. Beck, Pittsburgh, 610 Harpen St.
Arvine T. Black, Pittsburgh, 20 Wabash Ave.
E. D. Bletcher, Pittsburgh, Berger Bldg.
John W. Bowen, Shaler Twp., Pittsburgh (9).
Louis Bowytz, Pittsburgh, 425 Fourth Ave.
Chas. C. Boyd, Pittsburgh, 237 Fourth Ave.
J. S. Burnett, Pittsburgh, P. O. Box 926.
Clifford Carlson, McKeesport.
Charles Chaitkin, Pittsburgh, 311 Ross St. (19).
Mrs. Alice Cohen, Pittsburgh, 2001 W. Liberty Ave.
Ben S. Cooper, Pittsburgh, P. O. Box 1196.
Richard J. Coy, Pittsburgh, 518 Frick Bldg.
Miss E. M. Creegan, Verona.
Miss Bernadette M. Creehan, Pittsburgh, 1215 Grant Bldg.

Miss Catherine Culp, Pittsburgh, 511 Wood St.
Dan Danovitz, Pittsburgh, 750 Shore Ave.
Theodore Dempsey, Pittsburgh, 435 Sixth Ave.
Wm. G. Douglas, Coraopolis.
Raymond E. Eifler, Pittsburgh, 244 Blvd. of Allies.
Edmund H. Evey, Sr., Bethel.
Horace E. Ewing, Pittsburgh, 514 Smithfield St. (30).
J. Paul Farrell, McKeesport.
James A. Fedeli, Pittsburgh, 5478 Penn Ave.
Jos. B. Feldman, McKeesport.
Miss Elizabeth Ferraro, Pittsburgh, 6229 Penn Ave.
John A. Forster, Pittsburgh, 1312 Milan Ave.
Philip Frankenstein, Pittsburgh, 3401 Fifth Ave.
Jerome C. Frauens, Pittsburgh, 440 Fourth Ave.
Albert Frederick, Pittsburgh, 434 Seventh Ave.
Edward G. Frey, Pittsburgh, 948 Duquesne Way.
James N. Fullerton, Pittsburgh, 1509 W. Liberty Ave.
Miss Tressa J. Garda Pittsburgh, 6100 Penn Ave.
N. E. Garver, Pittsburgh, Union Trust Bldg.
Leo Gernsback, Pittsburgh, 5530 Raleigh St.
Samuel Gordon, Pittsburgh, 344 Coltart Ave.
H. A. Grab, Pittsburgh, 307 5th Ave.
R. P. Graham, Jr., Bellevue.
W. F. Greenawalt, Rankin.
Homer R. Greene, Pittsburgh, 402 Federal St.
Miss Mary Grunenwald, Sharpsburg.
Mariano J. Gullo, Pittsburgh, 4809 Liberty Ave.
Mrs. Catherine Hahn, Pittsburgh, 312 4th Ave.
Miss Lillian Harrison, Pittsburgh, 5th Ave. & Wood St.
Howard Hartmann, Pittsburgh, 416 7th Ave.
Dale W. Hartney, Pittsburgh, 1409 Clark Bldg.
Miss Elizabeth S. Haugh, Pittsburgh, 140 S. 26th St
Elmer H. Haupt, Pittsburgh, 613 Pittsburgh Life Bldg.
Miss Hazel Hemphill, Pittsburgh, 2401 Grant Bldg.
Harry W. Hendel, Coraopolis.
James Henderson, Forward Twp., Monongahela.
Eugene E. Hennig, Pittsburgh, 401 Federal St.
Milton Herman, Pittsburgh, 413 Sweetbriar St.
Mrs. Ruth G. Herrington, Pittsburgh, 2200 First Nat'l. Bank Bldg.
John J. Hess, Jr., Pittsburgh, 919 Chartiers Ave.
George A. Holmstrom, Pittsburgh, 116 Laclede St.
Miss D. M. Hughes, Pittsburgh, 3233 Gulf Bldg.
Mrs. Ethel N. Hunter, Etna.
Nelson J. Hunter, Pittsburgh, 700 Brookline Blvd.
David M. Huston, Pittsburgh, 126 Sheridan Sq.
Mrs. Ruthe Isaacs, Pittsburgh, 1401 Law & Finance Bldg. (19).
Wade Johnston, Pittsburgh, 435 6th Ave.
John J. Joyce, McKeesport.
Miss Louise M. Kerr, Pittsburgh, 1206 Keystone Bldg.
Mrs. Helen S. Korn, Pittsburgh, 1101 Western Ave.
Samuel Kovac, Pittsburgh, 6004 Penn Ave.
Elmer T. Kusluch, Pittsburgh, 1920 Lowrie St.
Frank J. Lagorio, Pittsburgh, 1119 Plaza Bldg.
Joseph K. Lalor, Pittsburgh, 157 N. Craig St.
Sylvester J. Landser, Pittsburgh, 556 Union Trust Bldg. (19).
Miss Alice G. Larkin, Moon Twp., Coraopolis.
Edward M. Larkin, Pittsburgh, 119 S. Graham St.
Miss Clara Loew, Pittsburgh, 306 Fourth Ave.
Harry H. Lutton, Pittsburgh, 435 Sixth Ave.
John Maccarone, Pittsburgh, 417 Grant St.
Miss Louise M. Maier, Pittsburgh, 816 Warrington Ave.
Miss Velma R. Martiner, Pittsburgh, 625 Frick Bldg.
Arthur R. McBeth, Brentwood.
Miss Nancy: McBride, Pittsburgh, 434 Fifth Ave.
Miss Itha P. McBrier, Pittsburgh, 901 Dravo Bldg.
Levi C. McCrady, Pittsburgh, 545 Briar Cliff Rd. (21).
Miss Mary B. McDermott, Shaler Twp., Pittsburgh (23).
R. H. McIntyre, Pittsburgh, 330 Grant St.
John T. McIntyre, Harrison Twp., Natrona.
John J. McKenna, Pittsburgh, 3621 Butler St.
J. W. McWhinney, Ross Twp., Pittsburgh (29).
R. R. McWhinney, Pittsburgh, 1515 Berger Bldg.
George W. Mehaffey, Braddock.
Eugene Mehrlich, Shaler Twp., Millvale.
Miss Lois M. Meise, Pittsburgh, 701 Grant St.
Miss Mary A. Mejasic, Pittsburgh, 404 Federal St.
A. E. Mildon, Swissvale.
Nicholas Milich, McKees Rocks.
Armer T. Miller, Neville Twp., Pittsburgh (25).
Johnston B. Miller, Edgewood.
E. Ormond Moore, Glassport.
C. H. Mueller, Pittsburgh, Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.
Robert J. Munch, Pittsburgh, 1701 Meadville St.
W. Herman Mutschler, Mt. Oliver.
F. J. Myl, Coraopolis.
Mrs. Leah L. Naugle, Pittsburgh, 5523 Ellsworth Ave.
Mrs. Mildred K. Neely, Pittsburgh, 1330 Pennsylvania Ave.
C. C. Neimeyer, Pittsburgh, 2734 Zephyr Ave.
Martin F. O'Connor, Pittsburgh, 4520 Liberty Ave.
Harold V. Pare, Pittsburgh, 440 Fifth Ave.
John L. Pastrick, Tarentum.
J. J. Patrick, Pittsburgh, Kroger Bldg.
Mrs. Charlotte L. Poe, Pittsburgh, 330 Grant St.
Howard H. Pruss, Pittsburgh, 813 Penn Ave.
Mrs. Anna B. Rack, McKeesport.
F. A. Rehorst, Pittsburgh, 1932 Oliver Bldg.
Miss Marie Reiter, Pittsburgh, 429 4th Ave.
Peter Reskovac, Pittsburgh, P. O. Box 7472.
Alvin F. Riley, Pittsburgh, Berger Bldg.
Benjamin Rosenshine, Pittsburgh, 429 4th Ave.
Mrs. Libbie R. Rosenthal, Pittsburgh, 5831 Forbes St.
Simon M. Rosenthal, Pittsburgh, 5831 Forbes St.
Joseph A. Rotter, Pittsburgh, 6441 Marchand St.
Elmer H. Schmidt, Pittsburgh, 910 Clark Bldg.
Miss M. A. Schmotzer, Pittsburgh, 2912 Grant Bldg.
Miss Frieda J. Schreiber, Pittsburgh, 1333 5th Ave.
Mrs. Frances A. Scioscia, Pittsburgh, 925 Western Ave.
Miss Catherine Schrempf, Pittsburgh, 1729 Lowrie St.
Miss Elveria G. Scott, Pittsburgh, 1820-22 East St.
Edward L. Severing, Coraopolis.
I. William Shapiro, Pittsburgh, 534 First Ave.
John F. Sheran, Pittsburgh, 6020 Center Ave.
Mrs. Alice B. Shoup, Pittsburgh, 2111 Penn Ave.
Darwin D. Smith, Pittsburgh, 435 6th Ave.
William L. Smith, Pittsburgh, 200 McCandless Ave.
Thomas H. Snaith, Jr., Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh.
Miss Sylvia Spiro, Pittsburgh, 1391 Washington Blvd.
Verner J. Spohn, Etna.
Miss Mary A. Stack, Pittsburgh, 414 Grant St.
Miss Esther Stevenson, Pittsburgh, 330 Grant St.
Miss Eliner M. Stoecker, Pittsburgh, 644 Grant St.
William D. Strain, Colier Twp., Bridgeville.
Miss Elizabeth A. Struzzi, Pittsburgh, 335 Fifth Ave.
Mrs. Jessie B. Studt, Pittsburgh 333 Fourth Ave.
Simon Suttner, Brentwood.
Donald A. Tarasi, Sharpsburg.
J. H. Tomlinson, Oakmont.
John A. Virostek, Pittsburgh, 450 Fourth Ave.
Jos. Wachter, Pittsburgh, 506 Galveston Ave.
Mrs. Florence K. Walker, West View.
Edward J. Walkowski, Pittsburgh, 317 Hancock St.
Miss Margaret L. Wall, Pittsburgh, The Pittsburgh Press Bldg.
Mrs. M. L. Wentley, Pittsburgh, 12 N. Diamond St.
William M. Westerman, Oakmont.
Miss Grace Wilde, McKees Rocks.
Miss Margaret G. Williams, Homestead.
Mrs. A. M. Wilmot, Pittsburgh, 716 N. Homewood Ave.
Harry E. Wilson, Wilkinsburg.
Regis B. Wingerson, Pittsburgh, 3440 Forbes St.
Miss Helen E. Withee, Sewickley.
Don H. Witherspoon, Sewickley.
Edward V. Wojrik, Pittsburgh, 152 44th St.
Joseph M. Wuerl, Pittsburgh, 514 Smithfield St.
Robt. G. Young, Pittsburgh, 416 First Ave.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss Jeanne Ashe, Kittanning.
L. C. Bittinger,, Ford City.
Miss Millicent Painter, Kittanning.
Clair L. Wadding, Dayton.
Chas. F. Walker, Kittanning.
Mrs. Bernice A. Zeigler, Rural Valley.
Raymond A. Zeigler, Kittanning.

BEAVER COUNTY

Frank H. Helfenbine, West Mayfield.
Anthony J. Kubik, Aliquippa.
Philip Martsolf, Rochester.
Miss E. M. Mecklem, Rochester.
Joseph T. Sanders, West Mayfield.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Charles Barkman, Everett.
Gerald B. Fickes, St. Clairsville.

BERKS COUNTY

Joseph R. Battisti, Reading.
Mrs. Ethel Miller Bausher, Hamburg.
Mrs. Ruth S. Bickel, Douglass Twp., Douglassville.
Edward W. P. Binckley, Reading.
Miss Amy B. Campfield, Reading.
Miss Flora E. Dwight, Reading.
Harry Gross, Reading.
Mrs. Marie B. Harkness, Reading.g
Paul A. Holzman, Jefferson Twp., Bernville.
Mrs. Kathryn M. Kinsey, Oley Twp., Oley.
Mrs. Mae M. Klopp, Reading.
Paul I. Knauer, Sr., Reading.
Warren W. Kochel, Laureldale.
Ambrose L. Moll, Longswamp Twp., Mertztown.
Miss Dorothy H. Moore, Reading.
Ward R. Price, Reading.
Mrs. M. Catharine Rebman, Reading.
Roy J. Ritzman, Reading.
Ralph J. Stauffer, Reading.
Carl A. Vath, Temple.

BLAIR COUNTY

Clyde O. Black, Roaring Spring.
Fred C. Brenner, Hollidaysburg.
Randolph M. Clark, Altoona.
Abraham Colbus, Altoona.
Miss Winifred Conrad, Altoona.
Fred B. Gieg, Altoona.
Miss Ruth E. Gleichert, Altoona.
O. E. Leddy, Altoona.
Charles A. McAleer, Altoona.
Miss Glayds Primel, Altoona.
Paul J. Smith, Altoona.
James A. Yon, Altoona.
Miss Dorothy M. Zeigler, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Marie F. Hallett, Canton.
Miss Mildred M. Lyons, Sayre.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Lillian L. Beebe, Newtown.
Miss Mary K. Christine, Perkasie.
Miss Beatrice Frankenfield, Doylestown.
Miss Sarah A. Funk, Quakertown.
Mrs. Regina F. George, Perkasie.
Earl D. Handy, Doylestown.
C. Robert Jones, Doylestown.
Miss Frances Patterson, Bristol.
Miss Irna A. Phillips, Newtown.
Mrs. Helen H. Shaddinger, Doylestown.
Miss Miriam K. Steely, Quakertown.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Helen E. Kley, Butler.
Miss Elizabeth R. Marshall, Zelienople.
Oliver M. Maurhoff, Saxonburg.
W. P. Rankin, Butler, Twp., Butler.
William J. Rockenstein, Butler.
C. P. Smith, Butler.
F. G. Yost, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn S. Blough, Johnstown.
Frank J. Bonerigo, South Fork.
John T. Byrne, Gallitzin.
Mrs. Cecelia H. Gallagher, Johnstown.
Ivan M. Meier, Johnstown.
Mrs. Gertrude Shaffer, Johnstown.
Paul G. Sheriff, Portage.
Miss Agnes Smith, Johnstown.
Roy C. Stormer, Johnstown.
J. R. Thompson, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY

Mrs. Laura M. Diehl, Palmerton.
Mrs. Susan A. Greco, Mauch Chunk Twp., Nesquehoning.
Francics X. Koomar, Mauch Chunk Twp., Nesquehoning.
Kenneth H. Seaboldt, Lehighton.

CENTRE COUNTY

Earl Brown, Bellefonte.
Arthur A. Moberg, Philipsburg.
Miss Mary M. Rankin, Bellefonte.
Miss Mary Truhan, State College.

CHESTER COUNTY

Ernest Baxter, Caln Twp., Thorndale.
Mrs. Elizabeth Farra, West Chester.
Miss Margaret D. Lacey, West Chester.
Miss Mary A. Morelli, Easttown Twp., Berwyn.
Mrs. Edith M. Ogden, West Chester.
Chandler P. Roberts, Downingtown.
Irvin R. Rubincam, West Chester.
John F. W. Ruffin, West Chester.
Miss Helen F. Smith, Phoenixville.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Clara C. Fletcher, Washington Twp., Fryburg.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Joseph T. Carter, Osceola.
Andrew C. MacBlain, Clearfield.
Melvin W. McClure, Clearfield.
Mrs. Nadine McLaughlin, Clearfield.
Mrs. Dorothy M. Roseberry, Clearfield.
Lester I. Smeal, Clearfield.

CLINTON COUNTY

Miss Anna G. Fowler, Lock Haven.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Miss Laura A. Crouse, Berwick.
Edmund J. Ludwig, Bloomsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Thaine L. Coates, Titusville.
H. E. DuPont, Meadville.
Alpine W. McLane, Linesville.
Miss Lucille Smythe, Titusville.
Miss Lora J. Sprankle, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

J. Lee Brenneman, Shiremanstown.
John M. Plough, Carlisle.
Vaughn M. Richardson, Newville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

James L. Barren, Harrisburg.
Fred K. Collins, Harrisburg.
R. L. Harlan, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Violet W. Lamm, Harrisburg.
Miss Edna E. Landis, Harrisburg.
Herman L. Levin, Harisburgg.
Edward P. McBreen, Harrisburg.
Miss Mary C. Miler, Harrisburg.
G. Paul Peck, Swatara Twp., Oberlin.
Miss Dorothy B. Smyser, Harrisburg.
W. Donald Sweger, Harrisburg.
Blaine G. Walter, Millersburg.
Marlan O. Walter, Millersburg.
Walter W. Weaver, Elizabethville.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Clarence D. Bell, Chester.
Carmine J. Blasi, Collingdale.
Mrs. Mabel E. Bowers, Darby.
Mrs. Alice C. Bramble, Lansdowne.
Mrs. Anita A. Dare, Lansdowne.
G. L. Dehnert, Chester.
Charles R. Evans, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
George B. Farris, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
A. Brooke Geary, Chester.
Harold S. Hansen, Sharon Hil.
Mrs. Ida A. Hepworth, Chester.
Harry H. Hoopes, Sharon Hill.
Frank Klauser, Morton.
Benjamin F. Kooperman, Collingdale.
John T. Lamplugh, Lower Chicester Twp., Linwood.
Mrs. Marion L. Lawrence, Middletown Twp., Lima.
Mrs. Elizabeth C. Lewis, Chester.
Robert J. MacBride, Jr., Collingdale.
Manfred R. Marini, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Edwin R. Miley, Media.
Earl R. Miller, Springfield Twp., Media.
Thomas J. Murphy, Chester.
Albin P. Ottey, Media.
Miss Phylora C. Potteiger, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Harry L. Simon, Chester.
Mrs. Helen D. Swope, Darby.
Miss Gertrude M. Tuohey, Media.
Miss Edythe C. Warden, Ridley Park.
George Washington, Collingdale.
Raymond W. Way, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Frank J. Wesner, Chester.
Harrison B. Wetherill, Chester.
Charles W. Williamson, Marcus Hook.
Thomas K. Wilson, Middletown Twp., Lima.
Mrs. Elizabeth K. Wright, Marple Twp., Broomall.

EIK COUNTY

G. L. Kniss, Johnsonburg.
W. C. Mowrey, Jay Twp., Force.
F. A. Robacker, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Martha B. Adam, Erie.
Mrs. Marguerite M. Adsit, Erie.
Robert W. Eller, Erie.
Benj. J. Ginader, Erie.
W. Tighe Heinlein, Erie.
F. H. Holmes, Erie.
Miss Nellie T. Johnson, Lawrence Park Twp., Erie.
Miss Lydia E. McMannus, Lawrence Park Twp., Erie.
Sheldon R. Moore, Erie.
D. E. Portenier, Erie.
Miss Gertrude E. Reich, Erie.
Robert A. Schaaf, Erie.
Jeffrey M. Sobel, Erie.
Miss Mary A. Stahon, Erie.
Theodore F. Wheeler, Erie.
A. J. Woodbridge, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Femia Burrie, Uniontown.
R. B. Spence. Brownsville.
Miss Viola R. Wilson, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Ada H. Garver, Waynesboro.
Miss Gertrude Greenawalt, Chambersburg.
Miss Mena D. Mentzer, Waynesboro.
Miss Helen M. Myers, Waynesboro.
Miss Mildred I. Shreiner, Chambersburg.
Norman F. Snowberger, Waynerboro.

GREENE COUNTY

Eli Cole, Waynesburg.
Miss Erma Evans, Waynesburg.
Arthur Palone, Jefferson Twp., Jefferson.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Mrs. Margie Price, Cassville.

INDIANA COUNTY

G. W. Aughenbaugh, Cherry Tree.
John F. Doak, Homer City.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Sylvanus M. Woods, Brookville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Bernice P. Baker, Carbondale.
Henry J. Battle, Carbondale.
Michael A. Conflitti, Scranton.
Miss Mirian DeLaney, Carbondale.
B. P. Franklin, Benton Twp., R. D. 1, Dalton.
Miss Ruth E. Schooley, Scranton.
Carl W. Zeigler, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret N. Fulmer, Lancaster.
Harry R. Lippold, Lancaster.
Theodore Miller, Columbia.
William L. Miller, Columbia.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Virginia Bray, New Castle.
James B. Foster, Jr., New Castle.
Rudolph A. Harvatine, Bessemer.
Mrs. Bertha Korab, Ellwood City.

LEBANON COUNTY

Miss Sarah C. Camplain, Lebanon.
Miss Violet C. Cramer, Lebanon.
John C. Degler, Lebanon.
Miss Verna A. Loose, Lebanon.
Mrs. Millie B. Snavely, Lebanon.
Light S. Wagner, Palmyra.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Catherine I. Aicher, Allentown.
Preston A. Axe, Allentown.
Lawrence M. Brenner, Allentown.
Miss Margaret J. Ernst, Allentown.
Miss Hilda L. Fatzinger, Allentown.
Moulton L. C. Frantz, Allentown.
Albert L. Held, Sr., Whitehall Twp., Fullerton.
Robert T. Irvine, Allentown.
Russell A. Leister, Upper Saucon Twp., Center Valley.
Edwin H. Schadt, Allentown.
Mrs. Mamie M. Schellhamer, Allentown.
F. W. Yost, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Frederick A. Batcheler, Wilkes-Barre.
Louis C. Cole, Wilkes-Barre.
Samuel Gildenberg, Hazleton.
William H. Goldner, Hazleton.
Miss Kathryn E. Kahler, Hazleton.
Charles V. Mains, Plymouth.
William L. McGarry, Wilkes-Barre.
M. M. Mulligan, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Edith M. Price, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Miriam Rips, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Whilhelmina Serafine, Exeter.
Raymond D. Shovlin, Wilkes-Barre.
Nathan Simon, Conyngham Twp., Mocanaqua.
Edwin A. Sites, Pittston.
Mrs. Evelyn H. Snyder, Fairview Twp., Mountaintop.
Joseph F. Sobotka, Edwardsville.
Miss Helen M. Swingle, Duryea.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy V. Corson, Muncy Creek Twp., Muncy.
Mrs. Vivian C. Eschenbach, Loyalsock Twp., Williamsport.
J. Frederick Gehr, Hughesville.
Lester L. Greevy, Williamsport.
Miss Hazel J. Huggins, Williamsport.
Ralph E. Kelchner, Jersey Shore.
Clarence R. Kempf, Williamsport.
Miss Vera K. Piedi, Williamsport.
Richard Pries, Williamsport.
George R. Renner, Williamsport.
Miss Margaret B. Sloan, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Jean Geary, Bradford.
N. A. Jones, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Philip E. Brockway, Sharon.
Miss Helen B. Devlin, Sharon.
Kenneth J. Kilner, Greenville.
Miss Irene Kuhn, Sharon.
Miss Helena Mardersteck, Sharon.
W. D. Mason, Farrell.
Miss Catherine M. McKay, Grove City.
William S. McKay, Grove City.
H. E. Moon, Sharon.
Miss Margaret E. Wheeler, Sharpsville.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Mary A. McCoy, Lewistown.

MONROE COUNTY

Henry C. Hoffman, Chestnuthill Twp., Brodheadsville.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Sara J. Beerbower, Pottstown.
Miss Mattie C. Brant, Norristown.
James A. Cassidy, Ambler.
John F. Cassidy, Ambler.
Salvatore F. Caterisano, Ambler.
Alvin A. Clemens, Lower Salford Twp., Harleysville.
Mrs. Arline R. Dames, Pottstown.
Paul E. Dames, Pottstown.
Walter E. Dames, Pottstown.
Miss Mabel B. Ditter, Ambler.
Mrs. Helen G. Gardner, Abington Twp., Jenkintown.
Mrs. E. M. Geiger, Lansdale.
Mrs. Marie E. Hagan, Rockledge.
Nicholas F. Hearne, Rockledge.
William W. Helzer, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hoops, Ambler.
Miss Kathryn B. Humm. Jenkintown.
John C. Hunsberger, Green Lane.
Miss Margaret E. Kirkland, Lower Merion Twp., Bala-Cynwyd.
William Kuhn, Jr., Jenkintown.
Hugh F. Lagan, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.
Harry S. Mangin, Upper Moreland Twp., Willow Grove.
Lewis Marple, Springfield Twp., Philadelphia
William H. Molloy, Upper Moreland Twp., Hatboro.
J. Ernest Nachod, Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
Earle M. Oberholtzer, West Norriton Twp., Norristown.
H. I. Phillips, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Mrs. Iona S. Rickert, West Pottsgrove Twp., Stowe.
Wm. C. Rosenberger, North Wales.
Mrs. Dorothy Russell, Pottstown.
Jacob B. Santangelo, Norristown.
Mrs. Bertha R. Scholl, Pennsburg.
Elvin R. Souder, Souderton.
Mrs. Dorothy R. Shannon, Norristown.
Mrs. Ann M. Turley, Bridgeport.
Miss Dorothy B. Umstead, Ambler.
Leon Walt, Royersford.
Mrs. Elizabeth D. Weber, Lower Merion Twp., Narberth.
Mrs. Alverda K. Wensel, Pottstown.
Fred R. Wilhelm, Abington Twp., North Hills.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Miss Eleanor L. Deutsch, Danville.
Miss Catherine V. Murray, Danville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel E. Frick, Palmer Twp., Easton.
Charles A. Garis, Palmer Twp., Easton.
Harry M. Happel, Upper Nazareth Twp., Nazareth.
Ellsworth P. Merkle, Walnutport.
Earl L. Snyder, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Morris W. Clark, Sunbury.
Miss June Deveraux, Shamokin.
Anthony V. Miscavige, Mount Carmel.
Anthony V. Miscavige, Jr., Mount Carmel.
Mrs. Irma M. Smith, Northumberland.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles A. Adami, 926 Land Title Bldg.,
John P. Ahern, 1257 S. 17th St.
David K. Arnold, 3504 Wellington St.
Jos. E. Barber, 4400 Frankford Ave. (24).
Miss Elizabeth G. Barton, 1500 S. Delaware Ave. (47).
Stanley L. Bateman, 510 E. Erie Ave. (34).
Albert G. Bauer, 926 Land Title Bldg. (10).
John F. Beckmann, 512 Phila. Electric Co. (5).
R. J. Bennett, 5515 Lancaster Ave. (31).
Stanton Berger, 5621 Walnut St. (39).
Martin Berks, 1516 Diamond St. (21).
George Bland, 9th Floor, Gimbel Bldg.
Edwin I. Bogucki, 2414 Orthodox St. (37).
Miss Mary Helen Bolger, 3130 N. 17th St. (32).
Miss F. Ray Boocock, 6120 Ridge Ave. (28).
Bernard J. Boyle, 6100 Ridge Ave. (28).
Meyer Bree, 8275 Fayette St. (19).
Mrs. Regina S. Brodsky, 4543 N. 5th St. (40).
Miss Helen M. Byrne, 21st, Clearfield & Lippincott Sts. (32).
Joseph Campbell, 2110 S. Broad St. (45).
Max Caplan, 7903 Bayard St. (19).
N. B. Colmary, 1500 Chestnut St. (1).
F. T. Conlin, 211 S. 12th St. (5).
Raymond J. Conners, 326 N. 3rd St. (6).
James I. Covington, 855 N. 16th St. (30).
Miss Margaret Crossan, 1617 Land Title Bldg. (10).
Miss Rita M. Curran, 1630 PSFS Bldg. (7).
George N. Dewees, 206 S. 24th St. (3).
Mrs. Amy H. Diener, 123 S. Broad St. (9).
Bernard J. Dillon, 3259 St. Vincent St. (24).
Wm. J. Doyle, Jr., N. E. Cor. 45th & Chestnut Sts.

Maurice Druker, S. E. Cor. 3rd & Vine Sts.
Ben Dubyn, 2238 N. Broad St. (32).
Lynwood E. Elliott, 2320 Walnut St. (3).
Mrs. E. Elsasser, 1917 Land Title Bldg. (10).
Miss Katherine Falkenstein, 4913 "A" St. (20).
A. F. Fellmeth, 202 Callowhill St. (23).
Mrs. Mary M. Fengler, 1315 Walnut St. (7).
Miss Helen J. Fidler, 1500 Walnut St. (2).
John J. Ford, Market St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Horace T. Fry, 2202 N. 15th St. (32).
John W. Fulginiti, 1512 Ritner St. (45).
Dominic J. Gallo, 2100 S. 20th St. (45).
J. A. Garry, 6450 Marsden St. (35).
Henry C. Gause, 5228 Chestnut St. (39).
Spencer S. Gesing, Roosevelt Blvd. (J. T. Jackson Co.).
Joseph C. Giacobbo, S. E. Cor. 12th & Wolf Sts.
David Goldberg, 2005 N. 13th St. (22).
Oscar Goldfarb, 1544 N. 12th St. (22).
Louis Gottesman, 2922 W. Diamond St. (21).
William Gowan, 4516 Cottman St. (35).
Howard L. Graham, Corn Exchange Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. (6).
Mrs. Agnes Hamill, 720 Western Sav. Fund. Bldg.
Clarence M. Hart, 5613 Spruce St. (39).
Edwin S. S. Hays, Wills Eye Hospital.
Mrs. Lillian C. Hays, 4815 Kingsessing Ave. (43).
Walton M. Henry, 5815 Erdrick St. (24).
Miss Margaret W. Herr, 1701 Arch St. (3).
Charles W. Hoffman, 3033 Glenwood Ave. (21).
L. V. Hofmann, 4649-51 Chestnut St. (39).
Howard W. Huber, 5212 Pulaski Ave. (44).
Leo Hurewitz, 2222 N. Broad St. (32).
Mrs. P. M. James, 1102 Girard Trust Bldg. (2).
E. W. Jenkins, 123 S. Broad St. (9).
Chalmers C. Johnson, Jr., 7171 Germantown Ave. (19).
Robert S. Johnston, 3220 Rawle St.
Mrs. Gladys B. Jones, 6765 Germantown Ave. (19).
J. W. Kane, 405 E. Sentner St. (20).
Miss Gertrude Kaplan, 1528 Walnut St. (2).
Mrs. Mary L. Kehoe, 925 Chestnut St. (1).
Miss Violet V. Kelley, 8 S. 43rd St. (4).
Charles R. Kershaw, 1617 Penna. Blvd. (3).
Rodman S. Kimbel, 5701 Torresdale Ave. (24).
Mrs. Sonya R. Knable, 5929 York Rd. (41).
John Knoell, 3rd, 5836 Bustleton Ave. (24).
Mrs. Esther C. Krebs, 1500 S. 50th St.
Chas. P. LaGrossa, 249 S. 12th. (7).
Jack B. Langsdorf, 6728 Old York Rd. (26).
Albert J. Lashner, 1538 Pine St. (2).
Miss Belle H. Latner, 6624 Ogontz Ave. (26).
Miss Clara M. Lautenbach, 7228 N. 20th St. (38).
Harry Liederbach, 429 S. 48th St. (43).
Thomas E. Lister, 2700 Germantown Ave. (33).
Miss Rose Lonker, 2701 N. Broad St. (32).
George H. MacDonald, 236 N. 60th St. (31).
Andrew H. Mann, 3141 "G" St. (34).
Wesley E. Markman, 1510-12 Chestnut St. (2).
Charles B. Martin, 7407 N. 20th St. (38).
Robert W. Martindale, 4822 Baltimore Ave. (43).
James Thomas Maselli, 1620 S. 10th St. (48).
Craig C. Mathewson, 5705 Baltimore Ave. (43).
John V. McCarthy, 1328 Race St. (7).
William H. McCloud, 2302 76th Ave. (38).
Mrs. Ruth A. McKay, Wayne & Roberts Aves. (44).
T. O. Megargee, 18 W. Chelten Ave. (44).
Herbert P. Meitner, 542 E. Hermitage St. (28).
Aleon S. Michel del Garcia, 160 W. Coulter St. (44).
Stanley Mientus, 1917 W .Hunting Park Ave. (40)
Reuben Miller, 1315 Walnut St. (7).
Mrs. Jennie R. Mirarchi, 637 N. 64th St. (31).
Miss Mary E. Moran, 136 W. Nedro Ave. (20).
Karl J. Morgenthaler, 5726 N. 5th St. (20).
Joseph L. Moskovitz, 601 N 2nd St. (23).
Miss Alice M. Mount, 872 Public Ledger Bldg.
Douglas R. Nece, 112 S. 4th St. (6).
Mrs. C. M. Newman, 4200 Sansom St. (4)
Miss Betty Nitzberg, 1315 Walnut St. (7).
James D. Obrecht, 559 E. High St. (44).
George W. Parvis, Jr., 409 W. Queen Lane (44).
Victor Paul, Jr., 6765 Germantown Ave. (19).
I. Clarence Pennington, 205 Land Title Bldg.
Maurice F. Pfeffer, 1512 Walnut St. (2).
W. Edwin Piercy, 7436 Fayette St. (38).
Mrs. K. M. Pizzo, Girard Trust Co. (2).
Alvin H. Plumer, 228 South St. (47).
Louis J. Plumer, 228 South St. (47).
Morris Polis, 1333 W. Girard Ave. (23).
James G. Popp, 2208 E. Washington Lane.
Miss Genevieve M. Potaka, 1401 Arch St. (5).
Harry Pressman, 1315 Walnut St. (7).
Anthony J. Prisco, 2104 S. Broad St. (45).
Mrs. Ruth Ann Pruitt, Market St. Nat'l Bank of Phila.
Mrs. May Fowden Purnell, 19 Maplewood Ave., Germantown.
Hugh F. Quinn, Jr., 1533 W. Columbia Ave. (21).
William J. Quinn, 215 S. 5th St. (6).
Miss L. R. Ramsay, 308 Walnut St. (6).
Miss Martha A. Rau, 1529 Walnut St. (2).
John S. Raum, 1335 Land Title Bldg. (10).
Martin J. Reape, 1530 Wallace St. (30).
Victor F. Rebok, 1126 Broad-Locust Bldg.
Mrs. Josephine M. Reed, 6522 Woodland Ave. (42).
Frank B. Richeal, 2632 Bridge St. (37).
Miss Florence M. Ridgeway, 1400 S. Penn Sq. (2).
Charles Ritter, 4249 N. Bodine St. (40).
Miss Ann W. Roberts, 2318 Packard Bldg.
Stanley Rosenberg, 128 N. Broad St. (2).
Joseph J. Rosenbluth, 509 W. Girard Ave. (13).
Harry Rosenthal, 2103 Chelten Ave. (38).
Miss Mary Ross, 1019 W. Lehigh Ave. (33).
Irving Rudolph, 6607 Ogontz Ave. (26).
A. Groh Schneider, 123 S. Broad St.
Emil Schurgot, 4207 Germantown Ave. (40).
Charles Schwartz, 7402 N. 19th St. (38).
George X. Schwartz, 927 Bankers Securities Bldg.
Samuel M. Schwartz, 1218 Chestnut St. (7).
George Schweizer, 1665 Orthodox St. (24).
Mrs. Katherine F. Schwing, 253 N. Broad St. (7).
William Seitzinger, 4907 York Rd. (41).
Christian E. Seuffert, 4400 Frankford Ave. (24).
Clarence R. Shaffer, Phila. State Hosp., Adm. Bldg.
Morris Sherr, 121 S. Broad St.
Miss Olive S. Shimp, Girard Trust Co., Tax Div.
Miss Edna B. Short, 1528 Walnut St. (2).
Joseph E. Shoudy, 1639 N. Broad St. (22).
Miss Ida A. Silbert, Fischman Co., N.E. Cor. 10th & Allegheny Ave.
Miss Mae Slichter, Plachter Cadillac & Olds. Co., Frankford & Torresdale Aves.
Marshall Smith, 1703 W. York St.
George H. Somershoe, 1322 W. Rockland St. (41).
C. Ralph Sorber, 38 Maplewood Ave. (44).
Robert C. Stahler, 4 S. Front St. (5).
Mrs. Adele Stein, 2824 Frankford Ave. (34).
Jacob Steinberg, 829 E. Allegheny Ave. (34).
Charles C. Stern, 5341 Woodland Ave. (43).
George W. Stoehr, 102 Public Ledger Bldg.
William A. Suter, Jr., 3536 Cottman Ave. (24).
Charles F. Sweeney, 1011 Chestnut St. (7).
Irwin Taplinger, 1717 Sansom St., Rm. 500.
Mrs. Amelia E. Teubner, Real Estate Trust Co., 15th & Sansom Sts. (2).
Frederick T. Thomas, 6312 Sherwood Rd. (31).
Miss Clara A. Tomlinson, 7975 Oxford Ave. (11).
Bernard Tonkin, 2213 S. 5th St. (48).
Miss Eleanore Townsend, 55 S. 5th St. (6).
N. W. Trew, 1817 E. Allegheny Ave., Rm. 2.
Harry I. Triester, 1555 S. 58th St. (43).
Mrs. Mary Tucker, 246 N. 3rd St. (6).
Alfred C. Turkington, 100 W. Lehigh Ave. (33).
Mrs. A. M. Turner, 1325 N. 19th St. (21).
Mrs. Julia M. Urban, 1520 Lewis Tower (2).
Richard K. Wagner, 2238 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Co.
James C. Walker, 1501 N. Delaware Ave. (25).
Geo. B. Wallace, 1426 Spruce St. (2).
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Ward, 1 E. Mt. Airy Ave. (19).

Frank B. Warren, Gimbel Bldg.
Miss Esther Weinstein, 215 S. Broad St., Rm. 902.
John J. White, 1128 Wallace St. (23).
Theodore L. White, 1321 W. Lindley Ave. (41).
Joseph J. Wiley, 4400 Frankford Ave. (24).
Herbert S. Williams, Oxford Ave. & Penn St.
Fredk. J. Wittmaier, 3545 N. 13th St. (20).
Henry A. Yoblin, 6726 N. Carlisle St.
Abe Zalesne, 7401 Frankford Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth G. Beard, Tamaqua.
Edmond F. Burke, Shenandoah.
Leonard J. Chaikowsky, Shenandoah.
John Domalakes, Frackville.
Charles E. Eisenhart, Schuylkill Haven.
George F. Getusky, Shenandoah.
Miss Dorothea L. Heller, Pottsville.
Miss Dorothy Lewis, Pottsville.
Miss Catherine M. Moore, Pottsville.
Frank M. Palermo, Shenandoah.
Mrs. Alma R. Rentschler, Tremont.
Herald H. Spaide, Ashland.
Harold J. Williams, Mahanoy City.

SNYDER COUNTY

C. S. Boyer, Centre Twp., Penns Creek.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Eugene W. Pugh, Berlin.
Paul L. Wagner, Stonycreek Twp., Stoystown.

TIOGA COUNTY

Leon S. Moshier, Wellsboro.
Edmund W. Osgood, Wellsboro.
Waldo E. Shumway, Wellsboro.

UNION COUNTY

John C. Watson, Mifflinburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy I. Arnold, Pleasantville.
Guy H. Kingsley, Sugar Creek Twp., Franklin.
Miss Margaret L. McBride, Oil City.
J. A. Wollaston, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

Andrew Bair, Warren.
Gilbert W. Buerkle, Warren.
Mrs. Ruth J. Carlson, Warren.
David Miller, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Marie Martin, Washington.
Mrs. Ethel G. Ruben, Donora.
Bert A. Schroder, Washington.
Joseph Sitte, Charleroi.
Mrs. Sofia Y. Tokar, Charleroi.
Robert J. Wood, California.

WAYNE COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth E. Spangenberg, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Geo. F. Crouse, Smithton.
Miss Margaret E. Donnelly, Mount Pleasant.
Miss Kathryn Kalp, Mount Pleasant.
R. Clair Kepple, Vandergrift.
J. E. Moorhead, Sr., West Newton.
Miss Marjorie Newcomer, Greensburg.
John J. Radacsy, Monessen.
Kendall Speer, Jr., Sewickley Twp., Lowber.
J. Arthur Thomas, Greensburg.
William H. Wright, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

Miss G. Elizabeth Black, York.
Miss Lillian G. Cooper, York.
Miss Ethel F. Crider, York.
Kenneth E. Henry, West Manchester Twp., York.
Daniel S. Hursh, Springetsbury Twp., York.
Guy M. Kurtz, York.
Miss Louise E. Miller, York.
Miss Pauline M. Miller, York.
M. E. Monroe, Spring Garden Twp., York.
Arlington C. Swartzbaugh, York.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for reappointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ADAMS COUNTY

Mrs. Gladys W. Keefer, Littlestown.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. J. Baur, Pittsburgh, Gulf Oil Corp.
Miss Esther Bloom, Pittsburgh, 913 Plaza Bldg.
Miss Mary D. Bochicchio, Pittsburgh, 7230 Race St.
David E. Bollinger, Pittsburgh, 1025 Union Trust Bldg.
Mario L. Bove, Pittsburgh, 417 Grant St.
Miss Eleanor G. Braun, Pittsburgh, Union Nat'l Bank of Pgh.
Miss Margaret A. Burke, Pittsburgh, 801 Berger Bldg.
Miss Catherine M. Cavanaugh, Sharpsburg.
Miss Vera M. Clark, Pittsburgh, 200 Grant Bldg.
Mrs. H. B. Cline, Homestead.
Roy W. Collyer, Pittsburgh, 308 Boggs Ave.
William L. Coutts, Pittsburgh, 201 E. Ohio St.
Miss Eleanore E. Coyne, Pittsburgh, 316 Fourth Ave.
John R. Cribbs, Verona.
J. A. Culan, McKees Rocks.
Joseph V. Cywinski, Harrison Twp., Natrona.
Edwin Dauer, Pttsburgh, Yellow Cab Co.
Austin J. DeSimone, Pittsburgh, 6206 Broad St.
William J. Dillner, Dormont.
Mrs. Esther Donnelly, Pittsburgh, 1511 Buena Vista St.
Miss Della Eades, Pittsburgh, Mellon Nat'l Bank & Trust Co.
Hary Eisenfeld, Pittsburgh, 530 4th Ave.
Oliver C. Evans, Glassport.
Zell Z. Fein, Pittsburgh, 239 4th Ave.
Thomas H. Field, McKeesport.
F. P. Fletcher, Pittsburgh, 1718 Grant Bldg.
Morris Fried, Pittsburgh, 3201 Blvd. of the Allies.
Miss Geraldine Gabbert, Homestead.
Paul Galbo, Pittsburgh, 207 Liberty Bldg.
James R. Garvey, Homestead.
Fred J. Gigler, Millvale.
Mrs. Lois M. Graham, Pittsburgh, 404 Reymer Bldg.
Mrs. Margaret S. Habel, West View.
John H. Haldeman, Forest Hills.
Miss Mary E. Hall, Pittsburgh, 2934 Chartiers Ave.
Harry S. Heller, Pittsburgh, 525 Grant Bldg.
Miss Elsie E. Hesse, Pittsburgh, 1812 E. Carson St.
Harold J. Hiedovitz, Pittsburgh, 5878 Burchfield Ave.
R. K. Hughes, Pittsburgh, 1330 Locust St.
Byron W. Hurlbut, Pittsburgh, 106 Federal St.
W. J. Johnson, Pittsburgh, 411 7th Ave.
Paul D. Jones, Munhall.
L. J. Kerstien, Pittsburgh, 171 Stanton Court East.
Edward Klein, Pittsburgh, 3525 Forbes St.
Miss Laura Koegler, Pittsburgh, 2630 W. Liberty Ave.

Miss Ida A. Kohlhaas, Pittsburgh, 3rd Fl., Grant Bldg.
Walter J. Lampert, Pittsburgh, 2400 E. Carson St.
Miss Helen E. Lang, Pittsburgh, 1900 Clark Bldg.
Miss Edythe R. Lawrence, Pittsburgh, 109-11 Wood St.
J. Blair Leahy, Pittsburgh, Pgh. Press Bldg.
Chester Evan Leggett, West Homestead.
Arthur C. Lengel, Pittsburgh, 6000 Penn Ave.
Leonard M. Lippert, McKeesport.
Mrs. Lottie Lotz, Pittsburgh, 1501 Law & Finance Bldg.
Fred Lourimore, Sewickley.
Mrs. Gertrude M. Lukas, Pittsburgh, 2000 Dartmore St.
Miss Helen I. Marshall, Pittsburgh, 151 N. Craig St.
Miss Dorothy E. Mayer, Pittsburgh, 1124 Frick Bldg.
Edgar F. McDonal, Glassport.
Frank E. Mologne, Pittsburgh, 902 Penn Ave.
David R. Morgan, Pittsburgh, 916 Frick Bldg.
Frank A. Morrison, Pittsburgh, 5637 Rippey St.
Mrs. Marie C. Murphy, Pittsburgh, 2218 Boustead St.
Earl W. Myers, Sewickley.
Mrs. Betty E. Nordstrom, Castle Shannon.
Miss Yetta Oberfield, Pittsburgh, 1835 Center Ave.
John Olshesky, Pittsburgh, Horix Mfg. Co.
George W. O'Malley, Duquesne.
Stephen C. Pastrick, Harrison Twp., Natrona.
W. W. Payne, McKeesport.
Mrs. I. E. Petraitis, Homestead.
Russell E. Prata, Pittsburgh, 1122 N. Lang Ave.
Mrs. T. W. Reid, Pittsburgh, 1905 Grant Bldg.
Miss M. D. Roberts, Pittsburgh, 2816 Smallman St.
J. J. Ryland, Pittsburgh, 1802 Grant Bldg.
Mrs. Lucille M. Santella, Pittsburgh, 508 Grant St.
Miss Mary L. Sauer, Pittsburgh, 454 Koppers Bldg.
Miss Camilla F. Schumacher, Pittsburgh, 1050 Koppers Bldg.
Ralph T. Seneff, Turtle Creek.
Miss Myra M. Sepp, Pittsburgh, 306 4th Ave.
David S. Shermer, McKeesport.
W. R. Shoup, Jr., Pittsburgh, 2111 Penn Ave.
Edward A. Skonetzni, Pittsburgh, 809 Federal St.
G. T. Steele, McKeesport.
Miss H. L. Steinberg, Pittsburgh, 3224 Blvd. of Allies.
Miss Catherine B. Stephens, Pittsburgh, 239 4th Ave.
Clare F. Stewart, Verona.
Miss Elizabeth Stratton, McKeesport.
Gaylord F. Strauss, Cheswick.
E. M. Stuckert, Ingram.
Miss Josephine D. Tedrow, Pittsburgh, 117 First Ave.
Miss Lois M. Ulrich, Pittsburgh, 801 Penn Ave.
Chas. J. Vogel, East Pittsburgh.
Miss Gertrude M. Wagner, McKeesport.
Thos. A. Watkins, Pittsburgh, 5843 Forward Ave.
George W. Webster, Penn Twp., Universal.
Vincent C. Werder, Penn Twp., Pittsburgh (21).
David Whitman, Pittsburgh, 306 4th Ave.
Miss Laura T. Wilk, Pittsburgh, Sheraton Hotel.
George K. Willock, Pittsburgh, 95 Amanda Ave.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Harry A. Ashbaugh, Leechburg.
O. S. Geiger, Wayne Twp., Kittanning.
Bryon W. Meredith, Ford City.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Margaret Boston, Midland.
James E. Griffith, Beaver.
Fred T. Ifft, New Brighton.
Miss Dorothy V. Lester, Monaca.
Miss G. L. McCormick, Ambridge.

BERKS COUNTY

Paul B. Albright, Hamburg.
W. M. Anspach, Strausstown.
John M. Hoernle, Reading.
Paul M. Kauffman, Hamburg.
Norman E. Rhoads, Laureldale.
George D. Ribble, Reading.
Mrs. Ruth M. Seaman, Reading.
Mrs. Blanche M. Smith, Reading.
Miss Hilda M. Stumpp, Reading.
W. Karl Tyson, Reading.
Francis L. Wagenblast, Jr., Reading.
Elmer Z. Yoder, Wyomissing.

BLAIR COUNTY

D. Robert Brumbaugh, Greenfield Twp., Claysburg.
Mrs. Esther W. Carey, Altoona.
Claude G. Miller, Altoona.
Mrs. Melda N. Minnigh, Altoona.
Joseph D. Rahm, Altoona.
Morgan J. Sheedy, Altoona.
Miss Myrtle Shollenberger, Tyrone.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Michael DeSisti, Sayre.
Mrs. Viola H. Dunham, Athens.
Miss Edna W. Nash, Troy.
Mrs. Jennie C. Anders, Sellersville.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Anne A. Dinlocker. Doylestown.
Titus Franklin, Buckingham Twp., Furlong.
Robert H. Lippincott, Doylestown.
Mrs. Madorra Samph, Richlandtown.

BUTLER COUNTY

Ralph H. Cumberland, Zelienople.
G. W. Hazlett, Butler.
Miss Mabel Kaltenbach, East Butler.
Mrs. Mae Kiester, Slippery Rock.
Mrs. Dorothy L. Spencer, Zelienople.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

John L. Binder, Barnesboro.
Miss Kathleen Eck, Carrolltown.
Gerald L. Fisher, Patton.
Sydney Ossip, Johnstown.
Vincent B. Saly, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY

Miss Madaline Mandracia, Mauch Chunk.
Elmer M. Young, Weatherly.

CENTRE COUNTY

Mrs. Elinor C. Eckert, State College.
Clifford A. Johnston, Philipsburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

W. Waldo Hayes, West Chester.

CLARION COUNTY

John E. Lovett, East Brady.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Mrs. Grace B. Bartley, Clearfield.
William S. Gilliland, Clearfield.
Lawrence E. McGough, DuBois.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. Catherine C. Kessinger, Mill Hall.
Miss Idessa C. Seyler, Lock Haven.
Clyde W. Snyder, Lock Haven.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Larue C. Hock, Bloomsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy M. Lewis, Conneaut Lake.
Mrs. Marian J. Pratt, Titusville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Carl J. Adams, Carlisle.
Mrs. Edna Crumm, Carlisle.
Mrs. Elinor S. Deatrick, Mt. Holly Springs.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Amelia L. Gawryla, Harrisburg.
Charles E. Pugh, Harrisburg.
Miss Dorothy Roberts, Harrisburg.
Mrs. June K. Rounsley, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Erline G. Aldridge, Chester.
Horace T. Cole, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Joseph A. Conte, Chester.
Mrs. Elizabeth C. Everman, Marcus Hook.
Henry Fenza, Chester.
Mrs. Mary Gamble, Radnor Twp., Villanova.
James L. Johnson, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Wilford E. Kline, Chester.
Miss Mary C. Livingston, Chester.
Alfred S. MacFarland, Collingdale.
Joseph Mielcarek, Chester.
S. Lee Moses, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.
Miss Florence D. Pancoast, Chester.
Miss Alice A. Pearson, Media.
Mrs. Elizabeth R. Rowe, Chester.
George F. Weiss, Media.
C. Swain Wilson, Haverford Twp., Havertown.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude F. Doyle, Erie.
Mrs. Jean Field, Corry.
Paul B. Joslin, Erie.
Edmund M. Knoll, Erie.
James A. McKnight, Erie.
Miss Margaret A. Rogers, Erie.
F. J. Rojeski, Erie.
Miss Henriette F. Weber, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Sue Galley, Connellsville Twp., Connellsville.
Miss Marie E. Goodwin, Uniontown.
Miss Betty Hollis, Uniontown.
Charles F. Koon, Point Marion.
Miss Elizabeth A. Long, Washington Twp., Belle Vernon.
F. C. Middleton, Uniontown.
John E. Wise, Point Marion.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

F. L. Greenewalt, Greene Twp., Fayetteville.
Miss Anna S. Kelowitz, Quincy Twp., South Mountain.

GREENE COUNTY

S. L. Kerr, Cumberland Twp., Carmichaels.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Miss Gladys Enyeart, Mount Union.

INDIANA COUNTY

Mrs. Sara L. Hart, Blairsville.
Joseph Rellick, Young Twp., McIntyre.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Miss Marian E. Brown, Brookville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

E. W. Clark, Scranton.
Thomas A. Garvey, Carbondale.
E. J. Golo, Scranton.
Joseph T. Philbin, Carbondale.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Ralph W. Eby, Jr., Paradise Twp., Paradise.
Clarence J. Nelson, New Holland.
Miss V. G. Renninger, New Holland.
Miss Alice M. Shultz, New Holland.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Ray H. Aylesworth, Ellwood City.
Anthony P. Folino, Ellwood City.
Miss Edith V. Mariana, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Tilden H. Frantz, Myerstown.
Miss Ruth A. Geiger, Palmyra.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Elmer A. Barto, Emmaus.
G. Blair Cunningham, Allentown.
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gift, Allentown.
Robert A. Knapp, Allentown.
Mrs. Fannie J. Laubach, Salisbury Twp., Bethlehem.
George O. Prutzman, Allentown.
Russell H. Scheirer, North Whitehall Twp., Orefield.

LUZERNE COUNTY

W. F. Aurand, Bear Creek Twp., White Haven.
William T. Davis, Pittston.
Joseph Dixon, Hazleton.
Stephen Drosdick, Hazleton.
Mrs. Florence E. Ernst, Conyngham.
Michael L. Grohol, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Nellie A. Jejunas, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Jennet E. Kelley, Wilkes-Barre.
John K. Kemper, Nanticoke.
Mrs. Mary T. Kennedy, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Frances M. Krasosky, Pittston.
Mrs. Elizabeth S. Lympanny, Kingston.
S. Keene Mitchell, Jr., Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Leona M. Mock, Larksville.
Arthur J. Piccone, Forty Fort.
Martin M. Podskoc, Jr., West Wyoming.
C. H. Riehl, Wilkes-Barre.
Fred E. Smith, Shickshinny.
Miss Florence C. Teufel, Hazleton.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Edward R. Dwyer, Williamsport.
A. E. Grieshaber, Williamsport.
Mrs. Bess T. Hoffman, Williamsport.
Mrs. Floretta J. Hunter, Williamsport.
Henry R. Maietta, Williamsport.
Mrs. Kathryn Wise, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Esther S. Babcock, Bradford.
Joseph Graff, Bradford.
Bernard M. Lyman, Bradford.
I. E. McCommon, Bradford.
Mrs. Edna M. Mencer, Keating Twp., East Smethport.
Rudolph C. Nelson, Bradford.
Mrs. Mary Edith Peterson, Smethport.
Mrs. Catherine T. Rutherford, Bradford.
Mrs. Ruth E. Davis, Mercer, Greenville.
Chester B. Scholl, Sharon.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Rosa R. Houser, Lewistown.

MONROE COUNTY

Murray H. Abeloff, East Stroudsburg.
Ashton L. Burrows, Stroudsburg.
Mrs. Ida Jollowsky, Stroud Twp., Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Roy C. Alloway, Norristown.
Louis Di Giovanni, Norristown.
Mrs. Frances B. Griffiths, Norristown.
Joseph W. Matta, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Mrs. M. Lillie Neiman, Norristown.
Eugene B. Parson, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Samuel D. Peterson, Jenkintown.
Robert T. Potts, Norristown.
Mrs. Vernice M. Pugh, Norristown.
H. Y. Spare, Plymouth Twp., Conshohocken.
Mrs. Vivian Spitzer, Abington Twp., Glenside.
Millard N. Wilfong, Norristown.
Charles A. Yocum, Pottstown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. May Kern Bair, Bangor.
Mrs. Olga Edwards, Bethlehem.
Wilson A. Getz, Bethlehem.
Mrs. Rosemary E. Mahoney, Bethlehem.
Miss Catherine E. Matonis, Bethlehem.
Anton Wolst, Bethlehem.
Mrs. Helen M. Ziegler, Nazareth.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mary E. Kerstetter, Shamokin.
Howard D. Moore, Coal Twp., Shamokin.
Vernon G. Snyder, Sunbury.

PERRY COUNTY

Miss G. Fay Clouser, Bloomfield.
Joseph R. Rhoads, Tyrone Twp., Loysville.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Matilda Adler, 6738 Torresdale Ave.
Mrs. Kathryn M. Agnew, 1025 City Hall Annex.
F. H. Appenzeller, 1305 W. Lehigh Ave.
Claude E. Atchison, 23 S. 23rd St.
Miss Mary M. Baker, 401 Walnut St.
Meyer Benedict, 2643 S. 9th St.
David Berk, 500 Green St.
Joseph H. Bitler, 2nd Fl., Land Title Bldg.
Joseph F. Blickley, Sr., 4538 N. Carlisle St.
John K. Bollinger, 1201 Chestnut St.
Samuel Brown, Broad & Washington Ave.
Mrs. Rose W. Clements, 5524 N. 3rd St.
Francis L. Coll, 3947 "D" St.
B. Russell Cowper, 1861 Nolan St.
Richard W. Damerau, 1321 Arch St.
Peter F. Devereux, 1412 W. Erie Ave.
Miss Ethel M. Doherty, 148 N. 3rd St.
Mrs. Sarah T. Downs, 285 S. 52nd St.
John J. Dunn, 3328 N. 20th St.
Miss Helen M. Dusenberg, 117 S. 17th St.
George D. Edge, Sr., 23 S. 23rd St.
Frederick J. Endres, 1421 Chestnut St.
Miss Agnes M. Farrell, 620-22 Widener Bldg.
Albert H. Gold, 2028 S. 5th St.
Mrs. Emma R. Greer, 1416 W. Tioga St.
Mrs. Emma S. Hartley, 15 W. Highland Ave.
Edward Haws, 16 S. Broad St.
Miss Ruth E. Henderson, 5123 Wayne Ave.
Howard B. Hindle, 135 S. Broad St.
Charles F. Keller, 7944 Oxford Ave.
Miss Sarah Kirkpatrick, 4901 Stenton Ave.
Miss Anna Klein, 1325 St. Vincent St.
John C. Linn, Jr., 3649 Jasper St.
Miss Margaret C. McCafferty, Rm. 1020, 12 S. 12th St.
Miss Isabel P. McGarry, 1532 Point Breeze Ave.
John J. McQuade, 1403 W. Erie Ave.
Frederick J. L. Michel, Fletcher Works Inc., 2nd & Glenwood Aves.
H. Barton Myers, 500 W. Sedgley Ave.
Mrs. Madeline K. Oechslin, 1900 Girard Trust Bldg.
Morris Osokow, 763 E. Allegheny Ave.
George Ovington, 3rd, 711-15 Western Sav. Fd. Bldg.
John J. Owens, 1140 E. Haines St.
Russell C. Pinker, 7059 Castor Ave.
Mrs. Florence Rosenstein, Asten-Hill Mfg. Co.
Mrs. Catherine Schmieg, 1449 W. Venango St.
Edward W. Sliker, 7059 Castor Ave.
Miss Catharine V. Stine, 110 S. 4th St.
W. Stanley Tustin, Jr., 2440 Memphis St.
Mrs. Carol L. Weil, 820 Packard Bldg.
Frank J. Wendt, 454 E. Girard Ave.
Allan W. Williams, 12059 Bustleton Ave.
Miss Yvonne Y. Winegrad, 236 S. 5th St.

PIKE COUNTY

Mrs. Minnie G. Foster, Milford.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

William R. Acker, Pottsville.
Steve A. Babinchak, West Mahanoy Twp., Shaft.
Joseph A. Halka, Mahanoy City.
Arthur F. Kriner, Pottsville.
Mrs. Anna M. Kutzer, Tremont.
Mrs. Florence M. Link, Shenandoah.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Nelle K. Glessner, Somerset.

VENANGO COUNTY

Robert T. Grannis, Franklin.
Forest B. Irwin, Franklin.
Archie J. Moulin, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

C. S. Bateman, Charleroi.
J. W. Edwards, California.
George H. Hott, Charleroi.
Arthur A. LeClair, Allenport.
Thomas H. Reese, Canonsburg.
C. Paul Roderuck, Washington.
E. E. Smith, Monongahela.
Mrs. Ethel Smith, Charleroi.
Miss Angeline Sorice, Washington.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Erwin C. Hartung, Derry.
Miss Hazel D. Hofmann, Greensburg.
Miss Edith Montgomery, New Kensington.
Frank Ognibene, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

Jno. E. Anstine, Stewartstown.
Mrs. Hannah S. Dempwolf, York.
Harry E. Dietz, Wrightsville.
Mrs. Evelyn W. Floyd, York.
Miss Ada E. Houser, York.
Gerald E. Lehman, York.
Miss Miriam E. Patterson, York.
Mrs. Mildred E. Schmidt, York.
Geo. M. Sipes, York.
Mrs. Kathryn J. Slonaker, York.
Arthur W. Sponsler, York.

To compute from January 9, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

William E. Burgunder, McKees Rocks.
Wm. Karl Cherry, Wilmerding.
Lawrence E. Hedrer, Pittsburgh, 2135 Brownsville Rd.
Robert W. McWhinney, Pittsburgh, 450—5th Ave.
Mrs. Margaret R. Oyer, Pittsburgh, 811 Liberty Ave.
Mrs. Edna K. Schlarb, Mt. Oliver.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Catherine Lieblong, Collingdale.

GREENE COUNTY

H. Allan Baily, Cumberland Twp., Carmichaels.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Robt. E. Bowers, Manheim Twp., Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth R. Chill, Pulaski Twp., New Bedford.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mason W. Forrester, 1633 E. Passyunk Ave.
Mrs. Kathryn M. Hipple, 6003 N. 5th St.
Miss H. M. Kirchner, 1400 S. Penn Sq.
Edward Malakoff, 1616 Walnut St.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

James Hutson, New Alexandria.
Chas. F. Stoner, Mount Pleasant.

To compute from January 18, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Edith B. Gumbel, Clairton.
Frank J. Hamrock, Homestead.
Miss Marie A. Heil, Pittsburgh, 747 Oliver Bldg.
David G. Morgan, Pittsburgh, 4354 Murray Ave.
Edward Paule, Pittsburgh, Rm. 39, S. 22nd & Mary Sts.
Samuel E. Price, Pittsburgh, 805 Arrott Bldg.

BEAVER COUNTY

James A. C. Ruffner, Aliquippa.

BERKS COUNTY

Frank J. Printz, Reading.

BUTLER COUNTY

Mrs. Mae H. Wheeler, Butler.

CARBON COUNTY

Miss Minnie E. Rinker, Mauck Chunk.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Kermit I. Daniel, Elizabethville.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Marie G. Becker, Erie.
Clarence J. Rapp, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Eugene E. Fike, Uniontown.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Minerva Kriebel, Allentown.
George C. Wunder, Allentown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

David E. Finkbiner, Royersford.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Bernard J. Arndt, 2724 N. 11th St.
Thomas H. Cassidy, Jr., 12 S. 12th St.
Mrs. Wanda Schurgot Conway, 4207 Germantown Ave.
Thomas S. Craven, 1546 N. 7th St.
Jesse C. Douglass, 2000 N. Broad Ave.
Joseph R. Embery, Jr., 4700 Frankford Ave.
Abraham Goldner, 860 N. Broad St.
Chas. J. Kraus, Jr., 2804 W. Girard Ave.
Samuel J. Kuntz, 5927 W. Girard Ave.
Wallace O. Lecher, 12 S. 12th St.
Harry M. McBurney, 1200 S. 15th St.
Louis Moss, 5401 Chestnut St.
Mrs. Mary B. Plumer, 228 South St.
Arthur J. Purssell, 1500 Walnut St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss N. J. Hammond, Monongahela.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Mary Lee, Latrobe.

To compute from January 19, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Thomas Highley, Pittsburgh, 2733 Cobden St.
Carl G. Kaessner, Pittsburgh, 400 Fifth Ave.
Jacob L. Kendall, Jr., Aspinwall.
Robert D. Lindsay, Coraopolis.

BUTLER COUNTY

John F. Thomas, Zelienople.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Clara M. Staehr, Johnstown.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

George W. Light, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Worrell Kirk, Newtown Twp., Newtown Square.
Mrs. Lillian L. Veasey, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

ELK COUNTY

Miss Frances M. Turack, Ridgway.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Mary M. Mahoney, Uniontown.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Rachel W. Snyder, Slatington.

McKEAN COUNTY

Jno. V. Longshore, Kane.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Elias Williams, Easton.
C. G. Zellner, Northampton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth Bothwell, 1608 Walnut St.
Karl L. Granzow, 6901 Elmwood Ave.
Harry D. Jones, 401 Walnut St.
Miss Rose Marie Kelly, Bellevue-Stratford Hotel.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. A. D. Mayberry, Mahanoy City.

WAYNE COUNTY

Miss Rena S. Edgett, Honesdale.

To compute from January 20, 1951

BERKS COUNTY

Miss M. Bessie Detweiler, Muhlenberg Twp., Reading.
Paul A. Matten, Reading.
Geo. C. Naftzinger, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Mrs. Eleanor M. Pulcino, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

William P. Cosner, New Hope.

CHESTER COUNTY

Walter L. Amos, Coatesville.
Edgar I. Griffith, Downingtown.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Ellis Sutliff, Harrisburg.
Miss Mabel P. Wilbar, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Anne B. Pyle, Media.

ERIE COUNTY

Edwin J. Schneider, Erie.

INDIANA COUNTY

A. B. Millen, Plumville.

LANCASTER COUNTY

George B. Hetrick, Lancaster.

MERCER COUNTY

H. J. Rollinson, Sharon.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Otis J. Pandel, Burnham.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Clayton D. Buss, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth Cutler, 2246 N. 29th St.
Miss Doris B. McMurray, 905 Western Sav. Fd. Bldg.
Israel Merow, Climax Dental Supply Co., Medical Arts Bldg.
Raymond D. Scanlon, 11 Shurs Lane.
Charles W. Snyder, Jr., 2600 N. 11th St.

To compute from January 21, 1951

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Leo E. Valesek, Ford City.

CENTRE COUNTY

W. Harrison Walker, Bellefonte.

ERIE COUNTY

George K. Frank, Erie.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Ermin F. Hill, Hughesville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Benjamin J. Sturtevant, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William D. Harris, 1528 Walnut St.

VENANGO COUNTY

John M. McGill, Oil City.

To compute from January 22, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Arthur F. McCartan, Pittsburgh, 316 4th Ave.

BRADFORD COUNTY

C. Arthur Bullock, Canton.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

R. W. Sharbaugh, Carrolltown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Chas. W. Dana, Wilkes-Barre.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry G. Sugarman, 3427 Walnut St.

VENANGO COUNTY

Dean B. Stewart, Oil City.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Mary Love Johnston, Bolivar.

To compute from January 23, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Thomas B. Hepler, Harrison Twp., Natrona.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Anna Tierney, Union City.

To compute from January 24, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert Kane, Pittsburgh, 514 Smithfield St.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Elsie S. Biever, Lebanon.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Roy Edgar Bailey, Porter Twp., Tower City.

To compute from January 25, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Mitchell, Oakmont.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Lillian Wittle, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Ernest Graf, Prospect Park.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Agnes M. Deegan, 2719 E. Allegheny Ave.
H. H. Lippincott, 23 S. 23rd St.
Mrs. Sara M. O'Brien, 2649 Reed St.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Russell St. Clair, New Florence.
Frank B. Palmer, Southwest Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

G. R. Goodfellow, Hanover.

To compute from January 26, 1951

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred C. Evans, Milton.

To compute from January 27, 1951

ADAMS COUNTY

Miss Irene Day, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Selma M. Huber, Pittsburgh, 126 Denniston Ave.

CENTRE COUNTY

Mrs. Ivah M. Eyerly, Philipsburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

Charles H. West, Jr., Phoenixville.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Irving A. Miller, Marple Twp., Broomall.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Winifred Rickers, Norristown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Ammon H. Smith, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. A. Marie Heisler, 344-54 N. 2nd St.
Julius Lubner, 4718 N. Warnock St.
Wm. Roberts, 6830 Ogontz Ave.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Julia R. Ferrante, Vandergrift.

YORK COUNTY

Valentine R. Emig, York.

To compute from January 28, 1951

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

John J. Franus, Scranton.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for reappointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ADAMS COUNTY

Carl F. Ketterman, Gettysburg.
Miss Mildred A. Widder, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. Burnett Abraham, West Elizabeth.
Charles J. Appel, Pittsburgh, 1525 Penna. Ave.
S. M. Apter, Braddock.
Miss Barbara Armstrong, Pittsburgh, 815 Berger Bldg.
S. H. Baldassare, McKees Rocks.
Michael A. Banas, Robinson Twp., Moon Run.
Fred K. Becker, Jr., Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (28).
George H. Benson, Brentwood.
Charles Bernot, Pittsburgh, 348 Main St.
Gerald E. Born, Jr., Mt. Oliver.
Domenic Burello, Pittsburgh, 502 Larimer Ave.
Mrs. Ruth M. Burk, Richland Twp., Bakerstown.
Mrs. Clare Caughey, Braddock.
Miss Kathryn Caveney, Pittsburgh, 811 Jones Law Bldg.
Mrs. Myrtle Conlin, Pittsburgh, 304 Haysglen St.
Miss Jean C. Coyne, Pittsburgh, 3337 Forbes St.
Mrs. Edna Y. Davis, Pittsburgh, 2118 Grant Bldg.
Daniel DePinto, Pittsburgh, 316 Fourth Ave.
E. Robt. Derr, West View.
Mrs. Gertrude B. Dietrich, Pittsburgh, 901 Ridge Ave.
William J. Dohler, Pitsburgh, 2501 Brighton Rd.
Daniel L. Dougherty, Dormont.
Paul J. Durkay, Wilmerding.
Frank P. Duschek, Pittsburgh, 523 Wabash Bldg.
Clarence A. Eckert, Pittsburgh, 130 7th St.
Regis F. Engel, Carnegie.
Mrs. Isabel Fair, Pittsburgh, 7000 Bennett St.
Charles H. Faulkner, Dormont.
Stanley G. Fincke, Pittsburgh, 643 Liberty Ave.
Miss Harriet Fitzpatrick, Pittsburgh, 1309 Clark Bldg.
J. J. Foltz, Wilkinsburg.
J. F. Frank, Pittsburgh, 1062 Progress St.
J. L. Gahring, Pittsburgh, 100 Diamond St.
Mrs. Hilda R. Glasser, Ross Twp., Perrysville.
Miss Mildred Good, Pittsburgh, 503 Peoples East End Bldg.
A. C. Gracey, Moon Twp., Coraopolis.
Mrs. Carrie C. Green, Pittsburgh, 1500 Invest. Bldg.
Mrs. Dorothy E. Hall, Pittsburgh, 801 Berger Bldg.
Walter C. Hall, Pittsburgh, 1635 Jancey St.
E. J. Halter, Pittsburgh, 42nd & Davison Sts. (1).
Miss Magdalene Hartman, Pittsburgh, 624 Liberty Ave.
Pittsburgh, 624 Liberty Ave.
Charles W. Hays, Crafton.
H. G. Hendershot, Pittsburgh, 355 Fifth Ave.
Michael J. Herda, Snowden Twp., Broughton.
Mrs. Leona D. Hill, Pittsburgh, 434 Diamond St.
Miss Ruth M. Horst, Pittsburgh, 617 E Ohio St.
H. H. Jamison, Clairton.
Joseph J. Jerome, Tarentum.
Mrs. Martha W. Johnson, Pittsburgh, 1138 Koppers Bldg.
Miss Blanche M. Jones, Pittsburgh, 2141 Oliver Bldg.
C. Clifford Kaylor, Pittsburgh, 1515 E. Carson St.
E. B. Kelly, Pittsburgh, 5157 Liberty Ave.
Mrs. Irene D. Kemena, Pittsburgh, 2621 Murray Ave.
William H. Kimmick, Patton Twp., Turtle Creek.
Miss Lillian B. King, Pittsburgh, Peoples Natural Gas Bldg., (19).
Miss Emma M. Koch, Pittsburgh, 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg., (30).
Frank L. Koch, Pittsburgh, 1610 Lowrie St.
Harry G. Koch, Marshall Twp., Bradfordwoods.
Miss Eva R. Krieger, Pittsburgh, 40th & Butler Sts.
Mrs. Eva L. Lang, Pittsburgh, 923 Penn Ave.
Miss Margaret M. Leary, Pittsburgh, 201 N. Braddock Ave. (8).
C. Liacopoulos, Pittsburgh, 4 Smithfield St.
Miss Agnes E. Liggett, Pittsburgh, 429 Fourth Ave.
Charles S. Limbaugh, Jr., Pittsburgh, 100 W. Stockton Ave. (12).
E. B. Logan, Avalon, 644 California Ave., Pittsburgh (2).
Mrs. G. D. Love, Pittsburgh, 915 Plaza Bldg.
Ralph H. Lynch, Harrison Twp., Natrona Heights.
Mrs. Teresa M. Mai, Forest Hills, 2141 Ardmore Blvd., Pittsburgh (21).
Eardley T. Manby, Pittsburgh, 317 4th Ave.
John P. McAndress, Pittsburgh, 929 Fifth Ave.
H. E. McDonald, Ross Twp., Laurel Gardens.
James C. McDonald, Pittsburgh, Berger Bldg.
Miss Marie A. McGinnis, Pittsburgh, 239 Fourth Ave.
Mrs. Marie R. McGrath, Pittsburgh, 3941 California Ave.
Miss Marie E. McNally, Pittsburgh, 6001 Center Ave.
Miss Mary F. Mellett, Pittsburgh, 5556 Centre Ave.
Miss F. C. Meussner, Pittsburgh, Wood St. (22).
R. F. Michalski, Pittsburgh, 1103 E. Carson St.
A. I. Miller, Sharpsburg, 909 Main St.
Albert J. Miller, Pittsburgh, 3000 Liberty Ave.
Miss Mildred V. Mitchell, McKeesport.
Miss Alice Anne Morgan, Blawnox.
Stewart M. Morgan, Jr., Sewickley.
Miss Loyola Moroney, Pitsburgh, 419 Frick Bldg.
Thomas P. Mulvaney, Pittsburgh, 530 Fourth Ave.
Denver V. Newman, Duquesne.
James C. Nichols, Pittsburgh, 5300 Penn Ave.
Miss Irene E. Patnik, Pittsburgh, 545 Wm. Penn Place.
Mrs. Grace M. Pello, Pittsburgh, 1206 Plaza Bldg.
Miss Tressa Petrick, Pittsburgh, 435 Grant St.
David J. Regenstein, Pittsburgh, 301 Fifth Ave.
Paul A. Richey, Pittsburgh, 122 Blvd. of Allies.
Miss Mary Rieg, Pittsburgh, 511 Wood St.
Miss Juanita L. Ritchley, Pittsburgh, 632 Duquesne Way.
Sam R. Ruben, Pittsburgh, 2012 Wightman St.
Miss Margaret L. Ryan, Pittsburgh, 2812 Grant Bldg.
Harry H. Sakal, Stowe Twp., McKees Rocks.
Miss Ann Salago, Clairton.
Lester J. Samek, Pittsburgh, 512 Wood St.

Miss Virginia E. Sandrock, Pittsburgh, 1016 Bessemer Bldg.
John T. Schleid, Bellevue.
A. J. Schmitt, Pittsburgh, 4026 Jenkins Arcade Bldg. (22).
Bernard F. Schneider, Mount Oliver.
W. S. Schwoebel, Pittsburgh, 2800 Grant Bldg
Mrs. Sara M. Secord, Pittsburgh, 901 May Bldg.
C. G. Semmens, Turtle Creek.
Paul D. Shanks, Neville Twp., Pittsburgh (25).
Austin W. Silvernail, Pittsburgh, 916 Manchester Blvd.
John K. Skillen, Pittsburgh, 6124 Center Ave.
Miss Mary Snyder, Pittsburgh, 530 Fourth Ave.
Miss Leona R. Solomon, Pittsburgh, 1018 Grant Bldg.
Gordon A. Spencer, Penn Twp., North Bessemer.
P. R. Spine, Stowe Twp., McKees Rocks.
Mrs. Mayre A. Sproul, Pittsburgh, 600 Grant St.
J. Edgar St. Clair, Edgewood.
Mrs. Gwendolyn C. Stanny, Pittsburgh, 2003 Commonwealth Building, 4th Ave. (22).
Miss Marie K. Steinecke, Pittsburgh, 242 Fifth Ave,
Edwin J. Stephenson, Sewickley.
Mrs. Elizabeth R. Stewart, Pittsburgh, 840 W. North Ave.
George A. Stivers, Pittsburgh, 6428 Frankstown Ave.
Mrs. Velma R. Stivers, Pittsburgh, 6428 Frankstown Ave.
F. J. Surman, Pittsburgh, 842 E. Ohio St.
Raymond E. Switzer, Pittsburgh, 1407 Federal St.
Albert J. Thatcher, Pittsburgh, 801 Gulf Bldg.
John G. Thompson, Avalon.
Edward A. Tobias, Pittsburgh, 314 Bakewell Bldg.
Mrs. Hattie C. Trafford, Pittsburgh, 5560 Centre Ave.
Miss Virginia Tudek, McKeesport.
Mrs. Daisy Vipond, Pittsburgh, 700 Jones Law Bldg.
Mrs. Margaret C. Weaver, Etna.
Miss Gladys D. Weis, Pittsburgh, 808 Plaza Bldg.
Mrs. Lottie L. Weldy, Pittsburgh, 900 Ridge Ave.
Samuel B. Wilkins, Pittsburgh, 532 Junilla St.
Walter G. Winnenberg, Forest Hills.
Miss Victoria B. Winter, Pittsburgh, 2016 Brownsville road (10).
W. J. Wisdom, Pittsburgh, 2701 Railroad St.
R. B. Wolford, Wilkinsburg.
W. J. Woods, Sewickley.
Victor V. Wrobleski, Braddock.
James Z. Zimmerman, Pittsburgh, 545 Wm. Penn Way.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Mrs. DeRose Crossett, Kittanning.
D. L. Duff, Ford City.
David H. Henry, Applewold.
Miss Mary Jane Shaffer, Ford City.
Miss J. Elizabeth Stennett, Kittanning.
Elzie M. White, Boggs Twp., Templeton.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Edith P. Clark, Beaver Falls.
James V. Iorfido, Ambridge.
Eugene N. Moore, Aliquippa.
Cameron M. Patterson, Beaver Falls.
S. Keith Riddle, West Mayfield.
Albert E. Stammelbach, Beaver.
Benjamin F. Summers, Daugherty Twp., New Brighton.
Emil C. Zuberbuhler, Beaver Falls.

BEDFORD COUNTY

John A. Minnich, Bedford.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Frances S. Andes, Reading.
N. H. Blankenbiller, West Reading.
Miss Elsie M. Blood, Birdsboro.
R. Brandt Ebersole, West Reading.
C. E. Fisher, Robesonia.
Miss Helen G. Franks, Hamburg.
H. Edward Froding, Reading.
Paul H. Gerhart, Boyertown.
Miss Dorothy M. Haas, Reading.
Miss Marguerite L. Hasson, Reading.
Mrs. Catherine A. Heckert, Reading.
Miss Elsie B. Heins, Bally.
Clarence W. Hess, Wyomissing.
Miss Ruth L. Jones, Reading.
Miss Dorrace Lebo, Reading.
Elwood A. Leininger, Reading.
John E. Martin, Reading.
Jack C. Murphy, Wyomissing Hills.
Roland S. Rhode, Kutztown.
Frank O. Seigh, Reading.
Mrs. Kathryn M. Seyler, Muhlenberg Twp., Reading.
Jay J. Shankweiler, Kutztown.
Carl M. Sisk, Jr., Reading.
Mrs. Mary A. Stitzer, Sinking Spring.
Mrs. Mary K. Wanner, Reading.
Peter Yatron, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Naomi L. Brown, Altoona.
Mrs. Dorothy C. Burlingame, Altoona.
Mrs. Jane F. Crum, Altoona.
Miss Leila P. Fisher, Altoona.
Mrs. Rose C. Fisher, Altoona.
Mrs. Bertha K. Hennessy, Altoona.
Miss Edna I. Hoover, Altoona.
John R. Martin, Altoona.
Miss Jessie P. McGraw, Altoona.
Miss Margaret J. Mitchell, Altoona.
Miss Ruth M. Walter, Altoona.
Louis S. Walton, Jr., Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

LeRoy M. Cook, Athens.
Robert C. Fraley, Athens.
William N. Garrison, Sayre.
Howard Karschner, Wyalusing.

BUCKS COUNTY

W. H. Alexander, Bristol.
Howard B. Freed, Quakertown.
Nero S. Fretz, Bedminster Twp., Bedminster.
Howard W. Good, Tinicum Twp., Ottsville.
Harry H. Gough, Bristol Twp., Bristol.
Arthur F. Peters, Quakertown.
Wm. G. Smith, Buckingham Twp., Doylestown.
C. Harold Terry, Perkasie.

BUTLER COUNTY

James H. Collins, Winfield Twp., Marwood.
Lewis F. Eury, Butler.
Mrs. Sarah I. Graham, Mars.
Miss Dorothy V. Heim, Butler.
Robert I. Keck, Butler.
Mrs. Marie Poole, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss E. W. Allen, Johnstown.
John F. Barnyak, Johnstown.
Miss Edythe M. Brubaker, Johnstown.
Mrs. Leeanna E. Davis, Ebensburg.
Miss Martha C. Davis, Ebensburg.
J. Harry Gibb, Ebensburg.
Miss Bertha G. Gyuris, Johnstown.
Miss Alice M. Loraditch, Cresson Twp., Cresson.
Cletus V. May, Richland Twp., Johnstown.
Miss Helen Michlo, Johnstown.
Miss Marian Nicholson, Johnstown.
A. F. Niessner, Johnstown.
Claude W. Nitch, Johnstown.
Mrs. Loretta W. Rauh, Johnstown.
R. M. Raymond, Johnstown.
Mrs. Melvin L. Rodkey, Johnstown.
Emil C. Schwing, Johnstown.
Richard H. Steele, Jr., Barnesboro.
Edgar J. Wendle, Jr., Ferndale.

CAMERON COUNTY

Geo. F. Gallaher, Emporium.

CARBON COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred Brazzo, Beaver Meadows.
James E. Dunbar, Lansford.
Mrs. Mary R. Engler, East Mauch Chunk.
John S. Lesko, Lansford.
Mrs. Arline Macready, Mauck Chunk.
Vincent D. McFadden, Mauck Chunk.
Miss Helen E. Morris, Beaver Meadows.
Wilbur W. Person, Lehighton.
Mrs. Ellen Webb, Palmerton.

CHESTER COUNTY

P. S. Darlington, Jr., West Chester.
David M. Frees, Phoenixville.
Mrs. M. K. Holland, Coatesville.
Mrs. Pearl E. Hrivnak, Phoenixville.
Thomas P. Jones, West Chester.
Mrs. M. E. Ludwick, Phoenixville.
Wayne K. Price, Oxford.
E. William Pyle, Easttown Twp., Berwyn.
Merrill Rhoads, Phoenixville.

CLARION COUNTY

Myron T. Gilmore, New Bethlehem.
Miss Ruth H. Sloan, Clarion.
Robert R. Whitmer, Clarion.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

William J. Bonsall, Curwensville.
Miss Winifred C. Caldwell, Clearfield.
Miss Josephine M. Cherry, DuBois.
Miss M. Augusta Craft, Clearfield.
Mrs. M. B. Gingher, Clearfield.
J. W. Laing, Coalport.
Regis J. Maloney, DuBois.
O. A. McGarvey, Irvona.
Mrs. Sarah A. Moore, DuBois.
Joseph J. Prontock, DuBois.
Mrs. Helen C. Shank, Coalport.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Miss Marian E. Hughes, Scott Twp., Espy.
William H. Nast, Berwick.
Fred B. Vought, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

John H. Bozic, Meadville.
F. Harvey Chase, Woodcock Twp., Meadville.
Mrs. Bettymae M. Dudenhaver, Meadville.
Kenneth W. Holder, Meadville.
Miss Evelyn McDonald, Titusville.
Herbert E. Varnum, Titusville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Lida B. Adams, Carlisle.
Ernest B. Garman, Lemoyne.
Miss Grace I. Hershey, East Pennsboro Twp., Lemoyne.
J. Richard Myers, Lemoyne.
Louis D. Robinson, East Pennsboro Twp., Enola.
Leon K. Wagner, Newville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Pauline M. Adams, Gratz.
Robert O. Carpenter, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Phyllis J. Daniels, Gratz.
Miss Lillian B. Gallagher, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Edna M. Harman, Harrisburg.
H. Sherrick Hess, Steelton.
Miss Emily D. Lenker, Harrisburg.
Miss Ellen T. Madden, Harrisburg.
Miss Catherine L. Shaffner, Harrisburg.
James M. Sheibley, Lykens.
Robert I. Shreffler, Harrisburg.
J. R. Stauffer, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Margaret S. Tress, Harrisburg.
Edw. A. Wallower, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

J. H. Walter Bayless, Darby Twp., Sharon Hill.
W. Mark Bittle, Swarthmore.
Merrill L. Blackburn, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Benjamin Blank, Chester.
Elmer H. Booz, Collingdale.
Mrs. Louise C. Bremerman, Media.
Rowland R. Bruce, Media.
Joseph R. Bunce, Chester.
Bernard M. Burke, Aston Twp., Lenni Mills.
W. M. Campbell, Media.
Clayton Craig, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Miss Margaret E. Crawford, Radnor Twp., Wayne.
Miss Margaret M. Culbert, Chester.
R. C. Dalton, Chester.
James M. Dunn, Chester.
Mrs. Eleanor G. Heffron, Chester.
Mrs. Alice M. Hiddleson, Media.
Karl W. Johnson, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
William G. Knox, Collingdale.
Henry A. Kresse, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Mrs. Margaret E. Mayfair, Chester.
Robert W. McHenry, Clifton Heights.
Horace Morrell, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
E. A. O'Connor, Chester.
Russell H. Oursler, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Mrs. H. G. Robinson, Chester.
George J. Schofield, Jr., Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Edward T. Sieber, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Geo. B. Steele, Clifton Heights.
Mrs. Catherine M. Toppitzer, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.
Arthur G. Wagner, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Allen Samuel Weiner, Lansdowne.
Robert C. Young, Haverford Twp., Ardmore.

ELK COUNTY

Daniel T. Brahaney, Johnsonburg.
Ernest W. Cuthbert, Ridgway.
John B. Keats, Johnsonburg.
Miss Theckla Steinhauser, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Louise Aistrup, Erie.
Mrs. Thelma M. Beach, Union City.
Ivan G. Bennink, Corry.
Miss Dorothy Brabender, Erie.
James P. Bryan, Erie.
Thomas R. Bryan, Erie.
Mrs. Kathryn M. Collins, Erie.
Miss Agnes N. Davidson, Erie.
Miss Gertrude M. Dixon, Erie.
David S. Gifford, Erie.
Mrs. Anne Giolitto, Erie.
Wendell R. Good, Erie.
Robert F. Goring, Erie.
Wm. J. Graham, North East.
M. J. Grimaldi, Erie.
Mrs. Helen Grode, Erie.
Miss Gretrude M. Haas, Erie.
Harry W. Hagmann, Erie.
Mrs. Nellie Hall, Erie.
Mrs. Dorothy V. Heisler, Erie.
Mrs. Mary M. Jones, Erie.
Charles A. Mertens, Erie.
Miss Marie C. Meyer, Erie.
M. L. Page, Erie.
Mrs. Miriam R. Patton, Erie.
Mrs. Alice C. Peerboom, Erie.
Terence Reagan, Jr., Erie.
Gerald S. Salsbury, Millcreek Twp., Erie.
Mervyn M. Schade, Erie.
Edward Schmelzer, Erie.

Edwin J. Schulte, Erie.
Royal D. Shepard, Erie.
Lee Wrexford Smith, Erie.
Miss Rose M. Stadler, Erie.
Mrs. Rose T. Stranahan, Erie.
Merle F. Wadlinger, Erie.
Mrs. Margaret G. Weislogel, Fairview.
Mrs. Katherine M. Williams, Union City.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Susan K. Demsko, Uniontown.
Joseph E. Gandolfi, Georges Twp., Fairchance.
Mrs. Blanche Gregg, Uniontown
William G. Joseph, Masontown.
Miss Ethel E. Stewart, Point Marion.
Irwin Volkin, Redstone Twp., Republic.
J. W. Winning, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

John E. Barton, Washington Twp., Blue Ridge Sumit.
J. Edw. Cordell, Jr., Waynesboro.
Earl G. Mentzer, Waynesboro.

GREENE COUNTY

George H. Burnette, Carmichaels.
Mrs. Louise W. Morris, Waynesburg.
Mrs. Elizabeth L. Stephenson, Waynesburg.

INDIANA COUNTY

Mrs. Jane D. Baker, Blairsville.
Raymond Cassel, Indiana.
Thomas E. Chapman, Indiana.
G. E. Fassett, Homer City.
Mrs. Estella M. Halley, Blairsville.
Mrs. Alta Hill, Indiana.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Mrs. E. E. Brady, Reynoldsville.
Mrs. Myrtle C. Davis, Brookville.
Mrs. Amelia D. Dereume, Punxsutawney.
Miss Vera J. Kerr, Punxsutawney.
Theodore T. Penhall, Reynoldsville.
Paul B. Shannon, Rose Twp., Brookville.
Miss H. Maude Sweeney, Punxsutawney.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Salvatore C. Cali, Dunmore.
Sebastian U. Colbassani, Old Forge.
Robert G. Coglizer, Scranton.
Miss Evelyn M. Lenceski, Scranton.
Fred W. Lewis, Carbondale.
Clemens E. Metz, Scranton.
Franklin Price, Moosic.
Fred A. Olver, Carbondale.
Miss Helen J. Rees, Scranton.
Philip Scotch, Carbondale.
Mrs. Esther F. Sicherman, Scranton.
Robert J. Skaluba, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Harry O. Althouse, East Cocalico Twp., Denver.
Mrs. Helen P. Arey, Lancaster.
John M. Bair, Lancaster.
Mrs. Rachel Keene Bair, Lancaster.
Mrs. Catherine A. Baltasser, Lancaster.
Jay S. Barnhart, Mount Joy.
J. Mark W. Basehore, Elizabethtown.
Mrs. Mary G. Cooper, Lancaster.
Rufus W. Douple, Denver.
Herbert Gansman, Lancaster.
Miss Jane E. Garnet, Lancaster.
Mrs. Edith G. Getz, Upper Leacock Twp., Leola.
Mrs. Margaret J. H. Hassel, Strasburg.
Charles C. Hicks, East Donegal Twp., Maytown.
Miss Arline F. Hoffman, Lancaster.
Maurice A. Hoshauer, Brecknock Twp., Bowmansville.
Ira S. Huber, Millersville.
Samuel R. Jones, Elizabethtown.
Cecil C. Keefe, Lancaster.
John S. Kline, Columbia.
Mrs. Lillian Hess Kurtz, Lancaster.
S. Forest Lambert, Manheim Twp., Lancaster.
Mrs. Lorena W. Mease, Lancaster.
Hubert Miller, Lancaster.
William M. Musser, Jr., Lancaster.
Raymond W. Newcomer, Columbia.
J. Paul Ranck, Lancaster.
William C. Rehm, Lancaster.
William J. Reitzel, Lancaster.
Jacob H. Ruhl, Manheim.
Paul N. Sauder, New Holland.
Raymond E. Sheckard, Columbia.
Lambert J. Sullenberger, Lancaster.
Miss Florence Trone, Lancaster.
Arthur Walters, Lancaster.
C. S. Winters, Terre Hill.
Miss Miriam E. Wisner, Lancaster.
Mrs. Mabel S. Yeager, Ephrata.
A. B. Zarker, Manheim Twp., Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mont L. Ailey, New Castle.
John J. Alexander, New Castle.
George N. Book, New Castle.
Mrs. Ina M. Cooper, New Castle.
Miss Cordelia A. Edgington, New Castle.
Miss Sallee M. Hazen, Elwood City.
Gilbert D. Levine, New Castle.
Mrs. Sara J. Long, New Castle.
R. P. Rhodes, New Castle.
Miss Georgina E. Ryan, New Castle.
Miss Elizabeth Ungar, New Castle.
James B. Welker, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Jerome M. Armille, Lebanon.
Miss C. Elizabeth Atkins, Lebanon.
Mrs. Eleanor L. Basselgia, Lebanon.
George E. Brown, Lebanon.
Mrs. Mae M. Holler, Lebanon.
Frank D. Horst, Palmyra.
Mrs. Mae R. Koehler, Lebanon.
Miss Cora G. McKinney, Lebanon.
Mrs. Ferne K. Shucker, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Jennie D. Casazza, Allentown.
Miss Lola E. Crist, Allentown.
Mrs. Hilda M. Diehl, Allentown.
L. Lee Fornaciari, Allentown.
Miss Josephine S. Hess, Allentown.
Mrs. Frances L. Hobbs, Allentown.
Miss Charlotte M. Keefer, Allentown.
John L. Krajsa, Allentown.
Iron A. Long, Whitehall Twp., Fullerton.
Miss Verna M. Marcks, Emmaus.
Edwin Mozes, Allentown.
Martin A. Reinsmith, Allentown.
Ralph S. Ritter, Allentown.
Harvey W. Snyder, North Whitehall Twp., Laurys Station.
Willoughby W. Stephens, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Janet R. Andreas, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Louise Anselmi, Wyoming.
Miss Esther Bennett, Kingston.
Miss Claire M. Blewitt, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Lottie J. Briggs, Wilkes-Barre.
George T. Check, Wilkes-Barre.
Wm. J. Chesna, Hanover Twp., Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Dwilla Davis, Hazleton.
E. M. Hill, Wilkes-Barre.

Maurice M. Johnson, Avoca.
Robert F. Jones, Hazleton.
Miss Pearl Kaufman, Wilkes-Barre.
Calvin H. Knyrim, Jr., Hazleton.
Nathaniel Landau, Wilkes-Barre.
Allan F. Mensinger, Hazleton.
Ellsworth W. Miller, Hazleton.
James Mogavero, Pittston.
Miss Mary C. Morrow, Pittston.
J. W. Nelms, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Regina D. Notch, Forty Fort.
John Petro, Wilkes-Barre.
Carl B. Potoski, Plymouth.
Charles A. Rhenard, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Grace P. Richardson, Dallas.
Casimir A. Sieminski, Swoyerville.
Miss A. Louise Smith, Kingston

LYCOMING COUNTY

J. Robert Brelsford, Montoursville.
John C. Decker, Williamport.
Miss Marjorie I. Fuller, Williamsport.
LeRoy E. Heller, Williamsport.
Miss Emeline Henderson, Williamsport.
Miss Tillie M. Reidy, Williamsport.
Ira W. Schleh, Williamsport.
Miss Nellie M. Sellinger, Williamsport.
Clyde L. Shipman, Jr., Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Peter Avenali, Wetmore Twp., Kane.
Miss Frances E. Barry, Bradford.
Lawrence R. Garris, Mount Jewett.
N. T. Henretty, Bradford.
Miss Victoria Kopp, Bradford.
William C. Leary, Bradford.
T. L. McDowell, Bradford.
Miss Alice C. Murphy, Eldred.
Miss Helen Nelson, Bradford.
Mrs. Hazel H Thomas, Smethport.
James D. Wolfe, Bradford.
Clarence R. Yale, Jr., Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Mrs. Frances R. Berger, Farrell.
Chester B. Dicks, Sharon.
Robert M. Gilkey, Greenville.
Miss N. Myra Klinginsmith, Greenville.
Miss Alverda E. Milner, Grove City.
Paul J. Mosher, Hempfield Twp., Greenville.
Miss Evelyn P. Neighbour, Greenville.
David W. Patterson, Mercer.
Mrs. Alice L. Rickard, Grove City.
Julius G. Sipotz, Sharon.
Edward Wein, Sharon.
Miss Frances J. Wirbanic, Farrell.

MONROE COUNTY

Elmer J. Daniels, Barrett Twp., Buck Hill Falls.
Arthur F. Green, East Stroudsburg.
Fred P. Quig, Stroudsburg.
Kenneth E. Reynolds, Stroudsburg.
Miss Alice M. Yetter, East Stroudsburg.
Myron J. Zateeny, Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Jean C. Allen, Norristown.
S. Thomas Bulfamonte, Norristown.
Guy S. Claire, Souderton.
Frederick W. Cocker, Ambler.
William J. Collins, Norristown.
Charles I. Cronin, Jr., Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
W. R. Donachy, Lower Merion Twp., Wynnewood.
Miss Kathleen A. Eckert, Norristown.
Paul V. Fly, Bridgeport.
Miss Martha E. Foyle, Hatboro.
Miss Mildred R. Gifford, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Robert T. Gowland, Narberth.
Eugene V. Hartley, Lansdale.
Miss Marion B. Harvey, Norristown.
Joseph P. Hoopes, Norristown.
Mrs. Elsie G. Hower, Upper Moreland Twp., Willow Grove.
Luther C. Klosterman, Upper Dublin Twp., Fort Washington.
John C. Knapp, Jenkintown.
Vernon S. Landis, Lansdale.
Adam F. Mackiewicz, Plymouth Twp., Conshohocken.
Melvin C. Meeser, Norristown.
Elmer L. Menges, Ambler.
Henry Stuckert Miller, Jenkintown.
Edward E. Mullin, Lansdale.
Andrew J. Myers, Jr., Cheltenham Twp., Cheltenham.
William E. Reading, Hatboro.
Stansell Richards, Ambler.
John Rorer, North Wales.
Horace H. Smith, Pennsburg
George D. Sprankle, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Miss Muriel B. Stong, Norristown.
Earl R. Strange, Pottstown.
Mrs Elsie Boorse Thomas, Lansdale.
Lloyd F. Wagner, Pottstown.
Mrs. Grace N. Walcoby, Norristown.
James White, Upper Moreland Twp., Willow Grove.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Edna V. Dean, Bethlehem.
Mrs. Wilma M. Dolen, Bethlehem.
Mrs. B. Mae McCafferty, Bethlehem.
Lloyd T. Metzger, Easton.
Mrs. Mildred S. Reinhard, Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. H. Frances Barnhart, Sunbury.
Mrs. Carrie M. Belsky, Samokin.
Dawson F. Bloom, Sunbury.
William H. Bowman, Coal Twp., Shamokin.
Mrs. Anna H. Coup, Milton.
Miss Mary C. Garrett, Sunbury.
Miss Elsie C. Housner, Milton.
William L. Kline, Shamokin.
Mrs. Mildred V. Menapace, Mount Carmel.
Mrs. Alda L. Reimert, Mount Carmel.
Joseph G. Zecoski, Mount Carmel.

PERRY COUNTY

Galand E. Hench, Tyrone Twp., Loysville.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Ethel F. Allen, 123 S. Broad St.
Salvatore Amoroso, 1804 S. 22nd St.
Carl A. Anderson, 2101 Packard Bldg.
Miss Elizabeth Anthony, 5149 Charles St.
Miss H. Olga Archer, 5900 N. Broad St.
Philip Arminio, 3854 N. 5th St.
Israel Axe, 2902 Frankford Ave.
Frank A. Bacher, 8330 Germantown Ave.
Mrs. Sadie V. Backhausen, 6927 Dicks Ave.
Alfredo Baggiani, 1613 S 12th St.
Thomas R. Bailey, 1505 Race St.
Albert Bamash, 5225 Baltimore Ave.
Miss Violetta Bancroft, 460 W. Lehigh Ave.
Bernard J. Barnett, 1833 N. 54th St.
Howard I. Barth, 12 S. 12th St.
Mrs. Elizabeth Bassman, 2026 S. Fourth St.
Mrs. Libby Baumholtz, 527 S. 7th St.
E. Harold Beebee, 1703 W. Tioga St.
George F. Bencker, 5705 Walnut St.
William S. Bender, 9351 Bustleton Ave.
Richard F. Bennett, 5824 N. Broad St.
Arthur L. Berns, 1935 N. 31st St.
Miss Elizabeth C. Berrang, 3400 Spruce St.
Louis Biederman, 873 N. Lawrence St.

Mrs. Dorothy S. Blau, Room 708, 1422 Chestnut St.
Mrs. D. Ellen Blees, 514 Strahle St.
Ralph C. Blumberg, 435 E. Wyoming Ave.
Samuel M. Blumberg, 2815 Wharton St.
Frank J. Bogle, 220 S. 16th St.
Miss Lavalette M. Boles, 115 Chestnut St.
Emil J. Bosch, 2327—78th Ave., N.
William J. Boyle, 436 Walnut St., Independence Bldg.
Mrs. Irene A. Brown, 773 N. 43rd St.
Mrs. Sarah Brown, 2053 Germantown Ave.
Dominic Bucci, 2214 S. Rosewood St.
Morris Burton, 100—1616 Walnut St.
Mrs. Eva S. Cleary, 3441 N. Marshall St.
Leonard A. Cobrin, 1833 N. 54th St.
Morris Cooper, 5874 Woodcrest Ave.
Miss Isabelle Y. Coxhead, 1520 Locust St.
Miss E. M. Crawford, 1417 Lenox Ave.
Anthony Creato, 2136 S. 16th St.
Joseph J. Curreri, 2110 Jackson St.
Mrs. Alma M. Dailey, 1416 S. Penn Sq.
Miss Doris A. Dalske, 1312 E. Duval St.
Mrs. Ruth B. Danagher, 5160 Akron St.
Michael Darmopray, 809 N. Franklin St.
David Davidson, 1324 Fanshaw St.
Andrew M. Davis, 231-35 N. 16th St.
George W. Deal, 7332 Torresdale Ave.
William J. Degnan, 4137 Frankford Ave.
James T. Delany, 1720 N. 24th St.
Felice De Rita, 2048 S. 21st St.
Andrew Di Gregorio, 2301 W. Clearfield St.
Mrs. Anna Dougherty, 4008 Kensington Ave.
Miss Mary T. Dougherty, 4936 Greene St.
Benjamin C. Draper, 4808 Market St.
N. George Drasin, 6373 Germantown Ave.
James A. Drennen, Jr., 5231 Ridge Ave.
George B. Eberly, 5125 Walnut St.
Hymen Ecksel, N. E. Cor. Wyoming Ave. & Warnock St.
George F. S. Elder, 1531 Walnut St.
Martin M. Elfant, 6727 N. Broad St.
Fred C. Entwisle, Simonds Abrasive Co., Tacony & Fraley Sts.
William E. Everson, 1302 Pennsylvania Bldg.
J. Jeffries Eyster, 1000 Walnut St. (7).
George E. Farley, 4312 Higbee Street (24).
Miss Hilda Ferris, 2430 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
Morris Fisher, 5739 Woodland Ave.
Vincent E. Fumo, 1818 S. 13th St.
James J. Gallagher, 5239 Chestnut St.
Miss Mary R. Gallagher, 300 E. Allegheny Ave.
Mrs. Eleanore U. Gash, 4155 Frankford Ave.
Richard F. B. Gimmi, Sr., 7018 Ardleigh St.
R. Goodman, 1415 N. Broad St.
Walter T. Gordon, 4717 N. Broad St.
Timothy M. Gottschalk, 1007 Arch St.
Joseph E. Graber, 6221 Rising Sun Ave.
Irving W. Graff, 2000 Medary Ave.
Miss Ruth V. Greenbarg, 884 N. 6th St.
Miss Caroline M. Grotz, 3320 Walnut St.
Adam A. Guariglia, 1330 Moore St.
Benjamin Haas, 4909 N. Broad St.
Chas. J. Hassett, 440 Fairmount Ave.
Russell H. Hartzell, 2163 74th Ave.
Mrs. Arneda Jackson Hazell, 1631 W. Diamond St.
Jacob L. Heilman, Margaret & Bermuda Sts.
Ralph E. Hendee, Rm. 2842, 123 S. Broad St.
H. Charles Hendrickson, 2000 E. Orleans St.
Mrs. Anne C. Herskowitz, Suite 714, 1420 Walnut St.
Walter J. Hessdoerfer, 5921 N. 5th St.
Mrs. Esther E. Hub, Cor. Kensington & Allegheny Aves.
Miss Helen A. Hufnagel, 340 N. 12th St.
E. H. Hull, 4137 Frankford Ave.
Nathan T. Humphrey, 600 S. Washington Square.
Harker C. Idell, 220 S. 16th St.
John E. Johansen, 530 Walnut St.
Abram Johnson, 1312 W. Columbia Ave.
Mrs. Josephine F. Jones, 6225 Tacony St.
Benjamin Katuran, 2642 S. Fairhill St.
Abram H. Katz, 756 S. 22d St.
Mrs. Frances N. Kellogg, 1332 Bankers Securities Bldg.
Miss Elizabeth B. Kelly, 1224 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
A. R. Keppler, 904 Asbury Terrace.
Mrs. Anna May Kerns, SW Cor. 7th & Luzerne Sts.
Wm. K. Kimbel, 1664 Orthodox St.
Charles E. Kley, 5625 Tacony St.
Miss Amelia Koff, Rm. 808, 121 S. Broad St.
Arnold E. Kratzok, 5214 Diamond St.
Daniel Kravitz, 953 N. 5th St.
Miss Anna M. Krebs, 12 S. 12th St.
Frank H. Kreuter, 240 W. Susquehanna Ave.
Miss Katharine C. Kryder, 1404 Girard Trust Bldg.
Mrs. Helen C. Kuech, 861 Granite St.
John A. Lafferty, 664 E. Allegheny Ave.
Charles E. Lambdin, Rm. 1421, 121 S. Broad St. Bldg.
Miss Leona Latimer, 1600 Arch St., Rm. 601.
Charles Lazaroff, 6134 Market St.
Paul A. Leis, 7470 Sommers Road.
Thomas B. Lewars, 6th Floor, 1528 Walnut St. Bldg.
Miss Elizabeth Liggett, Rm. 2022, 1528 Walnut St.
B. F. Lieber, 2223 E. Allegheny Ave.
Anthony R. Liscio, 1610 S. Broad St.
Richard M. Litman, 4828 Baltimore Ave.
J. D. Lodge, 545 Marwood Rd.
Anthony S. Lorenzo, 6411 Chew St.
Arthur T. Lou, 933 Race St.
Edward Ludwig, 2300 S. 8th St.
Miss Dorothy Lysinger, Kensington & Allegheny Aves.
Edward W. Macdonald, 2703 Orthodox St.
Mrs. Madeleine R. MacHugh, 5231 Ridge Ave.
Miss Agnes R. Magee, 225 W. Rittenhouse St.
Miss Margaret M. Malloy, 3259 Wellington St.
Miss Violet V. Maloy, 420 Public Ledger Bldg.
Roscoe F. Mann, NW Cor. Kensington & Allegheny Ave.
William M. Marcino, 6622 Woodland Ave.
M. Michael Marian, 401 Fairmount Ave.
Bernard J. Markowitz, 326 Weightman Bldg.
Joseph V. Martinelli, 6415 Girard Ave.
Joseph A. May, Jr., 732 E. Chelten Ave.
Wm. McCracken, Ninth Bank & Trust Co.
W. K. McCullough, 236 E. Courtland St.
Francis E. McGill, 6064 Ridge Ave.
Miss Florence B. McIntyre, 1425 Walnut St.
Edwin H. Melhorn, 1632 Chestnut St., 3d Floor
Miss Louise K. Merk, 2032 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
August H. Miehle, 2018 Sansom St.
Miss Clara Miller, 2518 Lewis Tower Bldg.
Robert Mkitarian, 5941 Chestnut St.
John C. Moore, 1700 W. Diamond St.
Joseph B. Moore, 400 N. Broad St.
G. A. Moscony, 6725 Elmwood Ave.
Wm. Vernon Mowbray, 1116 S. 54th St.
William B. Nixon, 1400 Unruh St.
Donald J. O'Grady, 1444 Creston St.
H. Ronald Paige, 2101 Packard Bldg.
Gus Paravicini, 33 N. 11th St.
Raymond Parker, 2263 Germantown Ave.
W. T. Perks, Jr., 315 Chestnut St.
Stanley R. Polanski, 4515 Woodland Ave.
John Wm. Pomilio, 1625 S. 22d St.
Aloysius V. Rafferty, 5009 Oxford Ave.
Harry W. Reed, Terminal Hotel, 2 N. 12th St.
Miss Helen E. Richman, 64th & Malvern Ave.
Ray. Richman, Castor & Devereaux Aves.
Miss Martha L. Rininsland, The Pennsylvania Co. Trust Dept.
Mrs. Ann Rittenhouse, Suite 302, 1518 Walnut St.
G. A. Ritzinger, 751 Drexel Bldg.
Mrs. Ruth A. Nottage Ross, 2213 W. Berks St.
Samuel L. Sack, I.B.M. Bldg., 226 S. 15th St.
John M. Salerno, 8516 Eastwick Ave.
Rocco N. Santoro, 500 Lincoln Liberty Bldg.
Mrs. Jeanne C. Scheeler, Pa. Co. Bank Bldg.
Alfred O. Schumacher, 4706 N. 5th St.
Benjamin Schuman, U. S. Courthouse.
Miss Miriam Schweiger, 923 Filbert St.
Miss Katherine H Schwing, 1541 Sansom St.
Albert M. Segel, 2730 W. Girard Ave.

Otto R. Senese, 2609 E. Somerset St.
Philip J. Shire Jr., 5601 Chestnut St.
Charles A. Smith, 405 W. Norris St.
Mrs. Helen B. Smith, 10 E. School Lane.
James F. Smith Jr., 3521 Hartel Ave.
E. Soloner, 439 N. 52nd St.
W. Rowland Stinson, 237 N. 52nd St.
Mrs. Lenore Strange, 2112 N. 19th St.
Mrs. Cecilia C. Stumpf, Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
J. Stewart Sullivan, 49th & Grays Ave.
Herman L. Sundheim, 18 W. Chelten Ave.-Rm. 1205.
Mrs. Loera B. Thompson, 841 N. Preston St.
Phillip J. Traficante, 1826 S. 20th St.
John P. Trevaskis, 1528 Walnut St.
Miss Clara Trifield, 912 Morris Bldg.
Mrs. Katherine Tyson, 4015 Clarissa St.
Miss Josephine M. Vallei, 1312 Widener Bldg.
Miss Catherine R. Vallely, 4601 Chestnut St.
Virgil Varallo, 40 DeLong Bldg.
Salvatore Villani, 726 Public Ledger Bldg.
Robert M. Waddington, 7102 Frankford Ave.
William H. Warner, 306 S. Camac St.
Joseph A. Weber, 1037 N. Delaware Ave.
Charles C. Wecht, 435 W. Girard Ave.
Miss Eleanore M. Weibel, 1835 Arch St.
Miss Sarah I. Weinstein, 604 Spring Garden St.
Gardner E. Whaley, 5824 W. Girard Ave.
Miss Mary A. White, 4430 Lancaster Ave.
August H. Wiesmann, Security Bank Bldg.
John V. Williams, 1505 Race St.
Burton Wishneff, 6620 Castor Ave.
Joseph I. Worthington, 3904 Germantown Ave.
Vernon Worthington, Bustleton Ave.
Henry J. Wyszynski, 4706 Torresdale Ave.
Samuel Yaffe, 5716 Pine St.
John B. Young, Jr., 4933 N. Broad St.
Miss S. Agnes Zimmerman, 2314 Market St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Julia Bavolack, McAdoo.
Miss Reta D. Bossler, Pottsville.
Miss Mildred N. Bubeck, Schuylkill Haven.
Joel L. Felsburg, Frackville.
Miss Clementine E. Guttschall, Pottsville.
Miss Margaret E. Jenkins, Minersville.
Mrs. Emily I. Lentz, Pottsville.
Michael M. Minor, Kline Twp., Kelayres.
Mrs. Dora Sherman, Tamaqua.
George E. Slanker, Gordon.
Mrs. Bessie E. Stoyer, Tremont.
Charles H. Stramara, North Manheim Twp., Schuylkill Haven.
Mrs. Ruth E. Stramara, North Manheim Twp., Schuylkill Haven.
Mrs. Mary M. Tabor, Ashland.

SNYDER COUNTY

Palmer E. Dinius, Middleburg.
Clyde E. Heiser, Middleburg.
John J. Strocko, Middleburg.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy E. Burkey, Windber.
Raymond E. Rose, Somerset.
Richard R. Walker, Somerset.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Wm. L. Evans, Montrose.
Gerritt E. Gardner, Montrose.

TIOGA COUNTY

Robert C. Satterly, Wellsboro.

UNION COUNTY

Miss Edith Erdley, Lewisburg.
Miss Grace E. Mack, Hartley Twp., Laurelton.
Mrs. Ruth H. Wolfe, Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Mildred B. Greene, Oil City.
Arthur M. Kaufman, Oil City.
Miss Mary C. Palmer, Polk.
Walter S. Pearson, Oil City.
Miss Sophia J. Pilewski, Oil City.
T. H. Welch, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

C. Paul Arnold, Warren.
Mrs. Katharine T. Bell, Warren.
Gilbert Nelson, Clarendon.
Christian L. Rader, Sheffield Twp., Sheffield.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Rose Ambrose, East Bethlehem Twp., Fredericktown.
Miss Iva Jeanne Buglak, California.
Miss Hazel Jane Campbell, Washington.
F. W. Dierker, Canonsburg.
Joseph B. Dixon, Washington.
Kurtz L. Houser, Jr., Washington.
Miss Victoria Kaufman, Charleroi.
Miss Ruth Keegan, Washington.
Clement J. McLaughlin, Finleyville.
Miss Mae S. McMillen, Canonsburg.
Miss Angeline Mendola, Donora.
C. F. Ward, East Bethlehem Twp., Fredericktown.
Miss Annie H. Whittaker, Monongahela.

WAYNE COUNTY

Miss Alma M. Tuthill, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Raymond C. Ashbaugh, Greensburg.
Miss Rose E. Berkmyre, Latrobe.
Mrs. Janice Britten, Vandergrift.
Theodore Cappone, Arnold.
Mrs. Jean C. Carroll, Ligonier.
Miss Lucy DiFrank, Trafford.
Miss Sarah B. Fogg, Greensburg.
Ben Glenn, New Kensington.
Mrs. Alice H. Hart, Jeannette.
Mrs. Hazel D. Hillsman, Monessen.
Alex. E. Hoover, Ligonier.
Mrs. Helen W. Hoover, Ligonier.
Howard L. King, Scottdale.
Mrs. Stella J. Little, New Kensington.
Miss F. Elizabeth McAteer, Latrobe.
William R. McNamara, Greensburg.
Miss Josephine Null, Greensburg.
Maurice Sakulsky, New Kensington.
Mrs. Hazel F. Schade, Irwin.
Mrs. Gladys O. Shively, Greensburg.
Alvin C. Shukis, New Kensington.

YORK COUNTY

J. T. Baker, Hanover.
Mrs. Vivian M. Channell, York.
Miss Elizabeth Constantine, York.
Mrs. Sarah Shorb Hoopes, York.
Miss Miriam E. Huntsman, York.
Mrs. Margaret M. Kohler, York.
Paul E. Thompson, York.
Mrs. Irene Wallace, Hopewell Twp., Stewartstown.
Miss Mary M. Wolfe, York.

To compute from January 9, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth Hayes, Pittsburgh, West Penn Hospital.
Martin F. Snyder, McKees Rocks.

CHESTER COUNTY

Geo. B. Bunn, West Chester.
Raymond B. Heald, West Chester.
Miss Sarah M. Pyott, Easttown Twp., Berwyn.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Mrs. Hilda H. Roadarmel, Bloomsburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Martha E. Kinder, Prospect Park.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

David W. Phillips, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss August M. Little, Lancaster.
Mrs. Alice J. Martin, Manheim.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Grace D. Smith, West Pittston.

MONROE COUNTY

George Garrison Shafer, Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Clement F. Kneezel, Lower Moreland Twp., Bethayres.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

James E. Missmer, North Catasauqua.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John G. N. Henderson, 1944-52 N. Front St.
Mrs. Frances Michaelson, 111 W. Girard Ave.
Philip F. Panzer, 1953 S. 23rd St.
Albert Romm, 723 Walnut St.
Mrs. Sophia Waldman, 1528 Walnut St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Haldor E. Saylor, Somerset.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mary S. Harmon, Vandergrift.
W. P. Kohler, Greensburg.
Charles E. Page, Smithton.

To compute from January 18, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Gerald E. Born, Mt. Oliver.
Miss Gertrude Ohl, Pittsburgh, 1124 Pemberton St.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Mabel T. Frederick, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Stella M. Coll, Altoona.
Cal G. Griffith, Jr., Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

George R. Shelly, Doylestown.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Natalie E. Bittles, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Bernard E. Stansfield, Mechanicsburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

H. Gallagher, Chester.

LANCASTER COUNTY

R. F. McMurtrie, Lancaster.

McKEAN COUNTY

T. C. Morrison, Bradford.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

John P. Kulick, Bridgeport.
Wm. F. K. Ruth, Towamencin Twp., Kulpsville.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

H. O. Moser, Mount Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George M. Bree, 3041 W. Berks St.
Miss Mary E. Clayton, 1510 Chestnut St.
Theodore Hug, 230 S. 7th St.
A. Ruthwell Meehan, 6747 Germantown Ave.
Maurice Sullivan, 4515 N. 5th St.

POTTER COUNTY

Mrs. Myrtle H. Vosburg, Coudersport.

VENANGO COUNTY

B. H. McMullen, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Lucy M. Jackson, Brokenstraw Twp., Irvine.

To compute from January 19, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Catherine L. Martin, Pittsburgh, 6323 Howe St.
Frank P. McBride, Rankin.
E. Ward Tillotson, Pittsburgh, Mellon Institute.

BUTLER COUNTY

Harry Miller, Butler.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Annette Romberger, Elizabethville.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Jean M. Verdecchia, Erie.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Marie H. Kelly, Scranton.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Walter E. Gross, New Castle.

MONROE COUNTY

August B. Meichner, East Stroudsburg.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Miss Sarah Koons, Danville.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Helen V. Bradley, Mt. Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

C. Henry Ambler, 508 Walnut St.
Miss Bertha D. Brown, 1528 Walnut St.
Ralph I. Flitcraft, 1531 Walnut St.
George W. Goodwin, 900 Packard Bldg.
Frederick G. Webel, 3232 Frankford Ave.

POTTER COUNTY

Miss Fannie A. Perkins, Coudersport.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Matthew A. Powers, East Bethlehem Twp., Fredericktown.

To compute from January 20, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Victoria Bankowski, Pittsburgh, 1101 Berger Bldg.
Miss Adell D. Bartolomeo, West Elizabeth.
W. V. Hunter, Tarentum.
T. A. Noethling, Jr., Millvale.
Mrs. Ada R. Scott, Pittsburgh, 341 Bellefield Ave.
Miss Edith Shontz, Tarentum.
Miss Margaret L. Tomlinson, Turtle Creek.
Kosto Unkovich, Pittsburgh, 508 Grant St.

BEAVER COUNTY

Adams Anderson, Beaver.
Joseph Paradiso, Midland.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Helen B. Gottshall, Boyertown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Herman Bassoff, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothea M. Gerstl, Lancaster.
Miss Mary A. Swarr, Lancaster.
Geo. A. Weaver, New Holland.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Anne G. Sucansey, Bethlehem.

MONROE COUNTY

Chester A. Coleman, Stroudsburg.
Joseph L. Williams, Pocono Twp., Pocono Manor.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Richard S. Clover, Abington Twp., Abington.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John F. Stefko, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Carey, 5900 N. Broad St.
Miss Elsie C. Fallon, 115 S. 48th St.
Lloyd W. Gerhart, 855 N. 4th St.
Horace P. Henry, Reading Terminal.
Miss Rosabel Lynd, 2301 Packard Bldg.
J. Raymond McGill, 6064 Ridge Ave.
Abraham Michaelson, 111 W. Girard Ave.
J. A. Steer, Jr., 548 Drexel Bldg.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Robert S. Bashore, Pottsville.
Miss C. E. Becker, Pottsville.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Helen M. Minech, Washington.

WYOMING COUNTY

Miss Rae Passmore, Tunkhannock.

To compute from January 21, 1951

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

W. M. Curry, Scranton.
David Landau, Scranton.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Pauline A. Crudo, Oil City.

To compute from January 22, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Bertha M. Smith, Pittsburgh, 422 Frick Bldg.

BERKS COUNTY

John H. Sponagle, Birdsboro.

ERIE COUNTY

John L. Hanley, Erie.

MERCER COUNTY

Thomas McClain, Mercer.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Samuel L. Green, 5671 Arlington St.
Miss Rosalie Mollinger, 6452 Sydenham St.
John Novotny, 7232 Lawndale Ave.
Miss Kathryn A. Summers, 1001 Chestnut St.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

George A. Bechtol, North Braddock.
Sidney Bloom, Pittsburgh, 5437 Baum Blvd.
Harry M. Brown, Pittsbuurgh, P. O. Box 1837.
Miss Mildred L. Davis, Pittsburgh, 806 Plaza Bldg.
Miss Lydia M. Ferguson, Pittsburgh, 2127 Grant Bldg.
George D. Gee, Pittsburgh, 2600 Brownsville Rd.
J. Clifford Jenkins, Oakmont.
Robert E. Johnston, North Versailles Twp., Pitcairn.
Louis F. Keough, Braddock.
Robert Ed. Keough, Braddock.
Miss Irma Klinkner, Pittsburgh, 809 Bingham St.
Miss Emma A. Koegler, Pittsburgh, 345 Fourth Ave.
Lee L. Leonard, Pittsburgh, 1110 Jones Law Bldg.
Birger A. Lindstrom, North Braddock.
William F. McCrady, Jr., Pittsburgh, 304 Ross St.
Arthur J. McGivern, Oakmont.
Miss Helen G. Mehovics, Pittsburgh, 339 Wabash Bldg.
Mrs. Pauline O'Kane, Brentwood.
Dickson C. Shaw, III, Pittsburgh, Rust Bldg.
W. O. Smith, Pittsburgh, 439 Fourth Ave.
Ned L. Spells, Pittsburgh, 7329 Idlewild St.
Miss Emma Stano, Coraopolis.
J. P. Stewrat, Pittsburgh, 1731 Preble Ave.
Mrs. Catherine J. Talarico, Coraopolis.
Miss Mildred Teamann, Braddock.
Stephen Yanowich, North Braddock.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

G. G. Hotaling, Kittanning.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Frances M. Ciliberti, Kutztown.
George D. Ermentrout, Reading.
George Z. Goetz, Jr., Reading.
Mrs. Esther P. Leinbach, Womelsdorf.
Mrs. Amelia S. Long, Reading.
Miss Alma E. Strause, Reading.
Mrs. Catharine M. Weigley, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

W. S. Eardley, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Delos R. Northrup, Canton.

BUCKS COUNTY

Borden R. Gillis, Bristol.
Miss K. Hope Horn, Perkasie.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen M. Beattie, Ebensburg.
Miss Olene M. Duman, Ebensburg.
Miss Florence Head, Johnstown.
Mrs. Irene Branagan Neddy, Johnstown.

CHESTER COUNTY

James C. Findley 2nd, Kennett Square.
C. Kenneth Grant, Coatesville.
Miss Anne McCullough, Malvern.
Mrs. Lydia T. McManus, Coatesville.

CLARION COUNTY

Gerald L. Gross, Clarion.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Scott S. Gill, Coalport.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth A. Motter, Lock Haven.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Rob't E. A. Bauer, Titusville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Mary E. Hite, Harrisburg.
J. A. Wickenhaver, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Jean Alotta, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
William Brown, Chester.
Francis A. Davis, Collingdale.
Paul A. Gilmore, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Harvey A. Green, Media.
Carl J. Jensen, Chester.
Mrs. Leona A. Kalahan, Newtown Twp., Newtown Square.
Lester F. Lines, Media.
Freas B. Snyder, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Marian G. McGinnis, Erie.
Anthony F. Spada, North East.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Ruth M. DeBolt, Uniontown.
D. W. MacDonald, Jr., Uniontown.
Mrs. Mary L. Polink, Fairchance.
Albert E. Sesler, Uniontown.
Mrs. Mildred Varndell, Uniontown.
Mrs. Eleanor R. Wood, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Pauline E. Hege, Mercersburg.

JUNIATA COUNTY

Paul R. Fogleman, Fayette Twp., McAlisterville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Stephens K. Fellows, Scranton.
Mrs. Viola W. Goldsmith, Scranton.
James E. Hallock, Dunmore.
Myron A. Pinkus, Scranton.
Miss Elizabeth Roughton, Scranton.
Louis Sottile, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Norman A. Buhrman, Lancaster.
Miss Mary H. Fenstermacher, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy L. Bradley, Neshannock Twp., New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Paul A. Grumbein, South Lebanon Twp., Lebanon.
Harold H. Hoover, Lebanon.
Mrs. Gladys E. Sholly, Bethel Twp., Myerstown.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Edwin F. Butz, Emmaus.
John R. Caffrey, Allentown.
H. Christman, Emmaus.
Leonard E. Edwards, Bethlehem.
W. W. Frailey, Allentown.
Joseph T. Herrity, Allentown.
Miss Ruth R. Johnson, Allentown.
Wm. J. Kreis, Allentown.
Bernard B. Naef, Allentown.
Joseph A. Skrovanek, Allentown.
Miss Bernice Sofsky, Allentown.
Miss Violet M. Strauss, Allentown.
Robert V. Suck, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Leonard Campbell, Exeter.
Miss Mary A. Gallagher, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Margaret H. Kossa, Kingston.
Louis A. Maggio, Hazleton.
J. William Schreiner, Nanticoke.
William D. VanDyke, Hazleton.
Donald Williams, Kingston.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Frank L. Golamis, Williamsport.
J. C. Krebs, Williamsport.
Mrs. Charlotte L. Walters, Williamsport.
Miss Olive H. Wetzel, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Anna Black, Bradford.
Mrs. Marie Riley, Foster Twp., Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Roger B. Johnson, Mercer.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Donald R. Coffin, Jenkintown.
Miss Madeline Corcoran, Norristown.
Harry F. Ferrell, Abington Twp., Roslyn.
J. Herbert Francis, Upper Providence Twp., Oaks.
Mrs. Louisa W. Gefvert, Lower Merion Twp., Merion.
L. A. Gray, Lansdale.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Sadie Berg, Easton.
Albert I. Greenberg, Easton.
Miss Julia K. Heffelfinger, Bethlehem.
Horace H. Heller, Jr., Bath.
John L. Jaxheimer, Bethlehem.
Mrs. Esther C. Kellow, Easton.
Mrs. Helen F. MacDonald, Wilson.
Bartolo Picone, Easton.
Robert G. Rapp, Palmer Twp., Easton.
Spurgeon G. Sigley, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Claus L. Anderson, 76 W. Chelten Ave.
Frank J. Anastasio, 820 N. American Bldg.
Miss Harriet C. M. Bain, 640 N. Broad St.
Sidney B. Baron, 6725 Frankford Ave.
Miss Dorothy M. Blake, 736 E. Venango St.
L. A. Bodenhorn, 135 S. Broad St.
A. Chester Brown, 34th St. & Grays Ferry Ave.
Miss Yolanda L. Cicchitti, 1239 Vine St.

Miss Catharine R. Clynes, 2515 E. Clearfield St.
Dwight Cooley, Rm. 1210, Schaff Bldg.
Mrs. Edith T. Creamer, D and Tioga Sts.
J. P. Cunningham, 6231 Market St.
Miss Helen M. Dallahan, 1317 Spruce St.
Miss Lillian L. Diamond, 225 S. 15th St.
Mrs. Ethel Dogole, 1614 N. Broad St.
Miss Margaret Dugan, 5847 Springfield Ave.
Mrs. Mildred L. Farrell, 704 Bailey Bldg.
Harold G. Fink, 2001 N. 63rd St.
Manuel A. Flick, 1617 Pennsylvania Blvd.
H. Albert Frank, 5851 Warrington Ave.
Miss Marie F. Good, 817 E. Chelten Ave.
Mrs. Carolina H. Goodyear, 4 S. 15th St.
David Gordon, 121 S. Broad St., Bldg.
Joseph M. Gougeon, 5146 Larchwood Ave.
Mrs. Rebecca M. Grater, 4412 N. 19th St.
Mrs. Mildred A. Green, 4724 Kingsessing Ave.
Isidoro Di Gregorio, 2017 McKean St.
Harry P. Hafele, 4401 N. Fifth St.
Mrs. Martha T. Hamilton, 4921 Wayne Ave.
I. Stewart Hayward, 5213 Haverford Ave.
Leslie E. Hayward, 5213 Haverford Ave.
Miss Marian Hendri, 4718 N. Broad St.
Miss M. Louise Hoffman, 4356 Frankford Ave.
Martin L. Hoffman, 115 Chestnut St.
Nathan Ingram, 1312 W. Columbia Ave.
James W. Irwin, 141 N. 11th St.
Louis M. Isenberg, 121 N. Broad St.
F. R. Kay, 135 S. Broad St.
Herbert A. Keehn, 4401 N. 5th St.
Fred C. Keill, 1550 Pratt St.
Miss Dorothy R. Lamson, 7800 Frankford Ave.
Mrs. Vera F. Langdon, 1606 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
Mrs. Betty Lavin, Girard Trust Co. Bldg.
Harry B. Leider, 1000 Spring Garden St.
Mrs. Catherine E. Letson, 5410 Haverford Ave.
Miss Esther Levens, American Red Cross, U. S. Naval Hospital.
Walter Levin, 1236 E. Susquehanna Ave.
Nathan Mondel, 614 W. Montgomery Ave.
Miss Florence L. Mushler, 7319 Rising Sun Ave.
Harry R. Northamer, 33rd & Beaver Sts.
Miss Naomi N. Noskoff, 2800 Jasper St.
Mrs. Beatrice L. Perry, 2059 W. Oxford St.
David Phillips, 3400 Aramingo Ave.
William H. Potterton, 6734 Germantown Ave.
Ernest R. Price, 123 S. Broad St.
Jeremiah J. Quinn, 727 S. 7th St.
Miss Sara S. Robinson, 5736 Greene St.
Patrick F. Rossiello, 1165 S. Broad St.
Charles E. Schmucker, 1516 Orthodox St.
Benjamin Segal, 22 N. 52nd St.
Harry Segal, 12 S. 12th St.
Joseph H. Smith, 1510 Walnut St.
Miss Mildred V. Smith, 1117 W. Westmoreland St.
Miss Harriet Squires, 6219 N. 16th St.
A. Morris Stein, 1301 W. Columbia Ave.
Meyer Stein, 1301 W. Columbia Ave.
Jesse G. Stump, 1994 73rd Ave.
Miss Isabelle B. Tabb, 1926 W. Columbia Ave.
Miss Anna T. Wallace, 1717 N. Delaware Ave.
Mrs. Margaret C. Walls, Broad and Chestnut Sts.
Mercer D. Walton, 728 Spring Garden St.
Max J. Weinstein, 2906 Ridge Ave.
Mrs. Catharine L. Weiss, 1421 Chestnut St.
C. Percy White, 2020 Ridge Ave.
Howard J. Wildey, 5944 Frontenac St.
Henry W. Winter, 1421 Arch St.
Miss Elsie A. Worbetz, 2446 Aspen St.
Mrs. Elsie S. Wright, 1802 Spring Garden St.

POTTER COUNTY

Mrs. Floss D. Straitz, Galeton.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Charles L. Domson, Mahanoy City.
Frank A. Kelly, Tamaqua.

SOMERSET COUNTY

H. S. Whipperman, Somerset.

UNION COUNTY

Abram W. Farley, Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Andrew J. Harper, Oil City.
Miss Anna M. Jorgensen, Franklin.
F. G. Mendenhall, Cooperstown.

WARREN COUNTY

R. C. Cederlof, Sheffield Twp., Sheffield.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Mary Jane Geho, Washington.
Miss Ella B. MacDonald, East Washington, Washington.
Norman L. Mitchell, Donegal Twp., Claysville.
Miss Lena G. Voorhees, Washington.

WAYNE COUNTY

Miss Mildred J. Barnes, Honesdale.
Frederick A. Holbert, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Gaylord F. Allen, Jr., New Kensington.
Miss Twila M. Bartoe, Vandergrift.
Miss Mary C. Berkmyre, Latrobe.
Tony M. Calderone, Vandergrift.
P. Louis DeRose, Arnold.
Miss Ethel M. Johnson, Derry Twp., Latrobe.
Frank B. Palmer, Jr., South Greensburg, Greensburg.
Paul E. Sears, New Kensington.
Emil K. Van Kulich, Monessen.
Mrs. Freda P. Walton, Greensburg.

WYOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Helen G. Gritman, Nicholson.

YORK COUNTY

Lloyd V. Bollinger, New Freedom.
Harry L. Bubb, New Freedom.
Miss June R. Harner, York.
John A. Judd, Delta.
Ernest R. Mayes, Red Lion.
Miss Helen C. Riedel, York.
M. S. Riedel, Dallastown.

To compute from January 9, 1951

DELAWARE COUNTY

Charles C. Collison, Darby.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss H. R. McGlynn, Wilkes-Barre.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William Kaufmann, 3517 N. 7th St.

To compute from January 18, 1951

BLAIR COUNTY

John J. R. Williams, Altoona.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Claire M. Donohoe, 2527 E. Lehigh Ave.
George W. Mitchell, Packard Bldg.
Benjamin Weinroth, 304 Walnut St.

To compute from January 19, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Samuel Klamen, 265 S. 20th St.

J. Paul Livsey, 4301 Ridge Ave.
Miss Margaret H. Stinson, 2304 Girard Trust Co. Bldg.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Grant D. Wentzel, Jeannette.

To compute from January 20, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel Clinton Appel, Pittsburgh, 400 Fifth Ave.
Leonard M. Boehm, Pittsburgh, 1305 Keystone Bldg.
James A. Rea, Crafton.
Mrs. Gertrude G. Wolak, Pittsburgh, 1737 E. Carson St.

BERKS COUNTY

Warren K. Smith, Birdsboro.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Robert F. Davenport, Sayre.

BUCKS COUNTY

Francis A. Grimes, Bristol.

ERIE COUNTY

Clifford A. Zilch, Erie.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Miss Margaret J. Bennett, Williamsport.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Bernard E. Mahoney, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Eva Burton, 7100 Elmwood Ave.
Miss Margaret Crawford, 1500 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
William A. Duffy, 6722 Frankford Ave.
Miss Eliabeth Hill, A.C.F. Brill Motors Co.
Howard W. McFall, 745 S. 19th St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Jay M. Knell, Pottsville.

VENANGO COUNTY

Robert Martin, Oil City.

To compute from January 21, 1951

LANCASTER COUNTY

J. Guy Eshleman, Lancaster.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth G. Stein, New Kensington.

To compute from January 22, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John J. Rutherford, 339 Walnut.

To compute from January 24, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert A. Scott, Wilkinsburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Ralph L. Aman, Radnor Twp., Wayne.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Wm. J. Strauss, Lehigh Twp., Treichlers.

To compute from January 25, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Clara K. Bubenheim, Brentwood.
Lawrence J. Jenkins, Pittsburgh, 3459 Ward St.
Mrs. L. Gail Paul, Swissvale.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Edna E. Greeley, Easttown Twp., Berwyn.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Hazel S. Snyder, Harrisburg.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

J. L. Shaffer, Sykesville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

E. J. O'Donnell, Scranton.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Herbert I. Cooper, Williamsport.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

W. H. Stahlnecker, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Meyer Herbert, S. W. Cor. 6th & Girard Aves.
Harrison G. Kildare, 1910 Packard Bldg.
Emil A. Rohner, 220 S. Broad St.

To compute from January 26, 1951

LANCASTER COUNTY

H. G. Martin, Ephrata.

To compute from January 27, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

George W. Gates, Swissvale.
Charles W. Linepensel, Bethel.
S. Raymond Rackoff, West Homestead.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Isabell W. Wolfe, Lebanon.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Evelyn R. Clawell, 175 W. Grange Ave.
Miss J. R. Dakers, Drexel Bldg.
Leo Sher, 350 S. 15th St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

James M. Hines, Tamaqua.
Mrs. Jeanette M. Yorke, Tamaqua.

To compute from January 28, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret M. Rapich, Pittsburgh, 331 4th Ave.

BUTLER COUNTY

Raymond L. Orr, Butler, Harrisville.

To compute from January 29, 1951

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Mary A. Hamond, Norristown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Enoch I. R. Storm, 703 Edison Bldg.

To compute from January 30, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Dora R. Klinzing, Pittsburgh, Foot of 17th St., S. S. (3).

ERIE COUNTY

Joseph F. Mattis, Erie.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Alan C. Beyer, Christiana.
Mrs. Mildred K. Roberts, Mount Joy.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John C. Fenol, Bethlehem.

WAYNE COUNTY

Miss Katherine M. Firmstone, Honesdale.

To compute from January 31, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Paul F. Bealafeld, Verona.

BERKS COUNTY

Braynard N. Frey, Fleetwood.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Miss Bernice M. Heffner, Huntingdon.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jay R. Grier, 901 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
Jacob Pomerantz, 2960 Richmond St.

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Donald O. Bair, Dormont.
Irving L. Barmak, Pittsburgh, 514 Collins Ave.
Miss Rosemary Beck, Pittsburgh, 401 McNally Bldg.
Miss Alice M. Brush, South Fayette Twp., Mayview.
F. Leo Coleman, Carnegie.
Mrs. Valarie A. Cordisco, Aspinwall.
Chas. Daum, Wilkinsburg.
William L. Dornenburg, Carnegie.
William J. Drodge, Jr., Bethel.
Miss Rebecca Drosnes, Pittsburgh, 414 Grant St.
Miss Mary N. Galka, McKeesport.
Miss Winifred M. Gorman, Pittsburgh, 275 N. Craig St.
Mrs. Sophia Haber, McKeesport.
Andrew H. Hamrock, Castle Shannon.
T. E. Hill, Jr., Swissvale.
Mrs. Mary E. Jack, Pittsburgh, 110 Grant St.
Miss Alma A. Jordan, Pittsburgh, 245 Melwood St.
Wilbur H. Kelley, Avalon.
William C. Kohut, Homestead.
Morris P. Lowe, Mt. Oliver.
Charles C. Mannella, Pittsburgh, 1115 Farmers Bank Bldg.
Louis J. May, Jr., McKees Rocks.
Delmar H. McGee, O'Hara Twp., Blawnox.
Miss Dorothy McMillan, Pittsburgh, 2237 Oliver Bldg.
Robert A. Meyer, Ross Twp., Bellevue.
John L. Rayl, Harrison Twp., Brackenridge.
Anthony P. Rizzo, Whitehall.
Charles D. Simon, Pittsburgh, 3530 Forbes St.
Mrs. Jane J. Sokol, Sharpsburg.
Harry Erich Stahl, Tarentum.
Harry V. Tucceri, Pittsburgh, 35 Southern Ave.
Miss Kathleen Vetter, Pittsburgh, 1806 First Nat'l. Bank Bldg.
Jack Wagner, Pittsburgh, 429 Fourth Ave.
Mrs. Mary Lou Waligura, Pittsburgh, 1330 Park Bldg.
James R. Waugh, Wilkinsburg.
Mrs. Ruth M. White, Pittsburgh, 419 Wood St.
Russell M. Wise, West Homestead.
John J. Yalenty, Pittsburgh, 5229 Liberty Ave.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Mrs. Frances M. Walker, Kittanning.

BEAVER COUNTY

W. E. Black, Ambridge.
Mrs. Sylvia E. Flora, New Brighton.
H. F. Grau, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Eva D. Allen, Reading.
Miss Barbara G. Gergle, Wyomissing.
Geo. M. Jones, Jr., Reading.
Mrs. Margaret J. Quigley, Bally.
R. A. Wiegand, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Albert Anthony Benfatta, Altoona.
George E. Brehman, Altoona.
Mrs. Jeannette G. Hesser, Altoona.
Robert F. Lauver, Hollidaysburg.
Harold E. March, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

W. E. Hansen, Jr., Sayre.

BUCKS COUNTY

Alfred W. Blough, Quakertown.
Joseph W. Davenport, Langhorne.
Mrs. Harriet B. Gindin, Morrisville.
Miss Arlene Johnson, Quakertown.
Nicholas T. Mislan, Morrisville.

BUTLER COUNTY

Carl T. Yannotty, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Lawrence C. Ashcraft, Johnstown.
Van G. Berkley, Johnstown.
Mrs. Emma S. Edwards, Johnstown.
Miss Barbara Turjan, Johnstown.

CENTRE COUNTY

Mervyn P. Helman, State College.

CHESTER COUNTY

M. D. Fulton, Kennett Square.
O. Donald Kunkle, Phoenixville.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Martha I. Gilmore, New Bethlehem.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Alex C. Bognar, Berwick.
John Arnold Crisman, Berwick.
George F. Kern, Catawissa.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Herbert J. Jones, Titusville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Esther M. Bear, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Joan M. Bittner, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Agnes S. Evans, Harrisburg.
Miss Relda M. Smith, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Mary S. Davis, Media.
Thomson F. Edwards, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby
Miss Edna V. Gane, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Mrs. Matilda C. Leary, Lansdowne.
Mrs. Marion G. Lofland, Lansdowne.
Leslie G. Luckie, Folcroft, Glenolden.
William N. Mitchell, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Miss Margaret M. Searles, Morton.
Robert L. Smyrl, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

ERIE COUNTY

John A. DeBello, Erie.
Frank A. Lennberg, Erie.
Mrs. H. O. Skowronski, Erie.
Carl W. Way, Jr., Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Amelia Brunetti, Connellsville.
John W. Moore, Connellsville.
Mrs. Mary Ann Pope, Uniontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Sister Mary Joanna, R.S.M., Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Wilmer J. Andrew, Lancaster.
William F. Banks, New Holland.
Richard H. Bard, Lancaster.
Richard C. Flory, Elizabethtown.
Miss Erika Reinhardt, Lancaster.
Samuel B. Sheetz, East Petersburg.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. Kreiling, New Castle.
Robert J. Sitler, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Kenneth J. Allwein, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

J. H. Bennett, Jr., Allentown.
Miss Ann M. Diehl, Allentown.
Miss Esther M. Frankenfield, Bethlehem.
Miss Margaret R. Gabel, Allentown.
Miss Helen Minger, Allentown.
Miss Margaret E. Shinton, Allentown.
Miss Florence D. Ward, Allentown.
LeRoy K. Weidner, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Samuel Bloch, Wilkes-Barre.
Joseph D. Carroll, Avoca.
Henry M. Diehl, Hazleton.
Mrs. Nancy C. Jackson, Wilkes-Barre.
J. V. Pringle, Kingston.
Harry B. Schooley, Jr., Wilkes-Barre.
William L. Sherman, Hazleton.
Mrs. Margaret W. Thomas, Wilkes-Barre.
G. C. Whitenight, Nanticoke.
Mrs. Florence R. Wolfe, Hazleton.

McKEAN COUNTY

Bennett B. Friedman, Bradford.
Mrs. Jessie S. Gallina, Bradford.
Raymond G. Garvin, Bradford.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

F. Wallace DeVoll, Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
LeRoy L. Gabel, New Hanover Twp., Green Lane.
J. R. Kintner, Bryn Athyn.
Mrs. Mabel K. Leser, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.
Miss Nancy Jane Polito, Lansdale.
Mrs. Mildred T. Willard, Lower Moreland Twp., Bethayres.
Mrs. Sara A. Yerger, Royersford.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Alberta S. Fehnel, Williams Twp., Easton.
Fred E. Ronca, Roseto.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Dorothy C. Mock, Zerbe Twp., Trevorton.
Louis J. Temprine, Sunbury.
Raymond Tye, Mt. Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Howard L. Ashford, 8013 Castor Ave.
Miss Ann M. Battle, 1428 Land Title Bldg.
George A. Beech, Jr., 3512 Cottman St.
G. A. Boehn, Phila. Title Ins. Co.
Rocco E. Bonavitacola, 2053 S. Beechwood St.
Irvin Brand, 1229 Fanshawe St.
Miss Elizabeth J. Breen, 316 Walnut St.
Miss Marjorie M. Carroll, 222 W. Champlost Ave.
Miss Ethel Case, 5218 Delancey St.
Joseph S. Catinella, 2232 S. Darien St.
Miss Jane Corcoran, 947 E. Ontario St.
Lee Cowan, 334 N. Broad St.
Mrs. Rose M. De Marco, 5301 Oxford Ave.
John T. Dolde, Jr., 5509 Baltimore Ave.
Miss Kathryn G. Donnelly, 7320 Walnut Lane.
Richard R. Donnelly, 816 N. 16th St.
Thomas A. Donohoe, Jr., 1427 W. 68th Ave.
Miss Evelynne L. Donovan, 121 W. Tulpehocken St.
Miss Lucille T. Evans, 1125 Anchor St.
Miss Tillie Feldman, 1331 S. Juniper St.
Mrs. Anna Goldberg, 712 Ritner St.
Miss Mary E. Groff, 377 City Hall.
Mrs. Stella G. Grubb, 4501 Cottman Ave.
Ervin J. Hoch, 23 S. 23rd St.
Miss M. B. Humes, 2215 Land Title Bldg.
Mrs. Margaret S. Jaffe, Blauner's—9th & Market Sts.
Miss Mary J. Kelly, 1012 Widener Bldg.
P. J. Kelly, Jr., 4663 Stenton Ave.
Loron W. Leonard, 316 Walnut St.
John W. Lutz, Jr., 600 E. Anchor St.
Miss Ruth S. Maher, 3801 Castor Ave.
Edward Manuszak, 2353 Orthodox St.
William R. Martin, Jr., 838 E. Haines St.
Elias M. Miller, 131 S. 22nd St.
Anthony J. Morrone, 2040 S. 13th St.
Thomas F. Perrone, 1518 Walnut St.
Joseph T. Potterton, 121 W. Tulpehocken St.
Miss Dorothea M. Reidnour, 2015 Sansom St.
George S. Renzi, 7029 Cottage St.
John W. Roberts, 2622 W. Columbia Ave.
Miss June E. Rogers, 213 S. Broad St.
Mrs. Flora M. Semberg, 1420 Walnut St.
A. Arnold Shlifer, 6208 Catherine St.
Louis P. Sigel, Jr., 233 S. 5th St.
William T. Steerman, 609 W. Cliveden St.
Mrs. Mary S. Templeton, 3218 N. Front St.
Mrs. Eleanor Reale Trauger, 32 W. Highland Ave.
Bernard W. Treegoob, 1130 Widener Bldg.
Mrs. Bertha O. Waltz, Broad & Chestnut Sts.
Miss Caroline B. Wittman, 222 W. Washington Sq.
Miss Catherine G. Woodside, 104 W. Chew St.
Bernard Zibelman, 4711-13 Rising Sun Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. V. M. Brong, Pottsville.
Miss Catherine L. Hanna, Shenandoah.

SNYDER COUNTY

William R. Hartman, Franklin Twp., Middleburg.
Miss Anna Mary Herbster, Selinsgrove.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Miss Lucille Romano, Windber.
Mrs. Avis Sechler, Quemahoning Twp., Kantner.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Jeannette E. Beaven, Oakland, Susquehanna.
Mrs. Flossie A. Walters, Lenox Twp., Lenoxville.

VENANGO COUNTY

Norman H. Brandt, Utica.
Eugene W. Gotham, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

William Schwartz, Warren.
Richard K. Wetzel, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Amalia Sciamanna, Smith Twp., Slovan.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Anthony J. Bonadio, New Kensington.
Mrs. Lillian B. Eckenrode, Loyalhanna Twp., Saltsburg.
Charles M. Pankiewicz, Monessen.
Mrs. Zolla Reed, Monessen.
Mark J. Seita, New Kensington.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Regina K. Debes, York.
Miss E. Anita Lightner, York.
James M. Rohrbaugh, Penn Twp., Hanover.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. Daniel Bayus, Braddock.
Mrs. Marie A. Heil, West View.
J. W. King, Pittsburgh, 336 Fourth Ave.
James L. Mooney, Pittsburgh, 351 Fifth Ave.
E. W. Rudert, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Mt. Lebanon.
Mrs. June M. Rush, West Deer Twp., Tarentum.
Miss Helen F. Saunders, Pitcairn.
John P. Shields, Stowe Twp., McKees Rocks.
Harry W. Warner, Pittsburgh, 1719 Pennsylvania Ave.
Miss Olive M. Woods, Pittsburgh, 1010 Berger Bldg.

BEAVER COUNTY

Jack P. Johnston, Hopewell Twp., Aliquippa.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Lila P. Dunbar, Troy.

BUCKS COUNTY

John T. Welsh, Doylestown.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Francis J. Gall, Lilly.

CLARION COUNTY

Harry C. Anderson, East Brady.
Mrs. Mary A. Harvey, Clarion.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Jean Dudenhaver, Meadville.
Merle F. Weaver, Titusville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Austin L. Foor, Lemoyne.
Mrs. Jeannette Snoke, Lemoyne.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Gaskill, Chester.
Mrs. Margaret Witsil Johnson, Chester.
H. Perley Livingstone, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Miss Mary H. Ricci, Chester.
Engelbert C. Spevak, Ridley Twp., Milmont Park.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Anna L. Purcell, Uniontown.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Mrs. Marjorie L. McConnell, Washington Twp., Reynoldsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Robert A. Robinson, Scranton.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Ralph S. Buchanan, New Wilmington.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Neil E. McCall, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Dolores M. Rubin, Pittston.
Alois J. Selecky, Nanticoke.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Lewis C. Phillips, Williamsport.

MERCER COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth Goodall, Sharon.
Miss Mae Pompa, Grove City.
R. A. Thompson, Hempfield Twp., Greenville.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Joseph Butera, Norristown.
Thomas J. Butera, Norristown.
Thos. P. Cosgrove, Upper Providence Twp., Mont Clare.
Mrs. Mabel F. Knapp, Narberth.
C. L. Seiders, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.
Roy F. Sellers, Upper Moreland Twp. Willow Grove.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John A. Barone, 6451 Frankford Ave.
Richard J. Bell, 6780 Germantown Ave.
George C. Brady, 3304 Arch St.
Frank A. Farry, 10701 B Midday Rd.
R. E. Goodwin, 3207 Kensington Ave.
Frank M. Gutowicz, 2604 E. Allegheny Ave.
Philip Harris, 143 N. 22nd St.
John H. Hoffman, Jr., 1423 S. 58th St.
Mrs. Jessie I. Hoy, 3144 Passyunk Ave.
Miss G. W. Inkster, 7843 Michener Ave.
Miss Cora E. Maiden, P. O. Box 6731.
Miss Grace P. McEnerney, 127 Edward St.
Thomas A. Moffa, 351 N. 64th St.
John K. Scattergood, 410 N. 63rd St.
Arthur E. Scena, 1251 E. Chelten Ave.
Miss Mary T. Storey, 1010 Packard Bldg.
Mrs. Constance K. Tunick, 2000 Girard Trust Co. Bldg.
Alfred F. Welsh, 547 E. Hermitage St.
William R. Wright, 2627 Hunting Park Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Thomas C. Condron, Jr., Minersville.
Mrs. Edna M. Reichwein, Pine Grove.

WARREN COUNTY

Raymond F. Morrison, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Robert A. Coulter, Canton Twp., Washington.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. M. B. Klingensmith, Latrobe.
Mrs. Mary E. Laughner, Latrobe.

VENANGO COUNTY

Rollin R. Bleakley, Jr., Franklin.

To compute from January 9, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Emma G. Colteryahn, Pittsburgh, 2510 Brownsville. Rd.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Gladys Heller Cramer, Shippensburg.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Robert Schmidt, Uniontown.

MERCER COUNTY

Mrs. Mae A. Moore, Sharon.

To cmpute from January 18, 1951

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Samuel H. Chipak, Scranton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James J. Doyle,. 2363 E. Clearfield St.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Mary B. Eckert, Franklin.

To compute from January 19, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Frank H. Gable, 2925 S. Sydenham St.

To compute from January 20, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

H. P. Schmidt, Pittsburgh, 613 W. Diamond St.

CHESTER COUNTY

John A. Sabol, Phoenixville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Norma E. Smee, Harrisburg.

To compute from January 21, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Ellen R. Kroneberger, 1411 Walnut St.
J. W. O'Donnell, 3040 PSFS Bldg.

To compute from January 22, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Paul J. Kolsun, 7530 N. 21st St.

To compute from January 25, 1951

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Julien G. Colvin, Monongahela.

To compute from January 26, 1951

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Margaret McCue, Washington.

To compute from January 27, 1951

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Wm. E. Wills, Upper Merion Twp., King of Prussia.

To compute from January 29, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Frances E. Marian, Pittsburgh, Zappala Law Bldg.

To compute from date of confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. C. Alloways, Pittsburgh, Mellon National Bank & Trust Co.
Mrs. Millie N. Mains, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Mt. Lebanon.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Georgette Chapis, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Gerald F. Glass, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Doris S. Harris, West Pittston.
Miss Lois Maschal, Wilkes-Barre.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss G. Elaine Detwiler, Norristown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward B. Piekarski, 2640 E. Clearfield St.

YORK COUNTY

Harold N. Reihart, York.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from January 7, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Ray W. House, Braddock Hills.
Miss Elizabeth Pritchard, McKeesport.
Anthony J. Trenga, Wilmerding.

BEAVER COUNTY

Louis F. Catalina, Ambridge.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth Nyquist, Exeter Twp., Stony Creek Mills.
Miss Margaret Rummel, Reading.

CENTRE COUNTY

Roy E. Burns, State College.
Mrs. Mildred L. Grazier, State College.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Lena M. Freysinger, New Cumberland.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma H. Kelly, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Margaret E. Landis, Harrisburg.
Geo. H. Van Wagner, Middle Paxton Twp., Dauphin.

DELAWARE COUNTY

William Friedman, Eddystone.

ERIE COUNTY

Fred E. Kramer, Erie.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Paul F. Diehm, Lititz.
A. Lewis Heisey, Elizabethtown.

LEBANON COUNTY

Charles R. Mease, Lebanon.
Girard Oswald, East Hanover Twp., Grantville.
Lester A. Unger, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Anna L. Acker, Macungie.
Mrs. Margaret A. Snyder, Allentown.
Miss Catherine Truchses, Allentown.

McKEAN COUNTY

Murray R. Garber, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Julian M. Kulcheski, Sharon.
Miss Mary M. McKee, Grove City.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Leah M. Templin, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Kurt A. Bieber, 4652 N. 11th St.
Elmer F. Hansen, 3229 Cottman St.
Albert Paterson, 1950 Church St.
Percy S. Smallwood, 1322 S. 18th St.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Freda M. Huber, Warren.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

A. Vincent Allen, Jr., New Kensington.
D. Y. Burkett, Vandergrift.
Mrs. Ruth C. Davis, Vandergrift.
Anthony J. Delligatti, Mount Pleasant.
Miss Mary M. Donatelli, Scottdale.
George R. Hersh, Southwest Greensburg.
Mrs. Ozelma W. Kradel, Greensburg.
A. S. Machesney, New Salem.
Richard F. Morgan, New Kensington.
John A. Murphy, Mount Pleasant.
Andrew S. Romito, Arnold.
Miss V. Stevenson, Mount Pleasant.
C. E. Sunder, Jeannette.
Mrs. Gwendolyn Ross Vogle, Latrobe.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Eben M. B. Campbell, 1822 N. 15th St.

To compute from January 9, 1951

MERCER COUNTY

H. M. Sample, Sharon.

To compute from January 18, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Morris H. Starr, 735 Spring Garden St.

To compute from January 21, 1951

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Joseph Vizza, North Belle Vernon.

To compute from January 27, 1951

ERIE COUNTY

Sam S. Bliss, Erie.

To compute from January 29, 1951

CARBON COUNTY

Elwood J. Rees, Lansford.

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Anthony V. Mutschler, Mt. Oliver.
James V. Wilson, Dravosburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

Martin Farkas, Phoenixville.

FOREST COUNTY

Mrs. Violet Mensch, Jenks Twp., Marienville.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Judy M. Underwood, Allentown.

To compute from January 7, 1951

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Francis E. Bourke, Sewickley Twp., Herminie.
Jos. S. Frankel, Latrobe.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

A motion was made by Mr. WALKER and Mr. HOLLAND,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voated "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvenes on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT THE GOVERNOR TO THE HALL OF THE HOUSE

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, to the Hall of the House of Representatives to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, pursuant to a resolution already adopted by the Senate and the House of Representatives.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

JOINT SESSION

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in joint session Tuesday, January 2, 1951, at two-fifteen o'clock P. M., in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth; also witnessing the opening, counting and computing of the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held Tuesday, November 7, 1950, in the several counties of this Commonwealth; and to elect a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Whereas, The Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the Postmaster at Harrisburg, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and that the payment of the postage for the Legislative Journal, also for the bills, calendars and histories be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate be and is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of twelve Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of fifteen members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to make necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect, to wait upon His Excellency, and to conduct him to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and be it

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremonies take place at twelve o'clock Noon on the third Tuesday of January, the 16th instant, 1951, on the west side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Forum; and be it further

Resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding Five Thousand (5,000) Dollars in the making and carrying out of said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

APPOINTMENT OF TELLER

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

He also informed the Senate that the gentleman from Venango, Mr. McKinney, has been appointed teller on the part of the House to open, compute and count the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

TELLER'S REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT SESSION OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE OPENING, COUNTING AND PUBLISHING OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, the President and Members of the Senate and the Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives, met in the Hall of the House of Representatives at two o'clock p.m., this day, and the President M. Harvey Taylor of the Senate, in pursuance of the Constitution and the laws of the Commonwealth, did then and there proceed to open and count and publish the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of the Internal Affairs, held on the seventh day of November last, being the seventh day of November, Anno Domini One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fifty, in the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of the Commonwealth.

REPORT OF ELECTION OF DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I beg to report that during the Joint Session of the Senate and House of Representatives, in accordance with the provisions of section two of the act, approved the seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (P. L. 158), entitled "An Act creating a Legislative Reference Bureau, providing for the election of the director by the General Assembly, designating the officers and employes of such bureau, defining their duties, fixing their salaries, abolishing the present Legislative Reference Bureau, and making an appropriation," the Senate and House of Representatives in joint session today assembled elected S. Edward Hannestad as director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and that the oath of office was administered to S. Edward Hannestad by the Honorable Robert E. Woodside, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Peelor, on behalf of the Senate, for a job well done.

SUPPLEMENT

In the Senate, November 30, 1950.

Pursuant to notification, Hon. Edward J. Kessler of the 13th Senatorial District, elected at a Special Election held on November 7, 1950, to fill a vacancy, presented himself in the Hall of the Senate on November 30, 1950, when the oath of office was administered to him, the President pro tempore M. Harvey Taylor, presiding.

The President pro tempore, (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senate has met today to enable Senator-elect Edward J. Kessler, to take the Oath of Office in the Senate Chamber in accordance with the Constitution of Pennsylvania. The Chair directs the Secretary of the Comonwealth the Honorable Gene D. Smith to read the returns of the Special Election held on the Seventh day of November, 1950.

In the Name and by Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To His Excellency the President of the Senate and to the Members of the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Greetings:

I have the honor to present the returns of the Special Election of the Member of the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the Thirteenth Senatorial District, as the same has been certified to and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the several County Board of Elections:

EDWARD J. KESSLER — Thirteenth Senatorial District of Pennsylvania.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, at the City of Harrisburg this twenty-eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifty and of the Comonwealth the one hundred and seventy-fifth.

(SEAL)

GENE D. SMITH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SPECIAL ELECTION

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss: Lancaster, Pa.,
County of Lancaster } November 13, 1950.

TO the Secretary of the Commonwealth:

We Hereby Certify, That the following is a true and correct statement of the returns of the votes cast at the November Election held on Tuesday, November 7, 1950, for each and every candidate in the County of Lancaster as the same remain on file in this office, for the office of Senator in the General Assembly—Thirteenth District.

DEMOCRATIC

Edward G. Wilson had Thirteen thousand four hundred and one votes 13,401

REPUBLICAN

Edward J. Kessler had Twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and twenty-two votes 27,822

In Testimony Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and seal of office, this 13th day of November, 1950.

(SEAL)

G. GRAYBILL DIEHM,
H. R. METZLER,
GEORGE H. CARPENTER
County Board of Elections.

Attest:
RICHARD L. MUSSER,
Clerk.

IN THE NAME AND BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

I, Gene D. Smith, Secretary of the Commonwealth do hereby certify that at the Special Election held on the Seventh day of November, 1950, Edward J. Kessler having received 27,822 votes, was duly elected to the office of Senator in the General Assembly in the Thirteenth Senatorial District of Pennsylvania.

(SEAL)

Witness my hand and the seal of my office this twenty-eighth day of November, 1950.

GENE D. SMITH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair directs Senator-elect Edward J. Kessler to stand before the Senate Bar.

(Senator-elect Edward J. Kessler came to the front of the Senate.)

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair also invites to the rostrum Judge Robert E. Woodside to administer the oath of office.

(The oath of office was administered.)

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair wishes to congratulate Senator Edward J. Kessler.

Are there any remarks?

The Chair directs the Chief Clerk to have the proceedings of this meeting entered in the Senate Journal when the Senate shall next convene in session.

The meeting is now adjourned.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, January 15, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:01 o'clock, p.m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, January 15, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, January 2, 1951

At 11:00 a.m. Mr. Norman Wood, senior Republican Member in length of service, from Lancaster County, made the following announcement in the Hall of the House.

In accordance with the provisions of Article II, Section 4 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, the Members-elect of this 139th regular session of the House of Representatives will meet this day at twelve o'clock noon in the Hall of the House for the purpose of organization.

The hour of twelve o'clock having arrived, Honorable William E. Habbyshaw, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, called the Members-elect to order and announced, that

This being the day and the hour fixed by Article II, Section 4 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania for the meeting of the General Assembly, the Members-elect of the House of Representatives will come to order.

The CHIEF CLERK. At the conclusion of the prayer the Members-elect will remain standing in silence until the gavel falls as a mark of respect to the memory of our Members who died since we last met.

Honorable C. G. Krise, who represented the second Legislative District, Clearfield County, died May 27, 1949;

Honorable John L. Powers, who represented the seventh Legislative District, Allegheny County, died July 28, 1949;

Honorable James J. O'Dare, Sr., who represented the eighth Legislative District, Philadelphia County, died January 6, 1950;

Honorable Thomas J. Kirley, who represented the sixth Legislative District, Allegheny County, died February 9, 1950;

Honorable Frank J. Pentrack, who represented the first Legislative District, Cambria County, died July 7, 1950 and

Honorable Reuben A. Nagel, who represented the second Legislative District, Beaver County, died November 15, 1950.

PRAYER

Prayer was offered by the Reverend William Hugh Fryer, Chaplain of the House, as follows:

Almighty God, Creator of Heaven and earth, Governor of the Universe, Whose law is truth; we beseech Thee to guide and bless these Thy servants who have been called to the authority of government, so that through Thy wisdom they may know what things they ought to do and grant them the courage and strength to fulfill the same, so that the life of the people may be built upon the surest and best foundations, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

PRESENTATION OF ELECTION RETURNS

The Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Elizabeth L. McC. Zimmerman being introduced, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of June 3, 1937, P. L. 1333, presented to the House of Representatives the returns of the election for Members held on November 7, 1950.

RESOLUTION

ELECTION RETURNS OPENED

Mr. BOORSE, a Member-elect, offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the returns for the election of Members of the House of Representatives held Tuesday, November 7, 1950, be now opened and read.

The returns were opened and read as follows:

VOTES CAST FOR CANDIDATES FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT THE GENERAL ELECTION—NOVEMBER 7, 1950

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
		ADAMS COUNTY	
		One Member	
R.	H. Earl Pitzer	Menallen Twp., R. D. 2, Aspers	7,057
D.	Jay William Bringman	151 York St., Gettysburg	5,651
		ALLEGHENY COUNTY	
		1st District—Two Members	
R.	Thomas Daly	2813 Center Ave., Pittsburgh 19	4,137
R.	Jasper Washington	1309 Epiphany St., Pittsburgh	4,012
D.	Paul F. Jones	920 Clarissa St., Pittsburgh 19	15,045
*D.	Daniel A. Verona	65 Congress St., Pittsburgh 19	14,893
P.	William Hamlet	402 Robinson St., Pittsburgh	149
		2nd District—Two Members	
R.	John P. McGrath	710 Wylie Ave., Pittsburgh 19	6,318
R.	Robert John Binnie, Jr.	5302 Holmes St., Pittsburgh 1	6,267
*D.	George J. Sarraf	3701 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh 1	16,223
*D.	Walter T. Kamyk	184 44th St Pittsburgh 1	15,990
		3rd District—One Member	
R.	John M. Gannon	247 Winston St., Pittsburgh 7	7,596
*D.	Edward A. Schuster	4923 Lytle St., Pittsburgh 7	12,976
		4th District—One Member	
R.	Joseph P. Rigby	624 Copeland St., Pittsburgh 32	3,072
D.	Wilson E. Griffiths	5836 Wayne Road, Pittsburgh 6	11,411
		5th District—One Member	
R.	Harold Smith Haller	1140 Wightman St., Pittsburgh	15,494
*D.	Theodore H. Schmidt	1210 S. Negley Ave., Pittsburgh 17	18,988
		6th District—Three Members	
R.	Samuel M. Park	641 Griffin St., Pittsburgh 11	19,175
R.	Paul J. Clifford	126 Olympia St., Pittsburgh 11	19,166
R.	Harry T. Campbell	1418 Rockland St., Pittsburgh 16	18,921
*D.	Louis Leonard	1217 Strahley Place, Pittsburgh 20	24,815

* Incumbent.

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Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
*D.	Olaf E. Olsen,	1703 Broadway Ave., Pittsburgh 16	24,631
D.	Paul F. Lutty,	150 Monastery Ave., S.S., Pittsburgh 3	24,297

7th District—Two Members

R.	Edward F. Cook,	1306 Sherman Ave., Pittsburgh 12	7,680
R.	Charles H. Lemon,	1927 Perrysville Ave., Pittsburgh 14	7,585
*D.	Martin C. Mihm,	716 Lockhart St., Pittsburgh 12	12,276
D.	Andrew T. Fenrich,	2014 Veronica St., Pittsburgh 12	12,212

8th District—Two Members

R.	J. Edward Waldron,	3608 Laird St., Pittsburgh 12	11,424
R.	John J Vaughan,	2423 Osgood St., Pittsburgh 14	11,412
*D.	Thomas V. McNally,	1908 St. Ives St., Pittsburgh 12	12,182
D.	Patrick J. Corr,	1813 Morrell St., Pittsburgh 12	12,139

9th District—One Member

R.	George R. Campbell,	1605 Union St., McKeesport	7,484
*D.	William J. Yester,	1717 Jenny Lind St., McKeesport	9,562

10th District—Four Members

R.	Albert E. Beech,	1718 Montier St., Wilkinsburg	40,300
R.	Benjamin W. Haseltine, Jr.,	173 Crescent Hill Rd., Pittsburgh 21	39,877
R.	William P. H. Johnston,	Penn Twp., 1516 Orin St., Verona	39,218
R.	Fred L. Mechling,	201 Center St., Wilkinsburg	37,373
*D.	J. P. Moran,	116 Eighth St., Turtle Creek	42,029
*D.	George E. Jenkins,	913½ Locust St., North Braddock, P. O., Braddock	41,078
*D.	B. Frank Hunter,	206 Colonial Apts., Wilkinsburg	40,979
*D.	Thomas James Heatherington,	522 Eden Park Blvd., McKeesport	39,308
P.	Thomas Quinn,	201 Beech St., E. Pittsburgh	1,801
P.	Fred Uzelac,	Box 262, Renton	880

11th District—Two Members

R.	John J. Ullrich,	336 Water St., W. Elizabeth	13,771
R.	Frank P. Duschek,	Hillview Rd., Gill Hall, R. D. 1, P. O., Box 115, Clairton	13,014
*D.	David M. Boies,	312 Fourth St., Clairton	23,776
*D.	Jules Filo,	4109 Greenspring Ave., West Mifflin, P. O., Box 340, Terrace	23,240

12th District—Four Members

*R.	George W. Cooper,	47 W. Marlin Dr., Mt. Lebanon Twp., P. O., Pittsburgh 16	57,325
*R.	Edwin C. Ewing,	118 Marlin Dr., W., Pittsburgh 16	55,720
*R.	John R. Haudenshield,	111 Ramsey Ave., Carnegie	54,454
*R.	Ronald L. Thompson,	224 Parker Dr., Mt. Lebanon Twp., P. O., Pittsburgh 16	53,502
D.	C. Reed Davis,	Stowe Twp., 916 Broadway, McKees Rocks	43,665
D.	F. Kenneth Dixon,	933 Rockwood Ave., Pittsburgh 16	42,870
D.	John G. Brosky,	89 Greentree Road, Pittsburgh 5	39,906
D.	Michael M. Abrahams,	671 Baldwin St., Bridgeville	39,404

13th District—Two Members

R.	Thomas P. Geer,	62 N. Harrison Ave., Bellevue, P. O., Pittsburgh 2	41,571
R.	Raymond E. Wilt,	131 Enger Ave., Pittsburgh 14	38,467
D.	William D. Forsyth,	Shaler Twp., Glenshaw	31,923
D.	George Hoffman,	1838 Middle St., Sharpsburg	29,432

ARMSTRONG COUNTY
Two Members

*R.	W. Stuart Helm,	910 Wilson Ave., Kittanning	12,476
*R.	W. Mack Guthrie,	801 Terrace Ave., Apollo	11,955
D.	Joseph J. Lunz,	708 Ridge Ave., Ford City	9,515
D.	Paul J. Fasser,	Kiskiminetas Twp., R. D. 3, Apollo	9,028

BEAVER COUNTY
1st District—One Member

R.	Edward L. McCabe,	546 Maplewood Ave., Ambridge	8,317
*D.	Robert K. Hamilton,	917 Maplewood Ave., Ambridge	9,795

2nd District—Two Members

R.	John C. Miller,	506 River Ave., Aliquippa	16,130
R.	Everett Y. Calvin,	923 Fourth St., Patterson Heights, P. O., Beaver Falls	14,251
*D.	Reuben A. Nagel,	Big Beaver Twp., P. O., New Galilee	14,534
*D.	William B. Smith,	1701 Boundary St., Aliquippa	14,319

BEDFORD COUNTY
One Member

*R.	Robert R. Clapper,	Church St., Saxton	6,937
D.	Ross T. Snider,	S. Woodbury Twp., New Enterprise	4,734

BERKS COUNTY
1st District—Two Members

R.	Louis E. Daniels,	1456 North 11th St., Reading	12,853
R.	Neil E. Morrison,	321 W. Greenwich St., Reading	12,740
*D.	Albert S. Readinger,	1722 Olive St., Reading	19,644
D.	John C. Kubacki,	1558 Mineral Spring Rd., Reading	18,359
S.	Elwood R. Keppley,	1324 Luzerne Ave., Reading	1,664
S.	Mark L. Brown,	232 Penn St., Reading	1,638

2nd District—One Member

*R.	LeRoy A. Weidner,	11 Marshall Ave., Stony Creek Mills	10,817
D.	Earl R. Anderson,	Reiffton, 3610 Romig Ave., Reading	7,219
S.	Amos Lesher,	R. D. 2, Sinking Springs	204

3rd District—One Member

R.	Malcolm W. Flickinger,	223 W. Penn Ave., Robesonia	3,643
*D.	J. Hiram Swope,	Frystown, Bethel Twp., P. O., R. D. 1, Myerstown	5,369
S.	Robert G. Aulenbach,	7 E. High St., Womelsdorf	123

4th District—One Member

R.	Ralph C. Horn,	39 S. Reading Ave., Boyertown	4,962
*D.	Harold A. Yetzer,	2514 Kutztown Rd., Hyde Park, Reading	6,663
S.	Roy Strohl,	R. D. 1, Fleetwood	96

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
		BLAIR COUNTY	
		1st District—One Member	
*R.	Harold G. Miller	3001 Fifth Ave., Altoona	8,598
D.	Robert W. Anthony	1222 Sixteenth Ave., Altoona	6,408
		2nd District—Two Members	
*R.	Daniel H. Erb	511 Wayne St., Hollidaysburg	14,530
*R.	D. Raymond Sollenberger	641 West 2nd St., Williamsburg	13,612
D.	Joseph L. Gracey	Frankstown Twp., R. D. 1, P. O. Box 222A, Hollidaysburg	6,515
D.	William A. Rhoads	Freedom Twp., East Freedom	6,508
		BRADFORD COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Albert E. Madigan	Burlington Twp., R. D. 2, Towanda	10,877
D.	John Stetz	131 N. River St., Sayre	5,146
		BUCKS COUNTY	
		Two Members	
*R.	Wilson L. Yeakel	5th St. & Park Ave., Perkasie, P. O., 11 South 7th St. Perkasie	26,415
*R.	Marvin V. Keller	142 N. Lincoln Ave., Newtown	26,051
D.	John P. Fullam	Plumstead Twp., Gardenville	17,740
D.	Frank F. Flatch	110 Fillmore St., Bristol	17.066
P.	John Brickajlik, Jr.	R. D., Sellersville	239
		BUTLER COUNTY	
		Two Members	
*R.	Thomas H. Greer, Jr.	427 First St., Butler	17,031
*R.	Harvey A. Moore	Center Twp., R. D. 1, Butler	15,538
D.	Dean Barkley	Box 909, Butler	9,571
D.	F. Herbert Daum	105 S. McKean St., Butler	7,820
		CAMBRIA COUNTY	
		1st District—Two Members	
R.	Ellsworth L. Hahn	524 Napoleon St., Johnstown	10.655
R.	Jesse E. Wynn	619 Thomas Ave., Johnstown	10,246
*D.	Hiram G. Andrews	115 Main St., Johnstown	12,968
D.	Raymond E. McDermit	726 Somerset St., Johnstown	11,345
		2nd District—Three Members	
R.	Chester C. Davis	407 Sample St., Ebensburg	24,025
R.	George E. Gold	509 Palmer Ave., Patton	22,244
R.	Alexander Check	R. D. 1, P. O. Box 20, Portage	20,909
*D.	Dennis L. Westrick	119 E. Horner St., Ebensburg	29,829
D.	Louis Rovansek	414 E. Locust St., E. Conemaugh	27,170
D.	Philip Lopresti	755 Wayne St., Westmont, P. O., Johnstown	26,896
		CAMERON COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Edwin W. Tompkins	120 West 4th St., Emporium, P. O., Box 363, Emporium	1,409
D.	E. V. English	349 East 5th St., Emporium	936
		CARBON COUNTY	
		One Member	
R.	William Z. Scott	2 E. Ludlow St., Summit Hill	9,735
D.	Elmer E. Steigerwalt	274 North 8th St., Lehighton	9,382
		CENTRE COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Preston A. Frost	141 S. Frazier St., State College	7,455
D.	James B. Holtzworth	Unionville, P. O., Fleming	3,715
		CHESTER COUNTY	
		1st District—One Member	
*R.	William E. Brown	78 Virginia Ave., Coatesville	7,279
D.	Herbert Clavier	10 South 8th Ave., Coatesville	4,843
P.	John E. Gillespie	13 Lafayette Ave., S. Coatesville	46
		2nd District—Two Members	
*R.	Amos M. Leisey	Broad & Main St., Honey Brook	21,036
*R.	Thomas P. Harney	Deborah's Rock Farm, W. Bradford Twp., R. D., West Chester	20,737
D.	Janet Whitney	Westtown Twp., Westtown	10,403
D.	Harry C. Symons	S. Coventry Twp., R. D. 2, Pottstown	9,868
		CLARION COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Paige Varner	88 Payne St., Clarion	6,395
D.	Charles E. Campbell, Jr.	125 South 6th Ave., Clarion	5,492
		CLEARFIELD COUNTY	
		1st District—One Member	
R.	Howard Hubler	Morris Twp., P. O., Box 75, Allport	5,877
*D.	Harris G. Breth	Lawrence Twp., R. D. 2, Clearfield	6,661
		2nd District—One Member	
R.	John E. DuBois, Jr.	211 E. DuBois Ave., DuBois	6,137
D.	Ross H. Smith	321 S. Highland St., DuBois	5,539
		CLINTON COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Clarence E. Moore	402 S. Summit St., Lock Haven	6,266
D.	Chauncey F. Royer	Loganton	4,578
		COLUMBIA COUNTY	
		One Member	
R.	W. Allen Miller	Cleveland Twp., R. D. 1, Elysburg	8,426
*D	H. Clayton Beaver	Roaring Creek Twp., R. D. 1, Catawissa	9,903
		CRAWFORD COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Robert F. Kent	738 Maple St., Meadville	13,981
D.	Robert E. Christie	650 Baldwin St., Meadville	8,305
		CUMBERLAND COUNTY	
		One Member	
R.	Clarence G. Stoner	407 E. Main St., Shiremanstown	17,807
D.	E. Roy Goshert	22 N. Penn St., Shippensburg	11,643
		DAUPHIN COUNTY	
		1st District—Two Members	
R.	Huette F. Dowling	2044 Green St., Harrisburg	24,440
*R.	Nolan F. Ziegler	415 South 17th St., Harrisburg	24,418
D.	J. Elwood Hummel	1122 North 2nd St., Harrisburg	11,108
D.	Robert C. Derrick	9 N. Front St., Harrisburg	10,994

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
	2nd District—Two Members		
R.	Edward S. Swartz,	Derry Twp., R. D. 1, Hummelstown	22,040
*R.	Blaine C. Hocker,	Swatara Twp., 42 Harrisburg St., Oberlin	21,302
D.	Donald E. Koons,	Derry Twp., R. D. 1, Hummelstown	13,249
D.	Richard T. Fitzpatrick,	143 E. Market St., Williamstown	12,544
	DELAWARE COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
*R.	Louis A. Bloom,	1713 Providence Ave., Chester, P. O., 602 Crozier Bldg., Chester	12,985
D.	John Rogal,	1118 Potter St., Chester	7,252
	2nd District—Three Members		
*R.	Robert J. Clendening,	530 Netherwood Rd. Upper Darby	79,059
*R.	James N. Robertson,	Idlewild Lane, Upper Providence, Media	78,819
R.	William C. Leonard,	672 Cypress Ave., Yeadon	78,687
D.	Georgia W. Drinker,	408 W. State St., Media	46,135
D.	Alexander S. Segal,	3515 Highland Ave., Drexel Hill, Upper Darby	45,904
D.	Thomas Bohan,	716 Prospect Ave., Prospect Park	45,885
	ELK COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	Herbert P. Sorg,	446 Charles St., St. Marys	5,965
D.	Harold J. Kifer,	719 Bridge St., Johnsonburg	4,645
	ERIE COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
*R.	Delbert W. Dalrymple,	1358 Morse Ave., Erie	10,763
D.	Dominic A. Bruno,	1918 Cherry St., Erie	9,139
	2nd District—One Member		
R.	James E. Robaskiewicz,	4022 Old French Rd., Erie	8,159
D.	Julian Polaski,	560 East 14th St., Erie	12,196
	3rd District—One Member		
*R.	Wilmer W. Waterhouse,	17 E. Smith St., Corry	6,006
D.	Wilmer W. Waterhouse,	17 E. Smith St., Corry	2,828
	4th District—One Member		
*R.	Stanley L. Blair,	19 West Ave., Albion	8,217
D.	Glenn F. Smith,	11 First Ave., Albion	4,205
	FAYETTE COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	Walter R. Hager,	Wharton Twp., Farmington	5,231
*D.	Robert Wheeler, Jr.,	R. D. 2, Uniontown, P. O., Box 94, Fairchance	11,283
	2nd District—Three Members		
R.	Charles M. Thrasher,	6-8 N. Gallatin Ave., Uniontown	15,109
R.	Lawrence D. McDaniel,	93 Jefferson St., Uniontown	14,904
R.	Harry A. Rankin,	Upper Tyrone Twp., Star Route, Scottdale	14,700
*D.	E. Gadd Snider,	S. Union Twp., P. O., Box 371, Uniontown	17,845
*D.	Harry Cochran,	Laughlin St., Dawson	17,292
D.	Nicholas Kornick,	Franklin Twp., R. D. 1, Dunbar	16,400
	FOREST COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	James K. Davis,	Elm St., Tionesta	1,200
D.	Harvey Johnston,	Vine St., Tionesta	739
	FRANKLIN COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	Wilbur F. Barkdoll,	Quincy Twp., R. D. 1, Waynesboro	10,470
D.	Chauncey Depuy,	5th Fl., Chambersburg Trust Co., Bldg., Chambersburg	8,514
	FULTON COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	Edgar H. MacKinlay,	McConnellsburg	1,766
D.	Ralph E. Berkstresser,	Taylor Twp., Laidig	1,796
	GREENE COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	Ralph B. Debolt,	Cumberland Twp., Carmichaels	4,940
D.	Russell Headlee,	Perry Twp., R. D. 1, Mt. Morris	7,195
	HUNTINGDON COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	Maurice L. Banker,	819 Washington St., Huntingdon	7,075
D.	Clinton R. Irvin,	Barree	3,868
	INDIANA COUNTY		
	Two Members		
*R.	Earl E. Hewitt, Sr.,	1020 Philadelphia St., Indiana	12,808
*R.	Wm. R. McMillen,	Burrell Twp., Black Lick	12,716
D.	John C. Smith,	437 N. Brady St., Blairsville	10,425
D.	John L. Treese,	79 Morris St., Clymer	9,404
	JEFFERSON COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	Samuel B. Dennison,	728 Main St., Reynoldsville	8,786
D.	Francis J. Mottey,	302 S. Penn St., Punxsutawney	5,350
	JUNIATA COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	Harry Graybill,	Thompsontown	2,992
D.	J. Russell Cunningham,	Walker Twp., Mifflintown	2,695
	LACKAWANNA COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	Carl V. Manzo,	1223 Davision St., Scranton	7,464
*D.	Michael J. Needham,	324 S. Hyde Park Ave., Scranton	8,382
	2nd District—One Member		
R.	Harry A. Lewis,	935 Fisk St., Scranton	9,189
*D.	Robert A. Price,	805 Columbia St., Scranton	9,496
	3rd District—One Member		
R.	Robert J. Cordier,	934 Wheeler Ave., Scranton	8,323
*D.	William J. Reidenbach,	211 Penn Ave., Scranton	9,225
	4th District—One Member		
R.	Arthur Ross,	194 E. Pine St., Dunmore	6,837
*D.	Joseph G. Wargo,	106 Bosak Court, Olyphant	13,972

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
	5th District—One Member		
R.	George L. Blickens,	132 Spring St., Carbondale	7,749
*D.	Marion L. Munley,	175 Spruce St., Archbald	10,542
	6th District—One Member		
*R.	Henry C. Spencer,	Greenfield Twp., R. D., Carbondale	10,216
D.	F. Emmett Kearney,	433 W. Main St., Dalton	6,945
	LANCASTER COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	Paul G. Murray,	310 Race Ave., Lancaster	11,741
D.	Anna E. Davis Mumma,	131 E. Orange St., Lancaster	7,995
	2nd District—Three Members		
*R.	Baker Royer,	228 W. Franklin St., Ephrata	29,334
*R.	Walter L. Bomberger,	60 S. Main St., Manheim	29,310
*R.	Norman Wood,	Fulton Twp., Peach Bottom	29,048
D.	Woodrow A. Zeamer,	133 South 8th St., Columbia	11,672
D.	Roy Anderson,	Colerain Twp., R. D. 2, Oxford	11,358
D.	Richard I. Ammon,	Ephrata Twp., R. D. 3, Ephrata	11,287
	LAWRENCE COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	Robert M. White, II,	422 Sumner Ave., New Castle	8,248
D.	James A. Travers,	1003 Wilmington Ave., New Castle	7,786
	2nd District—One Member		
*R.	William H. McCullough,	Rt. 168, Big Beaver Twp., P. O., R. D. 1, New Galilee	9,392
D.	Frank M. Clark,	S. Main St., P. O. Box 368, Bessemer	6,951
	LEBANON COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	John H. Light,	E. Main St., Annville, P. O., R. D. 4, Lebanon	15,049
D.	Harry K. Fishman,	372 N. 7th St., Lebanon	8,643
	LEHIGH COUNTY		
	1st District—Two Members		
R.	John T. Van Sant,	959 Turner St., Allentown	13,229
*R.	Reginald P. Stimmel,	1245 North 19th St., Allentown	12,622
D.	James F. Brown, Jr.,	1624 Chew St., Allentown	12,011
D.	Robert B. Doll,	833 Walnut St., Allentown	11,822
	2nd District—One Member		
R.	Marian E. Markley,	Lower Macungie Twp., P. O., Rt. 1, Macungie	15,898
D.	William A. Shoemaker,	48 W. Main St., Macungie	12,203
	LUZERNE COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
*R.	John J. Mikula,	28 W. Spring St., Hazleton	11,870
D.	Peter J. Potochney,	Foster Twp., 427 Cedar St., Freeland	8,248
	2nd District—One Member		
*R.	William P. Kohl,	Hanover Twp., 11 Oaklawn Ave., Wilkes-Barre	9,773
D.	Andrew Kerestes,	Hanover Twp., 44 W. Liberty St., Ashley	8,105
	3rd District—One Member		
R.	Frank R. Policare,	109 Tompkins St., Pittston	10,190
*D.	James Musto,	61 Bryden St., Pittston Twp., P. O., Pittston	10,899
	4th District—One Member		
*R.	Leonard A. Najaka,	Newport Twp., 50 E Main St., Glen Lyon	8,756
D.	William Curwood,	51 N. Main St., Shickshinny	8,084
	5th District—One Member		
*R.	Charles M. Robbins,	365 Ridge Ave., Kingston	6,764
D.	Leo A. Filip,	108 Walnut St., Plymouth	7,396
	6th District—One Member		
*R.	Harold E. Flack,	Saginaw St., Goss Manor, R. D. 1, Dallas	15,309
D.	John Wagner,	714 Adams Court, Exeter, Pittston	11,722
	7th District—Two Members		
R.	Vincent F. Gutendorf,	177 S. Franklin St., Wilkes-Barre	12,689
*R.	James J. Jump,	69 E. Jackson St., Wilkes-Barre	12,649
D.	Joseph F. Devizia,	96 W. River St., Wilkes-Barre	10,128
D.	Anthony Love Lynch,	34 Custer St., Wilkes-Barre	10,008
	LYCOMING COUNTY		
	Two Members		
R.	James J. Gleason,	Muncy Twp., R. D. 2, Muncy	17,232
*R.	Ray L. Riley,	41 Ross St., Williamsport	16,625
D.	Ernest Lee Fogleman,	219 Locust St., Williamsport	14,307
D.	Charles C. Hallow,	Limestone Twp., R. D. 3, Williamsport	12,492
P.	Clyde A. Taylor,	2351 West 4th St., Williamsport	1,490
P.	John W. Andrus,	2419 Grand St., Williamsport	1,034
	McKEAN COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R	Albert W. Johnson,	409 Franklin St., Smethport	10,403
D.	George A. Stroup,	Wetmore Twp., R. D. 2, P. O., Box 252, Kane	4,217
	MERCER COUNTY		
	Two Members		
*R.	Edward M. Young,	506 Oak Hill Dr., Grove City	20,222
R.	George F. McConnell,	264 E. State St., Sharon	19,606
D.	William E. Dixon, Jr.,	301 Malleable St., Sharon	14,730
D.	James Vincent Morocco,	186 River St., Sharon	13,823
	MIFFLIN COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	Harry W. Price, Jr.,	135 West 3rd St., Lewistown	6,634
D.	Harry Blessing, Jr.,	608 Valley St., Lewistown	4,451
	MONROE COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	John S. Shotwell,	Chestnuthill Twp., Effort	6,717
D.	Leslie Drake,	1823 North 5th St., Stroudsburg	5,157

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
	MONTGOMERY COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	John A. Lafore, Jr.,	Lower Merion Twp., Avonwood Rd., Haverford	19,826
D.	Paul V. Burns,	Lower Merion Twp., 126 Birch Ave., Bala-Cynwyd	7,702
	2nd District—One Member		
R.	Thomas H. W. Jones,	1733 DeKalb St., Norristown	8,880
D.	John S. Quarry,	129 W. Elm St., Norristown	7,985
	3rd District—Three Members		
R.	William A. Bolton,	600 Custis Rd., Glenside	52,073
*R.	Howard F. Boorse,	41 Vine St., Lansdale	50,812
*R.	Raymond C. Kratz,	Upper Bublin Twp., Summit Ave., Fort Washington	50,521
D.	David A. Montgomery,	Cheltenham Twp., 2 South St., Wyncote, Cheltenham	27,167
D.	J. Alfred Marquet,	1131 Queen St., Pottstown	26,050
D.	Sidney Schulman,	Cheltenham Twp., 8335 Thomson Rd., Elkins Park, Cheltenham	25,764
	MONTOUR COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	John M. Reilly,	124 E. Center St., Danville	2,546
D.	Walter J. Vincent,	7 Bloom St., Danville	2,425
	NORTHAMPTON COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	Jackson M. Sigmon,	1866 Carlisle St., Bethlehem	6,399
*D.	Francis W. Bucchin,	830 East 4th St., Bethlehem	9,054
	2nd District—Three Members		
R.	Clair H. Peifly,	78 N. First St., Bangor	18,613
R.	John A. Jones,	Moore Twp., R. D. 1, Bath	18,549
R.	Henry E. Ragot,	864 Cattell St., Easton	18,335
*D.	Elwood M. Good,	Lower Mt. Bethel Twp., R. D. 3, Bangor	19,606
*D.	James L. Gaffney,	724 Lincoln St., Easton	19,545
*D.	John M. Jones,	113 Northampton St., Easton	19,487
	NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
*R.	Adam T. Bower,	138 Bainbridge St., Sunbury	7,847
D.	Barney Kury,	246 Arch St., Sunbury	5,655
	2nd District—Two Members		
R.	Edward Dunn,	135 W. Water St., Mt. Carmel	12,175
*R.	William L. Kemp,	819 N. Washington St., Shamokin	12,089
*D.	John F. Stank,	Coal Twp., 517 Webster St., Ranshaw	15,315
D.	Norbert J. Kaminski,	Mt. Carmel Twp., 117 E. Saylor St., Atlas	11,816
	PERRY COUNTY		
	One Member		
*R.	T. Luke Toomey,	Juniata Twp., Wila	5,259
D.	C. D. Rothenberger,	R. D. 2, Newport	3,065
	PHILADELPHIA COUNTY		
	1st District—Two Members		
R.	Raymond Wallin,	2616 S. Phillip St., Philadelphia	18,310
R.	P. Morton Rothberg,	301 Tasker St., Philadelphia 47	18,279
*D.	George T. Guarnieri,	1837 South 12th St., Philadelphia	22,958
*D.	James J. Dougherty,	117 Tree St., Philadelphia	22,943
	2nd District—One Member		
*R.	Frank A. Costa,	1016 South 6th St., Philadelphia	5,269
D.	Charles Maguire,	313 Wharton St., Philadelphia	2,915
	3rd District—Two Members		
R.	Frank Cella,	748 S. Darien St., Philadelphia	8,985
*R.	Louis Sax,	818 South St., Philadelphia	8,976
D.	Anthony J. Loughney,	609 S. Front St., Philadelphia	3,884
D.	Ada Katz,	516 Spruce St., Philadelphia	3,879
	4th District—One Member		
*R.	Cornelius J. Loftus,	937 Spruce St., Philadelphia 7	3,886
D.	E. Milgram Trommer,	258 South 18th St., Philadelphia	2,308
	5th District—Three Members		
R.	Joseph J. Feola,	1240 S. Iseminger St., Philadelphia	25,708
R.	Joseph B. Cassidy,	1251 S. Bucknell St., Philadelphia	25,642
R.	James J. McAleer,	2124 Mifflin St., Philadelphia	25,514
*D.	Louis J. Amarando,	2523 S. 16th St., Philadelphia	33,566
*D.	Mary A. Varallo,	1418 Pt. Breeze Ave., Philadelphia	33,528
*D.	Thomas Peta,	1923 McClellan St., Philadelphia	33,514
	6th District—One Member		
*R.	Lewis M. Mintess,	1730 Addison St., Philadelphia	4,924
D.	Scholley Pace Alexander,	1611 Pine St., Philadelphia	3,662
	7th District—One Member		
R.	William A. Upshur, Jr.,	817 South 21st St., Philadelphia	4,450
*D.	Granville E. Jones,	2233 Christian St., Philadelphia	5,904
	8th District—Two Members		
*R.	John R. McCormack,	1007 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia	8,972
R.	Arthur Rubin,	433 N. Franklin St., Philadelphia	8,963
D.	Richard Walsh,	1037 Buttonwood St., Philadelphia 23	4,195
D.	Leroy L. Myers,	1111 B Parrish Pl., Philadelphia 23	4,191
	9th District—One Member		
*R.	Herman J. Tahl,	317 Green St., Philadelphia	2,555
D.	Gerson Rasumny,	628 North 2nd St., Philadelphia	1,375
	10th District—Two Members		
*R.	Edward J. Driscoll,	872 North 27th St., Philadelphia	6,561
*R.	William W. Felton,	850 N. Perkiomen St., Philadelphia	6,487
D.	Francis X. Muldowney,	862 North 22nd St., Philadelphia	6,922
D.	Josephine C. Coyle,	600 North 23rd St., Philadelphia	6,872

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
	11th District—One Member		
R.	Joseph S. Stryjewski,	2661 Webb St., Philadelphia	4,901
*D.	Miles W. Lederer,	1231 Shackamaxon St., Philadelphia 25	6,098
	12th District—Two Members		
R.	Albert McDonald,	2517 N. Howard St., Philadelphia	7,269
R.	Elmer J. Turner,	2406 N. Hancock St., Philadelphia	7,259
*D.	William Limper,	169 W. Huntingdon St., Philadelphia	9,123
*D.	Albert L. Pfaff,	2145 North 2nd St., Philadelphia	9,120
	13th District—Two Members		
R.	Harry Pichney,	1851 North 7th St., Philadelphia	10,076
R.	Edwin F. Thompson,	1619 North 12th St., Philadelphia	10,024
*D.	Louis A. Sternberg,	2162 North 7th St., Philadelphia	9,530
*D.	Samuel Floyd,	954 N. Warnock St., Philadelphia	9,518
	14th District—One Member		
R.	Wilbur H. Hamilton,	575 E. Gates St., Philadelphia 28	11,757
D.	Mitchell W. Miller,	3535 School House Lane, Philadelphia 44	7,398
	15th District—One Member		
*R.	Charles C. Smith,	503 E. Wadsworth St., Philadelphia	26,252
D.	Walter H. Morley,	353 W. Duval St., Philadelphia	20,768
	16th District—One Member		
*R.	Michael J. O'Donnell,	6345 North 6th St., Philadelphia	35,854
D.	Herman Toll,	2323 Seventy-sixth Ave., Philadelphia	45,843
	17th District—One Member		
*R.	Edward T. Gallagher,	3511 Aldine St., Philadelphia	48,964
D.	Albert Leven,	Carver Hall Apts., Leiper & Oxford Ave., Philadelphia	53,350
	18 District—Three Members		
R.	Bernadette C. Byrne,	5115 W. Girard Ave., Philadelphia	31,743
R.	Howard M. Henry,	28 North 57th St., Philadelphia	31,699
R.	J. S. Benn, Jr.,	640 North 39th St., Philadelphia	31,644
*D.	Samuel Rose,	4126 W. Girard Ave., Philadelphia	43,280
*D.	Dennie W. Hoggard,	558 North 58th St., Philadelphia	43,266
'D.	Edward J. Conway,	941 N. Fallon St., Philadelphia	43,242
P.	Harry Polk,	5047 Ogden St., Philadelphia	231
	19th District—Two Members		
R.	Alfred V. Efenberg,	3175 Aramingo Ave., Philadelphia 34	11,823
R.	Paul Naumann, Jr.,	2061 Kingston St., Philadelphia	11,765
*D.	Martin J. Taylor,	3527 Frankford Ave., Philadelphia 34	17,080
*D.	Leon J. Kolankiewicz,	3111 Richmond St., Philadelphia 34	17,056
	20th District—Two Members		
R.	Vincent E. Costello,	3327 N. Park Ave., Philadelphia 40	11,112
R.	Morris Gould,	3021 W. Colona St., Philadelphia	11,094
*D.	Joseph J. Hersch,	917 W. Boston Ave., Philadelphia	15,835
*D.	Eugene J. Hagerty,	2308 N. Broad St., Philadelphia 32	15,753
P.	Josephine Hughes,	2251 North 22nd St., Philadelphia	150
P.	Anna Solomon Dubow,	3319 W. Cumberland St., Philadelphia	144
	21st District—Two Members		
R.	Clayton A. Watson,	1623 North 29th St., Philadelphia	10,016
R.	William Page,	1506 North 22nd St., Philadelphia	10,013
*D.	Edward Duffy, Jr.,	1334 N. Dover St., Philadelphia	12,990
*D.	J. Thompson Pettigrew,	1721 North 23rd St., Philadelphia	12,868
	22nd District—Two Members		
R.	Edwin S. Livingston,	1710 South 55th St., Philadelphia	38,483
R.	James A. McGarrity,	5550 Pemberton St., Philadelphia	38,433
*D.	Joseph A. McGee,	2519 South 61st St., Philadelphia	50,814
*D.	Morris Rosen,	6036 Locust St., Philadelphia	50,711
P.	Sylvan Levey,	5941 Catherine St., Philadelphia	223
	23rd District—One Member		
R.	Samuel E. Wadkins,	2131 N. Marvine St., Philadelphia	5,232
*D.	Susie Monroe,	1942 North 23rd St., Philadelphia	10,083
	24th District—One Member		
R.	Louis Mohr, Jr.,	2019 W. Somerset St., Philadelphia	11,535
*D.	John J. Welsh,	3544 N. Broad St., Philadelphia 40	17,113
	25th District—One Member		
R.	Austin Gill,	3637 North 3rd St., Philadelphia	9,670
*D.	Joseph A. Scanlon,	3217 Rorer St., Philadelphia	17,720
	26th District—One Member		
R.	S. Harry Myers,	1220 W. Tioga St., Philadelphia 40	8,850
*D.	George A. Penglase,	1750 St. Paul St., Philadelphia	12,748
	27th District—One Member		
R.	Robert Boyd, Jr.,	2307 E. Sergeant St., Philadelphia 25	5,118
D.	James A. Byrne,	2315 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia	5,681
	PIKE COUNTY		
	One Member		
R.	August Metz, Jr.,	Dingman Twp., Milford	2,436
D.	Frank MacDonald,	Matamoras	2,036

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
		POTTER COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Wrayburn B. Hall,	501 Park Ave., Coudersport	3,772
D.	Michael J. Curran,	Galeton	2,489
		SCHUYLKILL COUNTY	
		1st District—One Member	
R.	Gus Wachhaus,	31 S. West St., Shenandoah	10,494
D.	John J. Downey,	30 S. Bower St., Shenandoah	10,097
		2nd District—One Member	
*R.	George C. Shoemaker,	34 Hoffman Blvd., Ashland	6,580
D.	Frank J. Wentzel,	1238 Walnut St., Ashland	4,792
		3rd District—One Member	
*R.	Wayne M. Breisch,	Union Twp., R. D., Ringtown	10,045
D.	William E. Gerber,	630 E. Broad St., Tamaqua	6,743
		4th District—Two Members	
*R.	G. Edgar Kline,	433 E. Norwegian St., Pottsville	17,551
*R.	Ivan C. Watkins,	927 E. Grand Ave., Tower City	17,386
D.	Elmer L. Spancake,	11 Wood St., Pine Grove	11,816
D.	Charles W. Striegel,	530 E. Norwegian St., Pottsville	11,124
		SNYDER COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Ellis E. Ferster,	W. Perry Twp., R. F. D. 1, Richfield	5,043
D.	Ralph H. Wetzel,	Hummels Wharf, P. O., Box 332, Selinsgrove	1,782
		SOMERSET COUNTY	
		Two Members	
R.	J. Irving Whalley,	1300 Somerset Ave., Windber	15,094
R.	Harry A. Naugle,	Conemaugh Twp., Main St., Davidsville	14,488
D.	Frederick R. Sell,	1109 Somerset Ave., Windber	10,755
D.	Robert A. Stoughton,	Jenner Twp., R. D. 2, Boswell	10,714
		SULLIVAN COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Walter Baumunk,	Elkland Twp., Forksville	1,783
D.	Anthony J. Barnatovich,	Cherry Twp., Mildred	1,339
		SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Harold G. Wescott,	412 Broad Ave., Susquehanna	7,940
D.	Cecil R. Clink,	Springville Twp., Springville	4,109
		TIOGA COUNTY	
		One Member	
R.	Harry R. McInroy,	Church St., Westfield	9,094
D.	Anthony W. Walluk,	Jackson Twp., R. D. 2, Millerton	2,938
		UNION COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Charles R. Reagan,	Union Twp., Winfield	4,476
D.	C. S. Chambers,	533 Chestnut St., Mifflinburg	1,749
		VENANGO COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	John H. McKinney,	Cranberry Twp., R. D. 2, Franklin	11,487
D.	Boyd N. Park,	406 Fourteenth St., Franklin	5,170
		WARREN COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Allen M. Gibson,	203 Crary Ave., Sheffield	8,423
D.	Russell F. Crippen,	217 High St., Youngsville	3,760
		WASHINGTON COUNTY	
		1st District—Two Members	
R.	John Mazza,	306 W. Pike St., Houston	16,855
R.	Richard G. Miller, Jr.,	N. Franklin Twp., P. O., Redstone Rd., Washington	15,251
*D.	J. Dean Polen,	Independence Twp., Morningside Dr., P. O., Box 23, Avella	16,462
*D.	Michael Nixon,	Smith Twp., Bulger	16,181
		2nd District—Two Members	
R.	Shanor R. Blythe,	327 Meadow Ave., Charleroi	11,910
R.	Alden W. Shannon,	Fallowfield Twp., R. F. D., P. O., Box 77, Monongahela	11,182
*D.	C. O. Williams,	Centerville, P. O., Box 213, Denbo	21,648
*D.	Russell E. Reese,	Centerville, R. D. 1, West Brownsville	21,585
		WAYNE COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	George W. Firmstone,	640 Park St., Honesdale	7,256
D.	Henry P. Mang,	437 Grove St., Honesdale	3,011
		WESTMORELAND COUNTY	
		1st District—Two Members	
R.	John R. Madden,	225 S. Church St., Mt. Pleasant	10,725
R.	C. Blair Lyons,	219 West 4th Ave., Derry	10,494
*D.	Charles J. Jim,	206 Gertrude St., Latrobe	10,011
D.	Clair Morgan,	Mt. Pleasant Twp., P. O., Box 5, Mammoth	9,840
P.	Joseph Bates, Sr.,	1707 Jefferson St., Latrobe	130
		2nd District—Two Members	
R.	Donald C. Bush,	205 Hancock Ave., Vandergrift	17,840
R.	Robert L. Chegwidden,	Franklin Twp., R. F. D. 2, P. O., Box 47, Murrysville	16,006
*D.	James E. Lovett,	521 Gilmore Ave., Trafford	19,903
*D.	Anthony J. Petrosky,	Salem Twp., P. O., Box 26, Slickville	19,291
P.	Harry W. Truitt,	937 Fourth Ave., New Kensington	466
		3rd District—Two Members	
R.	Frank H. Thompson,	427 Walnut Ave., Greensburg	14,661
R.	T. I. Thorpe,	First St., Smithton	13,235
*D.	Charles J. Mills,	338 Hancock Ave., Greensburg	19,799
D.	H. J. Maxwell,	1200 Hillcrest Ave., Monessen	19,257
		WYOMING COUNTY	
		One Member	
*R.	Ray W. Greenwood,	27 Wyoming Ave., Tunkhannock	4,490
D.	Michael Hudock,	Tunkhannock	1,932
P.	Clarence J. Shupp,	Noxen	84

* Incumbent.

Party	Name	Address	Votes Cast
	YORK COUNTY		
	1st District—One Member		
R.	A. George K. Brown	147 N. Queen St., York	6,985
*D.	Harry E. Seyler	249 E. Princess St., York	10,770
	2nd District—One Member		
R.	Luther L. Bear	Conewago Twp., R. 4, York	14,391
D.	Vest B. Eppley	Manchester Twp., R. D. 5, York	14,295
P.	Harry M. Logeman	R. D. 5, York	83
	3rd District—One Member		
*R.	George A. Goodling	Loganville	7,611
D.	Howard H. Perry	York Twp., R. D. 8, York	7,071

* Incumbent.

TO THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA GREETINGS:

I have the honor to present the returns of the election held November 7, 1950 of the following members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly:

H. Earl Pitzer, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Adams County.

Paul F. Jones and Daniel A. Verona, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Allegheny County.

George J. Sarraf and Walter T. Kamyk, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Allegheny County.

Edward A. Schuster, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Allegheny County.

Joseph P. Rigby, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected momber of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Allegheny County.

Theodore H. Schmidt, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fifth district of Allegheny County.

Louis Leonard, Olaf E. Olsen and Paul F. Lutty, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the sixth district of Allegheny County.

Martin C. Mihm and Andrew T. Fenrich, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the seventh district of Allegheny County.

Thomas V. McNally and Patrick J. Corr, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the eighth district of Allegheny County.

William J. Yester, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the ninth district of Allegheny County.

J. P. Moran, George E. Jenkins, B. Frank Hunter and Albert E. Beech, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the tenth district of Allegheny County.

David M. Boies and Jules Filo, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the eleventh district of Allegheny County.

George W. Cooper, Edwin C. Ewing, John R. Haudenshield and Ronald L. Thompson, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twelfth district of Allegheny County.

Thomas P. Geer and Raymond E. Wilt, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the thirteenth district of Allegheny County.

W. Stuart Helm and W. Mack Guthrie, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Armstrong County.

Robert K. Hamilton, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Beaver County.

John C. Miller and Reuben A. Nagel, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Beaver County.

Robert R. Clapper, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Bedford County.

Robert S. Readinger and John C. Kubacki, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Berks County.

LeRoy A. Weidner, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Berks County.

J. Hiram Swope, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Berks County.

Harold A. Yetzer, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Berks County.

Harold G. Miller, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Blair County.

Daniel H. Erb and D. Raymond Sollenberger, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Blair County.

Albert E. Madigan, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Bradford County.

Wilson L. Yeakel and Marvin V. Keller, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Bucks County.

Thomas H. Greer, Jr., and Harvey A. Moore, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Butler County.

Hiram G. Andrews and Raymond E. McDermit, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Cambria County.

Dennis L. Westrick, Louis Rovansek and Philip Lopresti, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Cambria County.

Edwin W. Tompkins, having recevied the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Cameron County.

William Z. Scott, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Carbon County.

Preston A. Frost, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Centre County.

William E. Brown, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Chester County.

Amos M. Leisey and Thomas P. Harney, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Chester County.

Paige Varner, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Clarion County.

Harris G. Breth, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Clearfield County.

John E. DuBois, Jr., having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Clearfield County.

Clarence E. Moore, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Clinton County.

H. Clayton Beaver, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Columbia County.

Robert F. Kent, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Crawford County.

Clarence G. Stoner, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Cumberland County.

Huette F. Dowling and Nolan F. Ziegler, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Dauphin County.

Edward S. Swartz and Blaine C. Hocker, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Dauphin County.

Louis A. Bloom, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Delaware County.

Robert J. Clendening, James N. Robertson and William C. Leonard, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Delaware County.

Herbert P. Sorg, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Elk County.

Delbert W. Dalrymple, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Erie County.

Julian Polaski, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Erie County.

Wilmer W. Waterhouse, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Erie County.

Stanley L. Blair, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Erie County.

Robert Wheeler, Jr., having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Fayette County.

E. Gadd Snider, Harry Cochran and Nicholas Kornick, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Fayette County.

James K. Davis, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Forest County.

Wilbur F. Barkdoll, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Franklin County.

Ralph E. Berkstresser, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Fulton County.

Russell Headlee, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Greene County.

Maurice L. Banker, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Huntingdon County.

Earl E. Hewitt, Sr. and William R. McMillen, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Indiana County.

Samuel B. Dennison, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Jefferson County.

Harry Graybill, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Juniata County.

Michael J. Needham, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Lackawanna County.

Robert A. Price, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Lackawanna County.

William J. Reidenbach, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Lackawanna County.

Joseph G. Wargo, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Lackawanna County.

Marion L. Munley, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fifth district of Lackawanna County.

Henry C. Spencer, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the sixth district of Lackawanna County.

Paul G. Murray, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Lancaster County.

Baker Royer, Walter L. Bomberger and Norman Wood, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the Gneral Assembly in the second district of Lancaster County.

Robert M. White, II, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Lawrence County.

William H. McCullough, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Lawrence County.

John H. Light, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Lebanon County.

John T. Van Sant and Reginald P. Stimmel, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Lehigh County.

Marian E. Markley, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Lehigh County.

John J. Mikula, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Luzerne County.

William P. Kohl, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Luzerne County.

James Musto, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Luzerne County.

Leonard A. Najaka, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Luzerne County.

Leo A. Filip, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fifth district of Luzerne County.

Harold E. Flack, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the sixth district of Luzerne County.

Vincent F. Gutendorf and James J. Jump, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the seventh district of Luzerne County.

James J. Gleason and Ray L. Riley, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Lycoming County.

Albert W. Johnson, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of McKean County.

Edward M. Young and George F. McConnell, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Mercer County.

Harry W. Price, Jr., having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Mifflin County.

John S. Shotwell, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Monroe County.

John A. Lafore, Jr., having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Montgomery County.

Thomas H. W. Jones, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Montgomery County.

William A. Bolton, Howard F. Boorse and Raymond C. Kratz, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Montgomery County.

John M. Reilly, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Montour County.

Francis W. Bucchin, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Northampton County.

Elwood M. Good, James L. Gaffney and John M. Jones, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the Gnral Assmbly in the second district of Northampton County.

Adam T. Bower, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Northumberland County.

John F. Stank and Edward Dunn, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Northumberland County.

T. Luke Toomey, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Perry County.

George T. Guarnieri and James J. Dougherty, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Repersentatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Philadelphia County.

Frank A. Costa, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Philadelphia County.

Frank Cella and Louis Sax, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Philadelphia County.

Cornelius J. Loftus, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Philadelphia County.

Louis J. Amarando, Mary A. Varallo and Thomas Peta, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the Gneral Assembly in the fifth district of Philadelphia County.

Lewis M. Mintess, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the sixth district of Philadelphia County.

Granville E. Jones, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the seventh district of Philadelphia County.

John R. McCormack and Arthur Rubin, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the eighth district of Philadelphia County.

Herman J. Tahl, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the ninth district of Philadelphia County.

Francis X. Muldowney and Josephine C. Coyle, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the tenth district of Philadelphia County.

Miles W. Lederer, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Asesmbly in the eleventh district of Philadelphia County.

William Limper and Albert L. Pfaff, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twelfth district of Philadelphia County.

Harry Pichney and Edwin F. Thompson, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members

of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the thirteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Wilbur H. Hamilton, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Charles C. Smith, haivng received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fifteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Herman Toll, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the sixteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Albert Leven, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the seventeenth district of Philadelphia County.

Samuel Rose, Dennie W. Hoggard and Edward J. Conway, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the eighteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Leon J. Kolankiewicz and Martin J. Taylor, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the nineteenth district of Philadelphia County.

Joseph J. Hersh and Eugene J. Hagerty, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twentieth district of Philadelphia County.

Edward Duffy, Jr. and J. Thompson Pettigrew, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-first district of Philadelphia County.

Joseph A. McGee and Morris Rosen, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-second district of Philadelphia County.

Susie Monroe, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-third district of Philadelphia County.

John J. Welsh, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-fourth district of Philadelphia County.

Joseph A. Scanlon, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-fifth district of Philadelphia County.

George A. Penglase, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-sixth district of Philadelphia County.

James A. Byrne, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the twenty-seventh district of Philadelphia County.

August Metz, Jr., having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Pike County.

Wrayburn B. Hall, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Potter County.

Gus Wachhaus, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Schuylkill County.

George C. Shoemaker, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Schuylkill County.

Wayne M. Breisch, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Schuylkill County.

G. Edgar Kline and Ivan C. Watkins, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the fourth district of Schuylkill County.

Ellis E. Ferster, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Snyder County.

J. Irving Whalley and Harry A. Naugle, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Somerset County.

Walter Baumunk, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Sullivan County.

Harold G. Wescott, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Susquehanna County.

Harry R. McInroy, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Tioga County.

Charles R. Reagan, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Union County.

John H. McKinney, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Venango County.

Allen M. Gibson, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Warren County.

John Mazza and J. Dean Polen, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Washington County.

C. O. Williams and Russell E. Reese, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Washington County.

George W. Firmstone, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in Wayne County.

John R. Madden and C. Blair Lyons, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of Westmoreland County.

James E. Lovett and Anthony J. Petrosky, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of Westmoreland County.

Charles J. Mills and H. J. Maxwell, having received the highest number of votes were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of Westmoreland County.

Ray W. Greenwood, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Wyoming County.

Harry E. Seyler, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the first district of York County.

Luther L. Bear, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the second district of York County.

George A. Goodling, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Member of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly in the third district of York County, as the same have been certified

to and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the return boards.

Respectfully submitted,

GENE D. SMITH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

(SEAL)

January 2, 1951.

ROLL CALL

The CHIEF CLERK. The roll will now be called.

The roll was called and the following Members-elect were present:

MEMBERS PRESENT—205

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Sorg,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jump,	Musto,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toll,
Cooper,	Keller,	Naugle,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kent,	Needham,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kline,	Olsen,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Varner,
Davis,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	White,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Wood,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yester,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rosen,	Young,
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Ziegler,
Good,			

MEMBERS ABSENT—2

Goodling,	Jenkins,

The CHIEF CLERK. Two hundred and five Members-elect having answered to their names a quorum is present.

RESOLUTION

OATH ADMINISTERED TO MEMBERS-ELECT

Mr. ZIEGLER a Member-elect offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the Honorable Robert E. Woodside a Judge learned in the law, of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, be requested to administer the oath of office required by Article VII of the Constitution, to be taken by the Members of the House of Representatives.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT HON. ROBERT E. WOODSIDE TO ROSTRUM

The CHIEF CLERK appointed Messrs. Ziegler and Yester to escort the Hon. Robert E. Woodside to the rostrum to administer the oath of office to the Members-elect.

OATH ADMINISTERED TO MEMBERS-ELECT

The CHIEF CLERK. A Bible will be found in the desk of each Member-elect for those who swear by the Bible.

The Members-elect will rise and remain standing at their desks during the administration of the oath of office.

The oath of office was then administered to two hundred and five Members-elect.

ADDRESS OF HONORABLE ROBERT E. WOODSIDE

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair at this time requests His Honor, Judge Woodside, to address the Members.

HONORABLE ROBERT E. WOODSIDE. Mr. Chief Clerk and Members of the House: For the last five regular sessions it has been my privilege and my honor to administer the oath to the Members of this House of Representatives. During the five previous sessions I had the honor of serving as a Member of this House.

Looking out from this rostrum I see many good friends who served with me. But each session as I come here I find their number decreasing. At the top of the alphabetical list of those remaining is my old friend, "Hi" Andrews. I have long since learned to respect him as an excellent legislator. He has Atleeian philosophy which he expresses in Churchillian language and as Jack Cummings said in his article yesterday, "He is cantankerous enough to make a good Minority Leader."

At the bottom of the alphabetical list of those who served with me is my friend, "Wils" Yeakel, a Member when I first came to the House. He has been serving this Commonwealth faithfully and capably for many years. On the roll between those two are many good friends, including your most competent Speaker.

My good friend Bill Habbyshaw who served with me from the Second Legislative District of Dauphin County remained with the House to serve as your Chief Clerk.

Along the side I see many former Members, a number of whom are now serving the Comonwealth in various other capacities. There is something about serving in the Legislature that makes its Members a little closer than those with whom we serve in most other capacities.

At times I wish I had the privilege of proposing to you certain legislation which is suggested to one serving on the Bench, but I take it that it is neither my right nor my privilege to make any such suggestions at this time.

Because of world conditions this House will face some serious problems. After all you make the rules by which the game of life, in Pennsylvania at least, is played. Thus every session of the House is important, for you have always a very serious and important work to perform.

To the new Members I say that I hope you will make many friends here and that you will get much satisfaction out of your service, and that you will enjoy your service here as much as I enjoyed mine.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By consent of the House leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Moran for Mr. JENKINS on account of illness.

RESOLUTION

ELECTION OF SPEAKER

Mr. HALL offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That in accordance with the provisions of Article 2, Section 9 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, the House do now proceed to the election of a Speaker, and that the clerks act as Tellers.

NOMINATIONS FOR SPEAKER

The CHIEF CLERK. The House will now proceed to the election of a Speaker. Nominations are in order.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Chief Clerk. Just ten years ago, a young man, a newly elected Member of this House, took his oath of office, the same as we have done today. He swore to uphold the Constitutions of our Country and State and to discharge the duties of his office with fidelity.

This young man is still with us. Many of us assembled here today have had the honor and pleasure of working with him.

He has served us and the people of this great Commonwealth with distinction. In 1945 he served as majority whip, in 1947 as majority leader, and when the Honorable Franklin Lichtenwalter was elected to represent his district in the Halls of Congress, this young man ascended to the office of Acting Speaker.

In 1949 in recognition of a job well done, he was elected to the high office of Speaker for the 1949-50 session.

During this session, more will be required of the Speaker than at any time in the history of our great Commonwealth. Today, we, as a Nation, are facing the most critical times since the dark days of Valley Forge—a time when the very principles of our government are challenged by the terrible threat to all decent civilization—the threat of communism.

I know of no one who has better qualifications,—ability, honesty, loyalty, courage and above all, the desire to be fair to both the minority and majority parties.

It gives me great satisfaction and pleasure to place in nomination, the name of the gentleman from Elk, The Honorable Herbert P. Sorg, for Speaker of this House.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Chief Clerk, Members of the House, it is an inspiring thrill to again be in attendance at this opening session of the 1951 Legislative Assembly, to meet all my good old friends, and to meet many new ones who are here with us today.

I am sure we are all aware of the vital importance of this session of the Legislature and of the importance of our individual responsibilities to the people of this Commonwealth. It is here in the Hall of this House that our people have their most direct contact and representation in government affairs. It is this very thing which has been so ruthlessly taken away from so many other people throughout the world and which even today is being very seriously threatened in our own nation. It is our sworn duty to preserve what we as Representatives have sworn to preserve, this representative government, and to enact those laws which will preserve the general welfare of our nation and make Pennsylvania a monument of democracy. To do this thing it will take understanding and cooperation amongst us, and it will call for strong leadership.

The man who holds office in this Assembly should have the confidence and respect of all of the people of this Commonwealth. He should be able; he should be fair-minded and just; he must be patient. He must, I think, most of all have a burning desire to see that right is done. In selecting a Speaker I think we are indeed fortunate that we have a man in this House who has proven his worth by past service in the House. He has truly done a magnificent job and we who have had the opportunity to serve with him know that he possesses these qualities. I can say to the new Members that you will not know Herb Sorg long and escape that conclusion. I know, as all of you who knew him must know, that he will serve as our Speaker with distinction, and will bring honor and dignity to all of us and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Chief Clerk, it is with genuine pride and sincere personal satisfaction that I second the nomination of the gentleman from Elk, Mr. Herbert P. Sorg, as Speaker of this House.

Mr. PETROSKY. Mr. Chief Clerk, I arise with a great deal of pleasure at this time to place in nomination the name of an able man who has served in this House with great distinction.

His many attributes can be attested to by the fact that the people of his Legislative District have sent him as their Representative for ten consecutive terms to this House. As presiding officer, this man will be fair and capable. So it is with great honor that I present the name of the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. James E. Lovett, to serve as Speaker of this House of Representatives.

Mr. STANK. Mr. Chief Clerk, it is certainly a privilege to be on the floor of this House to second the nomination of the gentleman from Westmoreland, the Honorable James E. Lovett for Speaker of the House. For eighteen years we have served in the House together and I am sure the older Members of the House will agree with me that Jim "Let's be fair" Lovett will make an excellent presiding officer for the Membership on both sides of this House.

Mr. HEWITT. Mr. Chief Clerk, I move that nominations for Speaker of the House be closed.

The motion was agreed to.

ROLL CALL

The CHIEF CLERK. The roll will now be called. Each Member will announce distinctly, when his name is called, the candidate for whom he votes.

The roll was called and was as follows:

FOR MR. SORG—119 VOTES

Banker,	Geer,	Madden,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Scott,
Baumunk,	Gleason,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Beech,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Blair,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Bloom,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Bolton,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bomberger,	Hall,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Boorse,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Bower,	Harney,	Metz,	Tahl,
Breisch,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Thompson, E. F.,
Brown,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, R. L.,

Cella,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Tompkins,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Toomey,
Clendening,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	Varner,
Costa,	Jump,	Murray,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Najaka,	Waterhouse,
Davis,	Kent,	Naugle,	Watkins,
Dennison,	Kline,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kohl,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Dunn,	Lafore,	Reagan,	White,
Erb,	Leisey,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rigby,	Wood,
Ferster,	Light,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Robertson,	Young,
Flack,	Lovett,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Lyons,	Rubin,	

FOR MR. LOVETT—86 VOTES

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Schuster,
Breth,	Jones, J. M.,	Musto,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Jones, P. F.,	Needham,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kamyk,	Olsen,	Sorg,
Cochran,	Kolankiewicz,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kornick,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kubacki,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Lederer,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leonard, L.,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leven,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Limper,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lopresti,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Maxwell,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good,	McDermit,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	McGee,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McNally,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	Mihm,		

NOT VOTING—2

Goodling,	Jenkins,

The CHIEF CLERK. The Tellers agree in their count and the vote is as follows:

Honorable Herbert P. Sorg received one hundred nineteen votes.

Honorable James E. Lovett received eighty-six votes.

The Honorable Herbert P. Sorg having received a majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER MADE UNANIMOUS

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Chief Clerk, I yield to the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Chief Clerk, I move that the vote for Speaker of this House be made unanimous.

The motion was agreed to.

NOTIFICATION FROM SENATE

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. Chief Clerk a committee on the part of the Senate.

Mr. PROPERT. Mr. Chief Clerk I have the honor to inform you that the Senate of the State of Pennsylvania is duly organized and ready to proceed to business.

The SPEAKER. The Chair receives with thanks the message of the Committee of the Senate.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SPEAKER-ELECT TO ROSTRUM

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair appoints Messrs. Smith and Andrews to escort the Speaker-elect to the rostrum.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO SPEAKER-ELECT

The CHIEF CLERK. Members of the House, I have the honor to present the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg Speaker-elect of this House of Representatives.

The oath of office was then administered to the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg Speaker-elect of the House of Representatives, by the Honorable Robert E. Woodside.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR

ADDRESS BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Mr. Chief Clerk, Fellow Members, Friends, even in the most ordinary circumstances we members of this House of Representatives, because of our particular function in the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, have a serious obligation. As individual members we must reflect the will of the thousands of people in our respective districts, and collectively, as a lawmaking body, we are answerable to the millions of people of all of Pennsylvania. In this Legislative Hall, the general welfare of all the people is the issue, and we are guilty of injustice when we do not think and speak and act toward the solution of our problems in the light of its effect on the daily lives of every man, woman, and child in this great Commonwealth of ours, without regard for party, creed, or station in life or extent of political influence.

But these are not ordinary circumstances under which we meet here today. All of us together will be a most vital part in the direction and planning of what a great State like Pennsylvania can do in a period of national emergency such as is now in existence. And it isn't enough to say that we're in a crisis. We must give full realization to the fact that the people of America and the people of Pennsylvania, whom we have been chosen to represent, are in the gravest kind of danger. The issue of general welfare as it confronts us now is not a matter of economics nearly so much as it is a matter of our very existence as a free people—it is a matter of what must be done for protection rather than a matter of economic planning, and if there never was a Session of the General Assembly before when it was all-important that partisanship be relegated to the background it must be done this time; because our obligation to the people who have sent us here is so very much more serious at this time.

It is a great honor to be selected Speaker of this House, for which I shall be ever indebted and grateful to all of you.

Because I am so confident of the sincerity and integrity of both the majority and minority leadership on the floor of this House and of their willingness to cooperate for the sake of an orderly determination of the issues that will come before us, I am most happy to accept the responsibility that goes with this high honor.

To all of you I appeal for the same tolerance and the same generous understanding that I have experienced in the past on this rostrum, and I want to assure you that my gratitude will be exceeded only by earnest desire to be right and deserving in the performance of the duties of the office.

THANKS EXTENDED TO CHIEF CLERK

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to thank the Chief Clerk, Honorable William E. Habbyshaw for the able manner in which he has conducted the organization proceedings.

ELECTION OF CHIEF CLERK

The SPEAKER. The Chair will now proceed to the election of a Chief Clerk.

Mr. WATKINS offered a resolution which was read, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That William E. Habbyshaw of Dauphin County, be elected Chief Clerk of this House of Representatives.

The SPEAKER. Are there any other nominations?

Mr. CLARENCE E. MOORE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the nominations for Chief Clerk be closed.

The motion was agreed to.

On a rising vote the resolution was unanimously adopted and Honorable William E. Habbyshaw was declared elected Chief Clerk of the House.

ELECTION OF SECRETARY

Mr. FLACK offered a resolution which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That William P. Roan of Luzerne County, be elected Secretary of this House of Representatives.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, since we must needs accept Members of the opposition as officers of this House, among Republicans we prefer Habbyshaw and Roan.

Mr. DENNISON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the nominations for Secretary be closed.

The motion was agreed to.

On a rising vote the resolution was unanimously adopted and Honorable William P. Roan was declared elected Secretary of the House.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT CHIEF CLERK AND SECRETARY

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Mr. Watkins and Mrs. Varallo as a committee to escort the Chief Clerk and Secretary to the Bar of the House where the oath of office will be administered to them.

If there are any Members-elect who have not yet taken the oath of office, they will present themselves at the Bar of the House.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO CHIEF CLERK AND SECRETARY

The oath of office was then administered to William E. Habbyshaw, Chief Clerk-elect and William P. Roan, Secretary-elect of the House by the Honorable Robert E. Woodside.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Chief Clerk, Honorable William E. Habbyshaw.

Honorable WILLIAM E. HABBYSHAW. Mr. Speaker, I, like Judge Woodside, served five terms in the House and since then I have served the House as its Chief Clerk. I might say that is one time that I can remember as a great time in my life.

The old Members I think all know me pretty well. As for the new Members I, as the Chief Clerk, and Mr. Roan as the Secretary, will be just as fair to all the Members of the House as we always have been.

I want to thank the Democratic party, because I believe this is the first time in my eighteen or twenty years around here that there was not a candidate put up for Chief Clerk or Secretary of the House. I thank you all.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Secretary of the House, Honorable William P. Roan.

Honorable WILLIAM P. ROAN. Mr. Speaker, and Members of the House, it has been an honor and pleasure to serve as your Secretary for a number of years. I want to thank the entire membership for reelecting me.

As Bill Habbyshaw told you, the Members of both parties, are always welcome in our offices whenever we can be of service to you. Thank you again.

APPOINTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARIAN

The SPEAKER. In compliance with the Act of the General Assembly approved the 28th day of May, 1931, P. L. 201, as amended, the Speaker appoints S. Edward Moore of Cumberland County, as Parliamentarian of the House of Representatives.

The Chair recognizes the Parliamentarian.

Mr. S. EDWARD MOORE. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank you for reappointing me as Parliamentarian of this House.

May I say to you who are serving your first term it will be a privilege for me to render any assistance to you within my power or ability.

That same invitation is, of course, extended to all Members.

I know we are going to have a very interesting session, and I am delighted to have the privilege of again having the opportunity of serving you.

RESOLUTION

THANKING JUDGE ROBERT E. WOODSIDE FOR ADMINISTERING OATH

Mr. TOMPKINS offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the Members of the House of Representatives do hereby extend their thanks to the Honorable Robert E. Woodside of Dauphin County, for his services in administering the oath of office to its Members and Officers.

THANKS EXTENDED

The SPEAKER. In the organization of this House there always are presented many problems, and in session after session Mr. Clarence Conner of Delaware County has ably solved them.

The gentleman from Delaware County Mr. Conner is requested to come to the Bar of the House to receive this gift.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, coming from Delaware County, we were taught never to miss an opportunity to say something whenever we had a chance.

It has been a real pleasure for me over the past fourteen years to be part of the opening exercises, starting back in my days with my friend Ellwood Turner, then with Elmer Kilroy and so on down to date you have heard the story.

The success, if I have had any, has been because of the splendid cooperation from the Members. I want you to know that I aprreciate it mightily. I appreciate the gift today and shall look forward to seeing you from time to time. For 1951 you have my best wishes for a very happy and a very successful session. I thank you.

The SPEAKER. For the past several weeks we have been very much concerned with whether or not we would have any facilities for this meeting today. Our desks are now in order and they will be kept in order because of the services performed by Frank Hoffman, Deputy Secretary of the House and his crew of workers, who have rendered very efficient services. We recognize the days and nights during this holiday season that they have worked on our behalf and we request that he present himself to the Bar of the House to receive this gift.

APPOINTMENT OF MAJORITY LEADER AND WHIP

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, and the Chair hears none, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood, for the purpose of making an announcement to the House.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, as Chairman of the Republican Caucus, I have been instructed to announce for the information of the Members of the House and for the record that the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith, has been elected by the Republican Caucus as Majority Leader of the House, and that the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Johnson, has been elected Majority Whip of the House.

APPOINTMENT OF MINORITY LEADER AND WHIP

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, and the Chair hears none, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Polen, for the purpose of making an announcement.

Mr. POLEN. Mr. Speaker, I have been instructed to announce to this House and for the purpose of the record that the Democratic Caucus has elected the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, as Minority Leader of the House, and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon, as Minority Whip of the House.

RESOLUTION

NOTIFICATION TO SENATE

Mr. YEAKEL offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House of Representatives is organized and ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House is organized and ready to proceed with business, Messrs. Yeakel, Haudenshield and Swope.

The Committee will proceed in the performance of its duties.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained permission to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, the invitation extended to the Members by the Parliamentarian to drop around to study up on parliamentary law reminds me how times have changed. I well can remember the time when it was proposed to a Speaker to start a school of instruction in parliamentary law. And do you know what the Speaker said? "Start a school to teach those so and sos parliamentary law? They know too much parliamentary law already."

I have reason today, Mr. Speaker, to address myself to a matter of mutual interest and concern. I hold in my hand a covenant—a covenant with the people of Pennsylvania. This covenant was adopted by the Republican party on September 9, 1950.

It is true that a cynical press in Pittsburgh in its comment said that it was window dressing, that it contained promises of things that could not be done, promises of everything.

I shall not refer to that,—that is not my thought at this time. I do not care to discuss whether the provisions of this covenant are right or wrong, or to what extent or in what sense they are right. That remains for another day.

I do claim the privilege however of very briefly pointing out some of the assuring pledges or promises which this covenant contains.

I am gratified to note that as far as our civilian defense is concerned it is all right, because I read that Pennsylvania is in every way prepared to confront any emergency, and I also note that we have a civilian defense organiation already organized which will care for any emergency. I shall not belittle it as far as this document is concerned. I am told we can be assured as far as city defense is concerned.

I also notice that this Legislature will devote itself to the task of modernizing, the framework of our Government, which leads me to wonder, if we must modernize the framework of our state government, what in the world have we been doing during the last three administrations?

I also note that we are going to rewrite the Labor laws and bring our unemployment compensation up to the level of the cost of living. I also note the municipal building program in the City of Philadelphia, and that we are going to modernize our health code.

But above everything else, Mr. Speaker, the vision that brings joy to my heart, and I presume joy to the hearts of all the Members of this Assembly is the assurance for those who pondered our situation, and I have no doubt pondered it at length, reached the same conclusion, that it was possible to finance the needs of our government without any money. There was not a direct commitment to that effect however.

It shall be our endeavor, Mr. Speaker, to try to find areas of agreement. It shall be our endeavor to take as many questions affecting the welfare of the people of this Commonwealth out of the arena of partisan politics as is humanly possible. There are many similar areas in these two covenants, and where those covenants are similar, we can assure the Governor of this Commonwealth that we will uphold his hands in redeeming the

promises to which both parties have mutually been committed.

Now, Mr. Speaker, you know there is a function for a minority party. A minority party is the only evidence we have that we are a democracy. If we just had one party and no minority party we wouldn't be a demoracy. That is one of the reasons why in future sessions I shall proclaim on behalf not only of the minority, not only of our membership on this side of the House, but upon the part of the electorate of Pennsylvania, that the voice of the minority be heard and the suggestions of the minority be considered.

The Republican covenant closes with the statement that the Almighty will help this Administration keep all the promises which the party covenant contains. I fear, Mr. Speaker, that if the Almighty is to be saddled with the task of seeing that all of the pledges of the covenant are kept, the majority party of the state of Pennsylvania has handed the Almighty a mighty big job.

I offer for the record a two party covenant, the platform of the Republican party and the platform of the Democratic party and ask that they be read into the record where they may remain available for the instruction of this House.

The SPEAKER. Without objection the documents will be spread upon the Journal of the House. The Chair hears no objection.

PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF PENNSYLVANIA ADOPTED AT PITTSBURGH, PA. SEPTEMBER 9, 1950

In this country's confused state caused by Democratic mismanagement of national affairs, our public officials must have competency, stability, balance and restraint.

Events have proved that both the Democratic National Administration and its satellite candidates for office in Pennsylvania, are completely destitute of these requisites for good government.

Our Nation, currently, is at its lowest ebb in international prestige. A so-called "police action" in Korea, quickly blossomed into full-fledged war. What the President has been calling "the Red Herring of Communism," has been changed into a red trail of American blood across Korea. Our nation faces potential world conflict totally unprepared. The blame for Russia's unquestioned advantage in Asia today, lies directly upon the Democratic doorstep.

Diplomatically and militarily, the Truman Administration bungled the Korean situation, with near disaster to our Country. Americans have been duped as to the security of the United States. The Democratic Administration repeatedly, has stubbornly refused to alert the country to the real danger of subversive activities within our borders.

We are today a confused, unprepared people because of secret, incompetent diplomacy. We have had foisted upon us a deliberately false theory which substituted economic for military bolstering of United Nation's allies long under threat of Red domination.

In sharp contrast, Pennsylvania is fully prepared, in every way, for any emergency which may confront nation or Commonwealth. This enviable position is due, principally, to the foresightedness and courage of Governor James H. Duff, his Administration and an alert Republican Legislature and Congressional delegation.

Pennsylvanians wholeheartedly join all Americans in supporting the war effort. But, we deplore with all our vigor, our national unpreparedness to effectively safeguard our country, our liberties and our American way of life.

We deplore and condem the use of the processes of the United States Courts for political purposes.

Governor Duff has given Pennsylvania an Administration unparalleled in efficient, economical accomplishments doing the most good for the greatest number. We stand committed to furtherance of this great record of accomplishments, and we will seek new fields to benefit our people.

The Republican Party in Pennsylvania is a proved party of action. It presents Pennsylvanians with men and women of action. We pledge anew, our determination to do for the people what they cannot do for themselves, sensibly, efficiently and economically.

We insist that the individual must be given the opportunity to face the future with confidence. He must have the right of personal initiative to forge ahead by his own efforts and to provide for his own future, undeterred by the dead-hand of Federal regulation, over-burdensome taxes and denial to participate in affairs of common concern.

This can best be accomplished through up-to-date government properly and capably administered for the benefit of all our people. We pledge to devote ourselves to the modernizing of the framework of our state government. We advocate a State Convention to consider changes to bring the Constitution of our Commonwealth more in line with the needs of the day. We will reapportion the State's Legislative and Congressional districts.

National Affairs

Our Country faces the most serious crisis in our history. As the result of our involvement in the International situation, it is impossible to overestimate the danger to our National security. For the first time in the history of America we face a threat to our very existence as a Nation. As the leader of the free people of today's world, we have extended our commitments on a world-wide basis without likewise developing our strength to enable us to make those commitments effective. Unless we immediately arouse ourselves, both to our dangers and to our present inability to meet those dangers, our failure may well be fatal, not alone to our freedom but to free people everywhere.

The Republican Party pledges all out support to our Armed Forces to the full extent of everything we have and everything we are.

To give our Military forces the fullest support, the mistakes of the present National Administration must be corrected immediately in every branch of the Government.

The time has come for the National Democratic Administration to take the American people into its confidence; to define clearly its present and future policy. Our people must know these policies and how it is planned for them to be realized. The days of soothing syrups, half measures and false optimism are gone. These are days of great danger. They call for measures of certainty and power. These days call for action instead of inaction. They call for frankness with the people instead of dishonest political maneuvers at a time when the whole National security is at stake. We have lost the Cold War. We dare not lose the Hot War!

The Present National Democratic Administration has been guilty of the greatest waste and extravagance of public funds of this or any other Nation in the whole course of history.

From the beginning of the Administration of George Washington through the year 1940, a

period of 152 years, the total expenses of operating the Government of the United States for all purposes whatsoever, and including the whole cost of the War of 1812, the cost of the Mexican War in 1846, the cost of the four years of the Civil War from 1861 to 1865, the cost of the Spanish-American War in 1898, and the complete cost of World War I during 1917 and 1918 was 168 billion dollars.

Yet, the present National Democratic Administion, through waste, extravagance, incompetence and inefficiency, during the last five years of the Truman Administration, has spent 214 billion dollars, or 48 billion dollars more to run the Government in the first 152 years of our history. And still the country is poorly and inadequately prepared to meet the crisis we now face.

Unless this waste and extravagance in our National Government is immediately eliminated, it will be impossible to prepare the kind of defense necessary for our survival.

In the present terrible National emergency every other problem and consideration must give way to the imperative necessity of erecting an impregnable National defense. The Republican Party pledges itself to take all measures and do all things necessary to erect such a defense and to do so now, before it is too late.

Communism

Of most immediate concern to all Americans is the inroads Communism is making in our country with the blessing of the Democratic National Administration.

Communism and its adherents have no place in the United States. Nor have the Socialist planned state theories sponsored by the Democratic National Administration.

Communism menaces America today because the Democratic Administration has constantly weakened our vigilance by creating a false sense of preparedness and security against Communism.

The Democratic party's secret agreements entered into at Yalta, Teheran and Potsdam gave Soviet Russia vast territories in Manchuria, Poland, Yugo-Slavia, Czechoslovakia, Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia and Hungary, and enslaved more than 200,000,000 people.

Republican attempts in Congress to expose Communists in government have been rediculed and thwarted by the Democratic Administration.

Unlike the Democrats, the Republican party does not seek, does not welcome and has repulsed support from Communists. Further, we pledge every effort to combat this political plague on the world. We will provide special protection to our people and our industries against Communist spies and saboteurs, through an already established Civilian Defense.

We will assist labor to rid itself of Communist members and protect labor Unions against infiltration of Communists.

We advocate legislation compelling Communists to register and providing the death penalty for any person found guilty of sabotage.

Education

The Duff Administration and a vigorous Republican Legislature have advanced Pennsylvania's educational facilities and the pay and security of teachers to unprecedented heights.

The Republican party recognizes its responsibilities to continuously elevate the state's educational system to an eminence unsurpassed in the country. Our children are entitled to the best educational facilities available, maintained at the highest standards by the most capable, best paid teachers. To these ends, we re-dedicate ourselves.

We will consider increasing teachers' pay and retirement benefits, additional aid to teachers' colleges, expansion of the Public School Building Authority and further State aid to Local School Districts.

We pledge strictest enforcement of the School Code in all School Districts.

We recommend that the Joint State Government Commission be directed by the General Assembly to study the feasibility of establishing medical and dental schools under the administration of State College so that the young men and young women of Pennsylvania who so desire, may not be deprived of the opportunity of acquiring a medical education.

We favor establishment of a free City College in Philadelphia and pledge State co-operation.

Highways

We pledge a continuation of the highway policies, principles and practices of the Duff Administration which established Pennsylvania foremost of all states in the entire field of highway endeavor and accomplishment.

We pledge the construction, reconstruction, resurfacing and widening of all segments of the State Highway System (Primary, Rural, Secondary and Urban) where such improvements will assure the greatest benefit to the highway users and the utmost development of our defense efforts and peace-time economy.

We pledge a balanced program of highway and street improvements which will recognize not only the actual economic values and benefits of highway development, but also the social concepts of highway values in the rural areas where the character of the roads has such an enormous bearing on the very existence of the population in their varied and necessary activities.

We pledge financial aid to the local levels of government for street and highway development based on policies established after careful study and analysis of the transportation needs of the respective communities.

We pledge continuation of efficient management of highway administration which results in the largest possible percentage of the highway tax dollar being available for construction improvements.

We pledge continuance of the Highway Planning Commission.

Public Health

We pledge to Pennsylvanians the finest public health program of the Nation.

We pledge the continuance of a program to provide increased recreational facilities for the healthful enjoyment of all our citizens.

We are unalterably opposed to socialized medicine.

We recommend voluntary health insurance programs for hospitals and individuals which will more adequately care for the health needs of our people, than any regimented program directed by the Federal Government.

As steps toward public health leadership for our men, women, and children the Republican Party pledges:

The Secretary of Health shall be selected for his proven experience, formal training, and leadership in the specialty of public health.

A decentralized system of full-time, local health services shall be established under highest standards set by State health authorities. Home rule responsibility in county health districts will be encouraged to bring public health services closer to the public.

Professional qualifications shall solely govern

key professional, technical, and executive positions in the state and local health departments.

Training and demonstration centers shall be established to provide renewed opportunties for qualified Health Department personnel to meet these high professional standards.

To replace and clarify archaic laws and conflicting, outmodeled statutes, a modern Health Code shall be enacted. It will reflect the best medical, scientific, legal and administrative practices of the 1950's.

We pledge legislation so that the state government may assume responsibility for the maintenance of hospitals for contagious diseases.

Welfare

We pledge expansion of the current Administration's outstanding mental health program with continued emphasis on prevention, care and treatment.

We pledge the furtherance of a penal and correctional program which will tend toward education and training of the inmates so that, upon discharge, they will be better equipped to take their rightful place in society.

We recommend consideration of a plan to return Public Assistance to the political sub-division at the county level.

Under Governor Duff, a new concept of mental health administration was initiated. This program will continue. University psychiatric institutes shall be so developed that the service of the State of Pennsylvania renders to the mentally ill will be second to none.

Agriculture

Pennsylvania farmers are noted for their skill and efficiency. Their two billion dollar industry makes a most important contribution to the State's economy.

Through the years, Pennsylvania farmers have found the Republican Party and its state administration, receptive to their problems, prompt to act upon them, and positive and progressive in planning for the broad needs of a highly productive and prosperous agriculture.

Furthering this policy, the Republican Party in Pennsylvania has encouraged the control and eradication of plant, animal diseases and insect pests has initiated and promoted agricultural education and agricultural research; has enacted laws under which farmers could incorporate to sell, collectively, under products and buy, collectively, the articles they need; has continually cooperated with farmers in the broad field of conservation has striven to obtain a balance between labor, agriculture and industry, for the welfare of each, and has encouraged the extension of utility services into rural areas.

These things the Republican Party has fostered to the end that Pennsylvania agriculture rates with the best in the country. The Republican Party pledges its continued support to this primary industry.

We recommend that the Joint State Government Commission be directed by the General Assembly to study the feasibility of establishing a veterinarian school at State College.

Pennsylvania pioneered establishment of pure food laws.

The Republican Party consistently has supported enactment of pure food laws for the protection of consumers against fraud, deception, adulteration, misbranding and sale of unwholesome food products.

The Republican Party will continue to support, encourage and maintain legislation that assures protection of our food industries and consumers in the manufacture and sale of pure and wholesome products.

Recognizing that conditions in the milk industry have changed since milk control legislation was enacted in Pennsylvania, the Republican Party recommends that the Joint State Government Commission make a thorough study of the whole problem of milk control for the purpose of making corrective recommendations to the General Assembly of 1951.

Veterans

The Republican Party welcomes the increasing interest of Pennsylvania war veterans in governmental activities.

The Republican Administration pledged, passed and paid a liberal bonus to Pennsylvania Veterans of World War II. To assure completion of this program, we favor extension of the date for filing application for payment.

We pledge the full cooperation of all agencies of the Commonwealth to assist servicemen and women and their families and dependents.

We pledge veterans' Preference for all Civil Service positions and we further pledge that we will strengthen existing laws of protect this preference.

We pledge the enactment of a permanent, nonresident military voting law.

Youth

We are committed to a progressive program which will promote greater opportunities for young men and women, so that they may have opportunity and advancement in business, commerce, agriculture, and industry.

We pledge to youth an increasing share of elective and appointive positions within the Party organization and in government at all levels.

We commend Young Republicans for their increased interest in governmental affairs.

Women

We pledge the appointment of at least one woman to the Governor's Cabinet.

We pledge equal consideration for women in governmental and party posts, especially at executive and policy-making levels.

Taxation

We will continue the consistent Republican policy of sound financing and governmental solvency. Commonwealth taxes will be kept at the lowest possible level.

Taxes, if needed to provide for the internal security of the Commonwealth and for the general welfare of all the people of Pennsylvania, will be levied without placing undue burdens upon any group or class.

Due to the uncertainty of world conditions, the amount of funds required for the next budget is impossible of prediction at this time. However, there have been favorable changes in the State's financial prospects in recent months. It is reasonably certain that revenues from existing taxes will be higher than expected. Some forms of expenditures, notably Public Assistance, are certain to be less.

We propose to eliminate the Soft Drink Tax. We are mindful that new obligations have to be financed. But we anticipate that the increases in revenue, and the decrease in expenditures arising from this changed situation, coupled with strict economy and good management, will be sufficient to avoid any additional taxes.

Labor

Under succeeding Republican administrations,

Pennsylvania has become a great industrial state. Both labor and Industry have made gains. We pledge to maintain those gains while adding to them.

We favor strengthening the Workmen's Compensation Act and increasing the benefits under this Act to adequately compensate injured employees commensurate with the increased cost of living and the decreased purchasing power of the dollar.

We believe that the employee who is permanently and totally disabled should be compensated for the full period of time during which the total disability exists.

We believe that all occupational diseases should be compensatory and that compensation for occupational diseases should be comparable to payment for accidental injuries.

We favor enactment of a minimum wage law as provided by Federal statute.

We believe that the Women's Hour Law should be amended to provide for equal pay for women doing the same type of work as that performed by men.

We believe it is possible to materially improve and strengthen the present machinery set up to handle labor disputes. The Republican Party pledges its co-operation and that of the Administration, to strengthening the Labor Relations Department so that will contribute to a greater extent to the elimination and settlement of labor disputes and strikes.

The Republican Party believes it is possible to strengthen and clarify the present statutory law relative to injunctions in labor disputes so as to prevent abuses where they exist. The Republican Party pledges itself to a sincere thorough study of the problem and to the passage of equitable remedial legislation.

The Republican Party favors legislation requiring all branches of the State Government to pay the prevailing wage rate on all contracts awarded by the Commonwealth.

We recommend that the General Assembly direct the Joint State Government Commission to make a thorough study of Disability Benefits Laws and report their findings to the Assembly at the earliest possible date.

We will support a program aimed to develop knowledge through labor extension education on practices in negotiating, and carrying out collective bargaining activities and agreements. This program to develop "know-how" and the knowledge of labor management legislation among the representatives of labor will assure equal standing in collective bargaining negotiations, will encourage the substitution of intelligence for force and strikes, and will work toward the elimination of compulsory provisions of labor management legislation upon both labor and management alike.

Local Government

Proper distribution of governmental powers is the only safeguard of liberty. We therefore uphold the right of political sub-divisions to self government.

Civil Rights

American civil rights are inherent and inalienable. We hereby pledge that every Pennsylvanian, regardless of sex, race, origin, or religion will have equal protection and equal opportunity.

We pledge the immediate enactment of an effective and adequate Fair Employment Practice Law.

Commerce and Industry

As the greatest industrial State in the Union, Pennsylvania owes much to the thousands of citizens who have invested their savings in private industry.

The Republican Party is therefore pledged to keep this Commonwealth a place where the investor, the laborer and the management of commercial enterprise can work in harmony and to the profit of each.

We promise alert and aggressive action by Pennsylvania's representatives in the United States Senate and House of Representatives against Democratic efforts to remove Pennsylvania's industry to the great injury of labor and agriculture.

We pledge vigorous and determined action by the Republican Representatives in Congress for fair, equitable and American treatment for Pennsylvania in the matter of industrial priorities.

We will co-operate with the Anthracite and Bituminous Coal Industry and the mine workers in the improvement of coal mining practices. To improve Pennsylvania's competitive position, we will stimulate co-operative research leading to the development of new uses of anthracite and bituminous coal and their by-products.

We pledge to continue and expand the co-operation and assistance of the State Government in the encouragement of small business as a means of providing stable Community growth and prosperity, and as a source of increased employment.

Ports of Pennsylvania

We pledge legislation to establish a Philadelphia Port Authority with power to make an agreement with the State of New Jersey for the establishment of a Delaware River Port Authority. We would supplement the existing 1931 New Jersey-Pennsylvania compact to permit the conversion of the Present Delaware River Joint Commission into the Delaware River Port Authority and to give it needed functions.

We further pledge State co-operation in the development of the Pittsburgh and Erie Ports.

Conservation

We pledge a continuance of the Duff program of conservation, reforestation and stream clearance to preserve our great natural resources and to provide healthful recreation, fishing and hunting for our citizens.

Philadelphia

We are pledged to co-operate with the City of Philadelphia in the preservation and development of watersheds as future sources of domestic and industrial water supply for Philadelphia and vicinity.

We pledge the State Legislature to passage for the second time, the Philadelphia City-County Consolidation Bill so that it may be submitted to the State for vote.

Conclusion

The preceding Republican Administrations have contributed greatly to the advancement of our Commonwealth and their contributions have enhanced its welfare materially.

This platform represents the honest and sincere intent of the Republican Party of Pennsylvania to further the interests, security and welfare of our people.

It symbolizes our purpose of keeping Pennsylvania modern in Government structure and in proper assistance to our citizens.

With God's help we will conform to its precepts.

PLATFORM ADOPTED BY DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE, SEPTEMBER 16, 1950

1. Reorganization of State Government

A State "Hoover Commission" to modernize State agencies and effect economies by eliminating overlapping and waste; efficient administration by the best qualified personnel in all offces, from highest to lowest, with full recognition of women in executive and administrative posts.

A commission modeled on President Truman's federal government reorganization commission on which ex-President Hoover served as chairman will be appointed to modernize our state government and equip it for present days needs. Politically devised methods of personnel administration result in 20 percent of the Commonwealth's employees doing 80 percent of the work. There are at least 3,000 unnecessary employees on the state payroll. Methods of financing, accounting and auditing are relics of the 18th Century. The present Republican administration has made this situation worse by an apparently deliberate policy of discrimination against women, and is the only administration in modern times which has not had a woman in the Cabinet. The record of the present Republican candidate for Governor indicates a similar discriminatory tendency. The Democratic Party will recognize intelligence and ability in state employment without discrimination of sex, race, creed, color or national origin.

2. State Constitution

A new Constitution for Pennsylvania

The structure of the present state government was established in 1874. It is outmoded and archaic, inadequate to meet the needs of modern times. A new Constitution geared to the present-day responsibilities and obligation of state government is necessary if we are to have a government operating in an efficient, business-like way.

3. Reapportionment and Elections

Reapportionment of congressional and legislative districts; revision of election laws to increase safeguards against fraud and intimidation; a permanent absentee voting law for men and women in military service.

The Pennsylvania Constitution requires reapportionment of legislative districts every ten years, upon completion of the decennial Federal census. In flagrant disregard of this mandate, Republican state administrations have refused to permit reapportionment since the census of 1920. In the only year in which the Democrats controlled both houses of the legislature (1937), a reapportionment bill was passed and signed by the Governor. It was promptly declared unconstitutional by Republican judges of the state courts. The Democratic Party will enact a fair reapportionment law, giving adequate representation on the basis of population to all parts of the State.

In certain urban communities, one-party political control has resulted in widespread fraud and intimidation of voters. In such areas it has been impossible for the minority party to obtain watchers at the polls and other election officials to insure a fair and free election. Legislation will be enacted to prevent this totalitarian perversion of Democracy and to safeguard the sanctity of the secret ballot.

4. Taxation

A non-partisan expert commission to recommend an equitable system of taxation, based on ability to pay, to provide revenue for the legitimate needs of the State.

The present tax laws of Pennsylvania are a chaotic hodge-podge of unscientific and un-coordinated tax levies. Administration of these laws by Republican machine political henchmen has resulted in widespread tax evasion by special-privilege interests. Republican controlled administrations and legislatures have enacted retrogressive taxation, bearing most heavily on the consumer and those least able to pay.. Extravagance of the Duff Administration has resulted in a financial crisis which will call for drastic action by the next State administration.

The Democratic Party will appoint a commission of experts, without political ties, to recommend a modern and simplified tax system based on ability to pay, which will raise the money necessary to wipe out Republican deficits and provide revenuue adequate for efficient government economically administered.

The tax burden must not be loaded on the shoulders of those who purchase consumer goods essential to decent living. An example of this type of tax is the soft-drink tax enacted by the Republican legislature in the 1947 session and renewed by the same Duff controlled legislature in 1949. The Democratic members of the House and Senate, practically to a man, opposed this tax, and we will continue to oppose it. Only the bludgeoning of Governor Duff made the enactment of this tax possible.

5. Communism

Relentless war upon the Communistic foe at home and abroad with every weapon that can be used within the framework of the Constitution.

America, under Democratic leadership, has rallied the forces of the free world in the battle against Communism and has preserved the faith of its people in the benefits of our free way of life. While the Republicans have opposed Communism with empty words and political harangues, the Democratic Party has consistently and successfully fought Communism with action. We condemn the inaction of the Republican state administration which has failed to use and to enforce existing laws against sedition and subversive activity.

6. Atomic Protection

A comprehensive state-wide atomic defense, protection, rescue, evacuation and medical treatment system based upon latest scientific knowledge, directed and manned by the best qualified personnel available anywhere in America and keyed to national civilian and military war plans.

Our state government today is unprepared and virtually without even plans, to say nothing of effective organization, to deal with the problems of atomic attack. World War II methods cannot meet the needs of the atomic age. The present lack of effective state leadership represents not only a hazard to every citizen, but a gross injustice to those public-spirited volunteers who are engaged in civilian defense.

7. Civil Rights

Full civil rights for all our people in employment, security of person and family; eradication of discrimination based on race, religion, sex, color or national origin; a state Fair Employment Practice Commission with adequate enforcement powers.

Pennsylvania's Democratic Congressmen and

Democratic members of the legislature fought for fair employment practice legislation. Consistent with their practice of promising everything and giving nothing, Governor Duff and his reactionary legislature killed fair employment practice legislation.

We pledge the abolition of state supported, segregated schools and of segregated divisions of the Commonwealth's fighting forces, and we will take statutory steps to curb search-and-seizure raids to the end that Pennsylvania practices may be brought into conformity with federal law.

We recognize the many patriotic contributions made by Americans of foreign birth and pledge them equal opportunity to work in every field and to participate in public service.

8. Veterans

Effective administration of existing laws relating to veterans, and adequate provision for funds to be used for the physical rehabilitation and vocational training of veterans.

The Duff administration and its Republican predecessors have shown a shocking disregard for the welfare of our war veterans and have failed to give them the full benefit of existing legislation. The Democratic Party in the state and nation have always stood for and will continue to fight for adequate aid for veterans in housing, for state and federal cooperation in the veteran's interest, and for the extension of physical rehabilitation and vocational training programs.

9. Organized Crime

Revision of our Criminal Code to deal effectively with organized vice and crime.

Effective legislation is needed to protect our citizens from organized crime. Corruption of governments begins with protection of criminals who conduct their nefarous operations with the knowledge, consent and participation of political bosses. Only by destroying this vicious alliance will we wipe out juvenile delinquency and break up the criminal syndicates, which can exist only by corrupting our law-enforcement agencies.

10. Labor

Liberalized non-optional workmen's compensation and unemployment insurance coverage, definitions and benefits, including sickness, disability and complete occupational disease coverage; a fair anti-injunction law which will require hearings before the issuance of temporary injunctions and jury trials before the issuance of permament injunctions in labor disputes; a wages and hours law modeled after the federal act, granting minimum wages of 75c per hour and requiring all branches of government to pay prevailing wage rates on contracts; full protection and equality for women in industry with equal pay for equal work; effective administration of existing safety, regulatory and sanitation laws; repeal of the Taft-Hartley Act; restoration of the 1937 State Labor Relations Act; railroad crew requirements based upon the general practice in the industry; and repeal of all anti-labor legislation enacted by successive Republican legislatures since 1939.

In 1937 the Democratic administration, carrying out its platform pledges by legislative enactment, placed Pennsylvania in second position on the list of states in its compensation to injured workers and broadened the coverage of unemployment compensation. The succeeding Republican administrations removed these increased benefits and brought Pennsylvania back to twenty-ninth place. In the Congress, the gains to labor have been maintained by the Democratic Party against the strongest opposition of the Republican representatives of Big Business. We will restore Pennsylvania to its former high place among the enlightened states in its coverage of unemployment compensation and we will include in the law allowances to dependents and during illness. We will enact amendments to the compensation laws to remove provisions in the law prejudicial to the employee as well as provisions for continuing total disability payments throughout the entire period of the total disability.

11. Farmers

Elimination of politics from the Department of Agriculture; extension and improvement of all-weather farm-to-market roads; expanded rural electrification; rural health and nursing clinics; return of all taxes on gasoline used on farms; more effective eradication of infectious animal diseases under a fair indemnity system; farm legislation by and for farmers without "big city" domination; effective state marketing help; expansion of State College research and extension work; encouragement of improved livestock breeding, grassland farming, and farm cooperatives; and aid and assistance to farmers in the development of a farm-pond program.

Our Department of Agriculture should and will cooperate with federal agencies to enrich Pennsylvania's vast farm lands. Rural electrification will be extended to accommodate our rural citizens and enable them to better enjoy modern living. More extensive programs for eradication of Bangs Disease, mastitis and other infectious animal destroyers will be initiated and carried forward, and compensation for herd destruction will be on a present value basis.

12. Milk Control

Elimination of distributor domination of the Milk Control Commission.

The milk distributor and the Milk Control Commission must be divorced. A simplified law is needed to eliminate procedural red-tape for both producer and consumer. A commission, not dominated by the distributor, is needed to insure adequate compensation for the producer, fair profit for the distributor and, most important, a retail price available to all children of the state in quantities necessary to build health.

13. Business

Encouragement to and safeguarding of our free enterprise system, giving real meaning to the principle of free enterprise by making it applicable to all industry and business, both small and large; constructive action to bring new industries and business into the state, and to encourage development of a climate conducive to profitable business operations.

The Democratic Party has always supported legislation to protect the legitimate interests of the business man both in the state and in the nation. The small business man must have an equal opportunity to compete in a sound, free enterprise economy.

14. Health and Welfare

Elimination of ward-heeler politics from the health and welfare programs; adequate and properly compensated and trained staffs, in addition to bricks and mortar, for all mental and health institutions; a program of health education and preventative health measures; state aid to counties for child care; and the creation of a Bureau for Children in the Department of Welfare.

Under a Democratic administration in 1937, Pennsylvania took its place among the enlightened states by enacting legislation to assume complete responsibility for the care of mentally ill. A Republican legislature postponed the effective date of the new laws for two years; and only the opposition of a Democratic House blocked efforts for further delay. The Duff administration has spent considerable time and money on bricks and mortar, but competent staffs and good management are still tragically lacking. The scandals of Byberry, Morganza, White Hill and Belle Vista are proof positive that the Department and the institutions reek with politics and mismanagement. The present health code is conflicting, archaic and out-moded. The code should be rewritten and should provide for the care by the state for those unfortunates suffering from tuberculosis and other communicable and contagious diseases who cannot be admitted to local institutions.

Under the Democratic administration in Washington, funds for buildings and research programs for the sick and mentally ill have been made available for Pennsylvania for several years. We will take full advantage of this federal aid to accomplish a program for the health and welfare of our people, as suggested by the American Public Health Association reports.

15. Housing

Adequate standby rent control legislation for use in the event the need arises; state contribution to support low rental and non-profit middle-income housing programs; redevelopment of slum areas; housing and building legislation to permit localities to encourage the use of modern building methods and materials.

In utter disregard of the necessity for tenant protection during a period of drastic housing shortage, the Duff-Fine Party has failed to enact standby rent control legislation. Unlike other and more liberal state administrations, the Duff-Fine Party has given no support to low-rental housing projects and only token aid to a middle income housing program. Our housing and building codes reflect conditions of the early 1900's.

Were it not for President Truman and the Democratic 81st Congress, which enacted the general Housing Act of 1949, Pennsylvania communities would not have been able even to make a start on slum clearance and low-rental housing projects essential to remove urban blight and to give decent, healthful housing to thousands of Pennsylvania families who cannot meet the costs of privately built dwellings.

16. Education

Adequate state aid to local school building programs in order to replace outmoded and inadequate structures; increased teacher retirement benefits; improvement of state school assistance to provide equal educational opportunity for every child irrespective of race, religion, color, or national origin; appointment of teachers on the same non-discriminatory basis; adequate teacher compensation to meet the rising costs of living and to attract sufficient trained personnel.

The Democratic Party, which is responsible for the passage of the Teachers' Tenure Law in Pennsylvania, is committed by tradition to raise the standards of teachers and of education in general. This can be accomplished only by a continuance of its fight for equal pay for equal service, smaller classes in the schools, and other educational reforms.

We will pass legislation to equalize financial responsibility for support of the schools, making certain that the Commonwealth shares its proper portion of mandated increases in school costs.

17. Public Assistance

Elimination of politics and fraud from, and the establishment of honesty and efficiency in, the administration of public assistance; adequate grants for the needy with due allowance for increased living costs; increased old age assistance based on an adequate standard of living; increased pensions for the blind on a basis comparable with other enlightened states; adequate allowances for widowed mothers and dependent children; unyielding opposition to any plan which fosters the return of the public assistance burden to the political subdivisions.

The Democratic Party has grown in strength because it has always believed in the importance of the health and welfare of families. The health and welfare legislation conceived by President Roosevelt was enacted into law despite the reactionary opposition of the Republican Party. The present Democratic Congress has increased and extended provisions of the Social Security Act to an additional ten million people. The reactionary Republican administration of the assistance laws in Pennsylvania has been pock-marked with fraud and scandal and discredited by politics, special favors and administrative incompetence, with inadequate grants that are lower than thirty-one other states in the Union.

18. The Public Utilities

Proper administration to make the public interest the primary concern of the Public Utility Commission, so that fair rates for the consumer will be the objective of the Commission as well as fair return on the investment of the utility.

After much opposition from the reactionary Republican leadership, it was the Democratic Party which in 1937 enacted a utility law in the interest of the consumer, with full protection to the utilities. This law is adequate for the protection of all parties if the Commission will properly interpret and enforce it.

19. Highways

Creation of a permanent State Commission to insure a planned highway system, adequate for modern commerce, with allotment of highway funds on a scientific basis; extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike to Erie and the hard-coal regions.

A modern highway system is needed to implement Pennsylvania's farm and factory needs for ever-increasing better transportation. The farmer needs more and better roads to send his products to market. Business needs more and better roads to send its products to centers of trade. Highway funds should not be allocated on a political basis. Our sorely neglected resort areas can be extensively developed with better roads to attract tourists from other parts of the country. Road building to advance the political ambitions of a governor, or any candidate or Party, is a luxury we can no longer afford.

20. Coal Regions

State action to bring modern industrial facilities to the depleted coal areas, and to develop new industries above the surface which will give needed employment to thousands.

An aggressive program will be initiated and carried through to attract new industries to these

areas. Jobs will be brought nearer to the homestead to prevent the moving of families to new places of employment for the bread-winner.

A program for restoration of farm lands scarred by strip mining must be initiated and carried forward.

21. Natural Resources

Forestry programs to reduce the dependence of Pennsylvania on imported lumber; reclamation of marginal wastelands and a study of their possible uses; a long-range federal-state-local flood control program; a practical state-wide conservation program which will provide clean streams without bankrupting municipalities; increased water supply for the state's industries and improvement and expansion of recreation and resort areas.

The accomplishment of this program requires whole-hearted cooperation with the federal government, which the Duff administration has completely and continuously ignored.

There should be a judicious expansion of the state's stream clearance program, which was initiated by the Democratic Party. Under such a program, the state should be prohibited from imposing stream clearance expenditures upon municipalities unless it provides a financing plan designed to secure the revenue necessary to carry out the mandated project. Operating coal companies with coal reserves near the point of depletion should not be required to shoulder the staggering cost of disposal facilities where pollution will end with suspension of operations within a reasonable period. A sane stream clearance program can be accomplished without bankrupting municipalities or business enterprises.

22. Sports and Recreation

Establishment of Game and Fish Commissions as separate bodies removed from politics, with their own special funds which may not be diverted to any other purpose; and adequate and long-neglected game and fish expansion program to provide satisfactory sport for all sportsmen.

This program will include the restoration of at least 150,000 acres of game lands to the proper game food and game producing stage, a program promised four years ago by the Game Commission but not carried out.

We will guarantee the property rights of all lease-holders of camps and cottages on state forest lands, and at least continue the status quo in renewing leases after ten year periods. We also pledge the granting of rights of way on state lands to bring electricity to camps on state forest lands.

We favor a food and cover program to rebuild the deer herd in the state.

23. Penal System

Modernization of our prison and correction system; classification centers to study, separate and assign mentally normal and abnormal prisoners; facilities for youthful offenders to relieve overcrowding at White Hill; adequate facilities for defective delinquents instead of Huntingdon.

Our entire penal system must be geared to rehabilitate offenders instead of providing only for their incarceration. Saving offenders from a life of crime is a goal worth the effort. The way of accomplishment was pointed out in the Ashe Committee Report of 1944. Legislation coupled with appropriations was approved, but the Duff-Administration has done nothing through administrative action or allocation of funds.

24. Lobbies

A state law requiring registration of lobbyists and detailed accounts of their receipts and expenditures.

Railroads, utilities, mining and industrial companies and other pressure groups have long maintained expensive lobbies in Harrisburg; but the source of their funds and how they spend their money has never been made public. The Federal Government and 38 States have already adopted legislation requiring registration and financial accounting by lobbyists. It is high time for Pennsylvania to follow suit so that we, too, will have proper supervision over lobbying activities and will be able to remove present special-privilege interest domination from the legislative halls of Harrisburg.

25. Philadelphia

Prompt enactment of legislation required to modernize Philadelphia's government and improve the Philadelphia metropolitan area.

The 1951 Legislature must promptly enact the City-County consolidation amendment. The Democratic Party will urge its adoption by the voters. The Act giving home rule to Philadelphia must be amended to give the Charter Commission the broadest possible authority to deal with all City and County offices and other state and local agencies exercising governmental functions pertaining exclusively to Philadelphia. Because enactment of these measures would go far toward destroying the political power of the Philadelphia members of the Duff-Fine machine, they will never be enacted while the Republican Party is in power.

Adequate State support must be given to port, airport, highway, urban redevelopment and stream clearance projects particularly affecting the Philadelphia district.

A Democratic state administration will immediately institute a sweeping non-partisan investigation of the well known tie-up of vice, crime, politics and law enforcement agencies.

26. Pittsburgh

Prompt completion of the community program for the Pittsburgh district, including state support for highway, urban redevelopment, housing, parking, air pollution control and stream purification projects.

An ambitious program for the modernization of of the Pittsburgh area has been adopted by its progressive governmental officials, by labor, and by business leaders. Its prompt completion requires state support. The Democratic Party will see to it that the administration and the legislature at Harrisburg take all necessary steps to assist this enlightened community program.

27. Pennsylvania's Ports

A Port Authority Act for Philadelphia to permit joint development with New Jersey of the Delaware River as potentially the finest port in the United States, and state cooperation in developing the ports of Pittsburgh and Erie.

The Duff administration in 1949 aided and abetted the railroad lobby in sabotaging legislation designed to develop the Port of Philadelphia in cooperation with New Jersey, which had enacted excellent legislation with this in view. This selfish act of special interests has set back the Philadelphia port development program by at least two years.

A Democratic State administration will sponsor

efforts to increase the ocean, lake and river-borne shipping of our State's three greatest ports and improve dock and transportation facilities for handling an ever-increasing volume of trade and commerce.

28. Home Rule

Enactment of legislation which will permit all municipalities to frame and adopt charters in accordance with their needs and their local desires.

The Republican administration has foisted upon local governments vast tax obligations without their consent. It has maintained an iron-clad rule over them through legislative domination of their every act. We propose to liberate Pennsylvania's municipalities from this tyranny.

29. Wartime Profiteers

Stringent legislation to supplement federal laws against wartime profiteering and black marketing.

Unpatriotic and un-American gouging of the consumer in a time of national crisis must be guarded against with every resource of federal, state and local government. We will provide the utmost protection for Pennsylvania's citizens against this menace.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I am sure that we on this side of the House greatly appreciate the minority offer of cooperation with the majority party for the welfare of the people of our great Commonwealth.

I am quite sure if there are differences they will be small. We have solved them in the past and I don't see any reason why we cannot solve them in the future. I am quite sure that if the gentleman will consult the Journal in the dying days of this session he will find that the majority party has kept its promises to the people of this state.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Mr. YEAKEL. Mr. Speaker, your Committee appointed to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House is organized and ready to proceed with the business of the session has performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair receives the report and the Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor was introduced.

The SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR (N. L. Wymard). Mr. Speaker, in behalf of the Governor I would like to express his sincere thanks to the House for the many courtesies extended to him.

I have official communications from His Excellency the Governor.

The communications were laid upon the table.

NOTIFICATION TO GOVERNOR

Mr. SMITH offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth and inform him that the House of Representatives is organized and ready to receive any communications he may be pleased to make.

COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER appointed as a committee to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the House is organized and ready to receive communications Messrs. Smith, Sollenberger and Andrews.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

REQUEST TO ADDRESS JOINT ASSEMBLY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to address the members in Joint Session this afternoon at three o'clock.

JAMES H. DUFF.

GOVERNOR INVITED TO ADDRESS JOINT ASSEMBLY

Mr. RAY L. RILEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth be invited to address the Joint Assembly at a time to be fixed by Concurrent Resolution.

The motion was agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to inform the Members that the Governor will address the Joint Session of the General Assembly at 3 o'clock. In order to conserve the time of the Members, that they may get away early, the resolution of the Senate provides that the Joint Session shall convene at 2:15. The Members will therefore be able to leave for home immediately after the address of the Governor, without any further business on the part of the House.

SENATE MESSAGES

JOINT SESSION

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in joint session Tuesday, January 2, 1951, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth; also witnessing the opening, counting and computing of the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held Tuesday, November 7, 1950, in the several counties of this Commonwealth; and to elect a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT GOVERNOR TO HALL OF HOUSE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, pursuant to a resolution already adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee on the part of the House to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House Messrs. Ray L. Riley, Leisey and Moran.

SENATE MESSAGE

APPOINTMENT OF TELLER

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informs the House of Representatives.

That the Senator from Indiana County, Mr. Peelor has been appointed Teller on the part of the Senate for the purpose of witnessing the opening, computing and counting the vote for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE TO HALL OF HOUSE

Mr. ROYER offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the Speaker appoint a committee of two to escort the Members of the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending the Joint Session of the General Assembly.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending the Joint Session, Messrs. Royer and Polen.

RESOLUTION

APPOINTMENT OF TELLER

Mr. COOPER offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows

In the House of Representatives, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, That the gentleman from Venango, Mr. McKinney, be appointed Teller on the part of the House of Representatives to open and compute the vote for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, in a Joint Session of the Senate and House on January 2, 1951, at 3:00 p. m.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I wish to inform you that the Committee appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform him that this House is organized and ready to proceed with its work has performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair receives the report and the Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

SENATE MESSAGES

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four o'clock p. m., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, January 15, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

POSTAGE FOR LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Whereas, The Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the Postmaster at Harrisburg, therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and that the payment of the postage for the Legislative Journal, also for the Bills, Calendars and Histories be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 2, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate be and is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of twelve Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of fifteen members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to make neces-

sary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect, to wait upon His Excellency, and to conduct him to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and be it

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremonies take place at twelve o'clock Noon on the third Tuesday of January, the 16th instant, 1951, on the west side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Forum; and be it further

Resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding Five Thousand (5,000) Dollars in the making and carrying out of said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the provisions of a concurrent resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives, Tuesday, January 2, 1951, I hereby appoint as an Inaugural Committee on the part of the House: Messrs. Mikula, Chairman; Kratz, Kline, Dalrymple, Reagan, Greenwood, Erb, Madigan, Guthrie, Wachhaus, Green, McCormack, Madden, Lovett, Readinger.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary of the Governor, being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

REASONS FOR PARDONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith the reasons for pardons and commutations granted from January 5, 1949, to date.

JAMES H. DUFF.

(For reasons see appendix)

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. ROYER. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to wait upon the Senate and escort them to the Hall of the House for the Joint Session has performed that duty and the Senate is now present.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

The Acting Lieutenant-Governor is invited to preside over the Joint Session of the General Assembly. The Secretary of the Senate is invited to the rostrum.

The Members of the Senate and House will remain standing until called to order by the Acting Lieutenant-Governor.

JOINT SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR PRESIDING

ELECTION RETURNS

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. This being the day and time agreed upon by concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives and in accordance with the laws of this Commonwealth for the opening, counting and computing of the official returns for the election of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs held on Tuesday, November 7, 1950, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, the returns will be now opened and read.

The Teller on the part of the Senate is the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Peelor. The Teller on the part of the House is the gentleman from Venango. Mr. McKinney. They will please come to the desk and proceed in the performance of their duty.

The returns for Governor were opened and read by the Clerk.

VOTES CAST FOR GOVERNOR ON NOVEMBER 7, 1950

Counties	John S. Fine Rep.	Richardson Dilworth Dem.	Richard R. Blews Pro.	Reginald B. Naugle G. I.'s Against Com.
Adams,	7,354	5,414	22	46
Allegheny,	246,892	270,577	1,036	1,359
Armstrong,	12,039	9,794	135	95
Beaver,	23,321	24,751	175	188
Bedford,	6,501	5,122	46	34
Berks,	32,750	38,291	210	109
Blair,	22,334	13,715	142	206
Bradford,	10,693	5,170	103	65
Bucks,	24,970	19,418	92	103
Butler,	16,225	9,442	185	156
Cambria,	34,245	40,532	111	239
Cameron,	1,422	879	9	18
Carbon,	9,043	9,949	92	38
Centre,	6,705	4,453	61	21
Chester,	27,247	16,508	99	77
Clarion,	6,224	5,578	123	42
Clearfield,	11,969	11,964	242	72
Clinton,	5,607	5,143	68	44
Columbia,	8,736	9,629	66	62
Crawford,	13,165	9,140	194	52
Cumberland,	16,271	13,173	106	56
Dauphin,	44,247	26,826	309	163
Delaware,	87,255	59,506	542	66
Elk,	4,886	5,575	57	54
Erie,	31,981	29,772	392	85
Fayette,	20,986	28,400	307	70
Forest,	1,188	723	51	9
Franklin,	11,267	7,682	62	60
Fulton,	1,623	1,894	13	13
Greene,	4,503	7,516	34	49
Huntingdon,	6,898	4,087	49	39
Indiana,	13,022	10,140	122	62
Jefferson,	8,603	5,471	132	42
Juniata,	2,952	2,705	14	14
Lackawanna,	50,167	58,414	285	202
Lancaster,	40,242	20,617	196	212
Lawrence,	17,723	14,418	241	142
Lebanon,	14,099	9,525	73	90
Lehigh,	28,009	25,110	307	71
Luzerne,	76,661	65,837	980	562
Lycoming,	16,016	15,909	668	211
McKean,	9,908	4,591	143	128
Mercer,	19,413	15,089	302	89
Mifflin,	5,889	5,089	36	33
Monroe,	5,884	5,864	31	33
Montgomery,	75,290	48,018	191	213
Montour,	2,551	2,394	5	7
Northampton,	24,720	29,447	406	83
Northumberland,	22,230	17,879	83	140
Perry,	4,998	3,303	37	21
Philadelphia,	374,977	452,055	1,342	265
Pike,	2,741	1,704	5	15
Potter,	3,824	2,396	44	33
Schuylkill,	44,118	34,233	68	137
Snyder,	4,794	2,042	15	24
Somerset,	14,401	11,634	66	93
Sullivan,	1,685	1,369	9	3
Susquehanna,	8,154	3,951	40	20
Tioga,	8,678	3,360	44	53
Union,	4,283	1,886	30	49
Venango,	11,395	5,076	345	86
Warren,	8,110	4,058	176	25
Washington,	28,025	39,634	110	211
Wayne,	7,378	2,852	65	28
Westmoreland,	42,497	50,330	273	477
Wyoming,	4,288	2,198	53	13
York,	29,847	31,134	212	138
Totals	1,796,119	1,710,355	12,282	7,715

Counties	George S. Taylor	Herbert G. Lewin	Thomas J. Fitzpatrick	Robert Z. Willson
	Ind. Gov.	Mil. Wkr.	Prog.	Soc.
Adams,	9	2	7	7
Allegheny,	254	158	1,829	1,104
Armstrong,	45	12	20	17
Beaver,	54	8	149	49
Bedford,	4	5	12	3
Berks,	17	16	60	1,675
Blair,	39	13	22	25
Bradford,	2	—	6	4
Bucks,	14	9	100	89
Butler,	22	3	22	24
Cambria,	125	26	92	35
Cameron,	2	—	—	—
Carbon,	12	9	15	22
Centre,	7	2	7	6
Chester,	14	8	33	43
Clarion,	4	3	2	10
Clearfield,	23	10	14	33
Clinton,	7	1	4	8
Columbia,	7	1	6	4
Crawford,	12	3	8	7
Cumberland,	15	3	9	6
Dauphin,	24	4	41	39
Delaware,	23	14	103	116
Elk,	4	1	14	10
Erie,	57	9	54	60
Fayette,	49	26	37	42
Forest,	2	—	1	1
Franklin,	4	1	9	4
Fulton,	1	—	—	2
Greene,	11	4	10	4
Huntingdon,	6	1	6	10
Indiana,	30	7	15	15
Jefferson,	7	9	13	6
Juniata,	4	—	—	—
Lackawanna,	26	5	30	33
Lancaster,	12	4	37	54
Lawrence,	19	8	44	29
Lebanon,	10	6	14	20
Lehigh,	24	19	61	61
Luzerne,	59	16	69	59
Lycoming,	43	6	30	28
McKean,	11	1	3	5
Mercer,	30	8	105	16
Mifflin,	8	—	4	5
Monroe,	10	5	12	9
Montgomery,	38	8	140	139
Montour,	—	—	1	—
Northampton,	43	26	76	84
Northumberland,	20	13	33	30
Perry,	4	4	—	1
Philadelphia,	135	242	1,887	579
Pike,	2	1	1	8
Potter,	1	—	9	4
Schuylkill,	19	15	61	56
Snyder,	1	—	9	4
Somerset,	11	2	24	14
Sullivan,	6	1	2	2
Susquehanna,	8	—	8	5
Tioga,	4	4	4	—
Union,	6	4	2	1
Venango,	9	1	6	8
Warren,	5	2	4	7
Washington,	41	34	186	85
Wayne,	3	1	4	5
Westmoreland,	103	29	397	143
Wyoming,	3	—	9	3
York,	21	8	105	28
Totals	1,645	841	6,097	5,005

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Peelor.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, the Tellers agree in their count and submit the following report for Governor.

John S. Fine, Republican, received 1,796,119; Richardson Dillworth, Democrat, received 1,710,355; Richard R. Blews, Prohibition, received 12,282; Reginald B. Naugle, G.I.'s against Communism, received 7,715; George S. Taylor, Industrial Government, received 1,645; Herbert G. Lewin, Militant Workers, received 841; Thomas J. Fitzpatrick, Progressive, received 6,097; Robert Z. Willson, Socialist, received 5,005.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Mr. John S. Fine, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Governor for the term of four years from the third Tuesday of January, 1951.

The returns for Lieutenant-Governor were opened and read by the Clerk.

VOTES CAST FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR NOVEMBER 7, 1950

Counties	Lloyd H. Wood	Michael A. Musmanno	Albert J. Crispell	Wilda Weatherford	Alexander Wright	Thomas M. Jones
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Ind. Gov.	Prog.	Soc.
Adams,	7,539	5,137	33	3	7	10
Allegheny,	231,176	286,182	1,133	318	1,919	1,397
Armstrong,	11,935	9,759	159	19	24	26
Beaver,	22,151	26,023	205	45	193	87
Bedford,	6,704	4,740	59	6	18	6
Berks,	33,205	36,979	202	22	68	1,785
Blair,	23,453	12,532	194	50	61	74
Bradford,	11,173	4,674	120	16	18	9
Bucks,	26,379	17,842	96	17	119	128
Butler,	16,097	9,386	268	32	42	31
Cambria,	34,060	40,323	146	61	135	111
Cameron,	1,453	814	15	.....	2	2
Carbon,	9,236	9,488	80	17	22	35
Centre,	7,034	4,017	69	7	14	24
Chester,	28,814	14,880	165	19	63	71
Clarion,	6,315	5,428	141	4	4	10
Clearfield,	12,143	11,599	246	31	34	54
Clinton,	6,008	4,534	96	21	10	18
Columbia,	8,955	9,290	103	14	6	9
Crawford,	13,312	8,705	215	22	21	16
Cumberland,	17,287	11,975	115	5	19	18
Dauphin,	46,054	24,456	280	32	50	62
Delaware,	91,179	54,074	399	15	120	127
Elk,	4,781	5,691	63	9	17	11
Erie,	32,092	29,030	392	50	61	67
Fayette,	20,469	28,466	329	25	46	53
Forest,	1,207	684	54	3	2	.....
Franklin,	11,680	7,183	71	7	19	5
Fulton,	1,645	1,784	18	1	3	3
Greene,	4,422	7,508	38	9	16	9
Huntingdon,	7,178	3,577	79	10	18	16
Indiana,	12,916	10,162	152	13	29	32
Jefferson,	8,380	5,631	157	13	16	17
Juniata,	3,043	2,562	23	3	1	1
Lackawanna,	48,408	58,952	266	37	35	39
Lancaster,	41,178	19,500	209	13	54	63
Lawrence,	16,991	15,079	255	25	71	62
Lebanon,	14,712	8,723	89	17	14	35
Lehigh,	28,844	23,281	271	25	65	75
Luzerne,	73,673	64,793	836	64	65	90
Lycoming,	17,249	14,504	816	34	60	55
McKean,	10,104	4,381	149	6	3	7
Mercer,	19,405	14,939	309	22	97	26
Mifflin,	6,108	4,770	43	14	11	9
Monroe,	5,974	5,504	47	13	23	15
Montgomery,	84,097	41,970	253	52	172	232
Montour,	2,631	2,258	12	1	2	4
Northampton,	24,995	28,279	371	46	91	119
Northumberland,	22,808	16,789	137	34	50	66
Perry,	5,253	2,977	40	5	3	5
Philadelphia,	377,564	443,707	1,242	167	1,966	604
Pike,	2,831	1,558	11	2	10	8
Potter,	3,892	2,289	50	9	8	10
Schuylkill,	45,122	32,082	81	51	84	109
Snyder,	5,021	1,739	17	5	17	6
Somerset,	14,689	11,313	83	14	33	25
Sullivan,	1,693	1,278	12	1	5	2
Susquehanna,	8,225	3,725	55	6	11	11
Tioga,	8,887	3,042	79	9	11	3
Union,	4,452	1,610	42	5	3	4
Venango,	11,420	5,002	387	10	15	7
Warren,	8,236	3,824	182	6	5	10
Washington	26,785	40,817	181	43	249	117
Wayne,	7,548	2,582	82	5	7	5
Westmoreland,	40,574	52,276	386	126	459	247
Wyoming,	4,360	1,953	112	3	9	7
York,	30,477	29,917	301	25	150	50
Totals	1,803,681	1,680,528	13,321	1,814	7,055	6,451

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Venango, Mr. McKinney.

Mr. McKINNEY. Mr. President, the Tellers agree in their count and submit the following report for Lieutenant Governor.

Lloyd H. Wood, Republican, received 1,803,681 votes;

Michael A. Musmanno, Democrat, received 1,680,528 votes; Albert J. Crispell, Prohibition, received 13,321 votes; Wilda Weatherford, Industrial Government, received 1,814 votes; Alexander Wright, Progressive, received 7,055 votes; Thomas M. Jones, Socialist, received 6,451 votes.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Lloyd H. Wood having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Lieutenant-Governor for a term of four years from the third Tuesday of January, 1951.

The Returns for Secretary of Internal Affairs were opened and read by the Clerk.

VOTES CAST FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS ON NOVEMBER 7, 1950

Counties	William S. Livengood, Jr. Rep.	Frank W. Ruth Dem.	Charles E. Wonderley Pro.	Philip J. Angello G. I.'s Against Com.	Thomas Grady Ind. Gov.	Hans Peters Soc.
Adams,	7,485	5,140	31	46	1	9
Allegheny,	246,968	263,823	1,364	3,136	487	1,459
Armstrong,	12,406	9,142	152	118	13	21
Beaver,	23,820	23,665	195	345	58	90
Bedford,	6,855	4,688	49	37	2	8
Berks,	30,717	40,316	202	72	15	1,724
Blair,	23,376	12,374	173	295	47	47
Bradford,	11,152	4,654	126	65	11	7
Bucks,	26,205	17,844	101	130	12	181
Butler,	16,497	8,661	255	249	48	25
Cambria,	34,399	39,538	152	381	84	90
Cameron,	1,485	756	12	23	1	1
Carbon,	9,322	9,397	78	46	16	23
Centre,	7,126	3,893	73	43	8	25
Chester,	28,705	14,780	148	124	27	56
Clarion,	6,444	5,196	145	55	3	13
Clearfield,	12,278	11,304	226	119	28	47
Clinton,	6,037	4,419	80	76	5	11
Columbia,	8,901	9,295	65	64	8	5
Crawford,	13,503	8,341	202	89	27	12
Cumberland,	17,109	12,139	110	51	7	14
Dauphin,	45,921	24,593	274	162	22	64
Delaware,	91,440	53,730	395	91	19	136
Elk,	4,960	5,326	59	127	12	9
Erie,	32,728	27,990	366	131	54	69
Fayette,	20,897	27,717	279	128	60	45
Forest,	1,234	646	44	13	3	2
Franklin,	11,581	7,203	76	57	4	6
Fulton,	1,658	1,769	15	10	1	2
Greene,	4,425	7,391	35	54	10	6
Huntingdon,	7,195	3,474	84	57	10	13
Indiana,	13,160	9,647	156	121	16	21
Jefferson,	8,677	5,163	169	90	11	12
Juniata,	3,050	2,574	21	13	1	.....
Lackawanna,	48,830	57,507	239	259	48	34
Lancaster,	41,144	19,453	230	215	14	60
Lawrence,	18,011	13,695	247	290	27	48
Lebanon,	14,554	8,859	81	127	8	33
Lehigh,	28,644	23,665	292	102	28	80
Luzerne,	74,360	63,388	655	573	81	74
Lycoming,	17,922	13,588	731	209	51	31
McKean,	10,175	4,115	127	231	13	4
Mercer,	19,830	14,197	282	121	28	21
Mifflin,	6,076	4,814	36	34	4	10
Monroe,	5,831	5,584	78	73	17	13
Montgomery,	80,297	42,018	250	332	58	252
Montour,	2,643	2,206	11	6	5	.....
Northampton,	24,489	28,639	472	119	32	101
Northumberland,	23,039	16,250	110	215	38	50
Perry,	5,235	3,013	39	18	5	4
Philadelphia,	377,832	443,242	1,179	329	164	604
Pike,	2,765	1,601	11	31	4	7
Potter,	3,885	2,278	50	31	3	10
Schuylkill,	45,128	32,137	87	247	68	77
Snyder,	5,028	1,728	16	24	2	4
Somerset,	14,513	11,261	91	101	14	15
Sullivan,	1,697	1,280	7	5	1	2
Susquehanna,	7,977	3,749	43	41	7	10
Tioga,	8,862	3,062	63	63	7	3
Union,	4,507	1,590	42	46	5	3
Venango,	11,599	4,669	383	116	9	11
Warren,	8,274	3,732	176	35	10	10
Washington,	28,012	38,787	165	393	55	133
Wayne,	7,504	2,557	74	33	7	4
Westmoreland,	42,787	48,919	378	756	124	255
Wyoming,	4,397	1,948	63	29	1	3
York,	29,894	30,536	275	183	10	65
Totals	1,823,457	1,640,655	12,895	12,005	2,079	6,284

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Peelor.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, the Tellers agree in their count and submit the following report for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

William S. Livengood, Jr., Republican received, 1,823,457 votes; Frank W. Ruth, Democrat, received 1,640,655 votes; Charles E. Wonderley, Prohibition, received 12,895 votes; Philip J. Angello, G. I.'s against Communism Party, received 12,005 votes; Thomas Grady, Industrial Government, received 2,079 votes; Hans Peters, Socialist, received 6,284 votes.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. William S. Livengood, Jr. having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs for the term of four years from the first Tuesday of May, 1951.

CERTIFICATES OF ELECTION SIGNED

Certificates of election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs will now be signed in the presence of the General Assembly by the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House and by the Tellers on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Certificates of election were signed as follows:

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN JOINT SESSION

Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the second day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that John S. Fine had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said John S. Fine was declared to have been duly elected Governor of the Commonwealth.

In Testimony Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our Seals the day and year above written.

M. HARVEY TAYLOR
President of the Senate
HERBERT P. SORG
Speaker of the House of Representatives
MURRAY PEELOR
Teller on the part of the Senate
JOHN H. McKINNEY
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN JOINT SESSION

Harrisburg, January 2, 1051.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the second day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Lieutenant Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Lloyd H. Wood had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Lloyd H. Wood was declared to have been duly elected Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth.

In Testimony Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our Seals the day and year above written.

M. HARVEY TAYLOR
President of the Senate
HERBERT P. SORG
Speaker of the House of Representatives
MURRAY PEELOR
Teller on the part of the Senate
JOHN H. McKINNEY
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN JOINT SESSION

Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the second day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Secretary of Internal Affairs of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that William S. Livengood, Jr. had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said William S. Livengood, Jr. was declared to have been duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth.

In Testimony Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our Seals the day and year above written.

M. HARVEY TAYLOR
President of the Senate
HERBERT P. SORG
Speaker of the House of Representatives
MURRAY PEELOR
Teller on the part of the Senate
JOHN H. McKINNEY
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives

ELECTION OF DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The Joint Assembly will now proceed to the election of a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Watkins.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I have the honor of presenting the name of S. Edward Hannestad one of the leading citizens of our County for the office of Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Are there any further nominations? The Chair hears none and the nominations are closed.

By a rising vote, S. Edward Hannestad was unanimously elected Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU TO ROSTRUM

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The Chair appoints as a committee to escort the newly-elected Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau to the rostrum Messrs. G. Robert Watkins and Bucchin where the oath of office will be administered to him by Judge Robert E. Woodside.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

The oath of office was then administered to the Director-elect of the Legislative Reference Bureau, S. Edward Hannestad by Judge Robert E. Woodside.

COMMITTEE ESCORTING GOVERNOR

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE. Mr. President, the Committee appointed to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I have the Honor of presenting His Excellency, James H. Duff, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Members of the General Assembly, I have the honor and privilege of presenting His Excellency, James H. Duff, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, who will now address you.

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JAMES H. DUFF

GOVERNOR JAMES H. DUFF. Mr. Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Speaker, and Members of the General Assembly:

There has been filed with you a detailed statement from the various Departments of the State, outlining their accomplishments during the current Administration. I have also filed with you the formal report of my appraisal of what has been done. Rather than read the report, I prefer to use the time during which I have received the honor to address you in an informal discussion of the matters that are of deep interest to every Pennsylvanian. I know you would much prefer to have me do this than read a formal prepared statement.

These last four years have been unusual years. The two previous administrations in part were engrossed by World War II. Due to the war and the shortage of materials resulting from the war, a number of things were urgently needed to be done when we entered upon the performance of our duties four years ago.

Now we are again at war. And it seems almost providential that during these four years we have engaged in a tremendous program of construction—a program of doing the things that needed to be done, and, by preview of 1951 and the years of the coming Administration, things that possibly could not be done if war again occurs on a global scale.

In the matter of mental hospitals, we have made commitments in these four years of 159½ million dollars. This is by all odds the largest commitment in any similar period in the Commonwealth's history. I am sure we all realize that as the result of the tremendous stresses of today, people generally are under pressures of a kind that make them suffer from mental fatigue in a way possibly that they have never done before. That was certainly true of the armed services in World War II and it is equally true, I am sure, of the civilian population.

We have approached the solution of that tremendously difficult problem, not by the old method of storing people away in an insane asylum to remain for safekeeping, but by the new method; a method that realizes that under proper treatment it is now possible to restore a large percentage of the mentally ill to themselves, to their families, and to useful lives in society. As the result of the funds you authorized to be expended for that purpose, Pennsylvania has at least equaled in progress any of the

forty-eight States in the tremendously important matter of the care and custody and healing of the mentally ill.

In highways during the past four years we have led every one of the forty-eight States in each of those four years. There has been an expenditure exceeding 100 million dollars per year for construction. And while we did not realize it at the time we were making those expenditures, we were really making them as it appears now in one of the most essential matters that ever confronted the Commonwealth—the matter of rapid transportation in the event of war.

There are few people in or out of Pennsylvania who realize that during World War II when steel was more important than blood, because it was harder to get, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania produced twice as much steel as Germany and almost as much steel as Germany and Japan combined. We produced twice as much steel as Russia and almost as much steel as Russia and England combined. So that within the confines of our Commonwealth we are really greater in the matter of industrial production than any nation in the world outside the United States.

And the best evidence of the fact that we are not losing our industrial supremacy is indicated from the fact that in the five years since World War II there has been more addition to existing industrial business in Pennsylvania and more new industry in Pennsylvania than any one of all the forty-eight States.

A further evidence of the tremendous industrial supremacy of this Commoonwealth is indicated by the fact that the United States Steel Corporation has bought an immense tract of land in Bucks County, where within the next thirty days they are going to enter upon the erection and construction of the largest steel mill anywhere in the world, at an expense in excess of 400 million dollars. That Pennsylvania is still a good climate for business is indicated by the fact that that tremendous plant was located in Pennsylvania. It could just as easily have been located across the river in New Jersey, or Virginia, or any number of the other coastal States where they made an eager and a tremendous drive to get this new business away from Pennsylvania. The fact that we kept it in Pennsylvania shows what those in business feel about what we have to offer here. We not only have had sound government in Pennsylvania, but we have what so many don't realize—the greatest group of skilled workmen in Pennsylvania of any similar area anywhere in the whole world.

It is not only on account of our industrial establishment that we enjoy the leadership that we do, but also as well on account of the men in Pennsylvania who work in our industries.

In the Turnpike, without a single cent of expense to the taxpayers of Pennsylvania, there has been completed an extension from Carlisle to the outskirts of Philadelphia, a distance of 100 miles. That has been done in the last two years at a cost of 87 million dollars, every cent of which will be paid for by those who use it. And 52 percent of those who seek to use the Turnpike rather than the wonderful free highway system of Pennsylvania are nonresidents of this Commonwealth.

As you are aware, all the contracts have been let and the work is actually going forward on a big scale on the Western Extension. Before the end of 1951 the Western Extension from Irwin to Ohio will be completed. This will give Pennsylvania 327 miles of four-lane highway, with no grades over three percent, with no crossroad intersections, with no red lights, with no alignment more than the Main Line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and all without any expense to the taxpayers.

At the time that this tremendous highway was constructed, at first in the Earle Administration and the two extensions in this Administration, I do not imagine that there were thoughts in the minds of many of those who had to do with it that it would be needed for a military highway. But the fact is—connecting Ohio with the Port of Philadelphia, and the Port of Pittsburgh with the Port of Philadelphia, it provides the greatest military highway anywhere in the world. This at a time when rapidity of action in the movement of traffic will be of vast aid in helping to arm this Country for the conflict that seems to confront us—irrespective of how much we deplore what now seems to be the inevitability of it.

In education during the past four years, the appropriations for subsidies were $417,604,000. And to indicate the vast increased aid to education, the best thing to do is to compare it with four years ago when it was only $260,-057,000. And, compared with ten years ago, it has increased 300 percent.

Much as we are interested in the accomplishments of the things that have been done, by the very force of attraction, our attention is riveted not on what we have done but on the tremendous crisis that confronts us.

Because I know we are all aware that today in Pennsylvania and in the Nation we are confronted by the greatest crisis in our history. In the five years that have elapsed since the end of World War II we have unwittingly allowed our military might to decline while the greatest enemy of modern civilization has built up its power to a place where its land armies are greater than any nation has had before and vastly greater in comparison to our own power.

We are reliably informed that the Soviet Union has 170 fully equipped, fully battle ready divisions, plus 75 divisions of like equipment and quality of their satellites. All this outside the Iron Curtain without counting the tremendous beginning-to-be-harnessed power of the Chinese Reds. Compare this with our own unreadiness.

Six weeks ago General Mark Clark, Commander-in-Chief of all the land forces of our Army, made the statement at the New York Herald Tribune Forum that in June at the outbreak of hostilities in Korea this great American nation had only ten regular army divisions; and those ten regular army divisions, as compared with the Soviets' 250 with their satellites, were both under-equipped and undermanned.

That statement is enough to warn every American of the tremendous danger that we face. Even the most skeptical must now be aware that the Soviet Union is endeavoring to advance its power in every quarter of the globe.

That brings us here in Pennsylvania to the very serious consideration of our defense at home, as well as our contributions to the general defense of our Country. In the matter of civilian defense, we are confronted with a tremendously difficult and serious situation. General Kenney, of the Air Forces, made a statement within the last two weeks that we could expect atomic Pearl Harbors in America in the event of World War III. And we all know that there is a possibility of any number of American cities being hit at the same time on a synchronized sched-

ule by atomic bombing. That is entirely within the range of possibilities. We also know that if it does happen it will happen without notice. The aggressors always strike treacherously. They do not have either the background, or the sense of decency, or propriety, or fineness, to make a declaration of war. You know you are at war only when you get hit.

That raises the question in a great industrial empire like Pennsylvania as to what provision we intend to make to secure our people against the dangers of that kind of attack. Because without question this State will be one of the primary targets of such an attack. In modern warfare, the one thing above everything else they attempt to destroy is your industrial potential.

Now there has been wide discussion of what should be done to give security to our people in the cities and in the industrial areas of Pennsylvania and of the Nation. However much we may desire to give security to our people here at home (because the women and children, for the first time in American history by this new kind of warfare will be on the firing line) it is clear that it is impossible to afford complete security to the civilian population in the event of atomic warfare.

Everyone knows that as a result of ill preparation, we are going to have an immediate shortage of critical material necessary to arm this Country to protect itself. Consequently there will not be a sufficient quantity of material available for the protection of civilians in various industrial areas. Of course, that does not mean that we can escape the responsibility of doing everything within our power to protect our people here at home. But it does mean that we cannot possibly do it adequately. Besides, every community must assume individual responsibility for organization on its own basis to solve its own problems; with aid and counsel of course from the State and from the National Government. But it must be clear that due to the imperative necessity of preparing for war, neither the State nor the National Government will be able to do the things that best can be done at home. I think it needs only stating to be realized that not at Washington, nor at Harrisburg, nor at any other Capitol, can diagrams be made to be sent out to every individual community in Pennsylvania and in the Nation to tell you how you are going to solve your individual responsibility in protecting your own civilian population at home. I do not mean by that to imply that a general organized approach to the problem will or should not be made by the State and National Government, because I feel that it will, and I think that I can say to you that in Pennsylvania we have made great progress.

But in the final analysis, if we are to meet this situation, if it arises with suddenness—and it may, and certainly will, if we go into World War III—there is a new responsibility that must be assumed immediately and individually in every community to make their own plans and their own dispositions to best handle their own problems.

I know that there is an endeavor by the Federal Government and there will be by this Government, I assume, to take such reasonable precautions in the way of construction as are necessary to meet the tremendous emergency that will confront us and the Nation in the event of what is happening in Korea, breaking out as it probably will into World War III. But I submit to you that it will not be possible anywhere in America to assure the citizens of any community immunity from danger of attack in the event of the kind of thing that we have a right to expect if we have World War III. And, therefore, we must approach the period in which we are entering, it seems to me, with a great feeling of responsibility, with a great willingness to undergo hardships of a kind that our generation has never dreamed about before, much less undergone.

And then let me point this out to you, which seems to have been overlooked in the general consideration of the dangers that confront us in the way of World War III. And that is biological and bacteriological warfare, whereby death can be scattered from the air by planes and put into streams and water resources and reservoirs. That can be infinitely more dangerous and damaging and destructive of life in certain instances than the more spectacular atomic explosion. All of which makes it clear that we are confronting a situation that is not only beyond our experience, but beyond the experience of people anywhere.

This Country for the first time in its history is in mortal danger. We are in that danger now because the Soviet Union has made it clear beyond the possibility of doubt that it is their intention to destroy democracy everywhere in the world, and this Nation is the chief target. We have in the United States the greatest resources, the greatest potential of production, and by all odds the greatest power of retaliation against this new barbarism in the world of today, of any Nation. And therefore I feel, and I have no doubt you feel, and if you don't now you will later (because it is as inevitable as tomorrow) that we in this day and generation are living in the kind of period in which the great men and women lived when this Country was erected.

We have looked back on that generation of men and women who carried the banner of freedom in the early days of our history, with respect, almost as if they were deities. And we need to renew again our acquaintance with the tremendous suffering and privation that they went through, men and women alike in every part of America, to make possible this Republic in which we live. We have thought of them as beings set apart, almost as supernatural beings, by reason of their great qualities and their magnificent achievements. We gave the great founders this adulation without realizing that we ourselves may be called upon to prove whether we have the faith and the character and the fortitude to make the sacrifices and to undertake great dangers and hardships, possibly through a generation or two, in order to keep burning the torch of freedom in today's world. That being the case, and I firmly am convinced that it is, this is no time for personalities. This is no time for smallness. This is no no time for selfishness of any character on any front. We are living in a time like Benjamin Franklin described when he said, after putting his name to the Declaration of Independence: "If we don't hang together, we very well may hang separately."

We are the last hope in this troubled world of today—the last hope of the free people of today. This Country was built by men and women who believed in a power in the universe greater than themselves. They relied upon, and were aided by, that power in coming through the difficulties in establishing and erecting the great Republic we have here. Everything we believe in is opposed today by a new type of barbarism, by a nation which has repudiated all the beliefs and ethics and morals and religion that have made modern civilization what it is. And as the

people with the greatest endowments in the world of today, with the greatest potential of production and invention, we not only have the privilege, we have the responsibility of carrying the flag of freedom everywhere it is attacked, where it is within the range of our ability to give aid.

It seems to me that as we would not go back on one of our own family who was in difficulty, irrespective of what dangers we ourselves were submitted to as a result of coming to their aid, no more can we go back on those communities of people in Western Europe who, with the people in this Country, are responsible for 95 percent of all the things in today's world that make modern civilization.

Everyone knows, who has studied the problem—and I don't pretend to give this on my own know-how, but I am sure that it is the military opinion—that the one thing that the Russians especially want to do now is to overrun Western Europe, particularly the Ruhr area, in order to pick up their productive capacity as well as to pick up in the Middle East the oil which they are short of. This Country must support and maintain bases from whence those areas of industry and ore production can be destroyed or rendered unusable if Russia overruns them. We must join with those peoples who, with us, will ultimately win the victory.

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Governor Duff, on behalf of the Members of the General Assembly, I thank you for your splendid message.

JOINT SESSION ADJOURNED

The ACTING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. The business for which the Joint Session was assembled having been completed I declare the Session adjourned. The Senators will please re-assemble in the Senate Chambers.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR

FORMER SPEAKER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair takes pleasure in welcoming to the Hall of the House a former Speaker of this House, the gentleman from Lehigh, Honorable Franklin H. Lichtenwalter.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Chair laid before the House the final message of Governor James H. Duff and the supplement thereto presented to the Joint Session of the House and Senate Tuesday, January 2, 1951.

The SPEAKER. The message will be printed in full in the Legislative Journal. The supplement will be printed in the Appendix.

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JAMES H. DUFF BEFORE A JOINT SESSION OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE IN THE HALL OF THE HOUSE HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1951

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Members of the General Assembly:

In my Inaugural Address four years ago I made the statement that "It is sufficient, therefore, under the circumstances, to say at this time that our responsibility as the Party in power is to do the things we said we would do if we were entrusted with the responsibility of the Government at the last election. The Pennsylvania Republican platform is on the whole clear, specific and forward-looking. Our Party performance must be in complete fulfillment of those platform pledges."

It has been the aid of this Administration to carry out the pledges made in that platform, and an examination of our accomplishments shows a remarkable record in platform fulfillment.

Some of the major accomplishments I want to point out in this address. A detailed statement of accomplishments made by the various departments appears in an appendix to this message. Many of you who were here in the Legislature during the last two sessions know very well the outstanding legislative record that was made during those two sessions. It can be said confidently that no two sessions of the Legislature ever adopted as many Acts for the real benefit of the people of this State.

The period in which this Administration has had the responsibility of conducting the State Government, the readjustment period following four years of a World War, has been one of serious and complex social, economic and political problems, and, particularly, problems of international crises. The fulfillment of many of the needs of the people was deferred from the War years into this period.

As a result of the War years, and before that the depression years, we found State facilities for meeting many needs of the people outgrown or outmoded. The tremendous army of veterans was still in the process of adjusting themselves to civilian life. Business had the difficult task of converting to peacetime production after several years in War work—to mention a few of the complex situations which confronted us.

Solution of these problems was made extremely difficult by the great amount of inflation which had taken place by the beginning of this Administration, and has constantly increased ever since. State Government now costs twice what it did ten years ago for the same amount of State Government. Solution of these problems was rendered difficult too by the enormous peacetime Budget of the Federal Government. So much revenue is pulled out of this State—and all States, for that matter—by the Federal Government that financing the essential work of State Government has become a vexing and serious problem. This is true to the extent that many states have been forced to adopt tax programs they do not want, and would not have otherwise. And this is a situation which it appears will be even more pronounced in the next Administration.

The threat of a third World War demands that Civilian Defense have top priority. Our best efforts must be put into that work. The Military and Civil Defense Commission for this State, established last August, has this program well under way. Utilizing the plans that had been made by the Pennsylvania Commission for Civil Defense, which was appointed in December 1949, the Commission has pushed forth this vital work in a most satisfactory manner.

I urge all of you to read General Mellon's report attached hereto, and to get a full realization, as General Mellon points out, that the success of this program is not possible without the closest cooperation between Govern-

ment agencies at all levels and the active support of every man, woman, and child in the Commonwealth. It would be folly of the worst kind not to help in pushing ahead this activity in every possible way.

One of the important pledges of our Party platform was "a fair and liberal bonus to the veterans of World War II." There was prompt action by two sessions of the Legislature in presenting to the voters a Constitutional amendment providing one of the most liberal bonuses paid in any state. The enormous task of paying a bonus to some 1,200,000 veterans has been practically completed. Veterans were given preference in State employment to help in their readjustment to civilian life; rehabilitation where necessary was given special emphasis; and every effort made to help them continue their education when they desired to do so.

In our Party platform we set out public health as one of the most important projects. Selective Service reports showed that four of every ten persons examined were rejected on account of physical or mental ailments. In our own State medical examinations of school children showed that approximately eight out of every ten children of school age were afflicted by ailments that require medical or dental attention.

The School Health Program in this State during this four-year period has been more comprehensive than that of any other State There were 3,258,000 pupils, 87,354 teachers, and 33,500 other school employes given complete physical examinations. Medical correction of physical defects was carried out under the program.

Another important phase of public health improvement was mental health. Our facilities for meeting the needs in that area were inadequate, out-of-date, and lacking modern equipment and programs of care. These four years have seen great strides in meeting those problems.

During this four-year period there has been a program of construction completed or in progress at the mental institutions amounting to $159,500,000. Some of this program is financed by appropriations made in prior bienniums, some by appropriations made during this four-year period, and part by the General State Authority. This shows the great extent to which mental hospital facilities throughout the State are being provided and rehabilitated.

This program of construction and equipment completed or now under way will go far toward meeting the problem of overcrowding and lack of essential treatment facilities. Living conditions for nurses, attendants, and other employes will be vastly improved, and the institutional utilities will be in a greatly improved condition. The various institutions now, and to a great degree when the present program is completed, will be in a position to carry out the types of treatment required for the cure of persons afflicted with mental diseases.

However, we should not get the idea that the whole problem has been solved. There will still need to be additional facilities provided. A great deal of intelligent effort will have to be put forth in developing modern up-to-date programs of care and treatment as the new facilities are available for use. The problems we have had in securing adequate personnel at the institutions will be intensified as the new buildings are completed. Research into the causes of mental diseases must have much more attention, and facilities are now under construction to make that possible.

An important part of the health promotion program has been the work of stopping stream pollution, which work we promised to advance.

The Pennsylvania Stream Clearance Program, foremost of its kind in the Nation, is bearing fruit in the form of pure, clean water for drinking, industrial, and recreational purposes.

The outstanding project, cleaning the Schuylkill River, has been practically completed as far as the State's share of the work is concerned in its agreement with the Federal Government to reclaim a 75-mile stretch of the river from Hamburg to Norristown. From the standpoint of pure water and flood control this accomplishment will be of everlasting benefit to millions of people in the State.

The cooperation we have had in this program has been most gratifying. Less than four years ago an estimated annual load of nearly six million tons of silt entered the streams from about 172 collieries in the four anthracite fields. Today 91 per cent of that silt is being retained by desilting systems at the collieries. Not including the coal operations, 900 industrial establishments have already constructed their waste treatment systems, or have received notices to abate their pollution.

An important part of the work of preventing stream pollution has been that of the Department of Mines in sealing abandoned mines to prevent acid water running into the streams. This project started during this Administration has resulted in 989 seals having been made in the bituminous coal mines. Many of the acid streams have been rendered alkaline and are now being used for domestic and recreational purposes.

Still another important part of the State's program for advancing the health of the people of the State has been to help in providing adequate medical care. The State-owned hospitals have been adequately supported and have provided free care to those unable to pay for the medical service they needed. The State-aided hospitals have received greatly increased aid for the free service which thy give. The appropriation for this two-year period of $14,365,600 is $5,630,050 above the appropriation which these private hospitals received in the biennium before this Administration began.

One of the handicaps we have found in promoting health work is a shortage of trained nurses. At the last session of the Legislature you made an appropriation to aid hospitals in training nurses. That appropriation has already been exhausted, and if funds are available the program is worthy of expansion.

Still another manner in which health has been promoted is by providing adequate public assistance. Standards of assistance have been increased to meet rising prices to allow those receiving assistance to have an adequate living. This has been particularly of great benefit in advancing the health of children in families receiving assistance.

The Department of Health has pushed forward cancer control; emphasis has been placed on developing community facilities for care and prevention of rheumatic fever; eighty-one new maternal and child health centers were established in rural communities; a program covering complete care of children with cleft palate put into operation; and a State-wide plan developed for preventing the

spread of poliomyelitis. This plan has meant better care and treatment for polio stricken patients.

Highway building and maintenance has been outstanding during this four-year period. This was one of the areas where a tremendous backlog of deferred projects were on hand when this Administration began. During the four years 6,600 miles on the State highway system have been constructed, reconstructed or resurfaced. These improvements represent a balanced program of highway construction throughout the State.

Total expenditures for highway purposes for the four years are about $600,000,000. There was $400,000,000 of construction in that amount—or about $100,000,000 per year. This shows the great outlay of funds required under today's inflated prices. Even this amount was not sufficient for some of the costly projects which needed to be done, such as the Schuylkill Expressway in Philadelphia and the Penn-Lincoln Parkway West in Allegheny County. A number of these costly projects are being financed by the State Highway and Bridge Authority, under its authorization to borrow $40,000,000. This borrowing will be retired by payment from the Motor License Fund.

As a result of action taken during this Administration by the Legislature and the Department of Highways the ten toll bridges in the State have been taken over by the State, and will become free bridges as soon as tolls have retired the $8,500,000 of bonds sold to secure funds to buy the bridges. This is estimated to be in about eight years.

The completion of the 100-mile Philadelphia Extension of the Turnpike marks a milestone in highway development in this Commonwealth. This Extension, built at a cost of approximately $87,000,000, without one cent of tax money, was constructed in about two years' time. The Western Extension from Pittsburgh to the Ohio line is now well under way, with about forty per cent of it completed. All contracts have been awarded, and the Turnpike Commission is planning to complete the entire project by September 1951.

When completed there will then be a 327-mile double lane highway without any intersections across the State—more than one-eighth of the distance from New York to San Francisco.

In our Platform four years ago we promised to give increased aid for education, and to improve teachers salary schedules.

The State aid which has been given during these four years far outstrips that of any other four year period. During the four years appropriations for subsidies to the schools have amounted to $417,604,000. This compared with $260,057,000 in the preceding four years. The amount appropriated in the present biennium, $224,865,000, compares with $72,126,000 ten years ago in the 1939-41 biennium.

The amount appropriated for higher education similarly has shown a great increase. During this four-year period $57,632,000 has been appropriated to the universities and colleges, which compares with $31,016,000 in the previous four-year period.

A great step forward has been made in this Administration in improving teachers' salaries. When this Administration began the minimum salary for teachers in 2nd, 3rd and 4th class districts was $1400 for teachers in the elementary schools; $1400 for teachers in the secondary schools in 3rd and 4th class districts; and $1600 in 2nd class districts. As a result of Legislation during this Administration the minimum salary has been raised to $2000 in 2nd, 3rd and 4th class districts.

The maximum salary when this Administration began was $2100 for teachers in elementary schools in 4th class districts, and $2100 for teachers in secondary schools in 4th class districts. That maximum has now been raised to $3800 for teachers having a college certificate.

In 3rd class districts the maximum was $2100 in elementary schools and $2100 in secondary schools, which maximum has been raised to $3800.

In 2nd class districts the maximum of $2300 and $2500 are now $3800. In all districts if a teacher has a master's degree the minimum and the maximum is $200 above the amounts given here.

As a result of this salary schedule legislation we can say that this State has one of the best mandated teachers' salary schedules in the Nation.

While there has been a great increase in the cost of the schools throughout the State—an increase of $118,000,000, or 79 per cent in the last ten years, the State has more than kept up its share in carrying such costs. Ten years ago the State paid 22 per cent of the cost. At the present time the State is paying 37 per cent.

An important consideration in securing equal educational opportunities throughout the State is the method of distributing State aid to the school districts. More has been done in this Administration toward establishing an equitable basis for the distribution of State funds than ever before in the history of the State. The work of the State Tax Equalization Board, established in 1947, represents the outstanding effort in the country in solving this difficult problem. The law directed the Board to determine annually the market value of the assessed taxable real property in each of the 2531 school districts and certify those valuations to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as the basis for State aid.

Since the Board was established it has accumulated and compiled data showing the prices at which more than 500,000 parcels of real property have been sold between July 1947 and July 1950.

In view of the great amount the State is now paying to school districts and the large share of the costs it bears, it is imperative that this better basis of distributing funds be established if equal educational opportunity is to be achieved.

During this Administration an important step was taken to give aid to school districts in securing better school plant facilities through the establishment of the Public School Building Authority. The Authority has entered into 82 contracts with school districts for projects estimated to cost $37,400,000. Twenty of these projects are now under construction.

We can say confidently that during this four-year period there has been the greatest number of important gains for public education of any four-year period in the State's history. I have mentioned briefly some of them here, and I refer you to Doctor Haas' report for a more complete account.

The activities of this Administration to promote the best interests of labor represent a fine record of accomplishments. Due to the great production in industry in Pennsylvania it was most important to have an efficient mediation staff in order to prevent work stoppages where-

ever possible, with their consequent loss of production and wages. To show you the magnitude of activity in this respect, there were 4,678 cases handled between January 1947 and October 1950.

In 1947 the Legislature made some important amendments in the Women's Labor Law. The farsighted efforts in this respect became apparent as we enter another period of war production. Women under the law now have reasonable hours of work, suitable rest periods, elimination of occupational hazards, equal pay for equal work, and the opportunity for jobs and advancement according to their abilities.

In this postwar period the Bureau of Employment and Unemployment Compensation has been especially active.

The extent of that you can see in the report of the Secretary of Labor and Industry.

During this Administration maximum unemployment compensation has been increased 50 per cent, from $20.00 a week for a maximum of twenty weeks to $25.00 a week for a maximum of twenty-four weeks.

Despite heavy withdrawals the Unemployment Compensation Fund is in sound condition, with a balance of $536,000,000 estimated for December 31, 1950, as compared with $587,000,000 January 1, 1947.

I refer you to the report of the Department of Labor and Industry for an account of many other important accomplishments during this four-year period.

The Department of Agriculture has greatly aided in making important advances in agriculture during these four years. From livestock and poultry alone the farmers in this State obtain three-quarters of their cash income. The Department of Agriculture has been especially active in promoting these two great agricultural industries. Pennsylvania leads all states in the number of dairy herds certified as Bangs disease free. There was an increase of about 1,300 herds in four years.

With assistance from the Department by increased services in marketing, disease control, and breeding improvement, Pennsylvania farmers exceed all states in cash income from poultry and eggs. This State leads all others in supplying graded quality eggs.

Canning and freezing fruits and vegetables have been promoted, with the result that this State has advanced from seventh place to fourth among the states. There have been eighteen county-wide soil conservation districts organized since January 1947. One out of every ten farms is now participating in some form of conservation work.

This Administration has had as one of its principal aims to build and maintain a health climate for business. United States Census reports show that Pennsylvania has led all other states in expenditures by industry for new plants and equipment. Pennsylvania industries, as was shown by a questionnaire addressed to larger companies by the Department of Commerce, reported capital spending of more than $2.5 billion during this Administration. In 1947, 1948 and 1949 Pennsylvania gained more than 3,000 new manufacturers, more than 2,000 new wholesalers, and more than 13,000 new retailers.

One of the important activities of the Department of Commerce has been to stimulate local action by communities to promote their own economic welfare. Many local communities now have set up organizations for that purpose backed with funds to help the establishment of new industries.

One of our aims in this Administration has been to help keep local governments in a sound strong condition. The chief way in which we have helped has been to give increased financial aid to help local governments meet their needs under present day inflated conditions and to give wider powers of taxation. Local governments are having the same difficulties as in the State with costs practically double prewar days.

Since real property taxation supplied nearly all the funds that were raised locally for the support of local governments, including school districts, there was not the elasticity in their tax base to meet the higher costs.

The law passed at the 1947 Session, which in effect gives to local governments authority to tax subjects not taxed by the State, has been used extensively throughout the State. Twelve hundred local governments have taken advantage of this law in one way or another.

The amount of State aid given to local governments far surpasses that of any four-year period. I have already pointed out that State aid to school districts amounted to $417,604,000 during the four years, which is $157,547,000 more than in the preceding four years. In the present biennium the amount given is $152,739,000 above that ten years ago in the 1939-1941 biennium. More State funds have gone to townships, cities, and boroughs for road building and maintenance than in any previous four-year period. Townships of the second class have received $20,000,000, as compared with $15,500,000 in the previous four-year period, and cities, boroughs and first class townships have received $20,000,000, which compares with $8,500,000 in the preceding period.

These are funds given directly to the local governments concerned. But, aside from that, the State constructs and maintains directly a large mileage of highways which have been taken over on the State highway system, but which in other states would still be the responsibility of local governments. This sort of relief runs into many millions of dollars.

And we should not lose sight of the tremendous financial burden which the State relieves local governments of by carrying the entire cost of public assistance. During the four years the State's outlay for this function amounts to about $340,000,000.

All of this great constructive program has been undertaken on the basis of sound financing. At the end of the first biennium we had a surplus of $63,235,000. That surplus was used to help balance appropriations for the present biennium. We feel certain that this biennium will send with a sizeable surplus available for the next two-year period. While the General State Authority method was used to undertake a large public works program, a large permanent improvement program was financed from current revenues. Duing my Administration $118,000,000 of appropriations have been made for public works.

The State's indebtedness when this Administration began was $43,939,000. This has been reduced to $19,611,000. The bonus indebtedness of $440,000,000, together with the $50,000,000 bond issue for public works, will require a sinking fund outlay of $71,091,000 in a biennial period. $375,000,000 of the bonus bonds will be retired in fifteen years, and the remaining $65,000,000 in sixteen and seventeen years. The $50,000,000 public works bonds will be retired in twenty-six years.

The financing of Civilian Defense is going to create a problem in the years ahead. The requirements are hard to predict but it appears a large outlay will be required.

Our low per capita cost of State Government, $64.90, by the latest report in comparison with an average for all the states of $81.12, New York $87.29, and California $113.00, shows that the State Government has been conducted in an economical manner—and in considering our per capita cost of State Government we should remember that this State provides the whole outlay of funds for public assistance.

Inflation, the enormous Federal Budget, bonus debt financing, State Authority rentals, Civilian Defense expenditures, mean problems ahead in State finances, which problems no doubt will be presented to you by your new Governor in the near future.

In this address I have mentioned only a few of the accomplishments of this four-year period. I hope you will read the reports of the various departments appended hereto for a full account. I believe that after an examination of these reports you will be convinced that this has been a four-year period of outstanding accomplishment in promoting the best interests of the people in this Commonwealth.

JAMES H. DUFF.

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to inform the Members that copies of the supplement to the final message will be placed in their Post Office boxes.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair requests the Members to sign the Oath Book in the office of the Chief Clerk after adjournment.

RESIGNATIONS

The SPEAKER laid before the House the resignations of the Honorable Homer S. Brown and the Honorable Frank A. Orban, Jr. which were read by the Clerk as follows:

December 20, 1949.

Honorable Herbert P. Sorg
Speaker of the House of Representatives
State Capitol Building
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

My dear Mr. Speaker:

I herewith submit my resignation as a member of the House of Representatives from the First District of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, effective December 31, 1949.

Very truly yours,
HOMER S. BROWN.

HSB:frc

December 29, 1949.

Honorable Homer S. Brown
Bakewell Building
417 Grant Street
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Dear Homer:

Your resignation as a member of the House of Representatives has been received.

I am sure that your activities in the Legislature will long be remembered and your absence will be sorely felt. There will be many regrets because of your resignation but just as many felicitations because we can all anticipate an equally illustrious career for you as a member of the Judiciary.

My heartiest congratulations and personal regards are yours.

Sincerely yours,
HERBERT P. SORG
Speaker

HPS:MH

December 30, 1949.

Honorable Herbert P. Sorg
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Dear Mr. Sorg:

I do hereby tender my resignation as a member of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from Somerset County, Pennsylvania, which resignation shall become effective immediately upon my taking the oath as District Attorney of Somerset County, Pennsylvania. I shall take the oath for said office on Monday, January 2, 1950, between 11:00 A. M. and 11:30 A. M.

Very truly yours,
FRANK A. ORBAN, JR.
Member of the House of
Representatives from
Somerset County, Pennsylvania.

FAO:nm

January 6, 1950.

Honorable Frank A. Orban, Jr.
Main Street
Hooversville, Pennsylvania

Dear Frank:

Your letter of resignation as a member of the House of Representatives, effective as of the time you took the oath of office as District Attorney of Somerset County, January 2, 1950, has been received.

It is my sincere hope that in your capacity as District Attorney your work will be as effective and bring you the same amount of respect that you gained as a member of the House. I, too, regret that our fine association as co-members of the House has come to a close.

Congratulations and all best wishes.

Sincerely yours,
HERBERT P. SORG
Speaker

HPS:MH

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The chair notes with pleasure the presence in the House of a former Member, the Honorable Homer S. Brown, now a Judge of the Allegheny County Courts.

SPECIAL ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER lays before the House the writs of election and proceedings in connection with the administration of the oath of office administered to newly-elected Members of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, January 11, 1950.

The Chair requests the consent of the House to have these documents printed in full as a supplement to today's Legislative Journal for the purpose of a permanent record. The Chair hears no objection, and so directs.

(For the documents above designated see supplement to today's Legislative Journal).

ADJOURNMENT

Mrs. MARKLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House

do now adjourn until Monday, January 15, 1951, at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3:44 p. m.) the House adjourned.

SUPPLEMENT

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO MEMBERS-ELECT

In the House of Representatives,
Wednesday, January 11, 1950
12 o'clock Noon.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. This being the day and the hour fixed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives for administering the oath of office required by Article VII of the Constitution of Pennsylvania to the Members-elect, those present will come to order.

Vacancies in the membership of the House of Representatives were caused by the death on the 27th day of May 1949 of the Honorable C. G. Krise, representing the Second Legislative District of the County of Clearfield, and the death on the 28th day of July, 1949 of the Honorable John L. Powers, representing the Seventh Legislative District of the County of Allegheny.

Therefore, under the provisions of Article 2, Section 2, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania and the laws of this Commonwealth the Speaker of the House of Representatives issued writs of special election to fill these vacancies for the remainder of the term.

The writs of special election follow:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To Hon. Charles M. Morrison, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and to J. O. Kessler, Archie Hill and I. J. Sharkey, constituting the Board of Elections of the County of Clearfield:

Greeting! Whereas, A vacancy exists in the office of Representative of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the Second Legislative District of the County of Clearfield, caused by reason of the death of C. G. Krise, the Representative from said District, on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

Now, Therefore, I, Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania and by the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Second Legislative District of the County of Clearfield on the eighth day of November, A.D., one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, to choose a person to represent said Legislative District in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania for the remainder of the term expiring December first, one thousand nine hundred fifty, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said District, in the form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this 28th day of September, A.D. one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

(SEAL) HERBERT P. SORG,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Attest:

W. E. HABBYSHAW,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Dauphin }

Frank J. Turano being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at 135 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, that he is a Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, specially deputized.

That he served on the Honorable Charles M. Morrison, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of September, 1949, at 2:18 o'clock P. M., at his office in the Capitol Building, in Harrisburg, a writ for a special election for the office of Representative in the General Assembly for the Second Legislative District of the County of Clearfield, by command of the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

FRANK J. TURANO,
Sergeant-at-Arms

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 3rd day of October, 1949.

(SEAL) LEO R. POORMAN
Prothontary

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Dauphin }

Frank J. Turano being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at 135 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, that he is a Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, specially deputized.

That he served on the Board of Elections of Clearfield County, on the 29th day of September, 1949, at 1:08 o'clock, P. M., at its office in Clearfield, a writ for a special election for the office of Representative in the General Assembly for the Second Legislative District of the County of Clearfield, by command of the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

FRANK J. TURANO,
Sergeant-at-Arms

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 29th day of September, 1949.

(SEAL) MARIE O. M'FADDEN,
Prothonotary.

My Commission Expires First Monday in Jan. 1950.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To Hon. Charles M. Morrison, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and to John J. Kane, Harry W. Fowler, and Ernest Hillman, constituting the Board of Elections of the County of Allegheny:

Greetings! Whereas, A vacancy exists in the office of Representative of the Commonwelath of Pennsylvania for the Seventh Legislative District of the County of Alle-

geny, caused by reason of the death of John L. Powers, one of the Representatives from said District, on the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

Now, Therefore, I, Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania and the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Seventh Legislative District of the County of Allegheny on the eighth day of November, A.D. one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, to choose a person to represent said Legislative District in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania for the remainder of the term expiring December first, one thousand nine hundred fifty, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said District, in the form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this 28th day of September A.D. one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

(SEAL) HERBERT P. SORG,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Attest:
W. E. HABBYSHAW,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Dauphin }

Frank J. Turano being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at 135 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, that he is a Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, specially deputized.

That he served on the Honorable Charles M. Morrison, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of September, 1949, at 2:20 o'clock P. M., at his office in the Capitol Building, in Harrisburg, a writ for a special election for the office of Representative in the General Assembly for the Seventh Legislative District of the County of Allegheny, by command of the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

FRANK J. TURANO,
Sergeant-at-Arms.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 3rd day of October, 1949.

(SEAL) LEO R. POORMAN,
Prothonotary.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Dauphin }

Frank J. Turano being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at 135 South Front Street, Steelton, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, that he is a Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, specially deputized.

That he served on the Board of Elections of Allegheny County, on the 30th day of September, 1949, at 9:20 o'clock, A.M., at its office in Pittsburgh, a writ for a special election for the office of Representative in the General Assembly for the Seventh Legislative District of the County of Allegheny, by command of the Honorable Herbert P. Sorg, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

FRANK J. TURANO,
Sergeant-at-Arms.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 3rd day of October, 1949.

(SEAL) LEO R. POORMAN,
Prothonotary.

The SPEAKER. The elections were held in the counties of Allegheny and Clearfield on Tuesday, the eighth day of November, 1949.

The official returns of the special elections as certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of the persons elected to fill the vacancies in the House of Representatives, will be now opened and read by the Honorable William E. Habbyshaw, Chief Clerk of the House.

The CHIEF CLERK (William E. Habbyshaw) read the official returns of the special elections as follows:

SPECIAL ELECTION

OFFICE OF THE
COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Clearfield }

Clearfield, Pa., November 17, 1949.

To the Secretary of the Commonwealth:

We Hereby Certify, That the following is a true and correct statement of the returns of the votes cast at the Special Election held on Tuesday, November 8, 1949, for each and every candidate in the County of Clearfield as the same remain on file in this office, for the office of Representative in the General Assembly.

2nd District

DEMOCRATIC

William A. Mark had Five Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety-six votes (5,896).

REPUBLICAN

Charles C. Kessler had Six Thousand Three Hundred Twenty votes (6,320).

In Testimony Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and seal of office, this 17th day of November, 1949.

(SEAL) J. O. KESSLER,
ARCHIE HILL,
J. J. SHARKEY.
County Board of Elections.

Attest:
S. P. CRYTSER,
Chief Clerk.

SPECIAL ELECTION

OFFICE OF THE
COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania } ss:
County of Allegheny }

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 28, 1949.

To the Secretary of the Commonwealth:

We Hereby Certify, That the following is a true and correct statement of the returns of the votes cast at the Special Election held on Tuesday, November 8, 1949, for each and every candidate in the County of Allegheny

as the same remain on file in this office, for the office of Representative in the General Assembly.

7th District

REPUBLICAN

Edward F. Cook had Seven Thousand Four Hundred Ninety-one votes (7,491).

DEMOCRATIC

Andrew T. Fenrich had Thirteen Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-four votes (13,994).

Scattered had Eighteen votes (18).

In Testimony Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and seal of office, this 28th day of November, 1949.

(SEAL)

JNO. J. KANE
HARRY W. FORSLER,
ERNEST HILLMAN
County Board of Elections.

Attest:
M. W. SNYDER,
Clerk.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE SPEAKER AND TO THE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, GREETINGS:

I have the honor to present the returns of the Special Election of Members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the Second Legislative District in Clearfield County and the Seventh Legislative District in Allegheny County, as same has been certified to and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by their respective County Boards of Elections:

CHARLES C. KESSLER — Second Legislative District of Clearfield County, Pennsylvania

ANDREW T. FENRICH — Seventh Legislative District of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, at the City of Harrisburg this thirtieth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and seventy-fourth.

(SEAL)

GENE SMITH,
Acting Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the provisions of Article VII of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, the oath of office will now be administered to the Members-elect:

Charles C. Kessler—Second Legislative District, County of Clearfield.

Andrew T. Fenrich—Seventh Legislative District, County of Allegheny.

The Chair appoints the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood; the gentleman from Jefferson Mr. Dennison; the gentleman from Armstrong Mr. Helm; the gentleman from Lycoming Mr. Riley and the gentleman from Franklin Mr. Barkdoll to escort the Members-elect to the bar of the House.

The Chair appoints the gentleman from Montgomery Mr. Brunner to escort the Honorable Robert E. Woodside a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Dauphin to the rostrum, to administer the oath of office to the Members-elect.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED

Judge Robert E. Woodside administered the oath of office to Hon. Charles C. Kessler and Hon. Andrew T. Fenrich.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks his honor Judge Woodside for his services in administering the oath of office to our new Members.

The Chair extends to the gentleman from Clearfield Mr. Kessler and the gentleman from Allegheny Mr. Fenrich his congratulations upon their election to this body, and directs the Chief Clerk to present them with their certificates of election.

The CHIEF CLERK presented the new Members their Certificates of Election.

The SPEAKER. The Chief Clerk requests the new Members to meet with him in his office at the conclusion of these proceedings.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER. The purpose for which we met here having been carried out, the assemblage is adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1951. No. 2.

SENATE

MONDAY, January 15, 1951

The Senate met at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rabbi PHILIP DAVID BOOKSTABER, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray. Oh heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this our blessed land America, and pray that it may be always the arsenal of democracy, for peace on earth, good will to men.

In this Session of the Senate now opening for this Administration, we give thanks unto Thee, our Heavenly Father, the greatest Architect of the universe, for our Governor who is leaving for Washington that he may continue in his fine effort of strong personality, and individual enterprise and economy for our Country. We ask Thy blessing upon the incoming Governor and his staff, and upon those who have served our Commonwealth in the past years.

We ask Thy blessing also upon this Senate Assembly, none the less upon our own Presiding Officer, that his years may continue in health and that he may be a dynamic force in the deliberations of those machineries that come to bring men together as we are together here. How pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity. It is Thy command, what the Lord Thy God requireth of Thee, to do justly, love mercifully, walk humbly with Thy God.

On the eve of this great Inaugural, we ask Thy blessing upon him who comes in with his Cabinet, that he may dispense Thy justice and Thy mercy with humility to all the members of our Commonwealth, and may this Commonwealth be a leader in our nation, for the truth revealed to our forefathers in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

We ask Thy blessing upon all assembled here and their dear ones; for those who are sick, that they may speedily recover; for those who have pleasant memories of recurring anniversaries, that they may record the pleasant hours and carry them on through this Session.

We ask it in Thy name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. CHAPMAN, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. Blass asks and obtained leave of absence for Mr. CROWE.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, at this time I would like to introduce two resolutions amending the Rules of the Senate, and for the information of the Members of the Senate, I would like to advise them that one Resolution is to amend Rule 23, which is the Rule appointing the Committees of the Senate; the first amendment merely adds an additional Committee, a harmless, quiet Committee on Re-apportionment, and the other amendment increases the numerical strength of the various Committees.

The second resolution, Mr. President, covers an amendment that we have needed for a long time in the Senate. It is an amendment which recognizes officially that group that has functioned so well in the Senate of Pennsylvania, without which we certainly would not be able to get along. The people of Pennsylvania need the newspaper correspondents, the newspaper correspondents need the Association, and the Association must need be recognized officially by the Senate so that their membership cards mean something.

Mr. President, the amendment which I have here is to add Rule 47 to the Rules of the Senate, which officially recognizes the Newspaper Correspondents' Association.

May I say on behalf of the Rules Committee that this action was unanimous in the Committee. We are very happy to officially recognize such a fine looking, outstanding body of citizenry in this great Commonwealth. You are a credit to your profession, and may you speak just as kindly of us in the next seven months.

RESOLUTION

SENATE RULE 23 AMENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER offered the following resolution which was twice read, as follows:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, That the Rules of the Senate be amended as follows: by striking out Rule 23, which reads as follows:

STANDING COMMITTEES

Rule 23. There shall be the following Standing Committees:

Committee on Agriculture.
Committee on Appropriations.
Committee on Banking.
Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.
Committee on Corporations.
Committee on Education.
Committee on Elections.
Committee on Executive Nominations.
Committee on Finance.
Committee on Forests & Waters, Game & Fish.
Committee on Highways.
Committee on Insurance.
Committee on Judiciary General.
Committee on Labor and Industry.
Committee on Law and Order.
Committee on Local Government.
Committee on Military Affairs & Aeronautics.
Committee on Mines and Mining.
Committee on Public Health and Welfare.
Committee on Rules.
Committee on State Government.

The members and the Chairman of the said Standing Committees shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore as soon after his election as possible. All vacancies occurring in said committees by resignation or otherwise shall be filled by the President Pro Tempore.

The President Pro Tempore shall be ex-officio a member of all Standing Committees and included in the number of committee members herein provided.

The Committee on Appropriations shall consist of twenty-one (21) Senators. The Committee on Judiciary General and the Committee on Highways shall each consist of twenty-two (22) Senators. The Committee on Banking shall consist of seventeen (17) Senators. The Committee on Corporations and the Committee on Public Health and Welfare shall each consist of sixteen (16) Senators. All other Committees shall consist of fifteen (15) Senators each except the Committee on Executive Nominations which shall consist of eight (8) Senators and the Committee on Rules which shall consist of seven (7) Senators.

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

STANDING COMMITTEES

Rule 23. There shall be the following Standing Committees:

Committee on Agriculture.
Committee on Appropriations.
Committee on Banking.
Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.
Committee on Corporations.
Committee on Education.
Committee on Elections.
Committee on Executive Nominations.
Committee on Finance.
Committee on Forests & Waters, Game & Fish.
Committee on Highways.
Committee on Insurance.
Committee on Judiciary General.
Committee on Labor and Industry.
Committee on Law and Order.
Committee on Local Government.
Committee on Military Affairs & Aeronautics.
Committee on Mines and Mining.
Committee on Public Health and Welfare.
Committee on Reapportionment.
Committee on Rules.
Committee on State Government.

The members and the Chairman of the said Standing Committees shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore as soon after his election as possible. All vacancies occurring in said committees by resignation or otherwise shall be filled by the President Pro Tempore.

The President Pro Tempore shall be ex-officio a member of all Standing Committees and included in the number of committee members herein provided.

The Committee on Appropriations shall consist of twenty-three (23) Senators. The Committee on Judiciary General and the Committee on Highways shall each consist of twenty-four (24) Senators. The Committee on Banknig shall consist of nineteen (19) Senators. The Committee on Corporations and the Committee on Public Health and Welfare and the Committee on Education shall each consist of eighteen (18) Senators. All other Committees shall consist of seventeen (17) Senators each except the Committee on Reapportionment which shall consist of twelve (12) Senators. The Committee on Executive Nominations shall consist of ten (10) Senators, and the Committee on Rules which shall consist of nine (9) Senators.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION

SENATE RULES AMENDED BY ADDING NEW SECTION

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER, offered the following resolution which was twice read, as follows:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, That the Senate Rules be amended by adding a new section as follows:

NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS

47. (a) Any person accorded the privileges of a newspaper correspondent must be the telegraphic correspondent of a daily newspaper, or of a recognized press association, who is not engaged in any department of the State government, or in any other business, or must be the official reporter for a Harrisburg daily newspaper; and no more than one representative of each newspaper shall be admitted to the press gallery at one time.

(b) All applications for admission to the press gallery must be made to the President Pro Tempore. Such application shall state the name of the newspaper, its location, times of publication, and be signed by the applicant.

(c) The President Pro Tempore shall verify the Statements made in such application and if the application is approved by him, he shall issue a correspondent's card, signed by him and by the President of the Correspondents' Association.

(d) The correspondents shall not visit Members in their seats during the sessions of the Senate, and shall abide by such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Rules Committee of the Senate.

(e) The card issued by the President Pro Tempore must be presented when required by any Sergeant-at-Arms. It shall not be transferable. The transfer or loan of such

card to any one shall be followed by its cancellation and the withdrawal of all its privileges from the correspondent so offending.

(f) The gallery allotted to newspaper correspondents shall be for their exclusive use and persons not holding correspondents' cards shall not be entitled to admission thereto.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Edward C. Henle, Sr., Oak Hill, Leetsdale, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Leetsdale, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Michael A. Smolin, deceased.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Box No. 68, Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

ALDERMAN

James Craparo, 18 Shell Avenue, Carbondale, Lackawanna County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Carbondale, Lackawanna County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Francis W. Kearney, deceased.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Calvin M. Potteiger, Main Street, Richland, Lebanon County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Richland, Lebanon County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

BRIGADIER GENERAL, PENNSYLVANIA GUARD

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the appointment is terminated.

MEMBER OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Major Lemuel B. Schofield, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

M. C. McConick, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate David E. Triester, 4606 Osage Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as a Member of the State Real Estate Commission, to serve until September 21, 1954, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of County Boards of Assistance:

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Dolores Ginnick (Republican), 22 North Queen Street, Shippensburg, Cumberland County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

LEBANON COUNTY

Harry M. Bowman (Republican), 104 College Avenue, Annville, Lebanon County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Ernest Williams, Annville, whose term expired.

Mrs. Kathryn G .Wilhelm (Republican), 22 South Railroad Street, Myerstown, Lebanon County, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until here successor is duly appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nominations just read by the Clerk be laid on the table.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

RECALLING NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE CHARLES J. MARGIOTTI AS ATTORNEY GENERAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with Article IV, Section 8, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I nominated for the advice and consent of the Senate, Honor-

able Charles J. Margiotti as Attorney General, vice Honorable Thomas McKeen Chidsey, who resigned during the recess of the Senate. The commission, in accordance with said Article IV, Section 8, is to expire at the end of the present session of the Senate unless sooner superseded by me or other lawful authority.

Since this appointment under the aforesaid section of the Constitution is at the pleasure of the appointing power, and no unexpired term is involved, nothing is to be gained by any official action by your Honorable Body, and consequently I respectfully request the return to me of the official Message of Nomination in the premises.

JAMES H. DUFF.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the communication just read by the Clerk be laid on the table.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT OF STANDING COMMITTEES

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. At this time the Chair wishes to announce the appointment of the Standing Committees of the Senate, which the Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

SENATE COMMITTEES

Standing Committees of the Senate of Pennsylvania
Session of 1951

AGRICULTURE—(17)

Scarlett—Chairman
Robinson—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Mahany	Leader
	Mallery	McPherson	McMenamin
	Kephart	Pechan	Ruth
	Wade	Kessler	Toole
	Hare	Bane	Taylor, ex-officio

APPROPRIATIONS—(23)

Chapman—Chairman
Watson—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Mallery	Blass	Dent
	Scarlett	Berger	DiSilvestro
	Crowe	Mahany	Haluska
	Letzler	Wade	Holland
	Snowden	Diehm	Ruth
	Stevenson	Wolfe	Stiefel
	Walker	Barr	Taylor, ex-officio

BANKING—(19)

Hare—Chairman
Diehm—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Scarlett	Wood	Haluska
	Snowden	Peelor	McCreesh
	Stevenson	Fleming	McGinnis
	Kephart	Propert	Stiefel
	Wade	Byrne	Taylor, ex-officio
	Wagner	DiSilvestro	

CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES AND FEDERAL RELATIONS—(17)

McPherson—Chairman
Freed—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Meade	Leader
	Crowe	Pechan	McCreesh
	Letzler	Fleming	Silvert
	Kephart	Propert	Stiefel
	Blass	Barrett	Taylor, ex-officio

CORPORATIONS—(18)

Mallery—Chairman
Watkins—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Scarlett	Watson	McMenamin
	Crowe	Wood	Neff
	Snowden	Meade	Silvert
	Walker	Kessler	Stiefel
	Kephart	Barrett	Yosko
		Taylor, ex-officio	

EDUCATION—(17)

Wagner—Chairman
Hare—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Crowe	Watkins	Holland
	Letzler	Kessler	Leader
	Berger	Fleming	Rosenfeld
	Watson	Bane	Ruth
	Pechan	Haluska	Taylor, ex-officio

ELECTIONS—(17)

Peelor—Chairman
Meade—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Robinson	Neff
	Crowe	Watkins	Rosenfeld
	Kephart	Fleming	Silvert
	Mahany	Bane	Yosko
	Diehm	Barrett	Taylor, ex-officio

EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS—(10)

Watson—Chairman
Wolfe—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Scarlett	Wood	Dent
	Stevenson	Robinson	Taylor, ex-officio
	Hare	Barr	

FINANCE—(17)

Wood—Chairman
Propert—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Scarlett	Wade	Dent
	Mallery	Hare	DiSilvestro
	Letzler	Diehm	Lane
	Snowden	Peelor	Rosenfeld
	Walker	Barr	Taylor, ex-officio

FORESTS AND WATERS, GAME AND FISH—(17)

Blass—Chairman
Fleming—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Crowe	Wolfe	Leader
	Stevenson	Watkins	McMenamin
	Walker	Watson	Ruth
	Kephart	Robinson	Stiefel
	Berger	Freed	Taylor, ex-officio

HIGHWAYS—(24)

Snowden—Chairman
Wade—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Blass	Barr
	Mallery	Wolfe	Byrne
	Scarlett	Hare	Dent
	Crowe	Watson	Leader
	Letzler	Diehm	McGinnis
	Stevenson	Peelor	Neff
	Kephart	Fleming	Ruth
		Taylor, ex-officio	

INSURANCE—(17)

Wade—Chairman
Crowe—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Blass	Fleming	Haluska
	Wagner	Freed	Lane
	Watson	Kessler	Rosenfeld
	McPherson	Propert	Yosko
	Watkins	Byrne	Taylor, ex-officio

JUDICIARY GENERAL—(24)

Kephart—Chairman
McPherson—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Mallery	Mahany	Propert
	Letzler	Wood	Bane
	Snowden	Diehm	Barr
	Stevenson	Meade	DiSilvestro
	Walker	Peelor	McGinnis
	Berger	Robinson	Rosenfeld
	Blass	Kessler	Yosko
		Taylor, ex-officio	

LABOR AND INDUSTRY—(17)

Berger—Chairman
Scarlett—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	McPherson	Holland
	Snowden	Robinson	Lane
	Stevenson	Kesler	Neff
	Watson	DiSilvestro	Toole
	Wood	Haluska	Taylor, ex-officio

LAW AND ORDER—(17)

Letzler—Chairman
Meade—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Watkins	Lane
	Mallery	Freed	McCreesh
	Wagner	Kessler	Toole
	Wolfe	Barrett	Yosko
	Pechan	Dent	Taylor, ex-officio

LOCAL GOVERNMENT—(17)

Stevenson—Chairman
Mahany—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Mallery	Robinson	Barrett
	Snowden	Fleming	Lane
	Hare	Freed	Neff
	Diehm	Propert	Stiefel
	Pechan	Barr	Taylor, ex-officio

MILITARY AFFAIRS AND AERONAUTICS—(17)

Wolfe—Chairman
Pechan—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Stevenson	McPherson	Byrne
	Walker	Peelor	Holland
	Wade	Watkins	McCreesh
	Wagner	Propert	Silvert
	Wood	Barrett	Taylor, ex-officio

MINES AND MINING—(17)

CROWE—Chairman
Peelor—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Mahany	Lane
	Mallery	Wood	McMenamin
	Letzler	Robinson	Neff
	Berger	Bane	Toole
	Wolfe	Haluska	Taylor, ex-officio

PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE—(18)

Watkins—Chairman
Kessler—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Mahany	Dent
	Letzler	Wood	DiSilvestro
	Blass	Meade	Holland
	Wagner	Pechan	McCreesh
	Hare	Freed	McGinnis
		Taylor, ex-officio	

REAPPORTIONMENT—(12)

Diehm—Chairman
Letzler—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Crowe	Berger	Dent
	Walker	Mahany	Haluska
	Kephart	Barr	Rosenfeld
		Taylor, ex-officio	

RULES—(9)

Walker—Chairman

Messrs.	Chapman	Wagner	Haluska
	Snowden	Hare	Taylor, ex-officio
	Berger	Dent	

STATE GOVERNMENT—(17)

Mahany—Chairman
Pechan—Vice-Chairman

Messrs.	Wade	Diehm	Rosenfeld
	Wagner	Meade	Ruth
	Wolfe	McPherson	Yosko
	Watson	Holland	Toole
	Blass	McGinnis	Taylor, ex-officio

COMMUNICATIONS

REPORT OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication which was read as follows:

INTERSTATE COMMISSION
on the Delaware River Basin

Broad Street Station Building Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

January 13, 1951.

The Senate
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
State Capitol
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Att: Hon. M. Harvey Taylor, President Pro-Tem

Gentlemen:

The Interstate Commission on the Delaware River Basin, popularly known as Incodel, was directed by reciprocal legislation enacted during the 1949 Legislatures of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania to make a survey to determine and report on the feasibility and advisability of the future construction of an integrated water project within the Delaware River Basin, designed, among other purposes, to meet the combined prospective water supply needs of political subdivision and metropolitan areas in the three states.

The statutes under which the survey was authorized are: Pennsylvania Act 475, Laws of 1949; Chapter 610, Laws of New York, 1949; Chapter 105, Laws of New Jersey, 1949.

Under the terms of these acts, the Commission is required to file with the Governors and the Legislatures of the three states, on or before January 15, 1951, a full report of its proceedings, findings, conclusions and recommendations. This is the purpose of this statement and its attachments.

As the first step in carrying out its assignment, the Commission, with the unanimous approval of an advisory committee composed of administrative and legislative representatives of the three states, entered into a contract on July 28, 1949, with Malcolm Pirnie Engineers, New York City, to make the necessary engineering investigations. Malcolm Pirnie Engineers, in turn, formed an affiliation with the firm of Albright & Friel, Inc. of Philadelphia to assist in carrying out the assignment.

The Consulting Engineers filed a preliminary report with the Commission on January 20, 1950. Their final report, dated August 17, 1950, was presented to the Commission at its annual meeting, September 11, 1950, at which time the Commission, in executive session, approved and adopted, in principle, the recommendations contained therein.

A copy of the Consulting Engineers' final report is being submitted herewith to you as a separate document.

The proposed water project which has been recommended by the Consulting Engineers is described in detail in their final report to this Commission. In the Commission's judgment the project is one of the greatest conservation programs ever conceived. It is designed to meet the two highest uses of water; (1) to provide adequate and satisfactory sources of water supply to areas of need in each of the States in which the Delaware River flows; and (2) to increase substantially the volume of flow in the Delaware River during periods of drought which now occur almost every summer and fall to the serious detriment of everyone depending upon the River for recreation, municipal and industrial water supply, disposal of treated wastes and numerous other beneficial uses.

In the summary of their final report (a copy of which is included with the attachments to this statement) the Consulting Engineers set forth the following "Conclusions."

(1) The construction of an integrated interstate water supply project on the Delaware River above Trenton is necessary, feasible and advisable.

(2) The Upper Delaware River Basin is admirably suited to the development of a major integrated interstate water supply system. Water of excellent quality at high elevation within a reasonable distance can be made available to satisfy existing critical water supply demands of large centers of population.

(3) Flood waters of the Delaware River that now discharge into the sea will be stored and made available to meet water supply needs within and without the Basin and needs for stream flow regulation.

(4) Initially the proposed project will make sufficient high quality water available to meet existing and future demands for water supply and stream flow regulation and can be expanded step-by-step as required.

(5) The proposed project is capable of providing for the future water requirements of northeastern New Jersey, New York City, the Southern New Jersey Metropolitan District and the Philadelphia area of Pennsylvania beyond the year 2000 A.D.

(6) Critically needed high quality water will be delivered by gravity to points of maximum consumption in the metropolitan areas of Northern New Jersey and New York City, practically eliminaitng need for reinforcement of transmission systems from existing supply sources.

(7) Stream flow regulation made possible by the proposed project will contribute greatly toward providing better quality water supplies to those taking water directly from the Delaware River for domestic and industrial use, and will greatly enhance the natural advantages of the area for continued industrial development and recreational use.

(8) The proposed project with its plan of releases for stream flow regulation to maintain substantially greater than natural minimum flows at Trenton will greatly alleviate costly and objectionable saline conditions between Philadelphia and the Pennsylvania-Delaware boundary which are experienced during the periods of low river flow in dry weather.

(9) Salinity conditions in the important shellfish propagation areas will be so improved as to reduce materially the damage caused by drills which feed upon and destroy young oysters.

(10) Improved stream conditions will promote aquatic life and be beneficial to commercial and recreational fishing interests.

(11) Reservoirs of considerable size will be created around which needed state and interstate parks can be developed for the use and enjoyment of a large concentration of the country's population.

(12) The magnitude of the proposed project will permit construction of works to provide stream flow regulation at a reasonable cost and water for domestic and industrial supplies at costs closely approximating those for waters from existing upland sources built when costs for construction were substantially lower than at present.

(13) Approximately twelve years will be required to provide necessary legislation and to organize, plan, construct and place in operation Stage 1 of the project.

This Commission is in accord with the recommendations of its Consulting Engineers that the project should be constructed in steps, or stages, as needed. It is firmly convinced that the construction of Stage 1 of the Recommended Project, the essential features of which are described in this statement as well as in the attachments, should be started at the earliest practicable opportunity. In order to accomplish this objective it respectfully requests the Legislatures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the States of New York, New Jersey and Delaware to take the following actions:

1. To approve and adopt, in prinicple, Stage 1 of the Recommended Project (but not at this time to authorize its construction).

2. To enact an interstate compact creating an administrative agency to be known as the Delaware River Basin Water Commission.

3. To empower and direct the Delaware River Basin Water Commission to prepare detailed plans and specifications together with a complete financial program for the construction of Stage 1 of the Recommended Project, or an appropriate modification thereof, and to make an appropriation for this advance planning.

4. To direct the Delaware River Basin Water Commission to file a report of its proceedings and recommendations with the Legislatures of each of the respective states on or before January 15, 1953, in order to afford the Legislatures an opportunity to make a further evaluation of the project and its benefits before giving their final approval for proceeding with construction of Stage 1 of the Recommended Project or a modification thereof.

Stage 1 of the Recommended Project is designed to provide up to 465 million gallons of water daily to meet the estimated additional requirements of the combined Northen New Jersey and New York City areas for the next 30 years. It will also make a new source of water supply in the amount of 500 million gallons daily immediately available to the City of Philadelphia, if and when that City desires it. It also provides for additional storage capacity sufficient to maintain at all times a minimum flow of at least 4800 cubic feet per second of water from the non-tidal section of the Delaware River above Trenton into the tidal section of the River below Trenton. The maintenance of such a minimum flow will largely eliminate the difficulties and damages encountered by industries by reason of salt water invasions which now occur under existing conditions in the Chester-Marcus section of the River almost every summer and fall. It will also be of equal, if not greater, value in enhancing the potentialities for industrial development of the region between Trenton and Philadelphia, in which the United States Steel Company is about to build a new plant and, undoubtedly, many allied industries will locate.

It should be especially noted that one of the two major purposes of the proposed project is to provide for a substantial increase in the dry weather flows of the Delaware River. In contrast, the increase in the case of a project designed solely for water supply involving a diversion, in which the principles for the release of compensating water as established by the 1931 decree of the United States Supreme Court in the Delaware River Diversion Case, (283 U. S. 336) would presumedly apply, would be relatively insignificant and immaterial. Under the proposed project, the amount of water released for the purpose of increasing low flows in a period such as occurred in 1930 would be seven to eight times more than the quantity which would be released if the project were solely for additional water supply for New York City and Northern New Jersey.

Stage 1 is comprised of the following essential elements:

(1) A storage reservoir created by a dam on the West Branch of the Delaware River near Cannonsville, New York. This reservoir would have a total storage capacity of 118 billion gallons. It would be used primarily to release water from storage for the purpose of increasing low river flows in the entire length of the river during periods of drought.

(2) A diversion dam extending across the Delaware River between Pennsylvania and New York near Barryville, New York, holding about 10 billion gallons. The major purpose of this dam would be to permit the capture of flood flows for water supply and for stream flow regulation.

(3) A storage reservoir, created by a dam on the lower Neversink River, extending from Godeffroy to Phillipsport in New York and having a total capacity of 278 billion gallons. The principal function of this reservoir would be to store the flood flows which are captured at Barryville and transported from there by a tunnel connection between the two structures.

(4) A transmission tunnel from the upper part of Godeffroy reservoir to New York City's existing main supply tunnels in Brooklyn. From this common transmission tunnel, connections would be made to the major water supply systems of Northern New Jersey.

(5) A storage reservoir, created by a dam extending across the Delaware River between Pennsylvania and New Jersey at Wallpack Bend, with a total capacity of 121 billion gallons. The primary purpose of this reservoir would be to provide additional water for stream flow regulation and to make a new source of water supply immediately available to Philadelphia, southeastern Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey, as and when needed.

The Consulting Engineers estimate that the total cost of construction of Stage 1 of the Recommended Project, on the basis of 1950 prices, would be $564,000,000. Of this amount, they recommend that approximately $416,000,000 should be charged against "Water Supply" features of the Project, and estimate that this investment would be entirely self-liquidating by revenues received from the sale of water. The allocation of costs to "Water Supply" includes the cost of providing storage capacity for the release of water as "compensating water" as would be required under the principles of the United States Supreme Court decree previously mentioned.

The Consulting Engineers suggest that about $148,000,000 should be charged to "Stream Flow Regulation" and be paid for by the four states in proportion to benefits received. The $148,000,000 consists solely of the cost for providing storage capacity for river regulation in excess of the capacity provided in conjunction with and charged to, the water supply diversion feature of the project. It is believed that the annual benefits from the stream flow regulation feature of the project would substantially exceed the annual costs.

Coincident with the engineering investigations, the Commission, on March 18, 1950, with the approval of the Attorneys General, created an advisory committee to study the legal aspects of the project. Specifically, the Committee was asked to prepare a draft of an interstate compact to establish an administrative agency to which power would be given to finance, construct, maintain and operate the proposed water project on behalf of the participating states pursuant to the approval of such project by the Legislatures of such states.

The members of this Committee were:

Judge P. Warren Green, former Attorney General of Delaware

Deputy Attorney General Robert Peacock of New Jersey

Deputy Attorney General Edward C. Ryan of New York, and

Deputy Attorney General M. Vashti Burr of Pennsylvania, Chairman

At the request of the Committee, the Chairman, throughout the entire progress of the study, graciously assumed the responsibility of drafting the terms of the document for submission to, and deliberation and action by, the membership as a whole. Meetings of the Committee were held on March 18, June 8-9, July 12-13, and August 30, 1950, and January 4, 1951. The assistance and advice of investment bankers and bond counsel and of specialists dealing with interstate compacts, water works engineering, public work financing and governmental administration also were secured.

The Committee, on January 12, 1951, presented its final draft of a proposed compact to this Commission. It was received with the clear understanding that the proposal does not necessarily represent the official views of the States which the members of the Committee represented. It was accepted with the greatest of appreciation and with a sincere conviction that, except possibly for a few relatively minor adjustments which probably would be mutually agreeable to the affected States, the proposed compact will effectively accomplish the purposes for which it was designed.

The Commission is particularly impressed with the way in which the interest of each of the States, which would be signatory to the compact, are safeguarded. Under its terms, the construction of the project cannot be started unless and until the Legislatures of all of the signatory states have agreed upon and approved the plans for, and the method of financing, such project. There are also several other protective provisions, including a requirement calling for the submission of recommendations regarding any project by the principal water resources agency of each state to the Legislature of the State which that agency represents.

Attached hereto is an illustrated brochure entitled "The Delaware River Basin Water Project" which has been prepared as a supplemental part of this report. It sets forth the major purpose for which this Commission was created; gives a brief background of the water problems confronting metropolitan areas in the "Delaware Basin" states; contains a map and description of the proposed project; states who will be the principal beneficiaries of the project —and why; explains how the project can be given life; and calls attention to the fact that, while of utmost important, the project is but one item of an overall conservation program for the Delaware River watershed.

There is enclosed in the pocket on the inside of the back cover of this brochure a copy of each of the following:

1. Summary, Conclusions and Recommendations of the Consulting Engineers' Report on the Utilization of the Waters of The Delaware River Basin.

2. Proposed Compact creating the Delaware River Basin Water Commission, together with a model draft of enabling legislation incorporating such compact and directing said Commission to carry out certain specific functions.

3. Reprint of article in the September 30, 1950 issue of the Saturday Evening Post entitled "Look What They're Doing to the Delaware."

Because of considerations of public necessity, the project in its essentials, in this Commission's judgment, will be built. There seem to be but three methods under which this would be done:

1. By piecemeal and individual action by the states and/or their political subdivisions subsequent to disagreeable and wasteful litigation in the United States Supreme Court,

2. By some type of a federally-controlled agency.

3. By interstate cooperation through the medium of an interstate compact.

The Commission believes that the choice is clear. In its opinion, the third method, interstate cooperation, is far superior to the others.

The Commission is deeply aware of the responsibility you have placed upon it in directing it to make this all-important survey. It believes that the program which it is presenting to you is wise and sound. It is confident you will give its recommendation careful and favorable consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

F. A. PITKIN, Chairman
FLOYD E. ANDERSON, Vice Chairman
CHARLES R. ERDMAN, Jr., Vice Chairman
RAYMOND B. PHILLIPS, Vice Chairman

JHA:d
Encl.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The report of the Interstate Commission on the Delaware River Basin, dated September, 1950, will be noted in the Journal.

NINETY-SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN AND ITS VICINITY

The Chair cleared its table and laid before the Senate the following communication which was read by the Clerk:

SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN
AND ITS VICINITY
5458 Germantown Avenue
Philadelphia 44

January 12, 1951.

Mr. Charles A. P. Bartlett, Librarian,
Senate of Pennsylvania,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:

We are pleased to enclose for your files two copies of the 96th Annual Statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity.

Yours very truly,
EDWARD J. THOMAS, Treasurer.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Ninety-sixth Annual Statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity will be noted in the Journal.

REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY

The CHAIR cleared its table and laid before the Senate the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission of Pennsylvania and New Jersey to the Legislatures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey for 1949.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The report will be noted in the Journal.

REPORT OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication which was read as follows:

INTERSTATE COMMISSION
On the Delaware River Basin
January 10, 1951.

The Senate
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
State Capitol
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: Attention Hon. M. Harvey Taylor
President Pro Tem

There will be sent to you on January 13 the report of this Commission covering the results of its water project investigation made pursuant to reciprocal legislation enacted in 1949 by the Legislatures of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

This Commission desires to file with you, as a part of its report, a copy of the final report of its consulting engineers, Malcolm Pirnie Engineers—Albright & Friel, Inc., entitled "Report on the Utilization of the Waters of the Delaware River Basin." The consulting engineers' report is being mailed to you herewith today.

Sincerely yours,
JAMES H. ALLEN, Executive Secretary.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The "Report on the Utilization of the Waters of the Delaware River Basin" will be noted in the Journal.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire at this time to make a report on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission.

There is being distributed, Mr. President, to the Members of the Senate, a copy of the General Report of the Joint State Government Commission as submitted by the Chairman of the Commission, the Honorable Baker Royer, the gentleman from Lancaster, who is serving with such distinction in the House.

I would like to call the attention of the Membership to this Report, because the Report will be followed up by the introduction of various bills which contain the conclusions arrived at by this by-partisan interim study group.

Mr. President, I would like to congratulate and pay my respects to the members of the various sub-committees who served so unselfishly and tirelessly during the interim, doing the fact finding and preparing the legislation which will be introduced later, and which carries out the best collective thought of the group which comprise this Joint State Government Commission. It is an example of a representative form of government in action, in which those who are elected to public office are attempting to discharge the responsibilities of their office rather than delegate the authority to paid fact finders. The Members of the General Assembly through this Commission have done a remarkable job, which is a contribution to the betterment of the Commonwealth.

In submitting this Report, and on behalf of the Membership, Mr. President, I would like to pay public tribute to the very fine staff of the Joint State Government Commission who have been of such immeasurable assistance, and who have rendered great cooperation to the Membership of the Commission, in providing us not only with the facts but with the background, and with recommendations upon which the legislation is predicated. It has been teamwork, Mr. President, that has been a source of pleasure to every Member who has had the privilege of serving on this Commission, and those of us who have had that privilege take great pride in being associated with that staff and being part of the contributors of this Report. I recommend it to the Members of the Senate. I think you should read it so that you can correlate it with the recommended legislation which will follow.

GENERAL REPORT OF THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION 1949-1951

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I offer the General Report and ask that it be noted in the Journal.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
P. O. Box 61
Room 450—Capitol Building, Harrisburg

January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, The Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith the General Report of the Joint State Government Commission, 1949-1951, to the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER, Chairman.

BR:ljr

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The General Report of the Joint State Government Commission for 1949-1951 will be noted in the Journal.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. WOLFE, STEVENSON and SNOWDEN read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Forests and Waters for the purpose of constructing new retaining dams and for necessary costs and expenses in acquiring real property, easements and rights of way necessary for construction of such retaining dams.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriation.

Mr. WATSON on behalf of Mr. TAYLOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. WALKER and DENT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number, qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau; and making appropriations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. PEELOR and PECHAN read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairman of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. PEELOR (By request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates, trust estates, minors' estates and absentees' estates, both as to real and personal property, and the procedure relating thereto; including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases; the appointment, bond, removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates, their powers, duties and liabilities; the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries, and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees, and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors, the powers, duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries, the abatement, survival and control of actions and rights of action, and the presumption of death; and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction, powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries," redefining certain words, providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken, prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters, clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and distribution made and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act relating to the administration and distribution of incompetents' estates, both as to real and personal property, and the procedure relating thereto; including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a guardian in certain cases; the appointment, bond, removal and discharge of guardians of such estates, their powers, duties and liabilities, the rights of persons dealing with such guardians, and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees, and containing provisions concerning the determination of incompetency and the powers, duties and liabilities of foreign guardians; and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction, powers and procedure of the orphans' court and the common pleas court relating to incompetents' estates.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts, the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care, or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians, providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Children's Heart Hospital, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. KEPHART and SILVERT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No.9, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania, East Falls, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KEPHART (By request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act declaring and adopting the song "The Defense Corps" by Joe F. Weber, with arrangement by Llewelyn Jones, as the official State song of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Rules.

Mr. BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (a) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828) entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians, committees, trustees, and other fiduciaries, except personal representatives, and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries," authorizing investments in common stocks meeting certain qualifications and eliminating the requirement that stock must be listed on an exchange as to the stock of banks and insurance companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. LETZLER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. LETZLER. Mr. President, this bill I am about to present is the result of a study made by a Subcommittee of the Joint State Government Commission, which resulted in a codification of the Liquor Laws of the State.

Mr. President, I want to express my personal appreciation to the Members of this Committee. It was my privilege to be the Chairman of the Committee, and I appreciate the fine work they did during the interim which resulted in this codification.

Mr. President, I read in place and present to the Chair the following bill.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. LETZLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act relating to oleomargarine, margarine, yellow oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products; regulating the sale thereof; regulating the serving thereof at public eating places; regulating the advertising thereof; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Agriculture; prescribing penalties; and repealing certain acts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act to amend the introductory paragraph of Section 10 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled as amended, "An act to promote public health, safety, morale, and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies, corporate and politic, to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance, and to undertake projects, to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income; providing for the organization of such housing authorities; defining their powers and duties; providing for the exercise of such powers, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain, the renting and selling of property, and including borrowing money, issuing bonds, and other obligations, and giving security therefor; prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities; authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements, including agreements with the United States, the Commonwealth and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof; defining the application of zoning, sanitary, and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintained by such housing authorities; exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation; and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board, and certain other State officers and departments," by requiring authorities to submit the question of the proposed acquisition of any real estate to a vote of the electors within the territorial limits of such authorities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 15, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by increasing the limitations on which contracts for work and purchases of supplies may be made without competitive bidding.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Messrs. MALLERY, STEVENSON and BERGER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 16, entitled:

An Act to further amend clauses six, seven, twenty and twenty-three of section two of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligation, issued, assumed, or kept by persons, associations, companies, cor-

porations or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities; and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings, conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies, and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. McPHERSON (By request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction, powers, and duties of registers of wills, and regulating proceedings before them, and the costs thereof, the effects of their acts, and appeals therefrom.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 19, entitled:

An Act to add Section 501.1 to Article V of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles, imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," directing the issuance of special motor vehicle registration plates and identifying buttons to war amputees and paralytics.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Messrs. PROPERT and DIEHM read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State Government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of money erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by defining the powers and duties of the Department of Accountant General and the Accountant General; providing for the installation and maintenance of a uniform system of accounts of Commonwealth finances and of accounting reports based thereon; imposing duties on every Commonwealth agency receiving or disbursing moneys from or on behalf of the Commonwealth; and further regulating the disbursement of moneys from the State Treasury.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor; and certain other executive and adminis-

trative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Department and office of Accountant General and defining their powers and duties; changing certain powers and duties of the Governor and of the various departments, boards, commissions and officers; and providing for the transfer of certain employes from the Department of Auditor General to the Department of Accountant General.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend section 9, of the act, approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604), entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the Department of the Accountant General to examine the accounts and books of the Authority.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 9 of the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1217), entitled "An act to promote the education and educational facilities of the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; creating a State Public School Building Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, improve and operate projects and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof, authorizing school districts to enter into contracts to lease; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority; and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof; granting the right of eminent domain; increasing the powers and duties of the Department of Public Instruction; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted under this act; and making an appropriation to said Authority to pay expenses incident to its formation," by authorizing the Department of Accountant General to examine the accounts and books of the Authority.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 24, entitled:

An Act to amend section 8 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 372), entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating The General State Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, improve, equip, furnish, and operate projects, and to lease the same, and to fix fees; rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds for said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering the General State Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act," by authorizing the Department of the Accountant General to examine the accounts and books of the Authority.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. MAHANY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act relating to the orphans' courts, conferring exclusive jurisdiction on such courts over the administration and distribution of decedents' estates, trust estates, minors' estates, absentees' estates and incompetents' estates; providing for the organization of orphans' courts, the procedure therein, the powers and duties of the judges thereof, and appeals therefrom.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. PECHAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I desire at this time to introduce four bills which I might state are a part of the legislative program of the American Legion.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain practices of discrimination by employers employment agencies and labor organizations as herein defined and others because of race, color, religious creed, national origin or ancestry, creating the Pennsylvania Fair Employment Practice Commission, defining its functions, powers and duties, providing for the procedure and enforcement and for formulation of an educational program to prevent prejudice, providing for judicial review and enforcement, imposing penalties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an

oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to provide for civil and administrative remedies for discrimination in places of public accommodation, resort, or amusement on account of race, color, religion, ancestry or national origin.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 1 and 2 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188), entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays, and for the payment, acceptance and protesting of bills, notes, drafts, checks and other negotiable paper on such days," by declaring V. J. Day, the fourteenth day of August, a legal holiday.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. DiSILVESTRO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 2, 3, 5 and 6 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1154), entitled "An act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers, wholesale and retail dealers, and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining-rooms, and boarding-houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter; to regulate the manufacture, sale and advertising of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products, not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture, sale and advertising as an imitation butter; to prescribe penalties; and punishment for violation of this act and the means and method of procedure for its enforcement; to regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure; and to prescribe certain powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture," by permitting the sale of colored oleomargarine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act to amend section 18 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by eliminating limitations imposed relative to assessment of real or personal property and persons for taxation purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 32, entitled:

An Act providing for the preparation of a new Constitution of the Commonwealth, by a convention; appointment of delegates; adoption or rejection by the people, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Messrs. LANE, BARR and HOLLAND read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 33, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1154), entitled "An act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers, wholesale and retail dealers, and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining rooms, and boarding-houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter; to regulate the manufacture, sale and advertising of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products, not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture, sale and advertising as an imitation butter; to prescribe penalties; and punishment for violation of this act and the means and method of procedure for its enforcement; to regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure; and to prescribe certain powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture."

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. HOLLAND read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to abolish the Pennsylvania Milk Control Commission, and to repeal the act by which it was created.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Messrs. HOLLAND and LANE read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 35, entitled:

An Act providing for the regulation of lobbying requiring registration of all lobbyists, keeping of accounts of contributions and expenditures and receipts thereof, reports and statements under oath, persons affected and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. BYRNE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 417 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certains acts and parts of acts relating to election," by eliminating requirements that watchers must be residents of district in which they are authorized to act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. PEELOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto, a section providing for absentee voting.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

RESOLUTION

URGING THE FEDERAL HOUSING EXPEDITOR TO INVESTIGATE COMPLAINTS MADE BY TENANT AGAINT LANDLORD, OR VICE VERSA

Mr. FREED offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, The Office of the Federal Housing Expeditor has been created inter alia to facilitate the solution of the additional problems created for landlords and tenants by rent control; and

Whereas, Any action of this office based upon less than a thorough investigation of a complaint, confuses both tenants and landlords and is unfair to both; and

Whereas, On any given complaint, one investigation is usually inadequate, especially where it unveils the facts only as to one of the parties; and

Whereas, A complete investigation of every complaint, uncovering the facts on both sides, is essential to produce a healthy relationship between landlords and tenants; therefore be it

Resolved, By the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that the Federal Housing Expeditor is hereby importuned to require three investigations by his agents of every complaint made by a tenant against a landlord, or vice versa, at separate times of the day, before acting thereon in order that any action taken may be based upon all the facts; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of Commerce of this Commonwealth do everything in his power to promote more salutary relations between the Office of Federal Housing Expeditor and landlords and tenants; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of Commerce of this Commonwealth, the Federal Housing Expeditor, Tighe Woods, and to every State Legislature in session during this year.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY THE FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHING A FREE CITY COLLEGE IN PHILADELPHIA

Mr. KEPHART offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, The largest city of this Commonwealth, Philadelphia, one of the twelve largest in the world, does not have a free city college; and

Whereas, There is need for such an institution in Philadelphia so that its young men and women who desires a college education may not be deprived of the opportunity to acquire the same; and

Whereas, Such a college deserves State support and cooperation since its existence would benefit the whole Commonwealth; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to study the feasibility of establishing a free City College in Philadelphia with State cooperation and support; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall file a report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session by February first, 1953 together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO MAKE A STUDY OF ALL DISABILITY BENEFIT LAWS

Mr. WOOD offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, Adequate modern disability benefit laws are necessary for the welfare of the huge labor force of this Commonwealth as well as for the well-being of management and the general public; now, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to make a thorough study of all disability benefit laws to the end that adequate legislation on the subject may be provided for this Commonwealth; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall file a report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session by the first day of February, 1953, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY THE FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHING MEDICAL AND DENTAL SCHOOLS AT PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE

Mr. LETZLER offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, There is a great need in this Commonwealth, as elsewhere in this country, for many more doctors and dentists than are presently being graduated by the country's medical and dental schools; and

Whereas, In this Commonwealth, young men and women cannot acquire a medical or dental education at any State educational institution; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to study the feasibility of establishing medical and dental schools under the administration of Pennsylvania State College so that the young men and women of this Commonwealth, who desire such an education may not be deprived of the opportunity of acquiring it; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall file a report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session by the first day of February, 1953, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY THE FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHING A SCHOOL OF VETERINARY MEDICINE AT PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE

Mr. SCARLETT offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, The Pennsylvania State College has an excellent agricultural curriculum but no school for the training of veterinarians; and

Whereas, Such a school of veterinary medicine would complement such existing outstanding curriculum and

would prevent the youth of this Commonwealth who desire such higher education from being deprived of the opportunity to acquire the same; now therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to study the feasibility of establishing a School of Veterinary Medicine at Pennsylvania State College!; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall file a report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session by February one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-three, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY IMMEDIATELY THE PROBLEM OF MILK CONTROL

Mr. FLEMING offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Agriculture:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, Conditions in the milk industry have changed materially, along with related general conditions, since milk control legislation was enacted in this Commonwealth; and

Whereas, Such vital legislation should at all times be consistent with changing and changed conditions for the betterment of the general welfare of this Commonwealth as well as the interests of the milk industry itself; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to make an immediate study of the whole problem of milk control so that the General Assembly during this regular session of 1951 can expediently enact any legislation necessary to correct weaknesses in the present law; and be it further

Resolved; That the Joint State Government Commission for such purpose shall file a report of its findings and recommendations to this General Assembly, in ample time to effecuate the purpose of this resolution together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY IMMEDIATELY THE ENTIRE PROBLEM OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

Mr. BERGER offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, Labor-management relations have year by year assumed greater influence over the lives of all the citizens of this Commonwealth and the United States; and

Whereas, It is vital to the continuing welfare and progress of this great industrial Commonwealth that legislation keep pace with the expanding importance of labor-management relations to the end that the increasing and difficult problem of labor and management may be solved quickly and intelligently rather than slowly and with force, strikes, and to the detriment of all; and

Whereas, Existing legislation providing such machinery does not take cognizance of the increasing importance of the subject matter nor of all the techniques that have been devised and improvised to aid in the solution of problems arising therefrom; and

Whereas, There is urgent need that corrective legislation on this subject matter be considered and passed during the present session of the General Assembly; now therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed immediately to begin a study of the entire problem of labor-management relations with the emphasis on existing legislation providing machinery for their solution and in particular those statutes relating to labor disputes, mediation, arbitration, injunctions, and collective bargaining; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission in its study shall consider the feasibility of providing a new, enlarged, or revised administrative agency or department for the more successful handling of such problems in the best interests of labor, management, the general public and the governmental administrators; and be it further

Resolved, That as a part of such study the Joint State Government Commission shall also consider the provision of a practicable system of extension education relating to labor-management practices in negotiating and carrying out collective bargaining activities and agreements; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall submit its report embracing its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly during this regular session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one in time to ensure the full consideration and passage of such legislation as they deem necessary to effectuate the purposes of this resolution together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

DIRECTING THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO APPOINT COMMITTEE TO STUDY MEANS AND MEASURES FOR CARE, INCARCERATION AND TREATMENT OF PSYCHOPATHIC PERSONS WITH CRIMINAL TENDENCIES

Mr. PECHAN offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, The subject of sex crimes and what may be done by legislation to reduce them, has been a matter of consideration of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for some time; and

Whereas, The subject is complex and the solution uncertain and difficult, perhaps due in part to a lack of knowledge as to the facts and background of the sex psychopath and the habitual sex offender; and

Whereas, While the subject is still in the inquiry stage, nevertheless the need persists that the public be given better protection against the habitual sex offender; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission appoint a committee to make a study of means and measures for the care, incarceration and treatment of psychopathic persons with criminal tendencies and render a report and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on January 15, 1951.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown: To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

Charles A. Smith, McSherrytown.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary L. Concannon, Pittsburgh, Midtown Mtrs. Inc.
Miss Catherine E. Connolly, Pittsburgh, 81 St. Nicholas Bldg.
H. M. Cunningham, Turtle Creek.
Donald S. Deming, Mt. Oliver.
Miss Catharine A. Duff, Wilkinsburg.
Joseph Frisch, McKeesport.
Mrs. Amelia R. Feri, Pittsburgh, 301 Fifth Ave.
Charles W. Haus, Pittsburgh, 450 Fourth Ave.
Mrs. Jeane M. Heath, Pittsburgh, 2020 Oliver Bldg.
Mrs. L. L. Heegmann, Pittsburgh, 5726 Forbes St.
Harry R. Hueston, Pittsburgh, 400 N. Lexington Ave.
William O. Jacky, Pittsburgh, 2405 Saw Mill Run Blvd.
Donald C. Jones, Pittsburgh, 1942 Forbes St.
William Leicher, Millvale.
Homer W. Ludwig, Pittsburgh, Esso Stan. Oil Co.
Miss Blanche M. McBride, Pittsburgh, 313 E. Carson St.
Miss Catherine M. McGann, Pittsburgh, 2024 Koppers Bldg.
Mrs. M. D. McHugh, Pittsburgh, 405 Penn Ave.
Michael D. Murray, Turtle Creek.
H. W. Placke, Mt. Oliver.
Miss Clara M. Proctor, Pittsburgh, 400 N. Lexington Ave.
George D. Reilly, McKeesport.
Dudley E. Rowland, Pittsburgh, 933 Ridge Ave.
Miss Vera Sciullo, Pittsburgh, 6221 Broad St.
Maurice Seiavitch, Clairton.
Clyde T. Spence, Clairton.
Mrs. Frances C. Spence, Clairton.
E. C. Timmerman, Jr., Pittsburgh, 5874 Baum Blvd.
Mrs. M. R. Tippett, Homestead.
Harry J. Weihrauch, Pittsburgh, 400 N. Lexington Ave.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

George William Goddard, Ford City.
H. V. Miller, Leechburg.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Marion E. Loughead, Beaver Falls.
Paul Marthens, Potter Twp., Monaca.
William F. Bechtel, Monaca.
Earl R. Radtke, Aliquippa.
M. A. Shanor, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Stanley K. Bibbus, Reading.
Miss Beatrice Crowell, Reading.
Miss Louise H. Eberenz, Reading.
Mervin F. Rothenberger, Ontelaunee Twp., Leesport.
Mrs. Isabel Zehner, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

W. G. Jacobs, Altoona.
James M. Mathers, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Charlotte W. Gade, Bristol.
Mrs. Bernice McAllister, Morrisville.
Mrs. Peggy Resendorph, Warminster Twp., Hatboro.
Walter C. Rodenberger, Quakertown.
Mrs. Jeanette Swartley, Perkasie.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Edyth M. Baker, Zelienople.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

John P. Lantzy, Spangler.
Mrs. Ethel M. McFeaters, Johnstown.
Mrs. Inez Davison Paul, Ebensburg.

CENTRE COUNTY

Harry A. Rossman, Milesburg.

CLARION COUNTY

Miss Evelyn J. Theiss, Clarion.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Mrs. Evelyn McGarvey, DuBois.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Madeline Brown, Cambridge Springs.
Thomas E. Rossiter, Meadville.
Mrs. Josephine Sobieski, Conneautville.
William Stake, Conneautville.
Mrs. Pauline Young, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Wm. E. Stough, Camp Hill.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Katherine P. Coup, Harrisburg.
Miss Theresa Lorraine Ditty, Harrisburg.
Isidore Mages, Harrisburg.
Eugene E. Moyer, Harrisburg.
Miss Dorothy A. Waddle, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Margaret E. Connell, Tinicum Twp., Westinghouse Electric Corp., Phila. (13).
Curtiss H. Galloway, Springfield Twp., Springfield.
Miss Ruth J. Haines, Chester.
Archie T. Lowrie, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
Mrs. Mae D. Rice, Chester.
Miss Virginia H. Sisson, Tinicum Twp., Westinghouse Electric Corp., Phila. (13).
Elmer F. Zebley, Swarthmore.

ERIE COUNTY

John A. Blackmore, Erie.
Miss Ruth D. Brugger, Erie.
Kenneth H. Fillinger, Erie.
Miss Mary C. Greiner, Erie.
Miss Pauline Hoenel, Erie.
Mrs. Margaret P. Kinsella, Erie.
Joseph M. Riley, Erie.
Robert N. Spaeder, Erie.
Mrs. Maud S. Stranahan, Erie.
Mrs. Ethel M. Wakeman, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Martin J. Berish, Masontown.
Robert E. Eberly, Uniontown.
Miss Mary E. Fagan, Connellsville.
Charles W. Laughery, North Union Twp., Uniontown.
Gilbert L. Morrow, Uniontown.

GREENE COUNTY

Willis E. Fox, Waynesburg.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

F. Blair Isenberg, Huntingdon.
Mrs. Janet F. Mitchell, Huntingdon.

JUNIATA COUNTY

D. T. Long, Mifflintown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Walter J. Bartholomay, Carbondale.
Carl Carey, Scranton.
David A. Jones, Winton.
Ernest D. Preate, Scranton.
Leroy Rosser, Scranton.
Nicholas J. Solancis, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Mary P. Fager, Lancaster.
Harold E. Martin, Lancaster.
Mrs. Mildred G. Payn, Lancaster.
C. Hunter Pettit, East Hempfield Twp., Salunga.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Gerald A. McCoy, New Castle.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Earl C. Arnold, Allentown.
Miss E. Ruth Benner, Allentown.
Orlando M. Bowen, Allentown.
P. T. Sechler, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Isadore R. Bernstein, West Pittston.
Miss Lila J. Bisher, Wilkes-Barre.

LYCOMING COUNTY

David R. Esterly, Williamsport.
Edward M. Flynn, Williamsport.
Richard R. Motter, Jersey Shore.
Mrs. Margaret T. Myers, Williamsport.
Guy E. Rich, Armstrong Twp., Williamsport.

MERCER COUNTY

Mrs. Maragret Borzcik, Sharon.
William F. Conlin, Sharpsville.
Mrs. Anna Belle Jones, Mercer.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

George McKee, Lewistown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

J. Russell Brode, Marlboro Twp., Sumneytown.
Samuel Coult, Lower Merion Twp., Bala-Cynwyd.
Fred B. Fromhold, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.
Miss Sara D. Heritage, Norristown.
George W. Heuer, Jr., Norristown.
Mrs. Kathryn B. Houpt, Skippack Twp., Skippack.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Anna G. Ehrgott, Bethlehem.
W. C. Heister, Hellertown.
Miss Anna C. Schmehl, Bethlehem.
Miss Helen M. Starner, Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Elinor M. Bridy, Mount Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ellsworth Barber, 3620 G St.
Miss Gertrude Baumeister, 4200 Wissahickon Ave.
Mrs. Myrtle B. Beacher, 15 N. Fifth St.
Jack Becker, 4411 N. Broad St.
Charles E. Beissel, 7902 Eastwick Ave.
LeRoy S. Bishop, W. H. & L. D. Betz, Gillingham & Worth Sts.
George K. Boger, 228 City Hall Annex
Clement G. Bowers, 5449 Horrocks St.
J. Wesley Breuninger, 321 Stephen Girard Bldg.
Mrs. Sylvia C. Brodsky, 1227 N. Broad St.
Martin L. Burden, 2236 Tyson Ave.
Raymond A. Carney, 3514 Kensington Ave.
Joseph A. Clapham, 2830 Cottman St.
Mrs. Marie R. Cody, 3020 Market St.
Mrs. Gloria R. Cohen, 1920 P. S. F. S. Bldg., 12 S. 12th.
Sylvan M. Cohen, 1920 P. S. F. S. Bldg., 12 S. 12th.
James J. Coyle, Rm. 404, 322 Walnut St.
John J. Cree, 200 Bankers Securities Bldg.
Miss Julia L. Cunningham, 250 W. Cambria St.
Paschal R. Cusano, 2008 Passyunk Ave.
Joseph A. D'Amelio, 1816 Glenifer St.
Walter E. D'Amato, 1325 Tasker St.
Mrs. Betty Demar, 812 Western Saving Fund Bldg.
Adam R. Di Olio, 1232 S. 8th St.
Michael C. Di Puppo, 2507 77th Ave.
Miss Mary Patricia Donnelly, Burroughs Adding Machine Co., Broad & Spring Garden Sts.
Mrs. Madeline K. Dranoff, 2453 N. 33rd St.
Miss Alice M. Duffy, 1322 W. Eleanor St.
Miss Emma K. Eissler, c/o North Bros. Mfg. Co.
Isadore Feinstein, 1623 Walnut St.
Nelson L. Fosbenner, 1740 S. 58th St.
Joseph F. Frizell, 6034 Montague St.
James E. Fyfe, 6301 Germantown Ave.
Charles Goldberg, 343 N. 56th St.
Martin M. Gorchov, SWC 40th St. & Baltimore Ave.
Albert W. Gray, 2124 W. Passyunk Ave.
John L. Grossi, 6064 Callowhill St.
Ralph E. Hoyle, Suite 2100, 1616 Walnut St.
Herman V. Irvine, 134 S. 4th St.
Mrs. Anna E. Kaegi, Room 353, Philadelphia Bourse.
John J. Keegan, 5126 North St.
Ransome A. Kley, 14 S. 52nd St.
Anthony S. Lanciano, 915 W. Moyamensing Ave.
Mrs. Fay Lipschutz, 3113 Germantown Ave.
William M. Nevin, 1515 Market St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Miss Mary K. O'Neill, 25 S. 18th St.
Jack E. Rudow, 1428 Glenwood Ave.
George L. Sander, 107 E. Allegheny Ave.
Mrs. Theresa E. Savage, 1131 S. 19th St.
Julius Schonberger, Jr., 5824 Rising Sun Ave.
William T. Schramm, Jr., Land Title Bank & Trust Co.
Mrs. Sara R. Sheed, 1518 W. Cumberland St.
Edward J. Sheedy, 3644 Chestnut St.
Mrs. Jennie M. Sherr, 5857 Chestnut St.
Harry R. Smith, 3733 Midvale Ave.
Robert Wanger, 727 N. 42nd St.
Ross L. Wilson, 3960 N. Ninth St.
Benjamin Zion, 2015 Land Title Bldg.
Mrs. Alice Kink Zorn, 117 S. 17th St.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Dorothy C. Allen, Warren.
Roger Mahaffy, Warren.
Daniel W. Morse, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

J. D. Costa, Bentleyville.
J. W. Minton, Washington.
J. P. Rebarick, Bentleyville.
Don Lee Reeves, Charleroi.
Miss Kathryn E. Rutan, Washington.
George B. Sprowls, 3rd, Claysville.

WAYNE COUNTY

Mrs. Helen M. Yazdzik, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

W. Louis Adams, Irwin.
Miss Eleanor McNerney, Greensburg.
Albert G. Rauth, Rostraver Twp., Van Meter.
Paul S. Yancick, Irwin.

YORK COUNTY

Emory J. Hildebrand, York.
Franklin H. Kleckner, York.
Miss Mary A. Linker, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Thomas F. Kennedy, Pittsburgh, 2515 Grant Bldg., 1-18-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

J. M. Fronefield, 3rd, Radnor Twp., Wayne, 1-18-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

William A. Bush, Carbondale, 1-18-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

John K. Shenk, Lancaster, 1-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jacob J. Duffy, 525 N. 52nd St., 1-18-51.
James A. Moran, 1805 W. Girard Ave., 1-18-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth B. Clarke, Pittsburgh, 5131 Second Ave., 1-19-51.
John C. Heck, Wilkinsburg, 1-19-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. M. Florence Hagerty, Lancaster, 1-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Grace M. Arthur, More Products Co., H & Lycoming Sts., 1-19-51

YORK COUNTY

H. Norman Fishel, Red Lion, 1-19-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Freda E. Walker, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsgurgh, 1-20-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Mrs. V. Larue Yount, Gilpin Twp., Schenley, 1-20-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Charles A. Groff, Steelton, 1-20-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Winterson R. Stubbs, Carlisle, 1-20-51.
Cephas A. Willis, Lemoyne, 1-20-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

C. L. Cole, Bradford, 1-20-51..

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Joseph P. Sastro, Bethlhem, 1-20-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry D. Hassall, 614 Public Ledger Bldg., 1-20-51.
Miss Irene H. Kohler, 1469 Broad St. Station Bldg., 1-20-51.
Fred A. Maurer, 123 S. Broad St., 1-20-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Violet E. Kerchner, Hanover, 1-20-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Barbara R. Glickson, Pittsburgh, 643 Liberty Ave., 1-21-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Rose Mary Ochsenfeld, Millbourne, 1-21-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Faith G. Harding, Easton, 1-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

W. E. Harriss, Pittsburgh, William Penn Hotel, 1-22-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Phyllis Schrader, Johnstown, 1-22-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

W. G. Bruckman, Greenfield Twp., Claysburg, 1-24-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Miss Edna A. Pryor, Waynesburg, 1-24-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Eugene Diehl, Scranton, 1-24-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Donald E. De Lacey, New Hope, 1-25-51.
Amos J. Kirk, Buckingham Twp., Wycombe, 1-25-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

E. Stanley Ervin, Jr., The Budd Co., Bustleton, 1-25-51.
Miss Regina M. Eppley, 303 Bourse Bldg., 1-26-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

John J. Shank, Norristown, 1-27-51.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Miss Susan G. Fuller, Hallstead, 1-27-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss M. E. Manderbach, Reading, 1-28-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Leonard L. Matroni, Manheim Twp., Lancaster, 1-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Margaret Macrum, Pittsburgh, 1602 Clark Bldg., 1-29-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

D. N. Powell, Shippensburg, 1-29-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Leopold W. Becker, 4411 N. Broad St., 1-29-51.
Luther J. Lutz, 2842 N. 23rd St., 1-30-51.
H. T. Sterling, 417 N. 10th St., 1-31-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

M. J. Dimmick, Bethlehem, 2-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anna F. Klemmer, 2123 N. Broad St., 2-1-51.
Harry Z. Kroser, 1322 N. 10th St., 2-1-51.
Benjamin Laster, 937 Drexel Bldg., 2-1-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Emma A. Kahr, Pittsburgh, 355 5th Ave., 2-2-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss Mary A. Wilken, Gilpin Twp., Schenley, 2-2-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. A. Ackley, Tarentum, 2-3-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

Miss Marian J. Shilling, Lock Haven, 2-3-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel H. Buell, Erie, 2-3-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

R. J. McAndrew, Blakely, 2-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Richard C. Allen, Pittsburgh, 606 Herron Ave., 2-4-51.
Raymond T. Wilhelm, Pittsburgh, 307 4th Ave., 2-4-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Matilda M. Culhane, Lancaster, 2-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Stephen G. Woodbury, 112 Drexel Bldg., 2-5-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Clyde L. Friend, Clairton, 2-7-51.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Margaret Strunk, Lewistown, 2-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Nettie E. Smith, Phila. County Prison, 2-7-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Agnes E. Wehner, Johnstown, 2-8-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Hilda Hisler, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill, 2-8-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. Carr, 5013 Baltimore Ave., 2-8-51.
Albert P. Weinberg, 1519 S. 5th St., 2-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. C. Donaghy, Pittsburgh, 435 6th Ave., 2-9-51.
Wm. L. Kress, Pittsburgh, 1421 East St., 2-10-51.
Mrs. Isabelle D. Schaffer, Avalon, 2-10-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Emerson Quenzler, Harrisburg, 2-10-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude C. Collins, Scranton, 2-10-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Minnie Crisman, Bradford, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Morris B. Campel, 2834 W. Diamond St., 2-10-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Harold C. Lebo, Reading, 2-11-51.

JAMES H. DUFF

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Verna Bender, Pittsburgh, 3108 McClure Ave.
Mrs. Marion E. Bryant, Pittsburgh, 2515 Centre Ave.
Clyde A. Buzza, Pittsburgh, 1146 Union Trust Bldg.
Arthur T. Crockett, Pittsburgh, 3115 Centre Ave.
Mrs. Essie L. Ellis, Pittsburgh, 2117 Grant Bldg.
Sam J. Gerber, West View.
Miss Marjorie L. Jones, Pittsburgh, 7007 Henry W. Oliver Bldg.
Mrs. Katharine Dean King, Pittsburgh, 818 Frick Bldg.
Mrs. Helen L. Mandel, Duquesne.
Miss Anna E. McCann, McKeesport.
Alexander H. Melzer, Pittsburgh, 810 Penn Ave.
Edward J. Nolan, Jr., Pittsburgh, Hotel Schenley.
Miss Catherine A. Powers, Pittsburgh, Thorofare Markets, Inc.
Miss Ashland Robertson, Wilkinsburg.
Mrs. Elva G. Taylor, Pittsburgh, 535 Smithfield St.

BEAVER COUNTY

Wilbert Basinger, Midland.
C. R. Cepull, Aliquippa.
Miss Jessie Dewar, Harmony Twp., Ambridge.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Mrs. La Rue K. Stroup, Bedford.

BRADFORD COUNTY

William W. Harding, Jr., Sayre.

BUTLER COUNTY

Mrs. Helen McMichael, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Grace McKivigan, Spangler.
Miss D. K. Thomas, Johnstown.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Mrs. Mary E. Verost, Decatur Twp., Philipsburg.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Marian J. Olewine, Harrisburg.
Miss Sara E. Snyder, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Agnes L. Steinman, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Mary V. Yokus, Williamstown.
Rudolph P. Zlogar, Steelton.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Joseph L. Marciana, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Mrs. M. M. Wolf, Prospect Park.

ERIE COUNTY

W. F. Skelton, Edinboro.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Marilyn E. Anderson, Connellsville.
Leo N. Tobal, Uniontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Edward J. Coyne, Scranton.
Miss Lucretia A. Langan, Scranton.
Mrs. Mary V. Ruddy, Scranton.
Howard M. Shaw, Scranton.
Miss Olympia Talarico, Fell Twp., Simpson.
Nicholas Yacopchak, Old Forge.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Raymond B. Bard, Columbia.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Helen W. Brandt, North Lebanon Twp., Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. McClain, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Julia A. Deal, White Haven.
R. J. Pembridge, Wyoming.
Joseph A. Quinn, Pittston.

McKEAN COUNTY

F. M. Briner, Port Allegany.
R. F. Hosford, Bradford.
Miss Mary E. Sullivan, Bradford.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Wm. J. Cheatley, Norristown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Desmond Fries, Bethlehem.
George B. Plush, Jr., Bangor.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

William O. Anderson, Shamokin.
Mrs. Norma Lee Diehl, Sunbury.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James M. Adkins, Jr., 2450 Hunting Park Ave.
Peter J. Avioli, 2700 N. Broad St.
Miss Mary Therese Beadle, 2802 Roberts Ave.
Gustave A. Betz, 5308 Girard Ave.
Miss H. A. Bracken, 401 Walnut St.
T. A. Brandolini, 1812 S. Broad St.
Robert J. Carrigan, 1945 W. Sparks St.
Albert M. Cohen, 823 N. Broad St.
Joseph J. Donahue, 4865 Stenton Ave.
Mrs. Anna S. Esposito, 1324 Reed St.
Harold A. Fox, 421 Chestnut St.
Joseph L. Fox, 1321 Arch St.
Morris Gross, 3351 Kensington Ave.
Mrs. Thelma Hartman, 6720 N. Broad St.
Denis J. Horgan, Jr., 6418 Elmwood Ave.
W. Hotz, 135 S. Broad St.
John V. Lordan, Bers & Co., Inc., Ashland & Lewis Sts.
Chas. McCall, 135 S. Broad St.
Miss Ellen M. McHugh, 1011 Chestnut St.
Edward Moses, 2906 Ridge Ave.
Samuel C. Myers, 1305 Land Title Bldg.
Miss Norma A. Olivi, 745 S. 19th St.
Leo W. Procopio, 5928 N. Hutchinson St.
Miss Mildred A. Quinn, Tradesmens Nat'l Bank & Trust
William K. Reinhardt, N. W. Cor. 3rd & Mifflin Sts.
Benjamin Ritter, 5155 Pennway St.
Charles L. Schlipf, 4837 James St.
Geo. P. Seemiller, 4028 Bleigh Ave.
Louis J. Slott, 2 N. 56th St.
Milton Stein, 823 N. Broad St.
Edw. T. Tyson III, 701 Manhattan Bldg.
Mrs. Mary N. Wershaw, Jewish Hospital, York & Tabor Rds.
Harold A. Wildrick, Jr., 1800—121 S. Broad St.
Herman Wohlgemuth, Jr., 528 Western Saving Fund Bldg.
Mrs. B. Rivers Young, 2229 Christian St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Miss A. Catherine Barnhart, Somerset.
Mrs. Helen Davis Cassett, Somerset.

VENANGO COUNTY

Milton W. Rosen, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

C. J. Haywood, Donora.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

John S. Proctor, North Huntingdon Twp., Irwin.
Dave F. Swartz, Mount Pleasant.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Helen E. Brandt, York.
Benjamin F. Lecrone, York.
Reynold W. Schriver, York.
Mrs. Florence E. Stitt, West York.

To compute from January 18, 1951

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel M. Bachman, Strasburg Twp., Strasburg.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Fremont Levy, 2052 Wheatsheaf Lane.

To compute from January 19, 1951

DELAWARE COUNTY

H. LeVerne Erwin, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

To compute from January 20, 1951

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Jeanne E. Little, Chambersburg.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Betty Jane Aston, West Lampeter Twp., Willow Street.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jacob S. Blumberg, 2815 Wharton St.
Miss Eileen W. Quigley, 1315 Walnut St.
Miss B. M. Robinson, 401 N. Broad St.

To compute from January 21, 1951

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

P. W. Bierstein, Shenandoah.

To compute from January 25, 1951

YORK COUNTY

Roy C. Hart, Hanover.

To compute from January 27, 1951

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

M. A. McNamara, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William F. Roos, 5614 Germantown Ave.

To compute from February 1, 1951

DELAWARE COUNTY

Harvey G. Pennington, Upper Chichester Twp., Boothwyn.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Clarence C. Young, Scranton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Morris Bernhard, 1412 Fox Bldg.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Ida L. Stanley, Washington.

To compute from February 2, 1951

CARBON COUNTY

Miss Nellie S. Seaboldt, Lehighton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth Musser, Mountville.
Arthur M. Yeager, Ephrata.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Edith L. Wilde, Germantown Ave. & Hartwell Lane.

To compute from February 3, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Kier M. Ewing, Verona.
John F. Miller, Duquesne.
Emerson Samuels, Clairton.
Mrs. Agnes Stahl, Pittsburgh, 1414 Federal St.

BERKS COUNTY

Joseph H. Evelev, Reading.
Ralph C. Snyder, Womelsdorf.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel Everett, Morrisville.
Ira V. Wright, Newtown Twp., Newtown.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Russell W. Hamilton, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Edmund B. Connelly, New Castle.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

William A. Emmerick, Hatfield Twp., Hatfield.
James F. McDonald, Lower Merion Twp., Bala-Cynwyd.
Mrs. Eleanor A. Raser, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George Braeunig, Jr., 5126 N. 5th St.
Edward Thompson, 600 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Grant B. Miller, Somerset Twp., Somerset.

VENANGO COUNTY

E. S. McAlevy, Oil City.

To compute from February 4, 1951

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Kelly, 5632 Cedar Ave.
William R. Meagher, 703 Normandie Hotel.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Stella M. Malloy, New Kensington.

To compute from February 5, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Harry L. McAnally, Pittsburgh, 545 Wm. Penn Pl.
William C. Peckman, Versailles.
Lewis N. Stevenson, Penn Twp., Verona.
Miss Mary Louise Stolzenbach, Pittsburgh, Union Nat'l. Bank.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Flora M. Levin, Harrisburg.

ERIE COUNTY

Dan Le Salomie, Erie.

LUZERNE COUNTY

John R. Reap, Pittston.

To compute from February 7, 1951

JUNIATA COUNTY

Leon P. Eicker, Fernmanagh Twp., Mifflintown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

W. H. Weingartner, Lansdale.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Samuel A. Belsito, 2203 Frankford Ave.
Paul E. Blouch, 5900 Lansdowne Ave.
Harry L. Neal, 1622 Diamond St.

To compute from February 8, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Bert E. Dart, Pittsburgh, 400 Fifth Ave.
Albert Schimmel, Pittsburgh, 1639 Gulf Bldg.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Henrietta Duggan, Dunmore.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

R. B. Nester, Pottstown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Elwood P. Ottinger, 1432 Bankers Securities Bldg.

To compute from February 9, 1951

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth F. Seigman, Norristown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Raymond Gleadall, 217-19 S. 5th St.

To compute from February 10, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary V. Lane, Homestead.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Richard C. Snyder, Bedford.

ELK COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret M. Johnson, Jones Twp., Wilcox.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Harold E. Binder, Pottstown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles Halpern, Lafayette Bldg.
Gaston Quignon, 6113 N. Lambert St.
Mrs. Ruth J. Struse, 658 E. Rector St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Mary E. Harned, Pottsville.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Nicholas A. DePolo, Windber.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Frank Riva, Charleroi.

To compute from February 11, 1951

McKEAN COUNTY

James F. Nash, Bradford.

To compute from February 12, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John Capozzoli, Bridgeville.
Miss Mary E. Duffy, Rosslyn Farms.
Louis J. Hess, Pittsburgh, 17 Wabash St.
Miss Almira E. Schultz, Pittsburgh, 913 Blackadore Ave.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss W. Weizel, Meadville.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Susan R. Misto, Freeland.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John H. Staib, Jr., 1007 W. Somerset St.

To compute from February 14, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Evelyn Soellner, Pittsburgh, 830 Oliver Bldg.

To compute from February 15, 1951

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Jennie Knoblauch, Reading.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Winifred A. McClain, Chambersburg.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Frank H. Ackerman, Whitaker.
Salvator Affatigato, Pittsburgh, 721 Wylie Ave.
Miss Diana G. Atchison, Pittsburgh, 2223 Fifth Ave.
Samuel Avins, Pittsburgh, 803 Park Bldg.
Mrs. Bernadette F. Bailey, Bellevue.
L. B. Bartholow, Pittsburgh, 2920 Gulf Bldg.
Miss Jean M. Beerman, Pittsburgh, 305 Kathleen St.
Miss Nevada M. Bellman, Pittsburgh, 501 Sheraton Hotel.
Mrs. Mary E. Benintend, Pittsburgh, 535 Aidyl Ave.
Richard Benjamin, Pittsburgh, 100 Fifth Ave.
George A. Boehm, Pittsburgh, 324 Fourth Ave.
Miss Alice Boston, McKeesport
Glade B. Bowman, Coraopolis.
Mrs. Mae T. Boyd, Pittsburgh, Carnegie Inst. of Technology.
Mrs. Bernetta Braun, Pittsburgh, 2 Smithfield St.
John P. Byrne, Pittsburgh, 201 N. Braddock Ave.
George Louis Calig, Pittsburgh, 401 W. Carson St.
R. Eugene Clawson, Braddock.
Miss Dorothy J. Deist, Pittsburgh, 525 William Penn Place.
N. F. Dougherty, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh.
Albert E. Fair, Mt. Oliver.
Willard A. Fitzgerald, Pittsburgh, 3420 Fifth Ave.
Albert Henry, Munhall.
A. F. Hermansdorfer, Pittsburgh, 632 Duquesne Way.
Mrs. Ida Isabel Hoebler, Brentwood.
Miss Mercedes Hughes, Pittsburgh, 632 Duquesne Way.
Mearle J. Kraft, Munhall.
Miss Mary A. Kraus, Pittsburgh, 218 Shiloh St.
Philip G. Kuehner, Pittsburgh, 432 Bakewell Bldg.
Miss Jane Lampe, Greentree.
George T. Lasch, Pleasant Hills.
William M. Latta, Pittsburgh, 2934 Smallman St.
James F. Lawry, Munhall.
Miss Lucy R. Leonette, Pittsburgh, 801 Berger Bldg.
Mrs. Celia B. Levin, Pittsburgh, 4824 2nd Ave.
John F. Manns, Oakmont.
C. W. Martin, Pittsburgh, 4905 Penn Ave.
Miss Florence G. McGonigle, Pittsburgh, 509 County Office Bldg.
Charles F. McKenna, Pittsburgh, 2602 Grant Bldg.
Miss Marcella B. Meiser, Pittsburgh, 438 Wood St.
John J. Minsinger, Pittsburgh, 218 Shiloh St.
Mrs. Hilda E. Montgomery, West Deer Twp., Russelton.
Mrs. Nellie Hanson Morrow, Pittsburgh, 1014 Forbes St.
Miss Charlotte M. Neuhart, Pittsburgh, 419 Wood St.
Mrs. Sue Page, Pine Twp., Wexford.
Edwin L. Sable, Pittsburgh, 72 Roberts St.
Mrs. Ruth P. Schaible, Pittsburgh, 728 Shore Ave.
Mrs. Vera B. Duskins-Smith, Pittsburgh, 2403 Centre Ave.
George Smoley, Munhall.
Harry B. Tarr, Pittsburgh, 835 Warrington Ave.
L. J. Taylor, Pittsburgh, 635 Ridge Ave.
Miss Evelyn Thomas, Pittsburgh, 439 Union Trust Bldg.
George C. Thumm, Bellevue.
Miss Mary P. Walsh, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Hospital.
Fred E. Warr, Ben Avon.
Sidney Yecies, Eden Park.
Miss Cora L. Younger, Pittsburgh, 1004 Wylie Ave.
Walter T. Zinsser, Pittsburgh, 4300 Butler St.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss Florence H. Smith, Ford City.

BEAVER COUNTY

W. C. Anderson, Beaver Falls.
George K. Armagost, Beaver Falls.
Mrs. Ethel E. Dalzell, New Brighton.
J. Harvey Moore, Aliquippa.
Paul K. Murray, Rochester.
Joseph L. Porcelli, Rochester Twp., Rochester.
John B. Prather, Beaver.
Martin S. J. Skapik, Ambridge.
George A. Stutzman, Midland.
Theodore A. Tenor, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy E. Gable, Reading.
Paul J. D. Himmelreich, Reading.
Edward M. Hughes, Reading.
Mrs. Bertha H. Spaar, Hereford Twp., Palm.
Mrs. Anna B. Wennell, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

William R. Curran, Altoona.
Miss Ethel M. Farmer, Altoona.
Mrs. Dorothy M. Shute, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

Henry H. Allebach, Perkasie.
Walter E. Bachmann, Doylestown.
James W. Martz, Bristol Twp., Bristol.
Neal Nolan, Morrisville.

BUTLER COUNTY

Orie A. Behm, Evansburg.
Leonard I. Feldstein, Butler.
Elton D. Johnson, Portersville.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Irma Casciotti, Johnstown.
Mrs. Caddie W. Herbert, Nanty-Glo.
V. E. Kenny, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY

Donald L. McCay, Weatherly.

CHESTER COUNTY

Thomas G. Ashworth, Downingtown.
William R. Marvel, West Chester.
J. L. Meredith, 3rd, Coatesville.

Arthur W. Rossiter, Phoenixville.
Miss S. V. Russell, Oxford.
Charles E. Shank, Willistown Twp., Malvern.
Miss Kathryn E. Smith, West Chester.
Miss Esther M. V. Williams, Malvern.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Miss Estelle DeViney, Clearfield.
Mrs. Cecelia Gaul, Coalport.

CLINTON COUNTY

Anthony A. Torsell, Lock Haven.
Mrs. Anne H. Wilson, Lock Haven.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Max E. Follmer, Berwick.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Hilda K. Arnold, Carlisle.
Mrs. Fay Grove, Carlisle.
Ray Kinsey, New Cumberland.
Mrs. Veryl R. Laughlin, Mt. Holly Springs.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Celesta M. Banford, Harisburg.
Donato A. Boccio, Lower Swatara Twp., Middletown.
Albert S. Cobb, Harrisburg.
L. L. Dunkle, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Winifred A. Gray, Harrisburg.
Robert E. Johnson, Harrisburg.
W. H. Clay Keen, Lykens.
Miss Kathryn L. Lynch, Susquehanna Twp., Harrisburg.
Mrs. Myrle L. Mace, Williamstown.
Miss Martha J. Peterman, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Robert W. Cuthill, Springfield Twp., Springfield.
John R. Hamilton, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.
Mrs. Jessie S. Hinton, Chester.
Mrs. Irene M. Pierce, Media.
Mrs. Christine C. Smith, Ridley Twp., Folsom.

ELK COUNTY

Mrs. Vesta B. Smith, Ridgway.

ERIE COUNTY

Clyde A. Ames, Erie.
Maurice J. Coughlin, Erie.
Russell L. Peterson, Erie.
J. Homer Reagle, Corry.
A. Bruce Smith, Corry.
Mrs. Rose M. Straus, Erie.
Miss Marion E. Tobin, Erie.
Miss Florence A. Tretter, Erie.
Miss M. E. Zilch, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Wm. J. Coursin, Fayette City.
Mrs. Cornelia M. Goughnour, Uniontown.
John A. Henry, Uniontown.
Mrs. Irene M. Landefeld, Connellsville.
Kenneth Porter, Brownsville.
S. C. Robinson, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Joseph N. Verdier, Waynesboro.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Grace M. Patterson, Waynesburg.

INDIANA COUNTY

Joseph P. Dalessio, South Mahoning Twp., Beyer.
Walter R. Spires, Blairsville.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Meigs C. Barrett, Brookville.

JUNIATA COUNTY

Harry J. Bailey, Thompsontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

John Bosak, Olyphant.
John H. Brandamore, Scranton.
F. M. Brier, Scranton.
Robert G. Brink, Scranton.
John J. Corcoran, Scranton.
Miss Marjorie H. Evans, Scranton.
Anthony Foleno, Scranton.
Joseph Gorski, Dickson City.
Mrs. Lillian H. Gross, Scranton.
Stephen Metrinko, Scranton.
Miss Helen Mikulski, Scranton.
Miss Marie R. Roos, Scranton.
Miss Bessie L. Smith, Scranton.
Miss Mary E. Tortorella, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Charles I. Brown, Lancaster.
Wm. Young, Columbia.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Ralph Audino, Taylor Twp., New Castle.
C. L. Bauder, Ellwood City.
A Lewis Conn, New Castle.
Miss Elsie F. Grieder, New Wilmington.
W. Clyde Hoagland, New Wilmington.
Walter A. Kieler, New Castle.
George D. Marks, New Castle.
David P. McBride, New Castle.
Frank O. Moretti, New Castle.
Miss N. Elizabeth Taylor, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth B. Good, Myerstown.
Mrs. Velma F. Klohr, Bethel Twp., Fredericksburg.
Theodore J. Kreider, Anville Twp., Annville.
Clifford R. Zinn, Myerstown.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Frances V. Harris, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Mary C| Doran, Wilkes-Barre.
Thomas Doughton, Edwardsville.
A. W. Goedecke, Hazle Twp., Drifton.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Eleanor G. Klepper, Montoursville.
Miss Betty Rooker, Hughesville.
Mrs. Martha D. Patterson, Williamsport.
Mrs. Hazel E. Wilt, Williamsport.

MERCER COUNTY

George L. Brainard Sharon.
Vincent La Camera, Farrell.
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Dillon, Sharon.
Mrs. Katherine C. Vallely, Wheatland.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Mary M. Keefer, Lewistown.
Robert E. Stewart, Lewistown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Robert F. Barandon, Cheltenham Twp., Melrose Park, Oak Lane, Phila.

Mrs. Florence S. Cross, Abington Twp., Fox Chase Manor, Philadelphia.
Lester K. Geyer, North Wales.
Clarence I. Godshall, Norristown.
E. C. Hall, Noristown.
Miss Jeanette S. Hallman, Norristown.
John P. Keller, Jenkintown.
J. Kenneth Latta, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.
Elmer R. Leddon, Abington Twp., Willow Grove.
Donald J. McGonigal, Conshohocken.
Joseph A. Morris, Upper Merion Twp., Bridgeport.
Miss Marie T. Rawa, Ambler.
Elwood W. Rice, Upper Merion Twp., Norristown.
Roger B. Rood, Pottstown.
F. M. Shadley, Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
Paul D. Sidley, Pottstown.
Warren H. Smith, Jenkintown.
Mrs. Zetta R. Smith, Lower Providence Twp., Audubon.
Richard W. Stewart, Springfield Twp., Phila. (18).

MONTOUR COUNTY

Mrs. Esther Cotner, Washingtonville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Annamae C. Bartos, Bethlehem.
Miss Bessie G. Frankenfield, Palmer Twp., Easton.
Miss Ruth K. Hommer, Easton.
Miss Ruth S. Houser, Easton.
Mrs. Beatrice R. Painter, Easton.
George A. Painter, Easton.
Charles G. Remmel, Northampton.
Mrs. Charlotte Retter, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

W. L. Seiler, Milton.
Miss Mildred F. Wagner, Shamokin.

PERRY COUNTY

Miss I. N. Howanstine, Newport.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Nathan Abelove, 1315 Vine St.
Harry J. Alker, Jr., 1505 Land Title Bldg.
William A. Armstrong, 220 S. Broad St.
Mrs. Loyola B. Baker, 12 S. 12th St.
Louis Baudisch, Jr., 8006 Castor Ave.
Miss Ann M. Bausch, Stenton Ave. & Wister St.
Benjamin B. Becker, 4741 N. Broad St.
Charles J. Bissell, 6612 Emlen St.
Clyde C. Bridge, Crown Paper Board Co., Delaware Ave. & Tasker St.
Thomas Bruno, 1645 Moore St.
Fred. P. Buob, Jr., 100 S. 36th St.
Miss Anna R. Burns, 2518 Morris St.
Miss Florence S. Burns, P. O. Box 6731.
Joseph A. Callahan, 1466 McKinley St.
Samuel C. Campbell, 1617 Penna. Blvd.
Miss A. E. Carroll, 2450 Hunting Park Ave.
Mrs. Carolyn L. Carroll, 3922 Howland St.
Mrs. Margaret M. Clarke, 12 S. 12th St.
Mrs. Toba S. Cohen, 904 Bankers Securities Bldg.
F. B. Cortese, 1513 S. Broad St.
Earl F. Dales, 1926 W. Columbia Ave.
George P. Darrow, N.E. Cor. Indiana Ave. & A St.
Dominick DeFeo, 1713 Tasker St.
Miss Lucille Marie Devlin, 1418 S. Penn Square.
J. Gilbert Donahue, Jr., 456 Public Ledger Bldg.
Thomas Duncan, 3317 Longshore Ave.
W. Burts Early, 1901 Plymouth St.
Miss Mary E. Finn, 2558 N. Front St.
David A. Flacker, 1111 Spruce St.
H. R. Franz, 260 S. Broad St.
Joel Gahuse, 5606 Lebanon Ave.
Alfred E. Garfinkel, 1672-86 Kinsey St.
Frank P. Gerker, 7817 Walker St.
Nathan I. Gevurtz, 300 S. 4th St.
William M. Giuliano, 1617 S. Broad St.
Irwin Grabov, 306-08 Cherry St.
Miss Margaret M. Griffin, Rm. 204 Pletcher Bldg.
Charles J. Gros, 7913 Frankford Ave.
Miss Hannah Groskin, 717 Land Title Bldg.
P. R. Groves, 1401 Walnut St.
Edward J. Grubb, Jr., 113 W. Dauphin St.
William R. Guckes, 1311 N. 29th St.
William Healey, 6401 Castor Ave.
Miss Anne C. Heath, Packard Bldg.
Chas. J. Hild, 5043 Frankford Ave.
Edward G. Holloway, 6822 York Road.
William D. Jenkins, 1700 Walnut St.
Raymond B. Johnson, Room 401 Lafayette Bldg.
Mrs. Lillian Josephs, 2303 76th Ave.
Miss Elsie Keichel, 113 W. Berkley St.
Norman Kern, Jr., 14029 Napier St.
James E. Kerns, c/o Selas Corp. of America, Erie Ave. & D. St.
Miss Gertrude B. Kusmaul, 413 Locust St.
Mrs. Anna K. Langan, 1402 E. Cheltenham Ave.
Gordon Lee, 1621 Orthodox St.
Philip Levin, 1947 N. Broad St.
Miss Helen M. Luttrell, 8038 Germantown Ave.
J. G. Magness, 121 N. Broad St.
John A. Marple, 829 E. Chelten Ave.
Joseph A. Martin, 1049 E. Chelten Ave.
Mrs. Anna M. Maute, 2232 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
Miss Helen M. McClernon, 1025 Drexel Bldg.
Montague J. McGill, 5203 Germantown Ave.
Miss Margaret G. McGuckin, 123 S. Broad St.
Raymond L. Millington, 8214 Frankford Ave.
Mrs. Yvette F. Nagle, S.E. Cor. 23rd & Ritner Sts.
Mrs. Helen L. Neveil, 1237 S. 15th St.
Robert E. Nowland, 4142 Germantown Ave.
Mrs. Rose A. Pagano, 5543 Harbison Ave.
Mrs. Jessie B. Patterson, 1214 Locust St.
Thomas T. Patterson, 2017 N. 63rd St.
Henry Peltz, Tioga & "C" Sts., Philco Corp.
Miss Kathryn Pflaum, 2450 Hunting Park Ave.
Mrs. Florence Plenty, 5137 Spruce St.
Joseph J. Pollino, 423 E. Gorgas Lane.
Miss Florence L. Potterton, 1500 Walnut St. Bldg.
Miss Maria A. Powell, M. A. Bruder & Sons, Inc., 52nd & Grays Ave.
Michael A. Prendergast, 228 W. Nedro Ave.
Mrs. Mabel Most Putney, 1010 Packard Bldg.
Wm. G. Raupp, 3rd, 5458 Germantown Ave.
John F. Reilly, 5215 Rodman St.
Wallace W. Rex, 533 N. 11th St.
Mrs. Anna M. Richter, 4308 N. Broad St.
George Rosen, 5625 Chester Ave.
Miss Fanny Rosenfeld, 3222-58 N. "H" St.
Samuel D. Ruben, 1997 N. 52nd St.
Joseph J. Santarone, Suite 209, City Centre Bldg.
Charles L. Seckinger, 2515 Germantown Ave.
Ray A. Shaffer, 4663 Stenton Ave.
Miss Anna M. Smith, 1st Fl., 1312 Arch St.
Alfred R. Smith, Jr., 17 Maplewood Ave.
Noel A. Smorto, 1208 Mifflin St.
Edward C. Snyder, 6140 Torresdale Ave.
R. Jos. Sommer, 2218 Girard Trust Bldg.
Miss Anne T. Stark, 1724 N. Broad St.
Miss Anna May Sweeney, Real Estate Tr. Co. of Phila., 15th & Sansom Sts.
Lloyd Tatcher, 908 N. 3rd St.
Louis J. Treuter, 6225 Ogontz Ave.
Russell W. Tucker, 7425 State Rd.
Harry W. Uhlman, 322 W. Hunting Park Ave.
Pascall Tortolani Vincent, 3140 N. 22d St.
Benj. E. Walker, 1334 S. 22d St.
Miss Loretta D. Whinna, 1020 Stock Exchange Bldg.
Dennis C. White, 1515 Catherine St.
Mrs. Catherine W. Wolcott, 706 Stock Exchange Bldg.
George J. Yollin, 1930 N. Broad St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Joseph W. Chamberlain, Ringtown.

Miss Ora A. Kulp, North Manheim Twp., Cressona
John C. Philips, Pottsville.
John Rinaldo, Minersville.
Charles C. Schaffner, Schuylkill Haven.
William Smigo, Mahanoy City.
J. Arthur Updegrove, Porter Twp., Keystone St., Muir.

SOMERSET COUNTY

John H. Cover, Meyersdale.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Henrietta Bittenbender, Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Dorothy M. Belknap, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

John E. Capozzi, Canonsburg.
Mrs. Dora C. Centanni, Charleroi.
John C. Easton, Charleroi.
Harold B. Elliott, Washington.
Mrs. Evelyn B. Fiedler, North Charleroi.
Howard W. Hill, N. Bethlehem Twp., Scenery Hill.
William C. Markley, Washington.
Mrs. Dolores P. Meredith, Washington.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Geraldine H. Ernst, Warren.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Eugene A. Ardisson, Export.
Miss Isabel Armstrong, North Huntingdon Twp., Irwin.
Miss Ellen M. Froehlich, Jeannette.
Sam C. Gelfo, Greensburg.
Miss Beatrice Hetler, Latrobe.
Paul W. Kelly, Latrobe.
Hayden R. Luther, New Kensington.
Mrs. Ruth Materna, Jeannette.
Mrs. Fern Elizabeth Wnorowski, New Kensington.

WYOMING COUNTY

Judson S. Collins, Tunkhannock.

YORK COUNTY

E. E. Baugher, Penn Twp., Hanover.
Joseph C. Danker, Red Lion.
Nevin E. Hunt, Springfield Twp., Glen Rock.
Mrs. Helen Louise McWilliams, York.
Curtis H. Rehmeyer, York.
Donald S. Reichard, West York.
M. P. Rodermond, York.
LaMont Z. Saylor, York.
J. Louis Shultz, Hanover.
Eugene I. Stumpf, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Mary F. Riesing, 2020 Chancellor St., 1-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

W. J. Graham, Pittsburgh, 826 Frick Bldg., 1-18-51.
Lewis McIntyre, Pittsburgh, 244 Blvd. of Allies, 1-18-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Walter C. Horn, Williamsport, 1-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Claudine S. Hagerty, 2700 Passyunk Ave., 1-18-51.
Miss Christina M. Haslett, Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg., 1-18-51.
Miss Carrie T. Knight, 3001 Walnut St., 1-18-51.
Xenophon J. Michael, 1920 Sansom St., 1-18-51.
Howard Smith, N. W. Cor. 24th & Reed Sts., 1-18-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Anthony Hornicek, Monessen, 1-18-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Carl W. Geyer, Pittsburgh, 524 Federal St., 1-19-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Edith L. Williams, London Grove Twp., West Grove, 1-19-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Hazel L. Westcott, Scranton, 1-19-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Cora M. McElwee, New Wilmington, 1-19-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Harry W. Lichtenwalner, Easton, 1-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Nan M. Aldworth, 3072 E. Thompson St., 1-19-51.
Harold A. Bolen, 312 Market St., 1-19-51.
A. B. Grimaldi, 5034 N. 5th St., 1-19-51.
David Labov, 6226 Pine St., 1-19-51.
Rocco Prete, 1605 S. 12th St., 1-19-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Viola Collins, Pittsburgh, Grant Bldg., 1-20-51.
Mrs. Birdie May Freda, Pittsburgh, 5 Court Place, 1-20-51.
Miss Mary K. Gaunt, Pittsburgh, Gulf Bldg., 1-20-51.
Gregg Mockenhaupt, Pittsburgh, Park Bldg., 1-20-51.
Leonard B. Mullen, Pittsburgh, 1103 Western Ave., 1-20-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

John Soldressen, Ambridge, 1-20-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Albert S. Harner, Johnstown, 1-20-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Leo H. Doyle, Chester, 1-20-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Wm. B. Parshall, Uniontown, 1-20-51.

FULTON COUNTY

Mrs. E. V. Lynch, McConnellsburg, 1-20-51.

INDIANA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna W. Fee, Indiana, 1-20-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth S. Fenstermacher, Allentown, 1-20-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Anne Williams, Wilkes-Barre, 1-20-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Miss Mary V. Herwig, Williamsport, 1-20-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Edith W. Hoopes, Norristown, 1-20-51.
Miss L. Mae Purnell, Norristown, 1-20-51.
Herman S. Soslow, Springfield Twp., Oreland, 1-20-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Fred O. Adler, 5312 N. 15th St., 1-20-51.
Mrs. Marie E. Dorner, 7913 Frankford Ave., 1-20-51.
Mrs. Margaret M. Higgins, 5002 Wayne Ave., 1-20-51.

Robert A. Maguire, 15 Lombard St., 1-20-51.
Harold I. Marmorstein, 511 S. 4th St., 1-20-51.
Miss Kathryn G. McCann, 424 Walnut St., 1-20-51.
Joseph A. McMahon, 1510 Walnut St., 1-20-51.
Miss Anne V. Morris, 1500 Chestnut St., 1-20-51.
Miss Gladys A. Thorpe, 123 S. Broad St., 1-20-51.
Mrs. Anna Brancato Wood, 1436-37 Land Title Bldg., 1-20-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Scott A. Youse, Rockland Twp., Fleetwood, 1-21-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Merle J. Whitmer, Petrolia, 1-21-51.

CARBON COUNTY

Ernest W. Eckert, Mauch Chunk, 1-21-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Helen U. Hoffman, Coatesville, 1-21-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Virginia C. Oesterbo, Haverford Twp., Bryn Mawr, 1-21-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Simon S. Miller, Scranton, 1-21-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

M. L. Harter, Jr., Watsontown, 1-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. B. Wolfe, Pittsburgh, 304 Ross St., 1-22-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

I. L. Shenefelt, Chambersburg, 1-22-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Alice L. Stoll, Monessen, 1-22-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Raymond P. Leemhuis, Erie, 1-24-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Rose Harris, Scranton, 1-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edw. C. Sullivan, 2719 Dudley St., 1-25-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

Albert D. Ertel, Pine Creek Twp., Avis, 1-27-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. H. M. Gilbert, Lansdowne, 1-27-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Cornelius C. Osborne, Kingston, 1-27-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

W. J. Jordan, Scottdale, 1-27-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss E. Ruth Kerr, Apollo, 1-28-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Miriam Merkel, Reading, 1-28-51.

CAMERON COUNTY

Mrs. Edith E. Hathaway, Emporium, 1-28-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

N. N. Karpen, Brownsville, 1-29-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James M. Davison, 4200 Wissahickon Ave., 1-29-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Emma L. Fisher, York, 2-1-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Kosack, Derry Twp., Latrobe, 2-2-51.

ADAMS COUNTY

Mrs. Bessie M. Bringman, Gettysburg, 2-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

H. R. Litwiler, Wilkinsburg, 2-3-51.
J. Clyde Miller, Jr., Homestead, 2-3-51.
Miss Marie E. Seegar, Pittsburgh, Keenan Bldg., 2-3-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

David H. Marquis, Beaver Falls, 2-3-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Cora Bard Miller, Reading, 2-3-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth Rusnock, Uniontown, 2-3-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Helen M. Doumaux, Jersey Shore, 2-3-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss M. Elizabeth Reifsnyder, Lower Pottsgrove Twp., Pottstown, 2-3-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Sara Rose, Boyertown, 2-5-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

R. J. Schwalm, Lancaster, 2-5-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Helen P. Folkenson, Easton, 2-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. McKnight, 208 Washington Sq. Bldg., 2-5-51.
Joseph Silverman, 2146 S. Broad St., 2-5-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Edith R. Parkin, Washington, 2-5-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Chauncey B. Hatfield, Coatesville, 2-7-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Paul J. Landis, Harrisburg, 2-7-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. O. Grubbs, Pittsburgh, 525 William Penn Place, 2-8-51.
J. M. Hall, McKees Rocks, 2-8-51.
Medwin Jacob, Pittsburgh, 317 Kamback St., 2-8-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma A. Courtney, Beaver, 2-8-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

John Anderson, Shamokin, 2-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

G. William Jones, Jr., Pittsburgh, 507 Liberty Ave., 2-9-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Louis Odenwelder, Easton, 2-9-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Bessie B. Moore, Washington, 2-9-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss C. Mabelle Dobbs, Harrisburg, 2-10-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Louis A. Orlando, Ellwood City, 2-10-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Hannah R. Neil, Conshohocken, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Vincent Domanski, Jr., 2546 Richmond St., 2-10-51.
Herbert Holt, 4018 Parrish St., 2-10-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Anne Matyuf, Canonsburg, 2-10-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

S. A. Smock, Meadville, 2-11-51.

INDIANA COUNTY

Edward H. Koontz, Indiana, 2-11-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

M. F. Berardino, Pittsburgh, 546 N. Homewood Ave., 2-15-51.

MERCER COUNTY

C. K. Homer, Sharon, 2-15-51.

JAMES H. DUFF

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy E. Bagaley, Shaler Twp., Pittsburgh (23).
Henry A. Balkey, Etna.
J. P. Barnes, Coraopolis.
James T. Belton, Pittsburgh, 202 Beatty Bldg.
Miss Corinne P. Clendening, Pittsburgh, Farmers Bank Bldg.
V. L. Collins, McKeesport.
R. G. Harris, Emsworth.
Roy P. Hockelberg, West Mifflin.
Miss Dorothy Huffman, McKeesport.
Julius J. Lorenzi, Pittsburgh, 310 Jones Law Bldg.
Miss R. A. Nikolaison, Pittsburgh, 1712 Island Ave.
Charles L. Recktenwald, Pittsburgh, 221 Virginia Ave.
Stephen D. Rodgers, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St.
Howard L. Snyder, Pittsburgh, Jones & Laughlin Bldg.
Charles W. Stetzer, Pittsburgh, 202 Cameo Bldg.
Mrs. Margaret C. Vallowe, Pittsburgh, 407 Gearing Ave.
Miss Mary A. Young, Haysville.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

D. D. Cramer, Worthington.
Harry W. Dame, Ford City.

BEAVER COUNTY

Saverio Pelosi, Aliquippa.

BERKS COUNTY

Alvin M. Hornberger, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Josephine C. Dematteis, Altoona.
Thomas C. Parsons, Altoona.
William K. Parsons, Altoona.
Miss M. Alice Richards, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Edythe L. Fridinger, Bristol.

BUTLER COUNTY

Harry R. Burns, Butler.
Earl C. Henshaw, Conoquenessing.

CENTRE COUNTY

Hugh M. Quigley, Bellefonte.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. V. F. Gatchel, Downingtown.
Ezril Horwitz, South Coatesville.

CLARION COUNTY

M. Edward Osterried, Clarion.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Merritt I. Edner, DuBois.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Mary F. Lovejoy, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. M. Louise Denison, Harrisburg.
John P. Jones, Steelton.

DELAWARE COUNTY

James F. Claffey, Haverford Twp., Ardmore.
Harry A. Kurtzman, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.
Irving Stein, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss A. M. Kinsella, Erie.
John F. Lund, Erie.
Miss Sally E. Quinn, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Rosemarie Burns, South Connellsville.

INDIANA COUNTY

Miss Helen V. McGillick, Blairsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Robert N. Eckersley, Scranton.
Leo T. Foley, Moscow.
Frank S. Geklinsky, Scranton.
Louis Riviello, Moosic.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

J. M. Genkinger, New Castle.
Joseph Solomon, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Hilda I. Kleinfelter, Union Twp., Jonestown.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Leonard E. Shupp, South Whitehall Twp., Allentown.
Mrs. Helen A. Swercheck, Allentown.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Clarence W. Artley, Loyalsock Twp., Williamsport.
William B. Karschner, Clinton Twp., Montgomery.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Leon Borofski, Nanticoke.
Mrs. Ethel S. Chapman, Lehman Twp., Dallas.
Edward M. Davies, Kingston.
Stephen Hydock, Edwardsville.
George Kasaba, Foster Twp., Freeland.
L. F. Kingsley, Dallas.
Mrs. Goldy Montone, Hazle Twp., Hazleton.
David N. Schooley, Wilkes-Barre.

MONROE COUNTY

Mrs. Edna M. Mick, Barrett Twp., Cresco.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Horace S. Furman, Jr., Abington Twp., Abington.
Miss Florence E. Smedley, Collegeville.
Aaron S. Swartz, 3d, Lansdale.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Arthur Allen, Pen Argyl.
Andrew J. Nagle, Nazareth.
Charles S. Sames, Bethlehem.
John V. Smith, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John L. Brogan, Jr., 771 N. 25th St.
Edward A. Butler, 6330 N. Broad St.
Mrs. Marie B. Cullen, 4 S. 15th St.
John B. Fischer, 712 Market St.
Mrs. Edna C. Hayden, 5141-43 Chestnut St.
Joseph J. Hudome, 401 N. Broad St.
Mrs. Catharine Kratzinger, 1709 Vine St.
A. G. Martin, 5416 Oakland St.
Miss G. A. Martin, 2729 Hunting Park Ave.
Joseph A. Montagna, 1615 Jackson St.
William M. Mounce, Broad St. & Ridge Ave.
Saul Peiper, 1430 W. Montgomery Ave.
Miss Helen G. Stephenson, 2609 Aspen St.
Mrs. M. D. Tonkin, 1737 S. 5th St.
Leidy Turner, 627 S. Broad St.
Miss Helen Waddington, 316 W. Chelten Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Ruth G. Lewis, Pottsville.
Abraham Regelman, Shenandoah.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Haehn, Warren.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Frances J. Elpern, Jeannette.
Mrs. Thelma G. Euwer, Vandergrift.
Miss Nora L. Shellhammer, Lower Burnell Twp., Braeburn.
Mrs. Grace Stackhouse, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

Edward W. Cook, Dover Twp., Dover.
Mrs. Erdine Glatfelter, Dallastown.
Hiram M. Peters, Red Lion.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Haley, Media, 1-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen G. Gabell, 1320 Packard Bldg., 1-18-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Harold J. Heacock, Perkasie, 1-19-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Sara M. Summers, Spring Garden Twp., York, 1-19-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Edward McKeever, Perkasie, 1-20-51.
Walter A. Taylor, Doylestown, 1-20-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Frank P. Finnegan, Carbondale, 1-20-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

William H. Foucar, Muncy, 1-20-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Earl E. Heyer, Nazareth, 1-20-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry M. Clark, 4762 Rising Sun Ave., 1-20-51.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel H. Stein, Dallastown, 1-20-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Rosalie V. Toomey, Coatesville, 1-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Hazel C. Williams, Pittsburgh, 603 Greenfield Ave., 1-25-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Mrs. Helen M. Irving, Saxonburg, 1-25-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry Ladenson, 909 N. 6th St., 1-25-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Charles W. Hufnagel, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St., 1-27-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Bessie I. Kintzer, Lower Paxton Twp., Harrisburg, 1-27-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Pearl E. Haas, Allentown, 1-27-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

C. I. Mayer, Hubley Twp., Sacramento, 1-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

A. Gordon McConnell, 1901 Pine St., 1-29-51.
Miss Teresa J. Wojenski, 1952 N. Front St., 1-31-51.

JAMES H. DUFF.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. BERGER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

ATE 4

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Rosenfeld,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Walker,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert;	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Haluska,			Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voated "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAPMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

He also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number, qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau; and making appropriations.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER, offered the following resolution, which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., E.S.T., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock P. M., E.S.T., unless sooner re-convened at the joint call of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The Senate and House Histories of Legislation shall be published weekly during the recess and shall give a record properly indexed of all bills introduced.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask for a roll call.

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. LANE and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29

Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Letzler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Mahanay,	Robinson,	Walker,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.	Snowden,	Watson,
Freed,	Meade,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Hare,	Pechan,	Taylor,	Wood,
Kephart,			

NAYS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committee for the first time at today's session.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number, qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau; and making appropriations.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, January 16, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 6:16 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, January 16, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, January 15, 1951

The House met at 4:30 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Pryor offered the following prayer:

We commend to Thee, Oh Lord, all who are engaged in the government of this state. Grant to them integrity of purpose, and unfailing devotion to the cause of righteousness. May all their legislation be such as will promote our welfare, to the succor of the poor, the relief of the oppressed, the putting down of all social evils and the redress of all social wrongs to the glory and the good example of Thy people, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of Tuesday, January 2, 1951.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1951, when, on motion of Mr. DAVIS unanimously agreed to, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Sollenberger for Mr. BANKER for today and possibly tomorrow because of illness.

Mr. Wheeler for Mr. COCHRAN for today and tomorrow.

Mr. Hunter for Mr. JENKINS because of illness.

OATH ADMINISTERED TO MEMBER

The oath of office was administered to Hon. George A. Goodling, Member-elect from the third district of York County by the Honorable Robert E. Woodside.

THANKS EXTENDED

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks His Honor, Judge Robert E. Woodside for administering the oath of office to the Honorable George A. Goodling.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

Mr. ROYER presented a General Report of the Joint State Government Commission 1949-1951.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON REVISION OF RULES

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, in behalf of the Committee on the Revision of Rules, I submit the following report:

RESOLUTION

In the House of Representatives, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, That the Rules of the 1949 House of Representatives be the Rules of this House with the following amendments.

Rule 2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

TAKING THE CHAIR—JOURNAL

2. He shall take the Chair on every legislative day at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, and immediately call the Members to order. On the appearance of a quorum, the Speaker shall proceed to the regular order of business as prescribed by the rules of the House.

The Journal of the proceedings of the last days sitting shall not be read unless so ordered by a majority vote of the House.

Rule 3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

ORDER AND DECORUM

3. He shall preserve order and decorum, and, in case of disturbance or disorderly conduct in the gallaries or lobbies may cause the same to be cleared. When two or more Members shall rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

Rule 7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

OATH TO EMPLOYES

7. He shall administer to the employes of the House an oath or affirmation that they will severally support the Constitution of Pennsylvania and of the United States and that they will discharge their respective duties with fidelity, that they will not knowingly demand or receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for the performance or nonperformance of any act or duty pertaining to their office, other than the compensation allowed by law.

Rule 8 is hereby amended to read as follows:

SUPERVISION OF HALL OF THE HOUSE AND COMMITTEE ROOMS

8. The Chief Clerk shall have supervision and control over the Hall of the House, caucus rooms, committee and all other rooms assigned to the House. The use of the Hall of the House when the General Assembly is convened may be granted only by the House.

Rule 11 is hereby amended to read as follows:

CALL OF THE HOUSE

11. If a question shall be raised by a Member as to the absence of a quorum in the House, the doors shall be closed and no Member shall be permitted to leave except by permission of the House. The names of the Members shall be called by the Clerk and the absentees noted; Those for whom no sufficient excuse is made, may

by order of a majority of those present, be sent for and taken into custody wherever they may be found, by the Sergeant-at-Arms and his assistants appointed for that purpose, and brought before the bar of the House, where unless excused by a majority of the Members present, they shall be reproved by the Speaker for neglect of duty.

Members who voluntarily appear during a call shall unless the House otherwise directs, be immediately admitted to the Hall of the House and they shall, upon being recognized by the Speaker announce their presence for the purpose of having their names entered upon the Journal.

These proceedings shall be without debate and no motion, except to adjourn shall be in order.

Rule 12 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12. While the House is under a call, Officers of the House and Employes designated by the Chief Clerk shall be admitted to the hall of the House.

Visitors shall not be admitted to the floor of the House after the doors are closed and until the proceedings under the call are terminated, but they shall be permitted to leave.

Rule 13 is hereby amended to read as follows:

SESSIONS

13. The House shall convene on Mondays at 4:30 o'clock p. m. unles otherwise ordered. On every other legislative day it shall convene at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned.

Rule 14 is hereby amended to read as follows:

ORDER OF BUSINESS

14. The daily order of business shall be as follows:

First. Prayer by the Chaplain.
Second. Corrections to the Journal and approval of the preceding days Journal.
Third. The referring to proper committees by the Speaker of bills, resolutions, letters, petitions, memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents.
Fourth. The asking of leave of absence.
Fifth. The receiving of reports of committees.
Sixth. Bills on first reading.
Seventh. Bills on second reading.
Eighth. Bills on final pasage recalled from the Governor.
Ninth. Bills on final passage. (Bills on final passage postoned calendar may be called up under this order of business.)
Tenth. Bills on third reading and final passage. (Bills on the third reading or final passage postponed calendar may be called up under this order of business.)
Eleventh. Resolutions (House and concurrent.)
Twelfth. Unfinished business.

Any subject may by a majority vote of the House be made a special order of business and when the time fixed for its consideration arrives the Speaker shall lay it before the House. A similar vote shall be required to rescind or postpone a special order of business.

Rule 16 is hereby amended to read as follows:

ADJOURNMENT

16. A motion for adjournment or recess shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate, except as to the time of meeting. It cannot be received when the House is voting on another question, nor while a Member is addressing the House.

Rule 18 is hereby amended to read as follows:

PRESENTATION—LOST BILLS

18. All House bills shall be presented in triplicate, and signed by the Members introducing the same, and date of filing entered thereon. The original copy is for the use of the committee, the second copy is for the use of the printer and the third copy is for the use of the members of the press. No House bill shall have more than two sponsors, and no sponsor shall be added after a bill is reported from Committee.

If the official copy of any bill is lost or otherwise missing prior to the time of its final enactment, the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Committee to which the bill was last referred shall present the facts in writing to the House, and the House may by resolution direct the Chief Clerk to furnish a copy of said bill duly certified by the Chief Clerk, which copy shall be substituted for the original.

The resolution to direct the Chief Clerk to furnish such copy shall be privileged for the immediate consideration of the House.

Rule 47 is hereby amended to read as follows:

COPIES—AMENDMENTS

47. When amendments are proposed to a bill or resolution there shall be presented to the Chair by the sponsor thereof six typewritten copies of each amendment.

Rule 66 is hereby amended to read as follows:

TRANSGRESSION OF RULES

66. If any Member in speaking or othewise transgresses the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any Member may, through the Speaker, call him to order, the Member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the House to explain; the House shall, if appealed to, decide the case, but without debate; if there is no appeal, the decision of the Speaker shall be submitted to, and if the case requires it, the Member so called to order shall be liable to the censure of the House.

Rule 81 is hereby amended to read as follows:

RECONSIDERATION

81. A motion for reconsideration shall be permitted when made and seconded by Members who were on the prevailing side on the original question and within five days in which the House is in session after the decision, excepting when a bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor in which case a motion to reconsider shall be entertained though more than five days shall have elapsed. It shall be decided by a majority of those voting. No motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, report, amendment or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the House. When a motion to reconsider is lost, it shall not be renewed on the same question, nor shall such a motion be entertained when a question has been twice defeated.

Rule 84 is hereby amended to read as follows:

ORIGINAL AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

84. All resolutions originating in the House (except those privileged), shall be introduced by Members filing six typewritten copies thereof with the Chief Clerk, signed and dated, to be numbered by the Chief Clerk and handed to the Speaker, who shall refer all such resolutions, including all Senate Concurrent Resolutions (not privileged), to appropriate committees in the same manner as bills. No House resolution shall have more than two sponsors.

The following resolutions are privileged for the immediate consideration of the House:

Recalling bills from the Governor.
Returning bills to the Governor.
Recalling bills from one House to the other.
Those emanating from the Committee on Rules.
Those discharging committees.

Those placing negative bills on the calendar.
Those relating to Joint sessions of the Senate and House.
Those relating to condolence or congratulations shall be privileged when they relate to Members and officers of this General Assembly and their respective families.
Those relating to adjournment or recess.
When resolutions are reported from committees, those originating in the House shall be printed and placed on the desks of the Members before consideration by the House, after which they may be called up under the regular order of business for resolutions.

Rule 86 shall be amended to read as follows:

JOURNAL

86. The House shall keep a Journal of its proceedings which shall be printed and placed upon the desks of the Members.

Rule 91 is hereby amended to read as follows:

VISITORS

91. Persons shall be admitted to the floor of the House during its sessions provided seats in the spaces allotted to visitors are available. No visitor shall be permitted to stand while the House is in session.
No other person shall occupy a Member's seat. Members shall not be interrupted by visitors while the House is in session.

Rule 93 is hereby amended to read as follows:

JOURNAL ROOMS

93. No persons except in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the House shall be permitted in the following rooms:
(a) Where the Legislative Journal is compiled.
(b) Where the original Journal papers are filed and official House messages and communications are prepared.
(c) The Bills and Documents Room.

The SPEAKER. For the information of the House, the Chair understands that the amendments just read by the Clerk are procedural and for clarification.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amended Rules as read?

They were agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 27

Mr. HELM, on behalf of the Committee on the Revision of Rules, offered the following amendment to Rule 27.

The amendment was read as follows:

Rule 27 is hereby amended to read as follows:

STANDING COMMITTEES

27. A committee composed of the Speaker, seven Members of the House selected by the majority party and three Members selected by the principal minority party shall constitute a Committee on Committees, whose duty shall be to recommend to the House the members of the standing committees. The chairmen and vice-chairmen of the standing committees shall be named by the Speaker. They shall be in addition to the number of Members on the committees and shall have the right to vote.
The floor leaders of the two major political parties shall be ex-officio members of all standing committees, without the right to vote; and shall be excepted from any limitation as to the number of members on committees.
The standing committees shall be the following:
Aeronautics to consist of 20 members.
Agriculture and Dairy Industries to consist of 30 members.
Appropriations to consist of 30 members.
Banking and Building and Loan Associations to consist of 30 members.
Boroughs to consist of 30 members.
City and County—First Class to consist of 30 members.
Cities and County—Second Class to consist of 20 members.
Cities—Third Class to consist of 20 members.
Counties to consist of 30 members.
Education to consist of 30 members.
Elections and Apportionment to consist of 20 members.
Fisheries to consist of 30 members.
Game and Forestry to consist of 30 members.
Highways to consist of 30 members.
Insurance to consist of 20 members.
Judiciary to consist of 30 members.
Labor Relations to consist of 30 members.
Law and Order to consist of 20 members.
Liquor Control to consist of 30 members.
Military Affairs to consist of 20 members.
Mines and Mining to consist of 20 members.
Motor Vehicles to consist of 30 members.
Municipal Corporations to consist of 20 members.
Professional Licensure to consist of 30 members.
Public Health and Sanitation to consist of 20 members.
Public Utilities to consist of 30 members.
Railroads and Railways to consist of 20 members.
State Government to consist of 30 members.
Townships to consist to 30 members.
Ways and means to consist of 30 members.
Welfare to consist to 30 members.
Workmen's Compensation to consist of 30 members.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following amendment to the amendment to House Rule 27.

The amendment was read as follows:

That Rule No. 27 of the House of Representatives is hereby amended by striking out in the last sentence of the proposed amendment to paragraph one the following words,—"and shall have the right to vote" and inserting in lieu thereof a new paragraph to read as follows:

> The chairman shall not have the right to vote except in the case of a tie vote. This provision shall be applicable to the vice-chairman when he is presiding in the absence of the chairman.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment to the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman speaking for the majority has offered procedural amendments. We propose to offer a series of basic amendments.

The purpose of these amendments, first of all, is to officially recognize the two party system. Second, at all times to protect the right and ability of the majority to act to protect the membership of this House and the public against the arbitrary actions of any committee chairmen. And next to recognize committee action as a part of the legislative process and enable the public to know what goes on behind the iron curtain, which by practice and precept up to this time, has shielded action in committee.

We hold that committees are a part of the legislative process, and that, therefore, action in committee being a part of the legislative process, should as far as roll call votes are concerned be as open to the public as the votes upon the floor of this House. But more of that later.

I want at this time to express satisfaction and appreciation because of the improved status that has been accorded the minority group in this House. When I first came to Harrisburg, the minority leader had no place to hang his

hat. There was no place in which the minority could hold caucus. And at times when the majority wanted to murder, or otherwise assassinate the minority, they did it with a snarl and a sneer. You do your murder now with a smile. The position that the minority party has been accorded, however, is a matter of personal relation and is in no way guaranteed to us under the rules of this House.

Now, as I have said the issues which we raise are basic and they strike at the very core of representative government. Now I realize as I plead here that I am addressing the Members of this House, but I also realize that I am speaking to an unseen audience in raising issues in which I believe this unseen audience, the electorate of the Commonwealth will in days to come take a very vital interest.

History has a fashion of repeating itself. If we are unsuccessful today, we will find you in all probability, urging the very causes which we stand for today, urging those causes tomorrow, or next year.

Now I would not have you unmindful of what has been going on in this Commonwealth. There was a time when you and your Governors came into power as a result of landslides and sweeps. You're here in power today as a result of a squeak not a landslide; and the old days have gone forever. Pennsylvania is a debatable ground politically, and because Pennsylvania is debatable ground, the minority party as far as the processes of this House are concerned, should have a recognized status. And what status should it have, gentlemen, if not the status which the voters of this Commonwealth have themselves decreed? The voters have said how many Members we shall have here. The voters are sovereign. On what ground then can you argue that you should repudiate the electorate in the matter of representation in a vital activity which is an essential part of the legislative process?

I say that history repeats itself. I say to you, and examine the record that you know our standing, as far as legislation is concerned, upon ground on which we stood in 1947 and 1949. You come in with your authority program. You boast what it has done and because you wouldn't go on with us, you lost two vital years in your mental health program in '45 and your revised salary schedules to keep your technical people in the service of the Commonwealth. You're just beginning to realize it.

All down the line, we have in a large measure on this side, in one session outlined the program for which you'd stand in the next session. We are now raising issues which I believe we can carry to the electorate.

The amendments which I propose; just imagine that you are debating these issues before a miscellaneous audience in your constituencies. Now suppose any Member of this House were espousing the cause for which I stand and for which the minority stands. Could you defend the proposition that denies the minority the strength upon the committees which are the heart and soul and core of legislative action; deny them the representation that the voters have accorded them?

How are these representations on committees determined? Not by any rule of this House. They are determined by the whim or the generous disposition upon the part of of the committee of committees. As far as the rules of this House are concerned, the Committee on Committees could say to this House: We're tired of these Democrats, we don't want them on committees; we don't want to hear them; we won't have them; and so we'll have committees composed one hundred percent of Republicans and there would be nothing in the rules that would say otherwise. I don't believe that a minority—it's conceivable that minorities sometimes becomes majorities—should be absolutely at the mercy of a committee. We're entitled to a formula of representation—a formula of representation that is written into the rules and a formula of representation that is written in the rules is the only guarantee that there'll be any representation at all. If you're writing a formula into the rules, what formula can you write to better effect than that the ratio of representation on committees should be the ratio of representation upon the floor? And if that were figured out mathematically, it would be about as twelve to nine.

Now gentlemen, if you have a committee in which you have twelve to nine and you cannot run that committee, it's because you must be promoting some awful bad legislation. Give me twelve Democrats, give you nine Republicans and if I have a party proposition, I think I'll come out with my party proposition put across as far as the committee is concerned. But if you have party measures, there, as a matter of principle today, the minority is opposed. If you have twelve to nine in committee, you should have sufficient leeway to put your proposition across.

And so, in the name of representative government and for and on behalf of the electorate that sent the Members into this House, I urge the amendment offered upon your consideration. I believe that the American public is a sportsmanlike public. I believe that the American public in Pennsylvania watches the rules of the game based upon sportsmanlike, real American principles and there isn't any principle any dearer than that the verdict of the electorate should be the verdict that this House accepts.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of discussing our opposition to this amendment I yield to the gentleman from Crawford, Mr. Kent.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, I believe that I can say for the majority membership of this House that we will see to it during this session of 1951 that the minority here will be at all times recognized and treated fairly and with integrity. I would also like to say that I think the majority of the Members here have a great responsibility to the people of the Commonwealth during this next session because of the fact that they are in the majority—they represent a majority of the people of this Commonwealth. They have committed themselves to a certain program, the program of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. In order to keep their faith with the people of our state I am sure they are here to do the job that they were elected to do and represent the people to their best ability.

It is not a coincidence that since we are in the majority we should have a majority of members on committees, because the committees are a very important function in this legislative procedure. Our committees are provided for by the Constitution and since they are, and since they have a great responsibility they certainly have to be delegated with certain powers and certain prerogatives with which to act and to do their job.

I think this resolution which the Minority Leader has offered here today would work a hardship to the minority group, possibly not this minority group, but

I can think of many minority groups to whom it would work a severe hardship rather than a benefit. I see no reason for this change in the rules which has been proposed, because at least within my experience in this House I think the majority has been very generous in their appointments on committees to the minority.

I think if you will look at the figures you will find that during the 1949 session the ratio between the majority and the minority in the House was about 3 to 2 which it is during this session. I think that if you will look to the membership makeup of the committees during the 1949 session you will find that they were 3 to 2.

Now, I said that this change in rules might work a hardship. I am reminded of the session of 1947 when the ratio between the majority and the minority was about 9 to 2 in this House but the representation on committees was not that severe so far as the minority was concerned; it was much better than that; it was about 6 to 2. So I can see no reason why we should place future Houses in a position where they would suffer a hardship and be less represented on committees than they are under the rules as they exist today. For this reason Mr. Speaker I would ask the membership of the House to vote down this resolution.

Mr. ANDREWS. On this particular amendment, because we have other amendments to offer, the figures are that the people of this Commonwealth have placed you in power by a 1,796,000 votes and there were 1,710,000 did not agree with you.

I would say to the gentleman that while we have every confidence that as long as he is around out of his generosity and out of the generosity of the smiling Speaker and out of the generosity of the genial Majority Leader they will deal with us very kindly and promise this, but, gentlemen we would rather have the rule than the promise.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the amendment to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rose,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rosen,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Rovansek,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Snider,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Stank,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Swope,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Taylor,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Toll,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Varallo,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Verona,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Wargo,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Welsh,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Westrick,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,		Yetzer,

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Sax,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Scott,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Smith,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Swartz,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	Toomey,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	White,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Madden,		Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment to the amendment to Rule 27 was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment offered by the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Helm?

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment to the amendment.

The amendment was read as follows:

That Rule No. 27 of the House of Representatives is hereby amended by adding a new paragraph immediately following paragraph one:

The total membership of each standing committee shall be apportioned between the two major political parties on the same ratio as that existing in the membership of the House.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the amendment to the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would be very much surprised if these amendments, which I cherish as issues in the years to come, I would be very much surprised if there was the political acumen on the other side to accept them at this time, but this is a procedural amendment that should pass in the interest of honesty, or if they don't want to pass this amendment they themselves, the majority, should amend the Rules in the interest of honesty.

The rule says that the Aeronautics Committee shall be composed of twenty members. Twenty members, that's what the rule says. Then the other part of the rule says that the Speaker will add two other voting members. Now a voting Committee with twenty-two Members is not a voting committee with twenty members.

I say to you in all seriousness that in the present state of the rules we would be justified in raising a point of order against the report of the Committee on Committees in every instance. If you want to amend the rule say that the Committee on Aeronautics shall be composed of twenty-two members of which the Speaker shall appoint two. Now you add two members on the committee capriciously as it were and you don't count them in your measure of representation. You say that out of a committee of twenty we have eight and you have twelve. You don't have twelve; you have fourteen.

Now your Committee on Aeronautics is composed of twenty-two members of which the Speaker appoints two

members and the Committee on Committees appoints twenty members. I submit to the Majority Leader, and I submit to the Parliamentarian that unless that rule is amended we will be justified in raising a point of order against every committee that is reported by the Committee on Committees.

On this roll call of course we will take the previous roll call unless the majority decides to amend this rule in keeping with common sense and parliamentary procedure they should.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, the majority does not desire to amend the Rule as the Minority Leader has suggested. However I would like to say this again, that my experience in the House here may be somewhat short but I have never known the committee setup, so far as the chairmen and vice chairmen were concerned, being appointed by the Speaker in addition to the membership that is designated by the Committee on Committees—I have never known it to be any different. I do have information from the Legislative Journal of 1941 when the now minority party was then the majority party that they amended the rules to be such as they are today, and their specific amendment was that the membership designated on all standing committees of the House shall be in addition to the chairmen and the vice chairmen thereof. The thing that disturbs me the most about this resolution is the fact that it is an attempt to take away from a Member of his House his right to vote on all matters which rightly belong to this House and which he should rightly be concerned in. And if this resolution were adopted then the chairmen of our committees would not have the right to vote. I therefore ask the membership of the House to vote down this resolution.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Crawford, Mr. Kent.

Mr. SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Crawford, Mr. Kent, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KENT. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Will the Speaker appoint the chairman and vice chairman of say the Committee on Aeronautics from the membership as reported by the Committee on Committees which will report twenty members? Will the Speaker appoint the chairman and vice chairman from that list as reported by the committee on committees or will he appoint two members of the House outside that list.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, I certainly wouldn't take the position of being able to answer that question of what the Speaker will do. I don't know that.

Mr. ANDREWS. Is it not important that this House know whether the voting Membership of various committees is twenty or twenty-two or thirty or thirty-two? Should not a little matter like that be written in the rules?

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, whether they should know it or not, I certainly wouldn't be in a position to say what a person who has appointive power under the rule is going to do or what appointments he is going to make.

Mr. ANDREWS. Can the gentleman give me any reason why the rules should not be specific? We do not care whether you say it is a committee of thirty or whether you say it is a committee of thirty-two, but we do say that if you say it is a committee of thirty you have no right counting out a committee of thirty-two. It is a very simple matter to make the rule comply with whatever is the practice of this House, and for the gentleman to say that he does not know under the rules, whatever the practice of this House may be, you certainly do give scarce consideration to proper parliamentary practice.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, I don't see that the resolution which the gentleman has offered and which is before the House at this time has anything to do with the point that he has brought up, but I would say this, being unable to quote the Speaker as to what his intentions are in relation to appointing chairmen and vice chairmen I would say that in the past when he has appointed those officers they have been outside of the committee appointments which have been made by the Committee on Committees.

Mr. ANDREWS. I wish the gentleman wouldn't evade; it's a very simple matter. The Speaker must appoint under the rules. Now, because the rule was indefinite, if the rule was that that committee be composed of twenty and then there was in addition outside of the rule an additional member as chairman, in that event we would say that the chairman was not entitled to vote except in the case of a tie, which would be proper parliamentary practice. However if the rule says that the committee should be composed of twenty-two or thirty-two there the chairman of course would be a voting member of the committee. It isn't a matter in which we are concerned—your rule is defective. Amend the rule. If you don't have time now, do it later. Amend the rule in conformity with your practice.

Mr. KENT. I'm not sure, Mr. Speaker that there has been a question put to me that I can answer any more clearly than I did the other one. I certainly don't mean to be evasive but I can only say to the gentleman that under the rules as they are how, there are twenty or thirty members designated for each committee, and the Speaker has the power to appoint a chairman and a vice-chairman. Now who he is going to appoint, I certainly don't know, and I have no intention of offering any amendment to the rules at this time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, we will take the former roll call on this. I think under the circumstances, we would be compelled to raise a point of order when the Committee on Committees reports to get a definite decision upon this matter because you changed the ratio.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment to the amendment to Rule 27?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger, and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,

Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Sax,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Scott,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Smith,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Swartz,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	Toomey,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	White,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Madden,		Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment offered by Mr. Helm?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Scott,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Sorg,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Speaker
Gibson,	Madden,	Sax,	

NAYS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment to Rule 27 was agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 31

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment to Rule 31.

The amendment was read as follows:

That House Rule No. 31 is hereby amended by adding after paragraph one the following:

> The yeas and nays of the Members of a committee may be demanded by two Members thereof on any question before it, which record shall be entered on their minutes and made available for public examination.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the intent of this amendment is perfectly apparent. It is designed to shatter the iron curtain that protects the secrecy of committee acts. We enact legislation upon the floor of this House and there is a record vote. We prepare legislation very frequently and amend it in committee. The work of the Committees is even more significant sometimes than the vote in the House. If you're going to put a weasel word in a bill, you don't do it on the floor; you do it in committee. If you're going to work a squeeze play on anybody, even the Governor, you don't do it on the floor; you do it in committee. Your committee is your bargaining point, if you do bargain.

It always has been the case that how a Member voted in committee was a deep, dark secret. And lots of times Members have voted in committee after such fashion that if their constituency had known how they voted they wouldn't have come back. If committee action were not an important part of the legislative process, there could be an occasion for secrecy; but secrecy in committee in voting upon matters of essential importance are a direct assault upon the principle of representative government and upon legislative responsibility.

In the federal congress in times past bills have been slaughtered in committee that could never have been slaughtered had they come upon the floor of the House. Those past things tonight are shrouded forevermore in secrecy. Now all I ask is that all Members who are ashamed of the way they voted in Committee, vote for this amendment, and all the Members that don't want

their constituents to know how they vote in Committee vote against it. That is the issue which we carry to this House—it is the issue which we propose to carry to the unseen audience which composes the electorate.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, I'm not just sure what the Minority Leader is trying to put across in this amendment. I am wondering if he is interested in letting us record the ayes and nays in Committee, or is he interested in bringing that information to the general public? I am sure that either question can be answered now by our present rules.

Our present committees have all the power they need under our present rules. Under Rule 31, which deals with the subject of committee records, you will find that each of said committees shall keep a record or minute of all proceedings before them, which record or minute shall be open for examination by any Member of the House or Senate.

Further, I would refer you to rule 90 which says a Member shall not relate in debate what was done or said in Committee, except as contained in the written report or as authorized by the Committee. Now if the committee who are all Members of this House desire to have anything that transpires in their Committee made a public record, it certainly can be done with their recommendation and their approval. I would ask the Members to vote against the amendment.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I agree with the gentleman, who in this instance has defined the issue with what I hope will be continuing clarity. He has made the very point I wanted to make which is this: if the thieves decide to hide the loot they can hide it; but if they want to tell the public where they hid it, they can. The issue that I raise is to make it impossible on the demand of two Members to make a voting record a secret record. At the present time if the Committee wants to make the voting record public, it can, but if it wants to hide it, it can and that's the thing that we're after. If the gentleman desires to maintain the secrecy of Committee and if he thinks that the majority is going to vote for things that they don't want to tell the people about, that's all right with us. It's the issue which we propose to take to the unseen audience.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, I would just like to remind the Minority Leader that when he talks on that phase of the Committee, that he must remember that some of his deeds are there also, and that is the very reason why we have minority representation on all of our Committees.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Sax,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Scott,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Smith,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Swartz,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	Toomey,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	White,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Madden,		Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 17

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment to Rule 17.

The amendment was read as follows:

That House Rule 17 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Upon written request of a majority of the Committee on Rules pursuant to action as a regularly called meeting, the Speaker shall refer any bill or resolution designated by the Committee on Rules to a Select Committee appointed by the Speaker, consisting of nine members and a chairman. The Select Committee shall within three legislative days after reference, report to the House any bill or resolution referred to it with either a favorable or negative recommendation.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this amendment is to make certain that there is speedy action upon any measure which the membership of the House might desire or which even the administration might desire. Very frequently bills are introduced, referred to committee and the committee for all purposes of its own, or in its wisdom fails to act when there is a need for action. It might be a bill that the Governor wanted out of committee. The Chairman of the committee might be bargaining with the Governor. The bill should be out. Now we propose in this amendment that in the case of such a bill, the Speaker could refer it to a select com-

mittee. That select committee would be instructed to report back to the House within three days with either a favorable or a negative recommendation, making certain that that bill was always within the jurisdiction of the House without making it necessary to try to pass a motion to discharge the committees.

This is a procedural measure. It is of greater interest to the majority than it is to me. It is an improvement on our parliamentary procedure. I don't care to argue it. I'll take the same roll call and I will consider that the majority leader or that the gentleman from McKean has arisen and says we don't like it, turns thumbs down and that the majority on the other side will turn thumbs down.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Scott,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Sorg,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Speaker
Gibson,	Madden,	Sax,	

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 39

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment to Rule 39.

The amendment was read as follows:

That Rule No. 39 of the House of Representatives is hereby amended by adding after paragraph one, a new paragraph to read as follows:

The members of a committee at any meeting at which two-thirds of the entire membership are present may by a majority vote of those present demand the immediate consideration of any bill or resolution in possession of the committee.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in times past,—not of course during the period when those now in the House were present here,—there have been chairmen,—I read about it in the newspapers, and the old timers tell me about it,—there have been chairmen who have put a particular bill in their pocket and kept it in their pocket, and the members of the committee just never could catch up with that chairman; he just kept that bill in his pocket. He didn't know where to find it, and it would go week after week with the members of the committee unable to consider a bill they wanted to consider. It is a sort of notion that a committee chairman is something,—oh, very special, and the members of the committee are not supposed to disagree too much with the committee chairman.

Of course, there are implied powers in the present rules,—implied powers that would enable the members of the committee to stand an obstreperous chairman in a corner and make him produce a particular bill. Those powers are only implied, but what I am proposing is that the committee at any time when two-thirds of the committee are present, those present may by majority vote require the chairman of the committee to present for action any bill that the majority desire to consider. And that again is right in line with representative government. If any of those old time chairmen would come back,—and I am sure that there are no chairmen at this session who would ever refuse to bring up a bill in committee, but sometime those wicked chairmen who do act arbitrarily, Mr. Chairman, will come back, and some poor innocent member of the committee that wants to consider a bill, with the chairman carrying that bill around in his pocket, and he couldn't do it,—I just want to provide a means whereby a majority of the members of the committee are the compelling force and power in that committee, and put and keep wicked chairmen, if they ever come back, in their proper place.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, I am sure that in my short span of service I have never known, or never heard of a chairman as wicked as the gentleman from Cambria would imply. I have been in a number of committee meetings. I have always known the chairmen of those committees to be very cooperative, and that was true even back in 1941 when we were the then minority. I certainly don't feel that in the future sessions any chairman is going to take that much power upon himself that he will not permit a bill to come up for consideration of the committee. I think the committees right now have a sufficient amount of power that they can, shall we say, put pressure on a chairman to bring a bill before their com-

mittee. For that reason, Mr. Speaker, I ask that the Members vote down this amendment.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Sax,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Scott,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Smith,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Swartz,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	Toomey,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	White,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Madden,		Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 90

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment to Rule 90.

The amendment was read as follows:

That Rule No. 90 of the House of Representatives is hereby amended to read as follows:

Committee Proceedings in Debate

A Member in debate may relate what was done in committee but not what was said except such as is contained in the written report or that which is authorized by the committee.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, before I proceed to address the House on this amendment, may I interrogate the Majority Whip?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Johnson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. JOHNSON. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, how many Members does the Majority Whip now have present in a position to vote?

Mr. JOHNSON. I would say 110, Mr. Speaker, quick count.

Mr. ANDREWS. If the gentleman will assure me that that is the truth I will keep right on with these roll calls, but if he is deceiving me . . .

Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, I want to assure the gentleman that we have 110 in the House at the present time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, this is a very simple and proper amendment. All it provides is that while what is said in a committee is privileged, what is done is not privileged. Any Member under this amendment would be at liberty in the course of debate on the floor, in talking to newspaper men, in talking to anybody, be able to say what was done. I don't see why there should be any particular objection to that. What is done has been done. Now the conversation in committee that's a different matter. Things are said in committee that wouldn't look good in the Legislative Journal. But what is done is properly a matter for public comment and as part of the record.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, I will only say in opposing this amendment that the reasons for that position were stated when we considered a former rule when I said that the committees have the power now to authorize the chairman or any member of their committee to make a public statement as to what was done or said in the committee if they so desire.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Scott,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,

Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Sorg,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Speaker
Gibson,	Madden,	Sax,	

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative, and the amendment was not agreed to.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 40

Mr. LOVETT offered the following amendment to Rule 40.

The amendment was read as follows:

That Rule No. 40 of the House of Representatives is hereby amended to read as follows:

That when a bill or resolution has been ten calendar days in the hands of a committee after having been referred to it, any committee may be discharged from further consideration of the bill or resolution by a vote of 85 Members.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I have noticed that on the other side of this House there has been a lot of assistance for the floor leader and I am very happy at this time to relieve my floor leader a little.

This particular amendment to the rule is nothing new to a lot of the Members of this House. I have tried at different times to have this amendment to the rule in this House of Representatives adopted. Might I say to you that for four long years this House operated with this particular rule on the books, and I didn't find any hardship to anybody during that time.

Now I know that my pleading here will possibly go in vain as it has many many times before. But as my able Floor Leader has explained to you gentlemen, eventually you are going to come to the day in Pennsylvania when you are going to make it a democracy and you are going to pass and have such rules in the House of Representatives.

Whether you like it today or not the people of Pennsylvania are demanding that you act as a democracy. When we do we will have no fear of communism, none whatever. So, my friends I say honestly to you today, and I am going to make it very short because I have pleaded many and many a time for this very same amendment to the rules, I say to you that it worked for four years in Pennsylvania under the Democratic administration in Pennsylvania. We found no hardship in transacting business in the House of Representatives. I have said before that had you had such rules many pieces of legislation that are now introduced would never be introduced. So my friends, I ask for the same vote as my colleague, Mr. Andrews.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, if I understand this resolution properly it is a move by the minority to reduce the vote that it would take to discharge a committee from further consideration of any particular bill. They would reduce it from the constitutional majority of 105 as it is now, to 85.

If the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett, is talking about democracy it seems to me that the provisions of this resolution go to the very crux of democracy and if it were passed would certainly tear asunder the very principle and theory of democracy. We on the majority side have accepted a responsibility which we expect to fulfill. How could we answer to the public were we to permit a resolution like this to become a rule and hand over the control of legislative procedural matters that will come before this House, to the minority? One of the theories and the principles of democracy is that the majority should rule and control. We should hear the minority and recognize them. Certainly we would be derelict in our duty if were were to turn over the control or rule to the minority party in this House. The thing that I can't get through my head is why it should take a less vote to get a bill or particular piece of legislation on to the floor of this House than it takes to pass that particular bill or bit of legislation through this House. Now with the numbers the way they stand, with the Democratic party or the minority party having 87 Members, I believe, and only requiring 85 to discharge a committee, this resolution if adopted would circumvent the Constitution and certainly have the effect of doing away with our entire committee setup and our committee system which is so important in the deliberations of this House and of the legislation that comes before this House in expediting the business of the House. If the minority has the necessary majority to pass some particular legislation which they favor, then under our present rules they certainly have the power to get a particular bit of legislation or bill onto the floor of this House and before this body. For these reasons, Mr. Speaker, I would ask the Members of the House to vote down this resolution.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, I realize that the gentleman is trying to confuse you. When you report a bill to the floor of this House the majority still has control of that bill. That is democracy. We then stand on whether or not we have the strength to pass that particular bill. To hear the gentleman talk you would think that the committees passed the bills in the House of Representatives. That is not true. The bill could be reported to this House and you could defeat it if you were so minded. That is not taking anything away from your majority rule.

As I said before, why go on and debate this issue? You gentlemen who have been here at least know that we worked under that very system for four years. We did not throw democracy out of the window. During those four

years I have stood here and told you that there are certain state governments in which all legislation that is introduced during the session of the legislature must be reported to the floor of the House with either a favorable or a negative recommendation. If you set yourself up as more democratic than those people,—let us face the facts and issues,—you can pass this amendment to the rule and you still have control of the legislation.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman has mentioned that under the democratic administration when they were in the majority, such a rule was in effect and it worked very well. I believe that one session during that administration that it was in effect,— it was in effect actually during both sessions, but the facts were that in the first session the Republican minority actually had 88 members. And it would work under a situation such as that. However, two years later, in the 1937 session, the minority consisted of 54 Republicans. And I believe that during that session the Republican minority wanted to reduce it to 60, and they were vigorously and strenuously opposed in that move by the majority.

Be that as it may, I would like to say only this in addition, that if the committee system which is setup under our Constitution is to work and work properly, those committees and the chairmen and the people who serve on those committees must have the respect and the confidence of the Members of this House; at least the majority Members of this House. And if they were working under a situation where no matter what action they took on a partciular bit of legislation, their deliberations were to be thrown to the wind and a minority group of 85 persons out of 208 could rescind and upset everything they had done, I am sure that they wouldn't have the confidence and the respect that they need in order to properly operate. I again ask the Members to vote against this resolution.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I have listened to the learned discourse of the blocking halfback of this new team we see operating over there, and it seems to me he failed to point out one thing, that most of the Members who have served in the House are certainly fully aware of. In the past I know we have offered resolutions to discharge committees from consideration of much worth while legislation, and many Members on the majority side have told me that if afforded an opportunity they would have voted for that type of legislation, but because of the disciplinary tactics that are employed by the majority side they were unwilling to vote to discharge a committee from consideration of a particular bill. So the resolution offered by the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett, will certainly afford the Members here an opportunity to vote.

Now, the argument that the democratic process will be circumvented by 85 Members being permitted to have a bill discharged so that we could consider it certainly does not hold true. Actually the constitutional majority will still be required to pass any measure that is submitted to this House for consideration, but certainly we should prevent some chairman of a committee,—and you well know that the chairman of a committee in many instances is the one who is responsible for failing to give us an opporunity to vote on a particular bill,—from holding that bill in the pickling vat in which they have been holding them in the past. And so I say that in all fairness, to paraphrase the phrase that is used by the gentleman from Westmoreland, we should vote in favor of this resolution.

Mr. McMILLEN. Mr. Speaker, may I interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Lovett, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LOVETT. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. McMILLEN. Is it not true that state legislatures or parties, either majority or minority, follow the line of the national administration in many respects? Isn't it true that party policy and discipline follows from National to State?

Mr. LOVETT. I don't know whether that is true or not.

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, I am willing to admit that that is true as far as Republicans are concerned.

The Republicans in the state of Pennsylvania uphold more or less the principles of the Republican party nationally.

Mr. LOVETT. Well, that's nothing to be proud of.

Mr. McMILLEN. Let the record speak for itself, Mr. Lovett.

I am willing to ask you this question: will you give us a copy of the amendment you are trying to propose to the rules of this House which the Republicans must carry so that we may submit the same changes to the rules of the House in Washington?

Mr. LOVETT. I would be very glad to have such rules in Washington.

Mr. McMILLEN. Give us a copy of your rules so that we can submit them and have the Republicans get the same recognition in Washington, please.

Mr. LOVETT. I would be very glad to, Mr. Speaker.

As I said before, I don't want to prolong the debate but I do think that we gentleman here should be clear on certain things. One gentleman gets up and he says I think that the Republicans did this under this rule of Democratic control of 85 to discharge a committee. I've been here a good many years. I could almost go back to the day when they carried those bills around in their pockets. That is not too far back. That's one reason why I continually try to amend these rules so that we do not have that situation in Pennsylvania.

As my friend, Mr. Andrews has said, we intend to take this to the voters of Pennsylvania. We intend to make an issue of it. And we should make an issue of it. And if the Whip on the majority side still thinks he has 110,—I notice a few of the boys getting tired; they took a walk, and if he still thinks they have 110 we'll take the same vote.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentlemen.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Lovett and Mr. Andrews and were as follows:

YEAS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,

Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NAYS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madigan,	Scott,
Bear,	Goodling,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Beech,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bloom,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Harney,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Sorg,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Speaker
Gibson,	Madden,	Sax,	

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the resolution presented by Mr. Helm?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Helm and Mr. Kent and were as follows:

YEAS—110

Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Madden,	Sax,
Bear,	Goodling,	Madigan,	Scott,
Beech,	Graybill,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Greer,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Guthrie,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Harney,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Cella,	Helm,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hocker,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cooper,	Johnson,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Davis,	Keller,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kent,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pichney,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
Erb,	Kratz,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Royer,	Sorg,
Gibson,		Rubin,	Speaker

NAYS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hersch,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt.
Breth,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kornick,	Needham,	Stank,
Conway,	Kubacki,	Olsen,	Swope,
Corr,	Lederer,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Filip,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lutty,	Polen,	Westrick,
Good,	Maxwell,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hagerty,	McGee,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Rose,	

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Varner,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Watkins,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Weidner,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,		

So the question was determined in the affirmative; the resolution was adopted and the 1949 Rules as amended were adopted.

PERMISSION GRANTED CAUCUS TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. READINGER asked and obtained permission for the Democratic Caucus to meet during the session of the House.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to inform the Members that there is remaining for this session very important work. When a recess is granted, the Members are urgently requested to promptly return to the Hall of the House so that the business of the House may be expedited.

If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for ten minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 189th Semi-Annual Statement, December 1, 1949, together with a list of the depositors of the Dollar Savings Bank, Pittsburgh.

(For Report see Appendix)

REPORT OF PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 133rd Annual Statement, January 1, 1950, of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society.

(For Report see Appendix)

REPORT OF LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the Report of The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company for 1949.

(For Report see Appendix)

REPORT OF DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission of Pennsylvania and New Jersey for the year 1949.

(For Report see Appendix)

FIRST AID ROOM ANNUAL REPORT

The SPEAKER laid before the House the First Aid Room Annual Report, August 1948 to August 1949, received from the Department of Property and Supplies.

(For Report see Appendix)

REPORT OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CITY TRUSTS (Philadelphia)

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 80th Annual Report of the Board of Directors of City Trusts of the City of Philadelphia, 1949, also

The Report of the Board of Directors of City Trusts to the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for 1949, dated May 4, 1950.

(For Reports see Appendix)

REPORT OF SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 96th Annual Statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity, dated January 1, 1951.

(For Report see Appendix)

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four o'clock p. m., E. S. T., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock p. m., E. S. T., unless sooner re-convened at the joint call of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The Senate and House Histories of Legislation shall be published weekly during the recess and shall give a record properly indexed of all bills introduced.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, there was once upon a time a procession marching through the streets of a great city. Preceding the procession was a little fellow trudging along all by himself. A man standing on the sidewalk said to the little fellow that was trudging along, "Where is this crowd going?" The little fellow said, " I wouldn't know, I am only the leader."

Members of the House, the Democratic caucus,—and I am the servant of the Caucus, has by almost a unanimous vote placed itself on record as opposing this recess. Well now, I'll stick with the caucus.

My personal position was stated a couple weeks ago. You see it is dangerous to offer suggestions to you men on the other side, because you grab them and use them. I never can depend upon your intelligence. Sometimes I think you are going to play it dumb, and when I think you are going to play it dumb you don't and when I think you are, it is just the other way around.

It happens that two or three weeks ago I wrote a letter to the Philadelphia Bulletin which the Bulletin published. I disagreed with the Bulletin. They said we ought to have gone to work on January 2nd. I disagreed with that and said it would have been wiser to have taken quite a recess to enable everybody, the minority and the majority to get in shape to come here for battle, maybe settle down to a five day week; committees working full time, much to the dislike of the lawyers, of having a schedule that we could clear up in a month. Well, that did not suit my fellows. They added something on their side in the preparation of an administration program, barring fiscal elements and of course your platform says you don't need an additional fiscal program because your present taxes are going to raise all the money you need. I read it in the platform; it's there. That is not any problem. For the rest of the program, goodness knows all you have to do and all that you will do when the thing is shown down, you just throw it into pigeon holes, get the bills we introduced in 1949, bring them out, give them a new title and that's that. Anyway the Democratic Caucus has gone on record as opposing this recess.

I now yield to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I arise to oppose this resolution to recess, for some very good reasons.

When the membership of this House was elected, it was elected to take office the first Tuesday in January and was immediately after the swearing in supposed to get down to business. We have some very important legislation facing this Legislature, and in particular our National defense program which we and the members of the Democratic caucus feel should be acted on as soon as possible; that is the reason that we are going to oppose this motion to recess until February 5.

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I arise to oppose this recess proposal to February 5th. A lot of us Members are working people; a lot of us are required to be on the job; when we are not on the job or not in Harrisburg we have got to get a leave of absence. I got a leave of absence and all I can do is go back home and sit down and look wise and figure that those damn Rebublicans who haven't got things ready have had since November 7 to get them ready. The program should have been ready for January 1st and it is not our fault if it is not ready.

I believe that we should not recess and I believe the Senate should consult us. Before they decide on a matter over there I think they should come over here and consult both the minority and the majority parties in regard to a recess before they take action on it.

Mr. FILO. Mr. Speaker, I would like to offer my opposition to this resolution presented by the Senate and I would like someone to explain just why we have to adjourn. I know when I get back to my home town many of my constituents are going to ask me "What are you doing back home? Why aren't you in Harrisburg helping out or doing something for us?" Now, will any one of the gentlemen on the other side explain just why we have to adjourn until February 5th?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, there really isn't a whole lot for me to say after the Minority Leader was kind enough to give us all of the reasons. I think most of us who have sat in this House in past years definitely realize that regardless of who our Governor would be it has always been difficult in the first two to three weeks of a session to set up the mechanical operation of the session. We have sat here and twiddled our thumbs,—lets be honest about that. It is always difficult for any incoming Governor to submit a program immediately to the Legislature. We can submit a program but we want to submit a program that is going to be the program for our state. We don't want to come in here with a program that will be changed and changed.

The gentleman from Philadelphia speaks about the defense program. If I read this morning's Inquirer correctly the Federal Government's defense program is not ready up to this date, and in this resolution if it should be ready and it should be necessary for us to come back to this House, the resolution gives the Speaker of this House and the President of the Senate the prerogative of calling us back into session. We have this year, as all of us know, a tremendous taxation program; we have the teacher's pay, we have the soldier's bonus, we have home rule, we have reapportionment, we have fair employment and many other things. We want to do it and we want to do it right. We want to come back here and when we do come back with a Governor's program, go to work. In the interim that we will be recessed it will also give the minority party quite an opportunity to discuss matters with us and see if we can't work out something that we can come on the floor here and be in agreement partially, or to a great degree, when we come back.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—110

Barkdoll,	Goodling,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Beech,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith,
Blair,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Bloom,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Bolton,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Boorse,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Bower,	Harney,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Breisch,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Brown,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Clendening,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Cooper,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Costa,	Jump,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Keller,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Williams,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Rigby,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Light,	Robertson,	Young,
Frost,	Loftus,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Madden,	Sax,	Speaker
Gleason,	Madigan,	Scott,	

NAYS—79

Amarando,	Hagerty,	McDermit,	Readinger,
Andrews,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,	Reidenbach,
Beaver,	Headlee,	McNally,	Rose,
Berkstresser,	Hersch,	Mihm,	Rosen,
Boies,	Hoggard,	Mills,	Rovansek,
Breth,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Bucchin,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Conway,	Kamyk,	Munley,	Seyler,
Corr,	Kornick,	Musto,	Snider,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Needham,	Stank,
Dalrymple,	Lederer,	Olsen,	Swope,
Dougherty,	Leonard, L.,	Penglase,	Taylor,
Duffy,	Leven,	Peta,	Toll,
Fenrich,	Limper,	Petrosky,	Varallo,
Filip,	Lopresti,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Filo,	Lovett,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Good,	Lutty,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Polen,	Westrick,
		Price, R. A.,	Yetzer,

NOT VOTING—18

Banker,	Gaffney,	Metz,	Watkins,
Baumunk,	Hall,	Murray,	Weidner,
Bomberger,	Jenkins,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Schuster,	Yester,
Dunn,	Kolankiewicz,	Varner,	

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Capitol Building will be closed ten o'clock tomorrow morning. Corridors will be cleared of all visitors and the Pennsylvania State police will assume charge of the building. It is, therefore, important that all Members, officers and employees of the House be present in the building before ten o'clock.

The Committee on Inaugural Arrangements have requested the Members of the House to remove their cars today from the plaza in front of the Capitol. Parking space has been provided for Members at the entrance to the State Street Soldier's Memorial bridge. It will be necessary to remove all cars by tow truck left on the plaza after midnight tonight.

Cooperation of the Members will be appreciated by the Inaugural Committee.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, once again we have an example of the willingness of the leading Republicans to take advice from the minority. This afternoon I went down to see the Chief Clerk and said that I didn't have the slightest intention of parking my car at the entrance to the State Street Soldiers' Memorial and if they wanted to trot out their tow truck, I would thank them for the service. I am very glad to see that they are taking us clear away down into the suburbs of Harrisburg to park our cars, and I shall be very interested to see the nature of the cars that are parked there tomorrow, having clearned the space by getting the humble Members

of the House out of the way. They're generally in the way of certain big wigs who want the space.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hopes that the gentleman will not be inconvenienced and offers his cooperation for the convenience of all the Members of this House at any time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I want to tell you that I don't propose to be inconvenienced in the least. If my car isn't in the proper place, I now notify the Capitol Police or anyone else that I'll thank them for tow service because it'll be the only service I've gotten in recent years.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is requested to announced that if there are any Members of the House Inaugural Committee present in the House, they are to report to the Governor's Reception Room tomorrow morning at eleven o'clock.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SHOTWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, January 16, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 7:20 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

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SENATE

TUESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1951

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. DR. PHILIP DAVID BOOKSTABER, Rabbi of Reformed Temple, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Let us rise for prayer. This day which the Lord hath made, let us rejoice and be glad in it.

We thank Thee, O Heavenly Father, for these days that come to record our individual enterprise in this the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. May the deliberations and the activities in the ensuing months and years echo in Washington, D. C., pointing the way of our American heritage with freedom and justice for all and liberty for each and every individual.

Assembled today, regardless of race, creed or color, regardless of party affiliations, let us be united in giving the Lord's Prayer:

Our Father, Who art in Heaven, hallowed by Thy name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us, and lead us not into temptation but deliver us from evil, for Thine is the kingdom, the power and the glory for ever and ever. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. HARE, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO WAIT UPON THE HONORABLE J. PAUL RUPP

Mr. PROPERT offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 16, 1951.

Resolved, That a Committee of three Senators be appointed to wait upon the Honorable J. Paul Rupp, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, and escort him to the Senate Chamber for the purpose of administering the oath of office to the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, Lieutenant Governor-elect.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment as said committee, the gentleman from Montgomery, Mr. Propert; the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Watkins, and the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Haluska.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO WAIT UPON THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ELECT

Mr. WALKER on behalf of Mr. DIEHM, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three Senators be appointed to wait upon the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, Lieutenant Governor-elect, and escort him to the Senate Chamber to take the oath and assume the duties of the office.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment as said committee, the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Diehm; the gentleman from Somerset, Mr. Hare, and the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Bane.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE HONORABLE J. PAUL RUPP

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-At-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, the committee to escort the Honorable J. Paul Rupp.

Mr. PROPERT. Mr. President, the committee has performed its duty and presents herewith the Honorable J. Paul Rupp.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR ELECT

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-At-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARM. Mr. President, the committee to escort the Lieutenant-Governor elect.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, the committee to escort the Lieutenant-Governor elect has performed its duty.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

UNITED STATES SENATOR ELECT JAMES H. DUFF PRESENTED TO SENATE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair has the distinct privilege of presenting to the Senate the Honorable James H. Duff, United States Senator-Elect of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

At this time we would like to have a few choice remarks from our boy.

REMARKS BY U. S. SENATOR-ELECT JAMES H. DUFF

SENATOR-ELECT JAMES H. DUFF. I think you all feel that you probably had the privilege of hearing the last of me before, therefore I am not going to say anything except that it is always a great pleasure to appear before your wonderful body.

GOVERNOR-ELECT JOHN S. FINE PRESENTED TO SENATE

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair has another great pleasure, that of presenting to the Members of the Senate the Honorable John S. Fine, Governor-Elect of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

REMARKS BY GOVERNOR-ELECT JOHN S. FINE

GOVERNOR-ELECT JOHN S. FINE. I am glad to be here this morning. You will have the opportunity of hearing enough from me later on. I appreciate it very much.

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION OF LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

Whereupon, the certificate of the election of the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, as Lieutenant-Governor was read by the Chief Clerk of the Senate as follows:

In the Name and by Authority of the
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN JOINT SESSION

Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the second day of January, A.D., one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Lieutenant-Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Lloyd H. Wood had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said

LLOYD H. WOOD

was declared to have been duly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth

In Testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our Seals the day and year above written.

M. HARVEY TAYLOR,
President of the Senate
HERBERT P. SORG,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
MURRAY PEELOR,
Teller on the part of the Senate
JOHN H. McKINNEY,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives

SEAL SEAL

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR-ELECT

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The oath of office to Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, Lieutenant-Governor-Elect of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, will be administered by the Honorable J. Paul Rupp, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

Whereupon, the oath of office was duly administered to the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, by Honorable J. Paul Rupp, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

GAVEL PRESENTED TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LLOYD H. WOOD

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair has the privilege and pleasure of presenting to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the gavel of authority of the Senate.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LLOYD H. WOOD. Thank you very much, Senator Taylor.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LLOYD H. WOOD

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LLOYD H. WOOD. Mr. President, Governor, Duff, Governor-Elect Fine, Members of the Senate and Friends, I wish to express my gratitude to the citizens of our great Commonwealth for the high honor they have conferred upon me in electing me to the office of Lieutenant-Governor. I am most happy to observe among this distinguished assemblage today two former Lieutenant-Governors, the Honorable John C. Bell, Jr., and the Honorable Samuel S. Lewis.

I regret very much that my very distinguished predecessor is unable to be with us today. We are all very proud of him for the great service that he has previously rendered and is presently rendering as the head of the 28th Division at Camp Atterbury.

I am very proud to have the privilege of presiding over this distinguished body. The Senate of Pennsylvania has traditionally rendered the first order of public service, a type of service that could not be calculated in terms of dollars and cents.

The people of our State look upon you as representative of their highest ideals of legislative deliberation. The reputation of the Senate for dignity and decorum has become too well established to be gainsaid, or by me embellished.

It shall be my purpose to render impartial decisions and to obstruct in no way full opportunity for debate and consideration of every important matter properly before you.

In discharging my duties as Chairman of the Board of Pardons, I propose to be just and fair. The hardened criminal, the predator of civilized society, should not expect any aid from me. It is those only who are sincerely repentant or who have been unjustly punished to whom I will extend a helping hand.

Within the hour, Governor Fine will assume heavy responsibilities, at a time when the future security of our Country is at stake. Also, it is at a time when a great program of public service is scheduled to be carried out for our citizens.

In time of national emergency in the past, Pennsylvania has met every demand that was placed upon her

for men, money and material. I am certain that this occasion will not be an exception. Team play produced those fine results. I doubt not that the General Assembly will join our distinguished new Governor in carrying out the platform pledges upon which he was elected, and in perfecting the machinery to facilitate the building of the national defense.

With the determination to lend my humble assistance to the achievement of those ends, I approach my duties as Lieutenant-Governor.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous censent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, on behalf of the Republican and Democratic side of the Senate of Pennsylvania, we would like to pay a slight tribute to Governor Duff on this his last official appearance before us. He has been a great Governor of Pennsylvania, he is a great citizen of Pennsylvania, he will be a great United States Senator.

As he leaves Harrisburg for Washington, we want him to know that he takes with him the best wishes and the friendship of the fifty gentlemen who comprise the Senate of Pennsylvania, and we are very, very happy to welcome him to one of the most exclusive lodges in the world, the clan of Senators.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the table at this time, a communication from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and ask that the Clerk read the communication.

The Clerk read the communication as follows:

RECALLING THE NOMINATION OF THE THE HONORABLE CHARLES J. MARGIOTTI

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with Article IV, Section 8, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I nominated for the advice and consent of the Senate, Honorable Charles J. Margiotti as Attorney General, vice Honorable Thomas McKeen Chidsey, who resigned during the recess of the Senate. The commission, in accordance with said Article IV, Section 8, is to expire at the end of the present session of the Senate unless sooner superseded by me or other lawful authority.

Since this appointment unler the aforesaid section of the Constitution is at the pleasure of the appointing power, and no unexpired term is involved, nothing is to be gained by any official action by your Honorable Body, and consequently I respectfully request the return to me of the official Message of Nomination in the premises.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call from the table the nomination of the Honorable Charles J. Margiotti, and ask that it be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Charles J. Margiotti, Pittsburgh, from July 5, 1950, until superseded.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATION RETURNED TO THE GOVERNOR

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nomination, just read by the Clerk, be returned to His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I do not think that any person in this chamber, whether a Member of the Senate or a guest of the Senate, misunderstands or needs an explanation of what is about to take place in the Senate of Pennsylvania? However, for the purpose of the record and in order that there be a distinct understanding on the part of our majority colleagues and the people at large of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, speaking for the Democratic Caucus, I wish to note for the record that we are opposed to this procedure now being indulged in by the Senate. First, we base our opposition upon our understanding of the duties of the Senate, as well as the requirements of the Constitution of the Commonwealth. Following the procedure that is about to take place, any Governor of this Commonwealth so minded could very easily set aside the prescribed prescriptions within the Constitution, and by simply following this rule of procedure could take away from the Senate its prerogatives under the Constitution, namely, that it shall consent and advise to qualify members of his cabinet, specifically, the Attorney General, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and so forth, as specified within the Constitution and other offices delegated by law.

If this particular trick, and I call it that, because that is the only description understood by all, can be performed here today, there is no guarantee to the people that if a Governor wanted to at some time name a person unfit for an office, or disqualified by his personal actions and behavior to sit in the Cabinet of the Governor, he could circumscribe the provisions of the Constitution by simply naming the individual, recalling his name at the beginning of the Session, taking the resignation at the end of the Session, and renaming that individual until the next Session of the Legislature.

Mr. President, if that is the purpose, as I understand from the newspaper, and unless I am informed to the contrary, I am led to believe that that is the purpose of this particular action on the part of the Senate today. The question of the qualification of the individual has not entered into this discussion, either off the floor or on the floor of the Senate, but the question of whether an individual can interpret the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to best suit his purposes is one that requires a great deal of concentration on the

part of the Members of the Senate, in order that no precedent be here established that may some day cause this Senate to be embarrassed on both sides of the aisle.

Particularly, I stress this point. The Constitution in so many words says this, that the Governor may apoint and shall appoint, if he so desires, a person to the office of Attorney General, and that person shall serve until the end of the next Session of the Legislature. There are those who interpret the next Session of the Legislaure to be that Session of the Legislature during which that particular Governor is the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Constitution further prescribes the duties of the Governor who is naming this man to the Attorney Generalship, the hand from the grave,, the ex-Governor of the Commonwealth, or the incoming Governor of the Commonwealth. If it is so desired, and a weakling should become Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, a man without spine or courage, if that particular individual becomes the Governor of the Commonwealth, the outgoing Governor could dictate the policies and the officers of this Commonwealth through the entire four years of the incoming Governor. That is not the intent of the Constitution, and whether some lawyer so reads it, it is still the prerogative of this Senate, whether they be members of the minority or the majority, to uphold the dignity of the office and to perform the duties they are obligated to perform.

Mr. President, I have noted from my few years that the United States Senate very carefully, on both sides of the aisle, scrutinize the appointments of the President of the United States. Whether the majority is a large majority or whether it is a slim majority, whether the minority is a large minority or a slim minority, history has been that they prescribe the rules under which the Senate operates, if it is within the contents of the Constitution.

We are here today, Members of the Senate, sworn to perform certain duties prescribed within this Constitution. If we allow this particular trick, and I say it is a trick unless I am told otherwise from the floor of the Senate, it is the purpose of this particular communcation and the action of this Senate today to give to the Attorney General named by the outgoing Governor the right to sit in the incoming administration without benefits of qualification by the Senate of Pennsylvania as prescribed by law.

Now, Mr. President, we find ourselves much in the same position as minorites have found themselves over the course of history. We find ourselves using whatever legal weapons we can use to see to it that the Constitution, as we read it, is not circumscribed. We believe we stand upon our rights and we wish to say that contrary to anything that may be said to the effect that we are obstructionists, we are not. We are not intending in any manner whatsoever to cripple the incoming Governor unless he so desires. If he wants the prerogative prescribed to his office to name his cabinet officers, we as Members of the Senate intend to sit here and work with him to see that he gets the type of men that he desires, and when he presents to this Senate a list of cabinet officers named by him, the Democratic minority will sit in serious meeting assembled and give him the benefit and the courtesies that he is entitled to, but if he refuses, as the public will so state and the public press so carries, and unless I am informed to the contrary, I must believe it, if he is going to sit by and allow the hand from the grave to dictate the policies and the persons in his official family, we as members of the Senate cannot get around the constitutional requirements of our office, and we will not under any conditions, regardless of abuse, regardless of criticism, regardess of threats, move from our avowed position, that if we cannot act upon the cabinet of the new Governor as the cabinet of the Governor, we will act upon none. This is not personal. There are some fine men and women being named, as I understand it, to the new cabinet. I am particularly fond of more than one of them, and I do not hesitate to say publicly that it moves me deeply to in any way whatsoever cast any kind of a reflection upon the nomination of my personal friend, Senator Andrew Sordoni, but this man who is the Attorney General of Pennsylvania by virtue of the hand from the grave, if he cannot see that it is his interpretation of the Constitution that we are fighting, then he ought to be big enough to step aside and not impede the work of this Senate in this day of dire emergency in the United States of America.

All of us have uppermost in our minds this emergency; all of us have uppermost in our minds our brothers and sons who are bleeding and dying upon the fields of battle, but even through the days of catastrophe and bloodshed if we are to remain a democracy and a working union of government, we must uphold the Constitution as we see it. We, the Members of the Democratic Caucus, after due deliberation and many anxious moments, have studied and have come forth with what we think are our proper duties to the people of Pennsylvania, and although it may not be the popular course, and although it may not be that which is desired at this moment by the greater number, this fact still remains that for the purpose of the record of Pennsylvania, we want to strenuously object to this particular maneuver or trick being perpetrated in the Senate of Pennsylvania today.

If Governor Fine wants to name this individual, we will take it up for due consideration along with all the other appointments. What is wrong with that pocedure? That is the procedure prescribed by the Constitution, those are the rights given to the Governor by the people of Pennsylvania, and nowhere in this Constitution can any man show me where the right is given to an outgoing Governor to take from the Senate of Pennsylvania a name once submitted for its consideration, for the purpose, mind you, for the express purpose of taking away from the Senate its prescribed duties and obligations.

If this name is being removed because the Governor has asked that the withdrawal be made, there is no objection to that, but when we are forewarned, and unless somebody on the floor informs me to the contrary, we are forewarned that this is an expedient, this is a trick, a maneuver, so that Governor Fine will not be permitted, mind you, will not be permitted to name the Members of his Cabinet because we are derelict in our duties.

Mr. President, if the man, and I understand from my book of nominations that there are more than one, but what the people of Pennsylvania do not understand is that one man is insisting upon this action, destroying and obstructing the unity of this Senate today. All the others

who have been nominated by the Governor of Pennsylvania in the interim have not said a word. If, as the Governor's letter so says, it is of no point having the Pennsylvania Senate to regard these nominations, then why are these names sent over to us; why, unless there is a maneuver here to distinctly circumvent the Constitution, has not the Governor asked that all of these names be recalled? They all come under the same category. Why can't they all serve without benefit of clergy, as it were, why can't they all serve in the same status as the Attorney General? Why is it that we say or are being told that we are a deliberate constitutional body for some but for those whom they do not desire to have us pass our judgment on, the Pennsylvania Senate amounts to nothing. If we are an entity of our own, if the three branches of Government, as I have so often heard said on the other side, are separate and distinct branches of government, if the Executive has its position, if the Judicial has its position, and if the Legislative has its position, then I say to you Members of the Senate that not any one of this triumvirate shall take over the duties of all three, but all three shall perform the duties of one.

So I lay down the principle in this Senate today and on behalf of the Democratic minority, that if we allow this action to be taken you may as well tear out of the Constitution of Pennsylvania Article 4, Section 8, because it has no meaning whatsoever. Mr. President, it hasn't any meaning whatsoever. If a Governor can say, I give you the name of John Doe, in accordance with the Constitution for your consideration, and then because he finds that there may be some opposition on both sides,—I say that without fear of contradiction, on both sides—finding that he cannot get the required number of votes to get the blessings, as it were, of clergy, in this case the Senate of Pennsylvania, as prescribed by the Constitution, he simply writes a letter and says, I will take the name back and then I will name him without you considering it. Now, if that is the procedure, if that is the way it is going to be done, then let us face the issue and say honestly to the people of Pennsylvania, that insofar as the Legislative branch of government is concerned, it is a subordinate division of the executive branch. That is exactly the message that goes out to the people.

Who is there within our group that cannot stand the light of public appraisal? Why should it be that we here today set up a precedent for a person who cannot stand the light of public appraisal? If in the future such a person should appear before us, and because the Governor, and, incidently, it has been known through history that governors are stubborn individuals upon occasions, they are normal the same as each and every one of us, they make promises that they have not fulfilled even if it costs the Senate its prerogatives, and because they want to maintain their own personal position in a matter, they still have not the right to take from us our personal and public positions in the matter. I do not care who the individual is, but I do say in closing that if this is an honest move to remove from consideration this individual, and that between now and the hour of twelve o'clock the outgoing Governor will not re-name this individual, to circumscribe the constitutional provisions of Pennsylvania, I can honestly say we have no objection. If we are given the word of honor by the majority leader that in his opinion this is not a truck, this is not an executive maneuver, this is an ordinary procedure wherein the outgoing Governor wants to clear his desk of unfinished business, then there is nothing in any of the remarks that I have made, there is no ground for our position, but if it is an executive maneuver, an executive trick to foist upon the people of Pennsylvania an individual that will not stand scrutinization of the members of the Senate as described by law, then we must for the purpose of the record and of future action maintain our position of opposing the motion to return to the Governor this nomination. If all the nominations within this book are in the same category as that of the Attorney General, I pose one question for the people and the public, why are not all these nominations treated in like manner.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, several years ago in the Senate here I listened to a very impressive speech by that distinguished gentleman from Allegheny, Senator McGinnis. It was a speech that was inspirational, it was full of the philosophy of life and made a very deep impression upon me. The subject of the speech was suspicion.

Mr. President, I want to say to the gentlemen on the other side of the aisle that there is no trick, there is no subterfuge, there is no attempt on the part of the majority or the outgoing Governor or the incoming Governor to prove to them that the hand is quicker than the eye. There is no attempt to foist upon them anybody that they don't want. This is a motion that has been made on the floor of the Senate repeatedly, and that is to return to the Executive Department a nomination which at the moment was on the table and had not been referred to a Senate Committee. That motion has been made so that the nomination can be returned. We all appreciate the fact that the present Chief Executive of the Commonwealth will be out of office in less than an hour. When the new Chief Executive has taken his oath of office and returns to the Executive Chamber, he will send to this Chamber, following the custom that has been in force long before I become a Member of the Senate, a request that all of the nominations that the Senator from Westmoreland showed us in the book be returned to the Executive Department. The present practice of sending this particular name over is to give the Chief Executive, the Governor-elect of the Commonwealth, the opportunity to present to us later this afternoon his cabinet.

Now, Mr. President, there is no trick. I want to say this to the gentlemen of the minority. I have said it to them privately, I have said it to them individually. Mr. President, for the purpose of the record I would like to say there is no trick, there is no subterfuge, there is no attempt to deceive the minority. We have had four years of very pleasant relationship with the other side. We propose to continue that under the administration of Governor Fine. Governor Fine is not the type of individual who would on the threshold of a sacred trust cross that threshold by attempting to trick the minority.

Now, the gentleman from Westmoreland knows full well that what has been in the newspapers or what might be printed in the press is based partly on fact and partly on the conjecture of the distinguished gentleman writing the story. I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland and to his colleagues, you have the word of honor of the majority leader that this is not a trick. We are merely attempting to return to the Chief

Executive, in compliance with the last request the gentleman will make upon us officially, a nomination which was on the table here in the Senate. That is the sole issue that is before us. The question of whether or not you would confirm the appointment, if it would be made, of Mr. Margiotti is a problem we will take up if that is before us, but that is not the question that is now facing us. We have one question only, gentlemen, and that is whether or not you will return to Governor Duff the nomination as per his request, and I say to you again this is not a trick, this is not a subterfuge, this is not done in an attempt to deceive or hoodwink the minority or the public. Every Constitutional privilege and prerogative that is left to the Legislative branch of the government will be defended with vigor by the majority as well as the minority side, and we do not propose to let the Executive or the Judicial Department tramp upon the prerogatives of the Legislative. That is a responsibility that has been entrusted to us by the people of Pennsylvania, and we stand shoulder to shoulder with you in your desire to see that it is preserved for the people.

Again, Mr. President, may I say to you this is not a trick. Let us send this name back and then we will face with you fairly and squarely the issues that might be involved in the confirmation of Governor Fine's cabinet.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It will be a pleasure.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, as the gentleman from Allegheny knows, I have a great deal of respect both for his courage, ability and his word.

Mr. WALKER. The feeling is mutual, I assure you, Senator.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, it is your opinion, Mr. Walker, if you can feel free to answer this, is it your opinion that if this motion is passed by the Senate and this nomination is returned to the Governor's Office, there then is a vacancy in the Attorney General's Office?

Mr. WALKER. Well, now, Mr. President, I do not want to avoid the gentleman's question. I know the trouble you can get into when you toss off a legal opinion in public, because some sharp Philadelphia lawyer will rare back after a while and prove that you are entirely wrong.

Mr. President, there is no doubt in my mind that the very distinguished members of the Bar on the minority side have already digested and explained in full to the distinguished minority leader their interpretation of the Constitutional law of Pennsylvania covering matters of this type. May I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, and I do not want him to accept this as he would something on which he could rest a wager, because in my fervent practice of law in the last quarter of a century I have learned one thing, and that is do not assume that you know any law, but I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland it is my opinion, for whatever it is worth, that if the nomination is returned to the Executive Department, under the motion which I have just made, when Governor Fine comes into office and Governor Duff goes out, in my opinion there is a vacancy in the office of Attorney General.

Now, Mr. President, as I said to the gentleman from Westmoreland, somebody will rare back and prove that we are all wrong, and I have a fear and a high respect for Philadelphia lawyers because they do know so much law, and those of us from the country are always amazed at their legal ability.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, thank you very kindly. Senator Walker, if you find yourself at a loss because you are a country lawyer, just pity me not being a lawyer and still from the country.

Mr. WALKER. You have a better chance than I have.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, in order that the Majority Leader does not operate under a misapprehension of what is being done here today, I ask the Reading Clerk to again read the message from the Governor of Pennsylvania in order that I may atempt to prove my point.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR RE-READ

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask that the Reading Clerk read again the communication from the Governor.

The Clerk read the communication as follows:

RECALLING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE CHARLES J. MARGIOTTI

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with Article IV, Section 8, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I nominated for the advice and consent of the Senate, Honorable Charles J. Margiotti as Attorney General, vice Honorable Thomas McKeen Chidsey, who resigned during the recess of the Senate. The commission, in accordance with said Article IV, Section 8, is to expire at the end of the present session of the Senate unless sooner superseded by me or other lawful authority.

Since this appointment under the aforesaid section of the Constitution is at the pleasure of the appointing power, and no unexpired term is involved, nothing is to be gained by any official action by your Honorable Body, and consequently I respectfully request the return to me of the official Message of Nomination in the premises.

JAMES H. DUFF.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, still acknowledging and recognizing the ability of the Majority Floor Leader, I just want to inform him that his assurances that in his opinion, solely his opinion, there will be a vacancy in the Attorney General's Office are not borne out by the statement of the outgoing Governor. He, in so many words, tells the Senate of Pennsylvania that he feels that it would be better for him to withdraw the name, and it would not be any of our business what happens to it afterwards, because he said there is no point in allowing this name to come before the Senate since in his opinion the Constitution says that he can name until the end of the next Session of the Legislature. There was no Session of the Legislature in his Administration.

Now, Mr. President, if the Constitution writers of Pennsylvania ever conceived—I am positive of this because I believe honest men wrote the Constitution—ever conceived the thought that some person who does not have the required support of the Senate of Pennsylvania would find himself in such a position that he could force his

appointments by the simple expediency of taking away from the Senate its prerogatives, then I say to Mr. Walker, in all kindness and in all fairness to him, if you allow this motion to go through and I understand you have no other prerogative, if you allow this motion to go through, then you will find that the Attorney General by the public print as carried in our daily newspapers will sit as Attorney General until the end of this Session of the Legislature under the flimsiest excuse ever conceived in the minds of man or charlatan. We are not children, we know what is happening, and if Governor Fine presents to this Senate his cabinet I say to you that the Democratic Senate will give him every courtesy as we have given every Governor, but we will not sit idly by and see his hands tied by the hand from the grave.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask for a roll call.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I ask for a roll call.

(During the calling of the roll the following occurred).

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask for a verification of the roll.

The PRESIDENT. Request has been made to have the roll verified.

The Clerk will call the names of those recorded as having voted in the affirmative.

The Clerk read the names of those recorded as having voted in the affirmative as follows:

Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Letzler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Diehm,	Mahanay,	Robinson,	Walker,
Fleming,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.	Snowden,	Watson,
Hare,	Meade,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Kephart,	Pechan,	Taylor,	Wood,

The PRESIDENT. Are they any corrections?

Mr. CHAPMAN. Mr. President, I desire to be recorded as having voted "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded. Are there any further corrections? The Chair hears none. The affirmative roll will stand as corrected.

The Clerk will call the names of those recorded as having voted in the negative.

The Clerk read the names of those recorded as having voted in the negative as follows:

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Chapman,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,
Dent,			

The PRESIDENT. Are there any corrections? The Chair hears none. The negative roll will stand as verified.

The vote on the motion: ayes 28, nays 21.

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WALKER and Mr. HARE, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28

Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Letzler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Diehm,	Mahanay,	Robinson,	Walker,
Fleming,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.	Snowden,	Watson,
Hare,	Meade,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Kephart,	Pechan,	Taylor,	Wood,

NAYS—21

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Chapman,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,
Dent,			

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. The nomination will be returned to the Governor.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair invites the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (John M. Walker) in the Chair.

RECESS

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 2:30 o'clock, p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RESOLUTION

THANKS OF THE SENATE EXTENDED TO THE HONORABLE J. PAUL RUPP

Mr. WATSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 16, 1951.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are hereby tendered to the Honorable J. Paul Rupp, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, for his services in administering the oath of office to the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood, Lieutenant-Governor-Elect.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., E. S. T., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it re-convene on Monday, February 5, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock P. M., E. S. T., unless sooner re-convened at the joint call of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The Senate and House Histories of Legislation shall be published weekly during the recess and shall give a record properly indexed of all bills introduced.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. Mr. President, I have the honor of presenting the Secretary to the Governor, the Honorable Duncan C. McCallum.

Mr. McCALLUM. Mr. President, I have the honor to present to you, in writing, communications from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Submitted herewith is the Inaugural Address of Governor John S. Fine, delivered at twelve o'clock noon, today.

JOHN S. FINE.

GOVERNOR'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS PRINTED IN JOURNAL

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Inaugural Address of the Governor be spread upon the Journal.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JOHN S. FINE, TUESDAY, JANARY 16, 1951, HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

My Fellow Pennsylvanians:

You have entrusted to me the administration of the government of our Commonwealth for the next four years. I realize the tremendous responsibilities of these times, fraught as they are with the terrific clash of ideologies and the bitter conflict of beliefs and denials—the belief in truth and God against untruth and denial of God. I humbly acknowledge the great trust of serving you at a time when we are engaged in a militant crusade for peace.

I begin my duties with mixed feelings, but no misgivings; happy to have the opportunity to serve, yet humble before the magnitude of the task. No man can lightly regard the grave responsibilities that today go hand in hand with public service.

We are living in a period that requires the most rigid economies in government for other than defense and human needs, and demands a multitude of sacrifices on the part of each individual. This is the era of sacrifice, of strict Spartan living, that freedom may survive in a world threatened with enslavement. We will, and we must, endure endless restrictions so that we and others may remain free—free to work, free to speak, free to worship. We face a temporary end to luxuries, a curtailment of necessities to a minimum.

The indomitable spirit that is an American heritage will overcome whatever obstacles we are called upon to meet. Reflection on past periods of trials and perils leaves but one conclusion: America has always emerged from perilous times stronger in unity of spirit, in physical resources and in spiritual freedom. This is true because our objectives have been and are now dictated by justice and right, and not motivated by hope of material gains.

Our position today and the position of those who join with us is precarious, but far from despairing. We are at war and our Nation is in the beginning of a war economy. More and more restrictive measures, harnessing industry and individual alike, are inevitable.

We are plagued by the festering sore of Communism. Hordes of Godless people are lusting for power and would destroy freedom and enslave the world. In this terrifying situation free nations everywhere look to our Country to be the instrument of their salvation. We must see to it that they do not look in vain. We must not fail them. By the same token, they of other lands should not fail to give us in our common cause the fullest measure of every assistance of which they are capable.

If we are to successfully meet the challenge before us, there must be a submergence of selfish interests. We can coddle no favorites nor resort to narrow partisanship in our search for victory and peace. All of us in State government—Democrats and Republicans—must move constantly and confidently with single-minded devotion toward dual objectives: the welfare of the Commonwealth and the welfare of the Republic.

This is the most crucial time in our history. What we do or what we fail to do may determine the destines of our Nation and of mankind; the preservation of religion and the survival of a world in which we would care to live.

We know there can be no security without freedom; without freedom there can come no true peace. America is the last sanctuary of free men. It is the repository of those dynamic ideals which lead irresistibly to the triumphs of freedom if those ideals are not sacrificed by political and diplomatic expediencies.

We must strengthen ourselves in Nation and in State. We need, immediately, to place our economy on more stable grounds. The American people want and should have more enlightenment on what is expected of them. When Americans know the full facts—and often they sense them when they are not officially disclosed—the present challenge to agonized humanity will be wholeheartedly and successfully met. Our people have confidence in themselves, and properly so. We will not lose that confidence. We can add substance to it by accelerating sound preparedness at home and abroad.

As we in Pennsylvania face the possibility that the Korean conflict will spread into world conflagration, we realize that much of our energies and our deliberations should be devoted to the creation of a strong and integrated home defense. Protection of our people and our industry transcends all other considerations.

The Civil Defense Commission in Pennsylvania has accomplished an early and sound beginning on the program of protection of life and property. Its work is proceeding speedily and with commendable thoroughness. Already we are advanced far beyond most other states. This program is going to be costly—how much we do not know. We must guard against overlapping and wasteful expenditures Security, prudence and utility will dictate the nature and extent of these expenditures.

It has never been said, and it will not now be said, that Pennsylvania ever failed to contribute in fullest measure to our national security. The people of our great Commonwealth are conscious of the burdens resting upon us. Our problems are critical, but they are not insurmountable. They are many, but they will lessen. There is no need for pessimism, no place for defeatism. This is the time for all of us to rededicate ourselves and our vast resources unsparingly to our National Government in its emergency.

Pennsylvania already has contributed to the federal military establishment more than sixteen thousand National Guardsmen, including our justly famous and always revered 28th Division. If the remainder of our

National Guard is called up we will need a strong State Guard to replace it. We are now building that State Guard. We shall not be found wanting. We will be ready for anything. We should immediately provide the means for the exercise of suffrage by our men and women in the service no matter where they are stationed.

There can be no denying that the times demand that we husband our resources, enlarge our productivity, even conserve ourselves, that we may best assist in the emergency. We must, and we will, be thrifty. Frugality in everything except protection of our people will be the watchword of this Administration. Where our people's health is concerned, we will not stint. We will not be parsimonious in educating our children. We shall not be rigid in our treatment of the unfortunates amonog our citizens; nor will this Administration be wasteful with the people's money.

Due to the war larger expenditures than are currently made will in all probability be necessary to properly run the State's business. New taxes or additions to existing taxes are apparent. To keep tax increases to a minimum requires most careful study. We have to face these demands knowing there is no escape under present conditions. They exist and we must admit it. The plain fact is that a rise in the cost of government is inevitable in Pennsylvania, as it is elsewhere. Careful management and prudent administration will insure a lesser burden on the taxpayer.

Generally speaking, the increased costs of administration of our Commonwealth should be paid for on a pay-as-you-go policy. The costly errors which have plagued our generation with wars ought to be borne by us in so far as it is possible. The costs should not be passed on to our children, as in all probability they will inherit less of the American way of life than was bequeathed to us.

As this Adiministration begins the general cost of living is up 74 per cent over the cost of 1940, only eleven years ago. Building construction costs are three times as high. Public assistance grants per person are nearly two and a half times 1940 grants. These are but a few of many illustrations which show rising costs of living and higher expenditures for the conduct of the Commonwealth's business. Unfortunately, the prospect is that the costs are destined to go still higher.

These facts present a real problem to our financial planning for the years ahead. This problem is not ours alone; it is a problem common to all the states, though it is magnified in those states which like ours, must budget for two-year periods. It must be remembered also that we have the expenses incident to Civil Defense, as yet uncalculated; our commitments to the Soldiers' Bonus; mandated salary increases for teachers; and State Authority rentals. These costs add many perplexities to the problem.

Pennsylvanians have long been justly proud of our great material wealth. We have been, and are today, the arsenal of America. Our resources, our productivity and our contribution of scientific and industrial leadership to the Nation and to the world are astounding and without parallel. We are predominant as a cultural center. Yet, with all, our greatest wealth, our most valuable possessions, are the two million children and youth in our Commonwealth. Soon they must assume the responsibilities of leadership. To them falls the opporunity of perpetuating the American way of life. They must be prepared for that opportunity physically, mentally and spiritually, that they will not fail.

Of greatest assistance to them is the school system. The school can be no better than the teacher. And the teachers must see to it that American history and Americanism above all else are properly taught and fully absorbed by our children. It is our bounden duty to give the best of everything to education. The cost of worth-while education, like everything else, has increased. Neverthless, it is our obligation to provide the necessary financial support to meet these increased costs. We must continuously improve our school system; we cannot afford to do otherwise.

Our State must do everything it can to better the people's health. We propose to give without additional expenditures a reorganized and improved Department of Health dedicated to a full and thorough public service.

The interests of labor and industry in Pennsylvania will continue to be treated with sympathetic understanding. We must and we will see to it that they live and work in harmony with justice to each.

We welcome industry to Pennsylvania. In some sections we need a greater diversification of industry; and this Administration will make every effort to obtain it. We seek expansion of industry already doing business here. We plan early attention, consonant with a war economy, to relieve the economically distressed areas in the anthracite and bituminous fields.

We have the greatest highway system in the Nation and in the world. Our Turnpike across the State from Ohio to near Philadelphia was not designed as a military highway, but it is a superb one without parellel in the Nation. Completion of the Schuylkill Expressway will add to the Turnpike's value, and will be a boon to industry and to the Philadelphia area. Further plans call for the Turnpike's extension in the west to Erie; in the east to the New Jersey border; and through the anthracite regions to the New York State Line.

Pennsylvania's agriculture enjoys an enviable position among the states. While we rank thirty-second in area, we are thirteenth among the states in the value of farm products. I feel certain we will add to our productivity; and, where possible, the State will aid agriculture to gain this goal.

I believe it to be the duty of government to encourage not throttle, private enterprise. I shall vigorously oppose any move aimed at dwarfing the freedom of individual effort or strangling the American way of life.

Because of limited time, I have not approached many matters which will be presented to the Legislature for the benefit of our people. These matters will be outlined later. However, it is fitting at this time that I reaffirm my faith in sound, efficient and progressive government, administered with common sense.

As we face grim uncertainties we Americans need not fear for our strength. We must shun the counsel of despair. We must not listen to the voices of doubt or defeatism. The light of truth will dispel the clouds of confusion for those of faith and confidence.

Everywhere, the hearts and minds of men constantly yearn for freedoms denied. The march of freedom knows

no divisional lines—geographical, religious, racial or of color. This insatiable thirst of man to remain free or to regain his lost freedom is our most potent ally. It strengthens us and is devastating to the opposition.

True, it is disturbing that free men are temporarily thwarted in their search for peace by evil men who have renounced their God. But to men of stout hearts and firm faith it is a challenge for them to rise above their ordinary selves and fight with crusading enthusiasm for principles which are eternal—justice, equality and freedom.

The way of right is the path to victory, if we have the will to boldly and confidently pursue it. Meanwhile, all of us must carry on for a greater and more secure Pennsylvania. It is the duty and responsibility of every Pennsylvanian, as it is the responsibility of all Americans to buttress our Nation I implore your aid and seek your prayers. I ask for God's help in meeting our manifold problems, confident that with His aid we will solve them to the advantage of all of our people.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on January 16, 1951.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert D. Waggener, Pittsburgh, 5424 Center Ave.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

William E. Hemphill, Apollo.
Miss Rita M. Retter, Gilpin Twp., Schenley.

BLAIR COUNTY

Mrs. Jane L. Roseberry, Tryone.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Margaret T. Kirkman, Chester.
Mrs. Mary Ramsdale, Darby.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Miss Thelma R. Booher, Mount Union.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Mildred A. Kline, Ephrata.
Carl C. Quade, Lancaster.

LEBANON COUNTY

Calvin J. Wagner, Myerstown.
Mrs. Mae I. Webber, Myerstown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

George A. Dunbar, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Anne R. Finkelstein, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Anna D. Hall, Pittston.
Miss Anna M. Tomascik, Wilkes-Barre.

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma M. Taylor, Smethport.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Elaine J. Adams, West Norriton Twp., Norristown.
Mrs. Verna F. Collier, Norristown.
Howard A. L. Newman, Abington Twp., Roslyn.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Eleanore S. Schoch, Northampton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Hopkins Davies, Shamokin.
Miss Mary Elizabeth Jones, Sunbury.
Mrs. Faye R. Yordy, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John H. Brigerman, 4035 Lancaster Ave.
Victor R. Cognato, 2019-21 Frankford Ave. (25).
Leonard Glantz, 7426 Malvern Ave.
Wm. J. Gordon, 2862 Germantown Ave.
R. E. Haldeman, 4644 N. Broad St.
Miss Bertha H. Klein, 1752 Frankford Ave.
Mrs. Gertrule T. Schatz, 133 W. Girard Ave.
Luther W. Shadle, Masland Duraleather Co.
Martin Rippin, 430 Chestnut St.
Mrs. Mary Wiegand, 1701 N. 2nd St.
C. D. Worthington, 6841 Frankford Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Russell T. Dalton, North Manheim Twp., Schuylkill Haven.
Richard L. Jones, Pottsville.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

R. K. Brinker, Loyalhanna Twp., Saltsburg.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Louise E. Eppley, West Manchester Twp., York.
Miss Elsie E. Whitcomb, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Kathleen Wade, Bradford, 1-19-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Michael Ponzio, Pittsburgh, 929 5th Ave., 1-20-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

M. A. Hayes, Haverford Twp., Havertown, 1-20-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Miss Catherine E. Kaley, Lebanon, 1-20-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

David Miller, Wilkes-Barre, 1-20-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Eunice W. Haas, Shamokin, 1-20-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Harriet G. Buchanan, Harmony Twp., Ambridge, 1-22-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Leonid Jarus, 3946 Poplar St., 1-22-51.
Mrs. Kathryn S. Glenn, 312 S. Broad St., 1-27-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Ralph N. DeCamp, Kane, 1-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Willis B. Heidinger, 402 Liberty Trust Bldg., 1-30-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Teresa Kinzler, Carnegie, 2-1-51.
Miss Shirley Nayhouse, Pittsburgh, S. 20th & Wharton Sts., 2-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles Melchoirre, 1732 S. Broad St., 2-3-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Russell C. Teter, Rush Twp., Barnesville, 2-4-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. N. M. Jeffs, Erie, 2-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. M. T. Bloche, 1717 Sansom St., 2-5-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Edgar J. Lewis, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St., 2-7-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Lee M. Sallade, Womelsdorf, 2-7-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Louis J. Cleary, Harrisburg, 2-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Rebecca McFadden Benson, 505 City Hall, 2-7-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Nellie E. Riley, Erie, 2-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. B. Hungerman, Pittsburgh, 5th Ave. & Wood St., 2-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Aaron S. Swartz, Jr., Norristown, 2-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William Friedrich, 1235 W. Girard Ave., 2-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary C. Stuart, Pittsburgh 3619 Forbs St., 2-10-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Gordon L. Garling, Ridley Twp., Folsom, 2-10-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Josephine Bellen, Scranton, 2-10-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Martin S. Erb, Manheim Twp., Lititz, 2-10-51.

PERRY COUNTY

Thomas G. Ford, Duncannon, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Louis J. Suess, 1015 W. Lehigh Ave., 2-10-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Marian M. Ginder, St. Petersburg, 2-11-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Edw. Brennan, 3rd., Shamokin, 2-11-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Gilbert Trumpeter, Monaca, 2-12-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Helen Neeselson, Bradford, 2-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Betty L. Inderlied, 6034 Market St., 2-12-51.
Edward Kick, S. W. Cor. Germantown Ave. & Tioga St., 2-12-51.
Harry C. Liener, 400 N. Broad St., 2-12-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mary E. Betchtel, Pittsburgh, 435 Fifth Ave., 2-15-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provitions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Haluska,			Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have appointed Duncan C. McCallum of Leechburg, Armstrong County, to be Secretary to the Governor.

JOHN S. FINE.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

RECALLING ALL NOMINATIONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall all nominations made to your Honorable Body by my predecessor in office under dates of January 2 and 15th, 1951, except those for the office of Justice of the Peace, Alderman and Notary Public.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message or messages of nominations in the premises.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call from the table all of the nominations submitted by Governor Fine's predecessor with the exception of those for the office of Justice of the Peace, Alderman and Notary Public.

The Clerk read the nominations as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Gene D. Smith, Macungie R. D. 1, from May 24, 1950, until superseded.

MAJOR GENERAL PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL GUARD

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, from August 8, 1950, until terminated.

MAJOR GENERAL, PENNSYLVANIA GUARD

Frank A. Weber, Beaver Falls, from August 7, 1950, until terminated.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Artemas C. Leslie, Pittsburgh, from April 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF REVENUE

Otto F. Messner, Lancaster, from October 26, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF WELFARE

William C. Brown, Lincoln University Post Office, from September 28, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE ADVISORY COUNCIL

Penrose Hertzler, Pottsville, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

C. W. Hudson, Emporium, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Earl C. Bohr, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Harry Boyer, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

Lester Thomas, Harrisburg, from March 9, 1950 until terminated.

William A. Baird, Cambridge Springs, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

(Mrs.) Martha Sloan, Pittsburgh, from March 9, 1950, until terminated.

J. Harry LaBrum, Philadelphia, from April 24, 1950, until terminated.

Robert L. Zullinger, Merion, from September 25, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY HOSPITAL COUNCIL

(Miss) Esther J. Tinsley, Pittston, from December 13, 1949, until November 18, 1952, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harold T. Prentzel, Norristown, from December 13, 1949, until November 18, 1952, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

Alan M. Scaife, Pittsburgh, from June 15, 1949, until March 6, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

John Henry Leh, Allentown, from October 10, 1949, until June 2, 1953, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE ANTHRACITE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD

Frank DeLeo, Scranton, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph Oshinski, Shamokin, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William W. Everett, Wilkes-Barre, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

George Roos, Pottsville, from December 8, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF ARBITRATION OF CLAIMS

J. Boyd Duff, Jr., Pittsburgh, from January 11, 1950, until July 21, 1955, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Arthur D. Kemp, Yeadon, from July 24, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L.. Supplee, Lancaster, from July 24, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF ASHLAND STATE HOSPITAL

Joseph Krick, Girardville, from June 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

George J. Jones, Williamsport, from December 14, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John DaGrosa, Philadelphia, from December 14, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

George C. Shoemaker, Ashland, from November 16, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BANKING BOARD

Mark Willcox, Wawa, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

George R. Howell, Reading, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

William B. McFall, Pittsburgh, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

T. C. Swarts, Aliquippa, from September 26, 1949, until September 1, 1957, and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD FOR THE BITUMINOUS COAL MINES OF PENNSYLVANIA

R. M. Fleming, Colver, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

G. M. Gillette, DuBois, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Willis I. Hill, Irwin, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

R. H. Nicholas, Library, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. A. Boyle, Uniontown, from August 4, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BUSHY RUN BATTLEFIELD COMMISSION

J. Graff Bomberger, Jeannette, from September 20, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. E. Kuhn, Belle Vernon, from October 10, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CHEYNEY TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

(Mrs.) Verona Beckett, Philadelphia, from January 12, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS

James I. Pritchard, Sr., Reading, from July 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

Kenfield K. Lane, Meadville, from July 15, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

Stanley Morton, Pittsburgh, from July 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

W. Ray Burns, Harrisburg, from July 15, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

John A. M. McCarthy, Philadelphia, from May 18, 1950, until April 9, 1956, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CLARION STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Evan J. Jones, Bradford, from November 2, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF COALDALE STATE HOSPITAL

Richard H. Evans, Coaldale, from June 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY

(Mrs.) Helen Josephine Dunbar, Wilkes-Barre, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) LaVerta M. Harper, Williamsport, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Charlotte W. Rice, Reading, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Thomas W. Webster, Brownsville, from December 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Louise A. Porreca, Philadelphia, from January 26, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951 and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE COUNCIL FOR THE BLIND

C. T. Troy, Towanda, from November 4, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

Frank A. Miller, Riverside, from May 5, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE DENTAL COUNCIL AND EXAMINING BOARD

Reuben E. V. Miller, Easton, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Cloyd S. Harkins, Osceola Mills, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia, from January 25, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EAST STROUDSBURG STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. Lawrence Davis, Bangor, from May 3, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Frank S. LaBar, Stroudsburg, from May 3, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE

Percival E. Foerderer, Bryn Mawr, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. L. Kauffman, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William N. Parkinson, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert L. Johnson, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Noel J. Hooper, Jenkintown, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robin C. Buerki, Merion, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William H. DuBarry, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harold E. Stassen, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L. Brown, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles A. Allen, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Marion Fay, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of five years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Donald C. Rubel, Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of three years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John W. Lord, Jr., Philadelphia, from May 13, 1949, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Hayward R. Hamrick, Philadelphia, from September 13, 1950, until May 13, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

L. Stauffer Oliver, Philadelphia, from December 8, 1950, until May 13, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Fred T. Corleto, Philadelphia, from November 4, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William Reinhardt, Philadelphia, from November 21, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Vincent DeP. Henderson, Wyncote, from January 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank M. Speakman, Philadelphia, from January 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

George A. Williams, Philadelphia, from April 12, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EMBREEVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

W. Roy Widdoes, Coatesville, from July 7, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

N. Harlan Slack, Jr., West Chester, from August 2, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF NURSES

(Miss) Mathilda Scheuer, Philadelphia, from March 9, 1950, for the term of six years, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF FARVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

J. Russell Eshback, Bushkill, from March 6, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Roy N. Howe, Lake Ariel, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

LeRoy E. Sands, Hawley, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

F. Carrol Krautter, Newfoundland, from April 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Garfield Thomas, Carbondale, from April 24, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA FISH COMMISSION

Philip E. Angle, Sharon, from December 14, 1950, until the second Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

Joseph Putnam Willson, Smethport, from December 29, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE HIGHWAY PLANNING COMMISSION

James S. Berger, Coudersport, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Edgar J. Kaufmann, Pittsburgh, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Ralph Kelly, Philadelphia, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

George R. Lamade, Williamsport from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Charles S. Tippetts, Mercersburg, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

J. Paul Rupp, Steelton, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Max Don Howell, Pittsburgh, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Don Markle, Jeddo, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Walter W. Krebs, Johnstown, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

Arthur C. Kaufmann, Philadelphia, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

William H. Worrilow, Lebanon, from September 7, 1949, until terminated.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF INDIANA STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Joseph H. Sheriff, Windber, from Dec. 7, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN FOR THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Charles H. Brunner, Jr., Norristown, from May 24, 1949, for the term of two years, or until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Leo Abernathy, Pittsburgh, from July 15, 1949, until June 2, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MANSFIELD STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Olin W. Evans, Wilkes-Barre, from May 6, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MAYVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

(Mrs.) Mary Phillips Henry, Pittsburgh, from January 6, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Josephine S. Falk, Pittsburgh, from April 17,

1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

John A. Freyvogel, Pittsburgh, from September 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE

Raymond Leopold, Philadelphia, from June 15, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY ADVISORY COMMISSION

Milton G. Baker, Wayne, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Charles C. Curtis, Allentown, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Albert H. Stackpole, Dauphin, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MILLERSVILLE STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

J. F. Aierstock, Lancaster, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

H. C. Burgard, Manheim, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Ada M. Forry, Columbia, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Allen P. Brightbill, Jonestown, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Samuel S. Wenger, Paradise, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

George S. Mann, Millersville, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Guy K. Bard, Ephrata, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

David N. Crider, York, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Lewis Shoemaker, Kirkwood, from September 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

H. Ober Hess, Norristown, from June 22, 1950, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

J. Lloyd Loushay, Athens, from November 17, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

Andrew Garber, Wilkes-Barre, from November 17, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF NANTICOKE STATE HOSPITAL

N. R. Lakatos, Nanticoke, from June 3, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF NORRISTOWN STATE HOSPITAL

T. Allen Glenn, Jr., Norristown, from June 30, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE MEDICAL BOARD UNDER THE OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE LAW

T. Lyle Hazlett, Pittsburgh, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

Eugene P. Pendergrass, Philadelphia, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

Peter A. Herbut, Drexel Hill, from May 11, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE ORAL SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

William A. Rose, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph M. Gerard, Dunmore, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Marjorie L. Sutherland, Clarks Summit, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Leo Moskovitz, Jermyn, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Benjamin Sterling, Jr., Moosic, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Paul R. Sable, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Karl Reese, Scranton, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William W. Martin, Peckville, from March 16, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNHURST STATE SCHOOL

Elmer W. Bowman, Lancaster, from November 2, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank J. Anastasio, Philadelphia, from October 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Alice R. Eysenbach, Wayne, from October 17, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Daniel R. Goodwin, West Chester, from October 20, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL AT MORGANZA

James F. McQuistion, McDonald, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Garfield A. McDowell, Greensburg, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Gaynelle M. Dixon, Butler, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

H. E. Milliken, Waynesburg, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ed. O. Golden, Kittanning, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William M. Parrish, Pittsburgh, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ernie Adamson, Mt. Lebanon, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

Jacob H. Katz, Philadelphia, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Edward W. Tighe, Lancaster, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Edward C. Ifft, Pittsburgh, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

S. Bascombe Alloway, Erie, from September 12, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PHILADELPHIA STATE HOSPITAL

Furey Ellis, Philadelphia, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

H. Clayton Moyer, Perkasie, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Meade L. Barr, Haverford, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Louis C. Spring, Bristol, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Benjamin H. Freeman, Narberth, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William W. Bodine, Villa Nova, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

E. Washington Rhodes, Philadelphia, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

William J. Meinel, Huntingdon Valley, from August 18, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF POLK STATE SCHOOL

John L. Gibson, Monessen, from April 24, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

Sewell W. Hodge, Philadelphia, from September 23, 1949, and until his successor is appointed.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

W. H. Knaake, Allentown, from April 11, 1950, until September 21, 1953, and until his successor has been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REGISTRATION BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

Robert C. Gorham, Pittsburgh, from July 21, 1950, for the term of six years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF RETREAT STATE HOSPITAL

Charles A. Malpass, Forty Fort, from February 21, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SCRANTON STATE HOSPITAL

(Mrs.) Sarah Gaul, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Garfield Lewis, Moscow, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Herbert J. Dooley, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Michael J. Borick, Olyphant, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Peter Novitsky, Blakely, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Edward H. Schlesser, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank Suraci, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Everett A. Rosser, Scranton, from March 14, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Edward Hetkowski, Dickson City, from March 21, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SHAMOKIN STATE HOSPITAL

W. Irvine Wiest, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Pearl V. Simmonds, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

John F. Oshinskie, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Ralph H. Steinhart, Shamokin, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank A. Miller, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

W. R. Buckley, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Stephen F. Kocis, Mt. Carmel, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Fred D. Kessler, Northumberland, from May 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SLIPPERY ROCK STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

John Evans Rose, Sewickley, from January 17, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Ralph D. Horsman, Mt. Lebanon, from January 17, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

W. Lee Gilmore, Pittsburgh, from March 9, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE SOIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

John B. Peters, Gardners, from February 23, 1950, for the term of two years, and until his successor has been appointed and has qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL

(Mrs.) Lillian W. Stevenson, Wilkinsburg, from May 5, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE EMPLOYES' RETIREMENT BOARD

(Mrs.) Katharine G. Murdock, Greensburg, from May 4, 1949, and until her successor is appointed.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE VETERANS' COMMISSION

Fred Adams, Kingston, from July 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph B. Johnston, Pittsburgh, from July 21, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Louis G. Feldmann, Hazleton, from August 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Henry J. Mahady, Latrobe, from August 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph S. McCracken, Kingston, from October 19, 1950,

until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE TAX EQUALIZATION BOARD

Paul C. Kaestner, Drexel Hill, from July 7, 1950, until November 14, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THADDEUS STEVENS TRADE SCHOOL

Louis B. Bond, Christiana, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Clifford J. Backstrand, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

B. W. Luttenberger, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Elizabeth D. Stine, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Samuel E. Dyke, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Theodore M. Ayres, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

William E. Ix, Lancaster, from August 17, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF TORRANCE STATE HOSPITAL

Louis Altman, Greensburg, from February 9, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS

W. Judson Dean, Philadelphia, from February 21, 1950, until August 31, 1952, and until his successor shall have been appointed.

MEMBER OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BOARD OF REVIEW

Harry A. Englehart, Ebensburg, from November 16, 1949, until July 1, 1953, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS

J. Colvin Wright, Bedford, from February 27, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS

Edward J. Scanlon, Narberth, from March 13, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Stanley P. Ashe, Pittsburgh, from September 1, 1950, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WOODVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

L. D. Sargent, Washington, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Elmer E. Bauer, Wexford, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualfied.

Samuel S. Haudenshield, Carnegie, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank R. S. Kaplan, Pittsburgh, from August 19, 1949, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD

Frank B. Brennan, Philadelphia, from December 15, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Howard G. Stutzman, Tower City, from December 21, 1949, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Alvin E. Dillman, Glenshaw, from January 13, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. Ross Foust, Greensburg, from February 23, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Gladstone A. Carmalt, Brookville, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Percy A. Patterson, Altoona, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Jesse George Smtih, Warren, from February 27, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Curtis B. Haines, Pittsburgh, from March 7, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Hobson R. Reynolds, Philadelphia, from March 10, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles J. Bufalino, Pittston, from March 20, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Harvey E. Moore, Sharon, from March 29, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John Sheldrake, Philadelphia, from May 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John Alessandroni, Philadelphia, from May 1, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph P. Olexy, Plymouth, from July 5, 1950, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE BOARDS

Also the following persons to be MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE, for the terms set opposite their names:

ADAMS COUNTY

Murray B. Frazee, Gettysburg, from February 20, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Elmer N. Gruber, East Berlin, from June 8, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

George V. Lang, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Donald B. Hirsch, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

C. A. Leeming, Munhall, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Wiliam S. Howell, Pittsburgh, from June 27, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Viers W. Adams, Pittsburgh, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Norman O. Kegel, Pittsburgh, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Paul R. Newcomb, Kittanning, from December 5, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BEAVER COUNTY

Lyle P. Shaffer, New Brighton, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BEDFORD COUNTY

(Miss) Mary Hughes, Bedford, from March 21, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Ralph Moyle, Saxton, from March 21, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BERKS COUNTY

Francis J. Kaczmarek, Reading, from August 16, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BLAIR COUNTY

(Mrs.) Sara Mitterling, Hollidaysburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Eugene O'M. Bradley, Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John J. McMurray, Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BUCKS COUNTY

(Mrs.) Minnie H. Oblinger, New Hope, from March 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Frank F. Whittam, Newtown, from March 31, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Winifred A. Clymer, Southampton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles F. Freeman, Doylestown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

BUTLER COUNTY

Clay C. Ruff, Slippery Rock, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Robert A. Young, West Sunbury, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Daisy Riddle, Butler, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

W. P. Brown, Barnesboro, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Mrs.) Leola Barkheimer, Johnstown, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her success or his duly appointed and qualified.

James G. Contakos, Johnstown, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CAMERON COUNTY

William H. Smith, Emporium, from December 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

H. Auchu Regelman, Emporium, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Earl L. Towner, Emporium, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CARBON COUNTY

William T. Longsdorf, Palmerton, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

George H. Mitten, Lansford, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CENTRE COUNTY

John Curtin, Sr., Bellefonte, from July 14, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CHESTER COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ellen W. Krauss, West Chester, from February 15, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

J. Elmer Gotwals, Phoenixville, from February 15, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

Milton Apfelbaum, Coatesville, from August 1, 1950, untitl December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eugenia Cassatt Davis, Berwyn, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953.

Sidney B. Hutton, West Grove, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLARION COUNTY

Edgar Dickey Stewart, East Brady, from July 10, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLINTON COUNTY

William McCoy, Renovo, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Ross Pennington, Benton, from March 30, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Atta M. Young, Catawissa, from March 30, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

George M. Hummer, Titusville, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Ira L. Dunlay, Carlisle, from October 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DELAWARE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Anna F. Rigler, Upper Darby, from January 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Percy O. Batipps, Jr., Media, from January 31, 1950,

until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

ERIE COUNTY

Randall M. Falk, Erie, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Corynn W. Ervin, Waynesboro, from May 10, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

FULTON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ethel Decker, McConnellsburg, from October 2, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Albert Barnhart, Warfordsburg, from October 2, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Dorothy K. Mainzer, Huntingdon, from January 6, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

INDIANA COUNTY

(Mrs.) Franceska M. Kirk, Indiana, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles E. Gabrielson, Saltsburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JEFERSON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Sara N. Blake, Brookville, from April 25, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

E. E. Deible, Reynoldsville, from April 25, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Andrew P. Shaute, Blakely, Peckville, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1951.

John M. Maloney, Dunmore, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Bertha Mika, Old Forge, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Dorothy Von Storch, Chinchilla, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

David F, Jones, Taylor, from March 17, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LANCASTER COUNTY

(Mrs.) Irene R. Weidman, Ephrata, from September 28, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LEBANON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Jane E. Erb, Palmyra, from December 7, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MERCER COUNTY

Myron M. Murstein, Sharon, from August 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Catherine Saxton, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Jay M. Riden, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

James A. Dalton, Lewistown, from April 26, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

D. Grant Arnold, Reedsville, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Gerald Wilson, Lewistown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Milton H. Pagel, Norristown, from February 6, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Walter S. Cassel, Souderton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Willis C. Hendricks, Pottstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Dennis Quigg, Danville, from December 13, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Edward S. Kear, Danville, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Emilie Walls, Bethlehem, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Joshua Trachtenberg, Easton, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Roy D. Hassler, Bethlehem, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

Harry J. Seyfried, Nazareth, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Miss) Catharine McGrath, Easton, from January 27, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph A. Faison, from January 26, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Sol S. Turnoff, from January 26, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Louis Glazer, from April 19, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Marion E. Buzby, from September 22, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Florence Cowanova, from September 22, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Frank J. Bendinsky, Mildred, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Harry Haywood, Eagles Mere, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Anne Yarosh, Lopez, from April 12, 1950, until

December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Susan Morgan, Shunk, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Sue A. Dailey, Dushore, from April 12, 1950, until December 31, 1951, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

TIOGA COUNTY

Fred Jupenlaz, Mansfield, from January 31, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

UNION COUNTY

(Mrs.) Esther G. Sauvain, Lewisburg, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

WAYNE COUNTY

John Bigart, Lake Ariel, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952.

(Mrs.) Blanche Lorenson, South Canaan, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William Scheerer, Hawley, from May 12, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

WYOMING COUNTY

(Mrs.) Esther Englemier, Osterhout, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Mildred Forscht, Laceyville, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

YORK COUNTY

Judson E. Ruch, York, from December 8, 1949, until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Leonard J. Parson, Mt. Lebanon, from January 1, 1951, until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwaelth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 2, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons to be Members of the County Boards of Assistance, for the terms set opposite their names:

CAMBRIA COUNTY

D. Tom Evans, Johnstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John Thomas, Jr., Johnstown, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLARION COUNTY

Archie L. Whisner, Clarion, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DELAWARE COUNTY

John H. Foster, Wayne, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly ap pointed and qualified.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Arvid E. Minnich, Greencastle, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Ernest Lamberti, Old Forge, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Dr. Milton J. Goldstein, Scranton, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Marie DeBacker, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951,, until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Harry J. Magee, Jr., Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles P. Shisler, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

J. Griffith Stringfield, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Charles Cavanaugh, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William H. Godfrey, Philadelphia, from January 1, 1951, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

BRIGADIAR GENERAL, PENNSYLVANIA GUARD

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the appointment is terminated.

MEMBER OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Major Lemuel B. Schofield, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1951, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

M. C. Conick, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate David E. Triester, 4606 Osage Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as a Member of the State Real Estate Commission, to serve until September 21, 1954, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBERS OF COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of County Boards of Assistance:

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Delores Ginnick (Republican), 22 North Queen Street, Shippensburg, Cumberland County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment).

LEBANON COUNTY

Harry M. Bowman (Republican), 104 College Avenue, Annville, Lebanon County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Ernest Williams, Annville, whose term expired.

Mrs. Kathryn G. Wilhelm (Republican), 22 South Railroad Street, Myerstown, Lebanon County, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATIONS RETURNED TO THE GOVERNOR

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nominations just read by the Clerk be returned to the Governor.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The nominations will be returned to the Governor.

NOMINATIONS TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call from the table the nominations submitted by the Governor on January 15, 1951, for the offices of Justices of the Peace and Alderman.

The Clerk read the nominations as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Edward C. Henle Sr., Oak Hill, Leetsdale, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Leetsdale, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Michael A. Smolin, deceased.

Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Box No. 68, Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

ALDERMAN

James Craparo, 18 Shell Avenue, Carbondale, Lackawanna County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Carbondale, Lackawanna County, until the First Monday of January, 1952, vice Francis W. Kearney, deceased.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Calvin M. Potteiger, Main Street, Richland, Lebanon County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Richland, Lebanon County, until the first Monday of January, 1952 to fill a vacancy.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nominations just read by the Clerk be referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

SCERETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Gene D. Smith, Macungie, Lehigh County, for appointment as Secretary of the Commonwealth, to serve until superceded.

ADJUTANT GENERAL

Frank A. Weber, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, for appointment as Adjutant General, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Artemas C. Leslie, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Insurance Commissioner to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Miles Horst, Palmyra, Lebanon County, for appointment as Secretary of Agriculture, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF PROPERTY AND SUPPLIES

Alan D. Reynolds, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Secretary of Property and Supplies, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Chester M. Woolworth.

SECRETARY OF FORESTS AND WATERS

Milo Frederick Draemel, Wynnewood, Montgomery County, for appointment as Secretary of Forests and Waters, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF MINES

Richard Maize, Uniontown, Fayette County, for appointment as Secretary of Mines, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF HIGHWAYS

Ray F. Smock, Meadville, Crawford County, for appointment as Secretary of Highways, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH

Russell E. Teague, Radnor Township, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Health, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Norris Wistar Vaux.

COMMISSIONER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE

Cecil Marshall Wilhelm, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

David M. Walker, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Secretary of Labor and Industry, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice William H. Chestnut.

SECRETARY OF WELFARE

William C. Brown, New London, Chester County, for appointment as Secretary of Welfare, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF REVENUE

Otto F. Messner, Lancaster, Lancaster County, for appointment as Secretary of Revenue, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

SECRETARY OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans, Brookline, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Pubilc Assistance, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Frank A. Robbins, Jr.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

Andrew J. Sordoni, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, for appointment as Secretary of Commerce, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Theodore Roosevelt III.

JOHN S. FINE.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WOLF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 38, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons, and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by requiring certain exemptions as to disability compensation, state bonus, insurance premium refund or pensions received by war veterans.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

He also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 39, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XIV of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Pennsylvania Veterans' Affairs Division in the Department of Military Affairs; eliminating the office of Deputy Adjutant General in charge of Veterans' Affairs and changing the duties of the State Vetrans' Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 771 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entiteld "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for suitable ceremonies affirming and developing allegiance to the Flag of the United States and our democratic way of life and organization of government.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 41, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043), entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and

the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the boards having the employment of public school employes; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending certain benefits heretofore granted to school employes entering the armed forces of the United States to certain other similarly qualified school employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

The Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 29, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation.

ADAMS COUNTY

Eisenhart, Sefton R., Gettysburg.
Garland, A. C., Littlestown.
Gilbert, Anna E., Miss, Abbottstown.
Hartman, Robert M., Gettysburg.
Herr, Allen H., East Berlin.
Neidered, Theron, New Oxford.
Sanders, William A., New Oxford
Schaible, Wesley, Fairfield
Sell, Stanley R., Union Twp.
Sheffer, Elizabeth A., Miss, Gettysburg
Cixeas, Janet L., Miss, Gettysburg
Snyder, Helen B., Mrs., Gettysburg
Stallsmith, Martha B., Miss, Gettysburg
Weaver, P. Emory, Littlestown
Weikert, Allen E., Littlestown
Wright, Lawson, Tyrone

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Abrams, Lou, Pittsburgh
Ackerman, Josephine, Mrs., Duquesne
Addleman, Dean N., Turtle Creek
Allison, W. E., Pittsburgh
Americus, Leo L., Pittsburgh
Amity, Joseph M., Sewickley
Angelini, A. J., Mrs., Pittsburgh
Atkinson, Charles M., Pittsburgh
Atwater, Allen M., Robinson Twp.
Aul, Edward F., Pittsburgh
Auria, Mary G., Mrs., Pittsburgh
Bailey, C. E., Homestead
Baker, A. P., Forest Hills
Balmer, Edward A., Pittsburgh
Barcaskey, Dorothy, Miss, Pittsburgh
Barnes, Mary Jane, Miss, Forest Hills
Bart, Florence, Mrs., Indiana Twp.
Barton, Clifford A., Jefferson Twp.
Barum, W. W., Pittsburgh
Bauer, Charles E., Pittsburgh
Bauer, Leonard J., Pittsburgh
Beiswenger, Virginia L., Miss, Wilkinsburg
Beitzel, Henry L., Pittsburgh
Bell, H. D., Wilkinsburg
Bender, Harry L., Pittsburgh
Bent, Marion E., Miss, Pittsburgh
Bente, Ruth V., Mrs., Pittsburgh
Bercik, George W., Mount Oliver
Bergman, James, Jr., Pittsburgh
Berman, Jane, Mrs., Pittsburgh
Bernstein, Albert, Pittsburgh
Bertell, Thomas H., Pittsburgh
Binkney, W. W., North Versailles Twp.
Bizek, Barbara, Miss, Pittsburgh
Black, Mildred, Miss, McKeesport
Blaxter, G. Harold, Pittsburgh
Bloom, Ralph, Pittsburgh
Blum, James W., Pittsburgh
Bommer, Esther A., Miss, Brentwood
Booth, Charles E., West Homestead
Bosco, Edward R., Pittsburgh
Bower, Maxine S., Mrs., Homestead
Bown, Humphrey J., Pittsburgh
Bowyer, Virgil F., Pittsburgh
Boyd, Ralph W., Braddock
Boyle, Mary E., Miss, Pittsburgh
Bradley, Loretto B., Mrs., Pittsburgh
Branik, Pauline M., Mrs., Clairton
Brawdy, Donald L., Pittsburgh
Brehm, Kathleen, Miss, Harmar Twp.
Brenlove, George M., Pittsburgh
Briceland, Charles L., Pittsburgh
Brisbin, Harry A., Jr., Wilkinsburg
Brown, Evelyn A., Mrs., Pittsburgh
Brown, Gertrude M., Mrs., Neville Twp.
Brown, Louise D., Mrs., Penn Twp.
Brown, S. E., Miss, Pittsburgh
Brusco, Raymond J., Pittsburgh
Brush, Kathleen, Miss, Pittsburgh
Bunt, Walter A., Patton Twp.
Bunting, Von H., Pittsburgh
Burns, H. P., Pittsburgh
Burstin, Albert, Duquesne
Cameron, Grace, Miss, Pittsburgh
Campbell, James B., Pittsburgh
Campbell, Ralph R., Pittsburgh
Capizzi, Samuel D., Pittsburgh.
Caputo, John, Stowe Twp.
Caracciolo, Angeline, Miss, Pittsburgh
Carl, W. L., Pittsburgh.
Carothers, J. Howard, North Versailles Twp.
Carroll, Joseph P., Pittsburgh.
Cassidy, John W., Pittsburgh.
Cawley, Ruth K., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Chadwick, W. R., Harmar Twp.
Chesley, Ralph H., Pittsburgh.
Chiurazzi, Joseph, Pittsburgh.
Cicero, A. H., Pittsburgh.
Cinque, Louis J., Pittsburgh.
Cline, Edward I., Pittsburgh.
Colbert, Howard J., Homestead.
Cole, James A., Pine Twp.
Coleman, Lewis B., Turtle Creek.
Colwell, Nancy Ann, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Comella, Francis X., Crafton
Connell, G. W., Pittsburgh.
Cordero, William R., Pittsburgh.

Corey, Bessie, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Corso, Mary, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Cosmadelis, James, Penn Twp.
Costa, August R., Pittsburgh.
Coull, Stanley, Pittsburgh.
Covert, John R., Pittsburgh.
Coyne, James J., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Crawford, Vivian L., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Cromie, Helen L., Mrs. Pittsburgh.
Cumming, Andrew Law, Patton Twp.
Cumming, Sara P., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Cunningham, Jesse, Wilmerding.
Curcio, Clara, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Cypher, Ann, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
D'Alessandro, Mary Nell, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Davis, D. B., Pittsburgh.
Deak, Blanche E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Dean, Bernice C., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Deasy, Charles J., Pittsburgh.
Degenhardt, Donald J., Pittsburgh.
Dereich, Margaret R., Mrs. Ross Twp.
Dieckman, Ruth H., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Dierker, Milton L., Coraopolis.
Diven, James G., Pittsburgh.
Dix, Dorothy A., Mrs. Etna.
Donahue, Amelia F., Mrs., Mount Lebanon Twp.
Donahue, James P., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Donovan, Mary Lou, Miss, West Mifflin.
Donovan, William E., Penn Twp.
D'Orazio, Angeline M., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Douthett, Virginia R., Mrs., Marshall Twp.
Duff, Alfred James, Pittsburgh.
Dugan, R. J., Pittsburgh.
Dunham, Wade H., Pittsburgh.
Dunn, Dorothy C., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Durkin, Egan J., Pittsburgh.
Edwards, Miriam S., Mrs., Clairton.
Edwards, W. A., Dormont.
Ehrenfeld, David L., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Ellis, Myrtle S., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Elpern, Albert L., Pittsburgh.
Emerson, Geo. V., Neville Twp.
Escovitz, Henry, Duquesne.
Evankovich, Kay, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Evans, Frances, Mrs., Wilkinsburg.
Farkas, Helen B., Mrs., Wilkinsburg.
Ferko, Joseph F., Pittsburgh.
Finkel, Howard, Pittsburgh.
Fisher, J. Martin, Braddock.
Fitzgerald, John J., Pittsburgh.
Flamman, Anna, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Floto, William C., Pittsburgh.
Flynn, John Francis, McKeesport.
Forman, Elizabeth L., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Forney, John J., Dormont.
Fossee, J. A., Pittsburgh.
Frank, Charles R., Pittsburgh.
Frank, Leonard, Pittsburgh.
Franz, Chas., L., Bellevue.
Frazier, Albert E., Pittsburgh.
Frey, Ida E., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Fuchs, Vincent E., Pittsburgh.
Gallo, Nellie, Mrs., Elizabeth Twp.
Garrighan, John B., Pittsburgh.
Garvey, Mary Lou, Miss, Dormont.
Garvin, Robert G., West Deer Twp.
Geller, Geraldine, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Gerber, Sam, Pittsburgh.
Gerlach, George W., Avalon.
Gillespie, Clyde N., McKeesport.
Gizzi, Egidio, Pittsburgh.
Glenn, D. E., Pittsburgh.
Glushien, Edith Risk, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Gonzalez, Eleanor A., Miss, McKeesport.
Gordon, Morris, Pittsburgh.
Gottlieb, M. A., McKeesport.
Graf, Betty, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Gratz, A. H., Pittsburgh.
Graves, Genevieve, Miss, Swissvale.
Greenstone, Sidney H., Pittsburgh.
Gregg, John J., Pittsburgh.
Gusky, Etta, Mrs., Duquesne.
Gzesh, Esther M., Mrs., Oakmont.
Hainick, Dolores, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Hall, Frances J., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Hall, Roy W. Bellevue.
Hamilton, James D., Forward Twp.
Hamilton, Scott G., Dormont.
Harless, Wm. R., Pittsburgh.
Harper, Robert E., Pittsburgh.
Harris, Mary W., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Harrity, Harvey M., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Harvat, Charles J., Plum Twp.
Hawbaker, Linford Z., Sewickley.
Heaton, Bonnie, Mrs., Cheswick.
Helbling, J. J., Pittsburgh.
Helsing, John E., Swissvale.
Henry, E. Adelaide, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Herbster, Jean, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Hertler, Jean E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Hewitt, Roberta P., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Hillenbrand, Regis J., Reserve.
Hilvick, Anthony, Pittsburgh.
Hines, Harry J., Pittsburgh.
Hirsch, Max, Pittsburgh.
Hoehl, Roxie S., Mrs., Pitcairn.
Holland, W. E., Carnegie.
Holliger, Raymond E., Sewickley.
Holmes, Robert K., Tarentum.
Houston, Eleanor L., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Huffman, George A., Dravosburg.
Hugus, Paul W., Pittsburgh.
Hummert, Bernice A., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Hurley, James P., Pittsburgh.
Hurley, Ida E., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Huston, David F., Pittsburgh.
Hutchin, Charles W., Pittsburgh.
Ireland, Robert H., Aspinwall.
Ireland, Sarah M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Irish, William H., Penn Twp.
Ives, Arthur P., Pittsburgh.
James, Louise S., West Mifflin.
Jenkins, Samuel, Patton Twp.
Jennings, Jane, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Johnston, A. B., Mrs., Penn Twp.
Johnston, Charles B., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Jones, Albert S., Sharpsburg.
Jones, Geo. A., 3rd, Pittsburgh.
Jones, John F., Pittsburgh.
Jones, R. H., Pittsburgh.
Jones, W. L., Braddock.
Jonnet, Margaret L., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Karaica, Mike, Springdale.
Keally, Pauline G., Mrs., Snowden Twp.
Keim, Harold R., Pittsburgh.
Kelsch Louis R., McKeesport.
Kelso, John S., Pittsburgh.
Kennedy, William H., Pittsburgh.
Kenner, Grace E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Kerlin, Wesley E., Bethel, Twp.
Kifer, E. R., West Mifflin.
Kiger, John H., Elizabeth Twp.
Kijanka, Stella, Miss, Pittsburgh.
King, Orion W., Bethel Twp.
Kinsey, Alice E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Klaas, Elizabeth Jane, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Kladek, Florence J., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Klein, Harriet O., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Klein, Mary, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Knaughton, M. Priscilla, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Knaus, William A., Bethel.
Kocurkovic, Joseph V., Pittsburgh.
Kosky, Jno. V., Pittsburgh.
Kostman, Jeanne, Mrs., Braddock.
Krakoff, Albert P., Pittsburgh.
Kramer, George T., Whitehall.

Kramer, J. Kenneth, Clairton.
Kratz, Charles W., Jr., Pine Twp.
Krohe, Harry W., Wilkinsburg.
Kujawski, Henry F., Pittsburgh.
Kukich, Louise, Miss, Clairton.

Lachman, Suzanne E., Miss, Brentwood.
Lafean, Earl B., Pittsburgh.
Lakatosh, M. J., Jr., East McKeesport.
La Pietra, Anthony, Rankin.
Lawrence, Carl C., Pittsburgh.
Lawrence, F. W., Mrs. Pittsburgh.
Lawson, Erik, Jr., Swissvale.
Leach, Dorothy M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Lee, Lain L., Pittsburgh.
Lee, Margaret, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Lenart, Julius J., McKeesport.
Lewis, Elliott, M. A., Pittsburgh.
Lewis, Jane T., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Ley, David A., Indiana Twp.
Librich, Jack J., Pittsburgh.
Lieb, Melvin H., Pittsburgh.
Liedtke, Ernest W., McKeesport.
Linderman, G. H., West Mifflin.
Lockhart, Violet E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Loebig, Frank J., Mount Oliver.
Logan, Etta M., Mrs., Rankin.
Logan, Melva N., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Lowry, Pearle M., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Luchini, Reno G., Pittsburgh.
Luterman, John M., Pittsburgh.
Lyman, Charles W., Pittsburgh.

MacDonald, J. O., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Magnone, Thelma, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Magon, Mary B., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Malanchuk, Ladimer, Pittsburgh.
Mamula, Milo D., Pittsburgh.
Mangone, Donald D., Pittsburgh.
Manion, John P., Carnegie.
Manko, Frances, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Mannella, Patricia J., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Marso, Stephen M., Tarentum.
Martin, Bernard A., Pittsburgh.
Martin, Raymond L., Pittsburgh.
Marvin, Doris J., Miss, Tarentum.
Mastandrea, Angelina, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Maugeri, August W., Pittsburgh.
Mayer, Mary, Miss, Pittsburgh.
McBride, Ralph, Dormont.
McCallum, Margaret, Miss, Pittsburgh.
McCarthy, Vincent J., West Mifflin.
McCavitt, R. Dean, West Elizabeth.
McClenin, Martha J., Mrs., Cheswick.
McCollum, Ruthe A., Miss, Mt. Lebanon Twp.
McConville, Winifred A., Mrs., Penn Twp.
McCullough, C. J., Wilkinsburg.
McCullough, Emily, Miss, Pittsburgh.
McGillick, Hazel E., Mrs., Mt. Lebanon Twp.
McGowan, Mary Virginia, Miss, Pittsburgh.
McLaughlin, Betty M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
McMahon, Shirley, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Meixner, June M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Meshanko, Peter, Pittsburgh.
Meyer, C. J., Pittsburgh.
Meyer, Wm. F., Pittsburgh.
Mezoff, Earl R., West Mifflin.
Micenko, Richard F., Pittsburgh.
Michalski, N. A., Pittsburgh.
Midlo, Margaret E., Miss, Turtle Creek.
Millas, Mary N., Mrs. Clairton.
Miller, August A., Plum Twp.
Miller, Harry W., Pittsburgh.
Miller, Ralph H., Pittsburgh.
Miller, Sylvia, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Miller, Whitt, Jr., Pittsburgh.
Mills, Richard C., Pittsburgh.
Mitchell, Byron M., Wilkinsburg.
Mitchell, Dorothy K., Mrs., Greentree.
Mitchell, J. Gerald, Pittsburgh.
Mitchell, John O., Pittsburgh.
Modzanowski, Eleanor A., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Moffatt, John H., Mt. Oliver.
Mogerman, Herman, Pittsburgh.
Mooney, Anna M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Mooney, Myrtle A., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Moore, James, Pittsburgh.
Moore, Martha B., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Moore, Mary Ann, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Moores, Mary Ann, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Morgan, Joseph J., Homestead.
Morgan, Mary, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Mowry, Harold F., Dravosburg.
Muhlheizler, George P., Pittsburgh.
Mullen, Mary, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Murphy, Mary B., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Mustacchio, Mercedes I., Mrs., McKeesport.
Myers, Marion, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Myron, Helen, Miss, Pittsburgh.

Nard, Anthony J., Pittsburgh.
Neel, William M. Jr., Dormont.
Nevinsky, Lena, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Newman, Harriet, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Newstetter, Wilbert I., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Nicholas, Constantine J., Pittsburgh.
Nolan, Thomas Martin, Wilkins Twp.
Nye, Victor K., Pittsburgh.

O'Brien, Elizabeth J., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Ofchinick, Daniel R., Pittsburgh.
Omodio, M. J., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Oschman, Ann, Mrs., Ross Twp.
Ostronich, John J., Pittsburgh.

Paige, Jessie E., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Paolino, Anthony J., Carnegie.
Paris, William J., Jittsburgh.
Pascarella, Joseph L., Swissvale.
Patterson, James F., Pittsburgh.
Paul, J. S., Pittsburgh.
Pavani, Berenice M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Payne, Jay H., Pittsburgh.
Pelcz, Joseph C., Pittsburgh.
Peril, I. Morton, Pittsburgh.
Petrovic, Helen M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Peyton, W. F., Pittsburgh.
Phillips, Lida F., Mrs., Scott Twp.
Piekarski, Bernadette, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Pigman, E. L., Mt. Lebanon Twp.
Polansky, Kathryn, Miss, Shaler Twp.
Portman, Charles J., Carnegie.
Powell, Kathryn, Mrs., West Mifflin.
Price, Robert V., Pittsburgh.
Price, Ruth Anne, Miss, Elizabeth.
Prince, J. E., Clairton.
Proudfit, William A., Wilkinsburg.

Rae, Jean E., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Rascoe, Louise S., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Rebhun, C. Fred, Clairton.
Redpath, R. T., Sr., West View.
Reed, C. L., Pittsburgh.
Reed, Nelson F., Carnegie.
Reese, Mary Anne, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Reitz, Charles J., Blawnox.
Removcik, Florence A., Mrs., Dravosburg.
Rennekamp, Alice, Mrs., McKees Rocks.
Reuscher, Beatrice M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Richey, C. L., Coraopolis.
Rieg, Patrick C., Turtle Creek.
Robinson, Dorothy, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Robinson, James, Pittsburgh.
Robinson, James A., Verona.
Robinson, Wilbur F., Duquesne.
Robinson, William John, Avalon.
Roch, Joseph H., Pittsburgh.
Rock, Wm. C., Avalon.
Rodgers, Rita M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Roher, Evelyn M., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Roll, Dora E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Romano, Domenick, Jr., Carnegie.

Romersa, Henry, Turtle Creek.
Ross, James W., East Pittsburgh.
Rossi, Anthony D., Corapolis
Roth, Dorothy M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Rupert, H. W., Brackenridge.
Sacco, Gladys M., Mrs., Ingram.
Saine, Harry A., Pittsburgh.
St. Laurent, Paul E., East Pittsburgh.
St. Mars, Adrian H., Mt. Oliver.
Scandinaro, Salvatore, Swissvale.
Scanlin, Dorothy, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Schaffer, John G., Avalon.
Scharf, Clyde L., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Schlereth, Geo. W., Pittsburgh.
Schmiedl, Louise, Miss., Pittsburgh.
Scholze, F. J., Jr., Braddock.
Schranner, Anna, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Sciullo, Amico Victor, Pittsburgh.
Sciullo, S. G., Penn Twp.
Sebring, Nancy K., Miss. Pittsburgh.
Segall, Oscar, Pittsburgh.
Segrety, Lee, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Semko, Mike G., West Deer Twp.
Serratore, Benedict P., Pittsburgh.
Serratore, Henry L., Pittsburgh.
Servov, John H., McKeesport.
Shaner, Jean D., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Shannon, E. S., Pittsburgh.
Shaughnessy, John R., Pittsburgh.
Shonsky, Frank, Pittsburgh.
Showe, Alexander R., Pittsburgh.
Shultz, Marie L., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Simpson, Helen D., Mrs., Duquesne.
Siudela, Joseph M., Glassport.
Siwinski, Claire A., Miss, Piittsburgh.
Skrabec, Frances M., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Smith, David W., Pittsburgh.
Smith, Erna R., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Smith, G. L., McKees Rocks.
Smith, John A., Pittsburgh.
Smith, Virginia L., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Snee, G. K., Mrs. Pittsburgh.
Speicher, Ruth Z., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Starr, Wesley R., Turtle Creek.
Staud, Ann Koegler, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Stedeford, Shirley L., Mrs., Penn Twp.
Steele, D. W., Pittsburgh.
Stevenson, Edith T., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Stewart, Grace C., Mrs., Edgeworth.
Stilley, Thomas J., Pittsburgh.
Strait, Sally Flynn, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Straka, Eman, Penn Twp.
Streyle, Clara, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Stromberg, Helen H., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Stuart, James L., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Sullivan, J. C., Forest Hills.
Sullivan, Phil B., McKeesport.
Sullivan, Ruperta, Mrs., Braddock.
Switzer, Leona, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Tabachka, Micael E., Leetsdale.
Tafelski, Walter J., Scott Twp.
Terreri, Adele R., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Thomas, Lois E., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Thomas, Olive C., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Thompson, Jean D., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Thomson, Margaret W., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Timmons, John W., Pittsburgh.
Tomchik, George, Jr.., Munhall.
Tosney, David V., Pittsburgh.
Townsley, Enos C., Wilkinsburg.
Trivoli, Rose, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Valesky, Charles Bernard, Swissvale.
Varholla, Betty, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Veinegar, Norman M., Pittsburgh.
Vellis, Alex L, Pittsburgh.
Verbanets, Mary M., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Vicinski, Ann, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Vogel, Cornelia F. J., Miss, Pitsburgh.
Vough, F. B., Pittsburgh.
Wachner, H. Daniel, Whitehall.
Wadsworth, Elizabeth H., Miss, Pitcairn.
Walkowska, Helen F., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Wallace, Faye E., Mrs., Dormont.
Walsh, James M., Pittsburgh.
Warfel, R. M., Springdale.
Warren, John W., Ross Twp.
Wasserman, Milton, Pittsburgh.
Watson, Sara E., Miss, Pittsburgh.
Webb, Thalia C., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Wehrli, Henry A., Jr., Pittsburgh.
Weintraub, Ben, Sharpsburg.
Weisenberg, D., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Wells, W. B., Carnegie.
Westover, David A., Pittsburgh.
Wheatley, Marguerite W., Mrs., Coraopolis.
Whitehead, Ethel S., Miss, Wilkinsburg.
Wilcher, Charles A., Robinson Twp.
Williams, Henry L., Pittsburgh.
Wilson, D. F., Pittsburgh.
Wilson, Fay, Mrs., Swissvale.
Wolfrum, Wilma, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Wood, Betty Jane, Miss, Dormont.
Wood, Ethel H., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Wright, Ralph C., McKeesport.
Yanzetich, Frances A., Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Yasenovich, Olga, Miss, Pittsburgh.
Young, Holmes Evelyne, Mrs., Pittsburgh.
Zema, Tony, Pittsburgh.
Zinamon, Jack, Pittsburgh.
Zmudzinski, John S., Pittsburgh.
Zotter, Walter J., Pittsburgh.
Zsak, Michael, Pittsburgh.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Berrie, Joseph A., Leechburg.
Drennen, Richard N., Kittanning.
Elliott, Eva L., Mrs., Kittanning.
Evans, Kermit D., Ford City.
Lindeman, Ray F., Mrs., Kittanning.
Lorenzetti, Ariante, Kittanning.
Marron, Amelia M., Mrs., Parker City.
Methven, William, Kittanning.
Mognet, Samuel E., Leechburg.
Overand, H. A., East Franklin Twp.
Patterson, A. C., Rural Valley.
Paul, Hugh F., Parks Twp.
Reardon, Mary E., Mrs., Kittanning.
Rizzo, Flossie, Miss, Freeport.
Seanor, Dean, Dayton.
Senople, A. W., Kittanning.
Valentine, J. A., Kittanning.
Weeter, Ruth, Miss, Kittanning.
Wolfe, Richard E., Ford City.

BEAVER COUNTY

Amlia, Robert F., Beaver Falls.
Arthurs, Joseph E., Rochester.
Baker, M. R., Beaver.
Bila, Michael C., Aliquippa.
Blair, Caliope, Mrs., Ambridge.
Bonzo, Mildred M., Mrs., Beaver Falls.
Bristow, E. P., Ambridge.
Calvin, Carolyn S., Mrs., Beaver Falls.
Caplan, Ruth, Mrs., Ambridge.
Davis, Wanda F., Mrs., Ambridge.
Docchio, Lucy F., Mrs., Aliquippa.
Eberhardt, Wm. J., Monaca.
Figley, John W., Monaca.
Hall, George, Beaver Falls.
Hawes, L. E., Beaver Falls.
Hughes, Dorothy Walters, Mrs., Beaver.
Jeskey, Amelia L., Mrs., Ambridge.
Kampmeyer, Milton F., Monaca.
Kerr, Robert S., Beaver.
Knoedler, C. F., Miss, Ambridge.
Lalama, A. E., Miss, Aliquippa.
McGovern, Genevieve P., Mrs., Darlington.

Merz, Kathryn B., Mrs., Aliquippa.
Mravic, Bronko, Aliquippa.
Muto, Mary C., Miss, Beaver Falls.
Naylor, G. J., Ambridge.
Porter, John W., Beaver.
Psik, Mary Ann, Miss, Beaver Falls.
Quigley, Frances L., Mrs., Bridgewater.
Russell, Myron L., White Twp.
Settino, Genevieve W., Miss, Ambridge.
Shaw, E. E., Rochester.
Vongray, Tess M., Mrs., Beaver Falls.
Walthour, J. B., Beaver Falls.
White, J. S., Mrs., Rochester.
Wonderling, H. C., Freedom.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Ahlburn, Harry L., Hyndman.
Clapper, R. G., Everett.
Dishong, Etta E., Miss, Bedford.
Earley, Eleanor S., Mrs., Bedford.
Giornesto, Sam, Saxton.
Sills, Edna H. E., Miss, Bedford Twp.
Thomas, Wm. K., Bedford.

BERKS COUNTY

Amole, Doan D., Birdsboro.
Antonelli, Martha H., Miss, Muhlenberg Twp.
Armstrong, Virginia R., Mrs., Reading.
Arndt, Rae E., Miss, Reading.
Belser, Mary E., Miss, Longswamp Twp.
Bitterman, Barbara J., Mrs., Robesonia.
Breininger, Carl L., Kutztown.
Clark, John Franklin, Robeson Twp.
Clemmer, Edward D., Wyomissing.
David, Ruth H., Mrs., Exeter Twp.
Degler, Owen K., Reading.
Diem, Charles E., Perry Twp.
Dierolf, Elva M., Mrs., Ontelaunee Twp.
Durkota, G. G., Reading.
Emmert, Mary V., Mrs., Temple.
Enzman, Francis J., Reading.
Fry, Edna M., Mrs., Reading.
Glickman, George J., Exeter Twp.
Graeff, George F., Reading.
Grohs, Helen J., Miss, Reading.
Hart, Harry L., Birdsboro.
Hartman, Pearl M., Mrs., Boyertown.
Heisler, John A., Wyomissing.
Hill, J. Stanley, Reading.
Hoffman, Ardell Bertha, Miss, Reading.
Hummel, Joyce V., Mrs., Fleetwood.
Huntzinger, Wendell L., Hamburg.
Kaisinger, Fern M., Miss, Hamburg.
Killmer, H. H., Marion Twp.
Klopp, Carrie T., Mrs., Bethel Twp.
Krimmel, Margaret R., Miss, West Reading.
Lash, Elwood, Spring Twp.
Lind, Constance V., Miss, Reading.
Loose, Stanley W., Reading.
Magee, Anne M., Mrs., Reading.
McDevitt, William A., Jr., Reading.
McNamara, Isabel A., Mrs., Reading.
Minner, Wilfred G., Bally.
Mogel, Lloyd F., Reading.
Mogel, Warren F., Reading.
Moyer, William Lynn, Reading.
Mull, Mildred O., Miss, Reading.
Neff, Esther Fink, Mrs., Muhlenberg Twp.
Noll, Janice A., Miss, Reading.
Ortman, Anna L., Miss, Reading.
Poole, Miriam S., Mrs., Reading.
Pratt, Pearl, Mrs., Exeter Twp.
Rohrbach, R. Catharine Miss, Reading.
Rudloff, Lucy G., Mrs., Cumru Twp.
Ruttenberg, Floyd M., Reading.
Sagner, Margaret H., Mrs., Kutztown.
Sanft, Albert, Boyertown.
Schaeffer, Ethel L., Miss, Reading.
Schlear, Paul P., Reading.
Schlott, John H., Jr., Reading.
Schroeder, D. Francis, Reading.
Seiz, Edwin G., Womelsdorf.
Shuman, Albert M., Reading.
Smith, Elizabeth M., Mrs., Reading.
Smith, Ogden W., Kutztown
Stimmel, Robert, Bechtelsville
Stout, Shirley B., Mrs., Reading
Stover, Jean Ann, Mrs., Reading
Swavely, Miriam F., Mrs., Reading
Tomlinson, K. Audrey, Miss, Reading
Ueltzen, Florence E., Miss, Boyertown
Weber, Walter P., Reading
Weill, Frederica M., Miss, Reading
Westgate, Vincent P., Reading
Zickler, Jane M., Miss, Reading

BLAIR COUNTY

Adelsberger, Ann E., Mrs., Altoona
Baird, J. Stevens, Altoona
Baird, S. Romaine, Mrs., Altoona
Burk, Catherine, Mrs., Hollidaysburg
Claar, Catherine F., Mrs., Greenfield Twp.
Consiglio, F. M., Mrs., Altoona
Deeda, Catherine T., Miss, Altoona
Deeter, Lambert A., Jr., Altoona
Frank, Ruth A., Mrs., Williamsburg
Goodling, Paul D., Altoona
Griffin, Richard T., Altoona
Hauri, Hilda, Miss, Altoona
Ingham, Martha H., Mrs., Altoona
Lowther, Mary K., Mrs., Altoona
Madara, Frank C., Altoona
McCabe, Beulah K., Mrs., Altoona
Miller, Louise, Mrs., Altoona
Moren, James E., Altoona
Murray, Emil W., Altoona
Nearhoof, Doris, Mrs., Altoona
Nicewonger, Charles E., Roaring Spring
Owens, James A., Altoona
Penny, Harry, Altoona
Piper, Kathleen D., Mrs., Hollidaysburg
Plummer, George L., Greenfield Twp.
Price, Elizabeth D., Miss, Altoona
Rankey, William R., Altoona
Replogle, Mary L., Mrs., Blair Twp.
Robertson, Mary J., Mrs., Tyrone
Sandrus, Irene W., Mrs., Altoona.
Schunk, Henry V., Altoona.
Swenson, Victor L., Hollidaysburg.
Turner, Iola R., Mrs., Martinsburg.
Wesner, Clara M., Mrs., Altoona.
Williams, Blanche M., Mrs., Altoona.
Youngman, Isabel, Mrs., Tyrone.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Bonfoey, George D., Sayre.
Cohen, Norman, Athens Twp.
Conte, Mario L., Sayre.
Dugan, Margaret M., Mrs., Athens.
Evans, Betty Jane, Mrs., Sayre.
Hall, Edna S., Mrs., Troy.
Hall, Freda S., Miss, Towanda.
Henry, Howard O., Sayre.
Mitchell, Lucy L., Mrs., Sayre.
Mount, Frederick T., Monroe.
Olmstead, Areligh M., Mrs., Ulster Twp.
Sink, Donald B., Towanda.
Wilcox, Karleen P., Mrs., New Albany.
Williams, Evans S., Troy.

BUCKS COUNTY

Applegate, David E., Northampton Twp.
Barnes, Herbert, Warrington Twp.

Benner, Dorothy M., Mrs., Northampton Twp.
Burton, Alice W., Mrs., Bristol Twp.
Darlington, E. Dillwyn, Morrisville.
Davis, Betty, Miss, Warminster Twp.
Dilliplane, Alton L., Lardley.
Engle, Mable C., Mrs., Morrisville.
Erney, S. H., Quakertown.
Ference, Charlotte, Mrs., Plumstead Twp.
Fetter, Virginia A., Mrs., Lower Makefield Twp.
Fretz, Helen M., Mrs., Quakertown.
Fry, Ruth H., Mrs., Quakertown.
Gantz, R. J. M., Doylestown.
Gardner, Sara F., Mrs., Doylestown.
Gehman, J. Lamar, Quakertown.
Glover, John T., Doylestown.
Gougler, Mary M., Mrs., Bensalem Twp.
Harris, G. Melvin, Doylestown.
Herod, Bergen, Doylestown.
Johnson, Wanda, Mrs., Lower Southampton.
Keating, Joseph A., Penndel.
Keeler, Russell M., Perkasie.
Klein, Emanuel H., Quakertown.
Kline, N. R., Mrs., Doylestown.
Landis, Ernest M., Quakertown.
Lerch, Quintus S., Tinicum Twp.
Long, Evelyn S., Mrs., Perkasie.
Lovett, E. S., Morrisville.
Luz, Theodore, 3rd, Bensalem Twp.
Moyer, Grace G., Miss, Quakertown.
Newman, Joseph, Richland Twp.
Piers, Robert, Bensalem Twp.
Pinelli, Mary J., Mrs., Falls Twp.
Porter, Thomas N., Bensalem Twp.
Prickett, Irma, Mrs., Bristol.
Schaffner, Mary, Mrs., Sellersville.
Scheib, Betty L., Mrs., Perkasie.
Schnabel, Monnie Dell, Mrs., Quakertown.
Smith, Earl W., Bristol Twp.
Stackhouse, Arthur H., Lower Makefield Twp.
Steeley, William B., Sellersville.
Suber, Olive B., Mrs., Newtown Twp.
Surrick, Louis C., Bensalem Twp.
Taylor, Edith M., Mrs., Newtown.
Townsend, Jacob M., Jr., Bristol.
Traber, Ernest, Bensalem Twp.
Wiser, Florence J., Mrs., Doylestown.
Wolfinger, Alma, Miss, Doylestown.
Woodmansee, M. N. L., Mrs., Doylestown.
Woznicki, Anthony, Bensalem Twp.

BUTLER COUNTY

Behm, Kathryn L., Mrs., Evansburg.
Bennett, J. O., Butler.
Benson, Janis D., Mrs., Butler.
Boyd, H. Jeannette, Miss, Slippery Rock.
Brown, LaVerne, Mars.
DeMatteis, Vincenzo, Butler.
Getty, W. D., Middlesex Twp.
Eva, Evelwyn, Miss, Butler.
Forcht, Gerald L., Butler.
Friedlander, Murray, Butler.
Graff, Verna, Miss, Butler.
Greenstein, Joseph H., Butler.
Grock, Thelma M., Mrs., Millerstown.
Harvey, Grace M., Miss, Jefferson Twp.
Keagle, Loman H., Butler Twp.
Korherr, Theresa, Miss, Slippery Rock.
Nimmo, Robert E., Butler.
Nimmo, Robert E., Butler.
Painter, Clark H., Butler.
Ralph, Helen, Miss, Butler.
Smith, George K., Butler.
Smith, Norman F., Butler.
Veltman, Ernest P., Adams Twp.
Vogel, Alberta, Miss, Mars.
Willetts, E. Wade, Oakland Twp.
Young, Richard G., Butler.
Young, Robert D., Butler Twp.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Bell, William J., Johnstown.
Buckwalter, J. W., Portage.
Costlow, Donald C., Johnstown.
Davidson, Elizabeth C., Miss, Ebensburg.
Davis, Lawrence L., Ebensburg.
Donahey, Frank J., Johnstown.
Dunkel, Alberta J., Mrs., Southmont.
Edwards, Estella J., Mrs., Ebensburg.
Evans, B. L., Patton.
Farr, Anna B., Mrs., Johnstown.
Freeman, Deane A., Miss, Johnstown.
Genovese, Frank N., Johnstown.
Gervinski, Isabel M., Mrs., Portage.
Gillogly, Fred D., Johnstown.
Gordon, Robert G., Adams Twp.
Hagerich, Robert L., Ferndale.
Heuston, Margaret P., Mrs., Spangler.
Hindmarsh, Bert R., Hastings.
Howard, Leona S., Mrs., Johnstown.
Kane, Marie C., Miss, Carrolltown.
Keyser, Felicitas, Miss, Johnstown.
Kundracik, Anne, Miss, Johnstown.
Landeros; Henry, Sr., Johnstown.
Lugar, Joseph R., Johnstown.
Marhefka, Mary, Mrs., East Conemaugh.
Miller, Cora Jane, Mrs., Richland Twp.
Miller, Frederick C., Stonycreek Twp.
Mock, William L., Johnstown.
Murray, Elizabeth, Mrs., Richland Twp.
Pantano, Sara A., Miss, Johnstown.
Pavlik, Mary, Mrs., Johnstown.
Powell, Alma E., Miss, West Carroll Twp.
Rafas, Thomas J., Johnstown.
Risaliti, Elma, Mr., Ebensburg.
Roberts, Ronald E., Ebensburg.
Sabo, Thomas E., Nanty Glo.
Scotilla, James J., Ebensburg.
Sgro, Catherine, Miss, Ebensburg.
Signorino, Charles, Summerhill Twp.
Singer, Vera L., Mrs., Barnesboro.
Skerl, Tony J., Johnstown.
Smith, Della V., Mrs., Summerhill Twp.
Smith, Ruth E., Mrs., Johnstown.
Soos, Louis, Jr., Adams Twp.
Sroka, John E., Johnstown.
Toner, Carl, Johnstown.
Townsend, Harry L., Johnstown.
Wagner, Anton Fred, Johnstown.
Waltz, June F., Mrs., Hastings.
Wilson, Pauline, Miss, Johnstown.

CAMERON COUNTY

Henry, Charlotte M., Miss, Emporium.
Kless, J. R., Emporium.
Rydesky, Mary O., Mrs., Emporium.

CARBON COUNTY

Bayer, Mary Louise, Miss, Lehighton.
Brazzo, George, Beaver Meadows.
Cosman, Paul William, Mauch Chunk.
Graver Helen A., Mrs., Franklin Twp.
Hammel, Walter D., Lehighton.
Humphries, Edwin, Lansford.
Kunkel, George A., Palmerton.
McKinley, George T., Palmerton.
Meterko, Jane E., Mrs., Lansford.
Mooney, J. A., Palmerton.
Schoneberger, Mahlon W., Lehighton.
Schrader, Nora W., Mrs., Weatherly.
Sellers, Evelyn B., Mrs., Mauch Chunk.
Snyder, R. A., Palmerton.
Weintraut, Leona E., Mrs., Lehighton.

CENTRE COUNTY

Burkholder, Roseanna M., Mrs., Unionville.
Campbell, James H., State College.

Cummings, Ned C., State College.
Ellenberger, Richard M., State College.
Hart, J. D., State College.
McClellan, Harry H., Bellefonte.
Peters, Loraine, Miss, Ferguson Twp.
Rice, John C., Philipsburg.
Yost, John G., Jr., State College.

CHESTER COUNTY

Bailey, Janmes D., Oxford.
Beebe, Alice E., Miss, West Chester.
Brabson, Norma P., Mrs., West Nottingham Twp.
Breuninger, Fred, Coatesville.
Coogan, Joseph L., East Whiteland Twp.
Coogan, Robert W., East Whiteland Twp.
Darlington, E. M., Schuylkill Twp.
Durborrow, Margaret H., Miss, West Goshen Twp.
Endy, Sarah C., Miss, Coatesville.
Friday, Gertrude, Miss, Phoenixville.
Goldberg, Evelyn Mrs., Phoenixville.
Harper, Josephine E., Miss, Tredyffrin Twp.
Hawk, Asher M., Jr., Parkesburg.
Humpton, Eleanor B., Miss, Caln Twp.
Jacobs, Beatrice M., Miss, Coatesville.
Johnson, John E., West Nottingham Twp.
Kilpatrick, Grace L., Mrs., East Whiteland Twp.
Leinbach, Mary R., Mrs., North Coventry Twp.
Long, Ralph W., Avondale.
McIlvaine, Amy B., Mrs., West Whiteland Twp.
McLeod, J. Donald, West Chester.
Patton, Lydia S., Miss, West Chester.
Peirson, Frank D., Phoenixville.
Purchell, M. Ruth, Mrs., West Chester.
Rissel, Edna S., Mrs., Pocopson Twp.
Shook, Ellis I., Coatesville.
Taylor, Loraine, Miss, Oxford.
Taylor, Lydia E., Mrs., Trdyffrin Twp.
Tinney, W. F., Phoenixville.
Tucker, Ann, Miss, Coatesville.
Wharton, Louise G., Mrs., Oxford.
Wilson, James T., Phoenixville.
Worrall, Thomas B., Kennett Square.

CLARION COUNTY

Baker, Ethel, Miss, Clarion.
Boer, Clyde M., New Bethlehem.
Chapman, Winifred, Mrs., Clarion.
Dempsey, Irven F., New Bethlehem.
Hepler, Russell C., Clarion.
Mays, Laura, Miss, Clarion.
Orr, Robert G., New Bethlehem.
Phillips, Margaret B., Mrs., Porter Twp.
Shindledecker, George W., New Bethlehem.
Winger, Madeleine M., Mrs., Clarion.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Butterworth, Violet, Mrs., Chester Hill.
Campbell, Robert R., Morris Twp.
Clark, Charles S., DuBois.
Dock, Doris L., Miss, DuBois.
Garman, Kenneth T., Clearfield.
Good, Albert L., DuBois.
Lang, Robert M., Lawrence Twp.
Mack, Gerald E., Lawrence Twp.
Maines, W. L. Michael, Bradford Twp.
McAninch, Vivian E., Mrs., DuBois.
O'Brien, Leona G., Mrs., Decatur Twp.
Portzer, Gerald V., DuBois.
Reese, H. F., Clearfield.
Rudolph, Ralph A., Huston Twp.
Shaffer, Inez M., Mrs., DuBois.
Slayton, C. E., Sandy Twp.
Smith, R. Curtis, Clearfield.
Stewart, M. Guy, Lawrence, Twp.
Toney, Samuel, Clearfield.
Verost, Andrew V., Decatur Twp.
VonGunden, H. R., Clearfield.
Weber, Katharine N., Miss, DuBois.
Wilson, Mildred L., Miss, Clearfield.

CLINTON COUNTY

Akeley, Rose Minnie, Mrs., Lock Haven.
Harter, H. S., Mrs., Renovo.
Hodes, Jacob, Lock Haven.
Rosamilia, Charles R., Renovo.
Walter, Ann M., Mrs., Lock Haven.
Zass, Nathan R., Lock Haven.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Bafile, V. Gene J., Berwick.
Crouse, Alberta C., Miss, Berwick.
Haines, Robert E., Scott Twp.
Hess, Louise K., Miss, Benton.
Laubach, Carl M., Berwick.
Lewis, Donald A., Catawissa.
Robbins, Charles A., Bloomsburg.
Shultz, H. Marie, Miss, Millville.
Steinruck, Charles R., Bloomsburg
Williams, Louise B., Mrs., Bloomsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Bates, B. Carl, Meadville.
Brown, Geraldine M., Mrs., Spartansburg.
Cochran, Robert J., Linesville.
Cole, H. F., Meadville.
Daly, Ruth C., Mrs., Meadville.
Dickey, Aileen F., Mrs., Pine Twp.
Echnoz, Pauline L., Mrs., Meadville.
Ellis, Ernest, Cambridge Springs.
Ewing, Norma L., Miss, Meadville.
Handley, M. V., Mrs., Sadsbury Twp.
Harvey, Zoe H., Mrs., Linesville.
Hazen, Mae K., Mrs., Meadville.
Huckelbury, Edna K., Mrs., Meadville.
Jones, Helen, Miss, Meadville.
Jones, Morris V., Meadville.
Joyce, Ralph F., Meadville.
McClimans, Anna Y., Mrs., Vernon Twp.
McFate, Elizabeth C. Miss, Cochranton.
New, Alice E., Mrs., Fallowfield Twp.
O'Laughlin, John M., Meadville.
Shorts, W. L., Meadville.
Terrill, Anna E., Mrs., Meadville.
Urick, Dorothy, Miss, Meadville.
Yetman, Imogene, Miss, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Adams, Margaret K., Mrs., Carlisle.
Albert, Wm. H., Camp Hill.
Alpaugh, Russel L., Shippensburg.
Arnold, Glenn W., Camp Hill.
Baughman, Clarence E., Carlisle.
Black, K. E., Mrs., Carlisle.
Bushman, Edith M., Mrs., Carlisle.
Cochrane, Mary Ellen, Mrs., Carlisle.
Cohick, Esther M., Mrs., Carlisle.
Corbett, Ann V., Mrs., Carlisle.
Hildebrandt, James M., East Pennsboro Twp.
Humer, James R., Carlisle.
Lear, Charles, Carlisle.
Lear, Helen, Mrs., East Pennsboro Twp.
Lutz, Matthew B., Lemoyne.
Martin, Kathleen M., Miss, Carlisle.
Mumma, Frederick R., Mechanicsburg.
O'Hara, Margaret H., Mrs., Carlisle.
Quaid, Lester, Camp Hill.
Ressler, Verne S., Carlisle.
Rickabaugh, Dorothy C., Mrs., Newville.
Riddle, W. A., New Cumberland.
Romberger, Geraldine, Mrs., Carlisle.
Schorpp, Earl L., Carlisle.

Schweitzer, Wayne F., Mechanicsburg.
Squires, Mildred P., Mrs., Carlisle.
Straub, Ella M., Mrs., New Cumberland.
Toomey, Marion, Mrs., Lemoyne.
Weiser, Clyde R., Carlisle.
Wimer, Frances, Miss, Carlisle.
Wood, Elizabeth Soult, Mrs., Wormleysburg.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Arkin, Herbert, Harrisburg.
Bastardi, Matthew R., Swatara Twp.
Bentz, Richard C., Millersburg.
Bone, Robert, Harrisburg.
Boughner, Carolyn M., Miss, Harrisburg.
Bricker, Charles C., Harrisburg.
Camplese, Mary E., Miss, Penbrook.
Croft, Jean McLeod, Mrs., Harrisburg.
Danowitz, Jean, Mrs., Harrisburg.
Deimler, S. Evelyn, Mrs., Hummelstown.
Diggs, Sarah P., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Diller, Anna Smith, Mrs., Harrisburg.
Dreibelbis, Mary Lou, Mrs., Harrisburg.
Filippelli, A. J., Harrisburg.
Friedman, Murray D., Harrisburg.
Geisking, Mae A., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Goodman, Mary A., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Gregory, Frank J., Harrisburg.
Hershey, Russell M. L., Jr., Swatara Twp.
Herting, Earl P., Harrisburg.
Hoffman, Earl E., Harrisburg.
Hoke, Robert E., Millersburg.
Hummelbaugh, D. J., Miss, Harrisburg.
Ibsen, Bernice M., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Jones, John Paul, Harrisburg.
Jones, Norman U., Harrisburg.
Kauffman, Dorothy J., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Keys, George F., Harrisburg.
Kirkpatrick, W. E., Harrisburg.
Kirsch, Al, Harrisburg.
Lane, Martin G., Harrisburg.
Lichtenberger, Edgar W., Jr., Harrisburg.
Liles, Helen M., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Mack, Ralph H., Harrisburg.
Martin, Mary R., Miss, Paxtang.
Mehler, Ruth H., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Moppin, LeRoy A., Harrisburg.
Moyer, Harry B., Derry Twp.
Reese, Blanche M., Miss, Harrisburg.
Rice, William K., Harrisburg.
Rubendall, Charles W., Jr., Millersburg.
Rudy, Geo., Harrisburg.
Rudy, Sara A., Miss, Harrisburg.
Ryan, W. C., Harrisburg.
Rynard, May A., Miss, Harrisburg.
Shandelmeir, Mary Lou, Miss, Susquehanna Twp.
Shatto, Charles E., Millersburg.
Smith, Anna B., Mrs., Harrisburg.
Smith, Edgar F., Susquehanna Twp.
Spigelmyer, Mary Jean, Miss, Harrisburg.
Wagner, Erma I., Mrs., South Hanover Twp.
Wertz, Alma S., Mrs., Harrisburg.
White, Raymond W., Harrisburg.
Wolbert, H. C., Harrisburg.
Yanchuleff, Victor E., Steelton.
Ziegler, Helen L., Mrs., Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Ashley, Isabelle A., Upper Darby Twp.
Atz, Irene E., Miss, Media.
Beck, Paul R., Haverford Twp.
Becker, Christiana E., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Beirne, James J., Upper Darby Twp.
Bocchino, John, Prospect Park.
Bollie, L., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Bonner, John J., Chester.
Briggs, Harry, Darby Twp.
Brooks, Jane D., Mrs. Chester.
Brown, Ruth V., Mrs., Chester.
Burr, Alice M., Mrs., Media.
Carbo, Anna D., Miss, Radnor Twp.
Carl, Robert, Upper Darby Twp.
Carnegie, J. L., Upper Darby Twp.
Chambers, Anna M., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Christine, Lois J., Miss, Chester.
Clare, Edna H., Mrs., Upper Chichester Twp.
Clemmency, T. M., Mrs., Lansdowne.
Congdon, A. F., Chester.
Connor, Daniel H., Jr., Marple Twp.
Connor, Jane, Mrs., Upper Darby Twp.
Cooper, George W., Collingdale.
Cornog, Frances E., Miss, Thornbury Twp.
Culross, Marie M., Mrs., Lansdowne.
D'Angelo, Joseph, Chester.
Davis, William S., Marple Twp.
Desmond, Eleanor M., Miss, Chester.
Dickerson, Leonard C., Springfield Twp.
Donoher, William J., Lansdowne.
Eilenberg, Lawrence J., Upper Darby Twp.
Emmons, Constance S., Mrs., Chester.
English, Esther M., Mrs., Media.
Eusden, Irene D., Miss, Chester.
Evans, Donald R., Upper Darby Twp.
Fenerty, Jeanne C., Mrs., Springfield Twp.
Finigan, John C., Aston Twp.
Fisher, Alice D., Mrs., Ridley Park.
Fulton, Margaret, Mrs., Glenolden.
Gehris, A. Henry, Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Geisinger, C. E., Darby.
Gordon, Charles W., Springfield Twp.
Grudzinski, Florence, Miss, Lansdowne.
Hahn, Harriette M., Mrs., Chester.
Hall, Albert C., Upper Darby Twp.
Hambleton, G. Gifford, Upper Darby Twp.
Hartz, Arthur M., Morton.
Hassan, Margaret D., Mrs., Upper Darby Twp.
Heiken, Mary Katharine, Mrs., Chester.
Heim, Regina M., Miss, Haverford Twp.
Helm, Edward J. J., Haverford Twp.
Hewes, Robert B., Chester.
Hoelzle, Teresa M., Miss, Sharon Hill.
Hopson, Christine, Mrs., Haverford Twp.
Hultzapple, Reba M., Mrs. Springfield Twp.
Ide, Raymond F., Upper Darby Twp.
Ives, Alberta T., Mrs., Media.
Jordan, Horace N., Upper Darby Twp.
Kevis, Naomi R., Miss, Chester.
Kimber, William N., Ridley Park.
Klibert, Frank J., Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Klinska, S. A., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Kraft, Floyd J., Chester.
Lacusch, Mary, Mrs., Chester.
Lampert, T. T., Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Larkin, John L., Upper Darby Twp.
Layer, Frances I., Miss, Chester.
Levine, Burton L., Brookhaven.
Lewis, John C., Marple Twp.
Lewis, Robert S., Prospect Park.
Logan, Charles P., Upper Darby Twp.
Luber, Raymond F., Upper Darby Twp.
Mayer, Albert L., Concord Twp.
McCall, John, Clifton Heights.
McConnell, N. W., Collingdale.
McCray, Heston D., Jr., Marcus Hook.
McHenry, Katherine C., Miss, Radnor Twp.
Meyerowitz, Shirley, Chester.
Miller, Russell E., III, Haverford Twp.
Morton, Margaret C., Mrs., Nether Providence Twp.
Murray, Harry L., Upper Darby Twp.
Myers, John R., Chester.
O'Neill, Robert, Darby.
Outland, Julia Bang, Mrs., Media.
Pace, V. J., Chester.
Palmer, Ruth Ann, Miss, Media.
Pancoe, Betty S., Mrs., Chester.
Parker, Stafford W., Jr., Media.
Patton, William H., Jr., Upper Darby Twp.

Power, Joseph P., Lansdowne.
Price, Wm. H., Clifton Heights.
Quinn, Teresa M., Mrs., Upper Darby Twp.
Raudenbush, Alice B., Mrs. Middletown Twp.
Reilly, Jane A., Miss, Chester.
Riccardi, Theodore, Aldan.
Ripley, Lila B., Mrs. Radnor Twp.
Robbins, Jack F., Upper Darby Twp.
Robinson, Alfred, Darby.
Roche, Elsie M., Miss, Chester.
Sanderson, John F., Upper Darby Twp.
Sbandi, N. Anne, Miss, Chester.
Seidman, Stanley, Chester Twp.
Sheckler, Alva M., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Siegfried, Donald W., Springfield Twp.
Smith, Allan B., Lansdowne.
Smith, Kathleen, Miss, Chester.
Stevenson, Wm. Robt., Aldan.
Stewart, Harvey M., Upper Darby Twp.
Stradley, Margaret V., Miss, Springfield Twp.
Swisher, E. Kathryn, Miss, Lansdowne.
Talley, Loleta G., Mrs., Concord Twp.
Taylor, Ann W., Miss, Glenolden.
Tercha, Sophia, Mrs., Chester.
Thompson, Thomas C., Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Thorpe, Evelyn J., Mrs., Upper Darby Twp.
Walters, Stanley A., Radnor Twp.
Waters, Elsie I., Miss, Upper Darby Twp.
Wesner, Stella K., Mrs., Chester.
Wood, Richard A., Upper Darby Twp.
Woodman, Rose Adler, Mrs., Upper Darby Twp.
Yarnall, Robert George, Media.
Zurlo, Rose Mary, Mrs., Chester.

ELK COUNTY

Ames, George B., Ridgway.
Beaver, Albert H., Johnsonburg.
Johnson, Dewayne, St. Marys.
Skok, Thos. J., Johnsonburg.
Straub, Alfred, St. Marys.
Thorwart, N. J., Jr., Ridgway.

ERIE COUNTY

Appletree, Herbert W., Erie.
Arbuckle, Donald, Erie.
Barnett, Charles E., Erie.
Beane, Carl L., Union City.
Becker, Ruth J., Miss, Erie.
Benedict, Ralph W., Wesleyville.
Blount, Rachel N., Mrs., Corry.
Blystone, Elizabeth C., Mrs., North East.
Bock, George W., Millcreek Twp.
Bradley, Dora M., Mrs., Erie.
Brandes, Charlotte, Mrs., Erie.
Bristol, Vincent C., Erie.
Brown, Maxwell E., Corry.
Carlburg, Sidney M., Union City.
Caruana, Mary L., Miss, North East.
Connors, James M., Albion.
Diefenbach, Arthur T., Erie.
Downing, Frederick B., Jr., Erie.
Emery, Mary Jane, Mrs., Girard.
Fogle, L. A., Mrs., Erie.
Foster, Iva J., Mrs., Erie.
Freeman, Robert L., Erie.
Gamble, Anthony C., Erie.
Gehrlein, Arthur E., Erie.
Gehrlein, Richard A., Erie.
Grenz, Beverly, Miss, Wesleyville.
Hack, E. R., Erie.
Hall, Harry H., Corry.
Hansen, Leroy O., Edinboro.
Hertner, Robert H., Erie.
Huth, Lois C., Mrs., Corry.
Knox, Mary M., Mrs., Erie.
Kunkel, Merl N., Mrs., Union City.
Lutz, Marie, Mrs., Erie.
Mannarelli, E., Miss, Erie.
Mannix, Sue E., Miss, Erie.
Martin, Rachel G., Mrs., Corry.
McClelland, A. K., Millcreek Twp.
McKay, W. R., Erie.
McLaughli, Margaret, Miss, Erie.
Morgan, Elsie, Mrs., Erie.
Morrison, Robert C., Wesleyville.
Myers, D. Dean, Erie.
Nelson, Elmer W., Erie.
Nuber, Bettie A., Miss, Lawrence Twp.
Olson, Ellen L., Miss, Erie.
Osterberg, Richard M., Albion.
Persons, E. M., Erie.
Plack, Wm., Middleboro.
Porath, Caroline A., Miss, Erie.
Powers, Lillian C., Mrs., Corry.
Quisenberry, James A., Erie.
Reich, Robert R., Erie.
Rinehart, Alice B., Mrs., Erie.
Ruth, Richard W., Erie.
Smith, Virginia F., Mrs., Millcreek Twp.
Sullivan, Dorothy J., Mrs., Erie.
Taft, Edward J., Millcreek Twp.
Tenenbaum, Milton L., Erie.
Vollant, Donald F., Erie.
Wertz, E. A., Miss, Erie.
Wingerter, Clare A., Miss, Erie.
Wuenschel, Othmar B., Erie.
Zaun, Dorothy, Mrs., Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Armen, Robert W., Uniontown.
Bakewell, Ella Mae, Miss, Brownsville.
Balas, Kathryn, Miss, Uniontown.
Barber, Frank A., Jr., Uniontown.
Barnes, Monica H., Mrs., North Union Twp.
Belan, John L., Smithfield.
Bell, B. C. Uniontown.
Bialon, Frank, Springhill Twp.
Bitner, William H., Smithfield.
Catalano, Carmen C., Redstone Twp.
Chalfant, Fred J., Brownsville.
Cowles, Florence M., Mrs., Connellsville.
DelSignore, Bruno, Uniontown.
Dunn, James L., Uniontown.
Evans, Virginia, Miss Point Marion.
Ficks, Rose Lee, Mrs., Redstone Twp.
Fike, Gertrude Bowser, Mrs., Uniontown.
Freed, Catherine, Miss, Connellsville.
George, Adeline, Miss, Connellsville.
German, T. G., North Union Twp.
Goldman, Robert L., Brownsville.
Griffith D. A., Uniontown.
Grubb, Helen V., Mrs., Uniontown.
Guappone, V. William, Masontown.
Hardin, Jacob, Springhill Twp.
Herron, Anastasia W., Mrs., Uniontown.
Hixson, James M., Bullskin Twp.
Hopwood, Bess H., Mrs., Uniontown.
Horan, Evelyn H., Miss, Connellsville.
Hunt Alta K., Mrs., Uniontown.
Hustosky, Helen, Miss, Connellsville.
Johnson, John, Brownsville.
Jones, Alfred E., Jr., Uniontown.
Jones, Joanna H., Miss, Uniontown.
Kenney, W. L., Luzerne Twp.
Keighley, Charles, Sr., North Union Twp.
Kelly, Michael J., Redstone Twp.
Koosher Pauline L., Mrs., Uniontown.
Leiberger, Lewis A., Connellsville.
Lynch, Donald M., Uniontown.
Martin, Wm. P., Wharton Twp.
McQuigg, Doris, Miss, Connellsville.
Moore, Gladys E., Mrs., Connellsville.
Newcomer, Ewing K., Uniontown.
Nobel, M. A., Brownsville.
Null, Ruth E., Mrs. Uniontown.
Pickens, Mary Ellen, Mrs., Uniontown.

Platt, Abe, Uniontown.
Pohill, John S., Brownsville.
Prichard, Annie M., Mrs., Brownsville Twp.
Prosser, Betty Gene, Miss, Uniontown.
Richards, Ruby M., Miss, Point Marion.
Rygiel J. R., Fayette City.
Saunders, Dona, Mrs., Brownsville.
Shemik, Cecelia, Miss, Uniontown.
Showman, Hulda M., Miss, Connellsville.
Sisson, Dave, Jr., South Union Twp.
Skiles, George M., Uniontown.
Sparks, Richard, Saltlick Twp.
Sterbutzel, Mary Margaret, Mrs. German Twp.
Stevenson, Dorothy, Miss, Brownsville.
Swords, Gladys, Miss, Uniontown.
Tannehill, W. E., Brownsville.
Toth, Emery C., Uniontown.
Whetsel, Norma Jean, Miss, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Aird, Ernest W., Guilford Twp.
Baker, Edwin C. Mercersburg.
Hicks, Alvin A., Antrim Twp.
Humer, Samuel C., Waynesboro.
Keltner, Jean E., Mrs., Chambersburg.
McCleary, Jessie M., Miss, Chambersburg.
McKelvey, Gerald G., Waynesboro.
Morrow, Mary E., Mrs., Waynesboro.
Oyler, Harry L., Chambersburg.
Pensinger Carroll E., Waynesboro.
Rock, F. Marshall, Jr., Waynesboro.
Shank, George M., Waynesboro.
Shively, I. Glenn, Chambersburg.
Smarsh, Blanche, Mrs., Chambersburg.
Stains, Mildred M., Miss, Waynesboro.
Sweeney, Dorthea L., Mrs., Waynesboro.
Walterick, J. C., Chambersburg.
Worthington, Elizabeth E., Miss, Chambersburg.

GREENE COUNTY

Brewer, William S., Waynesburg.
Cogswell, Leon P., Waynesburg.
George, Joseph M., Whitely Twp.
Grebb, Stanley J., Jefferson.
Luxner, Eileen K., Mrs., Cumberland Twp.
Pletcher, Charles, Cumberland Twp.
Rickard, Alene, Mrs., Waynesburg.
Simmons, Harold E., Waynesburg.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Hurwitz, Burton, Mount Union.
Mitchell, Julia, Miss, Huntingdon.
Moore, Charlie B., Huntingdon.
Prosser, S. R., Huntingdon.
Speck, Ruth, Mrs., Carbon Twp.
Vukman, John S., Mount Union.
Wilson, Thelma L., Miss, Huntingdon.

INDIANA COUNTY

Bigney, Richard, Homer City
Bonarrigo, Geraldine, Mrs., Indiana
Duke, Ruth E., Mrs., Blairsville
George, Hiram B., Indiana
Holt, Virginia, Miss, Indiana
Johnson, Clarence G., Blairsville
Johnston, Roland H., Blairsville
Marcoline, Irma, Miss, Indiana
McKee, Waldo C., Blairsville
Moreland, Louis P., Burrell Twp.
Nastase, Ann, Miss, Blairsville
Peterman, Grace I., Mrs., Indiana
Potts, Agnes A., Mrs., Washington Twp.
Smith, Robert L., White Twp.
Spadafora, William A., Indiana
Straitiff, Paul J., Indiana
Walker, Caroline M., Mrs., East Mahoning Twp.
Young, Edna B., Mrs., Blairsville
Zeigler, H. A., Indiana

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Benninger, Frances M., Mrs., Brookville
Garofalo, Dolores E., Miss, Reynoldsville
Gaston, Christian J., Punxsutawney
Humphrey, W. L., Pinecreek Twp.
Long, Miles E., Brookville
Means, Dorothy J., Miss, Perry Twp.
Sandstrom, O. W., Brockway
Simkins, M. L., Corsica
Tronzo, Julia L., Mrs., Punxsutawney

JUNIATA COUNTY

Bailor, Ellis B., Port Royal
Clare, Lenore, Mrs., Mifflintown

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Boland, Ceil F., Mrs., Dunmore
Carocci, Vilma L., Miss, Scranton
Cawley, J. L., Scranton
Chomko, Henrietta, Mrs., Scranton
Clarke, Robert G., Scranton
Coleman, Marjorie, Mrs., Scranton
Dell'Amico, John, Scranton
DeSanto, Iola, Mrs., Scranton
Dowse, Mary N., Mrs., Scranton
Fish, Walter D., Clarks Summit
Gardner, Ralph, Scranton
Gervasi, Velma M., Mrs., Scranton
Gilligan, Richard B., Scranton
Gratz, Michael, Olyphant
Gretzula, Mary M., Miss, Throop
Hartford, C. R., Clarks Summit
Hogan, Catherine T., Miss, Scranton
Hunzeker, Edwin J., Scranton
Jones, John M., Scranton
Jones, Richard S., Scranton
Jones, Russell L., Scranton
Ladd, Phil, Scranton
Lebensbaum, Irving, Moosic
Lewis, David W., Old Forge
Matoushek, Marie, Miss, Scranton
McGee, Joseph T., Scranton
Milberger, Helen G., Mrs. Scranton
Miller, Anne R., Mrs. Clarks Summit
Mullen, Alice, Miss. Scranton
Neal, Emma A., Miss, Scranton
Palermo, Ross R., Scranton
Price, Elizabeth R., Mrs., Scranton
Rafter, Grace M., Miss, Scranton
Sawicki, Rita C., Miss, Scranton
Schlanger, Eugene J., Scranton
Smith, Ruth G., Miss, Scranton
Stewart, Mary E., Mrs., Scranton
Streznewsky, J. P., Throop
Thomas, Ruth S., Miss, Scranton
Van North, Theodore C., Scranton
Walsh Edward T, Scranton
Falsh, Robert J., Scranton
Weissberger, Irving Scranton
Wilkins, Ethel M., Miss Scranton
Williams, Charlotte Slack, Mrs., Scranton

LANCASTER COUNTY

Aspril, Betty R., Mrs., Quarryville
Beeghly, Merritt G., Ephrata
Bitterman, Wilma E., Mrs., Lancaster
Boore, David A., Lancaster
Copeland, Matthew M., Manheim Twp.
Daub, Lucille M., Mrs., Lancaster
Delp, Robert W., Lititz
Dirks, Sara E., Mrs., Lancaster
Ellinger, Lester M., Manheim
Erb, Alice B., Mrs., Martic Twp.
Fetter, Jean D., Miss, Lancaster

Forney, Lloyd G., Lancaster
Forry, David D., Lititz
Fridinger, Anne R., Mrs., Mountville
Fulmer, Walter B., Lancaster
Good, Ralph E., Drumore Twp.
Gould, Bettie, Mrs., Lancaster
Greider, Edwin E., Sr., Columbia
Gregg, Chester C., Lancaster
Griffiths, Harold M., Lancaster
Heiss, Janet E., Miss, Manheim Twp.
Hendrix, Jacquielyn, Miss, Elizabethtown
Herr, Elizabeth B., Mrs., Quarryville
Hess, Earl L., East Cocalico Twp.
Hill, Doris Y., Miss, Lancaster
Hoenninger, Mary E., Miss, Lancaster
Honaman, Peter K., Lancaster
Hyde, Doris L., Miss, Lancaster
Ibach, Gilbert C., Ephrata
Kiehl, Richard F., Manheim Twp.
Kreider, Eileen A., Mrs., Lancaster
Lamberton, Anne, Miss, Lancaster
Lipp, Elmer D., Manheim Twp.
McClure, John M., Quarryville
Mellinger, Clarence B., New Holland
Orndorf, Glenn E., Lancaster
Ott, Emma B., Mrs., Lancaster
Painter, Janet M., Miss, Elizabethtown
Ranck, D. G., West Earl Twp.
Reheard, Robert W., West Hempfield Twp.
Rissere, E. B., Mt. Joy Twp.
Roberts, James W., Mt. Joy
Robey, George E., Lancaster
Rovenolt, Edith G., Mrs., Mt. Joy
Ryder, Bruce P., Lancaster
Sayres, Richard E., Quarryville
Sheffer, Joan C., Mrs., Lancaster
Sonderschafer, Ella, Miss, New Holland
Stauffer, Mary G., Mrs., Lancaster
Stehman, J. B., Manheim
Sullivan, Joan M., Miss, Lancaster
Veit, Ella E., Miss, Lancaster
Volk, Benjamin, Lancaster
Waters, Myrtle Lemly, Mrs., Manheim Twp.
Weaver, B. F., Manheim Twp.
Weaver, W. E., Elizabethtown
White, Arthur H., Ephrata
Ziemer, Richard D., New Holland
Zimmerman, Jeanne N., Mrs., Quarryville

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Bailey, Ray, New Castle
Bradford, James C., Shenango Twp.
Branscome, Maynard, New Castle
Brest, Robert W., New Castle
Brundage, Thelma, Mrs., New Castle
Christly, Natalia, Miss, New Castle
Collins, L. V., New Castle
Dimond, Ethel M., Miss, New Castle
Dunning, Bette I., Mrs., Ellwood City
Dykes, James W., New Castle
Emery, Lucille, Miss, New Castle
Fontana, Mary R., Mrs., Wayne Twp.
Fazzolare, Frank, Mahoning Twp.
Hammond, Lee N., Ellwood City
Hanna, Howard B., New Castle
Jamison, Ruth E., Miss, New Castle
Marziano, Franklin R., Ellwood City
McCann, Florence D., Mrs., Shenango Twp.
McClintock, Grace M., Mrs., New Castle
McConahy, Lavina A., Miss, New Castle
McGee, W. Walter, New Castle
McIntyre, Caroline, Mrs., New Castle
Moon, Helen M., Mrs., Ellwood City
Morar, Irene C., Mrs., Ellwood City
Morris, Kay, Mrs., Ellwood City
Morris, Phillip E., Ellwood City
Neuman, Grace A., Miss, Ellwood City
Patton, Dorothy A., Mrs., New Castle
Rotnour, Isabel D., Miss, Ellwood City
Russo, Mary Jane, Miss, Ellwood City
Schmidt, Ruth L., Miss, New Castle
Shumaker, Alvah M., New Castle
Van Dusen, Julia C., Mrs., New Castle
Zombeck, Victor F., New Castle

LEBANON COUNTY

Bordlemay, George, Lebanon
Gingrich, Paul T., Lebanon
Grace, Carlton H., Palmyra
Heipler, V. M., Lebanon
Houtz, Anna Mae, Miss, Bethel Twp.
Kingsley, Patricia, Miss, Lebanon
Leonard, Floyd R., Palmyra
Pushnik, Evelyn R., Mrs., Lebanon
Roth, Ernest F., Lebanon
Schamber, Sarah E., Mrs., North Londonderry Twp.
Schanbecher, Edgar B., Lebanon
Scott, Frances A., Miss, Lebanon
Shattls, George, Heidelberg Twp.
Snyder, Richard, Union Twp.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Bastian, Preston M., Lower Macungie Twp.
Baudot, Raymond V., Allentown
Belshaw, Frances Reese, Mrs., Allentown
Bergenstock, Bernice R., Mrs., Allentown
Blacker, Mary E. N., Mrs., Allentown
Brophy, Frank A., Allentown
Burda, Thomas J., Coplay
Campanella, Pasqual J., Allentown
Deutsch, Robert J., Allentown
Dougherty, Jean H., Miss, Catasauqua
Durner, Elaine L., Miss, Allentown
Esterly, Paul A., Allentown
Fager, Dolores A., Miss, Allentown
Frankenfield, Beatrice M., Mrs., Allentown
Garner, Carolyn J., Miss, Allentown
Gehringer, Rosemarie, Miss, Allentown
Geist, Frank R., Coplay
Hahn, Kathryn B., Mrs., Bethlehem
Henninger, Catharine L., Mrs., Allentown
Horlacher, Edgar C., Allentown
Jordan, Robert H., Allentown
Kuhns, Filbur M., Allentown
Kulp, Randolph L., Allentown
Larsh, Harvey L., South Whitehall Twp.
Mitchell, Virginia E., Mrs., Emmaus
Norris, Robert W., Allentown
Perrett, Pauline E., Miss, Allentown
Quinn, John C., Allentown
Reichelderfer, Mae F., Miss, Allentown
Reppert, Louis H., Miss, Allentown
Richmond, Louis, Allentown
Ritter, C. W., Lower Milford Twp.
Ritter, Helen E., Miss, Emmaus
Roberts, Jean E., Mrs., Allentown
Sauerzopf, Helen A., Miss, Allentown
Schaffer, Catharine, Miss, Allentown
Schmid, Raymond J., North Whitehall Twp.
Scholl, Marian M., Miss, Allentown
Searfass, David Nathaniel, Allentown
Shafer, Thalia M., Mrs., Allentown
Smith, George R., Allentown
Smith, Hilda, Mrs., Allentown
Smith, Miriam M., Mrs., Allentown
Stahler, C. D. H., Allentown
Storch, David A., Allentown
Strasser, Alfred F., South Whitehall Twp.,
Super, Audrey, Miss, Allentown
Tighe, Lawrence P., Allentown
Verdegem, Bettie E., Miss, Allentown
Yaindl, Gloria A., Mrs., Allentown

LUZERNE COUNTY

Angradi, Theodore S., Wilkes-Barre
Bednarski, Wadgie, Miss, Wyoming

Benner, Harold A., West Hazleton
Bigelow, John L., Hazelton
Bowman, Willard L., Salem Twp.
Boyle, John F., Wilkes-Barre
Brazell, James R., Wilkes-Barre
Budash, Nicholas, Hazleton
Busacco, Joseph R., Pittston
Carrozza, Albert B., Pittston
Conty, Mary, Miss, Nanticoke
Delaney, Frank J., Wilkes-Barre
Dellisanti, John, Hazelton
Dercole, Mary M., Mrs., Hazelton
Dixon, Leon R., Hazelton
Dymond, Gertrude L., Mrs., Wilkes-Barre
Eckhart, Charles J., Wilkes-Barre
Edwards, Edna Margaret, Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Erwine, Albert, Wilkes-Barre
Evans, Ralph F., Wilkes-Barre
Farrell, Kathryn F., Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Gemski, Mary A., Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Glenn, Marie Therese, Miss, Pittston
Golden, Owen H., Pittston
Haegele, Justus A., Hazelton
Hatfield, Ruth B., Miss, Hazelton
Haussman, Margaret C., Mrs., Wilkes-Barre
Kelly, George J., Nanticoke
Korshalla, Andrew F., Larksville
Kutz, Louis, Newport Twp.
Laubaugh, Adelaide V., Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Leshko, George E., Hazleton
Levin, James J., Wilkes-Barre
Loftus, Stephen Joseph, Wyoming
Loughney, Mary S., Miss, Pittston
Luchetti, Angela J., Mrs., Exeter
McGraw, Elna, Mrs., West Pittston
McGroarty, Margaret, Miss, Wilkes-Barre
McGroarty, Mary A. Miss, Wilkes-Barre
McKane, A. B., Miss, Hazelton
McTigue, Anna L., Miss, Pittston
Meeker, Frances E., Mrs., Dallas Twp.
Michalec, Thomas A., Jenkins Twp.
Mislan, Mary H., Mrs., Exeter
Mollahan, Leonard J., Luzerne
Moore, Daniel J., Freeland
Ney, Dorothy C., Mrs., Wilkes-Barre
O'Boyle, Rosemary, Miss, Pittston
O'Donnell, Charles E., Wilkes-Barre
O'Donnell, Martin J., Freeland
Ogrydziak, Florence, Miss, Hazelton
Patterson, Roswell S., Wilkes-Barre
Podcasy, Bernard J., Wilkes-Barre
Pool, Joseph H., IV, Kingston
Potter, Fred J., Wilkes-Barre
Price, William R., Kingston
Ramage, E. H., Pittston
Reedy, Margaret, Mrs., Hazelton
Roberts, Martha P., Mrs., Nanticoke
Rodgers, Theodore, Wilkes-Barre
Rosen, J. Marvin, Wilkes-Barre
Sailus, George P., Wilkes-Barre
Salwoski, Con, Wilkes-Barre
Sandow, Ruth E., Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Snyder, W. F., Wilkes-Barre
Stair, Arthur L., Salem Twp.
Sylvanus, Frances, Miss, Plymouth
Tomascik, Joseph G., Wilkes-Barre
Traugh, Willard W., Shickshinny
Uhle, Leon, Wilkes-Barre
VanHorn, R. E., Wilkes-Barre
Walck, Joseph G., Hazle Twp.
Watson, Betty V., Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Williams, Joseph A., Wilkes-Barre
Woods, Helen, Miss, Wilkes-Barre
Zawoiski, Martha J., Mrs., Plains Twp.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Bartlow, Rollin C., Muncy
Bell, Jeanne R., Mrs., Williamsport
Bitler, Stanley S., Montoursville
Boatman, Harvey C., Mrs., Jr., Jersey Shore
Burdick, LaRue, Mrs., Williamsport
Campana, Ambrose R., Williamsport
Conrad, R. E., Williamsport
Crist, Durward H., Porter Twp.
Girio, Arthur, Williamsport
Graeff, Constance I., Mrs., Williamsport
Keiter, Lois M., Miss, Williamsport
Kelchner, U. Jane, Miss, Williamsport
Krimm, Amy C., Miss, Williamsport
Kropp, Martha, Mrs., Williamsport
Lentz, Edw. R., McIntyre Twp.
Lilley, Edna C., Miss, Clinton Twp.
Luse, Helen E., Mrs., Williamsport
Mallalieu, W. S., Williamsport
Mileto, Rose R., Miss, Williamsport.
Minnick, Margarette, Mrs., Williamsport.
Robbins, Mary E., Miss, Williamsport.
Ruffaner, Cloyd E., Williamsport.
Shannon, E. S., Mrs., Williamsport.
Shaw, James C., Williamsport.
Van Dine, Earl H., Muncy.
Wetzel, Jean M., Miss, Williamsport.
Woolever, F. L., Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Anderson, Robert W., Kane.
Bishop, C. Fred, Otto Twp.
Carlson, Kenneth C., Kane.
Chiaramonte, Esther C., Mrs., Bradford.
D'Amico, Mary F., Miss, Bradford.
Hill, A. R., Mt. Jewett.
Hill, Ellen V., Mrs., Kane.
Johnston, Thomas J., Foster Twp.
Kanally, Donald E., Port Allegany.
McAndrew, Ann Ventura, Mrs., Bradford.
McCall, Cecelia P., Mrs., Foster Twp.
Monjar, Mary G., Mrs., Smethport.
Polucci, Anne M., Miss, Bradford.
Rader, Ruby G., Mrs., Bradford.
Stephan, Thomas A. E., Bradford.
Sullivan, Wm. S., Otto Twp.
Wick, Robert H., Bradford.
Williams, Russell J., Kane.
Wilt, Ruth R., Mrs., Bradford.
Woodard, Geraldine E., Mrs., Eldred Twp.
Woods, Annabel, Miss, Kane.

MERCER COUNTY

Armstrong, Thos. H., Sharon.
Blythe, L. G., Grove City.
Bodesheim, Mary, Mrs., Grove City.
Bukovinsky, Lena R., Mrs., Sharon.
Dressen, Patricia R., Mrs., Greenville.
Ellics, S. T., Farrell.
Galsky, Raymond J., Sharon.
Godfrey, Hazel C., Miss, Greenville.
Hanaghan, Alice P., Miss, Farrell.
Hogue, Gerald H., Grove City.
Ketler, David W., Grove City.
Kitting, Lillian R., Miss, Sharon.
Magner, James A., Sharon.
Martin, Roy D., Sharon.
McBride, M. L., Jr., Grove City.
Mentzer, Robert Evan, Grove City.
Mirizio, Stephen A., Farrell.
Moore, Elizabeth M., Mrs., Sharon.
Nagel, Grace M., Mrs., Grove City.
Pantall, Harold, Sharon.
Perfilio, Anthony, Sharon.
Phillips, Hazel K., Mrs., Sharon.
Porter, Helen C., Miss, Greenville.
Reidman, Elizabeth, Mrs., Sharon.
Tatman, R. F., Wheatland.
Ujakovich, Angeline, Mrs., Farrell.
Valicenti, F. D., Sharon.
Williamson, Violet, Mrs., Grove City.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Cavanaugh, L. P., Mrs., Lewistown.
Gehret, Robert W., Union Twp.
Gray, Reed E., Lewistown.
Gross, Hubert M., Lewistown.
Paller, Theo. E., Mrs., Lewistown.
Peters, Hazel Ruth, Miss, Derry Twp.
Steinbach, William M., Lewistown.
Walk, D. Donald, Brown Twp.

MONROE COUNTY

Ainspac, Helen M., Miss, Stroudsburg.
Bruch, David F., Stroudsburg.
Drake, Francis R., Stroudsburg.
German, Elwood C., East Stroudsburg.
Haney, Forrest H., East Stroudsburg.
Henning, Theodore R., East Stroudsburg.
Krome, Marjorie F., Mrs., Chestnuthill Twp.
Learn, Martha W., Mrs., East Stroudsburg.
Marvin, Francis M., Pocono Twp.
Mitchell, John M., Stroud Twp.
Mount, Howard, Stroudsburg.
Pearsall, Emily R., Mrs., Stroudsburg.
Smith, Helen C., Mrs., Pocono Twp.
Steffens, H. Clifford, Barrett Twp.
VanEtten, Frank G., Smithfield Twp.
Watt, Cynthia B., Mrs., Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Alden, Theodore J., Lower Merion Twp.
Allen, George J., Cheltenham Twp.
Allerton, Charles W., Norristown.
Avrigan, Harry Jr., Upper Merion Twp.
Bass, William, Upper Frederick Twp.
Baginska, Ida, Miss, Springfield Twp.
Barclay, Samuel K., Narberth.
Barrett, Georgina F., Miss, Lower Merion Twp.
Barry, Robert D., Norristown.
Basco, John J., West Pottsgrove Twp.
Baum, Myrtle I., Mrs., Pottstown.
Bickel, Willard M., Pottstown.
Bickert, Frederick H., Lower Merion Twp.
Biello, Domenic, Cheltenham Twp.
Boone, Irene I., Miss, Cheltenham Twp.
Bortz, William W., Abington Twp.
Brownback, Russell J., Norristown.
Carick, Kathleen Baker, Mrs., Lower Merion Twp.
Ciccarone, Marie, Miss, Norristown.
Comly, Albert M., Springfield Twp.
Comstock, Ralph A., Hatboro.
Conver, Neil L., Norristown.
Cornell, Richard S., Jr., Norristown.
Corum, Emily C., Miss, Norristown.
Cowan, Carl B., Springfield Twp.
Daloisio, Emma, Miss, Bridgeport
Dayton, Nellie S., Mrs., Conshohocken
D'Elia, Jennie R., Miss, Springfield Twp.
Desimone, Robert C., Conshohocken
Donaghy, Florence M., Mrs. Hatfield Twp.
Draper, Edythe J., Miss, Lower Merion Twp.
Dubin, Martha, Mrs., Cheltenham Twp.
Endy, Sheldon Warren, Pottstown
Engles, George F., Franconia Twp.
Erb, Florence A., Miss, Pottstown
Feldman, Rose, Miss, Lower Providence Twp.
Fickert, T. W., Hatfield Twp.
Fickert, William L., Jr., Lower Providence Twp.
Finnel, William, Abington Twp.
Fiorentino, Phyllis M., Miss, Norristown
Fisher, John E., Norristown
Fitzpatrick, W. E., Mrs., Norristown
Francis, Warren Y., Norristown
Freas, Gordon H., Conshohocken
Friend, Edna M., Miss, Conshohocken
Garner, Verna M., Miss, Norristown
Garvin, Archibald W., Cheltenham Twp.
Gerhard, Robert C., Cheltenham Twp.
Giangiulio, Anthony J., Lower Merion Twp.
Goodman, Evelyn R., Mrs., Lower Merion Twp.
Groff, Madison, Souderton
Hankin, Max A., Upper Moreland Twp.
Heebner, Lester S., Norristown
Hocker, Estelle, Mrs., Lower Merion Twp.
Holcombe, Richard W., Lansdale
Justice, Frank G., Cheltenham Twp.
Katarynick, K., Miss, Norristown
Keeler, Harvey, Lansdale
Keim, Myron, Pottstown.
Kennedy, Maureen E., Miss, Norristown.
Kilmartin, James J., Norristown.
Kilmer, Anita, Miss, Jenkintown.
Kilmer, Ethel M., Mrs., Lansdale.
Knorr, W. Griffith, Jr., Abington Twp.
Koch, William B., Conshohocken.
Kratz, Kenneth E., Lansdale.
Kredatus, Elizabeth M., Miss, Lower Merion Twp.
Kromer, Franklin P., Lower Merion Twp.
Kulp, Anna M., Mrs., Norristown.
Lake, Florence, Miss, Lansdale.
Latshaw, Fay A., Miss, Norristown.
Lehman, Joseph, Abington Twp.
Lownes, Charles Thomas, Lower Merion Twp.
Marousi, Helen R. D., Mrs., Pottstown.
McCormick, Violet M., Miss, Lower Merion Twp.
McGroarty, John J., Cheltenham Twp.
McMurray, Mary C., Miss, Springfield Twp.
Miller, Elizabeth C., Miss, Hatboro.
Millili, John J., Cheltenham Twp.
Monaco, Louis, Jr., Conshohocken.
Moore, Mary C., Mrs., Douglass Twp.
Mulford, Elizabeth R., Mrs., Collegeville.
Murray, Harry J., Norristown.
O'Dell, Vivian A., Mrs., Pottstown.
Palomobo, Bettie Anne, Mrs., Norristown.
Phelps, Doris K., Mrs., Lansdale.
Phipps, Walter, Jr., Conshohocken.
Pitassi, Marie F., Miss, Jenkintown.
Plank, Rebecca B., Miss, Lansdale.
Pollock, Elmer C., Pottstown.
Powell, Donald R., Lower Merion Twp.
Rehmann, C. W., Conshohocken.
Riggs, Raymond F., Cheltenham Twp.
Ristine, M. L., Norristown.
Ritrovato, Nicholas, Bridgeport.
Salter, Ethel Mary, Miss, Plymouth Twp.
Scanlon, John F., Jenkintown.
Smith, Charles G., Abington Twp.
Smith, Dorothy C., Mrs., Hatboro.
Smith, Nancy J., Miss, Lower Merion Twp.
Stonesifer, Mazie, Miss, Pottstown.
Studley, Louis E., Abington Twp.
Thomas, Elizabeth A., Miss, Norristown.
Vautier, J. Warren, Abington Twp.
Walker, Sheldon, Norristown.
Walker, Wm. J., Springfield Twp.
Weber, Merrill H., Lansdale.
Weigner, R. Leon, Upper Providence Twp.
Werner, Alberta S., Mrs., Lansdale.
West, Elizabeth B., Mrs., Ambler.
Wheatley, Kenneth B., Hatboro.
Wiand, Lawrence L., Pottstown.
Willut, Emil F., Lower Merion Twp.
Wilson, G. Price, Abington Township.
Wisniewski, Walter W., Conshohocken.
Wiswell, Laurene B., Miss, Lower Providence Twp.
Wolf, Tony, Mrs., Hatboro.
Yerk, Lawrence I., Pennsburg.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Schaefer, Martha L., Mrs., Danville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Albertson, Joseph S., Bethlehem.
Beagle, Betty J., Mrs., Lower Saucon Twp.
Bingham, Elisha J., Wilson.
Brown, Thomas M., Wilson.

Burcaw, Helen E., Miss, Bethlehem.
Case, Valoise, Miss, Easton.
Cerciello, Vincent A., Mrs., Lehigh Twp.
Coley, James R., Easton.
Del Villaggio, Carmela, Miss, Bethlehem.
DeMonte, Dora K., Miss, Wilson.
Devers, Bernard J., Easton.
Dietz, Anna M., Mrs., Bangor.
Dimler, Charles G., Northampton.
Dziedzina, Lois A., Mrs., Nazareth.
Farris, F. M., Easton.
Fisher, William P., Bangor.
Franczak, Jeanne A., Mrs., Nazareth.
Fulton, Leon F., Hellertown.
Hoch, Elizabeth M., Miss, Bethlehem.
Kay, Edna T., Mrs., Easton.
Kilpatrick, James A., Betlehem.
Kranick, K. P., Easton.
La Penna, Harold, Roseto.
Lewis, Edna F., Mrs., Easton.
Lipari, Mary G., Miss, Easton.
Marsh, Samuel N., Easton.
McGarry, John L., Lower Saucon Twp.
McGovern, Robert M., Bethlehem.
McNutt, John E., Bethlehem.
Miller, Robert E., Bethlehem.
Mowrer, Natalie E., Miss, Wilson.
Nagle, Edward A., Palmer Twp.
Nicholas, Rachel A., Miss, Northampton.
O'Donnell, Marion R., Mrs., Bethlehem.
Oravec, Margaret A., Miss, Bethlehem.
Pennington, A. W., Pen Argyl.
Phillips, Irene M., Miss, Easton.
Powell, Marie B., Mrs., Bethlehem.
Quigley, Joseph V., North Catasauqua.
Sabatino, Antoinetta, Miss, Roseto.
Sandercock, Forrest H., Washington Twp.
Sandercock, Russell, East Bangor.
Shafer, Josephine B., Mrs., Palmer Twp.
Thomsa, Richard H., Easton.
Trigiani, Philip, Bangor.
Unangst, Clayton J., Easton.
Vasily, Emily M., Mrs., Bethlehem.
Voight, William F., Jr., Palmer Twp.
Warg, Thurlow R., Bethlehem.
Warman, Kenneth E., Sr., Easton.
Weidner, Bridella A., Miss, Bangor.
Weiss, Emily I., Mrs., Hellertown.
Werner, Karl E., Washington Twp.
West, Doris F., Miss, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Beddo, Carl, Shamokin.
Boyer, Harold C., Coal Twp.
Brouse, Richard S., Sunbury.
Buraczeski, John P., Mount Carmel.
Campbell, Janet L., Miss, West Chillisquaque Twp.
Clark, Kenneth C., Sunbury.
Cottier, Helena M., Mrs., Milton.
Fellon, Leonard A., Zerbe Twp.
Ficca, Robert J., Mount Carmel Twp.
Haupt, William C., Zerbe Twp.
John, Letty S., Miss, Milton.
Kanaskie, Albert T., Shamokin.
Krayniak, Paul J., Shamokin.
Ladika, John, Mount Carmel.
Linderman, Edward F., Shamokin.
Makowski, Vincent B., Shamokin.
Mertz, Eleanor R., Miss, Sunbury.
Rhawn, Guy J., Riverside.
Seiple, Rachel Derr, Mrs., Sunbury.
Sigafoos, Richard J., Shamokin.
Sober, Lewis S., Sunbury.
Tillett, Gertrude S., Mrs., Shamokin.
Varano, Victor G., Kulpmont.
Wingard, F. W., Sunbury.
Woner, Mary Louise, Mrs., Mount Carmel.

PERRY COUNTY

Case, William W., Marysville.
Gantt, V. S., Bloomfield.
Thompson, Charles E., Tyrone Twp.
Weston, Carolyn E., Mrs., Bloomfield.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Adams, Anna T., Miss.
Adams, Robert, 5th.
Ahlers, Wm. H.
Alfonsi, Joseph F.
Allen, Helen L., Mrs.
Amenhauser, H. J.
Ammann, Herman.
Amodei, Peter P.
Anderson, Ernest A.
Angermann, Phyllis S., Mrs.
Armstrong, Valerie L., Miss
Atkinson, Helen B., Mrs.
Aue, Patricia, Mrs.
Auerbach, Boris B.
Aurely, Marie J., Miss.
Ayjian, Mary, Miss.
Ayres, George Matthew.
Baer, Ray, Mrs.
Bailey, Beatrice, Mrs.
Baker, B. Spencer.
Baker, Charles A.
Balm, William N.
Bandorff, Benjamin.
Banner, Jos.
Barmes, Harry J.
Bass, Berenice B., Miss.
Batoff, Herman.
Baumann, Frank.
Bean, Edward D.
Beatty, William J.
Bechtle, Charles R., Sr.
Beekley, John M., Jr.
Beltrame, Iris, Miss.
Bender, Luther L.
Benevento, Joseph, Jr.
Berkowitz, Philip A.
Bernstein, Claire B., Mrs.
Betts, Raymond W.
Bliss, Mollye, Miss.
Blomquist, Rob't E.
Bocalter, Jack.
Bosch, John A., Jr.
Bowes, Almira, Mrs.
Bowman, Richard S.
Boyle, Elizabeth M., Mrs.
Bradley, Margaret H., Mrs.
Brandt, Lester S.
Bratton, Alfred T.
Broadbent, A. H.
Brodsky, Leo E.
Brost, Anna A., Mrs.
Brower, John M.
Brown, Albert F.
Brown, Michael E.
Bubbis, Milton S.
Budwig, Bettie G., Mrs.
Buonassisi, James J.
Burton, Mabel Talley, Mrs.
Butler, Joseph P.
Butterfield, A. C.
Cabrelli, Andrew J.
Caine, Melvin E.
Calderwood, Lilian, Mrs.
Canale, Felix J.
Cardano, James W.
Carman, Nathan.
Carnavil, Robert A.
Carosella, Vincent E.
Carota, Constance Angela, Miss.

Carr, Frances S., Mrs.
Carr, Irene E., Mrs.
Cesa, Joseph A.
Chamberlain, Joseph George.
Cherry, Ella, Mrs.
Cherry, Howard.
Chesler, Leon W.
Chesney, Joseph J.
Cheyney, J. Roland.
Chmielewski, Raymond F.
Chvoka, Otto.
Clair, Edna M., Mrs.
Clark, Minnie C. Hines, Mrs.
Coe, F. C.
Cohen, Jack.
Colbs, Ethel, Mrs.
Cominsky, H.
Conlan, Frances L., Miss.
Conley, John I.
Connolly, Anna E., Miss.
Conover, Wm. Allen.
Cook, Evelyn Janet, Miss.
Cooke, E. M., Miss.
Cornelius, Fred S.
Coyle, Katharine B., Miss.
Creskoff, L. L.
Crofton, J. E.
Cronin, Marie C., Mrs.
Cucinotta, Sebastiano.
Cunningham, John T.
Cunningham, J. Paul.
Curtain, Martha R., Mrs.
Cutler, Saul.
Dale, Paul L.
Dalton, Ruth Helen, Miss.
Daly, Tom.
Darling, Howard A.
Davidson, George H.
Davis, Edward B.
Dean, N. Virginia, Mrs.
Degerberg, A. F.
DeMartinis, Americo A.
DeMarco, Joseph F.
D'Emilio, Elizabeth K., Mrs.
Denby, Renssalaer, Miss.
Dennis, J. W.
Dennis, W. Harlton, Jr.
Dentel, Harry.
DeOlden, Louis J.
DePalma, Silvio M.
Detwiler, Nancy, Miss.
DeVito, Joseph, Jr.
DeWaele, Henry A.
Diamond, Alvin.
Dietsch, Milton G.
Dietzler, Thomas F.
DiGiorgio, H. J.
DiGregorio, Albert M.
DiJoseph, John, Jr.
Doak, Samuel.
Dougherty, Margaret T., Miss.
Douglass, E. Stanley, Jr.
Douglass, Freddie J.
Downey, Joseph M.
Downey, Thomas J.
Dugan, John J.
Edwards, Parke E., Jr.
Effinger, Peter A.
Eggly, Harry R.
Einselen, Mary Y., Mrs.
Eisenman, Helen V., Miss.
Eisemann, M., Miss.
Ermilio, Lawrence A.
Eyanson, Charles K.
Fadeley, Herbert J., Jr.
Fair, Margaret, Miss.
Famiglio, George V.
Farrell, Rita T., Miss.
Fasy, John R.
Fasy, Robert C.
Faulkner, Henry, Jr.
Felepeak, Valentine.
Felton, Frank P., 3rd.
Ferguson, Ethel E., Mrs.
Ferrara, Rose A., Mrs.
Fetter, H. C.
Fichera, Agnes, Miss
Field, Eugene M.
Finley, John J.
Fitzgerald, Joseph F., Jr.
Fitzgerald, William T.
Flynn, Emmett J.
Foley, Jos. J., Jr.
Fontaine, Willabelle, Mrs.
Frascadore, Fred T.
Fried, Milton S.
Friedman, Louis
Friel, Marie E. H., Mrs.
Fry, Frank, J.
Fungaroli, Marie S., Miss
Gabis, Allen B.
Gardner, Mary J., Miss
Garrish, Marie E., Mrs.
Gartside, Edward H.
Gaughan, Reine C., Miss
Gaugher, Norman C.
Gegnas, Edward W.
Geist, Elmer W.
Gelber, Philip
Gentile, Vincent
Gerst, William F.
Gettle, Peter
Gillespie, Dolores M., Miss
Gillin, James J.
Gindhart, Charles A.
Glick, Raymond B.
Gold, Ruth M., Miss
Goldberg, Adele, Mrs.
Goldberg, Louis B.
Goldberg, Vivian H., Miss
Goldenberg, Barton S.
Goldich, Edward N.
Goldman, Harold C.
Goldman, Nan, Miss
Goldner, Louis
Goldsman, Augusta, Miss
Goodman, Sidney
Gordon, Nancy M., Mrs.
Gorson, Norman S.
Goss, Isidore
Gratz, Ernest R.
Grayson, Ethel B., Mrs.
Greber, Morris
Greenfield, Albert M., Jr.
Greenig, Warren R.
Greenleaf, Elizabeth Laetitia, Miss
Griffin, Donald T.
Grisson, Robert W.
Gross, Herbert
Gross, Norman
Guarino, Angelo
Gubin, Sidney H.
Guerin, Mary G., Miss
Haldeman, Charles E.
Hamblin, George
Hamer, Charles E.
Hamilton, Alzada J., Miss
Hammerschmidt, Jacqueline M., Mrs.
Haney, Edward F. J.
Hannigan, Patricia A., Miss
Hanrahan, May, Miss
Hanshaw, Marie M., Mrs.
Harlan, Margaret L., Miss
Harper, John R.
Harrison, Jacqueline S., Miss

Hartmann, William H.
Hartranft, Esther M., Mrs.
Hasenkamp, Marie, Mrs.
Hatton, Bertha C., Mrs.
Hauptman, Alexander M.
Healy, Carol Ellen, Miss
Heaton, Margaret L., Mrs.
Hecht, Samuel J.
Herbert, Manuel D.
Hespell, Frank P.
Hetrick, M., Miss
Heuer, C. L., Miss
Hewlett, Gloria, Miss
Hickey, Joseph W.
Hines, George C.
Hobson, William Ralph
Hoder, Francis
Hohenstein, William H.
Holly, Frederick A., Sr.
Hornbach, Walter
Houlihan, David F., Jr.
Howson, James Day
Hughes, Rosaline E., Mrs.
Hummel, Florence A., Mrs.
Hunter, Doris A., Mrs.
Imber, Bernard J.
Imber, Maurice
Jacobs, Ben
Jacobs, Pauline W., Mrs.
Jacobson, Herbert J.
Jardel, Joseph A.
Jeter, Dorothy R., Mrs.
Jeude, Alma M., Mrs.
Jones, Elizabeth, Mrs.
Jordan, Frank G.
Judd, John R.
Juros, Claire B., Mrs.
Kane, Arthur J.
Kasmen, Michael
Katz, Samuel
Kazanjian, Charles
Keller, Kenneth W.
Kelley, Aimee E., Miss
Kennedy, James E., Sr.
Kennedy, Patricia A., Mrs.
Keogh, W. J., Jr.
Kerr, Melvin K.
Kick, Edward, Jr.
Kimbel, Owen K., Jr.
Kligman, Sue, Miss
Knable, Ann M., Miss
Koehler, J. W.
Kolbmann, Hugh M.
Konchar, Celia, Mrs.
Konstant, Edmund
Kopp, Donald C.
Korzuch, Dorothy C., Miss
Kovrak, J., Mrs.
Krassenstein, Lena, Miss
Krug, Joseph A.
Krulle, Albert H.
Kuchenmeister, Joseph A.
Kurpiewski, Chester J.
Kurtz, Franklin D.
Laffey, Eugene T.
Lam, Robert M.
Lamb, Rita M., Miss
Lambert, Margaret S., Mrs.
Landis, Irene M., Miss
Lane, Dorothy C., Mrs.
Lange, Elmer A.
Langman, Stanley
Lanzidelle, Lydia B., Miss
Laufer, John W., Sr.
Laurelli, James A.
Lauria, Irene, Miss
Law, Kathryn N., Mrs.
Lawler, Mary E., Miss
Leaness, Jerrold
Leibovitz, Florence C., Mrs.
Leifer, Blanche, Miss
Lenge, Vincent J.
Leon, Marvin G.
Leschinsky, George
Levin, Abraham
Levin, Rose, Mrs.
Levinson, Frances, Mrs.
Levitt, Shirley, Miss.
Levy, Leona Thelma, Miss.
Levy, Reba, Miss.
Lewis, Miriam, Miss.
Lichtman, Maurice.
Liechty, Augustine J.
Liermann, Anna M., Miss.
Lightowler, Albert.
Liss, Irving.
Lister, Sydney.
Litman, Samuel S.
Lloyd, W. Bruce.
Loewer, Adeline, Mrs.
Logan, Walter J.
Lohr, Edward.
Lomax, Ida M., Miss.
Lopopolo, John Vincent.
Lorich, Frank R.
Loughran, H. M., Miss.
Lovering, Pearl H., Mrs.
Lowenthal, Harold J.
Lulewitch, Amelia E., Mrs.
Lunas, J. D., Miss.
Macadoo, Marion R., Miss.
MacArthur, John W.
Macchiaroli, Michele.
Maher, Nellie C., Mrs.
Maicher, Michael.
Maier, Fred W.
Maier, Jos. A.
Mail, Eunice S., Mrs.
Malone, Vivienne, Mrs.
Maloney, F. I., Miss
Manco, Ralph Jerry
Mann, Ada L., Miss.
Mantione, S. A. E., Miss.
Margulis, Jack W.
Mars, Herbert I.
Martelli, Rosemarie, Mrs.
Martin, Anne F., Mrs.
Martin, Eleanor M., Mrs.
Martin, Francis J.
Martin, John J.
Martin, Rosebud H., Mrs.
Martinez, Esther, Mrs.
Martucci, Valjean, Mrs.
Mathers, Bessie S., Mrs.
Mathews, Anne M., Mrs.
Matt, Edna M., Miss.
Mattson, J. O.
McAllister, J. Harvey.
McCabe, Mary E., Miss.
McCarthy, Marie M., Mrs.
McClintock, Helen A., Miss.
McConaghy, Maxine S., Mrs.
McCoy, Frank T.
McCue, Elizabeth P., Mrs.
McDermott, Mary E., Miss.
McDevitt, Jane M., Miss.
McEwing, William.
McGettigan, Norbert J.
McGill, John F.
McGonigle, Daniel E.
McGovern, James.
McGowan, John F., Jr.
McGraw, Julia Elizabeth, Miss.
McGraw, Lottie G., Mrs.
McGrory, Mary, Miss.
McHugh, Clare M., Miss.

McHugh, Margaret L., Mrs.
McIlvane, Howard J.
McIntyre, Thomas A.
McKenna, Florence C., Mrs.
McKeone, Leo D.
McLaughlin, Hugh, Jr.
McLaughlin, Lois, Mrs.
McNally, Mary D., Miss.
Meade, Melba, Mrs.
Meadow, Herman.
Mehl, Theodore A.
Melendez, Diego, Jr.
Melody, Edward J.
Messa, Joseph L.
Metzger, A. P., Miss.
Meyer, Edward H., Jr.
Miles, Allen B.
Milici, Philomena, Miss.
Miller, Donald S.
Miller, Samuel J.
Millman, Julius.
Minemier, Charles E.
Misciagna, Cecelia, Miss.
Mitchell, John J.
Mitchell, Leslie L.
Moleski, Elizabeth B., Mrs.
Mollenkof, Elizabeth D., Mrs.
Monihan, C. M.
Montijo, Florence S., Mrs.
Mooney, John J.
Morgan, Edna J., Mrs.
Morgan, Francis X.
Moscariello, Frank V.
Moyer, Miriam V., Miss.
Muchnick, Pearl H., Miss.
Mulhollem, John K.
Mundorf, Lester C.
Murch, Violet H., Mrs.
Murphy, Editha, Miss.
Murphy, William J.
Myers, Bertha B., Mrs.
Nace, William T.
Napoli, Madeline Rita, Miss.
Nash, Calvin K.
Needhammer, Robert.
Neff, Freda, Miss.
Newman, Geo. W.
Newman, Janice A., Miss.
Nicolo, Peter J.
Nierenburg, Erwin G.
Nordlinger, L. M.
Norkin, Benjamin.
Noris, Edward J.
Notskas, Castor.
Novack, Rosalie, Miss.
Nowak, Josephine L., Mrs.
Nulf, James J.
Nuver, Francis D.
O'Brien, Eleanor L., Miss.
Oestreich, Marie F., Miss.
O'Malley, Madeline F., Miss.
O'Neill, Anna M., Mrs.
O'Neill, N. M., Miss.
O'Neill, Thomas A.
Orloff, Hyman J.
Owdziej, Stanley T.
Palermo, Frank.
Panetta, Vincent J.
Parker, Joseph P.
Passini, Evelyn, Miss.
Pelzer, Ruth E., Mrs.
Perks, Eleanor E., Mrs.
Perry, Beatrice J., Miss.
Peterson, John J.
Pfaff, A. C.
Piening, Dorothy Marie, Miss.
Pinto, Rose, Miss.
Pope, Florence G., Miss.
Porter, Oliver T.
Porter, Theodore C.
Potter, Ralph O.
Prendergast, Alice I., Mrs.
Pruslin, Lillian, Miss.
Przeklasa, Wanda T., Miss.
Pulaski, Rose Mary, Miss.
Quantin, Richard J.
Quitmeyer, Helen A,, Miss.
Ramage, Beatrice M., Miss.
Random, Jos.
Rankin, James W.
Rastelli, Catherine, Miss.
Rayne, James D.
Read, Lottie A., Miss.
Reckefus, Margaret M., Mrs.
Reese, Henry A.
Reif, Eliezer David.
Reilly, Lorraine L., Mrs.
Richardson, John H.
Richter, V. Elaine, Miss.
Rickhoff, Grace L., Mrs.
Rigney, John C. A.
Rigrodsky, Edith, Mrs.
Riley, Ruth A., Miss.
Ritchie, Joseph R., Jr.
Rivers, Katherine S., Mrs.
Robinson, John W.
Robinson, Richard S.
Robson, John E., Jr.
Roebuck, Mary A., Mrs.
Rogers, Carol M., Miss.
Rohach, Juvenal E.
Rohrman, N. L.
Roisman, William W.
Romisher, Harriet, Miss.
Ronciglione, Perry.
Ronney, John A.
Rose, Charles M.
Rosen, Marvin.
Rosenbloom, Louis S.
Rosenthal, Rhoda L., Miss.
Rosenthal, Robert.
Rosing, H., Miss.
Ross, Georgeanna, Miss.
Rothstein, Max.
Ruby, Charles A.
Rudd, Diana M., Mrs.
Ruhling, Cathryne M., Mrs.
Ryan, Anthony J.
Ryan, Herbert E., Jr.
Ryan, James, 3rd.
Ryan, John J.
Sander, Clara E., Mrs.
Sands, Charles S.
Sannini, John J.
Santoro, Marie M., Mrs.
Saunders, Viola G., Mrs.
Savar, M. W., Mrs.
Savin, Allen B.
Schatz, Dora L., Mrs.
Scheerer, Frederick H.
Schillow, Chris P.
Schimpf, Wm. F.
Schloss, Leonard W.
Schmidt, William E.
Schreiber, Leonard.
Schreiner, W. J.
Schroth, Charles W. H., Jr.
Schurgot, Edmund L.
Schwartz, Paul B.
Schwartz, Samuel D.
Schwindt, Philip C.
Scott, Gladys D., Miss.
Scott, John J.
Seltzer, Edith, Mrs.
Semenick, Anne, Miss.
Serafini, Olinto R.
Seymour, William J.

Shaft, Elizabeth M., Mrs.
Shallcross, Clarence.
Sharp, Louis.
Shaughnessy, Mary E., Miss.
Shaw, Alexander R.
Shaw, E. S., Mrs.
Sherman, Daniel.
Sherry, Marian E., Miss.
Shoemaker, Leah M., Miss.
Shore, Charles.
Shulman, Lillian K., Mrs.
Siani, Constance R., Miss.
Siegel, Nathan.
Silberman, Morris.
Silvano, James C.
Silver, Barbara E., Mrs.
Simon, Herman.
Simons, Minerva P., Mrs.
Singer, David.
Singleton, Wilbert.
Sirlin, Leonard.
Sister, M. Florence.
Skahan, Richard C.
Skowronski, Aloysius C.
Skukauski, Dorothy B., Mrs.
Slemmer, John O.
Smith, Beatrice M., Miss.
Smith, Carmenta, Miss.
Smith, Carolyn, Miss.
Smith, Edna G., Miss.
Smith, Francis M.
Smith, Frederick W.
Smith, John J.
Smith, Julia M., Mrs.
Smith, Marie T., Miss.
Smith, Robert S.
Smith, Wm. K.
Smyth, J. C.
Snyder, Edward M.
Solo, Stanley A.
Spothelf, Walter E.
Sperling, Dorothy E., Miss.
Spiller, Matthew.
Spitz, Mae L., Mrs.
Stahl, William A.
Steel, Dorothy R., Miss.
Stein, Arthur.
Stevick, Nita J., Mrs.
Stockburger, Lillian, Miss.
Stokes, James Alexander.
Streeper, W. Earl.
Stroebele, Roger J.
Struebing, Alfred H.
Stuber, John T., Jr.
Sullivan, Kathryn A., Miss.
Sulzburgh, Maurice.
Swenson, Raymond F.
Tadlock, Pauline F., Miss.
Tatum, Harmon J.
Taucher, Margaret T., Miss.
Taylor, Jesse.
Terpolilli, James.
Thomas, John H.
Thomas, Joseph A.
Thorne, David J., Jr.
Thornton, James L.
Tinkleman, Samuel S.
Tissian, Sylvia, Mrs.
Tluck, Emily G., Miss.
Toben, Harry D.
Toboldt, Marie K., Mrs.
Tomkinson, J.
Townsend, Ida C., Miss.
Tranquillo, Vincent T.
Travaglini, Anna, Mrs.
Trickle, William E.
Tulskie, Joseph J.
Turner, Effie, Mrs.
Turner, Harry B.
Tyson, Ethel, Miss.
Uleau, Sebina G., Miss.
Varra, Mary, Miss.
Voltz, C. W.
Wainwright, Gloria, Miss.
Wajdyk, Dorothy S., Mrs.
Walker, Catherine B., Mrs.
Walker, Charles R.
Walker, Hattie, Mrs.
Walsh, John M.
Walton, Adele, Miss.
Watters, Elizabeth H., Miss.
Weber, Robert G., Jr.
Wehr, Joseph A.
Weiler, Stanford L.
Weissberger, Wilfred W.
Weinstein, Mildred, Miss.
Weissman, Marvin.
Welliver, Kathryn I., Miss.
Wenzel, Mildred B., Mrs.
West, G. H.
West, John W.
White, C. Allan.
Wiley, Ida G., Mrs.
Williams, Emma Jane, Mrs.
Williams, Rosalie E., Mrs.
Wills, Victor W.
Wilson, Martha G., Mrs.
Winterberg, Samuel J.
Wiser, Robert.
Witte, Herman.
Wolfenden, Mariella, Mrs.
Wolfington, Frank E.
Wolk, Joseph J.
Wong, Peter S.
Woodcock, D. A.
Woodward, Lucy L., Mrs.
Wunsch, Ernest.
Yaffe, Lillian, Mrs.
Young, Thomas H.
Young, Warren F.
Zaccone, Samuel J.
Zalles, Theodore A.
Zaslow, Harry.
Zelaney, Frank E.
Zimmerman, Helen M., Mrs.
Zubrow, Estelle, Miss.

PIKE COUNTY

Casey, Thos. A., Matamoras.

POTTER COUNTY

Burt, Margaret M., Mrs., Coudersport.
Gunzburger, F. W., Coudersport.
McLaughlin, Robert S., Shingle House.
Sharp, G. Floyd, Austin.
Swartwout, Frederick H., Coudersport.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Anns, George W., Jr., Pottsville.
Bartholomew, Helen W., Mrs., Pottsville.
Bassler, Harry J., Jr., Mt. Carbon.
Bereschak, Mary J., Miss., Shenandoah.
Beyrent, Grace Carr, Mrs., Tamaqua.
Bolick, Louis C., Shenandoah.
Boyer, Charles J., Pottsville.
Boyer, Lorraine A., Mrs., Pine Grove.
Caufield, Alphonsus M., Butler Twp.
Dombroski, Martha, Mrs., Shenandoah.
Fanok, John, Pottsville.
Farrell, Esther Mary, Mrs., Shenandoah.
Farrell, Mollie J., Miss, Ashland.
Fisher, Norman Asbury, Mahanoy City.
Fox, Elizabeth M., Miss, Pottsville.
Gallo, Frank, Jr., Shenandoah.

Gaveletz, Eleanore C., Miss, Pottsville.
Gradwell, Gordon, Frackville.
Hablett, Doris B., Mrs., Schuylkill Haven.
Hildebrand, Warren L., Pottsville.
Howachyn, Mary, Miss, Shenandoah.
Jones, Daniel D., Jr., Rush Twp.
Kaichella, Kathryn, Miss, Pottsville.
Kauffman, Ellsworth R., Pine Grove.
Kellagher, Mary L., Miss, Pottsville.
Kilker, Mary R., Mrs., Girardville.
Kline, Mildred N., Mrs., Mahanoy City.
Laudeman, Alice, Miss, Pottsville.
Lazur, John G., Tamaqua.
Lecher, Edgar J., Pottsville.
Leitzel, Eleanor P., Mrs., Upper Mahantonga Twp.
Lewis, William J., Shenandoah.
McCall, M. H., Mrs., Pottsville.
Mellon, Michael G., Mahanoy City.
Mullen, Walter F., Schuylkill Haven.
Mulligan, Raymond J., Pottsville.
Nattress, Rita E., Mrs., Girardville.
Pikunas, John J., Mahanoy City.
Schneck, Walter H., North Manheim Twp.
Souders, Robert P., Pottsville.
Stednick, Florence, Miss, Tamaqua.
Stenulis, Eleanor, Mrs., Pottsville.
Suender, Mary S., Mrs., Mahanoy City.
Toomey, Joseph F., West Mahanoy Twp.
Walker, Robert L., Mahanoy City.
Waters, Grace E., Miss, Pottsville.
Bowersox, Betty J., Miss, Selinsgrove.
Kline, Jean A., Mrs., Spring Twp.
Luck, George I., Selinsgrove.
Rine, Donald B., Chapman Twp.
Schaffer, Raymond, Selinsgrove.
McCreary, Ralph T., Monroe Twp.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Berardone, Robert A., Windber.
Cassler, James E., Benson.
Crognale, Rose L., Miss, Windber.
Floto, Martha E., Mrs., Meyersdale.
Hepner, M. Geraldine, Mrs., Meyersdale.
LaMonaca, Arthur P., Windber.
Lindstrom, John S., Windber.
Maurer, Ruth G., Mrs., Boswell.
Naugle, Harry A., Conemaugh Twp.
Neilan, J. H., Somerset.
Ohs, Edw., Conemaugh Twp.
Ringer, Dwane E., Confluence.
Ringer, H. R., Jr., Confluence.
Rose, Gladys, Miss, Somerset Twp.
Sass, Mildred B., Mrs., Somerset.
Woods, James E., Windber.
Yocca, Florence, Miss, Windber.
Yoder, Martha S., Mrs., Summit Twp.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Connolly, L. T., Dushore.
Hess, Emma C., Mrs., Davidson Twp.
Lambert, Robert A., Dushore.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Comstock, Nina T., Mrs., New Milford.
Heier, Geraldine, Mrs., Great Bend Twp.
Minkler, Martha H., Mrs., Montrose.
O'Malley, Martin D., Susquehanna Depot.
Sanauskas, Joseph, Lenox Twp.
Titus, Doris T., Mrs., Montrose.
Townsend, Kathryn S., Mrs., Oakland.

TIOGA COUNTY

Andrews, Laura B., Mrs., Jackson Twp.
Bailey, M. Jeannette, Miss, Mansfield.
Baldwin, E. Turner, Miss, Tioga.
Brooks, Helen W., Mrs., Wellsboro.
Buchanan, W. D., Clymer Twp.
Erwin, J. T., Westfield.
Kerrick, Elizabeth B., Mrs., Wellsboro.
Lane, Mae L., Mrs., Mansfield.
Lewis, Verna S., Mrs., Wellsboro.
Manning, Clair W., Wellsboro.
Mosher, Delos C., Wellsboro.
Myers, John F., Mansfield.
Myers, Myrtle S., Mrs., Mansfield.
Smith, Lillian E., Miss, Wellsboro.
Taylor, Lewis C., Middlebury Twp.
Wetherbee, Naomi C., Mrs., Wellsboro.

UNION COUNTY

Antonicci, Esther H., Mrs., Lewisburg.
Brouse, Carrie, Mrs., Lewisburg.
Evans, Joseph C., Lewisburg.
Kauffman, Bernice E., Mrs., Lewisburg.
Nickerson, E. Gertrude, Mrs. Lewisburg.
O'Donnell, H. Fred, Lewisburg.
Renninger, Leonard W., Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Allen, Harriet M., Miss, Oil City.
Breene, William E., Oil City.
Burt, Richard K., Sugar Creek Twp.
Cotterman, Betty, Miss, Franklin.
Diek, Robert E., Cranberry Twp.
Eakin, Frances H., Mrs., Franklin.
Ferguson, John H., Oil City.
Garvey, Francis J., Jr., Franklin.
McBride, Merle D., Franklin.
Redmond, Lucretia W., Mrs., Oil City.
Robertson, W. A., Franklin.
Silzle, Geo. W., Pinegrove Twp.
Smith, Fred R., Oil City.
Sprauer, Bomar G., Oil City.
Stanton, T. F., Oil City.
Stephens, O. Dale, Oil City.
Tunstall, K., Mrs., Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

Barrett, Mary K., Mrs., Conewango Twp.
Blick, H. F., Warren.
Bliss, Edwin E., Warren.
Bramer, Alice, Mrs., Sheffield Twp.
Carbon, Kathryn M., Mrs., Warren.
Dahl, Henry J., Warren.
Monroe, Florence C., Mrs., Warren.
Rader, Ervin L., Sheffield Twp.
Schmidt, Pauline, Mrs., Warren
Smith, Virginia Kamerer, Mrs., Warren
Thomson, Harold H., Southwest Twp.
Thomson, Ralph W., Southwest Twp.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Anderson, Jeanne, Miss, Charleroi
Backner, William E., Canonsburg
Bentley, Grant, Fallowfield Twp.
Bilotta, Isabella P., Miss, Washington
Birnie, Graves, McDonald
Booth, J. M., Ellsworth
Borrello, Ernest, Monongahela
Brigode, William R., Monongahela
Campbell, Margaret A., Mrs., Canonsburg
Carroll, Regis, Charleroi
Carson, Donnis M., Miss, Monongahela
Chastulik, Stella K., Mrs., Smith Twp.
Cronin, Nancy L., Miss, Washington
Cummins, Andrew W., Canonsburg
DeSensi, Vincent, Washington
DiPrampero, Louise, Miss, East Bethlehem Twp.
Drosdick, Andrew, Canonsburg
Dudro, Lillian C., Miss, Charleroi
Ebeling, Rowene, Miss, Washington
Estaque, Elaine, Miss, Charleroi

Faieta, Dorothy, Mrs., Centerville
Farner, William E., Burgettstown
Forsythe, Lois J., Mrs., Washington
Fratoni, A. J., Burgettstown
Gaydos, Pauline N., Miss, Donora
Gordon, Muriel S., Mrs., Washington
Grant, Rose, Mrs., Charleroi
Heres, Betty Jane, Miss, Washington
Hersey, Carrie Jane, Mrs., Washington
Hill, Sara N., Mrs., Charleroi
Hornbeck, D. Fontaine, Miss, Donora
Huston, Lillian W., Mrs., Canonsburg
Imperator, Helen M., Mrs., Canonsburg
Kilgore, Margaret, Mrs., North Strabane Twp.
Kudas, Anthony, Bentleyville
Kudas, Walter E. J., Bentleyville
Lemley, Wanda E., Mrs., Monongahela
Leopold, Daniel A., Charleroi
Levin, Nettie M., Mrs., Canonsburg
Lewis, William Vernon, Charleroi
Longdon, Robert E., Washington
Mahaney, L. A., California
Malone, Robert Wallace, Washington
Mansfield, Mildred Y., Mrs., Washington
McCarthy, Esther, Mrs., Canton Twp.
McClellan, Jack I., East Bethlehem Twp.
McKee, Emma Louise, Miss, Speers
Megles, Michael, Cokeburg
Morgan, Gladys R., Mrs., Charleroi
Morrow, H. A., Washington
Mounts, Ellen L., Miss, Washington
Mullins, William J., Chariters Twp.
O'Brien, Rosemary, Miss, Washington
Pasquinelli, Norman, Miss, Charleroi
Patterson, Robert H., Washington
Penn, W. Grant, Canonsburg
Pollak, Margaret V., Miss, Washington
Quivey, Irene G., Mrs., Cecil Twp.
Ranone, Vincent, North Franklin Twp.
Rutan, Arthur S., Charleroi
Shroyer, Phyllis L., Mrs. California
Smith, Elizabeth F., Mrs., Washington
Smith, Mary Lea, Mrs., Washington
Stark, Marion C., Miss, Charleroi
Stephenson, Elsie G., Mrs., West Brownsville
Swartz, H. L., Centerville
Ullom, June G., Mrs., Washington

WAYNE COUNTY

Buckley, Charles J., Honesdale
Cramer, W. J., Waymart
Herzog, Helen L., Mrs., Honesdale
Mundy, Robert J., Honesdale
Rimlinger, Monica, Miss, Honesdale
Seegner, Minnie E., Mrs., Honesdale
Stookey, Thelma A., Mrs., Honesdale
Syower, Edward H., Honesdale

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Antolini, Louis P., Greensburg
Armel, George F., South Greensburg
Betty, Charles A., Latrobe
Blank, Carolyn M., Mrs., Greensburg
Boggs, George H., Sewickley, Twp.
Bonidy, Joseph, New Kensington
Britt, Robert L., Sewickley Twp.
Brown, Thomas C., Latrobe
Cardillo, Charles V., Vandergrift
Chambers, May, Mrs., Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Clark, Florence B., Mrs., Grensburg
Coleman, William R., Latrobe
Connors, Aloysius J., Scottdale
Cook, Ruth B., Mrs., Ligonier
Culp, Ada M., Miss, Avonmore
Davanti, Anthony Thomas, Jeannette
DeVinney, J. B., Irwin
DiPadova, Agnes, Miss, Salem Twp.
Dodds, James S., Franklin Twp.
Dolinar, Louis A., Unity Twp.
Donald, John, Arnold
Dydiw, Walter, Salem Twp.
Eiseman, F. C., Jr., Latrobe
Feryok, Regina Mrs., Monessen
Franks, June, Miss, Monessen
Fulton, Mary D., Mrs., Monessen
Garner, James T., South Greensburg
Gibson, James E., West Newton
Graham, Robert A., Vandergrift
Griffin, Joseph H., Youngwood
Hauer, Audrey J., Miss, Ligonier
Hegan, Robert C., Greensburg
Hershberger, Earl L., Greensburg
Hofer, D. B., New Kensington
Hood, Mae M., Mrs., New Kensington
Hunger, Donald H., Arnold
Hunger, Richard J., Vandergrift
Hunter, David G., Latrobe
Johnston, Alison R., Miss, Greensburg
Joyce, T. A., Miss, Greensburg
Keirn, Raymond J., Vandergrift
Kelly, Imogene, Mrs., Scottdale
Klein, Milton, Monessen
Koch, R. H., Scottdale
Korzak, A. J., Latrobe
Kracsun, Mary H., Miss, West Newton
Lauffer, William E., Export
Lowstetter, Robert C., Greensburg
Lunn, William G., Hempfield Twp.
Mahady, Robert E., Greensburg
Mayers, Clarence, Hempfield Twp.
Mazzotta, Elsie, Mrs., New Kensington
McBride, Raymond H., Vandergrift
McGeary, Robert G., Vandergrift
McKain, George W., Greensburg
McKelvie, Robert R., Monessen
McKenna, James W., Rostraver Twp.
Milne, Louise F., Mrs., Southwest Greensburg
Mowry, R. B., Derry
Myers, J. L., West Leechburg
Nigra, Margaret, Miss, Latrobe
Nolan, William F., Greensburg
Pagliarulo, Rita Jean, Miss, Vandergrift
Patalone, Emma P., Miss, Greensburg
Patton, Neil S., Vandergrift
Patty, Earl G., Export
Pavetti, Leech F., Jeannette
Peach, Martha L., Miss, Jennette
Pender, Lucy, Miss, Monessen
Pethick, Robert R., New Kensington
Poole, A. H., Jeannette
Ringling, Louis S., Greensburg
Rupert, Edna M., Miss, Vandergrift
St. Clair, Walter W., Latrobe
Sedam, James E., Arnold
Semelsberger, T. R., Ligonier
Shaffer, A. H., Vandergrift
Shaffer, R. W., Donegal
Sheridan, Joseph P., Monessen
Shrader, Laird F., Jeannette
Simmermon, James E., New Kensington
Sivak, Cecilia M., Mrs., Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Sloan, C. K., Trafford
Smith, Floyd L., Greensburg
Snyder, Helen B., Miss, Greensburg
Sparks, Harold, Scottdale
Szyroki, Angeline, Mrs., Arnold
Titterington, C. A., Scottdale
Travis, Alfred, North Huntingdon Twp.
Wenick, George, North Belle Vernon
Westerman, Milton J., New Kensington
Wilkinson, J. Y., North Belle Vernon
Woods, William E., Jr., Latrobe
Zakour, Charles, Ligonier
Zundel, Clyde R., Latrobe

WYOMING COUNTY

Barnes, John H., Jr., Laceyville
Hill, Anna S., Mrs., Tunkhannock

YORK COUNTY

Aldinger, Viola, Miss, Springetsbury Twp.
Arter, Edgar L., Jr., Penn Twp.
Beck, Myrtle M., Mrs., New Salem
Benedict, Albert S., Dallastown
Bream, Roy A., Hanover
Brenneman, Charles E., York
Brenneman, Lois E., Mrs., West Manchester Twp.
Conner, Mervin B., Jr., York
Conway, Gladys M., Mrs., Dallastown
Desenberg, Ronald W., West York
Doll, Esther, Mrs., York
Douglas, J. LeRoy, Dallastown
Dubbs, Harvey C., Jr., Jacobus
Eyler, Clarence J., Jr., York
Fulton, Robert N., York
Gerber, M. Lawrence, Dover
Gipe, Betty, Miss, Conewago Twp.
Grove, Ray T., York
Hamme, Richard E., York
Harbold, E. C., Carrol Twp.
Hass, Richard O., York
Hildebrand, Lelewellyn A., York
Hinkle, George U., Spring Garden Twp.
Hoffman, O. L., Hallam
Hull, Pauline B., Mrs., York
Isenberg, William B., Spring Garden Twp.
Kline, Mary Bean, Mrs., West York
Knipel, Leola M., Mrs., Hanover
Kurtz, Charlotte R., Miss, York
Lovett, Elizabeth M., Mrs., York
Mann, Pryllis J., Miss, York
Marshall, Ruth V., Mrs., Dallastown
McMaster, James H., Hanover
Miller, Joseph J., Hanover
Miller, Mildred E., Mrs., York
Mills, Thomas C., Jr., York
Naill, William Young, Jr., Hanover
Noel, Joseph L., Hanover
Nystrom, B. W., York
Peterman, J. H., Hanover
Peters, Mary R., Miss, Spring Garden Twp.
Petry, Carson C., York
Reichard, Romaine C., Mrs., Windsor
Riley, Marion S., Mrs., York
Sott, H. Oscar, Spring Garden Twp.
Searle, Mary I., Mrs., Hanover
Sechrist, Betty J., Miss, York
Seigman, Miriam, Miss, York
Shearer, Robert A., West Manchester Twp.
Smith, Charles D., West Manchester Twp.
Smith, Edith B., Mrs., Conewago Twp.
Smith, H. Elwood, Jr., York
Smith, Woodrow W., York
Spahr,, Emerson R., West York
Spangler, Mildred E., Mrs., Warrington Twp.
Spangler, Walter Z., York
Sprenkle, Lester S., Windsor Twp.
Stein, Charles W., Dallastown
Strausbaugh, Jean, Mrs., Glen Rock
Stump, Merle I., Jacobus
Weaver, Kathryn L., Miss, York
Williamson, Katherine, Mrs., North Hopewell Twp.
Woltman, Frederick R., Manchester Twp.
Young, Elizabeth J., Mrs., West York

JOHN S. FINE

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS, for the term of five years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names:

James A. L. Harris, Wildwood, New Jersey, May 10, 1949.
Frederick D. Gebhardt, North Caldwell, New Jersey, June 9, 1949.
William Dayton, Wildwood Crest, New Jersey, November 18, 1949.
Harry Edwin Pierson, New York City, New York, December 27, 1949.
George C. Hamm, Jamaica, Long Island, New York, March 13, 1950.
August M. Asseier, Jamaica, Long Island, New York, March 3, 1950.
Louis Gould, Wildwood, New Jersey, March 20, 1950.
Willis F. Houghtling, Kenmore, New York, March 29, 1950.
(Mrs.) Amelia B. Orlando, Washington, D. C., May 15, 1950.
Irving Bershader, Callicoon, New York, May 15, 1950.
(Miss) Florence M. Fitzinger, New York City, New York, May 22, 1950.
Robert W. Friesinger, Pompton Plains, New Jersey, July 19, 1950.
William F. Kille, Narrowsburg, New York, July 24, 1950.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Haluska,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION DEALING WITH "SEX OFFENDERS"

Mr. McPHERSON, JR., on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

P. O. Box 61

Room 450—Capitol Building

Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, Session of 1951, dealing with "Sex Offenders."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the Senate on November 22, 1950.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The Communication will be spread upon the Journal and the report will be printed in full in the Appendix.

CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filing vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 3, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. CHAPMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, January 17, 1951, at 12:00 o'clock noon, Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:16 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, January 17, 1951, at 12:00 o'clock noon, Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, January 16, 1951

The House met at 10:00 a. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. SORG) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

O God, the strength of all those who put their trust in Thee; Mercifully accept our prayer; and because, through the weakness of our mortal nature, we can do no good thing without Thee, grant us the help of Thy grace, that we may faithfully serve Thee and Thy people, and in keeping Thy commandments we may please Thee, both in will and deed; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, January 15, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

The SPEAKER. The Chair requests the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith, to preside.

Mr. SMITH IN THE CHAIR.

REPORT FROM JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

Mr. BOWER. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith a Report of the Joint State Government Commission, Session of 1951, dealing with "Sex Offenders."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the House of Representatives on November 22, 1950.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Persons in the hall of the House who have inaugural tickets must go to the stands now. They will not be permitted to accompany the Members in line of march to the ceremonies.

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Members of the Inaugural Committee present in the House, are requested to report to the Governor's Reception Room immediately.

The Inaugural Committee consists of Messrs. Mikula, Chairman, Kratz, Kline, Dalrymple, Reagan, Greenwood, Erb, Madigan, Guthrie, Wachhaus, Greer, McCormack, Madden.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair would like to inquire of the Minority Leader whether he availed himself of the towing service promised him last night.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I did. When I went out to look at my car, there was a dead battery, completely dead. All the battery needed was just to have the connection made. The people with the towing truck didn't know that, so they towed my car to the proper place. I made the connections and everything is all right.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is glad to know that it is only the battery of the gentleman from Cambria that is dead.

Mr. ANDREWS. Might I inform the Speaker that I long ago discovered how to recharge batteries, which a great many people in this Hall don't seem to know.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair would greatly appreciate if the Minority Leader would tell the Majority Leader how to do that, please.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. If there are no objections the Chair will declare a recess until 4:30 p. m. The Chair hears none and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

APPOINTMENT OF SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor, which was read as follows:

Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have apointed Duncan C. McCallum of Leechburg, Armstrong County, to be Secretary to the Governor.

JOHN S. FINE.

The SPEAKER. It is indeed a pleasure for the Chair to welcome the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. McCallum, to serve in cooperation with us as Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth. It is nice to have him with us again.

The Chair recognizes the Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

The SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR (Duncan C. McCallum). May I wish you Members a very successful and short session.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR FINE PRINTED IN JOURNAL

Mr. FLACK. Mr. Speaker, I move that the inaugural address of His Excellency the Governor, John S. Fine, be printed in full in the Legislative Journal.

The motion was agreed to.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JOHN S. FINE

My Fellow Pennsylvanians:

You have entrusted to me the administration of the government of our Commonwealth for the next four years. I realize the tremendous responsibilities of these times, fraught as they are with the terrific clash of ideologies and the bitter conflict of beliefs and denials—the belief in truth and God against untruth and denial of God. I humbly acknowledge the great trust of serving you at a time when we are engaged in a militant crusade for peace.

I begin my duties with mixed feelings, but no misgivings; happy to have the opportunity to serve, yet humble before the magnitude of the task. No man can lightly regard the grave responsibilities that today go hand in hand with public service.

We are living in a period that requires the most rigid economies in government for other than defense and human needs, and demands a multitude of sacrifices on the part of each individual. This is the era of sacrifice, of strict Spartan living, that freedom may survive in a world threatened with enslavement. We will, and we must, endure endless restrictions so that we and others may remain free—free to work, free to speak, free to worship. We face a temporary end to luxuries, a curtailment of necessities to a minimum.

The indomitable spirit that is an American heritage will overcome whatever obstacles we are called upon to meet. Reflection on past periods of trials and perils leaves but one conclusion: America has always emerged from perilous times stronger in unity of spirit, in physical resources and in spiritual freedom. This is true because our objectives have been and are now dictated by justice and right, and not motivated by hope of material gains.

Our position today and the position of those who join with us is precarious, but far from despairing. We are at war and our Nation is in the beginning of a war economy. More and more restrictive measures, harnessing industry and individual alike, are inevitable.

We are plagued by the festering sore of Communism. Hordes of Godless people are lusting for power and would destroy freedom and enslave the world. In this terrifying situation free nations everywhere look to our country to be the instrument of their salvation. We must see to it that they do not look in vain. We must not fail them. By the same token, they of other lands should not fail to give us in our common cause the fullest measure of every assistance of which they are capable.

If we are to successfully meet the challenge before us, there must be a submergence of selfish interests. We can coddle no favorites nor resort to narrow partisanship in our search for victory and peace. All of us in State govenment—Democrats and Republicans—must move constantly and confidently with single-minded devotion toward dual objectives: the welfare of the Commonwealth and the welfare of the Republic.

This is the most crucial time in our history. What we

do or what we fail to do may determine the destinies of our Nation and of mankind; the preservation of religion and the survival of a world in which we would care to live.

We know there can be no security without freedom; without freedom there can come no true peace. America is the last sanctuary of free men. It is the respository of those dynamic ideals which lead irresistibly to the triumphs of freedom if those ideals are not sacrificed by political and diplomatic expediencies.

We must strengthen ourselves in Nation and in State. We need, immediately, to place our economy on more stable grounds. The American people want and should have more enlightenment on what is expected of them. When Americans know the full facts—and often they sense them when they are not officially disclosed—the present challenge to agonized humanity will be wholeheartedly and successfully met. Our people have confidence in themselves, and properly so. We will not lose that confidence. We can add substance to it by accelerating sound preparedness at home and abroad.

As we in Pennsylvania face the possibility that the Korean conflict will spread into world conflagration, we realize that much of our energies and our deliberations should be devoted to the creation of a strong and integrated home defense. Protection of our people and our industry transcends all other considerations.

The Civil Defense Commission in Pennsylvania has accomplished an early and sound beginning on the program of protection of life and property. Its work is proceeding speedily and with commendable thoroughness. Already we are advanced far beyond most other states. This program is going to be costly—how much we do not know. We must guard against overlapping and wasteful expenditures. Security, prudence and utility will dictate the nature and extent of these expenditures.

It has never been said, and it will not now be said, that Pennsylvania ever failed to contribute in fullest measure to our national security. The people of our great Commonwealth are conscious of the burdens resting upon us. Our problems are critical, but they are not insurmountable. They are many, but they will lessen. There is no need for pessimism, no place for defeatism. This is the time for all of us to rededicate ourselves and our vast resources unsparingly to our National Government in its emergency.

Pennsylvania already has contributed to the federal military establishment more than sixteen thousand National Guardsmen, including our justly famous and always revered 28th Division. If the remainder of our National Guard is called up we will need a strong State Guard to replace it. We are now building that State Guard. We shall not be found wanting. We will be ready for anything. We should immediately provide the means for the exercise of suffrage by our men and women in the service no matter where they are stationed.

There can be no denying that the times demand that we husband our resources, enlarge our productivity, even conserve ourselves, that we may best assist in the emergency. We must, and we will, be thrifty. Frugality in everything except protection of our people will be the watchword of this Administration. Where our people's health is concerned, we will not stint. We will not be parsimonious in educating our children. We shall not be rigid in our treatment of the unfortunates among our citizens; nor will this Administration be wasteful with the people's money.

Due to the war larger expenditures than are currently made will in all probability be necessary to properly run the State's business. New taxes or additions to existing taxes are apparent. To keep tax increases to a minimum requires most careful study. We have to face these demands knowing there is no escape under present conditions. They exist and we must admit it. The plain fact is that a rise in the cost of government is inevitable in Pennsylvania, as it is elsewhere. Careful management and prudent administration will insure a lesser burden on the taxpayer.

Generally speaking, the increased costs of administration of our Commonwealth should be paid for on a pay-as-you-go policy. The costly errors which have plagued our generation with wars ought to be borne by us in so far as it is possible. The costs should not be passed on to our children, as in all probability they will inherit less of the American way of life than was bequeathed to us.

As this Administration begins the general cost of living is up 74 per cent over the cost of 1940, only eleven years ago. Building construction costs are three times as high. Public assistance grants per person are nearly two and a half times 1940 grants. These are but a few of many illustrations which show rising costs of living and higher expenditures for the conduct of the Commonwealth's business. Unfortunately, the prospect is that the costs are destined to go still higher.

These facts present a real problem to our financial planning for the years ahead. This problem is not ours alone; it is a problem common to all the states, though it is magnified in those states which, like ours, must budget for two-year periods. It must be remembered also that we have the expenses incident to Civil Defense, as yet uncalculated; our commitments to the Soldiers' Bonus; mandated salary increases for teachers; and State Authority rentals. These costs add many perplexities to the problem.

Pennsylvanians have long been justly proud of our great material wealth. We have been, and are today, the arsenal of America. Our resources, our productivity and our contribution of scientific and industrial leadership to the Nation and to the world are astounding and without parallel. We are predominant as a cultural center. Yet, with all, our greatest wealth, our most valuable possessions, are the two million children and youth in our Commonwealth. Soon they must assume the responsibilities of leadership. To them falls the opportunity of perpetuating the American way of life. They must be prepared for that opportunity physically, mentally and spiritually, that they will not fail.

Of greatest assistance to them is the school system. The school can be no better than the teacher. And the teacher must see to it that American history and Americanism above all else are properly taught and fully absorbed by our children. It is our bounden duty to give the best of everything to education. The cost of worthwhile education, like everything else, has increased. Nevertheless, it is our obligation to provide the necessary financial support to meet these increased costs. We must continuously improve our school system; we cannot afford to do otherwise.

Our State must do everything it can to better the people's health. We propose to give without additional ex-

penditures a reorganized and improved Department of Health dedicated to a full and thorough public service.

The interests of labor and industry in Pennsylvania will continue to be treated with sympathetic understanding. We must and we will see to it that they live and work in harmony with justice to each.

We welcome industry to Pennsylvania. In some sections we need a greater diversification of industry; and this Administration will make every effort to obtain it. We seek expansion of industry already doing business here. We plan early attention, consonant with a war economy, to relieve the economically distressed areas in the anthracite and bituminous fields.

We have the greatest highway system in the Nation and in the world. Our Turnpike across the State from Ohio to near Philadelphia was not designed as a military highway, but it is a superb one without parallel in the Nation. Completion of the Schuylkill Expressway will add to the Turnpike's value, and will be a boon to industry and to the Philadelphia area. Further plans call for the Turnpike's extension in the west to Erie; in the east to the New Jersey border; and through the anthracite regions to the New York State Line.

Pennsylvania's agriculture enjoys an enviable position among the states. While we rank thirty-second in area, we are thirteenth among the states in the value of farm products. I feel certain we will add to our productivity; and, where possible, the State will aid agriculture to gain this goal.

I believe it to be the duty of government to encourage, not throttle, private enterprise. I shall vigorously oppose any move aimed at dwarfing the freedom of individual effort or strangling the American way of life.

Because of limited time, I have not approached many matters which will be presented to the Legislature for the benefit of our people. These matters will be outlined later. However, it is fitting at this time that I reaffirm my faith in sound, efficient and progressive government, administered with common sense.

As we face grim uncertainties we Americans need not fear for our strength. We must shun the counsel of despair. We must not listen to the voices of doubt or defeatism. The light of truth will dispel the clouds of confusion for those of faith and confidence.

Everywhere, the hearts and minds of men constantly yearn for freedoms denied. The march of freedom knows no divisional lines—geographical, religious, racial or of color. This insatiable thirst of man to remain free or to regain his lost freedom is our most potent ally. It strengthens us and is devastating to the opposition.

True, it is disturbing that free men are temporarily thwarted in their search for peace by evil men who have renounced their God. But to men of stout hearts and firm faith it is a challenge for them to rise above their ordinary selves and fight with crusading enthusiasm for principles which are eternal—justice, equality and freedom.

The way of right is the path of victory, if we have the will to boldly and confidently pursue it. Meanwhile, all of us must carry on for a greater and more secure Pennsylvania. It is the duty and responsibility of every Pennsylvanian, as it is the responsibility of all Americans to buttress our Nation. I implore your aid and seek your prayers. I ask for God's help in meeting our manifold problems, confident that with His aid we will solve them to the advantage of all of our people.

COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES

The SPEAKER. The Chair announces for the record the names of the members of the Committee on Committees, authorized by the majority and minority parties of this House, Messrs. Royer, Chairman, Yeakel, Hall, Cooper, Riley, Sollenberger, Johnson, Stank, Scanlon and Readinger.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE ON MEMORIALS

Mr. SMITH at the request of the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood, and the gentleman from Northumberland, Mr. Stank, offered a privileged resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, January 16, 1951.

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives appoint a Select Committee on Memorials, consisting of eight Members of the House, to fix a time and arrange a suitable program for Memorial Services in memory of Members of the House of Representatives who have died during the interim since the Legislative Session of 1949.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE ON MEMORIALS

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to the resolution just adopted by the House the Speaker appoints as members on the Select Committee on Memorials, Messrs. Wood, Chairman, Yeakel, McKinney, Royer, Leisey, Watkins, Stank and Mihm.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. DUBOIS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, February 5, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 4:50 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1951. No. 4.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, January 17, 1951

The Senate met at 12:00 o'clock, noon, Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. Doctor PHILLIP DAVID BOOKSTABER, Rabbi of Reformed Temple, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray, Oh heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this our Session that it may give our deliberations strength, with vision, courage and fidelity.

We ask Thy blessing upon those who are sick, that they may speedily recover, and those who have had pleasant occasions that they may remember that the blessings from God far outnumber His chastisements and that we may take His chastisements at the same time with humility.

May these deliberations give us strength in order to carry on for this Session for the average common citizen who looks to us for inspiration. In these troubled times, may the Keystone State lead the other states in its legislation, that it may redound to the best way of life, our American way of life, as an inspiration for all who look toward this Keystone State for inspiration.

We ask Thy blessing upon our Presiding Officer who had taken his oath yesterday, and may he, likewise, guide this Session with deliberate judgment, and, as King Solomon has asked of God, nothing but an understanding heart. May his heart be understanding for all the deliberations; remembering the admonition, how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity at a time when unity is most needed.

We ask it in the name of our Father who is always in Heaven watching over his children. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. HARE, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on January 17, 1951.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 17, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Margaret L. Carlin, Pittsburgh, 153 Henderson St.
John M. Romanik, Pittsburgh, 1720 E. Carson St.
Lawrence Trainor, Duquesne.

BEAVER COUNTY

Wm. J. Collins, Aliquippa.
H. H. Thomas, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Jeannette K. LeVan, Reading.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Miss Yole Petropoly, Sayre.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Leonre A. Bradley, Lilly.
Miss M. Edith Gobin, Johnstown.
Mrs. Jean Hildebrand, Westmont.
James F. Horan, Barnesboro.
John W. Leabhart, Johnstown.
Miss Eva A. McCaffrey, Johnstown.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Helen Cheyney, West Chester.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Naomi L. Irvine, Mechanicsburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

William M. Elliott, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
P. R. Fuhrman, Darby.
Edward C. Nessler, Norwood.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Robert N. Romesburg, Uniontown.
Raymond H. Solomon, Saltlick Twp., Melcroft.

LUZERNE COUNTY

James P. Lamont, Hazleton.
Mrs. Margaret R. Price, Kingston.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Nellie C. Arcara, Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
Miss Margaret E. MacNeill, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Benson Apothaker, 500 Walnut St.
Howard Bateman, 6860 Rising Sun Ave.
John W. Bircks, 1927 W. Montgomery Ave.
Frank A. Bulsza, 4441 Frankford Ave.
Miss Anne T. Conway, 6245 State Road.
Mrs. Amelia Ogden Derr, 123 S. Broad St.
Frank Douglass, Jr., 230 N. Broad St.
Andrew J. Hascher Jr., 3304 Kensington Ave.
Miss Rosalie M. Heller, 2010 Girard Trust Bldg.
Howard Maisenhelder, Jr., 6416 Germantown Ave.
Stephen T. Marcoe Jr., 807 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
Clarke A. McConnell, 3649 N. 3rd St.
Albert H. Miller, 42 N. 6th St.
Miss Jane T. Mosbrook, 1000 Chestnut St.
Miss C. O'Donoghue, 112 N. 12th St.
Mrs. Jo Protzman, 4401 Baltimore Ave.
Gabriel J. Richards, 1322 Princeton Ave.
Elmer Smiley, 3207 Knorr St.
John Steele, 2302 S. Broad St.
V. J. Walsh, Room 812, 1000 Chestnut St.
Miss Marie T. White, 4247 Paul St.
Fred J. Wolf, 7334 Frankford Ave.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Esther D. Alpern, Pittsburgh, 6349 Alderson St., 1-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Manning D. Brick, 1136 Wagner Ave., 1-21-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Robert L. Dodds, Sharon, 1-27-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Miss Betty I. Miller, Stroudsburg, 1-27-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Wm. E. Kristoff, Pittsburgh, 1827 Beaver Ave., 1-30-51.
Guy Vincent Mendola, Carnegie, 2-1-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Harold R. Stevenson, Franklin, 2-1-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Catherine M. Moren, Pittsburgh, 1130 Oliver Bldg., 2-3-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

William C. Griffith, Nanticoke, 2-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry Mustokoff, 6923 Rutland St., 2-4-51.
Harry E. Smith, 800 W. Erie Ave., 2-6-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Myrl H. Hull, Nanticoke, 2-7-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Bresci R. P. Leonard, Pittsburgh, 1111 Plaza Bldg., 2-8-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. G. S. Lyet, 42 S. 19th St., 2-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Willa R. Davis, Pittsburgh, 1804 Grant Bldg., 2-11-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

J. J. O'Malley, Wilkes-Barre, 2-13-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. HARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Haluska,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of Devitt's Camp, Allenwood, Union County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight, section one, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 44, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of Northwestern General Hospital at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of Temple University Hospital, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCREESH read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (XII) of section 23 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consuption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by exempting television exhibition from provisions of the act requiring special permits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION URGING THAT ALL FUTURE INAUGURAL CEREMONIES BE HELD IN THE STATE FARM SHOW BUILDING

Mr. TAYLOR offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, January 17, 1951.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, the term of a newly elected Governor begins on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election. The inauguration ceremonies are therefore held on that day.

It has been the custom, in order that the public may view and participate in the ceremony, to hold them outdoors in front of the Main Capitol Building. Outdoor ceremonies in the middle of winter are often accompanied by extremely low temperatures and high winds.

This element of discomfort and threat to health might well be eliminated by holding future inaugural ceremonies in the State Farm Show Building, where there is ample space for all interested persons to attend and view the ceremonies; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That all future inaugural ceremonies be held in the State Farm Show Building and that the buildings be reserved for this purpose on the third Tuesday of January of each year when a Governor is inaugurated and that no other use of the buildings be permitted on those days.

Ordered, That the Clerk present same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, on behalf of the Democratic Caucus, I have been instructed to offer the following resolution to show the desire of the Democratic Party, the Minority Party of this Senate, to carry out the wishes of the Governor in exercising and effecting all the economies of government that can be had in his term of office. We feel, as the Governor does, that money must be saved. We must not use too much man power because our industries and our armed services have to use considerably more than ever was known in the history of America.

So, Mr. President, on behalf of the Democratic Caucus, I offer this resolution and ask for its unanimous adoption at this time.

SENATE RESOLUTION

URGING THAT A COMMITTEE OF TEN SENATORS BE APPOINTED TO STUDY THE QUESTION OF ELIMINATING DISPENSABLE FUNCTIONS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT

Mr. HOLLAND, on behalf of the Democratic Caucus, offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, January 17, 1951.

It is the purpose of the communist powers in the world to defeat the democracies by inducing the United States and other nations supporting free governments to spend huge sums of money and thereby to breakdown and ultimately destroy the economy and resources of these countries.

To combat this phase of the cold war waged by Russia and her satelites is a matter of immediate concern to every American and especially to every unit of government throughout the United States, therefore be it.

Resolved, That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate appoint a committee of ten Senators, not more than six of whom shall be members of the same political party, who shall meet and organize immediately after the adjournment of the Senate today, and who shall, during the recess of the General Assembly, study the question of eliminating dispensable functions of the State government wherever they now exist. For this purpose the committee shall consult with the Budget Office and with the various departments of the State government and with other sources where most accurate information can be obtained. The committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the Senate as soon as possible, but during the current Session.

The members of the committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be allowed their necessary expenses for maintenance, travel, clerical hire and other necessary disbursements. An appropriation therefor shall be made upon the reconvening of the General Assembly.

REQUEST THAT RULE 39 BE SUSPENDED

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The resolution is referred to the Committee on State Government.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the General Assembly for the payment of the expenses of its Inaugural Committee in making and carrying out the arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect on January sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred fifty-one.

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.	Stevenson,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Dent,	Mahanay,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Haluska,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, February 5, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 3:21 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, February 5, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1951. No. 5.

SENATE

MONDAY, February 5, 1951

The Senate met at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. WILLIAM H. KELLY, Pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical U. B. Church, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray. Almighty God, our Creator and Father, before Whom all hearts are open, all desires known and from Whom no secrets are hid, cleanse Thou the thoughts of our hearts, that by the inspiration of Thy Holy Spirit we may perfectly love Thee and worthily magnify Thy holy and Thy matchless name, through Jesus Christ, our Savior.

Lord, we invoke Thy divine blessing upon the Senate of this, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Guide, by Thy gracious truth, the Presiding Officer and all the members of this legislative body. May they legislate wisely for the good of our beloved State. Help us ever to seek Thy favor in all that is said or done, for to Thee we ascribe all praise and honor, now and forever more. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. CHAPMAN, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. Barr asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. HOLLAND for the week on account of illness.

He also asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. DENT for the week on account of death in the family.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 5, 1951.

Mr. WOLFE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

Miss Sara E. Mehring, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Harry J. Baier, Dormont.
S. Stephen Berger, Pittsburgh, 103 Frick Bldg.
Paul J. Bleichner, Pittsburgh, 1804 E. Carson St.
Miss Margaret R. Callan, Pittsburgh, 2339 Fremont Pl.
C. C. Carver, Wilmerding.
William J. Downey, Homestead.
Miss Eleanor M. Ferguson, Pittsburgh, 1317 Berger Bldg.
A. Q. George, Harrison Twp., Tarentum.
James D. Harris, Pittsburgh, 210 Craft Ave.
Francis H. Jacob, Pittsburgh, 718 N. Homewood Ave.
Sylvester J. Kapp, Pittsburgh, 3401 Beechwood Blvd.
M. Scott Lauffer, Pittsburgh, 333 H. W. Oliver Bldg.
Miss Mary M. McBride, Coraopolis.
Ambrose J. Meade, Pittsburgh, 7227 Tioga St.
L. W. Molnar, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh.
R. Harry Motts, Pittsburgh, 947 Penn Ave.
Walter T. Penney, Pittsburgh, 2601 Koppers Bldg.
John I. Roche, Pittsburgh, 240 Emerson St.
Miss Henrietta E. Schlag, Pittsburgh, 4627 Baum Blvd.
William G. Skyrmes, Homestead.
W. A. Snyder, Wilkinsburg.
Miss Edna B. Stark, East Pittsburgh.
Austin Story, Robinson Twp., Coraopolis.
Richard C. Sweitzer, Pittsburgh, 305 7th Ave.
W. H. Thomas, West Mifflin.
Mrs. Marian S. Thompson, Pittsburgh, Physicians Bldg.
S. W. Turnbull, Braddock.
Miss Helen B. Walters, Pittsburgh, 1128 Union Trust Bldg.
Harry H. Witherspoon, Sewickley.

BEAVER COUNTY

E. Earl Autenreith, New Brighton.
Lester L. Brougher, Aliquippa.
Clarence Wm. Schiedel, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Fred M. Evans, Reading.
William G. Piper, Spring Twp., Lincoln Park.

BLAIR COUNTY

Richard F. Brumbaugh, Logan Twp., Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Virginia Adrian, Bristol.
Wm. F. Eccher, Nockamixon Twp., Ferndale.

BUTLER COUNTY

Evald W. Benson, Butler.

BUTLER COUNTY

Kenneth W. Scholter, Penn Twp., Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Dean F. Cook, Johnstown.
Miss Dorothy Emmel, Johnstown.
William B. Szuch, Patton.

CENTRE COUNTY

J. Fred Harvey, Philipsburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

Charles V. Eaton, North Coventry Twp., Pottstown.
Louis P. Herley, Coatesville.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Miss Violet Lansberry, Clearfield.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Mrs. Christine H. Bower, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Adah K. DeArment, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Betty E. Bitner, Harrisburg.
Clarence Iscovitz, Harrisburg.
Mrs. R. I. Noon, Lower Paxton Twp., Linglestown.
Miss M. Louise Plasterer, Highspire.
Mrs. Mary P. Soule, Penbrook.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Dean W. Ahren, Chester.
J. Wm. Cotter, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Lester Downs, Marple Twp., Broomall.
J. Kenneth Fleming, Chester.
Mrs. Mary H. Hammell, Yeadon.
Robert L. Headley, Radnor Twp., Wayne.
Charles Hoffman, Chester.
Frank McClatchy, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Joseph A. McLaughlin, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Russell E. Miller III, Clifton Heights.
Michael Romano, Lansdowne.
B. C. Shubrook, Aston Twp., Lenni Mills.
Mrs. A. P. Van Zandt, Swarthmore.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude Rectenwald Gornall, Erie.
Miss B. M. Loveland, Corry.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Mary Jane Murphy, Connellsville.
Mrs. Edna F. Roseberry, Uniontown.
Miss Virginia G. Sofchek, Uniontown.
William V. Venturini, Masontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Elva S. Gunnells, Greene Twp., Scotland.
John H. Wenger, Chambersburg.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

R. Paul Milburn, Huntingdon.

INDIANA COUNTY

Vincent Yuha, Blairsville.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Roy P. Thrush, Brookville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Laura M. Gately, Scranton.
Charles E. Kimes, Scranton.
Miss Grace M. Lilly, Scranton.
Miss Irene D. McHale, Olyphant.
Miss Olive Miller, Scranton.
Mrs. Mildred K. Morrow, Scranton.
Miss Jean Trainor, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Patricia K. Burnley, Leacock Twp., Intercourse.
Miss Elva M. Hassler, Ephrata.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Lucille S. Dohner, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Marjorie L. Frey, Allentown.
Miss M. E. Heffelfinger, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Robert W. Lewis, Hazleton.
H. E. Lundy, Hazleton.
Mrs. Margaret D. Pugh, Wilkes-Barre.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Miss Helen I. Turner, Muncy.

McKEAN COUNTY

Herbert D. Neilly, Bradford.
Russell B. Parrett, Bradford.
Miss Helen M. Shick, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Eveleyn L. Keller, Sharon.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Harry E. Fox, Schwenksville.
Edmund F. Hutchinson, Lansdale.
H. LeRoy Jones, Ambler.
Mrs. Naomi E. Lickfield, Springfield Twp., Oreland.
Miss Thelma Sablosky, Norristown.
Mrs. Florence L. Sayre, West Norriton Twp., Norristown.
George T. Van Buskirk, Jr., Abington Twp., Glenside.
J. Herbert Weber, Norristown.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Joseph W. Bloom, Sunbury.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Warren M. Wells, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Guy L. Young, Delaware Twp., Dewart.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Norman S. Atherton, II, 1328 Orthodox St.
Fred. P. Baeder, 925 W. Huntingdon St.
Miss Mabel E. Bauer, 1740 Cherry St.
Mrs. Elizabeth M. Birtwistle, G-33 Ogontz Manor
Miss Sarah H. Booker, 4321 Dexter St.
Miss Lulu K. Brockel, 44 E. Oregon Ave.
Miss Thelma J. Brouthers, 2275 Pratt St.
L. S. Capozzi, 1801 S. 10th St.
Frank Carano, Rm. 820, 121 S. Broad St.
Jesse B. Clark, III, 4823 Broad St.
Mrs. Mary Clegg, 8018 Large St.
Mrs. Audrey E. Connelly, 123 S. Broad St.
John N. Davis, Jr., 2209 S. 6th St.
Miss Adeline E. Enoch, 8094 Fairview Ave.
Giovanni Falcidia, 1324 S. 8th St.
James A. Fellows, 112 N. 12th St.
John J. Ferguson, 6344 McCallum St.
Miss Marie A. Finn, 3156 Kensington Ave.
William Fisher, 2100 Princeton Ave.
G. Joseph George, 430 Chestnut St.
John J. Gericke, 2537 S. 16th St.
Mrs. Anne T. Getman, 7745 Fayette St.
John R. Hafer, 597 Drexel Bldg.
Russell H. Hagner, 161 W. Chelten Ave.
William E. Hann, 1831 E. Allegheny Ave.
Miss Helen J. Hart, Phila. Carpet Co., Allegheny Ave. & C. St.
Samuel Herman, 2601 W. Columbia Ave.
Ephraim H. Homan, 3054 U. S. Court House.
P. D. Jacobson, 22A Ronwyn Apt., York Rd. & Godfrey Ave.
Mrs. Mildred G. Jenkins, 1607 Girard Trust Bldg.
Mrs. Elizabeth G. Judge, 801 N. 48th St.
Mrs. Mollie M. Kancher, 1518 Walnut St.
Albert J. Kaytes, 4711 Rising Sun Ave.
Robert J. Lehman, 3701 N. Broad St.
Miss Mary R. McCann, Tioga & C Sts.
Miss E. McLaughlin, 202 S. 39th St.
Miss Emma M. Moesta, 5000 Summerdale Ave.
Mrs. Margaret M. Murphy, 4665 Frankford Ave.
Manes Novello, 1915 S. 19th St.
Harry Panzer, 1953 S. 23rd St.
M. S. Perry, 4920 N. Broad St.
Vincent A. Pingelli, 1516 Ritner St.
Archibald A. Pirollo, 250 S. Broad St.
Robert W. Plank, 5433 Baltimore Ave.
Mrs. Irene C. Porreca, 1502 S. Corlies St.
Mrs. Winifred V. Reynolds, 5912 Torresdale Ave.
Theodore H. Roth, 7033 Old York Road.
Miss Maude E. Rowles, 123 S. Broad St.
Bernard Segal, 522 Delancey St.
G. Frank H. Senderling, 3900 Frankford Ave.
Irvin S. Silvers, 4855 Lancaster Ave.
Irving Sofronski, 1901 N. 19th St.
Edwin H. Stocker, 1621 Sellers St.
Benjamin E. Troland, 1608 Walnut St.
Miss Clementina Ventresca, 56 W. Manheim St.
Robert Vincent, 3500 Grays Ferry Ave.
Miss Betty M. Watanabe, 20 S. 12th St.
Charles W. Waters, Sears Roebuck & Co., Adams & Whitaker Ave.
Miss Sarah Whiteman, 1001-05 Filbert St.
David S. Zirin, 1327 Chestnut St.

PIKE COUNTY

Sidney L. Krawitz, Milford.
Mrs. Betty Egolf Walker, Somerset.

SOMERSET COUNTY

TIOGA COUNTY

Mrs. Bernice C. Williamee, Wellsboro.

UNION COUNTY

Mrs. Isabel S. Johnson, Mifflinburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Louise Kern, Oil City.
Benjamin G. McFate, Oil City.
John E. McFate, Oil City.
William J. McFate, Oil City.
Miss Orpha Moyer, Oil City.
W. K. Sittig, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

R. R. Beierlein, Washington.
C. S. Emme, Cecil Twp., Muse.
Miss Lillian B. Gessler, Canonsburg.
Emmett Harris, North Charleroi.
Mrs. Lena Nackoul, Canonsburg.
Andrew M. Sasko, Donora.
Mrs. Catherine D. Schneider, Donora.
Mrs. Clara M. Troutman, Washington.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Agnes M. Bacan, Greensburg.
Jack W. Cook, Scottdale.
Charles K. Miller, Hempfield Twp., Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

William F. Fry, York.
G. C. Hertweck, Dillsburg.
Walter G. Keller, York.
Elvin C. Luckenbaugh, Spring Grove.
Mrs. Pauline W. Souser, York.
Wm. T. Stebbins, York.
George D. Zepp, Hanover.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Ella M. Gordon, West Chester, 2-7-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Carl H. Schultz, Williamsport, 2-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward Cohen, 109 Pemberton St., 2-7-51.
George Hutton, 6110 Walton St., 2-7-51.
John C. Billingsley, 30th & Thompson Sts., 2-8-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Westley R. Mosteller, East Stroudsburg, 2-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

W. McCollam, Roger Williams Bldg., 2-9-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Mrs. Aleda G. Favero, Leechburg, 2-10-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Elaine Simpson, Morrisville, 2-10-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Adam J. Molino, Portage, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Nahan Benedict, 7037 Castor Ave., 2-10-51.
Meyer Cohen, 1703 N. 12th St., 2-10-51.
William Louis Smith, 355 Bourse Bldg., 2-10-51.

WAYNE COUNTY

N. C. Farnham, Honesdale, 2-10-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

John R. Cowling, Allentown, 2-11-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John Deisher, 1600 S. 22nd St., 2-11-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

G. I. Bensinger, Schuylkill Haven, 2-14-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Vincent J. Girard, 719 Federal St., 2-15-51.
Joseph F. Willard, 1227 N. Broad St., 2-15-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Francis Wm. McCullough, Shenandoah, 2-15-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

R. H. Wenzel, Pittsburgh, 723 Bessemer Bldg., 2-16-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss Violet Sproull, Leechburg, 2-16-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Lewis W. J. Campbell, Petrolia, 2-16-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

John P. Feiser, Harrisburg, 2-16-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Leo J. Bergsmann, Wilkes-Barre, 2-16-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Wm. M. Bourn, Norristown, 2-16-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

A. J. Gittelman, 3011 Diamond St., 2-16-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

John W. Skidmore, Wellsboro, 2-16-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph P. Breen, Pittsburgh, 2338 Wylie Ave., 2-17-51.
Mrs. Marie M. Kennedy, Pittsburgh, Rust Bldg., 2-17-51.
Simon Lefkowitz, McKeesport, 2-17-51.
Miss Gertrude H. Molt, Wilkinsburg, 2-17-51.
Roy E. Scharpf, Coraopolis, 2-17-51.
Mrs. Edith N. Sittman, Pittsburgh, 1420 Farmers Bank Bldg., 2-17-51.
Miss A. D. Winkel, Pittsburgh, 14 Wabash St., 2-17-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

C. Laverne Wadding, Dayton, 2-17-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Murray J. Shiffer, Johnstown, 2-17-51.

CARBON COUNTY

Frank A. Boyer, Palmerton, 2-17-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Wallace C. Weaver, Knox, 2-17-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude E. Wilcox, Girard, 2-17-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Frederick J. Balling, Fairchance, 2-17-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Rolla D. Seaton, Uniontown, 2-17-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Edith H. Anderson, Cumberland Twp., Carmichaels, 2-17-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Griff Thomas, New Castle, 2-17-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Mary Ellen B. McGonigle, Allentown, 2-17-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

William H. Miller, Collegeville, 2-17-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Edgar S. Babp, Tatamy, 2-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry Cohen, 2501 Germantown Ave., 2-17-51.
Wilbur V. Hopkins, 115 Administration Bldg., 2-17-51.
Harry L. Jenkins, Jr., 12 S. 12th St., 2-17-51.
Frank Malamed, 350 Porter St., 2-17-51.
Miss Olyve A. Marston, 202 Finance Bldg., 2-17-51.
Joseph G. Zeits, 4337 Lancaster Ave., 2-17-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Esther M. Shearer, Reading, 2-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John J. Carroll, 3237 Kensington Ave., 2-18-51.

ADAMS COUNTY

James U. Neely, Fairfield, 2-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Henry Block, 854 N. Broad St., 2-19-51.
Miss D. P. Douty, 1916 Race St., 2-19-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Charles Harry Bracken, Pittsburgh, 918 Frick Bldg., 2-21-51.
William I. King, Pittsburgh, 620 Frick Bldg., 2-21-51.
A. B. McBride, Pittsburgh, 1512 Berger Bldg., 2-21-51.
Albert W. Ott, Pittsburgh, 746 Warrington Ave., 2-21-51.
W. J. Steen, Pittsburgh, 435 Sixth Ave., 2-21-51.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Frank Urey, Clearfield, 2-21-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Ralph R. John, Bloomsburg, 2-21-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Spiridion Furcich, Steelton, 2-21-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Jesse K. Lewis, Chester, 2-21-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

C. A. Straley, East Donegal Twp., Maytown, 2-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James G. Herd, 18 W. Chelten Ave., 2-21-51.
Albert G. Krull, 1012 W. Girard Ave., 2-21-51.
Charles Myers, 2354 N. 8th St., 2-21-51.
Charles B. Rosa, 835 Catharine St., 2-21-51.
J. K. Lee Smith, 3602 Lancaster Ave., 2-21-51.
Harvey Void, 6034 Market St., 2-21-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Geo. W. Risbeck, Charleroi, 2-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Dorothy M. Gastel, Pittsburgh, 435 7th Ave., 2-22-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Marie E. Kelly, N. E. Cor. 15th & Lehigh Aves., 2-22-51.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth M. Schmuck, York, 2-22-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

L. G. Schertzinger, Coraopolis, 2-23-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Miss Harriet L. Doll, Canton, 2-23-51.
Mrs. Muriel C. French, Athens, 2-23-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Jane A. Daly, 1700 Bankers Securities Bldg., 2-23-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Clara Allison, Charleroi, 2-23-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Thomas G. Hobson, Pittsburgh, 1635 Grandview Ave., 2-24-51.
Miss Mildred O'Hara, Pittsburgh, 526 City-County Bldg., 2-24-51.
Ashford R. Swauger, McKeesport, 2-24-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

John E. Myers, Altoona, 2-24-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Reva M. H. Fechtenburg, Bensalem Twp., Eddington, 2-24-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

H. A. Brown, Summerhill Twp., Beaverdale, 2-24-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

J. Robert Elser, Harrisburg, 2-24-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

George Chylak, Olyphant, 2-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ambrose H. Gaddie, 1719 W. Columbia Ave., 2-24-51.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Miss Kathryn Yankauskas, Forest City, 2-24-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Hazel B. Hamilton, Canton Twp., Washington, 2-24-51.
Mrs. Anne Verbich, Donora, 2-24-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

J. B. Lloyd, Hempfield Twp., Greensburg, 2-24-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Albert H. Dunn, Petrolia, 2-26-51.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Miss Helen L. Beckett, DuBois, 2-26-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Thomas E. Hughes, Erie, 2-26-51.
Carl J. Dapper, Avoca, 2-26-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Alfred H. Trank, Jenkintown, 2-26-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Marian Pajewski, 3206 Aramingo Ave., 2-26-51.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Mabel E. Hill, Warren, 2-26-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

G. L. Cullmerry, Harrisburg, 2-27-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John A. Broglie, Snowden Twp., Broughton, 2-28-51.
Miss A. M. Davis, Pittsburgh, 331 4th Ave., 2-28-51.
Joseph G. Rebel, Pittsburgh, 434-36 Blvd. of Allies, 2-28-51.
H. W. Schmidt, Pittsburgh, 613 W. Diamond St., 2-28-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Geo. S. Dulansey, Johnstown, 2-28-51.
Edgar Giles, Johnstown, 2-28-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Lester D. Gratz, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, 2-28-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Gerald Bagley, Corry, 2-28-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Hyman Mishkin, Lancaster, 2-28-51.
A. L. Resch, Marietta, 2-28-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Lester P. Williamson, Grove City, 2-28-51.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Ray C. Yoder, Burnham, 2-28-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Carrie C. Kinnane, Bridgeport, 2-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Helen B. Edwards, 900 Gunard Bldg., 2-28-51.
E. Russell Gleeson, 201 W. Nedro Ave., 2-28-51.
Albert Robinson, 322 Chestnut St., 2-28-51.
Fred. R. Strenger, 3445 Sunnyside Ave., 2-28-51.
Paul Uetz, 123 S. Broad St., 2-28-51.
John K. Wildemore, Jr., 3150 N. Broad St., 2-28-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Crellin J. Davis, Mahanoy City, 2-28-51.

YORK COUNTY

H. Van Adams, West Manchester Twp., York, 2-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Rhoda E. Eicher, McKeesport, 3-1-51.
Miss Frances V. Lancas, Munhall, 3-1-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Isabelle L. Mang, Erie, 3-1-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Walter Shelinsky, Dickson City, 3-1-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Della M. Frankenfield, Bethlehem, 3-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph E. Koesslinger, 123 S. Broad St., 3-1-51.
Mrs. Eva O. Boyd, 1921 Montrose St., 3-2-51.
Miss Helen C. Ferguson, 2735 S. Cleveland Ave., 3-2-51.
Miss Clara M. Payne, 123 S. Broad St., 3-2-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. May Z. Mahlman, Pittsburgh, 1700 Clark Bldg., 3-3-51.
Raymond R. Pollitt, Pittsburgh, 33 S. 19th St., 3-3-51.
Carl B. Schmidt, Dormont, 3-3-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

M. B. Silverstone, Johnstown, 3-3-51.

CENTRE COUNTY

H. T. Frank, Millheim, 3-3-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Otto Fred Loeffler, Erie, 3-3-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Lena Donofrio, New Castle, 3-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Herbert L. Armstrong, 2309 N. 21st St., 3-3-51.
Geo. C. A. Barbour, Sr., 6314 Cherokee St., 3-3-51.
Clarence A Goslin, 1315 Walnut St., 3-3-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

Miss M. Zoe Howard, Blossburg, 3-3-51.

YORK COUNTY

John B. Rutledge, Spring Garden Twp., York, 3-4-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Shandor Kovacs, Throop, 3-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Martha C. Scott, 3164 N. 6th St., 3-5-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth J. Dague, Pittsburgh, 5315 Baum Blvd.
G. H. Dunn, Mt. Lebanon Twp., 400 Washington Road, Pittsburgh.
Raymond C. Florence, Carnegie.
Mrs. Mary Dodds Franklin, Pittsburgh, 1400 Metropolitan St.
Mrs. Hannah K. Heim, Pittsburgh, Room 503 Dravo Bldg.
Mrs. Agnes B. Hutchinson, Pittsburgh, Room 408 Park Bldg.
Miss Jeanne Kastroll, Pittsburgh, 407 Wood St.
Mrs. E. Ethel Kovach, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgher Hotel.
Nathan Levith, Pittsburgh, 5505 Phillips Ave.
Miss Marietta F. Mannella, Pittsburgh, 2838 Bushwood Blvd.
Miss Edith K. Martin, Pittsburgh, 447 Fourth Ave.
Mrs. Elizabeth Mazur, Harrison Twp., Natrona.
Mrs. Norma McFarneth, Pittsburgh, 435 Fifth Ave.
Miss Minnie I. Moll, Pittsburgh, 5902 Douglas St.
Charles J. Rubenstein, Pittsburgh, 250 Old Clairton Rd.
Charles H. Shipley, McKeesport.
Ralph C. Warters, Pittsburgh, 6533 Jackson St.
Mrs. Bina B. Zeidman, Pittsburgh, William Penn Hotel.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Sarah Andakian, Bridgewater.
Miss Eleanor L. Brelloch, Daugherty Twp., New Brighton.
Kenneth A. Christian, Rochester Twp., Rochester.
Mrs. Laura C. Knighton, Ambridge.
James H. Laney, Ambridge.
Stanley H. Lemley, New Brighton.
Morgan D. Mayton, Aliquippa.
Charles K. McElhose, Ambridge.
Mrs. Dorothy Ours, Pulaski Twp., New Brighton.
Mrs. S. M. Peltz, Ambridge.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Florence L. Fichthorn, Reading.
Miss Carol L. Harvey, Reading.
Henry A. Koert, Lower Alsace Twp., Reading.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Leonard L. Acla, Towanda.

BUCK SCOUNTY

Miss Gloria C. Auckland, Lower Southampton Twp., Langhorne.
William R. Wright, Bristol.

CENTRE COLUNTY

Mrs. Helen G. Yarnell, State College.
William Reese, Jr., Centre Hall.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Edith G. Rogers, East Whiteland Twp., Malvern.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Mrs. Eva A. Hippensteel, Berwick.
Mrs. Grayce M. Newhart, Bloomsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Lyla J. Perrault, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Kenneth L. Deibler, Berrysburg.
Eber M. Eichholtz, Harrisburg.
Miss Gladys E. Evans, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Marjorie L. Strailey, Harrisburg.
Miss Doris J. Warner, Harrisburg.
Harry M. Welch, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Hugh R. Adams, Marcus Hook.
Lawrence G. Kilpatrick, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
John W. McGarvey, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Miss Lilly C. Olson, Yeadon.
H. Hayes Pennington, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Edith E. Moore, North East.
Gerald J. Weber, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

John H. Brown, Uniontown.
P. R. Seeman, Jr., Connellsville.
Burton E. Tarr, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Robert H. Miller, Waynesboro.
Chester H. Shetron, Chambersburg.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Mae M. Fisher, Bethlehem.
Leo R. McIntyre, Allentown.
Harry F. Smith, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

George B. Brown, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Nancy A. Cresko, Wilkes-Barre.
Irwin Eyet, Plains Twp., Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Esther R. Lang, Wilkes-Barre.
John J. McGill, Wilkes-Barre.
Louis Schiavo, Hazleton.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Nellie Lou Wennestrom, Port Allegany.

MERCER COUNTY

C. Earl Miller, Greenville.

MONROE COUNTY

Howard F. Doll, Barrett Twp., Mountainhome.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Rhoda M. Drayer, Conshohocken.
John H. Mallon, Whitemarsh Twp., Lafayette Hill.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred Williams Jago, Bangor.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Elmer Schultz, Mt. Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Alfred Anton, 623 Diamond St.
James R. Ballantine, The Commercial Museum.
Joseph R. Bednarek, 2607 E. Allegheny Ave.
Mrs. Pender J. Brown, 2040 Bainbridge St.
Miss Margaret B. Butz, 123 S. Broad St.
Fred A. Chiarlanza, 2950 N. 24th St.
J. Emery Cole, 317 N. Broad St.
Mrs. Kay G. Connell, 6307 Lansdowne Ave.
Miss Mary P. Costello, 1018 W. Lehigh Ave.
Mrs. Virginia R. Crelier, 12 S. 12th St.
Miss J. D. Donnelly, West Washington Square.
J. H. Dripps, 260 S. Broad St.
Mrs. Frances Dzubow, 3701 N. Broad St.
Albert E. Edmunds, Monotype Bldg.
John N. Englehardt, 3651 Grays Ferry Ave.
Mrs. E. Bittner Gaughan, 2215 Race St.
Miss Gertrude M. Getz, 1944-52 N. Front St.
Pierre G. Hamelin, 3200 Kensington Ave.
Paul C. Hess, Rm. 200, 3720 N. Broad St.
Mrs. Jeannette E. Hickey, 2601 Parkway (30).
Mrs. Mabel Clark Jamison, 649 N. 46th St.
Mrs. Grace B. Johnson, 332-34 Walnut St.
Joseph C. Kane, 6 S. 52nd St.
Walter R. Kurtz, Jr., 116 S. 7th St.
Sylvan L. Levey, 608 Market St. Nat'l Bank Building.
Miss Jane V. Lynch, 1413 Mkt. St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Mrs. Mary McGovern, 6716 Ogontz Ave.
James H. McGurk, 1417 W. Allegheny Ave.
Miss Sara N. Michaelwitz, 1321 Noble St.
Miss Helen P. Murray, 1310 Mkt. St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bernard S. Ochman, 604 Land Title Bldg.
Joseph F. Pauswinski, 2120 Snyder Ave.
Walter A. Rzepski, 3173 Richmond St.
David M. Smith, 709 N. Franklin St.
Samuel A. Solomon, 4722 N. 7th St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Russell E. Muench, Jr., Pottsville.
Marvin W. Williams, Mahanoy City.

SOMERSET COUNTY

J. Curtis Dom, Wellersburg.

TIOGA COUNTY

Carl E. Carson, Wellsboro.

UNION COUNTY

G. M. Baumer, Buffalo Twp., Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Emily D. Tarr Weekley, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

Clifford C. Storms, Sugar Grove.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Maneric Altieri, Cecil Twp., Cecil.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Frank R. Alter, New Kensington.
Fred J. Broad, New Kensington.
Miss Nelle G. Graham, Latrobe.
Miss Ava C. Luke, New Kensington.

YORK COUNTY

Richard M. Kehr, Dallastown.
Matthew F. Wineka, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Donald S. Jones, Pittsburgh, 1105 Washington Blvd., 2-7-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

John W. Hannis, Ashley, 2-8-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Rebecca E. Hastings, Conshohocken, 2-8-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Miss Loretta M. Hochrine, Coolbaugh Twp., Tobyhanna, 2-9-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Alfred Jackson, Williamsport, 2-10-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

O. G. Langer, Altoona, 2-11-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

John E. Kocher, Zelienople, 2-11-51.

JOHN S. FINE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Sarah M. Balmer, Pittsburgh, 433 N. Highland Ave.
Mrs. Mildred Brown, Pittsburgh, 6311 Frankstown Ave.
Mrs. Teresa B. Chalmers, Pittsburgh, 2005 First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Miss Lois G. Conley, Pittsburgh, 1115 Berger Bldg.
Charles V. Conway, Pittsburgh, 7027 Edgerton St.
C. A. Cook, Pittsburgh, 313 City County Bldg.
Mrs. Gertrude M. Domville, Bellevue.
W. F. Downing, Turtle Creek.
George M. Gallagher, Pittsburgh, 311 Ross St.
Mrs. Ethel Goldman, Pittsburgh, 5704 Wilkens Ave.
Daniel J. Horney, Pittsburgh, 1305 Commonwealth Bldg.
Miss Virginia M. Leahy, Pittsburgh, 450 Fourth Ave.
Mrs. Carolyn H. Loranger, Pittsburgh, 435 Fifth Ave.
Miss Gladys F. Mason, Pittsburgh, 1317 Brownsville Rd.
J. E. McCormick, Pittsburgh, 5426 Penn Ave.
D. F. McKinley, Pittsburgh, 5208 Friendship Ave.
Morgan J. O'Brien Jr., Pittsburgh, Mellon Nat'l Bank & Trust Co., Oakland.
Miss C. M. Palaio, Coraopolis.
Mrs. Geraldine A. Poindexter, Pittsburgh, 527 Herron Ave.
Edward L. Quinn, Munhall.
Domenico Russo, Pittsburgh, 525 Fifth Ave.
Joseph L. Sabino, Rankin.
Bernard F. Schneider, Mount Oliver.
Miss Agnes H. Sye, Pittsburgh, 401 Grant St.
Miss Grace Weber, Pittsburgh, 617 Frick Bldg.
James A. Young, Pittsburgh, 135 S. Highland Ave.
Miss Margaret Yurko, Pittsburgh, 211 Smithfield St.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Barkovic, Ambridge.
Rob't F. Garvin, Beaver.
Michael S. Thellman, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

W. William Acker, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Gerald P. Sheedy, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

J. Donald Bean, Doylestown.
Vincent Massi, Bristol.
William C. Phillips, Lower Southampton Twp., Langhorne.
Mrs. Mildred N. Roman, Doylestown.

CAMERON COUNTY

LeRoy R. Herzing, Shippen Twp., Emporium.

CENTRE COUNTY

Chas. E. Freeman, Philipsburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Teresa A. McDade, Phoenixville.
Tom Taylor Miller, West Chester.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Pauline S. Heilman, East Brady.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

R. M. Haney, Clearfield.

CLINTON COUNTY

Edward Caskey, Renovo.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Frances N. Zuchero, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

P. H. Englehart, Susquehanna Twp., Harrisburg.
Miss Laura M. McCoy, Harrisburg.
B. G. McKeever, Harrisburg.
Jos. B. Metzger, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Dorothy N. Ross, Harrisburg.
Miss Gertrude Schiffman, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

William C. Fries, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Charles B. Hunt, Clifton Heights.
Mrs. Mildred R. Mathewson, Media.
Newell J. Nessen, Springfield Twp., Media.
Cornelius J. Powers, Chester.
James J. Smith, Chester.
Miss Madeline E. Smith, Chester.
Samuel C. Warwick, Chester.
Mrs. Reba C. Wootten, Chester.
Mrs. Anna M. Wright, Marple Twp., Broomall.

ERIE COUNTY

John R. Henry, Erie.
Miss Vera B. Lewis, Erie.
T. M. Nelson, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

John E. Hanna, Masontown.

FOREST COUNTY

Frank J. Regina Jr., Jenks Twp., Marienville.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth Gail Brown, Waynesburg.
D. Allen Dittman, Waynesburg.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Robert C. Dietz, Brookville.
Bruce J. Milliren, Reynoldsville.
Clemens Simon, Sykesville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Mildred H. Carter, Carbondale.
Irving L. Epstein, Scranton.
Miss Madalene J. Mathews, Scranton.
Miss Anne C. Wallace, Scranton.
Stephen Youshock, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Irvin H. Weaver, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Mabel I. Steinbrink, New Castle.
Mrs. Elizabeth M. Totten, New Wilmington.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. DeLabar, Upper Macungie Twp., Breinigsville.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Joseph Bellas, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Mary Ellen McCabe, Wilkes-Barre.
Kenneth C. Moore, West Pittston.
Miss Betty A. Sims, Hazleton.
Miss Guthrie B. Watson, Forty Fort.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Chester R. Colyer, Muncy.
Mrs. Grace B. Myers, South Williamsport.

MERCER COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude H. Jordan, Grove City.
Russell M. Patterson, Greenville.

MONROE COUNTY

J. C. Masters, East Stroudsburg.
Robert L. Weichel, Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Forrest J. Beyer, Red Hill.
Miss Mary F. Hale, Norristown.
Emil R. Hartling, Abington Twp., North Hills.
Miss Loretta A. McGeogh, Lower Merion Twp., Bala-Cynwyd.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Braden, Forks Twp., Easton.
Roger J. Conners, Wilson.
John J. McGeehin, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Henry J. Malinowski, Kulpmont.
Mrs. Bessie M. Moyer, Mount Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

David J. Albert, 5718 Nassau Rd.
John H. Baskin, 401 N. Broad St.
William M. Beck, 731 S. 22nd St.
Mrs. Bernice F. Bishop, 6701 N. Broad St.
Miss Esther Breithaupt, 1606-14 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
Sidney Burchuk, 6101 Castor Ave.
Miss Marion Cole, 1617 Penna. Blvd.
Alfeo A. Conte, 1314 Moore St.
Miss Alice Coulston, 6800-26 Rising Sun Ave.
Thomas Curran, 1632 Chestnut St.
J. Henry Erbee, 339 Walnut St.
Thomas M. Fitzgerald, 830 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
W. Stanley Fracker, 7171 Andrews Ave.
Miss Elizabeth F. Fulmer, 2901 N. Broad St.
Walter Gabell, 6326 Germantown Ave.
Miss Ruth D. Gamble, 201 Gilham St.
Mrs. Loretta V. Garrett, 1423 W. Erie Ave.
Lester Goodman, 4425 Lancaster Ave.
Mrs. Anna R. Graef, 10 S. 37th St.
Howard Haufler, 5431 N. 5th St.
Miss Lillian Herskovitz, 503 Market St. Nat'l. Bank Bldg.
Miss Kathleen D. Hughes, 1305 Bankers Securities Bldg.
Paul B. Jones, 100 S. Broad St.
Miss Helen D. D. Kerner, 709 Chestnut St.
Anton J. Kuhn, Krewstown & Meeting House Rds.
Daniel Mamolen, 511 S. 4th St.
Mrs. Margaret B. Meyers, 3620 Haverford Ave.
David G. Middleberg, 3120 Market St.
Mrs. Mary F. Morrissey, 9119 Frankford Ave.
John J. Nahrgang, 7037 Ogontz Ave.
D. B. Reeves, Elec. Serv. Mfg. Co., 17th & Cambria Sts.
Mrs. Ethel B. Roeger, 3347 N. 17th St.
Mrs. Mary A. Rzepski, 2521 E. Clearfield St.
Charles R. Shaw, 1946 Lardner St.
Miss Geraldine C. Stapleton, Tioga St. & Aramingo Ave.
Frank Torres, 2301 S. Croskey St.
James P. Walsh, 2010 Ridge Ave.
Miss Carolyn Weller, 103 E. Wyoming St.

POTTER COUNTY

Miss Mary Whyenny, Galeton.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Richard H. Evans, Coaldale.

SNYDER COUNTY

Miss Cora L. Kocher, Selinsgrove.
Miss Ruth M. Tingley, Blossburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Iona M. Armstrong, Franklin.
Otis B. Mays, Franklin.
Mrs. Rose H. McAlevy, Franklin.
Mrs. Kathryn E. Sloan, Clintonville.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Walker H. Wherry, Donora.
Miss Verna V. Winwood, Charleroi.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Evelyn J. Patton, Penn.
Michael Sinchak, Monessen.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth W. Prim, Fawn Grove.
Mrs. Miriam E. Reisinger, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names:

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Gertrude C. Schwab, Ashley, 2-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

D. L. Tate, Pittsburgh, 545 William Penn Place, 2-7-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

H. K. Beard, Heidelberg Twp., Sheridan, 2-7-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Henry N. Cocker, Lower Moreland Twp., Huntingdon Valley, 2-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Wm. Nelson West 3rd, 1411 Walnut St., 2-7-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Marion B. Boak, Hughesville, 2-8-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret K. Moyer, New Kensington, 2-8-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Carl E. Shields, Butler, 2-9-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

T. J. McNeill, Ellwood City, 2-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Wendell P. Gifford, Pittsburgh, 421 7th Ave., 2-10-51.
John H. Rosfeld, Pittsburgh, 812 East St., 2-10-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Ethel M. Walton, Coopersburg, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Michael J. McBride, 2716 E. Lehigh Ave., 2-10-51.
Stephan T. Potok, 1010 Liberty Trust Bldg., 2-10-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

George DeWitt Rasely, Bangor, 2-11-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Lillie E. Combs, Allentown, 2-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Raymond A. Collins, 3142 N. Broad St., 2-12-51.
Albert H. Weller, 103 E. Wyoming Ave., 2-12-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Miss Helen J. Freas, Berwick, 2-14-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

W. J. Berkheiser, Chester, 2-14-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Margaret Soltis, Pittsburgh, 319 Plaza Bldg., 2-15-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

L. R. Cherrington, Bloomsburg, 2-15-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mary E. Challener, Pittsburgh, 200 Grant Bldg., 2-16-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

J. W. Kline, Harrisburg, 2-16-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Ida F. Gardiner, Pittsburgh, 221 Bakewell Bldg., 2-17-51.
Russell E. Montgomery, West Deer Twp., Russellton, 2-17-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Carlin A. Weber, Erie, 2-17-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Clarence G. Miller, Allentown, 2-17-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

A. Stewart, Doylestown, 2-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Marion E. Kaminski, Jr., Mill St. & Knights Rd., 2-18-51

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Emily E. Whirlow, Penn Twp., Harrison City, 2-18-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Roy Neville, Sharon, 2-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edgar A. Hobson, 3529 N. Broad St., 2-21-51.
Fred W. Wagner, 925 W. Huntingdon St., 2-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

William L. Buck, McKeesport, 2-22-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Walton Coates, Abington Twp., Jenkintown, 2-22-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Henry W. Gent, Oil City, 2-22-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. A. Solinsky, Pittsburgh, 3614 Fleming Ave., 2-23-51.

CENTRE COUNTY

Mrs. Marion D. McAlarney, Bellefonte, 2-23-51.

INDIANA COUNTY

A. H. Seaman, Pine Twp., Heilwood, 2-23-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Robert Walker, Jr., 1510 Chestnut St., 2-23-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Paul E. Johnston, Clairton, 2-24-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Mildred M. Green, Erie, 2-24-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Catherine M. Kane, Wilkes-Barre, 2-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Anthony C. Melone, 800 S. 10th St., 2-24-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Florence M. Bilheimer, Northampton, 2-26-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

F. M. Benz, Pittsburgh, 700 Lockhart St. N. S., 2-28-51.
Charles A. Collier, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St., 2-28-51.
Mrs. Mary Nurnberger, Pittsburgh, 357 Baldwin Rd., 2-28-51.

ERIE COUNTY

W. J. Schumacher, Erie, 2-28-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

G. Earl Heefner, Waynesboro, 2-28-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Hugh B. Foster, Williamsport, 2-28-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Austin C. Sirms, Cheltenham Twp., Philadelphia (26), 2-28-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

J. C. Bryant, Washington, 2-28-51.
L. B. Finley, Donora, 2-28-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Allen C. Smith, Bethlehem, 3-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

D. Frank Carroll, 1421 Chestnut St., 3-1-51.
William A. Hagerty, 1517 Locust St., 3-1-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss R. Y. Snyder, West Mahanoy Twp., Shenandoah, 3-1-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

Harry Beck, Liberty, 3-1-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

J. Glenn Berry, New Castle, 3-2-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Clarence C. Whirlow, Penn Twp., Harrison City, 3-2-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Raymond C. Hutchings, Wysox Twp., Towanda, 3-3-51.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Miss Elaine M. Kearney, Brockway, 3-3-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn M. Sudnick, Wilkes-Barre, 3-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Rosemary V. Smith, 1422 Chestnut St., 3-3-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Dorothy L. Stepler, Chambersburg, 3-5-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of Deeds, for the term of five years:

Robert Mullen Starkey, 700 Main Street, Hartford, Connecticut, to compute from date of confirmation.

Gerald J. Fitzgerald, Pine Street, Dover, Massachusetts, to compute from February 13, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOLFE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed.	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Major Lemuel B. Schofield, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

M. C. Conick, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joseph Putnam Willson, Esquire, 706 King Street, Smethport, McKean County, for appointment as a Member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1959, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Joseph M. Hornstein, Route No. 1, Saegertown, Crawford County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Woodcock, Crawford County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice William Reid, resigned.

ALDERMAN

Joseph Severo, 173 Poplar Street, Meadville, Crawford County, as Alderman in and for the Fourth Ward of the City of Meadville, Crawford County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Dominick Lemme, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

MAGISTRATE OF COURT No. 9, CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Stanley M. Bednarek, 2607 East Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Magistrate of Court No. 9 in and for the City of Philadelphia, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Fred Schwartz, Jr., deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referees, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified:

Howard G. Stutzman, Tower City, Schuylkill County.
Alvin E. Dillman, Glenshaw, Allegheny County.
J. Ross Foust, 226 Mitinger Avenue, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
Percy A. Patterson, 2612 W. Chestnut Ave., Altoona, Blair County.
Jesse George Smith, 404 W. Third Avenue, Warren, Warren County.
Curtis B. Haines, 806 Clarissa Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
Hobson R. Reynolds, 1522 N. 16th St., Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.
Charles J. Bufalino, 221 Wyoming Ave., Pittston, Luzerne County.
John Sheldrake, 514 Leverington Ave., Roxborough, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.
John Alessandroni, 2534 S. Colorado St., Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.
Joseph P. Olexy, Plymouth, Luzerne County.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Frank B. Brennan, Esquire, 6307 Overbrook Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as a Member of the Workmen's Compensation Board, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes for a meeting of the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes for a meeting of the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. WOLFE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

GENERAL COMMUNICATION

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

Mrs. Howard L. Stuart
State Corresponding Secretary
302 Locust Lane
State College, Pennsylvania

October 9, 1949.

The Honorable Daniel B. Strickler
The President of the State Senate
State Capitol, Room 200
Harrisburg, Pa.

My dear Mr. Strickler:

I am enclosing a resolution concerning "World Government" as passed by the Pennsylvania Society Daughters of the American Revolution at the 53rd State Conference held in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania on October 20-21-22, 1949.

Sincerely,

(s) MRS. HOWARD L. STUART
Mrs. Howard L. Stuart
Corresponding Secretary

encl.

Resolution No. 3

WORLD GOVERNMENT

Whereas, The National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in Congress assembled, April, 1949, passed a resolution to go on record as definitely opposing any form of World Government, and urging the states and chapters to study this un-American movement; to watch their State Legislatures and to fight against the adoption of resolution favorable to the relinquishment of the Constitutional rights of freeborn American citizens, and

Whereas, A scheme has been evolved of having State Legislatures adopt resolutions memorializing the United States Congress to urge the adoption of an over-all world Government, and

Whereas, twenty-two states, out of a necessary thirty-two, have ratified some such a measure, and

Whereas, Such a measure was introduced into the Pennsylvania State Legislature, at its last session, which adjourned without final action, and

Whereas, Some such resolution will undoubtedly be brought up at the next session of the State Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania State Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in Conference assembled, at Pittsburgh, October, 1949, wholeheartedly support the resolution of the National Society on World Government, and

Resolved, that we urge our members to contact their State Senators and State Representatives, requesting them to study all un-American movements and to vote against any resolution upholding them, and, further, be it

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to His Excellency, the Governor of Pennsylvania, the President of the State Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Moved by Mrs. Clemont R. Austin, Regent, Presque Isle Chapter

Seconded by Mrs. R. H. Van Orden, State Chairman of National Defense

Adopted

November 14, 1949
47 North Duke Street,
Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Howard L. Stuart
302 Locust Lane
State College, Pennsylvania

Dear Mrs. Stuart:

I acknowledge your letter of October 9, 1949 enclosing a copy of the resolution concerning "World Government" as passed by the Pennsylvania Society of the D. A. R. at their state conference in Pittsburgh.

The State Senate will not meet again until January, 1951 and I am sure the contents of your letter will receive the proper attention.

Thank you for your interest in sending it to us.

Sincerely yours,
DANIEL B. STRICKLER

DBS:JLG

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH ACCOUNTING

Mr. PROPERT, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
P. O. Box 61
Room 450—Capitol Building

Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Commonwealth Accounting."

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President pro tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,

(s) Baker Royer
BAKER ROYER,
Chairman.

The PRESIDENT. The communication will be spread upon the Journal and the report will be printed in full in the Appendix.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

Mr. McPHERSON, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county board of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairman of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

Mr. CHAPMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filing vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. BLASS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the use of the Museum Division for natural history exhibits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TAYLOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1358), entitled "An act relating to chattel mortgages on any chattel or chattels of any kind or description, including, but not limited to, livestock, poultry, farm machinery, farm equipment and crops, grown, growing or to be grown; designating the operation and effect of the lien of such mortgages; providing for the filing, indexing and docketing of such mortgages and related instruments in prothono-

taries' offices; and prescribing prothonotaries' fees; providing for the filing in Pennsylvania of similar lien instruments originally filed or recorded in other states; regulating the assignment, release, satisfaction and extension of the lien of such mortgages; prescribing methods of foreclosure; defining defaults and violations; and fixing penalties," by providing for postponement of the lien and operation of chattel mortgages in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440), entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting stockholders of banks, banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks, institutions and companies; and validating prior acts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 948), entitled "An act authorizing the laying out, and taking over by the Secretary of Highways, with the approval of the Governor, of new State highway routes in certain cases; providing for their laying out, opening, construction, reconstruction and maintenance, at the expense of the Commonwealth and making an appropriation," by providing for an additional State highway.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the seventh judicial district.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 55, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act to further amend section five hundred five of the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class providing for the appointment of a chief assessor; assistant assessor and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," increasing the compensation of assessors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 57, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 233.1 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," authorizing the register of wills, recorder of deeds, the prothonotary, the clerk of the court of quarter sessions, and the clerk of the orphans' court in counties of the fifth and sixth classes to appoint solicitors; and providing for their salaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 58, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 2 of the act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1172), entitled "An Act establishing certain streets in boroughs and incorporated towns as State highways and providing for their construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth," by deleting a certain route in Bucks County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 59, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 594), entitled "An act establishing certain township roads as State highways; authorizing their construction, maintenance, and improvement under certain conditions and restrictions; limiting the obligation of the Commonwealth in the construction of certain structures located on such highways; conferring certain powers upon the Department of Highways and local authorities, persons, associations and corporations for sharing the cost of maintenance and construction of such highways; and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act," by changing a certain route in Bucks County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 60, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 809), entitled "An act removing certain roads or sections of road from the State highway system; and providing for their future maintenance and construction," by providing for the removal of former State-aid applications or concrete township reward roads from the State highway system.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Agricultural College Farm School Pennsylvania, at Doylestown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MEADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to the Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, for the maintenance and support of its Radio-Active Isotope Research Institute and the laboratory for the study of radio-active isotopes, maintained therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital for the construction and equipment of an addition to the building now occupied by the Hahnemann Medical College.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 64, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of one million three hundred fifty-one thousand dollars for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to the Trustees of Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital, Philadelphia, for the maintenance of its School of Medicine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 65, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of one hundred thousand dollars for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to the Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, for the maintenance, equipment, and support of its Research Virus Institute and the laboratory for the study of virus and rickettseal diseases, maintained therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WATKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 66, entitled:

An Act prohibiting political subdivisions from imposing wage income or occupation taxes on non-residents, and abolishing such taxes heretofore imposed.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. PEELOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 68, entitled:

An Act to validate and confirm certain contracts hereto entered into by boards of school directors where there is no evidence of fraud or conspiracy, and to authorize, ratify, confirm and validate payments on such contracts by the school district.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WOOD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act to further amend the penalty clause of section 903 of the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers, providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by changing penalties for exceeding gross weight allowed of certain vehicles and imposing liabilities on certain shippers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act to add Section 615.2 to the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by limiting the suspension of operators' licenses and privilege to apply for operator's license or learner's permit in cases of certain accidents, and conferring additional powers on the secretary relative thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act to further amend the penalty clause of Section 903 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by changing penalties for exceeding gross weight of certain vehicles; imposing liabilities on owners thereof, and on certain shippers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 72, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 102 and to add Section 1207.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by defining "school secretary" and providing for certification of school secretaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Messrs. FLEMING, MAHANY and DENT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 73, entitled:

An Act relating to the placement for adoption of infants under eighteen (18) years of age; regulating the placement of such infants for adoption; providing for the licensure of private agencies and institutions for the purpose of placing such infants for adoption; prohibiting the placement of infants for adoption by unlicensed agencies and institutions and individuals except under certain circumstances; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Welfare; conferring jurisdiction on the Juvenile Courts and Superior Court; providing for a judicial determination of abandonment of an infant by a parent; providing for the surrender of an infant for adoption placement to the Department of Welfare, a county institution district, or a licensed agency or institution; providing for appeals; prescribing penalties; repealing any acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 752) entitled "An act regulating and improving the civil service of certain departments and agencies of the Commonwealth; vesting in the State Civil Service Commission and a Personnel Director certain powers and duties; providing for classification of positions, adoption of compensation schedules and certification of payrolls; imposing duties upon certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth, authorizing service to other State departments or agencies and political subdivisions of the Commonwealth in matters relating to civil service; defining certain crimes and misdemeanors; imposing penalties; making certain appropriations, and repealing certain acts and parts thereof," by extending the provisions of such act to certain employes within the Department of Welfare.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 75, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 127), entitled "An act relating to Adoption," further providing for the jurisdiction of adoption proceedings, the contents of petitions, necessary consents, and decrees.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. LETZLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act requiring all persons to register with the tax assessor within sixty (60) days after arriving at the age of twenty-one (21) years.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 78, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Eagleville Sanatorium.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1501.1 to the Act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" empowering township supervisors to compel connection with and use of sewer systems constructed by municipal authorities to impose penalties to enforce regulations and orders and to connect properties of owners failing or neglecting to make connection.

Which was committed to the Committe on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 181), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

Which was committed to the Committe on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 302), entitled "An act providing for the admission of children to, and their education and maintenance in, and their discharge from the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans School; prohibiting discharging children or taking children from said school, or children from leaving the same without an order of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School; and prescribing penalties," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Which was committed to the Committe on Educaton.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Which was committed to the Committe on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. MALLERY read in his place and presnted to the Chair Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 85, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 220 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by providing for the issuing of lifelong free resident fishing licenses to persons sixty-five years of age or over.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act to add subsection (f) to Section 6 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1358), entitled "An act relating to chattel mortgaes on any chattel or chattels of any kind or description, including, but not limited to, livestock, poultry, farm machinery, farm equipment and crops, grown, growing or to be grown; designating the operation and effort of the lien of such mortgages; providing for the filing, indexing and docketing of such mortgages and related instruments in prothonotaries' offices; and prescribing prothonotaries' fees; providing for the filing in Pennsylvania of similar lien instruments originally filed or recorded in other states; regulating the assignments, release, satisfaction and extension of the lien of such mortgages; prescribing methods of foreclosure; defining defaults and violations; and fixing penalties," by providing a civil remedy in trespass in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 87, entitled:

An Act requiring certain "subversive" persons and groups as defined herein to register with the Attorney General of this Commonwealth; imposing duties on him and the several prothonotaries; making such registrations public records open to inspection; and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act to add section 203.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by defining the crime of sabotage and the penalty therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also, read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 89, entitled:

An Act to amend section 414 and to add subsection (e) to section 501 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for issuance of special registration plates to licensed operators of amateur radio stations; requiring the secretary to furnish to sheriffs lists of such special registrations and requiring sheriffs to maintain such lists.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 90, entitled:

An Act to add Section 8.1 and Section 8.2 to the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 837), entitled as amended "An act providing for and requiring in certain cases preference in appointments to and retention in public position or on public works for honorably discharged persons who served in the military or naval service during any war in which the United States engaged; and in certain cases for the widows and wives of such persons," by putting the administration thereof under the executive director of the State Civil Service Act and providing penalties for certain misdemeanors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. STEVENSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 91, entitled:

An Act declaring and adopting the poem "Pennsylvania" by Gerall G. Dovenspike as the State poem.

Which was committed to the Committee on Rules.

Mr. STIEFEL for the Senatorial delegation from Philadelphia, read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Moore Institute of Art Science and Industry formerly Philadelphia School of Design for Women at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Textile Institute at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Messrs. YOSKO and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 97, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture, sale, advertising and serving of oleomargarine; and prescribing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Messrs. LANE, McMENAMIN and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act relating to common carriers, making certain acts relating to clearance unlawful; imposing certain duties and conferring powers upon the Public Utility Commission and the Attorney General; and prescribing penalties for violations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1172), entitled "An act establishing certain streets in boroughs and incorporated towns as State highways, and providing for their construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth," by adding a new route in Washington County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. LANE, NEFF and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 101, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing a amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto, section nineteen providing for absentee voting.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act to amend section 7 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 135), entitled "An act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts, courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters, and special masters in chancery, referees, examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties of such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled "An act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers" repealing "An act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven," by placing the costs of certain stenographic services upon appellants.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Messrs. FLEMING and BARR read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982), entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies, as defined, to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency, parks, playgrounds, streets and other improvements and facilities; and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor; by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties," by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth and State public bodies, to dedicate, sell, convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority; and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth; and validating dedications, sales, conveyances and leases heretofore made.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. BARR and WALKER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act providing for the sentencing of persons convicted of certain crimes to an indeterminate sentence having a minimum of one day and a maximum of life in certain cases; authorizing the criminal courts to impose such a sentence and certain temporary sentences in connection therewith, requiring psychiatric examinations of such persons before the imposition of such a sentence, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Welfare and the Pennsylvania Board of Parole, and providing for the parole, conditional parole or absolute discharge of persons so sentenced and the procedure relating thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to add Section 708.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by defining the crime of indecent assault and prescribing the penalty therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HULASKA read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 106, entitled:

An Act to encourage the location of new, and the expansion of, existing industries in the Commonwealth through the granting of State aid to municipality authorities for the construction of industrial plants; placing certain limitations and restrictions on such loans and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. HALUSKA and LANE read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 107, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by prohibiting the requiring of security for repayment of public assistance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. ROBINSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 5, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE EXTENDED TO THE HONORABLE JOHN DENT AND HIS BROTHERS AND SISTERS

Mr. WALKER on behalf of the Members of the Senate, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 5, 1951.

On Sunday, February 4, 1951, Salvatore S. Dent, the father of Honorable John Dent, succumbed to a heart ailment. Although he had lived beyond the proverbial span of three score and ten years, yet his passing brings a poignant loss to the surviving members of his family and his wide circle of friends.

Mr. Dent, displaying the pioneering spirit of the immigrant—the most important component of our American social group—came to this country from Italy forty years ago.

With the tenacity and the determination characteristic of our irrepressible forbears, Mr. Dent soon adapted himself to the skillful routine and technique required of those who work in and with rubber. After many years of effective service, he won his right to a retirement from the obligations of daily toil and his more precious right to a peaceful enjoyment of family association with his seven children.

Although his life was rounded and full and his appointed tasks were done, yet his departure has left a vacuum of feeling in which the emotions of sorrow and commiseration join their compensating influence; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate extend its sincere sympathy to Honorable John Dent and to his brothers and sisters in their hour of bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Honorable John Dent.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

URGING THAT A JOINT COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO DETERMINE CONDITIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS UNDER WHICH LICENSES WERE GRANTED TO THE G. I. TRADE SCHOOLS

Mr. KEPHART offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the Senate, February 5, 1951.

Whereas, Recent disclosures in the press have suggested wide-spread irregularities in the operation of the G. I. Trade Schools; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That a joint investigating committee be appointed to consist of five members of the Senate appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, and five members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker. The committee shall be empowered to determine the conditions and the qualifications under which licenses were granted to the G. I. Trade Schools by the State Board of Private Trade Schools, to examine the corporate books and records of said schools; and be it further

Resolved, That the joint investigating committee be authorized to employ counsel, to have the right to subpoena, to hear witnesses under oath, and to seek the cooperation of the State Police as investigating agents in discovering the responsible sources of the alleged irregularities and discrepancies in the operation of said schools.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WATSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

The Clerk read the nominations as follows:

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referees, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified:

Howard G. Stutzman, Tower City, Schuylkill County.

Alvin E. Dillman, Glenshaw, Allegheny County.

J. Ross Foust, 226 Mitinger Avenue, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.

Percy A. Patterson, 2612 W. Chestnut Ave., Altoona, Blair County.

Jesse George Smith, 404 W. Third Avenue, Warren, Warren County.

Curtis B. Haines, 806 Clarissa Street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Hobson R. Reynolds, 1522 N. 16th St., Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.

Charles J. Bufalino, 221 Wyoming Ave., Pittston, Luzerne County.

John Sheldrake, 514 Leverington Ave., Roxborough, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.

John Alessandroni, 2534 S. Colorado St., Philadelphia, Philadelphia County.

Joseph P. Olexy, Plymouth, Luzerne County.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Frank B. Brennan, Esquire, 6307 Overbrook Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as a Member of the Workmen's Compensation Board, to serve until the

third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

MAGISTRATE OF COURT No. 9, CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Stanley M. Bednarek, 2607 East Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Magistrate of Court No. 9 in and for the City of Philadelphia, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Fred Schwarz, Jr., deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may the Senate be at ease?

(The Senate was at ease.)

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am advised there is a slight error in the report of the Committee on Executive Nominations. The last name read by the Reading Clerk the name of Stanley M. Bednarek, for appointment as Magistrate of Court No. 9 in and for the city of Philadelphia, we ask that it be withdrawn from the desk at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none. The nomination will be withdrawn.

The Clerk continued to read the nominations as follows:

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joseph Putnam Willson, Esquire, 706 King Street, Smethport, McKean County, for appointment as a Member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1959, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Joseph M. Hornstein, Route No. 1, Saegertown, Crawford County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Woodcock, Crawford County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice William Reid, resigned.

ALDERMAN

Joseph Severo, 173 Poplar Street, Meadville, Crawford County, as Alderman in and for the Fourth Ward of the City of Meadville, Crawford County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Dominick Lemme, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Calvin M. Potteiger, Main Street, Richland, Lebanon County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Richland, Lebanon County, until the first Monday of January, 1952 to fill a vacancy.

JAMES H. DUFF.

ALDERMAN

January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

James Craparo, 18 Shell Avenue, Carbondale, Lackawanna County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Carbondale, Lackawanna County, until the First Monday of January, 1952, vice Francis W. Kearney, deceased.

JAMES H. DUFF.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may the Senate be at ease?

(The Senate was at ease.)

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask leave at this time to withdraw the nomination of James Craparo, 18 Shell Avenue, Carbondale, Lackawanna County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Carbondale, and the nomination of Joseph Putnam Willson, Esquire, 706 King Street, Smethport, McKean County, for appointment as a Member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none. The nominations will be withdrawn.

RULE 38 SUSPENDED

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. HARE, to grant unanimous consent to immediate consideration of the nominations just reported from the Committee on Executive Nominations, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. HARE, that the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, on behalf of the Democratic Minority of this Chamber, we would like to go on record and inform the Majority Party that this happens to be the first time throughout this Session that we have had the opportunity to vote for men in any major office in so far as confirmations are concerned.

It appears to me that the Majority Members are laboring under a misapprehension when they say that, off the record, we have taken the stand that we shall not confirm anyone until the Office of Attorney General is taken care of.

Mr. President, the Gentleman from Westmoreland County, Senator Dent, did make a statement that pertained entirely and solely to the Cabinet Members. As the Governor sends over the nominations, we shall consider them piecemeal, but at no time shall be take them as a group, and we feel that the Majority Party has delayed action and caused considerable hardship to the people of the Commonwealth because of its failure to present to this Chamber the names of these Workmen's Compensation Referees. Many men are suffering, their claims have not been adjusted, and even up to this present hour we still find that all of these people who should be confirmed have not been presented to this Chamber. We hope and we ask that by tomorrow, the Governor will send over the balance of the names so that the people of the Commonwealth, who are waiting for claim adjustments and decisions, will be taken care of properly.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am very reluctant at this late hour to prolong any discussion on a collateral matter, but I would like to remind the gentleman from Cambria, Senator Haluska, that on repeated occasions he, as well as the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland, whose absence we regret very very much, told the Members of the Majority Party that the Democratic group would confirm nobody until or unless the Governor sent over a nominee for Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Not once, Mr. President, but at least a dozen times has that statement been made to us here on the Majority side; not alone to me, but to other Members on the Majority side of the aisle has that statement been made, not only by Senator Dent, but by Senator Haluska himself. Just as recently as last Thursday did the distinguished gentleman from Cambria reassure us that they would confirm no one, that there was solidarity, that they would hold the line, and that nobody with the exception of notaries public would be confirmed. Never once was there any intimation that that solid front had been broken by the distinguished gentleman representing the Minority, and may I say, Mr. President, that this late hour attempt to shift whatever responsibility might have been incurred upon the Members of the Senate, because of certain statements that had been made in the press, certainly comes with poor grace at this time.

Mr. President, the question before the Senate is the confirmation of a group of gentlemen who have been appointed to various positions by the Executive Branch of this Government. The responsibility of the Senate is whether or not they will advise and consent. As to who is responsible for the deplorable condition in which we find ourselves is something that the public will decide. The public is well aware of the facts that surround this complete lack of cooperation here in the Senate Chamber, and the people will be the judges as to whether or not the Minority or the Majority is responsible for this despicable condition.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I am quite reluctant to disagree with the statement of the Majority Leader, but I say to the Members of the Senate of Pennsylvania and to the public at large, there was never any official action in the Democratic Caucus to oppose any and all confirmations. I want the public to know, and the Majority Leader to know, that if such statements were made, they were made without the authorization of the Democratic Caucus.

Mr. President, in looking over Senator Dent's speech, I cannot find in there where he said on any occasion that we were going to oppose all confirmations.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say to the distinguished gentleman from Washington that he is entirely correct in his statement. The only authority I have for the statement I just made on the floor came to me personally from the gentlemen who are supposed to represent the Democratic Party. Never at any time did I attend a Caucus where all of the twenty Democrats on the Minority side made such a statement, but there are some of the gentlemen who I am assuming spoke for the Caucus when they said not only to me—and may I say to the gentleman from Washington that I am being very careful in the verbiage that I am using—not only said to me but said to other gentlemen on this side of the aisle that as far as the Democratic Caucus was concerned they would confirm nobody with the exception of Notaries Public until the Governor had sent over a nominee for Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I am one of the men who conversed with Senator Walker time in and time out, and I did make the statement that we would not confirm any Cabinet Member or consider any Cabinet Member until we first disposed of the Office of Attorney General, and up until the present time, under instructions from our Democratic Party, we stand pat. We have not changed our mind one iota, but at no time have we taken the stand that we would delay or hold up any minor offices. We approved notaries public, recorders of deeds, and I say again this is our first opportunity we have had to act upon higher offices, and the gentleman from Allegheny County does not know what we think or what we may do if he comes forth with the Cabinet Members. Up until the time they are presented to us, the statements made off the record have no bearing in this Chamber.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I just want to say to the gentleman from Cambria that the statement which he made to me personally—and I would like to refresh his recollection a little—was that the Democratic Caucus will confirm nobody unless and until the Governor of the Commonwealth sends over a nominee for Attorney General, and may I say, Mr. President, that that statement was made not only to me but to other gentlemen on this side of the aisle.

Now, Mr. President, I appreciate very much the fact that we are not going to be able to try a case on this, and I would be perfectly willing to let all the gentlemen who are on their feet speak on this motion.

Mr. DiSILVESTRO. Mr. President, the learned Majority Leader and the learned lawyers in this Assembly know that what somebody tells them is hearsay. Let's cut out all this monkey business. Whoever spoke to the Majority Leader did not speak for me, if he spoke unofficially.

Mr. President, I feel I should give my vote to these referees and other offices according to the prescribes of our meeting and caucus, if anybody spoke to the Majority Leader, he was not speaking for the Representative of the First District, and every lawyer knows the rules about hearsay.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I do not rise to answer my good friend, Senator Walker, but taking the suggestion from him, I would like to try to make the citizens of this Commonwealth understand that never was it our intention, willy-nilly, to hold up the approval of the nominations made by the Governor, and I would like to point out, too, that the speeches, the discussions, the conversations which took place with regard to this matter on the floor of this Senate took place on the morning of January the fifteenth when our position was made very, very clear. After that, the newly inaugurated Governor of this Commonwealth submitted names to be considered by us for almost the complete official Cabinet of the Governor. He knew our position at the time. Nevertheless, he did that. Those names were referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations. He did not at that time, nor shortly thereafter submit any names for the offices upon which we are about to vote.

Now, Mr. President, it was never our intention to hold up those men. It was always our intention to consider them when they came over, and I think it unfair of my brother colleagues on the other side of the house, or the press, to let the impression go out that we as Democrats held up consideration of men for the position of Workmen's Compensation Referees or Members of the Workmen's Compensation Board. We would have been more than glad to consider them then as we are glad to consider them today.

Mr. President, I repeat again that the Governor knew our position when he sent over his list and his list contained only the Members of the Cabinet, all but two, and if the Governor was anxious to fill the other offices at that time, knowing our position, he could have submitted those names. He didn't do it until today.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, we are now considering confirmations of Workmen's Compensation Referees. It is not my purpose to go into the confirmation of others that were submitted here by the Governor, but the statements I have read in the newspapers would indicate that the Democrats were responsible for not confirming these Workmen's Compensation Referees, and for that reason we have got to go into a little bit of the background.

Mr. President, if my memory serves me correctly, former Governor Duff submitted a group of names that appeared in the booklet on confirmations to the Senate for confirmation. A little bit later, on the day he vacated his office as Governor, he withdrew the name of one of his Cabinet members. Then, the gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, in his debate on the withdrawal of that one Cabinet member, asked why other names were not withdrawn, and then when Governor Fine was inducted into office, I think the very afternoon of his induction, he recalled the names of all of the persons who were submitted for confirmation by Governor Duff. The following day we adjourned, and we have not met until this time.

Mr. President, frankly, I did not know, and I do not believe the members on the other side knew that these fifteen referees were taken off the payroll, and, of course, after they were taken off the payroll, a story appeared in the paper to the effect that we held up the confirmations, and yet the names of these fifteen gentlemen were never before the Senate until this afternoon. These names were presented today, and the Committee on Executive Nominations reported the names out, and we are about to take a vote, and what I think everybody here is trying to do on this side is to clarify the situation and convey to the public that we are in no way responsible for holding up the confirmation of the referees, which resulted in their discharge and resulted in them being taken off the payroll.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I remember one time in law school we had a pleading known as a "pleading of confession and avoidance."

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairmen of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs

upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce bills at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. YOSKO read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 108, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 752), entitled "An act regulating and improving the civil service of certain departments and agencies of the Commonwealth; vesting in the State Civil Service Commission and a Personnel Director certain powers and duties; providing for classification of positions, adoption of compensation schedules and certification of payrolls; imposing duties upon certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth; authorizing service to other State departments or agencies and political subdivisions of the Commonwealth in matters relating to civil service; defining certain crimes and misdemeanors; imposing penalties; making certain appropriations, and repealing certain acts and parts thereof," by further defining the term "Service of the Commonwealth" to include all offices and positions in the Commission on Organization of the Executive Branch of the Government.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act establishing a bipartisan legislative commission to be known as the Commission on Organization of the Executive Branch of the Government, prescribing its powers and duties, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 6, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. MAHANY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 7:28 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, February 6, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, February 5, 1951

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer offered the following prayer:

O Most Gracious and Omnipotent God, by Whose grace and strength we are able to do all things, we pray Thee in our worship of Thee to quicken our conscience by Thy holiness, feed our minds with Thy truth, purge our imaginations by Thy beauty, open our hearts to Thy love, devote our wills to Thy purposes, and so may we serve Thee from generation to generation and fulfill the great destiny to which Thou hast called mankind, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, January 16, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Moran for Mr. JENKINS for the remainder of the week because of illness.

REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 191st semi-annual statement December 1, 1950 together with a list of depositors of the Dollar Savings Bank, Pittsburgh.

(For Report see appendix).

RESOLUTION

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES

Mr. ROYER offered a resolution and asked and obtained unaminous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

Resolved, That in compliance with the provisions of Rule 27 of the House, it is recommended that the Members of the House named herein be and are hereby elected Members of the Standing Committees of this House of Representatives. The Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen included in this report were appointed by the Speaker of the House.

Respectfully submitted by the Committee on Committees.

BAKER ROYER, Chairman
WILSON L. YEAKEL
WRAYBURN B. HALL
GEORGE W. COOPER
RAY L. RILEY
D. RAYMOND SOLLENBERGER
ALBERT W. JOHNSON
JOHN F. STANK
JOSEPH A. SCANLON
ALBERT S. READINGER
HERBERT P. SORG,
Speaker of the House Ex-Officio.

AERONAUTICS

Greenwood, Chairman
Kratz, Vice-Chairman

DuBois	Wachhaus
Dunn	Weidner
Gutendorf	Bucchin
Helm	Berkstresser
Lafore	Fenrich
McMillen	Hoggard
Mikula	Jones, John M.
Pitzer	Muldowney
Price, H. W., Jr.	Price, R. A.
Thompson, E. F.	Verona

AGRICULTURE AND DAIRY INDUSTRIES

Madigan, Chairman
McCullough, Vice-Chairman

Banker	Reagan
Barkdoll	Wescott
Blair	Wood
Breisch	Beaver
Clapper	Berkstresser
Ferster	Cochran
Firmstone	Good
Gleason	Headlee
Goodling	McDermit
Graybill	Mills
Harney	Polen
Light	Seyler
Moore, C. E.	Snider
Moore, H. A.	Swope
Pitzer	Westrick

APPROPRIATIONS

Wood, Chairman
Bloom, Vice-Chairman

Bower	Sollenberger
Cooper	Tahl
Dalrymple	Watkins
Dennison	Boies
Flack	Kolankiewicz
Goodling	Lovett
Greenwood	McGee
Haudenshield	Mills
Hewitt	Polaski
Leisey	Rose
Loftus	Rosen
McKinney	Sarraf
Moore, C. E.	Stank
Reagan	Varallo, Mary
Riley, R. L.	Yester

BANKING AND BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

Cooper, Chairman
Murray, Vice-Chairman

Bloom	Whalley
Bolton	White
Bomberger	Yeakel
Clapper	Amarando
Clendening	Duffy
Dalrymple	Guarnieri
Geer	Hagerty
Gibson	Hersch
Kent	Hunter
Kline	Jones, Paul F.
Leisey	Leven
Pichney	McNally
Sollenberger	Munroe, Susie
Stoner	Olsen
Thompson, R. L.	Yester

BOROUGHS

Baumunk, Chairman
Price, H. W., Jr., Vice-Chairman

Beech	Reilly, J. M.
Blair	Scott
Bomberger	Varner
Dunn	Filo
Erb	Filip
Frost	Gaffney
Gleason	Hunter
Jones, T. H. W.	Jenkins
Keller	Kornick
Leonard, W. C.	Lopresti
Lyons	Lutty
Madden	McDermit
McCullough	Moran
Najaka	Wargo
Naugle	Westrick

CITY AND COUNTY—FIRST CLASS

Tahl, Chairman
Mintess, Vice-Chairman

Bower	Sax
Cella	Thompson, E. F.
Costa	Yeakel
Hall	Amarando
Hamilton, W. H.	Conway
Haudenshield	Dougherty
Kline	Guarnieri
Loftus	Hagerty
McCormack	Lederer
Naugle	Limper
Pichney	Penglase
Pitzer	Pfaff
Rigby	Rose
Royer	Rosen
Rubin	Welsh

CITIES AND COUNTIES—SECOND CLASS

Ewing, Chairman
Thompson, R. L., Vice-Chairman

Beech	Swartz
Bower	Wilt
Cooper	Lutty
Geer	Mihm
Haudenshield	Needham
Madden	Price, R. A.
Rigby	Schmidt
Shotwell	Schuster
Sollenberger	Verona
Spencer	Wargo

CITIES—THIRD CLASS

Dalrymple, Chairman
Mikula, Vice-Chairman

Bloom	Young
Brown	Ziegler
Jump	Boies
Kent	Bucchin
Miller, H. G.	Gaffney
Moore, C. E.	Kubacki
Murray	Musto
Riley, R. L.	Polaski
Shoemaker	Seyler
VanSant	Yester

COUNTIES

Guthrie, Chairman
Jump, Vice-Chairman

Bomberger	Robertson
Boorse	Shoemaker
Davis	Sollenberger
Dunn	Berkstresser
Erb	Byrne
Firmstone	Filip
Flack	Hamilton, R. K.
Keller	Hoggard
Lafore	Jenkins
Leisey	Lederer
Light	Leven
Lyons	Pettigrew
Madden	Snider
Metz	Westrick
Moore, H. A.	Wheeler

EDUCATION

Sollenberger, Chairman
Scott, Vice-Chairman

Beech	Watkins
Breisch	Weidner
Clapper	Wescott
Costa	Corr
Ferster	Gaffney
Gibson	Jones, Paul F.
Hall	Kolankiewicz
Helm	Mills
Keller	Polen
Loftus	Readinger
Madigan	Scanlon
McMillen	Schmidt
Moore, H. A.	Seyler
Riley, R. L.	Varallo, Mary
Tompkins	Westrick

ELECTIONS AND APPORTIONMENT

Bower, Chairman
Breisch, Vice-Chairman

Dowling	Wood
Hamilton, W. H.	Yeakel
Haudenshield	Corr
Johnson	Dougherty
Light	Kamyk
McCormack	Leven
Murray	Limper
Najaka	Lopresti
Stimmel	Penglase
Tahl	Toll

FISHERIES

Gibson, Chairman
Shoemaker, Vice-Chairman

Blair	Stoner
Boorse	Swartz
Davis	VanSant
Whalley	Beaver
Ferster	Breth
Firmstone	Corr
Greenwood	Filip
Gutendorf	Good
Harney	Headlee
Hewitt	Kornick
Leonard, W. C.	Lutty
McConnell	McDermit
McInroy	Musto
Metz	Wheeler
Stimmel	Yetzer

GAME AND FORESTRY

Goodling, Chairman
Graybill, Vice-Chairman

Banker	Wachhaus
Barkdoll	Wescott
Baumunk	Yeakel
Clapper	Beaver
Davis	Breth
Gibson	Filo
Gleason	Good
Guthrie	Headlee
Harney	Maxwell
McMillen	Needham
Moore, C. E.	Olsen
Shoemaker	Pettigrew
Shotwell	Snider
Tompkins	Swope
Toomey	Yetzer

HIGHWAYS

Royer, Chairman
Moore, C. E., Vice-Chairman
Baumunk
Dennison
Guthrie
Hall
Jump
Kratz
Lyons
Madigan
Mazza
McMillen
Miller, J. C.
Reagan
Spencer
Toomey
Waterhouse
Watkins
Wood
Yeakel
Cochran
Dougherty
Fenrich
Filo
McDermit
Polen
Stank
Taylor
Toll
Varallo, Mary
Wheeler
Yetzer

INSURANCE

Kline, Chairman
Sax, Vice-Chairman
Bear
Bomberger
Boorse
Brown
Dowling
Flack
Frost
Leisey
Miller, H. G.
Murray
Pichney
Stimmel
Conway
Hamilton, R. K.
Kamyk
Mills
Peta
Pfaff
Reidenbach
Rose

JUDICIARY

McKinney, Chairman
Tompkins, Vice-Chairman
Bloom
Cooper
Dowling
Geer
Greer
Johnson
Jones, T. H. W.
Kent
Light
Mintess
Robertson
Sax
Scott
Swartz
Tahl
White
Wilt
Ziegler
Corr
Guarnieri
Hagerty
Jones, Paul F.
Leven
Lopresti
Mihm
Readinger
Rose
Rosen
Schmidt
Toll

LABOR RELATIONS

Helm, Chairman
Young, Vice-Chairman
Hall
Harney
Hewitt
Johnson
Keller
Kohl
Madigan
McCullough
Mintess
Reagan
Reilly, J. M.
Shotwell
Stoner
Toomey
Waterhouse
Whalley
White
Wood
Duffy
Hersch
Kamyk
Leonard, Louis
Lovett
Moran
Petrosky
Polaski
Rovansek
Schuster
Welsh
Williams

LAW AND ORDER

Riley, R. L., Chairman
Moore, H. A., Vice-Chairman
Bear
Bower
Breisch
Costa
Gleason
Greenwood
Jump
Mintess
Pitchney
Reagan
Wachhaus
Wilt
Hagerty
Hoggard
Jenkins
Monroe, Susie
Munley, Marion
Reidenbach
Schuster
Yetzer

LIQUOR CONTROL

Reilly, J. M., Chairman
McCormack, Vice-Chairman
Clendening
Costa
Goodling
Hocker
Kohl
Kratz
Lafore
Loftus
Mazza
McCullough
McInroy
McKinney
Mikula
Sax
Shotwell
VanSant
Wachhaus
Ziegler
Boies
Cochran
Duffy
Hersch
Lovett
Olsen
Petrosky
Readinger
Reese
Scanlon
Stank
Verona

MILITARY AFFAIRS

McMillen, Chairman
Najaka, Vice-Chairman
Bolton
Brown
Clendening
Davis
DuBois
Erb
Greer
Kratz
Lyons
Mazza
Miller, J. C.
Price, H. W., Jr.
Royer
Scott
Thompson, R. L.
VanSant
White
Ziegler
Conway
Fenrich
Jones, John M.
Kolankiewicz
Lederer
Maxwell
Mihm
Needham
Pettigrew
Rovansek
Sarraf
Wargo

MINES AND MINING

Hewitt, Chairman
Kohl, Vice-Chairman
Beech
Dennison
DuBois
Ewing
Greenwood
Guthrie
Johnson
Mazza
Reilly, J. M.
Spencer
Thompson, R. L.
Whalley
Leonard, Louis
Munley, Marion
Petrosky
Reese
Rovansek
Stank
Wargo
Williams

MOTOR VEHICLES

Dennison, Chairman
Wescott, Vice-Chairman
Barkdoll
Blair
Bomberger
Clendening
Dunn
Ewing
Firmstone
Graybill
Greenwood
Guthrie
Helm
Hewitt
Lafore
Markley, Marian
Pichney
Rigby
Royer
Weidner
Bucchin
Cochran
Conway
Coyle, Josephine
Fenrich
Filo
Hunter
Kornick
Kubacki
McGee
Penglase
Williams

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Boorse, Chairman
Loftus, Vice-Chairman

Blair
Cooper
Dalrymple
Dowling
Jump
Mikula
Mintess
Rigby
Robertson
Rubin
Spencer
Varner
Amarando
Coyle, Josephine
Dougherty
Guarnieri
Kubacki
Munroe, Susie
Price, R. A.
Welsh

PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE

Flack, Chairman
Hocker, Vice-Chairman

Baumunk
Boorse
Cella
Hamilton, W. H.
Leonard, W. C.
Markley, Marian
McKinney
Metz
Miller, H. G.
Miller, J. C.
Najaka
Rubin
Stoner
Tahl
Thompson, E. F.
Waterhouse
Wilt
Young
Boies
Jones, Granville E.
Kolankiewicz
Lopresti
McGee
Maxwell
Olsen
Pfaff
Reese
Sarraf
Scanlon
Yester

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION

Frost, Chairman
Toomey, Vice-Chairman

Clapper
Dalrymple
Ferster
Flack
Gutendorf
Haudenshield
Jones, T. H. W.
McConnell
Swartz
Thompson, E. F.
Varner
Waterhouse
Byrne
Hamilton, R. K.
Jones, Granville E.
McGee
Musto
Peta
Pettigrew
Sarraf

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Costa, Chairman
Greer, Vice-Chairman

Barkdoll
Bloom
Cella
Clendening
Dennison
Ewing
Frost
Gibson
Hall
Hocker
Kline
Leisey
Madden
Najaka
Riley, R. L.
Stimmel
Tompkins
Watkins
Coyle, Josephine
Duffy
Jones, John M.
Jones, Paul F.
Kubacki
Lutty
Moran
Muldowney
Petrosky
Price, R. A.
Reidenbach
Scanlon

RAILROADS AND RAILWAYS

Leisey, Chairman
Miller, H. G., Vice-Chairman

Banker
DuBois
Erb
Gutendorf
Jones, T. H. W.
Kline
McConnell
McInroy
Metz
Miller, J. C.
Thompson, E. F.
Watkins
Gaffney
Hoggard
Limper
Munley, Marion
Peta
Pfaff
Schuster
Taylor

STATE GOVERNMENT

Watkins, Chairman
Stimmel, Vice-Chairman

Cooper
Erb
Goodling
Hewitt
Johnson
Kent
Kohl
Lyons
Madigan
McKinney
Price, H. W., Jr.
Reilly, J. M.
Royer
Sollenberger
Tahl
Toomey
Varner
Wood
Amarando
Breth
Byrne
Hamilton, R. K.
Hersch
Jones, Granville E.
Lederer
Muldowney
Penglase
Polaski
Rosen
Schmidt

TOWNSHIPS

Reagan, Chairman
Weidner, Vice-Chairman

Banker
Barkdoll
Bear
Bolton
Breisch
Ferster
Firmstone
Harney
Hocker
Kohl
Markley, Marian
McCullough
McInroy
Moore, H. A.
Naugle
Robertson
Spencer
Varner
Beaver
Berkstresser
Good
Headlee
Hunter
Jenkins
Kornick
Maxwell
Musto
Polen
Swope
Wheeler

WAYS AND MEANS

Hall, Chairman
Yeakel, Vice-Chairman

Ewing
Frost
Gibson
Greer
Helm
Kline
Kratz
Madden
McCormack
McMillen
Mikula
Royer
Sax
Thompson, R. L.
Tompkins
Weidner
Young
Ziegler
Breth
Byrne
Lovett
McNally
Mihm
Readinger
Reidenbach
Seyler
Swope
Taylor
Toll
Welsh

WELFARE

Haudenshield, Chairman
Wachhaus, Vice-Chairman

Bear
Beech
Brown
Cella
Dalrymple
Geer
Graybill
Hamilton, W. H.
Markley, Marian
Mazza
Miller, H. G.
Pitzer
Price, H. W., Jr.
Robertson
Rubin
Scott
Shoemaker
Young
Bucchin
Coyle, Josephine
Jones, Granville E.
Kamyk
Leonard, Louis
McNally
Monroe, Susie
Munley, Marian
Snider
Taylor
Varallo, Mary
Verona

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Waterhouse, Chairman
Kent, Vice-Chairman

Baumunk	Naugle
Boorse	Riley, R. L.
Bower	Wescott
Brown	Filip
Dennison	Jones, John M.
Ewing	Leonard, Louis
Graybill	Limper
Greer	McNally
Hocker	Moran
Keller	Muldowney
Leonard, W. C.	Needham
McConnell	Peta
McCormack	Reese
McKinney	Rovansek
Murray	Williams

MEMBERS OF PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION ON INTERSTATE COOPERATION (Act of 1937 P. L. 109)

Charles C. Smith	Hiram G. Andrews
Albert W. Johnson	Herbert P. Sorg
Norman Wood	

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. ANDREWS. For perfectly obvious reasons, Mr. Speaker, the minority Members of the Committee on Committees did not prepare a minority report. Acceptance of this report is with us a routine matter, and we wish it a matter of record that we are not accepting the principle of representation which the report of the committee embodies.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

The SPEAKER. The Chief Clerk will now distribute copies of the report for the information of the Members.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

The SPEAKER. Members are now privileged to introduce bills by filing them with the Bill Clerk at the Speaker's left. Three copies must be legibly signed and dated. Keep the unbacked copy for your personal use.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. REAGAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. CLENDENING asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. OLSEN asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

COMMITTEE ON RULES

The SPEAKER. In compliance with the rules of the House, the Chair has appointed the following committee:

Messrs. Smith, Chairman; Yeakel, Helm, Bower, Johnson, and the Speaker of the House, Ex-officio.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS.

HOUSE BILL No. 1.

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS.

HOUSE BILL No. 2.

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An Act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity for liability for injury or death to persons or damages to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS.

HOUSE BILL No. 3.

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS.

HOUSE BILL No. 4.

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS.

HOUSE BILL No. 5.

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32), entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property; prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship; limiting the privileges of certain witnesses; prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters; authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon; conferring powers on the

Water and Power Resources Board, and providing penalties," by amending section two relating to penalties.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

RESOLUTION

REPORT OF SLATE COMMITTEE

Mr. BOWER offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration. The resolution was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

Resolved, That the following named persons shall be and are hereby elected employes of this House, under the provisions of the Act of January 21st, 1947, P. L. 3, as amended by the Act of February 11th, 1949 P. L. 4, for the positions as designated, effective February 5, 1951.

Respectfully submitted

ADAM T. BOWER, Chairman
JOHN R. HAUDENSHIELD
HAROLD E. FLACK
THOMAS H. GREER, JR.
AMOS M. LEISEY
FRANK A. COSTA
IVAN C. WATKINS

CHAPLAIN

Rev. William H. Fryer, Chester County

JOURNAL CLERK

Joseph H. Siegfried, Lycoming County

ASSISTANT JOURNAL CLERK

Hubert H. Strunk, Schuylkill County

READING CLERKS

William F. MacDonald, Delaware County
John F. Mathias, Allegheny County

MESSAGE CLERK

Frank J. Lillie, Erie County

POSTMASTERS

Walter W. Rhodes, Potter County
Maurice L. Coulter, Indiana County
Roy V. Lesh, Venango County

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS

George F. Hare, Delaware County
William A. Sheldon, Wyoming County
Stephen J. Rzeznik, Schuylkill County
Shad N. Goss, Luzerne County
Charles D. Wengert, Blair County
Charles H. Whittaker, Warren County
John Y. Dentzel, Armstrong County
J. Keeley Sauserman, Perry County
Joseph Wicsinski, Philadelphia County
Russell E. Espenshade, Philadelphia County
Charles W. Kern, Sullivan County
Roland B. McRoberts, Schuylkill County

DOCUMENT CLERKS

Roy J. Erb, Blair County
Mario P. Grazioli, Northumberland County
Fred B. Williams, Lehigh County
Calvin G. Cowan, Clinton County
Joseph R. Feeser, York County
Charles A. McKenna, Allegheny County
Joseph W. Zarowski, Philadelphia County
John T. McGrath, Philadelphia County
Calvin Giordano, Lackawanna County

MAILING CLERK

Howard S. Keener, Armstrong County
John Ballent, Northumberland County
Charles A. Lantz, Mifflin County
J. Lewis Gailey, Lawrence County
Cameron O. Stevens, Lehigh County
William H. Jones, Montgomery County
D. J. Fiscus, Indiana County

STENOGRAPHERS

Reba M. Watt, Armstrong County
Emily I. Campbell, Bradford County
Grace S. Gill, Centre County
Frank W. Hottenstein, Snyder County
Ruth W. Adams, Union County
Pauline I. Oswald, Butler County
Marie B. Moser, Huntingdon County
Patricia A. Shealer, Adams County
Grace L. Loveland, Crawford County
Helen Connelly, Tioga County
Virginia R. Holsopple, Somerset County
John W. Sterrett, Clarion County

TELEPHONE ATTENDANTS

William A. Riddall, Wayne County
John E. Kulig, Luzerne County

CHIEF PAGE

Benjamin H. Foltz, Dauphin County

PAGES

James M. Miller, Jr., Lancaster County
Donald Brady, Lancaster County
James R. Moore, Allegheny County
William P. Carr, Jr., Allegheny County
Mary Shiry, Allegheny County
William J. Kovach, Allegheny County
David Slocum, Philadelphia County
Walter C. Bonner, Philadelphia County
Reuben C. McKenty, Philadelphia County
Charles G. Satchell, Philadelphia County
George Gephart, Cumberland County
Fred Fishel, Cumberland County
Patrick F. Needham, Lackawanna County
Henry H. Young, Dauphin County
Roy L. Brungard, Dauphin County
Arthur A. Banks, Dauphin County

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?
It was adopted.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I noted that the gentleman from Northumberland addressed the chair with his pipe in his mouth. I desire to know whether that is a privilege reserved strictly for the gentleman from Northumberland or whether it exemplifies a practice in which all of the Members of the House are privileged to indulge themselves.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is of the opinion that the presence of the pipe will not affect the validity of the resolution, and hopes that the Minority Leader too will enjoy his pipe while addressing the Chair. The Chair requests only that Members speak audibly and distinctly.

OATH ADMINISTERED TO EMPLOYES

The SPEAKER then administered the oath to the employees named in the resolution of the Slate Committee.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

All Sergeant at Arms are requested by the Chief Clerk to meet in the office of Mr. Earl Price, assistant to the Chief Clerk in Room 146 at 10 a. m., Tuesday, February 6th.

All Document Clerks are requested by the Chief Clerk to meet in the Document Room, at 9 a. m., Tuesday, February 6th.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH ACCOUNTING

Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission I present the Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with Commonwealth Accounting.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Mr. FROST. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission I present the Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with Commonwealth Space Requirements in Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

RESOLUTION

CONGRATULATIONS

Messrs. ROYER and BOMBERGER asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer a resolution which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

The House of Representatives would be remiss, if, during its recent recess, it allowed the twenty-fourth day of January to pass uneventfully into the oblivion of time without high lighting its real significance to the Honorable Norman Wood.

In point of years of continuous service, not only to his constituents of Lancaster County, but, indeed, to all of the electors of the Commonwealth, Mr. Wood is truly the Nestor of our deliberative group. Hence, the occasion for the observance of his sixtieth birthday anniversary is an opportunity for all of us to extend to him our heartfelt felicitations.

In a day when words are an abundant and a cheap commodity from the dignified forum at Lake Success to the lowly cracker barrel at the country store, it is refreshing and comforting to include in our membership a man of unlimited calm and of few words, but whose rarely offered comments, nevertheless, embody in their thought a cogency and a persuasiveness that flow from his many years of mature experience.

Six decades of sojourn on this earth and twenty-eight years of activity in this House are no mean criterion by which to assay his contribution and worth to our group; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Members of the House of Representatives hereby congratulate Mr. Wood on his long and outstanding career, especially on the occasion of his arriving at the threshold of his sixties, and extend to him our sincere wishes for many more years of effective service, sustained health and added public honors.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am glad after twenty-eight years of service somebody found out I have a birthday.

According to the resolution I am a man of few words, so I will have to live up to it and not say too much. All I can say, I wish to thank the Members of the House for this resolution. I certainly appreciate it. Thank you.

COMMITTEE MEETING DURING SESSION

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Committee on State Government will meet immediately in Room 324. The Chair hears none.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for forty minutes. The Chair hears none and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. McMILLEN, ROBERTSON and COOPER.

HOUSE BILL No. 6.

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairman of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonmealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 7.

An Act to further amend section three hundred nineteen of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by providing for proportionate payment of attorney's fees and disbursements by employer and employe upon a recovery of damages against a third party.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. ROYER and ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 8

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 9.

An Act to amend Section 308 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractural regulations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities, imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties; fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act" by prohibiting increases in rates by public utilities without public hearing.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 10.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by prohibiting the levying, assessment or collection of any tax on wages.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. MIKULA and STANK. HOUSE BILL No. 11.

An Act to further amend section 410 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties, "by reducing the period of time within which the board may cite licensees for suspension or revocation of licenses and further regulating and defining the reasons for which licensees may be cited for suspension or revocation of licenses or otherwise penalized.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. MIKULA and STANK. HOUSE BILL No. 12.

An Act to further amend section 13 of the act approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined: providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing

penalties; and repealing existing acts, "by reducing the period of time within which the board may cite licensees for suspension or revocation of licenses and further regulating and defining the reason for which licensees may be cited for revocation or suspension of licenses or otherwise penalized.

Referred to Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. COOPER. HOUSE BILL No. 13.

An Act requiring political subdivisions to satisfy of record at their expense certain lost liens for taxes against real property sold at sheriffs' sales under certain conditions.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. COOPER. HOUSE BILL No. 14.

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299), entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles, for the accumulation of county tax liens, and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assessed for county, city, borough, township, school and institution district taxation; providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof; and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties,' providing for the use in counties of the second class of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts; in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes; and in the sale of real estate for taxes; and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties; and upon treasurers, tax collectors and solicitors of cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts in said counties," by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. CLENDENING, BLOOM, ROBINSON and LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 15.

An Act prohibiting political subdivisions from imposing wage, income or occupation taxes on non-residents, and abolishing such taxes heretofore imposed.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. BLOOM, CLENDENING, ROBERTSON and LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 16.

An Act regulating the manufacture, sale and advertising of oleomargarine, butterine, or other similar products, imposing certain powers and duties upon the Department of Agriculture and imposing penalties and repealing certain statutes.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. COOPER. HOUSE BILL No. 17.

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres, for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital, and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 18.

An Act to further amend Sections 301 and 302, and to amend Sections 304 and 408 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges, abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the membership and organization of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, the Pennsylvania Fish Commission, the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and the State Council of Education.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and GOODLING. HOUSE BILL No. 19.

An Act to further amend and reenact Section 17 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149), entitled, as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth, which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax, and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation," by providing for reimbursement of taxes paid on liquid fuels consumed in the operation of certain tractors and machinery for agricultural purposes; providing penalties; and making appropriations from the Motor License Fund for the payment of such reimbursements and expenses in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 20.

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the

Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer, and prescribing penalties," by further defining "Compensated Employe" and "Wages of a Compensated Employe" further defining "Week" to include seven consecutive days or each accumulation of four "effective days" defining "effective day" and further regulating ineligibility for compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 21.

An Act proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto section nineteen providing for absentee voting.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 22.

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of, and to add Section 2802-A to, the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissoins; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Historical Preservation Fund; providing for the payment of certain moneys into it; and making an appropriation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 23.

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. WOOD and McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 24.

An Act to amend Section 304 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by increasing the membership of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. WOOD and ROYER. HOUSE BILL No. 25.

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land, buildings and appurtenances, located in the Township of Manheim, Lancaster County, and certain personal property therein; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. BOWER and MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 26.

An Act to further amend the first paragraph and clause (d) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by further providing for eligibility for assistance in the case of aliens.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 27.

An Act to amend the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L.

1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by providing procedure for the voting of electors in actual military service who are absent from their place of residence and certain expenses connected therewith.

Rferred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. RONALD THOMPSON and BOORSE.
HOUSE BILL No. 28.

An Act to further amend section 703 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing the compensation paid to township commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. DOWLING. HOUSE BILL No. 29.

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by providing for the proration of attorney's fees and expenses in subrogation cases.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. GIBSON. HOUSE BILL No. 30.

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for payments on account of pupil transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better graduation.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MADIGAN. HOUSE BILL No. 31.

An Act to amend sections one thousand one hundred eight and one thousand one hundred twenty-one of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the length of the probationary period for temporary professional employes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MADIGAN. HOUSE BILL No. 32.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section two thousand five hundred three of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the basis of State reimbursement on account of tuition.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MADIGAN. HOUSE BILL No. 33.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for filling the office of county superintendent when the only candidate for election becomes unavailable therefor within thirty days of the election date.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 34.

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence, imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 35.

An Act providing temporarily for the grant without examination of certificates of licensure to practice medicine and surgery to certain persons who become members of the armed forces of the United States; and suspending inconsistent laws.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. LOUIS LEONARD and LUTTY.
HOUSE BILL No. 36.

An Act to amend section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 806), entitled "An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor, malt or brewed beverages, or malt and brewed beverages, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; defining hotels, and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities," by exempting certain clubs from the limitation and quota.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. LOUIS LEONARD and LUTTY.
HOUSE BILL No. 37.

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 663 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine

hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by exempting unemployed persons over sixty-five years of age, from imposition of tax in school districts of the first class A.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. LOUIS LEONARD and LUTTY.
HOUSE BILL No. 38.

An Act relating to oleomargarine, butterine, and other similar products; regulating the serving thereof at public eating places; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Health; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws on the subject.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Messrs. LOUIS LEONARD and LUTTY.
HOUSE BILL No. 39.

An Act providing for certain refunds to cities of the second class by the Liquor Control Board on net sales made by Pennsylvania Liquor Stores in such cities.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. REAGAN, BOWER, FERSTER, CLARENCE E. MOORE, TOMPKINS, RAY L. RILEY and GLEASON.
HOUSE BILL No. 40.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Forests and Water for the purpose of constructing new retaining dams and for necessary costs and expenses in acquiring real property, easements and rights of way necessary for construction of such retaining dams.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 41.

An Act relating to oleomargarine, margarine, yellow oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products; regulating the sale thereof; regulating the serving thereof at public eating places; regulating the advertising thereof; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Agriculture; prescribing penalties; and repealing certain acts.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. GOODLING. HOUSE BILL No. 42.

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 921, and Section 922 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the tenure of members and officers of county boards of school directors.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ZIEGLER. HOUSE BILL No. 43.

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School, with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction, to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected no the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 44.

An Act to amend section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1203), entitled "An act providing aid by the Commonwealth to free public non-sectarian county libraries; authorizing the Department of Public Instruction to provide books for demonstration purposes to encourage the establishment of such county libraries; and making an appropriation," by increasing the percentage of Commonwealth aid to counties and the maximum amount of aid payable to any county; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 45.

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 46.

An Act to add section 452 to the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing the board of county commissioners to appropriate money to certain borough fire departments and volunteer fire companies located within the county.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. WEIDNER and READINGER.
HOUSE BILL No. 47.

An Act to add sections four hundred fourteen point one and four hundred fourteen point two to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by making certain acts, interfering with a person's privacy at his residence, crimes and defining the penalties therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 48.

An Act relating to and defining chiropractic and the right to practice chiropractic, requiring licensure, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, providing for the granting, suspension, and revocation of licenses issued by the board, conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. WILLIAM C. LEONARD, CLENDENING, BLOOM and ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 49.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing an optional method of making assessments for school tax purposes in second, third, and fourth class districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. COSTA. HOUSE BILL No. 50.

An Act providing for reimbursement of political subdivisions by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for costs expended for treatment, care and maintenance of mental patients.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. HOUSE BILL No. 51.

An Act to amend section 12 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 206), entitled "An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the cities of the second class in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; making violations of its provisions to be misdemeanors, and providing penalties for violations thereof," by further defining the exempt class.

Referred to Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. SAX. HOUSE BILL No. 52.

An Act empowering cities of the first class of the Commonwealth to make and enforce by ordinances, fire prevention codes regulating the occupation and use of buildings and structures, and the conduct of trades or businesses which, due to the nature thereof, create a fire hazard or danger to life or property by fire or explosion and providing penalties.

Referred to Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. McCORMACK. HOUSE BILL No. 53.

An Act making an appropriation for the maintenance, repair and improvement of the Port of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 54.

An Act providing for reimbursement of political subdivisions by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for costs expended for treatment, care and maintenance of tuberculosis patients.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MINTESS. HOUSE BILL No. 55.

An Act prohibiting certain practices of discrimination because of race, color, religious creed, ancestry or national origin by employers, employment agencies, labor organizations, and others, as herein defined; creating the Pennsylvania Fair Employment Practice Commission in the Department of Labor and Industry; defining its functions, powers and duties; providing for procedure and enforcement; providing for formulation of an educational program to prevent prejudice; providing for judicial review and enforcement; and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. SAX. HOUSE BILL No. 56.

An Act to add two new sections to be known as Sections 502.1 and 652.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by directing The Board of Public Education in school districts of the first class co-terminus with cities of the first class to establish a city college; authorizing the raising of funds and levying taxes for such purpose.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SAX. HOUSE BILL No. 57.

An Act to add Section 2103.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and handing the laws relating thereto," by providing for a city college in each school district of the first class; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ROBERTS. HOUSE BILL No. 58.

An Act to further amend subsection (i) of Section 801 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the prtoection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrains, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for the regulation of night parking by local authorities.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 59.

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom; for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims; and reinstating the lien of certain claims.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 60.

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity, to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests, and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 61.

An Act relating to the care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons adjudged sexual psychopaths; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the De-

partment of Welfare in respect thereto, governing the examination, detention, hearing, commitment and discharge of persons so afflicted; and providing for certain exemptions; payment of maintenance and reimbursement in such cases.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

Bv Messrs. BLOOM and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 62.

An Act relating to the examination, detention, hearing, commitment, care, treatment, rehabilitation, probation and discharge of any person who is not insane, but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior, or who lacks the customary standards of judgment, self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts, or who combines any one or more of such conditions, so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto; payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 63.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 510), entitled "An act providing for the licensure and regulation of certain private nursing homes and private hospitals; conferring certain powers and duties upon the Department fo Welfare; and providing penalties," including boarding houses and homes within its provisions, requiring the Department of Welfare to revoke licenses in certain cases, reducing the period in which licensees must comply with department orders and granting the Department of Welfare the power to padlock licensees' premises in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 64.

An Act to add section 9.1 to the act, approved the first (P. L. 1216), entitled "An act to define real estate brokers day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine and real estate salesmen; and providing for the licensing, regulation, and supervision of resident and nonresident real estate brokers and real estate salesmen and their business," by regulating agreements of sale in transactions in which real estate brokers are concerned, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. ROBERT K. HAMILTON and JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 65.

An Act to further amend Subsection (a) of Section 412 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled, "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehiclese, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, providing for refunds," by providing for suspension of registration privileges in certain cases and imposing duties on magistrates.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. ROBERT K. HAMLITON and JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 66.

An Act authorizing counties of the fourth class to regulate the production of smoke and other forms of air pollution from chimneys, smokestacks or other sources; including provisions for the payment of inspection and certificates of compliance, fees, indident thereto; authorizing commissioners of such counties to create money for the employment of persons and the acquisition of property for effectuating such regulations; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 67.

An Act for the protection of the public health by regulating the conduct and operation of public eating and drinking places within this Commonwealth; defining public eating and drinking places; requiring their licensing; defining licensor; conferring certain powers on the Department of Health of this Commonwealth and on the local health authorities; providing for appeals in certain cases and conferring jurisdiction in such cases upon certain courts; providing for summary proceedings for violations of this act; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 2

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WATKINS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

Mr. WATKINS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety,

defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

Mr. WATKINS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

Mr. WATKINS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

Mr. WATKINS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32), entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property; prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship; limiting the privileges of certain witnesses; prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters; authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon; conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board, and providing penalties," by amending section two relating to penalties.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

"E" Floor—Center Wing	Room	Chairman	Date	Time
Judiciary	520	McKinney	Feb. 6,	11:00
City and County—First Class	521	Tahl	Feb. 6,	11:15
Cities and County—Second Class	521	Ewing	Feb. 6,	11:30
Cities—Third Class	521	Dalrymple	Feb. 6,	11:45
Municipal Corporations	521	Boorse	Feb. 6,	12:30
Motor Vehicles	522	Dennison	Feb. 6,	11:00
Townships	522	Reagan	Feb. 6,	11:15
Third Floor—Center Wing				
Counties	323	Guthrie	Feb. 6,	11:00
Labor Relations	323	Helm	Feb. 6,	11:15
Military Affairs	323	McMillen	Feb. 6,	11:30
Mines and Mining	323	Hewitt	Feb. 6,	11:45
Boroughs	324	Baumunk	Feb. 6,	11:00
Education	324	Sollenberger	Feb. 6,	11:15
Law and Order	325	Riley, R. L.	Feb. 6,	11:00
Liquor Control	325	Reilly, J. M.	Feb. 6,	11:15
Professional Licensure	325	Flack	Feb. 6,	11:30
Railroad and Railways	325	Leisey	Feb. 6,	11:45
Election and Apportionment	329	Bower	Feb. 6,	11:00
Highways	329	Royer	Feb. 6,	11:15
Public Health & Sanitation	329	Frost	Feb. 6,	11:30
Public Utilities	329	Costa	Feb. 6,	11:45
Welfare	330	Haudenshield	Feb. 6,	12:00
Workmen's Compensation	330	Waterhouse	Feb. 6,	12:30
Agriculture and Dairy Industries	331	Madigan	Feb. 6,	11:30
Fisheries	331	Gibson	Feb. 6,	11:00
Game and Forestry	331	Goodling	Feb. 6,	10:45

FORMER MEMBERS WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair takes pleasure in welcoming a former Member of the House, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Honorable Charles Melchiore.

Also, the Chair takes pleasure in presenting another former Member of the House, the gentleman from Monroe, Honorable Herbert R. Imbt.

The Chair takes pleasure in presenting the Honorable R. Dixon Herman, a former Member of this House from Dauphin County.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, prior to introducing a resolution which is not privileged I desire to inform the House that tomorrow I will desire to interrogate the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. I realize that it would be a trifle cruel at this time to interrogate any Committee Chairman, although the scholars have been absent from the Hall of the House for sometime, have had the opportunity to contact the teacher, and I am not certain they have learned the lesson.

Now obviously, gentlemen of the House, we cannot begin to think about legislation in any line, health legislation, school legislation or any other kind of legislation unless we have some faint idea concerning the financial condition of this Commonwealth. Tomorrow I would like to know from the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee whether the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will close its biennium with a deficit ranging from ninety to one hundred and fifty millions or whether it's going to close with a surplus of from five to ten million.

I want to tell you why I am raising the issue. I have here in my hands a newspaper item published May 6, 1950. This newspaper item says that last night Governor Duff charged former Presidential candidate, Harold E. Stassen, with falsification and deceit. He accused him of making the University of Pennsylvania a football of politics. The reason the Governor and Stassen were at odds was because Stassen had said that this Commonwealth would close the biennium with a deficit of ninety million.

I have here another clipping with the headline that Taylor and Logan are far apart on state finances and the article goes on to point out that there are two very important men the Auditor General and the budget officer according to this newspaper item, which was never repudiated, are ninety million dollars apart in their estimate as to where this Commonwealth would stand at the close of its biennium.

I have here another item "Governor claims Martin charged up deficit as follows." A former governor of the state of Pennsylvania who should know something about the finances, says that we are facing a deficit. The governor says no.

I submit to you in all candor that if we don't know whether we're ninety million dollars in or ninety million dollars out, this House can't begin to think constructively

about any problem that faces it that involves any expenditure and when are we going to begin thinking? When are we going to begin getting the facts? When are we going to get the bulk of the information which must necessarily sustain any important legislation that is submitted to this House? And so tomorrow I shall request the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee to inform this House concerning the financial situation of the Commonwealth in so far as a possible surplus or a possible deficit is concerned. If there is a difference of opinion between responsible persons, such as the Secretary of the Budget and the Auditor General, the President of the University of Pennsylvania, the former Governor of Pennsylvania, if they're over ninety million dollars apart in their estimates, it's time that somebody, somewhere begins getting down to the facts.

The resolution which is not privileged is offered for this purpose: I desire to know, and I want this House to know, how much federal money has been available for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania since 1929 that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has for one reason or another been unable or unwilling to accept. I am submitting to this House the statement that the amount of federal money available for use in Pennsylvania since 1929 which has not been used is in excess of twenty-three million dollars. And so I am submitting this resolution, and I would like to have the Budget Secretary tell us how much money we haven't taken and what are the reasons that we haven't taken it and into what classifications the failure to take the money falls. Was it failure to comply with federal standards? Was it unwillingness to match federal funds, or was it other reasons?

In view of the recent changes in the social security act made at Washington, it is becoming increasingly possible for this House to use for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at least four million dollars a year that is not now being used. So, I'd like to find out just how much money we haven't been using and how much federal money is likely to be available during the current year.

I offer the following resolution.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. ANDREWS offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

Mr. GOODLING offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. W. H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 6, 1951, at 1:00 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:45 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1951. No. 6.

SENATE

TUESDAY, February 6, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. WILLIAM H. KELLY, Pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical United Brethren Church, Lewisburg, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray. Oh Lord, how excellent is Thy Name in all the earth. Before the mountains were brought forth, forever Thou didst form the earth and the world. Yea, even from everlasting to everlasting, Thou art God.

We acknowledge Thy Lordship, oh Father, in our lives, and may the deliberations of this day be for the welfare and for the well-being of this State of Pennsylvania. May Thy will be done and may Thy purposes be worked out above party and personality for the betterment of the State; may we be guided by Thy truth, and may we walk in the pathways of justice, brotherhood and righteousness. In Thy name we pray, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. CHAPMAN, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 6, 1951.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

Roger D. Myers, Fairfield.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Percy W. Carrington, McKeesport.
Miss Miriam Casley, Pittsburgh, 1017 Park Bldg.
Robert H. Logan, Pittsburgh, 2207 Wylie Ave.
Mose W. Morrison, Pittsburgh, 800 Cedar Ave.
Miss Mary A. Reiling, Pittsburgh, 128 Hastings St.
Mrs. Hilda A. Utiss, Shaler Twp., Glenshaw.
Mrs. Elsie E. Widmer, Tarentum.

BEAVER COUNTY

M. F. Fillipelli, Beaver Falls.
Mrs. Helen Matthews Smith, Midland.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Maude Whetstone, Everett.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Miss M. Kathryn Brown, Le Raysville.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. McGee, Bristol.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

John D. Vudragovich, Franklin.

CLEARFIED COUNTY

Miss Lola M. McLaughlin, Curwensville.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth A. Dunn, Meadville.
Mrs. Inez M. Sliter, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Charles C. Carothers, Carlisle.
Mrs. Velma G. Gray, Carlisle.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Alice W. Frazier, Erie.
Miss Elvira W. Oja, Erie.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth W. Varner, Waynesburg.

INDIANA COUNTY

Richard G. Boone, Blairsville.

LEHIGH COUNTY

George F. Abbott, Jr., Emmaus.
Paul A. De Long, Allentown.
Mrs. Catharine M. Kuhns, Allentonwn.
Mrs. Rosalie M. Schilling, Emmaus.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Angela M. Narvid, Pittston.
Mrs. Claire Y. Wenner, Kingston.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Florence L. Beal, Derry Twp., Lewistown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

J. Geo. Goehring, Souderton.
David Mauger, III, Pottstown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

C. Earl Garland, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen B. Corbett, 2221 Chestnut St.
Mrs. Anne Coren, 76 W. Chelten Ave.
Nathan Engelman, 1429 Spring Garden St.
Raymond Hammond, 8311 Tinicum Ave.
George W. Kienzle, Jr., 1401 Walnut St.
John Kuchirka, 940 N. 7th St.
Mrs. Sara E. Lind, 22nd & Master Sts.
William J. O'Brien, Jr., 250 S. Broad St.
Joseph M. Papiernik, 1412 E. Bristol St.
Edward J. Tallant, Jr., 1211 Chestnut St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Franklin L. Lane, Ashland.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Glenn E. Porter, Charleroi.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Joseph P. Baron, New Kensington.
J. Reed Longdon, New Kensington.
Mrs. Mary Shark, Monessen.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Nancy R. Stick, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Elsie D. Seymour, Tyrone, 2-10-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Paul T. Ference, Emmaus, 2-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Wm. F. Bindrim, 8323 Mansfield Ave., 2-10-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret R. Burns, New Wilmington, 2-15-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William G. Andes, 106-108 S 4th St., 2-15-51.
Albert H. Perks, S. E. Cor. 25th & Stokley Sts., 2-15-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

Frank B. Warfel, Hollidaysburg, 2-17-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Phyllis Melker, Johnstown, 2-17-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Virginia J. Gottuso, Ellwood City, 2-17-51.
Angelo J. Casacchia, New Castle, 2-17-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Robert A. Gabrenya, East Conemaugh, 2-18-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mary Ann Wolf, 108 S. 58th St., 2-19-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Luigi Ferrante, Wampum, 2-21-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Jesse H. Hall, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr, 2-21-51.
Miss Louise H. Kain, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore, 2-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Chas. H. Schreiner, 1215 N. 29th St., 2-21-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Minnie L. Ludwig, Reading, 2-22-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

C. W. Zook, Haverford Twp., Havertown, 2-22-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Harriet G. Ervin, Wilkes-Barre, 2-22-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

John F. Snyder, Allentown, 2-23-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Geo. H. Weidner, Springfield Twp., Oerland, 2-23-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

Mrs. Reba D. Seagers, Westfield Twp., Westfield, 2-23-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Celia R. Morgan, Canonsburg, 2-23-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Ann Saliga, Beaver Falls, 2-24-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Lois Ibberson, Scranton, 2-24-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

John T. Metcalf, Bradford, 2-24-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Ada F. Brandt, York, 2-24-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John S. Cort, Pittsburgh, 535-5th Ave., 2-25-51.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Leah J. Miley, Sheffield Twp., Sheffield, 2-26-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Michael J. Skirpan, Monessen, 2-26-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Bertha M. Henger, Johnstown, 2-28-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

George A. Stewart, Jr., Brownsville, 2-28-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Alice S. David, Pittston, 2-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Frank T Harrison, Jr., 617 S. 52nd St., 2-28-51.
T Bailey Stinson, 2035 Land Title Bldg., 2-28-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Bessie M. Hartman, Reading, 3-1-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Mrs. Florence M. Ridegway, Stroudsburg, 3-1-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Harry Ebert, Lansdale, 3-2-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Mattie G. Gyles, W. Atlee Burpee Co., 3-2-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Lee Saffron, Pittsburgh, 5648, Friendship Ave., 3-3-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Harry S. Baicker, Wilkes-Barre, 3-3-51.
Miss Nina M. Butera, Pittston, 3-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward M. Moll, 1201 Chestnut St., 3-3-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Barney W. Wentz, Shenandoah, 3-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Isabella D. Baldwin, Sewickley, 3-6-51.
Frank Demjan, McKees Rocks, 3-6-51.
Percy A. English, Pittsburgh, 1621 Farmers Bank Bldg., 3-6-51.
Miss Amelia F. Fisher, Crafton, 3-6-51.
David Friedman, Pittsburgh, 803 Jones Law Bldg., 3-6-51.
Stephen E. Lovasik, Tarentum, 3-6-51.
Philip F. Miller, Pittsburgh, 351 5th Ave., 3-6-51.
Joseph T. Peoples, Pittsburgh, 3621 Butler St., 3-6-51.
G. H. Pifer, Pittsburgh, 214 N. Lexington Ave., 3-6-51.
C. Joseph Recht, Clairton, 3-6-51.
Fred Shoemaker, Pittsburgh, 434 Diamond St., 3-6-51.
Gilbert B. Weiss, Pittsburgh, 603 W. Diamond St., 3-6-51.
Otto A. Zange, McKees Rocks, 3-6-51.

BEDFORD COUNTY

C. A. Bradley, Saxton, 3-6-51.

BERKS COUNTY

James E. Keen, Reading, 3-6-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

G. J. Yoas, Butler, 3-6-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Ella M. Flanagan, Johnstown, 3-6-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Ralph H. Walter, Kennett Square, 3-6-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Jas. E. Armagost, Rimersburg, 3-6-51.
Leslie R. Himes, New Bethlehem, 3-6-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Emanuel Cohen, Harrisburg, 3-6-51.
Roy A. Zeiders, Harrisburg, 3-6-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Frederick P. D. Hazell, Norwood, 3-6-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Bernice Borland, Erie, 3-6-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

W. Harry Williams, Dunbar, 3-6-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Daisy E. Mower, Chambersburg, 3-6-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Laura Gordon, Waynesburg, 3-6-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Loretta Dorsey, Scranton, 3-6-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Tilden A. J. Kelchner, Allentown, 3-6-51.
E. J. Nagle, Allentown, 3-6-51.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

James F. Morgan, Lewistown, 3-6-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

B. Frank Christman, Pottstown, 3-6-51.
Lewis C. Detwiler, Norristown, 3-6-51.
Miss Mary L. Dreshman, Norristown, 3-6-51.
Walter S. Kesler, Abington Twp., North Hills, 3-6-51.
F. Kenneth Moore, Norristown, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn F. Carlson, 123 S. Broad St., 3-6-51.
Elmer R. Craig, 226 Walnut St., 3-6-51.
Thomas Donnelly, 1620 S. 58th St., 3-6-51.
John A. Dougherty, 1802 E. Allegheny Ave., 3-6-51.
Louis Entine, 3101 N. Broad St., 3-6-51.
Francis O. Fetter, 660 E. Erie Ave., 3-6-51.
Miss Bella Fox, 713 Commercial Trust Bldg., 3-6-51.
Mrs. Mae M. Gorsuch, 2337 W. Somerset St., 3-6-51.
Frank A. Haufer, 5431 N 5th St., 3-6-51.
J. Wallace Hensler, 35 W. Gowan Ave., 3-6-51.
Herman C. Idler, 1500 E. Susquehanna Ave., 3-6-51.
E. Fred Kemner, 7319 Rising Sun Ave., 3-6-51.
John J. Kerns, S. W. Cor. 7th & Luzerne Sts., 3-6-51.
Benjamin J. Krakow, 1835 S. 5th St., 3-6-51.
Joseph J. Lavery, 324 W. Lindley Ave., 3-6-51.
Henry Ludwig, 2300 S. 8th St., 3-6-51.
William R. Martin, 6433 Woodland Ave., 3-6-51.
Charles McFadden, 264 S. 16th St., 3-6-51.
F. Clyde Michel, 1528 Walnut St., 3-6-51.
Frederick J. Miller, 433 W Tabor Rd., 3-6-51.
Miss Rose L. Mogul, 213 S. Broad St., 3-6-51.
E. Roy Olewine, 123 S. Broad St., 3-6-51.
George Ortlieb, 930 N. 65th St., 3-6-51.
George F. Rebe, 1221 N. 29th St., 3-6-51.
P. Elmer Ritter, 460 W. Lehigh Ave., 3-6-51.
A. C. J. Schabacker, 123 S. Broad St., 3-6-51.
E. Bailey Schmus, 5726 N. 5th St., 3-6-51.
H. S. J. Sickel, 723 Commercial Trust Bldg., 3-6-51.
Michael M. Smolens, 5438 Saul St., 3-6-51.
H. W. Voelcker, 1808 N Broad St., 3-6-51.
Miss Harriet Weingarten, 810 Linc. Liberty Bldg., 3-6-51.
William J. Wilson, 1801 Finance Bldg., 3-6-51.
Elwyn L. Wright, 1425 W. Letterly St., 3-6-51.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY

C. P. Reing, Mahanoy City, 3-6-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Chas. T. Myers, Jeannette, 3-6-51.

YORK COUNTY

R. F. Culbertson, York, 3-6-51.
Mrs. M. E. Freed, York, 3-6-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. R. Stone, Mt. Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Isabelle Marr, Ambridge.
Harry S. Stitt, New Brighton.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Georgia W. Batdorf, West Reading.

CHESTER COUNTY

Charles Goglia, West Chester.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Margaret D. Baylin, Harrisburg.

FAYETTE COUNTY

C. S. Anderson, Dawson.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Earl R. Becker, Denver.
Mrs. Claire T. Clausen, Lancaster.
Frank W. Willders, Lancaster.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Betty Lou Vranesic, Lebanon.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Philip Klemow, Hazleton.
Geo. B. Kotch, Hazleton.
Miss Dorthy J. Oscovitch, Hazleton
Miss Claire M. Sheetz, Hazleton.
Miss Ella T. Zueger, Hazleton.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Irene H. Maginnis, Hatfield Twp., Lansdale.
F. F. Schaefer, Abington Twp., Abington.
Roland L. Steiner, Pottstown.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

John J. Dusick, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John J. Bergin, 1212 Chestnut St.
Joseph P. Delaney, 7269 Rising Sun Ave.
William A. Grieb, 4427 Princeton Ave.
George W. Plumly, 1999 Elston St.
Mrs. Nancy K. Reynolds, 1500 Walnut Street Bldg.
Miss Mary M. Toland, 740-42 Widener Bldg.
Miss Rose Verratti, 1306 Widener Bldg.
John J. Wisler, 5246 Castor Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Ambrose, Ringtown.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Kerby N. Hamer, Conemaugh Twp., Davidsville.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Hazel J. Allshouse, Cooperstown.

To compute from the date set opposite their names

LUZERNE COUNTY

Joseph Hayko, Wyoming, 2-8-51.
Hugh F. Keating, Hanover Twp., Wilkes-Barre, 2-9-51.
Mrs. Victoria N. Nork, Nanticoke, 2-10-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Oliver J. Swartz, Lancaster, 2-14-51.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Harriet J. Banner, Bedford, 2-17-51.
Quentin S. Hammer, Bedford, 2-17-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Bala S. Neary, Kingston, 2-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Catherine F. King, Pittsburgh, 2028 Farmers Bank Bldg., 2-21-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Henry H. Koser, East Hempfield Twp., Landisville, 2-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles B. Watts, 1301 Spruce St., 2-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Jessie M. Snedden, Wilkinsburg, 2-24-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Caroline Cesarz, Hazleton, 2-28-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

E. R. Ambler, Abington Twp., Abington, 3-5-51.
Miss Bessie R. Shade, Royersford, 3-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna E. Blackman, 30th & Hunting Park Ave., 3-5-51.
George H. Diehm, 100 S. Broad St., 3-5-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph M. Bauer, Millvale, 3-6-51.
Mrs. B. M. Connelly, Sewickley, 3-6-51.
Geo. H. Fink, Pittsburgh, 210 E. Park Way, 3-6-51.
Harry W. Maybury, Pittsburgh, 6316 Ebdy St., 3-6-51.
Joseph H. Wagner, Braddock, 3-6-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Catherine E. Kraft, Bristol, 3-6-51.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn Hoffman, Brookville, 3-6-51.
J. Roy Meneely, Punxsutawney, 3-6-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

George B. Perlin, Scranton, 3-6-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Charles Matthews, Jr., New Castle, 3-6-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Phebe S. Dinkey, Allentown, 3-6-51.
Irvin H. Herman, Allentown, 3-6-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss M. T. Thompson, Wilkes-Barre, 3-6-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

C. Walton Hale, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Geo. W. Beehler, Jr., 3603 N. 21st St., 3-6-51.
Benjamin B. Leider, 681-83 N. 15th St., 3-6-51.
William Levin, 1035 Bainbridge St., 3-6-51.
E. Witherden Nock, S. W. Cor. 4th St. & Godfrey Ave., 3-6-51.
George A. Scheer, Jr., 5423 Oxford Ave., 3-6-51.
Charles G. Slatcher, 4825 Brown St., 3-6-51.
Norman Stuart Straw, Penna. Company Bldg., 3-6-51.

SOMERSET COUNTY

D. Guy Floto, Meyersdale, 3-6-51.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. N. R. Burger, Hanover, 3-6-51.
C. D. Garrett, Hanover, 3-6-51.
P. M. Garrett, Hanover, 3-6-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. PEELOR,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peehan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBERS OF THE ANTHRACITE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Anthracite Mine Inspectors' Examining Board, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified:

George Roos (Mining Engineer), Vice President, Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

William W. Everett (Mining Engineer), General Superintendent, Glen Alden Coal Company, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Joseph Oshinski (Coal Miner), 704 Kase Street, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Frank DeLeo (Coal Miner), 237 Wilbur Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Robert Painter (Coal Miner), 443 West Patterson Street, Lansford, Carbon County, vice Frank Reichelderfer, Lansford, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

RECORDER OF DEEDS IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CENTRE

Mrs. Maud Schreck, Lemont, Centre County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James H. Schreck, deceased.

REGISTER OF WILLS AND RECORDER OF DEEDS IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MONTOUR

George W. Robinson, R. F. D. No. 4, Danville, Montour County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Frank H. Russell, deceased.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MONTOUR

Harry Kessler, 104 Upper Mulberry Street, Danville, Montour County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Hon. Fred M. Jenkins, deceased.

MEMBER OF THE SNYDER COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Mrs. Grace Arnold Waterbury (Republican), Susquehanna Heights, Selinsgrove, Snyder County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Clarence W. Wilhour, Selinsgrove, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John D. Holahan, 3744 Brownsville Road, Pittsburgh 27, Allegheny County, for appointment as a Member of the State Athletic Commission, for the term of two years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, February 5, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock P. M.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

Mr. RUTH, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Mr. WAGNER, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

Mr. PEELOR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates, trust estates, minors' estates and absentees' estates, both as to real and personal property, and the procedure relating thereto; including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases; the appointment, bond, removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates, their powers, duties and liabilities; the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries, and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees, and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors, the powers, duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries, the abatement, survival and control of actions and rights of action, and the presumption of death; and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction, powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries," redefining certain words, providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken, prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters, clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and the circumstances under which distribution can be made without liability to claimants who have not given notice of their claims and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries.

REPORTS FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH-OWNED FORESTS AND REFORESTATION

Mr. ROBINSON, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
P. O. BOX 61
Room 450—Capitol Building
HARRISBURG

February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Commonwealth-Owned Forests and Reforestation."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the Senate on November 14, 1950.

Respectfully submitted,
(S) BAKER ROYER, Chairman.

The PRESIDENT. The communication will be spread upon the Journal and the report will be printed in full in the Appendix.

PUBLIC SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS

Mr. WAGNER, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
P. O. Box 61
Room 450—Capitol Building
HARRISBURG

February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Public School Attendance Areas."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the Senate on December 7, 1950.

Respectfully submitted,
(S) BAKER ROYER, Chairman.

The PRESIDENT. The communication will be spread upon the Journal and the report will be printed in full in the Appendix.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. BLASS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, the bill which I am about

to introduce is co-sponsored by the gentleman from Warren, Doctor Chapman, the gentleman from Potter, Mr. Berger, and the gentleman from Susquehanna, Mr. Robinson.

The four Senators who are sponsoring this bill represent the four Senatorial Districts on the northern side or abutting the northern boundaries of the Commonwealth. The bill that I am about to introduce has a most far-reaching effect in the progress and development of the entire northern part of this great Commonwealth. It will provide a new and speedy artery of traffic; it will enable the traffic from the great Metropolitan centers of Chicago, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland to traverse over the northern boundary of the State of Pennsylvania, which will eventually result in a complete speedy throughway from the west to the City of New York.

Mr. President, I have always been and always will be an advocate of super toll roads, and I feel it is the solution to the truck and road problems and the relief of congestion on our traveled thoroughfares and highways. It will relieve the congestion that presently exists on Routes 5, 20 and 6, which traverse through the northern part of the State.

Mr. President, this road will be a relief to the taxpayers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, because they will not be burdened with one cent of expense in the construction and maintenance of this great project. The people of the Commonwealth will have a degree of safety, because they will know that the high powered and speedy trucks will be taken out of most of the other arteries of travel, and will resort to the super roads in order to get to a speedy consummation of their trips.

Mr. President, it is with great pleasure and with great honor that in co-sponsorship with Senators Chapman, Berger and Robinson, I read in place and present to the Chair a bill which will authorize the erection and construction of the northern extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike from a feasible point on the Erie Extension, near the City of Erie, to a feasible point on the Scranton Extension, at or near the City of Scranton.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. BLASS, CHAPMAN, BERGER and ROBINSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to facilitate traffic in the northern section of the Commonwealth by providing for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a turnpike from a point on the Erie extension to a point on the Scranton extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike, at such points as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide are the most feasible and practicable for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike from or near the City of Erie in Erie County to or near the City of Scranton in Lackawanna County; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission; authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike; providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds and for the cost of maintenance, operation and repair of the turnpike; making such turnpike bonds exempt from taxation; constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances; requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County; prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free; providing for grade separations, grade changes and relocations and restoration of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike; providing for condemnation; granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission; and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County, and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. SNOWDEN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act creating a commission, to be known as the Highway Planning Commission; providing for the appointment of its members; defining its powers and duties; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. MALLERY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. PECHAN and MALLERY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1414 to the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, cneating, neorganizing on authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers; and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by providing for a State Veterans' Grave Registrar in the Department of Military Affairs and defining his powers and duties and for a state record of the burial places of deceased veterans.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 117, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 439 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by further providing for the compilation and use of records of the burial places of deceased service men, and the fixing of the salary and expenses of the director of veterans' affairs; and providing for the removal of the director of veterans affairs in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 326), entitled "An act relating to counties of the first class; defining deceased service persons; providing for contributions by the county to the funeral expenses for such persons and their widows; providing for the erection and case of markers, headstones, and flags, and for the compilation of war records," by further providing for the compilation and use of records of the burial places of deceased service persons; and providing for the removal of the director of veterans' affairs in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No 119, entitled:

An Act regulating the suspension, removal, reduction in rank,, furloughing and reinstatement of police officers in boroughs and townships of the first class having police forces of less than three members, and in townships of the second class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Messrs. CHAPMAN and KEPHART read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to The Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for the maintenance and support of an "Institute of Endocrine and Cancer Research" within its Department of Experimental Medicine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McGINNIS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by authorizing the classification of real estate into buildings on land and land exclusive of the buildings for city assessment and tax-levying purposes at separate and different rates.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

SENATE RESOLUTION

FELICITATIONS EXTENDED TO THE JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE

Messrs. CHAPMAN and KEPHART offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania
February 6, 1951.

Whereas, of March 8, 1825, the Jefferson Medical College was opened in Philadelphia with Prayer, amid solemn and impressive ceremony at 518-520 Locust Street (then Prune Street), marking the culmination of sustained and titanic efforts on the part of its founder Dr. George McClellan, a noted physician and surgeon, who after scaling insurmountable obstacles, succeeded in securing from the General Assembly of Pennsylvania an act extending the charter of Jefferson College at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania to permit granting of medical degrees, and

Whereas in the spring of 1826, Dr. George McClellan, in the face of implacable opposition, secured a legislative charter granting the new institution full university powers, after a ride from Philadelphia to Harrisburg that in its endurance, perseverance, and daring will outlive marble as one of the most heroic sagas in Pennsylvania's past, comparable with the exploits of Paul Revere, General Sheridan at Winchester, and Caesar Rodney, and

Whereas, engendered in heroism and conceived in prophetic vision, McClellan's Jefferson Medical College during the first one hundred and twenty-five years of its history stood in the very vanguard of mankind's combat of disease, and

Whereas, the illustrious sons of Jefferson left an indelible imprint upon mankind's modern civilization and

the unexcelled and unrivalled progress of America, adding to the glories of Pennsylvania and justly earning for Philadelphia her fame as the "Cradle of American Medicine," and

Whereas, some of the towering medical luminaries and titans of America were reared by or associated with the Jefferson Medical College such as Jefferson's most renowned son and its forth and most illustrious Professor of Surgery, Samuel D. Gross, who has been immortalized by Sir Thomas Eakins' masterpiece, "The Gross Clinic," and in whose honor a monument has been erected in Washington; Jonathan Letterman, Medical Director of the Army of the Potomac; Oscar H. Allis, who devised the Allis forceps, dissector and inhaler, and described Allis' sign in fractures of the neck of the femur; Edward R. Squibb, founder of the pharmaceutical company; Anson Jones, the "Architect of Annexation" and last President of the Republic of Texas; Daniel Brainard, founder and first Professor of Surgery of Rush Medical College in Chicago; Charles A. Luzenberg, founder, Dean and Professor of Surgery in what is now Tulane University Medical School in New Orleans; John Stough Bobbs, the first man in history to perform a removal of gall stones and who assisted in the founding of the Indiana University School of Medicine; James P. White, active in the founding of the University of Buffalo Medical School and its first Professor of Obstetrics; Phineas Sangorn Conner, appointed Professor of Surgery at Dartmouth Medical College in 1873, and the first surgeon to perform gastrectomy; Thomas Addis Emmett, who "did more than any other man to place gynecological plastic surgery on a scientific basis, and whose citation, in being awarded the Laetare Medal of Notre Dame University, in 1898, began: "The Universities of Europe look to you as one of the great surgeons of the century"; the great medical missionary, John Glasgow Kerr, who during forty years in China treated nearly a million patients, performed over 48,000 surgical operations, translated into Chinese 34 volumes of medical works, and trained 150 medical students including Dr. Sun Yat Sen, first President of China; Cornelius Van Dyck, an eminent medical missionary to Syria, a prolific medical writer and translator, who spent eight years in translating the Bible into Arabic; Levi Cooper Lane, the co-founder of the Medical College of the Pacific, now Stanford University School of Medicine; John Hugh McQuillen, who founded, in 1863, the Philadelphia Dental College, now the Dental School of Temple University; Austin Flint, Jr., renowned in scientific research for his study in capillary circulation on previously unknown functions of the liver, and who was the first physiologist in America to operate on the spinal cord and nerves of living animals, who was also one of the founders of Bellevue Medical College, later taking an important part in the newly-organized medical department of Cornell University; Carlos Juan Finlay of Cuba, who, in 1881 first stated the theoretical etiology and transmission of yellow fever by the Stegomyia Mosquito, twenty years prior to the brilliant demonstration, in 1901, by Walter Reed and his U. S. Army Medical Board in Cuba of mosquito-born diseases and their control; (one authority says "Dr. Finlay may literally be looked upon as the discoverer of the causes of yellow fever"); W. S. Forbes, the father of the Anatomy Act of Pennsylvania, the model for such legislation in other States throughout the Nation, who, in fighting for a principle, was subjected to arrest and criminal trial as a "resurrectionist" but was vindicated; Jonathan Folt and Ninian Pinckney, both of whom distinguished themselves in the Navy in the Civil War, the former becoming Naval Surgeon General and the latter commanding the Red Rover, the first hospital ship of record in the United States Navy, and

Whereas, the citienry of Pennsylvania is grateful to the Jefferson Medical College, whose graduates have contributed with their toil and moil to the medical progress of the United States generally, and of our Commonwealth in particular.

Now Therefore, Be It Resolved that the Senate of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania felicitates the Jefferson Medical College upon the occasion of completing one hundred and twenty-five years of fruitful work and extends its wishes to this great Pennsylvania Seat of Learning for further progress and brilliant leadership that will bring it along ever-climbing paths to even higher pinnacles of attainments in science and service to humanity.

And Be It Further Resolved that the Secretary of the Senate forward copies of this resolution to Admiral James Laurence Kauffman, President of the Jefferson Medical College, Dr. George A. Bennett, Dean of Jefferson Medical College, and to the several members of the Board of Trustees of the Jefferson Medical College.

PRESENTATION

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would like to take note of the fact that, as we would expect, the leaders of Jefferson Medical College are with us today.

I would like to take advantage of this opportunity to ask the President of Jefferson, Admiral Kauffman, to rise and take a bow.

We also have with us the Dean of Jefferson, Doctor George Bennett. I ask him to take a bow.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

URGING THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND OTHER STATE DEPARTMENTS ENCOURAGE AND COOPERATE WITH THE AMVETS PROGRAM FOR BLOOD TYPING

Messrs. YOSKO and FREED offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, February 5, 1951.

Whereas, The AMVETS are sponsoring and promoting a program for blood typing, designed to exercise a salutary part in the recovery and the rehabilitation of those who are wounded or sick; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concurs), That the Senate commend and applaud said project of the AMVETS for its humane and sympathetic motive, and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Health and other departments of the State Government be urged to encourage and to cooperate with the AMVETS in a successful prosecution of their worthy program of blood typing.

REQUEST THAT RULE 39 BE SUSPENDED

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The resolution is referred to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. McGINNIS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. McGINNIS. Mr. President, we have in Pittsburgh three great daily newspapers. One of those papers is the Pittsburgh Press.

On January 24, 1951, there was an editorial, the title of which is "Waiting for Orders."

Now, the one nice thing about being on the Minority side is that we get no orders. Orders come to the Majority.

This editorial goes on to say that this Assembly came

here, the people thinking that they had all of their bills in their vest pockets. They came here, and lo and behold you, they adjourned for three weeks, and although they are the lawmaking part of our Government, they could not act until they heard from the Governor, and so they went home and sat around for three weeks, and now we are back here.

Mr. President, I ask that this editorial be spread on the record so that the Majority Members can read it. I am not introducing it to have it read for the purpose of embarrassing them, but just for the purpose of waking them up.

WAITING FOR ORDERS?

The State Legislature is supposed to be a co-ordinate branch of the government, not subservient to the Governor in authority, and with its own constitutional powers.

Actually, the way things work out, the Legislature all too often seems dependent on the Governor for its program, policies and ultimate decisions.

Nothing showed this so clearly as the decision of the 1951 Legislature to recess for three weeks, until Feb. 5, because the newly inaugurated Governor Fine isn't ready to present his program.

By that action, the Legislature let it be known clearly that it won't have anything to do until Mr. Fine speaks—that it can't start work until it knows what Governor Fine wants.

Every one of these legislators has been in and arouhd his home bailiwick since the last Legislature adjourned in 1949. If they're doing their jobs, they ought to have a pretty clear idea of what their constituents want.

* * *

And their constituents are the people who sent them there. Many of the Republicans may be beholden to Governor Fine politically, but they got elected in their own districts and they have the duty of representing their own people.

Nothing to do until the Governor speaks? What about the long-delayed legislation to make it possible for Pennsylvania women to buy colored margarine? That's going to be badly needed in the time to come.

The Legislature doesn't have to wait for the Governor to find out that something ought to be done to stiffen the penalties for overloading trucks. It can start working on legislation to curb sex crimes. It can start looking into the cost of government and how it can be cut.

* * *

The Legislature, in fact, has its own study group, the Joint State Government Commission, which has done excellent work in lining up facts on various issues. This commission has put out a whole series of reports for the guidance of the lawmakers.

Nothing to do? It's a safe bet that when the Legislature finally quits it will not have accomplished all the things it should have done.

The suggestion has been made that the Legislature should meet later in the year to give the Governor time to get his feet on the ground.

A better way would be for the Legislature to use some of its own independence to get started on the job of making laws.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section one two three four five six seven and eight clauses (1) (2) (9) and (10) of section twenty-one and sections twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five and twenty-six of the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filing vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of February one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 4) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 The Senate shall immediately upon the final enactment of this act and in each odd-numbered year thereafter at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the General Assembly elect in addition to the President and President pro tempore as provided for by the Constitution the following officers who shall serve for two years or until their successors are elected and have qualified unless sooner removed by a majority vote of all the Members of the Senate during any regular Biennial Special or Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly and who shall receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) On secretary at an annual salary of nine thousand dollars ($9000)

(2) One chief clerk at an annual salary of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500)

(3) One senate librarian at an annual salary of [six thousand dollars ($6000)] six thousand five hundred dollars ($6500)

Section 2 The following officers and employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the President of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) [One clerk to the President at an annual salary of two thousand six hundred forty dollars ($2640)] Two clerks to the President at an annual salary of three thousand dollars ($3000) each

(2) One [stenographer] secretary to the President at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

Section 3 The following officers and employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary to the President pro tempore at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(1.1) One clerk to the President pro tempore at an annual salary of three thousand dollars ($3000)

(2) One messenger to the President pro tempore at a per diem compensation of [seven dollars ($7)] eight dollars ($8)

(3) One chaplain at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(4) One journal clerk at a compensation of two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(5) One assistant journal clerk at a compensation of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(6) One reading clerk at a compensation of two thousand four hundred seventy-five dollars ($2475) for each regular session and thirteen dollars and fifty cents ($13.50) per diem for each special or extraordinary session.

(7) One message clerk at a per diem compensation of eleven dollars ($11)

(8) One postmaster at a per diem compensation of nine dollars ($9)

(9) One assistant postmaster at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(10) One chief sergeant at arms at [a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)] an annual salary of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(11) [Six] Eight sergeants at arms at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(12) One chief mailing clerk at [a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)] an annual salary of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(13) Two assistant mailing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(14) Forty-six stenographers each of whom shall have successfully completed the prescribed course of a four year public high school or its equivalent and as a part thereof or in addition thereto shall have successflly completed a course of not less than eight months in shorthand and typewriting at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(15) One chief official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-four dollars ($24)

(16) One official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-one dollars ($21) and one official reporter at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15)

(17) Three expert typists at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15) each

(18) Two copy holders at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(19) Two proof readers at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(20) Three transcribing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(21) One chief compiling clerk at an anual salary of [three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600); four thousand two hundred ($4200)

(22) One executive clerk at a compensation of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(23) One chief messenger at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(24) [Six] Eight messengers at a per diem compensation of seven dollars ($7) each

(25) One day watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(26) One night watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(27) One chief custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of [two thousand nine hundred seventy dollars ($2970] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(28) One custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of (two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(29) [Two assistant custodians of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) each] one first assistant custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(29.1) One second assistant custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(30) One janitor at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)

(31) One custodian of the Senate basement at an annual salary of [one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(32) One superintendent of the storeroom at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(33) One Senate indexing clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

(34) One address system operator at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)

Section 4 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One assistant to the Secretary of the Senate at a compensation of [eleven dollars ($11)] twelve dollars ($12) per diem during each regular special or extraordinary session and [two hundred twenty-five ($225)] two hundred fifty dollars ($250) per month during the interims between legislative sessions

(2) One history clerk at a per diem compensation of nine dollars ($9)

(3) One messenger to the Secretary of the Senate at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

Section 5 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Chief Clerk of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One stenographer at a per diem compensation of [eleven dollars ($11)] twelve dollars ($12)

(2) One stenographer at an annual salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

Section 6 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Senate Librarian to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(2) One library clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand dollars ($3000)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One secretary to the Senate Librarian at an annual salary of [two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)] two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

(4) One messenger to the Senate Librarian at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

Section 7 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate who for the purpose of this act shall be deemed an officer of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary to the Majority Leader at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [message] clerk to the Majority Leader at a ped diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One messenger to the Majority Leader at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

Section 8 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate who for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary to the Minority Leader at an annual

salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [message] clerk to the Minority Leader at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One messenger to the Minority Leader at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

Section 21 The House of Representatives shall immediately upon the final enactment of this act and in each odd-numbered year thereafter at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the General Assembly elect in addition to the Speaker as provided for by the Constitution the following officers and employes who shall serve for two years or until their successors are elected and have qualified unless sooner removed by a majority vote of all of the members of the House of Representatives during any regular biennial special or extraordinary session of the General Assembly and who shall receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500)] none thousand dollars ($9000)

(2) One Secretary at an annual salary of [six thousand five hundred dollars ($6500)] seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500) who shall perform the duties formerly performed by the resident clerk and assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives

* * * * *

(9) [Twelve] fourteen sergeants at arms at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be named by the Chief Clerk as Chief Sergeant at Arms and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

(10) [Twelve] fourteen Document Clerks at a per diem compnesation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be named by the Chief Clerk as supervisor and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

Section 22 The following officers and employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Speaker to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One paliamentarian at an annual salary of [five thousand dollars ($5000)] six thousand dollars ($6000)

(2) One administrative assistant at an annual salary of [three thousand dollars ($3000)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(4) One Speaker's Clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] three thousand dollars ($3000)

Section 23 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Chief Clerk to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One assistant to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [four thousand two hundred dollars ($4200)] five thousand dollars ($5000)

(2) One secretary to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One stenographer to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] three thousand dollars ($3000)

(4) one messenger to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(5) One amendment clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(6) One assistant amendment clerk at a per diem compensation of eleven dollars ($11)

(7) One superintendent of the storeroom at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(8) One supply clerk at an annual salary of [one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(9) One chief official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-four dollars ($24)

(10) Four official reporters each of whom shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-one dollars ($21) each

(10.1) Five expert typists at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15) each

(11) One compiling clerk at an annual salary of [four thousand dollars ($4000)] four thousand five hundred dollars ($4500)

(12) One finance clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)] four thousand dollars ($4000)

(13) One address system operator at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)

(14) Ten stenographers each of whom shall have successfully completed the prescribed course of a four year public high school or its equivalent and as a part thereof or in addition thereto shall have successfully completed a course of not less than eight months in shorthand and typewriting at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(15) One history clerk at a per diem compensation of eleven dollars ($11)

(16) One history index clerk at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(17) One day watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(18) One night watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(19) One chief custodian of the hall of the House at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(20) Four custodians at an annual salary of [two thousand dollars ($2000)] two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200) each

(21) Two copy holders at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(22) Two proof readers at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

Section 24 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Secretary of the House of Representatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One stenographer at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(3) One messenger at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars

Section 25 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Majority Leader who, for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the House of Representatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One Majority Leader's Clerk at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One [page] messenger at a per diem compensation of [six dollars ($6)] eight dollars ($8)

Section 26. The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Minority Leader who for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the House of Represedntatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand

eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One Minority Leader's Clerk at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One [page] messenger at a per diem compensation of [six dollars ($6)] eight dollars ($8)

Section 2 Article III of said act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 47 The Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau shall receive an annual salary of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

Section 3 The following sums, or as much thereof as may be necessary are hereby appropriated from the General Fund to the Senate and to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly and to the Legislative Reference Bureau for the purposes hereinafter set forth for the balance of the work of the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one Said sums shall be in addition to any sums heretofore appropriated to the Senate or to the House of Representatives or to the Legislative Reference Bureau for any of said purposes

To the Senate

For the payment of per diem compensation provided for in this act and for the payment of increases in salaries and in per diem compensations provided for in this act the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the Senate and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the Chief Clerk of the Senate for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand dollars ($2000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the Senate and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the minority leader for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)

To the House of Representatives

For the payment of per diem compensation provided for in this act and for the payment of increases in salaries and in per diem compensation provided for in this act the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the House and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the Secretary of the House of Representatives for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the House and clerical stenographic traveling and discrtionary charges of the minority leader for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)

For the payment by the Chief Clerk of postage on Legislative Journals of the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1500)

For the payment of contingent expenses of the Chief Clerk for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3500)

To the Legislative Reference Bureau

For the payment of increase in salary of the Director provided for in this act and for other increases in salaries at the discretion of the Director the sum of two thousand dollars ($2000)

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining memberships of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 4, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making a appropriation and providing penalties" by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from Committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates trust estates minors' estates and absentees' estates both as to real and personal property and the procedure relating thereto including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases the appointment bond removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates their powers duties and liabilities the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such esttates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors the powers duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries the abatement survival and control of actions and rights of action and the presumption of death and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries" redefining certain words providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and the circumstances under which distribution can be made without liability to claimants who have not given notice of their claims and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce bills at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KEPHART read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 122, entitled:

An Act to further amend paragraph (8) of subsection A and subsection B of section 1208, section 1209, and subsection C of section 1210 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of

fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for authorized investments and limitations on loans and discounts of savings banks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act to re-enact, amend, and revise the title and the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 796), entitled "An act providing for the preservation of the records of banks, bank and trust companies, trust companies, savings banks, and private banks; and imposing penalties for violations," as amended; by extending the provisions thereof to national banking associations; making photostatic film reproductions, or photographic or photostatic copies of original records admissible in evidence equally and with the same force and effect as such original records; providing a means for the final adjustment and settlement of depositors' accounts, and saving certain parts of acts from repeal.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 124, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection A of Section 1006 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for the powers and limitations upon powers of banks and banks and trust companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection E of section nine hundred eight of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for the powers and limitations on powers of corporations authorized to engage in the banking business.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WATKINS read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating insurance companies, associations and inter-insurance exchanges and their investments, policy provisions, joint policies, premium tax returns and the licensing of foreign companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 and to amend section 29 of the act approved the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1092), entitled "An act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status; authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits to members and their beneficiaries from funds collected, and regulating such benefits and collections; providing for the organization and incorporation of such societies and for their supervision, regulation, and examination by the Insurance Commissioner, and for the admission of foreign societies; designating tables of mortality as a basis for rates of contribution, requiring all societies to make annual and other reports; and appointing the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process; providing penalties for any violations of the act; exempting such societies from taxation and certain other societies from its provisions; and requiring beneficial associations, other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner; and repealing existing laws," by regulating the transfer of excess insurance funds to the expense and other funds and providing for the consolidation of any society's funds; further regulating reports of valuation of death benefit fund obligations; regulating reserves and contributions for benefits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. McPHERSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McPHERSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act to amend subsections (d) and (f) of section 211.1, and to further amend section 212 and subsection (a) of section 301 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789), entitled as amended, "An act relating to insurance; establishing an insurance department; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating to the licensing, qualification, regulation, examination, suspension, and dissolution of insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and certain societies and orders, the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus, and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers; the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies, associations or exchanges; providing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by further regulating assessments made by the Insurance Commissioner against life insurance companies to defray certain expenses; providing for reciprocity with other states in assessing taxes and fees on insurance companies; permitting foreign companies to write workmen's compensation insurance in Pennsylvania; limiting the basis for valuation of reserve liability of life insurance companies organized in foreign countries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance

Mr. KESSLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KESSLER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act to further amend the first paragraph of subsection (b) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the issuance and delivery of group accident and health insurance policies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 7, 1951, at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. FREED. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:57 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, February 7, 1951, at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, February 6, 1951

The House met at 1:00 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our heavenly Father, guide, we beseech Thee, the Nations of the World into the way of justice and truth, and establish among them that peace which is the fruit of righteousness.

O Lord from whom all good things do come, grant to us, Thy humble servants, that by Thy holy inspiration we may think those things that are good, and by Thy merciful guiding may perform the same, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, February 5, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 68.

An Act to further amend Section 423 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder," by providing for payment by insurance carrier held liable by decision of referee, and filing of bond by insurance carrier relieved of liability, conditioned upon payment of amount of its liability fixed by final appellate decision.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 69.

An Act to amend subsection (e) of section 301 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry, the Workmen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues; establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," by changing the cause for payment of compensation for total disability or death.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 70.

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 954), entitled "An act to protect the public health and safety: By regulating the erection, alteration, repair, use, occupancy, maintenance, sanitation, and condemna-

tion of dwellings, two-family dwellings, rooming-houses, and tenements; by regulating the use, maintenance, and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same, the adjoining buildings, and all vacant land, in cities of the first class; providing for their inspection, the abatement of nuisances, the vacating of uninhabitable houses, and the filing of liens; creating a Division of Housing and Sanitation; and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith," by making it unlawful to receive any rent for any dwelling premises declared to be unfit for human habitation and prohibiting any action or special proceeding for possession for nonpayment.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 71.

An Act prohibiting willful violation of the terms of the lease or rental agreements relating to the services provided with leased premises; and providing penalties for violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 72.

An Act prohibiting discrimination in leases or rental agreement against occupancy by children; making unlawful refusal to enter into a lease or actual agreement because of occupancy by children, and providing penalties therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.
HOUSE BILL No. 73.

An Act to amend Article V of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by permitting school directors to attend meetings of educational or financial interest to districts and providing for the payment of their expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. GUTHRIE and HELM.
HOUSE BILL No. 74.

An Act to amend section two thousand five hundred five of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the basis for payments on account of school nurses.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.
HOUSE BILL No. 75.

An Act to further amend section one thousand one hundred thirty-one of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by requiring boroughs to establish police pension funds in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Messrs. SARRAF and KAMYK.
HOUSE BILL No. 76.

An Act giving courts of record power to order certain parties to submit to blood-grouping tests in proceedings involving the parentage or identity of a person and permitting the results of such order to be admitted in evidence in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. HAROLD G. MILLER and MIKULA.
HOUSE BILL No. 77.

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by further regulating the organization, hours of service, vacations and sick leaves of firemen.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Mr. ROSE. HOUSE BILL No. 78.

An Act to regulate control and stabilize rents and possession of housing space and living accommodations during existing public emergency; establishing the office of State Rent Control Commissioner and the State Rent Control Board; granting said board power to administer this as a departmental administrative board within the Department of Commerce; and prescribing duties; creating temporary County Rent Control Board; and prescribing their powers and duties; providing penalties and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and STANK.
HOUSE BILL No. 79.

An Act to further amend sections 501, 502 and 503 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring power and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; for forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by removing club liquor licenses from the local option provisions thereof, and providing for the grant of such licenses in municipalities and townships where such granting has heretofore been prohibited.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and HAROLD G. MILLER.
HOUSE BILL No. 80.

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by prescribing a minimum period of continuous service and in certain cases a minimum age for police retirement.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and STANK.

HOUSE BILL No. 81.

An Act to further amend section 32 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providi gnfor collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by removing club retail dispenser licenses from the provisions thereof and providing for the grant of such licenses in municipalities and townships where such granting has heretofore been prohibited.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. ANDREWS. RESOLUTION No. 1.

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

Whereas, The record shows that for various reasons and at various times since 1939, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has failed to use federal funds available for its use, and

Whereas, The record would indicate that federal funds available for use in Pennsylvania since 1939, but which were not used, would total a sum in excess of $20,000,000.00, and

Whereas, It is essential, in the interests of wise budgeting, that the Members of the General Assembly should be informed as to the federal allocations for Pennsylvania which have not been used, the reason why they were not used, and also should be furnished with information concerning the federal allocations which will be available for use in Pennsylvania during the calendar year 1951, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Budget Secretary, or any state agency which he may delegate for the purpose, be instructed to furnish the House of Representatives the following information:

(1) Total amount of federal funds available for use in Pennsylvania for various purposes from January 1, 1939 to January 1, 1951.

(2) Total amount of federal funds available for use in Pennsylvania from January 1, 1939 to January 1, 1951 which were used.

(3) Reasons why federal funds available for use in Pennsylvania were not used:

(a) Failure to comply with federal standards established by federal administrative agencies.

(b) Failure upon the part of the Commonwealth to match federal funds.

(c) Other reasons.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Messrs. GOODLING and KRATZ.

(Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 2.

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

The largest group of unknown Revolutionary soldiers from all states lie in unmarked graves at Valley Forge—over 3,000.

A grave of an unknown Revolutionary soldier at Valley Forge was so designated and marked many years ago the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

This marked grave at Valley Forge has been nationally known as "The Grave of the Unknown Soldier of the American Revolution."

Valley Forge has long been accorded the distinction that this commemoration suggests and is increasingly recognized by the American people; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania hereby memorializes the Congress of the United States to adopt legislation officially designating as the "Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of the American Revolution," the grave at Valley Forge, Pennsylvania, so designated and marked by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives forward certified copies of this resolution and of its adoption to the President of the United States, the Presiding Officers of both Houses of Congress, and to each Senator and Member in Congress from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. COOPER for himself and Messrs. EWING, HAUDENSHIELD and R. L. THOMPSON after today's session for the purpose of attending a funeral.

Mr. Cooper for Mr. GEER because of illness in the family.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. RIGBY from the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299), entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and black plan for the registration of land titles, for the accumulation of county tax liens, and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assessed for county, city, borough, township, school and institution district taxation; providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof; and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties,' providing for the use in counties of the second class of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts; in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes; and in the sale of real estate for taxes; and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties; and upon treasurers, tax collectors and solicitors of cities, boroughs, towns, townships, and school districts in said counties," by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled as amended "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by amending section two relating to penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, February 5, 1951

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four o'clock p. m., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 12, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

ANNOUNCEMENT

All Members of the House who are serving their first term are requested to meet with the Parliamentarian in the New House Caucus Room on the first floor immediately after adjournment of the House today.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Appropriations, Room 246, immediately on call of recess.

Ways and Means, Room 522, immediately on call of recess.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 3:00 p. m. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 82.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by changing the pay of jurors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 83.

An Act to amend the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coalmines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring shot-firers in bituminous mines to have helpers and defining the duties of such helpers.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 84.

An Act to add a new section to article six of the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of person semployed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring the installation of safety chambers in bituminous mines and requiring certain specifications for and equipment to be kept in such chambers.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 85.

An Act to repeal the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 848), entitled "An act providing that every mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, and fire boss, under the Bituminous Mining Laws and the Anthracite Mining Laws of the Commonwealth, represents and is an officer of the Commonwealth in the mine in which employed, for the suspension or cancellation of the certificates of such officials as shall hold same, and for the disqualification of such as are uncertificated by the Secretary of Mines after or prior to hearing, for failure or refusal to perform his respective duties, defining the procedure in such hearing and the powers of the Secretary of Mines, with respect thereto, and providing for a review of his decisions by courts of common pleas and the Superior Court; providing for re-examination by the examining board of any person whose certificate has been cancelled, and for reinstatement of such as are uncertificated; and prohibiting the employment by any operator in such capacity of any mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire boss not possessing the requisite certificate or whose certificate is suspended, or who has been disqualified."

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 86.

An Act to add Section 9 to Article III of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for the installation of water sprinklers on all mechanized mining and loading machinery and for the use thereof, and imposing duties on mine superintendents and mine foremen.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 87.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thosand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring mine superintendents to have first grade mine foremen's certificates.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 88.

An Act to further amend Section 1 and to amend Section 2 of Article 5 of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring all mines to be examined before each shift of miners shall enter any mine, and eliminating the provisions which heretofore permitted the keeping of fire boss record books beneath the surface of mines.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 89.

An Act to amend article twenty-five of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756) entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring the employment of an assistant to every motorman operating a locomotive in or about any mine.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 90.

An Act to further amend rule five of article twenty-five of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring motormen and operators of portable mining machines to have an attendant and an assistant, and prohibiting the use of such machines unless equipped with standard permissible lighting systems.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. LOVETT. HOUSE BILL No. 91.

An Act to amend the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 762), entitled "An act providing for the creation and administration of a State Fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto; declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors; and providing penalties for the violation thereof," providing for insurance in said Fund of all employers liable to pay workmen's compensation; eliminating provisions relating to insurance corporations or associations and workmen's compensation insurance covering officers and employes of the Board.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. LOVETT. HOUSE BILL No. 92.

An Act to further amend section 305 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by providing that the State Workmen's Insurance Fund shall be the sole agency in which the payment of compensation may be insured; providing for the termination of existing workmen's compensation insurance contracts issued by other agencies; and eliminating provisions relating to self-insurance.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. LOVETT. HOUSE BILL No. 93.

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State Fund for the insurance of the liability of employers for injuries to employes sustained in their course of employment, declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors, providing penalties for the violation thereof, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 94.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmens clubs, associations or federations.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 95.

An Act to amend section six hundred four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further providing for payments to districts on account of real property acquired by the State.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. RONALD L. THOMPSON and BEECH. HOUSE BILL No. 96.

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive, of the act approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class, and parts thereof, to cities and boroughs, and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto," by making the same applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 97.

An Act to amend clause seven of subsection (b), and to further amend subsection (c) of section 1002 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, peddestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by reducing the speed limit of motor vehicles while being operated on highways under the supervision and control of a Turnpike Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. RONALD L. THOMPSON and RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 98.

An Act regulating the appointment, promotion, suspension, reduction, removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents, deputy superintendents and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class, and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 99.

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 100.

An Act proposing an amendment to article nine, section eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to increase the debt limit of the city of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 101.

An Act proposing an amendment to article nine, section eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to increase the debt limit of the city of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 102.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine, section eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to increase the debt limit of the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 103.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for improvements to the Daniel Boone Homestead.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 104.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for driveways, paths and parking areas on the Daniel Boone Homestead.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 105.

An Act authorizing the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to charge fees for admission to, and exhibitions of, the Daniel Boone Homestead property, and for the use of its recreational facilities; and providing for the creation of a special fund for the moneys so collected and for their disbursement and expenditure.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. DENNISON and McMILLEN.
HOUSE BILL No. 106.

An Act creating the Commission on Organization of the Executive Branch of the Government, providing for the membership of such Commission, prescribing its powers and duties, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

RESOLUTION

Mr. LEISEY offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

INTERROGATION

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a resolution, but before offering the resolution I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Potter, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews desires to interrogate the gentleman from Potter, Mr. Hall, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HALL. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, before interrogating the gentleman, I would like to first state the reasons why I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

On October 6, 1950, Senator Duff, then Governor, was quoted in the Philadelphia Bulletin as saying that the Commonwealth would have a very substantial cash surplus in the bank at the end of the biennium in 1951. In the same month United States Senator Edward Martin was widely quoted in the press as saying that there would be a deficit of ninety million at the end of the Duff administration, that is at the end of the biennium of '51. Then on May 6th, 1950 Senator Duff, then Governor, charged Harold E. Stassen with falsification and deceit for saying that the Duff administration would close the present biennium with a deficit of ninety million. Then on May 8, 1950, Harold E. Stassen wrote Senator Duff, then Governor, demanding that Duff either apologize for an attack on his credibility or point out the error in his claims that Pennsylvania's present Governor would be faced with a ninety million deficit.

On May 11th, 1950, State Budget Secretary Logan painted a very rosy financial picture as far as the Commonwealth's finances were concerned. In that picture there was no evidence of any deficit at the end of the current biennium. And early in May 1950 State Auditor General Weldon Heyburn was quoted in the Press as making a gloomy prediction that the present biennium would wind up with a ninety-two million deficit.

In April 1950 Jay Cook predicted a deficit in excess of ninety million at the end of the biennium, May 31st of this year. Now the question is: What will be the estimated cash on hand at the end of the biennium on the unobligated treasury surplus?

Mr. HALL. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the question of the gentleman from Cambria as to whether I would consent to be interrogated upon this question, I feel that the gentleman is entitled to a reply and I want to assure him that the subject matter of his interrogation, which he very courteously informed us of in advance is also a matter of deep concern to the members of the majority party. But inasmuch as this subject matter deeply concerns the majority party it is my firm conviction it should be dealt with by the spokesman for the majority party, I am happy to yield to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Potter, Mr. Hall, yields to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith.

Does the Minority Leader desire to interrogate the Majority Leader?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have already propounded the initial question to which I would be very grateful if the Majority leader would reply explicitly, definitely and, as I judge by reason of his appearance, officially.

Mr. SMITH. I thank the gentleman, Mr. Speaker.

I can assure the gentleman that the Budget Secretary's statement of May 6 will definitely be proven correct at the end of this biennium; we will have a surplus.

I am sure that the gentleman from Cambria knows that budgets are prepared on an estimate of expected revenue, and I can assure him again that we will have a surplus from the information that has recently been given me.

To prove the gentleman's statement of May 6—that is our Budget Secretary that Mr. Andrews refers to, I would like to read a letter that was given to me this morning. This letter comes from Drexel and Company, as I understand and which as we all know, is one of the biggest banking institutions in this country. It is addressed to Dr. Edward B. Logan, Budget Secretary, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

"Dear Mr. Logan:" (This letter is incidentally dated May the 18th, 1950—following the subject matter the gentleman is now speaking about): "Following receipt of your letter of May 11th and our telephone conversation, I arranged for my associate, Donald P. Beardsley, to see you in Harrisburg Saturday. The report I have since had from him entirely satisfies me that your statements regarding the fiscal positions of the Commonwealth are entirely justified."

I would also like to offer as further proof of the May 6 statement that the people of our state and the people of our nation have certainly complete confidence in our Commonwealth. They have complete confidence that we will have a surplus. They have bought bonds at the low rate of interest of 1.9. People don't buy bonds at that rate of interest if they think we are working on deficits.

I want to also assure the gentleman if he will refer to the recent statement that was issued by the Budget Secretary and submitted to the General Assembly for Governor Duff, that was Governor Duff's last statement which was on our desks, he again assures us on January 2, 1951, that we will have a surplus.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the estimated general fund revenue for the 1949-51 biennium was 653 million. To what extent have receipts shown an increase or decrease over that amount?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, right now I could not answer that question. I believe that that question will definitely

be answered in the Governor's budget message which will be submitted to us, as prior budget messages have been in the past, around March the first.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, special emergency taxes, according to estimates, were designed to raise $312 million. To what extent have receipts, either justified that estimate, or have they shown an increase over the estimate and in what amount?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, again I have to remind the gentleman that I cannot answer that question.

These estimates are definitely an estimate as he well knows on all budget matters. We do not prepare a budget on what has happened in the past; we prepare a budget on estimated receipts in the future, and we will be ready to answer that when they are all in.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, what is it necessary that we do in order to find out how much unobligated cash there is now in the banks to the account of the Commonwealth, and what, on the basis of collection experience, that amount of unobligated cash will be on May 31 next? What is it necessary for us to do; to whom can be turn?

Mr. SMITH. The only way that I can answer that question, Mr. Speaker, would be to get the Budget Secretary, if it is possible, prior to the Governor's message and prior to the Governor's budget, to get that information for me. At this time I do not have it.

I do say to the gentleman that he knows that there are several taxes that are available today that aren't ready for collection because the time is not up. We would be in far better position to answer these questions and to answer them correctly within probably, I would say, a month.

Mr. ANDREWS. Then, Mr. Speaker and Mr. Majority Leader, I am right in concluding that at the present time the extent of the surplus resolves itself into a lingering hope that it will be there.

Mr. SMITH. I do not say that the gentleman is right, Mr. Speaker. No, I do not say that it is a lingering hope. While it may not be definite assurance, we have not missed too badly in the past. I am willing to take the Budget Secretary's word with the knowledge he has and his ability that if he claims, and he has definitely claimed that as recently as January 2, that we will have a surplus; again I am willing to assure the gentleman that there will be a surplus at that time.

Mr. ANDREWS. For further inquiry, will it be 5 millions, 10 millions, 20 millions, 30 millions. Surely the Budget Secretary should be able at this time to tell us within five million since he has been so accurate in his guessing in the past.

Mr. SMITH. The Budget Secretary did make the statement on May the sixth, approximately five to ten million dollars. And I feel, Mr. Speaker, that we can stay within those confines in that amount.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, we can definitely erase then all hopes of 40 or 60 million dollars surplus which at various times figured so prominently in the recent campaign?

Mr. SMITH. I would not definitely erase any figure such as that, no. But the gentleman wants me to give him an answer as far as I am able, and I am only able to say what I have heard from the budget officer, who I think would be the gentleman to give it to us. We may have forty, we may have sixty, as the gentleman says; but I would certainly not erase all those hopes.

Mr. ANDREWS. The Members of this House will tomorrow be returning to their homes, and they will be met on every hand by constituents who ask them about what the new taxes, if any, will be and what the amount will be.

I read in the morning paper that Governor Duff . . . I mean Governor Fine—the gentleman lingers so long in my memory that I say Duff, and maybe I'm right when I say Governor Duff, I don't know . . . Governor Fine says we will seek 110 millions in new taxes, and then this newspaper article proceeds to relate in detail what the taxes will be.

I am now asking the Majority Leader whether the Governor of this Commonwealth is communicating with this House and with this General Assembly through the newspapers or whether we have to read the newspapers to find out what is going on, whether this newspaper account is or is not in any sense official.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker the gentleman really surprises me. Being an old newspaper man I would think that he would be the first one to believe everything that he reads. Newspaper men have to make stories, Mr. Speaker, and they sometimes as I have heard said in the past suck the story out of their thumb. I don't know where this story came from and I don't know which newspaper it was in, but I would rather be assured by a statement definitely from Governor Fine rather than believe what I read in the newspapers.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman forces me to ask one further question. In his opinion did the newspaper man who wrote this particular story in what has hitherto been the Bible of the Republican party in this state; did that eminent reporter, none other than one Joseph H. Miller suck this particular story out of his thumb?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I did not read the story, but unless that story and unless the eminent gentleman who I respect very much definitely stated in that article that the Governor told him that that would be it, I would still say that unless that was proven to me I would doubt it. It would have to be a definite statement from the Governor.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman; I thank him very much. He told me quite as much as I anticipated the Budget Secretary would permit him to tell me.

Now Mr. Speaker, I would like to offer a non-privileged resolution, and I would like very briefly to state the purpose of the resolution if the House will permit.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this resolution is to attack in constructive fashion the malady that is underlying departmental efficiency, a malady which I have termed sponsoritis for lack of a better term, a condition of mind that leads various persons in various departments to come in at ten or half past, or not come in at all, and when reprimanded by their superior to say had "you better talk this matter over with my sponsor," the sponsor being some particularly powerful party leader.

In my resolution I am proposing that the Speaker appoint a committee of five to investigate and report upon

the cost of a scientific time study in the various departments and bureaus in order that efficiency in the departments and bureaus functioning in the Commonwealth can be contrasted with the efficiency that is expected in business—how many people would be required to do a particular service if they were working for a corporation. Its a matter of fact that such a study would have to be made by skilled personnel. It would cost considerable money, and so my resolution strictly proposes that a committee be appointed by the Speaker to investigate the cost of such a survey.

Mr. Speaker I offer the following nonprivileged resolution.

RESOLUTION

Mr. ANDREWS offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

PUBLIC SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS

Mr. SOLLENBERGER presented a report of the Joint State Government Commission dated February 6, 1951 relative to Public School Attendance Areas.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH-OWNED FORESTS AND REFORESTATION

Mr. GIBSON presented a report of the Joint State Government Commission dated February 6, 1951 relative to Commonwealth-Owned Forests and Reforestation.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

Mr. BLOOM from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

COMMITTEE MEETING

The SPEAKER. There will be a meeting of the Select Committee on Memorials in Room 246 immediately following the close of the day's session. The members of the Committee are Messrs. Wood, Chairman, McKinney, Royer, Leisey, Watkins, Stank and Mihm.

FIRST AID ROOM ANNUAL REPORTS

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, during the 1947 session the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. McMillen, and myself presented a resolution to this House which was adopted and concurred in by the Senate, establishing a first aid room for the comfort and care of the Members of this House and the Senate and State employees.

I wish at this time to make a very short report on the success of that first aid room.

After considerable effort by our Chief Clerk and the Department of Property and Supplies necessary equipment was obtained. We also were fortunate in getting a Registered Nurse to supervise that room. Miss Esther D. Feiser, Registered Nurse, is in constant attendance there.

During the first month that room was open, in August of 1948; she treated 26 individuals in that first aid room. Immediately the number started to increase. In the month of April for instance of 1949, 523 persons received attention in that first aid room. During the first year of its operation she took care of 3,363 people. For the year August 1949 to August 1950 I want to inform you that she treated 4,354 people. I am only calling this to your attention, Mr. Speaker, to prove that the room was very much needed and is of considerable value to the employees and the Members of this House and I wish to submit these reports to be written in the Journal.

The SPEAKER. The Annual Reports of the First Aid Room for August, 1948 to August, 1949 and August 1949 to August, 1950 will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

CONGRATULATIONS

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to congratulate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rubin, on his birthday today. Will the gentleman please inform the House what the number of the birthday is.

Mr. RUBIN. Forty-three, sir.

COMMITTEE MEETING

Appropriations, Room 246, Wednesday, February 7 at 9:45 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. LIGHT. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 7, 1951, at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3:46 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1951. No. 7.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, February 7, 1951

The Senate met at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

In the absence of the Chaplain, prayer was offered by the Senator from Berks, Doctor Ruth.

Our dear Heavenly Father, we come to Thee this morning realizing that it is because of Thy love for us that we live and have the opportunity to serve our fellow men. We pray that Thy spirit will guide us to use these opportunities to Thy glory.

We pray that Thou wilt comfort and strengthen those of our number who are in bereavement today; those who are sick, may they have a speedy recovery. As we look into the future of our time and visualize the sacrifices that may be necessary, as we look into the opening of this new season of Lent, may we realize how much Thou didst sacrifice for us that we may have better living here and the assurance of life eternal. We ask in Thy holy name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. PEELOR, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 7, 1951.

Mr. McPHERSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Olive Marie Bires, Duquesne.
F. S. Brainard, Pittsburgh, 712 House Bldg.
Mrs. Elizabeth W. Craighead, Edgewood.
Mrs. Mary Hornbeck, Pittsburgh, 416 Berger Bldg.
F. A. Nedrow, Pittsburgh, 5530 Penn Ave.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Mary H. Burkhart, Aliquippa.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

A. Gerald Hoffman, Lemoyne.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Miriam A. Greenawalt, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Edward Calderoni, Chester.
Robert J. Walker, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.

ERIE COUNTY

J. T. Dempsey, Corry.
Victor J. Wojciechowski, Corry.

GREENE COUNTY

J. Victor Deweese, Waynesburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

E. Earl Barrett, Norristown.
Miss Anne A. Weidman, Norristown.
William J. Wilt, Lower Merion Twp., Wynnewood.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Jane C. Borbidge, 601 Rector St.
Samuel B. Crouse, 510 N. Third St.
Miss Elizabeth A. Delargey, 1600 Liberty Trust Bldg.
William F. X. Doyle, John B. Stetson Co., 5th St. & Montgomery Ave.
Joseph Famiglio, 1029 Morris St.
George W. Jackson, 3826 Germantown Ave.
Albert Y. Lightcap, 5134 Lancaster Ave.
Aaron Paull, 4400 Germantown Ave.
Benjamin Perlstein, 1818 W Erie Ave.
Mrs. Doris M. Stein, 1411 Walnut St.

WYOMING COUNTY

Cecil Krewson, Jr., Tunkhannock.

YORK COUNTY

Philip B. Berry, Springettsbury Twp., York.

To compute from the date set opposite their names

BERKS COUNTY

Charles D. Fisher, Reading, 2-26-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Helene M. O'Connor, Chester, 2-26-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Frederick I. Spitzer, Pittsburgh, 429 4th Ave., 3-3-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Fred Doerr, Johnstown, 3-6-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

John F. Stamm, Pottstown, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Martha E. Ramage, 2126 Land Title Bldg., 3-6-51.

YORK COUNTY

John C. Krebs, Hanover, 3-6-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. McPHERSON, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBER OF THE VENANGO COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John F. Budke, Esq. (Democrat), 517 Twelfth Street, Franklin, Venango County, for appointment as a Member of the Venango County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice E. H. Messer, Oil City, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WOLFE, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH SPACE REQUIREMENTS IN PITTSBURGH AND PHILADELPHIA

Mr. DIEHM, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HARRISBURG

February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Commonwealth Space Requirements in Pittsburgh and Philadelphia."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the House on January 10, 1951.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER
Baker Royer Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

REPORT OF THE HIGHWAY PLANNING COMMISSION

Mr. BERBER. Mr. President, in accordance with Act No. 537 of the Session of 1949, Governor James H. Duff appointed a Highway Planning Commission. This report has been mailed to the Members of the Legislature and to the various officials to whom the report was to be made.

Mr. President, if it has any merit, it is because of the work of the Members of the Commission who were named by the Governor, and the work of the member of the staff who assisted in compiling the report.

It gives me great pleasure, Mr. President, to submit the report of the work of the Pennsylvania Highway Planning Commission.

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS TO STATE EMPLOYES

Mr. WAGNER, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HARRISBURG

February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Occupational Hazards to State Employes."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the Senate on January 23, 1951.

Respectively submitted,

BAKER ROYER.

Baker Royer, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

SMOKE CONTROL

Mr. WALKER on behalf of Mr. HARE, submitted the following report from the Joint State Government Commission, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HARRISBURG

February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Smoke Control."

A copy of this report was mailed to each member of the Senate on January 3, 1951.

Respectively submitted,

BAKER ROYER.

Baker Royer, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. BERGER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, the bills which I am about to present to the Chair are designed to implement the recommendations of the Highway Planning Commission.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 130, entitled:

An Act to transfer to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and establish certain highways, roads and bridges as a part of the State Highway System with certain exceptions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Cenate Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 10 of the Act approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1199), entitled "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as users, on fuels used within the Commonwealth in internal combustion engines for the generation of power to propel motor vehicles using the public highways; providing for the collection and lien of the tax and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such users to secure licenses, to file bonds as a guarantee of payment of taxes, penalties, interest, fines, uncollectible check fees and the Attorney General's fees, to file reports and to compile and retain certain records; imposing duties on dealers, wholesalers and carriers for hire; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds of taxes, penalties and interest illegally or erroneously collected from licenses users; and making appropriations," by providing that all of the Tax collected under the provisions of this Act shall be paid into the Motor License Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act to transfer from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to local political subdivisions the ownership and responsibility for construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of certain roads, highways and bridges with certain exceptions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 133, entitled:

An Act to provide for the establishment, functioning, maintenance and discontinuance of joint highway work units between two or more boroughs, towns or townships touching or bordering one upon another.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 134, entitled:

An Act to amend further Section 5 of the Act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six (P. L. 551) entitled "An act relating to roads, highways and bridges," as amended by extending the width of a public road in the instance of multiple lane highways to increase the maximum width by the additional footage that shall be necessary in the judgment of the Secretary of Highways for center or dividing strips.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act to provide for the classification of all roads and highways and bridges in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and placing certain duties upon the Department of Highways with regard to the classification of said roads, highways and bridges and the reclassification of any or all roads and highways and bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. WAGNER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act to amend Clause (8) of Section 6 and Section 9 of the act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 1210), entitled "An act relating to group life insurance; describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon, the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder; limiting the amount of such insurance; prescribing standard policy provisions; and requiring notice of conversion privileges," by limiting the amount of an individual policy issued to a person entitled thereto; and changing the premium basis and rate of interest thereon.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. MEADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 137, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 610 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15, 1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by fixing penalties for exposing or keeping for sale, selling or offering to sell any liquor except as provided by this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

RESOLUTION

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD TO GIVE CONSIDERATION TO THE NEED FOR CONNECTING AIR SERVICE BETWEEN AVOCA AND HARRISBURG

Mr. McMENAMIN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 7, 1951.

Whereas, The counties of Luzerne and Lackawanna, including the cities of Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston, Hazleton, Carbondale, and Nanticoke, and representing a population in excess of 600,000 people, are deprived of any adequate means of public transportation to the State Capital at Harrisburg by reason of the discontinuance of much of the former rail service to the extent that travel by private automobile over an average distance of some 130 miles must be resorted to; and,

Whereas, The public interest requires that there be ready, frequent and fast means of communication both for passengers and mail by air between the populous communities of the state and the places where the various branches of the state government are, especially during periods when the General Assembly is in session, when witnesses and petitioners are required to appear before legislative committees and governmental agencies; and,

Whereas, Delays caused by inadequate means of travel are also particularly harmful during this period of national emergency; and,

Whereas, Airport facilities installed at large public cost are now functioning both at or in the vicinity of the State Capital at Harrisburg and at Avoca in the county of Luzerne and are ample and adequate, without additional cost, to handle passengers and air mail between said terminals if authorized by the Civil Aeronautics Board of the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that the Civil Aeronautics Board is hereby adjured to give consideration at this time to the need for the providing connecting air service between the airports at Avoca in Luzerne County and at or near Harrisburg, the State Capital, (temporarily, if need be at least during the 1951 session of the General Assembly) and that the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission and the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission use their best efforts to facilitate the inauguration of such service; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of Commerce of the United States, the chairman of the Civil Aeronautics Board of the United States and the chairmen of the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission and the Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and providing penalties" by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and providing penalties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 Application for Compensation Applications for compensation shall be made to the Adjutant General on such forms and in such manner as he shall prescribe

Applicants shall state on their application whether or not they have applied for or received a bonus gratuity or compensation of a nature similar to that provided for by this act from any other state in the union

All applications shall be made (1) personally by the veteran or (2) in case of death or mental incompetency preventing the making of a personal application then by such representative of the veteran as the Adjutant General shall by regulation prescribe An application made by a representative other than one authorized by such regulation shall be held void

The Adjutant General shall not accept or consider any application filed with him after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred [fifty] fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act realting to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates trust estates minors' estates and absentees' estates both as to real and personal property and the procedure relating thereto including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases the appointment bond removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates their powers duties and liabilities the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors powers duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries the abatement survival and control of actions and rights of action and the presumption of death and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries" redefining certain words providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and the circumstances under which distribution can be made without liability to claimants who have not given notice of their claims and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 12, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto regulating and restricting the manufacture purchase sale possession consumption importation transportation furnishing holding in bond holding in storage traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act providing for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers

on them at fire attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, February 12, 1951 at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:46 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, February 12, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, February 7, 1951

The House met at 10:00 a. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Charles F. Trunk, Jr., Pastor of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

O God, we thank Thee for life and for all that makes life worthwhile—the love and respect of our fellowmen.

Wilt Thou be with these, Thy servants, and bless their honest efforts to do that which is needed and right. Guard them from all duplicity in themselves and from selfish pressure from us, their electors.

Grant them wisdom and the vision of Thy Commonwealth today, so that they can build a better tomorrow with the help of Thy Spirit. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVAL POSTPONED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, February 6, 1951?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would inquire whether the Journal is in print.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will inquire of the Chief Clerk whether the Journal is in print.

For the information of the gentleman, the Journal is not in print.

Mr. ANDREWS. I want to object, therefore, Mr. Speaker, to approving a Journal that is not in print.

The SPEAKER. For the information of the gentleman, the Journal for the preceding day's session is in typewritten form and has been sent to the Printer.

Mr. ANDREWS. That doesn't help any of the Members who might wish to correct the Journal in any particular, the fact that it is in the hands of the Printer. I submit, Mr. Speaker, that it is obviously improper and impossible to approve a Journal which the Members have not had the privilege of inspection.

The SPEAKER. For the information of the gentleman from Cambria, the Chair is informed that the Journal is available to any of the Members for any information they desire to derive therefrom.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. ANDREWS. Does the Chair rule that the Journal must necessarily be approved prior to the opportunity to inspect it, read it? I raise that as a point of order, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. For the information of the gentleman, the Chair does not rule that approval of the Journal is necessary prior to reading it. The Chair is of the opinion that the question is one for the House to decide, wehther they desire to approve the Journal or not.

Mr. ANDREWS. Well I would submit that it is contrary to parliamentary practice for this House to approve in blank any record it has not had the opportunity to inspect and peruse.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman desire that the approval of the Journal be postponed?

Mr. ANDREWS. Postponed until such a time as the Journals are available for the Members to read.

JOURNAL NOT APPROVED

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the approval of the Journal for the preceding day's session be postponed until such time as the Journal is in print and available for the Members to read.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. CLENDENING and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 107.

An Act to further amend subsection A of section 1, of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," prohibiting the levy and collection of taxes, on real estate transfers without consideration.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 108.

An Act to further amend section five hundred twenty of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the appointment of an auditor by the board of commissioners instead of by the court of quarter sessions of the county.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 109.

An Act providing that an appeal or certiorari to the court of common pleas in a suit or action by a landlord to recover possession of property, shall be a supersedeas.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 110.

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533), entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent," by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 111.

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WACHHAUS. HOUSE BILL No. 112.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15, 1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by authorizing licensees at certain times to sell bottled liquor for consumption off the premises.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 113.

An Act to further amend the definitions of "eating place" and "hotel" in section two of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by making the serving of food optional with each licensee.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 114.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15, 1933-34) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licensees, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forefeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by making the serving of food optional with each licensee.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 115.

An Act to further amend section one of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 806), entitled "An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor, malt or brewed beverages, or malt and brewed beverages, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; defining hotels, and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities," by further changing the requirements necessary for a hotel to qualify under said act.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mrs. VARALLO and Mrs. COYLE. HOUSE BILL No. 116.

An Act prohibiting discrimination in rate of pay because of sex; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry; prescribing penalties; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. KENT and SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 117.

An Act to further amend sections 1 and 13 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to reguate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the

electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by changing the provisions relating to appeals and to compromise penalties in lieu of suspension.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. KENT and SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 118.

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties" by changing the provisions relating to appeals, and compromise penalties in lieu of suspensions.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. GAFFNEY and GOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 119.

An Act to prohibit the calling of any tax assessed or levied by any political subdivision a "poll tax" and making taxes so designated invalid and uncollectible.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. KELLER. HOUSE BILL No. 120.

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 803) entitled as amended "An act providing for the creation, maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth class; imposing certain charges on counties, and prescribing penalties," by further defining county employ, substituting the chief clerk for the aduitor as a member of and secretary to the board in certain cases and extending the period in which a certain option may be exercised.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. HARVEY A. MOORE. HOUSE BILL No. 121.

An Act to further amend Section 903 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by clarifying the provision allowing directors expenses at annual conventions and special meetings.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 122.

An Act to further amend Section 20 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by providing for a closed season of thirty days prior to the beginning of trout season in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. HARVEY A. MOORE. HOUSE BILL No. 123.

An Act to further amend clause (10) of subsection (b) of section eight hundred twenty-eight of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the maintenance of school bus loading zone signs.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. HARVEY A. MOORE. HOUSE BILL No. 124.

An Act to amend section one thousand twenty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by increasing compensation and mileage rates for attendance at conventions for the election of county superintendents.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 125.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 21), entitled "An act for the establishment of a uniform standard of time throughout the Commonwealth," by providing for a referendum to decide upon the question of retaining or changing such uniform standard of time.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 126.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring

employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions bases on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by extending the provisions thereof to include employees of the Pennsylvania Department of Highways.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Mr. FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 127.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for reimbursing incorporated agricultural associations for premiums paid for exhibits of agricultural products.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. LEISEY. (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 3.

In the House of Representatives, February 6, 1951.

Whereas, The St. Lawrence Seaway and Power Project will produce no practical benefits for the people of the two countries it is designed to serve; and

Whereas, The General Assembly and the citizens of this State are greatly concerned about the effect the completion of this project would have upon them; and

Whereas, The construction of the project would burden the taxpayers of this Commonwealth and the United States to the extent of a sum estimated at $1,500,000,000 and experience in similar public works would indicate that this project would cost much more; and

Whereas, Existing facilities, the Welland Canal which by-passes Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes Channels amply provide for the present lake traffic. The railroads on both sides in the United States and Canada have demonstrated that they are prepared to handle all through traffic offered; and

Whereas, With its channels closed to navigation for about five months of the year due to ice and weather conditions, it would be unreasonable to expect the railroads to perform the required service during the period that navigation is closed and to be in a position to handle the peak load. The railroads would be required to maintain equipment that would be idle or little used for sixty per cent of the time and have the added problem of maintaining the personnel organization. Great numbers would have to seek employment elsewhere while tonnage was moved by government subsidized competitors. This situation would greatly affect the ports of Erie nad Philadelphia; and

Whereas, Ocean tonnage to lake ports would require the building of numerous dams, the destruction of a single lock could tie up the system; and

Whereas, Sea-going boats cannot travel this great distance for nothing and the saving in transportation costs would be exceedingly small if any; and

Whereas, It would be disastrous to Great Lake shipping, injurious to American rail highway and inland waterways services and seriously harmful to the American coal and iron ore industries; and

Whereas, Electrical energy that would be generated could only be used at nearby points as it has been demonstrated that the cost of transmission over long distances greatly exceeds that generated locally; and

Whereas, Such an agreement if ratified would reduce the exportation of manufacturing, mining and agricultural products of this Commonwealth and result in loss of employment and contribute to increased taxation; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania hereby memorializes the Congress of the United States not to approve the agreement for the construction of the St. Lawrence Seaway and Power Project and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House to the President of the United States and to each Senator and Representative from Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. ANDREWS. RESOLUTION No. 4.

In the House of Representatives, February 6, 1951.

Whereas, The statement frequently has been made that in the various departments and bureaus serving the Commonwealth 20% of the employees do 80% of the work and

Whereas, The record indicates that as yet these statements have not been confirmed by a thorough-going inquiry designed to uncover the facts, and

Whereas, It is known that the efficiency of various branches of our state government is impaired by a political malady which can be best described as "sponsoritis" and

Whereas, "sponsoritis" is evidenced among various state employees who either dilly-dally on the job or refuse to do any work whatsoever, and

Whereas, The victims of "sponsoritis," when reproved for their lack of diligence by their superior, retort, "You had better talk that over with my sponsor. You can't fire me and the sooner you find it out the better." And,

Whereas, "sponsoritis" cannot be eradicated from the state service until all state employees are required to be as diligent in their service as they would be required to be if they were working for a private employer, therefore be it

Resolved, that the Speaker of this House appoint a committee of five Members of this House, whose duty it shall be to ascertain and report to this House the probable cost of a time-study which would be designed to ascertain, by means of a scientific inquiry, how many employees, working full time on a five-day week basis, are actually needed for efficient operation by the various departments and bureaus now serving the Commonwealth.

By Mr. VARNER. (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 5.

In the House of Representatives, February 6, 1951.

Whereas, The Clarion River watershed has been polluted by industries and municipalities on its banks for many years and has been ruined by this pollution, and

Whereas, The Clarion River watershed furnishes the population area of Western Pennsylvania with its water supply and affords it a recreational area, and

Whereas, The Clarion River watershed has had a modified pollution abatement program during the past several years, but due to the shortage of materials caused by World War II and the postwar years, this program has been curtailed and much work remains to be done, and

Whereas, Many interested private citizens and groups thereof, are interested in the Clarion River from a health as well as a recreational standpoint; now therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to investigate and study pollution and the pollution abatement program in the Clarion River watershed area, and in so doing to cooperate closely with the Sanitary Water Board and to report its findings and recommendations to the next regular session of the General Assembly; and be it further

Resolved, That the commission shall have the power to meet and hold hearings, both in Harrisburg and at some place in the Clarion County watershed area and to issue subpoenas under the hand and seal of its chairman commanding any proper person to appear before it and to answer questions touching on matters with respect to such investigation, for and on behalf of the General Assembly and to procure such books, papers, records and documents as the commission may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any proper person and shall have the force and effect of subpoenas issued out of

the Courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of the commission shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to witnesses appearing before it.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 3.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications, compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Boorse for Mr. LAFORE for today's session.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. GIBSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. GREER asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

SMOKE CONTROL

Mr. WACHHAUS presented a report of the Joint State Government Commission on Smoke Control.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS TO STATE EMPLOYES

Mr. WOOD presented a report of the Joint State Government Commission on Occupational Hazards to State Employes.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299) entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles for the accumulation of county tax liens and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assesses for county city borough township school and dinstitution district taxation providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties' providing for the use in counties of the second clas of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes and in the sale of real estate for taxes and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties and upon treasurers tax collectors and solicitors of cities boroughs towns townships and school districts in said counties" by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD.
HOUSE BILL No. 128.

An Act to authorize counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, school districts, poor districts and county institution districts to file tax and municipal claims not filed within the time specified by law, and to amend such claims when the property affected is not sufficiently described, and to file suggestions of nonpayment and averments of default, or to sue out writs of scire facias on certain tax or municipal claims, and to revive judgments wher the lien of such claims or the judgments thereon have ben lost, and providing for the reinstatement of the liens of such claims and judgments.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WILLIAM C. LEONARD and ROBERTSON.
HOUSE BILL No. 129.

An Act to further amend Section 7 of the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such board; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payable by such coun-

ties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by further providing for omitted assessments.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 130.

An Act directing the Secretary of Highways to refund to cities of the second class A and third class, certain amounts charged to such cities by orders of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Messrs. GREER, MIKULA and ROSE.
HOUSE BILL No. 131.

An Act relating to the rights, obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them, and amending, revising, changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 132.

An Act to further amend section two hundred twenty-two of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative department, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards, and commissions shall be determined," further regulating the vacation leave and sick leave to which State employes are entitled with pay.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 133.

An Act to further amend subsection (d) of section four hundred one and to add section seven hundred six point one to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and liensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mavors. burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by prescribing annual registration fee for trailers and semi-trailers used in the occupation of farming.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. GREENWOOD and WESCOTT.
HOUSE BILL No. 134.

An Act to further amend sections five hundred one and seven hundred two of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other birds and wild animals; and amending revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," removing all closed seasons on woodchucks.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 135.

An Act to amend section five hundred nine and to further amend clause (b) of section two thousand four hundred four of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," requiring the purchase of fire insurance from agents residing and doing business within the county where the property or State buildings are located.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 136.

An Act providing that the Commonwealth shall provide every State employe and their wives and husbands with hospitalization at the cost of the Commonwealth, and requiring the Executive Board to enter into the necessary contracts for such purpose.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 137.

An Act to amend section seven of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1518), entitled as amended "An act regulating the construction, equipment, maintenance, operation and inspection of elevators; granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; providing fees for inspection of elevators, certificates of operation, and approval of plans; providing penalties for violations of this act; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act," by further regulating the inspection of freight elevators which are hand operated.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 138.

An Act to amend section 18 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 487) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in boroughs, towns, and townships as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; requiring the county commissioners of the various counties to act as a registration commission therefor; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by making special provisions for manner of registration in boroughs, towns, and townships of less than a certain population in certain counties and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 139.

An Act to further amend clauses (g) and (h) of section 2408 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certai nother executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by requiring bonds to be purchased from agents residing and doing business within the county where the work is to be performed.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 140.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerk thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth. liability for damage caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the suspension of resident licenses and operating privileges on the basis of a point system.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 141.

An Act to further amend section 1 of the act, approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 21), entitled "An act for the establishment of a uniform standard of time throughout the Commonwealth," providing for the advancement of standard time only by proclamation of the Governor and requiring such advancement to be State-wide.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 142.

An Act to amend section four hundred four of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1242), entitled "An act relating to roads, streets, highways, and bridges; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws administered by the Secretary of Highways and by the Department of Highways relating thereto," requiring bonds to be purchased from agents residing and doing business within the county where the work is to be performed.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 143.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon the owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring trackless trolley to be registered and their operators to be licensed.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. GREENWOOD and WESCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 144.

An Act to further amend section one thousand one hundred one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," requiring the Pennsylvania Game Commission to pay certain bounties.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 145

An Act to further amend section seven hundred three of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providding for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by changing the registration fee for certain pick up trucks with cab.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 146

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," providing for payment by the commission of damages caused by deer and prescribing penalties for false claims.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 147

An Act providing for the payment to the respective counties of a portion of moneys derived from the sale of timber on State owned land in the county.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Messrs. TOMPKINS and SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 148

An Act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 149.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by increasing the minimum age for a learner's or operator's license.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 150.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto section nineteen providing for absentee voting.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. HAGERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 151.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Article 8, Section 1, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by granting the right to vote to citizens eighteen years of age or upwards.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WHALLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, February 12, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:44 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1951. No. 8.

SENATE

MONDAY, February 12, 1951.

The Senate met at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. WILLIAM H. KELLY, Pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical United Brethern Church, Lewisburg, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray. Our Father and God, we meet together as Thy children, we bow humbly before Thee, we acknowledge Thy great and manifold blessings to us, the children of men. We see Thee as the great and eternal Worker, who has wrought through the ages upon the fabric of nations and upon the upward progress of men.

May Thy guiding Spirit be with the Governor of this State to direct and bless. May Thy wisdom be with the one who presides in this Session today; aid with Thy vision the Senators in the discharge of their duties, and may Thy kingdom come and may Thy will be done on earth through Him who is the Prince of Peace and the Savior of the world. Ever in Thy name we pray, Amen.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair calls to the rostrum the gentleman from Somerset, Mr. Hare, to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Fred P. Hare) in the Chair.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDING OFFICER. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. WOLFE, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. BERGER, for the week on account of illness.

Mr. BARR asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. HOLLAND, due to illness.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 12, 1951.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

S. P. Burns, Baldwin Twp., 226 Joseph St., Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Pauline Granovitz, Pittsburgh, 340 Craft Ave.
Daniel B. McLane, McKeesport.
Anton E. Miller, Pittsburgh, 711 Forbes St.

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Grace K. Hinds, Aliquippa.

BLAIR COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth P. Santella, Altoona.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Victor F. Kress, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

O. W. Sailer, Carlisle.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Felice A. Torchia, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Harold Lesher, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Jules V. de Prophetis, Chester.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Worth S. Bigham, Uniontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

James J. Ligi, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Olga Lockman, Hazleton.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Wayne A. Erdman, Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Edna M. Leiby, Sunbury.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anna M. T. Berlinger, 1513 Race St.
Wm. Brucker, Jr., 3505 Kensington Ave.
Joseph A. Di Larso, 4507 N. Broad St.
Herman R. Kooperman, 2117 N. 10th St.
Edward Lanigan, 5020 Wayne Ave.
Walter E. Mauger, 4330 Torresdale Ave.
Wm. H. Rittenhouse, Jr., 74th Ave. & N. 19th St.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Edith L. Gesin, Oil City.
Mrs. Fay S. Hovis, Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma D. Johnson, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Helen Soslovicz, Donora.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Thomas Malpass, Jr., North Belle Vernon.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. E. Arrowsmith, Pittsburgh, 1506 Law & Finance Bldg., 2-14-51.
Miss Mercedes L. Black, Mckeesport, 2-15-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

J. H. McElroy, Bradys Bend Twp., Kaylor, 2-17-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Emmanuel Morris, Washington, 2-17-51.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Mrs. Dee Smith, Brookville, 2-26-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Kathryn Bassett, Swarthmore, 2-28-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Roy D. McAllister, Erie, 2-28-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Isabel M. Ehret, Allentown, 2-28-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Carl J. Petri, Erie, 3-1-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Louis Shaffer, Wilkes-Barre, 3-2-51.

WYOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Stevens, Meshoppen, 3-2-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

George Repa, Wilkes-Barre, 3-3-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Lucille A. Stroup, Harrisburg, 3-5-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Lottie R. Mohr, Upper Macungie Twp., Fogelsville, 3-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph J. Harris, 5225 Chestnut St., 3-5-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Wilbert J. McCaslin, Butler, 3-6-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Mae G. Foley, Titusville, 3-6-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Hattie N. Frehn, Carlisle, 3-6-51.
Mrs. Mary E. Harman, Mt. Holly Springs, 3-6-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

John T. Gilmartin, Carbondale, 3-6-51.
John M. Kelly, Scranton, 3-6-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Henry A. Bussler, Williamsport, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Z. I. Whiteman, 160 Wyneva St., 3-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Lewis Neuman, Swissvale, 3-7-51.
William H. Whitman, Pittsburgh, 2200 Fifth Ave., 3-7-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

E. Bright Pflueger, Schuylkill Haven, 3-7-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Harvey A. Falk, Catasauqua, 3-8-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

John Tatusko, Frackville, 3-8-51.

ADAMS COUNTY

P. S. Orner, Ardentsville, 3-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Eugene A. Portman, Carnegie, 3-9-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Vera G. Crist, Altoona, 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Orin C. Owens, Erie, 3-9-51.

INDIANA COUNTY

Raymond G. Graff, Blairsville, 3-9-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Ada B. Herr, Quarryville, 3-9-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Geza Bolez, Allentown, 3-9-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Ada P. Duffee, Bradford, 3-9-51.
H. D. Sears, Bradford, 3-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Katherine P. Gallagher, Norristown, 3-9-51.
Thomas M. Sloan, Lansdale, 3-9-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Catherine Kleinschmidt, Shamokin, 3-9-51.
Wm. H. Ressler, Shamokin, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mildred Higgins, 1000 Provident Trust Bldg., 3-9-51.
Clifford E. Kurtz, N. E. Cor. 6th St. & Erie Ave., 3-9-51.
Mrs. Clara B. Lee, 4734 Duffield St., 3-9-51.
William F. Sherwood, 1510 Walnut St., 3-9-51.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Morton W. Stephens, Montrose, 3-9-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Ruth M. Levin, Butler, 3-10-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Caroline S. Cappiello, Carlisle, 3-10-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Frank W. Protzman, Uniontown, 3-10-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy Hunter, Brackenridge, 3-12-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Ida S. Dotts, West Chester, 3-12-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Frank C. Bayer, Wilkinsburg.
Andrew J. Broglie, Snowden Twp., Library.
Mrs. Marie Kristoff, Pittsburgh, 1827 Beaver Ave.
Mrs. Ruth H. Lynch, Aspinwall.
Mrs. Jeanne Markgraf, Pittsburgh, 955 Union Trust Bldg.

BEAVER COUNTY

Matthew P. Nussbaum, Ambridge.
Wm. F. Waxenfelter, Beaver Falls.

BERKS COUNTY

Wayne A. Hinterleiter, Kutztown.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Harry Kostenbauder, Jr., Conyngham Twp., Aristes.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Harry W. Cook, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Mary O. Place, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Geo. B. Harvey, Chester.
Joseph M. Levin, Media.
John H. Steele, Clifton Heights
Mrs. Ethel M. Zinn, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.

ERIE COUNTY

J. P. Renshaw, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

C. J. Newhard, Uniontown.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Ross L. Ferraro, Brockway.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Irving Eisner, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Stanley R. Geib, Lancaster.
Mrs. Fannie Enterline, Elizabethtown.
A. M. Leidy, Manheim.

LEHIGH COUNTY

H. E. Brotzman, Bethlehem.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Ligouria Ryan, Pittston.
Miss Gladys I. Spayde, Wilkes-Barre.
Howard Williams, Wilkes-Barre.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Daniel V. C. Misciagna, Collegeville.
Miss Margaret E. Wynn, Hatboro.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Henry Brooderson, 534 Land Title Bldg.
Mrs. Elizabeth P. Leitz, 1026 Public Ledger Bldg.
Albert E. Schirra, 484 N. Orianna St.
Anthony J. Stagliano, 1338 Western Saving Fund Bldg.
William A. Zirkman, 7 N. 52nd St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

James P. Kerrigan, Gilberton.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Jane C. Hynes, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Victoria Lukey, East Bethlehem Twp., Fredericktown.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred L. Davis, Irwin.

To compute from March 1, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Wm. P. Goldstein, Pittsburgh, 5117 Baum Blvd.

MONROE COUNTY

Ralph H. Rheinfels, Stroudsburg.

To compute from March 6, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert S. Beatty, Pittsburgh, 14 Federal St.
Miss Jane F. Lawler, Pittsburgh, 5101 Baum Blvd.
Harold L. Wilson, Pittsburgh, P. O. Box 4281.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Miss Blanche M. Gage, Williamsport.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Lillian J. Garis, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Stuart S. Buzby, 418 W. Olney Ave.

To compute from March 7, 1951

ADAMS COUNTY

Miss G. R. Lilly, McSherrystown.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Edwin L. Campbell, Pittsburgh, 542 Wood St.
George N. Chartofillis, Pittsburgh, 247 Lothrop St.
Miss Ethel C. Cumming, Cheswick.
Miss Marjorie Darling, Pittsburgh, 717 Liberty Ave.
John J. Demskie, Pittsburgh, 801 Gulf Bldg.
Leo E. Flanagan, Pittsburgh, 404 N. Highland Ave.
Miss Marie E. Griffin, Pittsburgh, 7 Court Place.
Miss Esther Hartz, Pittsburgh, 3010 Grant Bldg.
G. B. Haudenshield, Carnegie.
Geo. H. Herb, Pittsburgh, 358 W. Penn Place.
Miss L. Beryle Sellers, Pittsburgh, 429 Fourth Ave
Edward C. Trautman, East McKeesport.
Michael J. Wargovich, McKeesport.
L. H. Zonge, Pittsburgh, 1062 Progress St.

BEAVER COUNTY

Willard M. Lewis, Ambridge.

BERKS COUNTY

Robert R. Boone, Wyomissing.
H. Earl Erb, Reading.
Miss Gertrude E. Moyer, Reading.
Mrs. Marguerite R. Young, Reading.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth J. Greiner, Johnstown.
Miss Helen Heinze, Johnstown.
George L. Reade, Ebensburg.

CHESTER COUNTY

Lloyd H. Coulston, Spring City.
Miss M. Annie Drennen, West Grove.
Miss Mildred E. McFadden, Phoenixville.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

T. R. McCracken, Mahaffey.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Miss Mildred Runyan, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Mabel E. Groff, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Nettie P. Hemperly, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Peter DeAugustine, Brookhaven.
George Hetherington, Eddystone.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Mary Parshall Lyons, Uniontown.
Mrs. Kathryn Trotter, Brownsville.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Eldon G. Hoachlander, Greencastle.

JUNIATA COUNTY

Dolph B. Roush, Fayette Twp., McAlisterville.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Eugene F. Brubaker, Denver.
Mrs. Ruth G. Burks, Paradise Twp., Paradise.
Miss Caroline T. Imhoff, Lancaster.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Michael Felegy, Allentown.
Russell J. Yoder, Whitehall Twp., Fullerton.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Anna K. Dasch, Wilkes-Barre.
John A. Goodall, Wilkes-Barre.

MERCER COUNTY

M. K. Klinesmith, Grove City.
Miss Mary R. McCann, Sharon.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Margaret P. Ulsh, Lewistown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Julius M. Cegielkowski, Rockledge.
Mrs. Alice C. Ruth, Pottstown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John J. Shonk, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph Barber, 3080 Frankford Ave.
Jos. Benevento, 2511 W. Lehigh Ave.
Prospero De Lizza, 2702 E. Somerset St.
George B. Dunn, S. E. Cor. 56th & Chestnut St.
Paul S. Frantz, 121 W. Grange Ave.
Paul Gonnelli, Rm. 1011 Broad—Locust Bldg.
Miss Florence E. Harshaw, 1401 Arch St.
John R. Humes, 3511 N. Front St.
Miss Ellen Hynes, 1405 Locust St.
G. E. Letchworth, Jr., 910 Girard Trust Bldg.
John B. Martin, 1625 Oregon Ave.
Raymond McDevitt, 7705 Hasbrook Ave.
Miss Florence E. Riter, 2520 N. 12th St.
Paul A. Sherwin, 3431 Bleigh St.
Henry Weilenmann, 227 W. Allegheny Ave.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

John W. Barto, Pine Grove.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

H. C. Thomas, Dushore.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Reuben Levinson, Jeannette.
Miss Rebecca McCormick, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

Raymond P. Groft, York.
Mrs. Cordula H. Hamme, Paradise Twp., Thomasville.

To compute from March 8, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Edward H. Fey, Duquesne.
John J. Thomas, McKees Rocks.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. H. M. O'Neil, Kutztown.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Mildred Eureka, Johnstown.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Linwood J. Card, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.
Mrs. Margaret C. Hoopes, Upper Darby Twp., Lansdowne.
Miss Olga M. Skoog, Tinicum Twp., Lester.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Mrs. Phila Burt, Punxsutawney.

LANCASTER COUNTY

John G. Feiler, Martic Twp., Holtwood.

MERCER COUNTY

H. Clay Johnson, Mercer.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph Wainer, 2647 E. York St.
Samuel B. Wainer, 1300 Hale St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Russell L. Hershberger, Port Carbon.

To compute from March 9, 1951

ADAMS COUNTY

Miss Martha C. Dickson, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Sigmund Arnold, Pittsburgh, 435 Fifth Ave.
Max Balsam, Pittsburgh, 4824-26 Second Ave.
Miss E. D. Bambis, Pittsburgh, 225 Galveston Ave.
Herbert C. Baum, Pittsburgh, 904 Law & Finance Bldg
Miss Della V. Berberich, Pittsburgh, 2415 Grant Bldg.
Miss Mildred P. Butler, Pittsburgh, 450—4th Ave.
Henry C. Cohn, Pittsburgh, 643 Smithfield St.
W. H. Deer, Pittsburgh, 1100 Jones Law Bldg.
James N. Dill, McKeesport.
H. H. Garver, Pittsburgh, 5000 Baum Blvd.
Carl A. Geib, Pittsburgh, 801 Gulf Bldg.
Miss Llulu M. Genter, Pittsburgh, 802 Frick Bldg.
Norman Gluck, Pittsburgh, 508 Grant St.
S. H. Gordon, Munhall.
W. L. Hamilton, Ben Avon.
Alex B. Herman, Jr., Pittsburgh, 1415 Pennsylvania Ave.
Andrew J. Holan, Duquesne.
Mrs. Mary B. Jones, Pittsburgh, Sheraton Hotel.
Merle D. Jordan, Pittsburgh, 435 Union Trust Bldg.
Mark Jorden, Pittsburgh, Iron City Produce Co.
Arthur R. Kiefer, Pittsburgh, 1000 Arrott Bldg.
Miss Elvira Lawrence, Pittsburgh, 910 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Chas. J. Liptak, Pittsburgh, 1219 Spring Garden Ave.
John A. Lundy, East Pittsburgh.
J. O. Marlin, Pittsburgh, 6601 Hamilton Ave.
H. G. McKelvey, Richland Twp., Gibsonia.
Mrs. Cora D. Moloney, Pittsburgh, 225 Jenkins Bldg.
J. C. Moore, Collier Twp., Woodville.
Robert J. Orlow, Pittsburgh, 4722 Liberty Ave.
S. N. Petraitis, Homestead.
Emil J. Quatchak, Pittsburgh, 816 E. Ohio St.
Herbert W. Roden, Pittsburgh, Mellon National Bank & Trust Co.
Miss Gertrude E. Ryan, Pittsburgh, 401 Grant Bldg.
Miss Margaret E. Schaffran, Pittsburgh, 620 Bakewell Bldg.
Miss Emma Schwerin, Pittsburgh, 429 Diamond St.
Samuel S. Scott, Pittsburgh, 1301 Union Trust Bldg.
Miss E. E. Shaw, Pittsburgh, First National Bank Bldg.
Miss Larue V. Singleton, Pittsburgh, 301 Fifth Ave.
James F. Stack, Pittsburgh, 1556 Hubbard St
Miss Jane H Stark, Pittsburgh, School of Dentistry, U. of P.
W. H. Stone, Pittsburgh, 316 Fourth Ave.
Albert C. Trudel, Pittsburgh, Mellon National Bank & Trust Co.
Clem J. Wandrisco, Pittsburgh, 400 Bailey Ave.
David A. Weaver, Pittsburgh, 105 W. Ohio St.
Samuel Werlinich, Stowe Twp., McKees Rocks.
F. Wayne Young, Pittsburg, 3305 Brighton Rd.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Harry Braum, Leechburg.
Oscar W. Rush, Ford City.

BEAVER COUNTY

C. A. Bianchi, Ambridge.
Miss Martha Rhines, New Brighton.
James S. Strouss, Beaver.
Miss Bertha Temple, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY

Walter C. Brooke, Boyertown.
Abner B. Greenawalt, Albany Twp., Kempton.
Mrs. Minnie A. Grim, Topton.
Jos. F. Lillis, Reading.
Walter L. Potteiger, West Lawn.
A. M. Reinhold, Kutztown.

BLAIR COUNTY

Homer C. McKillip, Hollidaysburg.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Kate Buckman, Wrightstown Twp., Rushland.
Mrs. Mary B. Flagg, Bristol.
Gaetano Greco, Bristol.
Robert B. Henry, Quakertown.

BUTLER COUNTY

A. R. Burns, Butler.
C. E. McGinnis, Evansburg.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

E. C. Kerr, Cambria, Johnstown.
Miss V. Glenn Rhoads, Johnstown.
Mrs. Anna Stager, Portage.

CARBON COUNTY

Gilbert W. Hamm, Weatherly.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Josephine F. Warihay, West Chester.
I. N. Earl Wynn, West Chester.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Leona Alexander, Rimersburg.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Miss K. L. Scollins, Houtzdale.

CLINTON COUNTY

M. O. Bottorf, Lock Haven.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

D. N. Wise, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Effie Bailey, Meadville.
Miss Genevieve C. Faivre, Meadville.
Carl O. First, Meadville.
O. C. Nichols, Titusville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Nora M. Garland, Carlisle.
George B. Kirsch, Lemoyne.
Andrew T. Oiler, Carlisle.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Harry D. Dando, Wiconisco Twp., Wiconinsco.
Russell S. Sayford, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Anna Frank, Chester.
W. LeRoy Hart, Collingdale.
Leander R. Johnson, Norwood.
Miss Janet N. Mentzer, Chester.
Mrs. Mae E. Mousley, Collingdale.
Harry Werner, Glenolden.
Stephen Zappala, Chester.

ELK COUNTY

Joseph L. Trambley, Johnsonburg.

ERIE COUNTY

Homer T. Eaton, Erie
Walter L. Peake, Corry.
F. O. Reed, Millcreek Twp., Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Carl F. Mills, Uniontown.
Miss Alice O'Connor, Connellsville.
P. R. Seeman, Sr., Uniontown.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

L. L. Emmert, Huntingdon.

INDIANA COUNTY

James G. Kring, Indiana.
Samuel W. Miller, Blairsville.
Kenneth R. Orr, Indiana.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Nicholas Coyer, Dunmore.
Miss Ella A. Hawks, Scranton.
Miss Edna R. Jopling, Scranton.
A. C. F. Kenowski, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Henry M. Bruner, Columbia.
George W. Burkhart, Lancaster.
Miss Britannia Eby, Lancaster.
John G. Hershey, Lititz.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Lois D. O'Neil, Bessemer.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Mollie A. Swanger, Lebanon.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Edward G. Berk, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Mary E. Ruddy, Wilkes-Barre.
Joseph Sherrock, Hazleton.
Charles H. Wolfe, Freeland.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Leota J. Starr, Hughesville.

McKEAN COUNTY

Kevin B. Ogilvie, Keating Twp., Smethport.
C. H. Snyder, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Oliver W. Beach, Sharon.

MONROE COUNTY

F. S. Weiss, Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

J. Warren Clemens, Lansdale.
J. Walter Gallagher, Abington Twp., Willow Grove.
Carroll L. Rutter, Pottstown.
Sol S. Silberman, Jenkintown.
Miss Ethel M. Wilson, Norristown.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Miss Thelma M. Feeman, Danville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Angelo Curcio, Easton.
R. W. Greenzweig, Wind Gap.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

David G. Bender, Milton.
Joseph A. Palumbo, Mount Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Horace R. Baker, 6834 Oakley St.
E. Robert Balderson, 2100 W. Allegheny Ave.
Ollin W. Beard, 2651 Kensington Ave.
Miss Eleanor R. Bird, 1600 Arch St.
Miss Dorothy Bonx, 703 Market St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
George Braeunig, 5126 N. 5th St.
Wm. K. Brandt, S. W. Cor. 5th St & Wyoming Ave.
C. V. Brennan, Room 58 Bourse Bldg.
T. C. Brown, N. E. Cor. 21st & Market St.
Miss J. Bertha Bull, 1011 Butler St.
Cecil Cadman, 1201 Chestnut St.
Abr. I. Cassover, 1226 Pine St.
Martin M. Celber, 5838 Malvern Ave.
Miss Elizabeth Chadwick, 901 Liberty Trust Bldg.
Miss Maude Z. Davis, 2410 N. 10th St
Joseph De Carlo, 2314 E. Westmoreland St.
Francis J. Doyle, Jr., 857 E. Allegheny Ave.
James A. Doyle, 1802 E. Allegheny Ave.
Miss Marie R. Franzen, 12th Floor Packard Bldg.
William A. Gelber, 5401 Arlington St.
George C. Gerstenacker, 221 N. Broad St.
Samuel Hall, Jr., 189 W. Allegheny Ave.
Miss Florence M. Hoffman, 44 N. Front St.
Thomas S. Howland, 4510 Frankford Ave.
A. H. Jamison, 814-16 N. Broad St.
H. Walter Johnson, 1608 Walnut St.
Maryan Kaminski, 2359 Orthodox St.
Miss Anne M. Kennedy, 5001 Oxford Ave.
Miss Anna M. Keohane, 1500 Girard Trust Bldg.
Edward B. Kirchmier, 222 E. Allegheny Ave.
Norman Klauder, 12 S. 12th St.
William H. Leibfrid, 138 N. Front St.
William R. MacDonald, 2127 N. 17th St.
T. Roland Madden, 6051 N. 5th St.
John J. Mahoney, Jr., S. W. Cor. 56th & Haverford Aves.
Miss Marian J. McCauley, 1421 Chestnut St.
Thomas B. McDyer, 430 S. 54th St.
Miss Rose A. Mellon, 1632 Chestnut St.
Charles Miller, 2254 N. Broad St.
Miss Mary A. Mullin, 6612 N. 17th St.
Robt. V. Myers, Jr., 5943 Chestnut St.
Louis A. Neyman, 661 N. Broad St.
Theo. E. Nichterlein, 1304 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
Theodore E. Nickles, 1202 W. Lehigh Ave.
Chas. H. Noble, Jr., 1420 Walnut St.
Vincent D. Olivet, 4238 Frankford Ave.
Harry C. Parker, 2002 Chelten Ave.
Miss Bessie Portenar, 1916 Lincoln-Liberty Bldg.
William Radbill, 801 Drexel Bldg.
William W. Rhoads, 323 Reading Terminal.
Miss Helen M. Rittersbach, 423 Walnut St.
Oscard Rosenbaum, 505 Bailey Bldg.
Morris Ruberg, 1312 Sansom St.
William J. Russell, 211 S. 12th St.
Miss Virginia M. Saurer, 1335 Land Title Bldg.
Ildebrando Schifalacqua, 823 Christian St.
Emil O. Schillinger, 9th & Westmoreland Sts.
LeRoy Seney, 905 W. Lehigh Ave.
Aubrey R. Sheetz, 2359 E. Susquehanna Ave.
E. W. Sheetz, 436 Walnut St.
Arnold Shenkin, 4807 Chestnut St.
Miss Rose Smith, 830 S. Fifth St.
John F. Solomon, 1421 Chestnut St.
J. Edgar Spielman, 1500 Liberty Trust Bldg.
Anthony P. Stefanowicz, 4349 Main St.

Edward J. Walsh, 382 Devereaux Ave.
L. S. Walters, 515 W. Allegheny Ave.
Miss Esther Weiss, 225 S. 15th St.
William F. Weniger, 1026 Filbert St.
J. Russell Winder, 5025 Wayne Ave.
Isadore M. Yanus, 2917 N. 5th St.

PIKE COUNTY

Mrs. Violet T. Clune, Milford.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

John J. Flynn, Minersville.
James J. Furey, Coaldale.
Chas. A. Gebert, Tamaqua.
Miss Minnie E. Schuchart, Tamaqua.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Chas. J. Harrison, Jr., Somerset.
D. H. Pore, Confluence.

UNION COUNTY

H. Spessard Strunk, Mifflinburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

William F. Gilliland, Oil City.
Harold T. Parker, Oil City.
Miss Ada S. Poulson, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Mac Corah, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Minnie B. Fleming, Washington.
Joseph Prise, Charleroi.

WAYNE COUNTY

Miss Catherine Beilman, Hawley.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

J. A. Donnelly, Latrobe.
Edward J. Ferris, Jeannette.
Samuel H. McCracken, New Kensington.

WYOMING COUNTY

Floyd A. Dymond, Tunkhannock.

YORK COUNTY

Allen A. Beshore, Manchester.
Harold D. Keller, Glen Rock.
Miss Ruth E. Wolf, York.

To compute from March 10, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Louise E. Aiken, Marshall Twp., Bradfordwoods.
E. A. Hennessey, Pittsburgh, 7217 Thomas Blvd.
Mrs. Esther Modele, Pittsburgh, 40th & Butler Sts.
Miss Mary Queenan, Pittsburgh, c/o Rosenbaum Co
Peter Sprajcar, Clairton.
H. H. Stimpert, Pittsburgh, 513 Wabash Bldg.

BLAIR COUNTY

M. A. Freedman, Altoona.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Veronica Schettig, Lower Yoder Twp., Johnstown.

CENTRE COUNTY

Miss Lillian I. Garbrick, State College.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Miss Frances M. Hoffman, Clearfield.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Enola M. Crouse, Paxtang.

DELAWARE COUNTY

James F. Duffy, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
James W. Lukens, Chester.
Walter B. Siddall, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.

ELK COUNTY

Miss Emma Reiter, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

W. H. Loveland, Corry.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude B. Gibbons, Scranton.
Mrs. Josephine Recupero, Clarks Summit.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Grace I. Benner, Lewistown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

F. A. Bond, 5433 Baltimore Ave.
Raymond W. Bopp, 333 E. Cheltenham Ave.
Matthew J. Campbell, 650 Drexel Bldg.
Alphonse L. Ellerkamp, 4537 N. 5th St.
Paschal J. Girard, 632 Federal St.
Miss Eleanor Hofmann, 10th Floor, Penn Mutual Life Insurance Bldg.
Meyer Mordell, 639 Commercial Trust Bldg.
Miss Ethel Rich, 18 W. Chelten Ave.
Morton Rose, 2601 Parkway.
Mrs. Anne M. Shaffer, 5450 Willows Ave.
Severn A. Sparks, Goldman Theatre Bldg.
Jacob Zausmer, 2537 N. 33rd St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. E. V. Arthurs, Washington.
Charles H. Scott, Burgettstown.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Ann Manix, Greensburg.

To compute from March 11, 1951

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Julius H. Eckel, Johnstown.

McKEAN COUNTY

John F. Colligan, Bradford.

To compute from March 12, 1951

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Leo R. Horstman, Sharpsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude Sheldon, Conneautville.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Agatha M. McGranahan, Albion.
L. F. Smith, Erie.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Tarquin Marziano, Ellwood City.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Anthony S. Dobkowski, Nanticoke.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

M. B. Yotter, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William F. Callaghan, 30th St. & Penrose Ave.
Miss Emma C. Drzymalla, 915 Lewis Tower Bldg.
Wm. H. Grubb, 1013 S. Frazier St.
Emanuel Nageli, Jr., 5316 Chestnut St.
Alexander J. Roach, 226 W. Columbia Ave.
Floyd W. Shockley, 854 N. Broad St.
W. Gordon Smith, 2135 N. 63rd St.
Frank Stornantis, 1713 S. 7th St.
Miss Marie O. Vourion, Germantown Ave. & City Line.
Miss Rissie Wernick, 713 Market St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.

UNION COUNTY

W. E. Roth, Lewisburg.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Joseph M. Loughran, Greensburg.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Hare, Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR LAID ON TABLE

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and laid on the table:

RECALLING NOMINATION OF ALVIN C. LORD, JR. AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall the nomination made to your Honorable Body by my predecessor in office under date of January 15, 1951, for the appointment of Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination in the premises.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBER OF THE UNION COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lester A. Snook (Democrat), New Berlin, Union County, for appointment as a Member of the Union County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Louise Schroth, 102 Kittanning Pike, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of O'Hara, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Charles Johnson, resigned.

Charles M. Pinkerton, R. D. No. 1, Evans City, Butler County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Cranberry, Butler County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

PENNSYLVANIA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

Ralph Earle, Exeter Road, Haverford, Delaware County, to serve until June 2, 1954, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified. (Reappointment)

Alan M. Scaife, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, from June 15, 1949, until March 6, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

John Henry Leh, Allentown, Lehigh County, from October 10, 1949, until June 2, 1953, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

John A. Bender, 641 Wyomissing Boulevard, Wyomissing, Berks County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Wyomissing, Berks County, until the

first Monday of January, 1952, vice Edward D. Clemmer, resigned.

Dalton J. Holsopple, R. F. D. No. 1, Stoystown, Somerset County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Jenner, Somerset County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

Harold V. Hartley, Lenoxville, Susquehanna County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Lenox, Susquehanna County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice W. S. Robinson, deceased.

Paul J. Callihan, Box No. 185, Chicora, Butler County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Millerstown, Butler County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

GENERAL COMMUNICATION

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Commerce
State Planning Board
Harrisburg

February 9, 1951.

Honorable M. Harvey Taylor
President Pro Tempore—Senate
Room 275, Capitol
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Dear Senator Taylor:

At the direction of the State Planning Board I am transmitting herewith the Board's Report to the General Assembly on State Grants for Post-War Public Works Planning (Act 413, P. L. 1191 of 1945 and Act 186, P. L. 406 of 1947), including a statement on the "State Planning Board's Action toward Termination of Post-War Planning Commission's Program."

Sincerely yours,
F. A. PITKIN
F. A. Pitkin, Executive Director

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

COMMEMORATING BIRTHDAY OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair at this time invites the distinguished gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Stiefel, and the distinguished gentleman from Schuylkill, Senator Wagner, to the rostrum.

As has been the custom in the Pennsylvania Senate, on February 12 of each year when we are in Session, or as near thereto as is possible, the Senate has always observed the day with due deference to one of the great Americans, Abraham Lincoln.

We have asked two of our colleagues to participate in this program. I am happy to present at this time the distinguished gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Stiefel.

Mr. STIEFEL. Mr. President, and gentlemen of the Senate, the title of my address is an extract from a statement made by Abraham Lincoln, "Apple of Gold—Pictures of Silver."

Mr. President and members of the Senate, I consider it a signal honor and a privilege to pay homage today to the memory of our great martyred President, Abraham Lincoln.

Today the entire civilzed world will join America in paying homage to the blessed memory of the greatest cosmoplitan figure of modern times—the saint of American democracy—Abraham Lincoln. By commemorating the birthday of our martyr-President, in accordance with the noble traditions of this august body, and by rededicating ourselves to the lofty principles of American Democracy, so pontedly enunciated by him, we will again stress and underscore the political ideology of our great Nation for the preservation whereof we are now entangled in clashes the world over.

Each year the editorials of the leading newspapers of the Nation express on this red-letter day on the world's calendar befitting quintessences of Lincoln's greatness and significance. I will quote some of these sparkling jewels, representing excerpts from 1950 Lincoln Day editorials:

"It is not enough to praise Lincoln. He reserves to be emulated."—Fort Wayne Journal-Gazette.

"He had that rare quality of statesmanship which enabled him to subordinate his own feelings to the general good."—Washington Post.

"The nation is fortunate that it has in its history such a man to serve as an undying symbol of our national spirit."—Miami News.

"Lincoln still is magnetic, still dynamic. He is one of the half dozen great world figures of the nineteenth century who continue to possess power to stir men's thoughts, to influence their actions."—Washington Star.

"His high-minded idealism blended with hard-headed political realism in remarkable combination. The mixture cast him in the mold of a great leader when the nation desperately needed that greatness."—Wheeling News-Register.

"In the maneuvers and shifting of political parties—both of them—there has been nothing of the honesty, the humanity and statesmanship of Abraham Lincoln."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

"Mr. Lincoln had the richest of all instincts, which is rare in even the greatest of men, that of making words expressive of the spiritual heights toward which his mind and his soul were always reaching."—New York Journal American.

"Yes, Lincoln was rugged of feature, ungainly of form, and in some ways uncouth. But the same can be said of mountains and ravines, of stars and seas, and of all elemental things in which man finds grandeur and sublimity. These latter we find in Lincoln."—Evansville (Ind.) Courier and Press.

Lincoln's words, the expression of his sublime faith in men will outlive marble. His self-taught command of English was unexcelled and free men the world over look today to his words and letters as guideposts to the attainment of their lofty goals.

It was Lincoln's genuine and controlling belief in Democracy, his ability to cast his thoughts in "wise, healing words which all can believe in" and above all his ability to perceive the theme-centers of our political principles, that enabled him to redefine our American political ideology. His Gettysburg address and Second Inaugural are ranking among the greatest English classics that border of scriptural majesty and exemplify simplicity of perception and lucidity of conception in political thought.

Lord Curzon, Earl of Kedleston, Chancellor of the University of Oxford, delivered before the University of

Cambridge on November 6, 1913, an address on "Modern Parliamentary Eloquence." In the course of his remarks he referred to what he considered the "three supreme masterpieces of English eloquence—"the toast of William Pitt after the victory of Trafalgar, and two of Lincoln's speeches: The Gettysburg Address and the Second Inauguarl." Commenting on one of these three selections, he said:

> "The Gettysburg Address is far more than a pleasing piece of occasional oratory. It is a marvelous piece of English composition. It is a pure well of English undefiled. It sets one to inquiring with nothing short of wonder 'How knoweth this man letters, having never learned?' The more closely the address is analyzed the more one must confess astonishment at its choice of words, the precision of its thought, its simplicity, directness and effectiveness."

With Lincoln's postulates as guides and inspiration, we will vanquish the enemies of a free world and retain the liberties already won by us.

The original definition of our Ideology of Freedom born on the soil of Pennsylvania and in the City of Brotherly Love set into motion dynamic forces that became the torchbearers of mankind and shapers of its destiny. Embodied in our Declaration of Independence, which Charles Sumner so aptly called "that title-deed of the human race," our American political ideology began its triumphal march per aspera ad astra and its sustained advance that marked the birth and emergence of our Republic, as the vanguard of mankind.

The crystallization of this ideology is a long process that dates back to the first shot at Lexington and the final phases whereof are now beginning to emerge perceptibly from the amorphous cataclysm of the present world-crisis.

The young Republic was still in its formative stages when a venomous internal reaction set in challenging the political ideology of the American Democracy and calling for a decision as to whether or not this Nation can exist "half-free and half-slave." This marked the beginning of the second phase in the development of the American Democracy.

Thus as a result of decades of bitter internal strife the stage was set for the appearance of a great leader and helmsman of our Republic, whose firm hand was destined once and for all to unify our Nation, to solidify and crystallize our political ideology and to preserve the undying bloom and everlasting fragrance of its Magna Charta—our Declaration of Independence.

Abraham Lincoln was the spiritual titan whom American Democracy brought forth to meet the challenge of the black reaction and to re-vitalize the political principles of our land.

In epitomizing the role of Abraham Lincoln in the evolution of our Democracy, Charles Sumner states that the martyr-President was put to death by the enemies of the Declaration of Independence but though dead he would always continue to guard that "title-deed of the human race."

Today we are witnessing the emergence of the third phase of America's battle for the preservation of the Declaration of Independence—a battle for a decision as to whether or not this world can exist "half-free and half-slave."

To Lincoln equality of men was the paramount guidepost of mankind, "the apple of gold." Thus in a fragment of uncertain date Lincoln states as follows:

> "The assertion of that principle of equality of men at that time was the word 'fitly spoken' which has proved an 'apple of gold' to us. The Union and the Constitution are the pictures of silver, subsequently framed around it. The picture was made, not to conceal or destroy the apple, but to adorn and preserve it. The picture was made for the apple—not the apple for the picture. So let us act that neither the picture nor apple shall ever be blurred or broken. That we may so act, we must study and understand the points of danger."

In a letter to H. L. Pierce (April 6, 1859) Lincoln states inter alia

> "'All honor to Jefferson, the man, who in the concrete pressure of a struggle for national independence by a single people, had the coolness, forecast, and sagacity to introduce into a merely revolutionary documen an abstract truth, applicable to all men and all times, and so embalm it there that today and in all coming days it shall be a rebuke and a stumbling-block to the very harbingers of reappearing tyranny and oppression.'"

In a classic exhortation concerning the Declaration of Independence Lincoln exclaimed in an immortal speech delivered on August 12, 1858, at Beardstown:

> "My countrymen, if you have been taught doctrines conflicting with the great landmarks of the Declaration of Independence; if you have listened to suggestions which would take away from its grandeur and mutilate the fair symmetry of its proportions; if you have been inclined to believe that all men are not created equal in those inalienable rights enumerated in our charter of liberty, let me entreat you to come back! Return to the fountain whose waters spring close by the blood of the Revolution. You may do anything with me you choose, if you will but heed these sacred principles. I charge you to drop every paltry and insignificant thought of any man's success. It is nothing; I am nothing; Judge Douglas is nothing. But do not destroy that immortal emblem of humanity—the Declaration of Independence.

Today we are embroiled in a conflict that is precipitated by a War of Ideologies closely resembling the issues of the Civil War, but transcending the boundaries of our Land and embracing the entire world! Now, as then, the issue revolves around the theme-center of our national existence—the Declaration of Independence—shall the world become enslaved or the principles of the Declaration of Independence enshrined forever in the heart of mankind and forever firmly established upon the earth?

No homage can excell the one paid to the memory of the Martyr-Emancipator by the inimitable great Beecher:

> "Now, his simple and weighty words will be gathered like those of Washington, and your children and your children's children shall be taught to ponder the simplicity and deep wisdom of utterances which, in their time, passed, in party heat, as idle words. Men will receive a new impulse of patriotism for

his sake and will guard with great zeal the whole country which he loved so well. I swear you, on the altar of his memory, to be more faithful to the country for which he has perished. They will as they follow his hearse . . . admire and imitate the firmness of this man, his inflexible conscience for the right, and yet his gentleness, as tender as a woman's, his moderation of spirit, which not all the heat of party could inflame, nor all the jars and disturbances of his country shake out of place. I swear you to an emulation of his justice, his moderation, and his mercy . . ."

"Four years ago, O Illinois, we took from your midst an untried man and from among the people. We return him to you a mighty conqueror. Not thine any more, but the nation's; not ours, but the world's. Give him place, O ye prairies. In the midst of this great continent his dust shall rest, a sacred treasure to myriads who shall pilgrim to that shrine to kindle anew their zeal and patriotism. Ye winds that move over the mighty places of the West, chant his requiem. Ye people, behold a martyr whose blood, as so many articulate words, pleads for fidelity, for law, for liberty."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Doctor Stiefel, your challenging and scholarly presentation will long serve as a guidepost for we of the Senate.

On behalf of my colleagues, may I say that the interest and competition on the majority side of the Senate was very keen, but the unanimous choice of the Republican Caucus for this presentation today fell upon the shoulders of the distinguished gentleman from Schuylkill, and he now will deliver his own thinking on the life of one of the founders of the Republican Party.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, Members of the Senate and visitors, I do not feel so much like making a speech today as I feel like talking about some of the things that I imagine Abraham Lincoln would have wanted us to meditate upon on this the anniversary of his birth.

To me, the whole month of February has always been a very notable month, marked by the fact that it is short in days and long in outstanding events that occur during this month. I am not thinking so much of ground-hog day or St. Valentine's Day, but the things that have affected the Nation during its life, such as the discovery of the X-Ray, the founding of the Boy Scouts, the making of the Income Tax Law, if you please, a part of the Constitution of the United States. Not only did they and other memorable events take place in February, but it is a month that marks the births of many of the great men in America and for that matter, of the entire world.

It was in the month of February that Copernicus, the great Polish astronomer was born; Galileo, the great Italion physicist; and such men whose names come readily to the lips of the young and old, as Buffalo Bill and Babe Ruth who were born in February; inventors such as Thomas Edison and Charles Lindbergh; and last but not least, our two great Presidents who are so beloved, George Washington and Abraham Lincoln.

Naturally, it is a privilege and a distinction today to join in the observance of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln. We call him the beloved Lincoln, a peerless American, who is especially dear to us here because there flows through his veins the blood of Pennsylvania ancestors, his forebearers having come from Berks County.

The nice things that we say about Lincoln that I think should be emphasized today is the fact that it could be said of him, more than of any other figure in our national life, that he was a man of the people. Now, we can say that glibly as I am afraid we do too often, and it does not have any particular import, but when you take a look at the associates that made it possible for Lincoln to be so rated, then it becomes not only impressive but it is a challenge to all of us, particularly those who serve in public office.

The contacts that most influenced Lincoln's life were with the farmer, the man on the street, the man at the crossroads store, at the post office and in the court house. I do not know whether there were any brain trusts accessible to him in those days, or whether the agents of foreign countries did not have access to the White House which they have in modern times, but it was the people whom Lincoln went to find out what was good for the people of these United States.

Most of the details of his life are too well-known to need repeating on this the anniversary of his birth, but if we are going to consider, what about us today, then we are concerned for his example and for the heritage that he left us.

Yes, we talk about loving Abraham Lincoln, we refer to him as "Honest Abe" and as the "Rail Splitter," very affectionate terms, but do not forget that it took generations of Americans to learn to revere this great man. He was not very popular in his time, and I wonder, on this anniversary of his birth in 1951 whether he might be even less popular were he serving today; less popular among the generation of people who demand from their government happiness today and justice tomorrow, and security all the rest of their lives—a sort of ticket to a never-never land, where even Kilroy has never been. Lincoln was not popular in his day. He would not be popular today if, like too many of us in public life, he were afraid to say "no" when "no" was so often necessary.

Each Lincoln's birthday since I came to the Legislature some twelve years ago, I dig out and read over the details of an incident in Lincoln's life which I think should be familiar to every man who holds an office.

When Lincoln went to Washington in those trying, troublous times, when he was up to his ears in problems and troubles that harassed him, on one of his busiest days a delegation came down from Springfield to urge the appointment of a favorite son to a Federal position. In spite of the trying times which he was going through, Lincoln was a patient man, an understanding man, he loved people and so he called this delegation into his study, asked them to sit down and said he would like to read them a story. He put on his spectacles and took out a well-thumbed book, and he read them a story about a king who had decided that he wanted to take some of his favorites on a hunting trip. He made great preparations and plans for it, complete to the point of checking with the prime minister to make certain there would be no trouble from the elements. And as they started out on this certain day and got down the road a couple of miles, they came across a farmer who had a load of green-truck in a cart that was hauled by a donkey. After stopping and talking to his constituent, he was about to leave when the

farmer said, "Your Highness, I don't want to seem to be impertinent, but if I were you I would not go hunting today. We are going to have stormy weather."

The king patted him reassuringly on the shoulder and said, "Don't worry about that, it is all taken care of."

Whereupon, they proceeded, and in two hours it rained —as we say in Schuylkill County—cats and dogs, and the hunting party was so completely drenched that they had to return to the palace.

After the king had made himself comfortable, or as nearly so as possible under the circumstances, the first thing the king did was to fire the prime minister and give the job to the farmer. About two days later, after the man became acclimated a bit, he called him in and said, "Tell me, how did you know that day we were going to have rain?" "Oh," said the farmer, "that was not I. That was my donkey. Whenever we are going to have stormy weather, his ears move forward." So, in order to be consistent, the king had no choice. He had to throw out the farmer as his prime minister, and put in the donkey. Lincoln then stopped reading, took off his glasses and said, "Gentlemen, ever since that time, every jackass thinks he ought to hold public office."

The point particularly is that Lincoln preferred protecting principles to prescribing patronage, as you and I ought to. His early hardships and trials emphasized that experience and struggles produce greatness. It is a far cry from the experience of Abraham Lincoln as a boy and the experience of the young man of today.

Former Governor Henry Allen, at a Lincoln Day celebration in Illinois, said something that I think all of you have heard at some time or another. He said, were Abraham Lincoln a product of today, the Rotary Club would buy him a set of books, the Lions would give him a reading lamp, the Cosmomopitan Club would provide him with writing equipment; and the Kiwanis would build a floor in his cabin. Once he would have the protection of the Child Labor Laws; later he might be sheltered by Old Age Assistance; some philanthropist would no doubt provide a scholarship to school. Meanwhile, the case worker would give him a monthly subsistence check; and the O. P. A. would reduce his rent fifty percent; he would surely get a subsidy for rail splitting and another one for raising crops that he was going to raise anyway, and possibly one for not raising crops that he had no intention of planting. The result would have been no Abraham Lincoln. It is a pertinent matter.

My father gave me a much better start in life than he ever had. Some of my children have already had a much better opportunity and start than I had received. We do not want to go back to those tough days that Lincoln had to go through, but isn't there somewhere possibly a happy medium between the utter hardship of the days of Lincoln and the almost complete softness of the generation in which we find ourselves.

One day eighteen years or so ago, we were caught with our larder down, or, should I say with our larder empty. So, we turned in desperation to the government for help. Since then, too many of use have learned that we can lean upon somebody else.

While Lincoln struggled with every muscle he had to achieve something, we have sacrificed too many of our freedoms for the patronage that comes from a beneficent government. We are getting into a state of mind where we say we won't do it for ourselves because the government will do it, and some people will go so far as to say that we won't think for ourselves, the government will do it. They have a philosophy that it ain't gonna rain no more, and even if it does, let Uncle Sam be our umbrella.

Way back in 1854, Abraham Lincoln warned against a big overgrown and overpowerful government. He said the legitimate object of government is to do for a community of people whatever they need to have done, but cannot do for themselves in separate and individual capacities. If the people can do for themselves, the government ought not to interfere, and I take it from that philosophy that he today would be in favor of highways, of hospitals, of clean streams, an army and a navy, all of these things which we need for the common good which we cannot do as individuals. I question whether he would favor a program whereby the government would make your bed, feed your children, and sit with your babies, and baby the parents.

He had an understanding of human nature to which we need not even refer, as we well and completely know. He also had vision; vision that was not only nation-wide but world-wide, and he said on one memorable occasion, in discussing the factors outside of the country that affect and influence our living, that while he was aware of all those things, if defeat ever overtakes us, it must spring up among us. If destruction is our lot, we must ourselves be the author and the finisher. As a nation of free men, we must live through all time or die by suicide.

Lincoln, of course, loved his country as few men have loved it, and loving it through one crisis after another, he worked at being an American. He worked at the business of making this the kind of a country where your ballot speakes louder than the bullet of any dictator, where there is never a day that you cannot hear the laughter of children playing on the sidewalks; where you can say anything within reason to your neighbor over the back fence without fear; and where you can sit in your kitchen at midnight and have a late snack without shivers running up your spine if there should be a knock at the kitchen door. In short, he helped make this the kind of a country, the only one in the world, where your God is more important than your government.

What would Lincoln say about war today? Well, of course, we almost have the answer to that from the position he took in his time. I think Abraham Lincoln would conclude that war is always possible in a nation that has men who love individual liberty and personal freedom more than life itself. Lincoln said, "The man does not live who is more devoted to peace than I am or who would do more to preserve it, but it may be necessary to put the foot down firmly."

Surely, a man who dealt with circumstances that caused him to say a nation cannot exist half slave and half free, certainly such a man would recognize communism as a greater scourge than war itself. Certainly, he would be inclined to see as clearly in communism as he saw in slavery the fact that it brings about a situation that makes it intolerable for the world to be half slave and half free. He knew the horrors of war. Even though he did not put it as glibly, he must surely have seen, as Hap Arnold recently said, "A war is like a fire. You

can prevent a fire, you can put out a fire. You do not win a fire." He knew, as one of his great generals knew, that war is hell, and yet he, as would we, would defend our chance for life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

I cannot help calling attention to the fact that Lincoln was a religious man. We had better be. We, who resent the fact and lament and deplore the fact that we do not have the brave new world that was promised us during the most recent war, must some day realize that we do not have and cannot have a brave new world until we have a brave new generation of people. They talk about Lincoln as the man who spoke with God, who got so close to his God that he well understood that God must love the common people or else he would not have made so many of them.

Coming down to Harrisburg this afternoon, I noticed along the highway a sign advertising a product that is made in Milwaukee. It took my mind back to Milwaukee and an experience there in 1942, when I was one of four thousand people who sat down in the municipal auditorium at seven o'clock in the morning for breakfast. Those four thousand people did not come out because they heard they were going to have orange juice and scrambled eggs. They came out at that early hour because the speaker at that breakfast was Francis B. Sayre, who had recently been High Commissioner to the Philippines, and Mr. Sayre that morning was describing some event that preceded his escape from Corregidor by submarine. He talked about the last days on the Bataan Peninsula before surrender was necessary. He said one morning a company commander called in his men, and very seriously told them there was an awfully important mission that had to be fulfilled. It would require a few men and because they probably would not come back, he asked for volunteers. He suggested that anyone willing to run the risk should step forward two paces; then he busied himself with his papers, and when he looked up again the men were standing in an even line, and he said, "Isn't there even one volunteer?" Then, his junior officer stepped up and he said, "Sir, you do not understand. The entire company has moved forward two paces."

That, I think, is what Lincoln was trying to do for us in his life and in his example, get us to move forward two paces, we who call ourselves Americans, one for God and one for Country.

I do not know whether Abraham Lincoln occupies a vantage point today somewhere on High. I do not know whether he might be looking down upon us and the things that we are doing on this his birthday, but regardless of that, I would like to publicly state the lesson that I have learned from Abraham Lincoln. From his example, from a study of his life, from the impression it has made upon me, I have learned to love my Country more, to love my neighbor better, to get closer to God as the only source of the spiritual strength necessary to weather the storms that presently beat upon us.

Now, in conclusion, because it is tremendously helpful and encouraging to young Americans, I would like to give you the thought that Lincoln expressed when he spoke to the men during a review of a regiment during the Civil War. "I happen temporarily to occupy this big White House," the President said. "I am a living witness that any one of your children may live to come here as my father's child has. It is in order that each of you may have, through this free government which we have enjoyed, an open field and a fair chance; that the struggle should be maintained that we may not lose our birthright."

I think we are all agreed. We have a big job confronting us. I think we should understand we must retain America in all its greatness and glory through the idealism of the individual citizen. That means that Americans must obey the law; that means that the Golden Rule must be put into business; that means that we must legislate for the common good. We will be an example to the world in right living, and I say to you this afternoon that we can do our job if we keep faith and carry out the ideals of Lincoln, with malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, and hold fast to Government of the people, by the people and for the people.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On behalf of the Senate of Pennsylvania, thank you, Senator Wagner, for your scintillating and your sparkling presentation of the life of Lincoln and drawing your parallels as of the present.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, years ago I thought I was quite a student of American history, and the first day that I arrived in the Senate I, like others I presume, went around the Senate Chamber reading the various quotations that appear beneath and around the various paintings, and I discovered here on the wall in front of me a quotation from a speech by Abraham Lincoln, the year of 1860, in Springfield, Illinois, and I think it very appropos that at this moment we ought to hear what he thought was one of the underlying faiths of all Americans, particularly appropos because we are so divided today in what we ought to do or ought not to do in this great world situation that has men disagreeing bitterly with each other, families divided and all of us worried.

Mr. President, I read this inscription years ago, and I was happy to see it incorporated here in the halls of the Senate, and I quote from his speech as it is contained here on the Senate wall:

"It was not the mere matter of separation of the colonies from the motherhood but that sentiment in the Declaration of Independence which gave liberty not alone to this country but hope to all the world for all future time."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Thank you, Senator Dent. I am sure the Senate feels as does the Persiding Officer that we were favored today with an outstanding Lincoln Day program, and the Chair thanks the speakers.

I might say facetiously, in all humility, members of the Senate, Senator Wagner neglected to mention the fact that my own birthday comes on February 27, and if any others want to get on the February bandwagon, speak up.

STUDENTS OF LANCASTER CLEFT PALATE INSTITUTE PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. KESSLER. Mr. President, we have some visitors from a very unusual and extraordinary Institution. I would like to present them to the Senate, the students of the Lancaster Cleft Palate Institute.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair welcomes the students from the Cleft Palate Institute of Lancaster, and we hope your stay will be most profitable and happy.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. BARR asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I desire to call the attention of the Senate to an article that appeared in a Pittsburgh paper just recently in regard to one of our former members who served with us in the Session of 1943 and 1945. He is known well to us as the father of the chattel mortgage bill, which we fought so much about here in the Senate. I refer to former Senator Wallace S. Gourley, who is now the youngest president judge in the United States of any Federal Court. He succeeded Judge McVicar who retired on February 1.

Judge Gourley is forty-six years old. He has been on the bench since 1945. In point of service, he is the third youngest senior judge among the forty-eight in the nation.

Just a few days later, there appeared an editorial which I think commends Judge Gourley, and I think that most of you would like to hear it. It was contained in the Pittsburgh Press. The caption was "Our New Federal Court." It says:

"Under the leadership of its new chief, Wallace S. Gourley, the U. S. District Court for Western Pennsylvania is beginning to get out from under.

"In the last six months, the records show, the court has handled a larger volume of work than it did in two years before.

"It has been able to do this because it has been staffed with competent, industrious judges.

"In Judges Gourley, Owen M. Burns and Rabe F. Marsh, the court has judges who apply themselves to their jobs. And get results.

"Previously, the court had been handicapped by illness, a shortage of judges because of political finagling and a rapid-increasing volume of business."

Mr. President, I wanted to call this matter to the attention of the Senate because I think you will all be happy to know Judge Gourley is now a President Judge and the youngest in the United States.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and interinsurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus; and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating investments of insurance companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out, open, construct and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 142, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Jefferson Medical College Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 143, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Barton Memorial Division of the Jefferson Medical College Hospital at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 144, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Clinic Out-Patient Department of the Jefferson Medical College Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for maintenance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 145, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia for the maintenance and support of an Institute of Geriatrics (An Institute for the Study of Diseases of the Aging and the Aged generally and of cardiovascular diseases in particular).

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 146, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars ($150,000) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to The Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania for the further maintenance and support of a Research Institute of Preventive and Industrial Medicine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 147, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one for the general maintenance and support thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 723), entitled "An act regulating the investment of funds by administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers of the State Government," as last amended by the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 274) by adding a new paragraph (g) to authorize the investment of such funds in bonds, notes or other obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 149, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828), entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians, committees, trustees, and other fiduciaries, except personal representatives, and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries" by adding a new paragraph (4) to authorize such fiduciaries to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of Commonwealth annuities to certain veterans suffering from paraplegia; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Adjutant General and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. McPHERSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 151, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty, buildings or real estate.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. SNOWDEN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections Fifteen and Seventeen of the act approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715), entitled "An act empowering, authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania; providing the procedure therefor, and prescribing certain duties of the Governor, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith; conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas; authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges; providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition, providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions, and for their control and maintenance after acquisition; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. BANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 209 of Article II of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by authorizing cemetery and burial corporations to transfer trust funds to corporate fiduciaries with the approval of the Orphans' Court and by providing for the filing of accounts by such fiduciaries, and the audit and confirmation thereof by said court.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 154, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article 4, Sections 8 and 21 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; making the office of the Attorney General an elective office.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Joint State Government Commission to study and investigate the present organization and methods of operation of all departments, bureaus, agencies, boards, commissions, offices and other instrumentalities of the Executive Branch of Government, to determine what changes therein are necessary in order to promote economy, efficiency and improve service in the transaction of public business; prescribing the commission's powers and duties; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. RUTH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. RUTH. Mr. President, I rise in place and present to the Chair the following bills, with the observation that I feel confident that if Abraham Lincoln were a member of this Assembly, he would vote for every one of them.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. RUTH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 25, Article 5 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania establishing a method for the selection of judges of the appellate courts and the courts of record of First and Fifth Judicial Districts and the adoption of the same method for other courts of record upon approval of the electors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 157, entitled:

An Act authorizing the judges of the courts of common pleas to create medical clinics for the examination of persons charged with the commission of criminal offenses prior to trial, and of convicted persons prior to the imposition of sentence, and of children charged with delinquency; providing for the creation of joint medical clinics among the several counties, and imposing the costs of maintaining and operating such clinics upon the county or counties creating the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 158, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for the election of school directors in school districts of the second, third and fourth classes by nonpartisan ballots at special elections, subject to local option.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 159, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article 8 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto Section 18, providing for absentee voting.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 8, article 4, and to add an additional section to Article 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; decreasing appointing power of Governor as to Superintendent of Public Instruction; creating a State Council of Education and prescribing its powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional and Federal Relations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to making the United Nations a law-making body with power to make and enforce laws against war.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Messrs. KEPHART and STIEFEL read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 163, entitled:

An Act to add Section 109 to the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," and last reenacted and amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 520), so as to provide an additional remedy for injuries resulting from the negligence of employers or their agents.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Messrs. HALUSKA and MALLERY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and

rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending State mental hospital employe coverage and continuing the right of the low-rate members to transfer to the high-rate plan by increasing contributions and benefits of all members by twenty-five per centum; by reducing the required length of service to earn a minimum retirement by providing occupational death benefits; by liberalizing occupational disability benefits by authorizing the election of options by certain contributors at any time prior to retirement or death and by increasing prior service obligations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. HALUSKA read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act providing that State-aided hospitals, upon giving notice of claim, shall have first liens on the proceeds of certain insurance policies for services rendered to persons injured in accidents, entitled to payments from such proceeds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in his place and presented to the Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act relating to the regulation and control of rents, rental agreements and certain other landlord-tenant relationships with respect to lands and buildings used for commercial purposes; establishing a maximum rent ceiling for such buildings and lands; providing for appeals to the county commissioners in certain cases and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. DENT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act prescribing a system for keeping State records of certain deceased veterans of the armed forces of the United States; providing for the appointment and powers and duties of a State Registrar of Veterans' Graves in the Department of Military Affairs; imposing duties on the Adjutant General, the Department of Military Affairs, the Department of Property and Supplies, counties, county directors of veterans' affairs, and undertakers; and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims; the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts, and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the sales made upon order of court, imposing costs upon the taxing districts in certain cases, and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims, the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the giving of notice of sale, the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act, and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188), entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays, and for the payment, acceptance and protesting of bills, notes, drafts, checks and other negotiable paper on such days," authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking institutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection B of section one thousand nine of the act, approved the fifteenth day of

May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, or private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1388), entitled "An act relating to the practice, procedure, regulations and adjudications of departments, departmental administrative boards and commissions, independent administrative boards and commissions, officers and other administrative agencies of this Commonwealth, and judicial review thereof; and preserving equitable jurisdiction in certain cases," by redefining "regulation"; changing provisions governing promulgation of regulations; imposing duties on the Department of State, providing for judicial review of regulations; requiring all appeals to be taken to the Superior Court; and enumerating the agencies affected and the extent to which they are affected.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

TAX-EXEMPT LIQUID FUELS

MR. SNOWDEN, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Joint State Government Commission
of the General Assembly
Harrisburg

February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Tax-Exempt Liquid Fuels."

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER,
Baker Royer, Chairman.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. FREED offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 12, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 19, 1951, at four o'clock, p.m., E.S.T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 19, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p.m., E.S.T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, from the Committee on Executive Nominations I report the Executive Nomination which has been recalled by the Governor.

The nomination was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Box No. 68, Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

JAMES H. DUFF.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the table at this time a communication from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, recalling the nomination of Alvin C. Lord, Jr., as Justice of the Peace.

The Clerk read the communication as follows:

RECALLING NOMINATION OF ALVIN C. LORD, JR., AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall the nomination made to your Honorable Body by my predecessor in office under date of January 15, 1951, for the appointment of Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination in the premises.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call from the table the the nomination of Alvin C. Lord, Jr., and ask that it be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Alvin C. Lord, Jr., Box No. 68, Buena Vista, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James Tremont, resigned.

JAMES H. DUFF.

NOMINATION RETURNED TO THE GOVERNOR

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nomination just read by the Clerk be returned to His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The nomination will be returned to the Governor.

CALENDAR

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P L 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (w) of section 102 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted to read as follows

Section 102. Definitions—The following words when used in this act shall have the following meanings unless otherwise clearly apparent from the context

* * * * *

(w) The term "qualified elector in actual military service" shall mean a qualified elector of this Commonwealth who is or may be in the military or naval service of the United States or any branch or unit thereof or in the Merchant Marine of the United States or serving in the American Red Cross the Society of Friends the Women's Auxiliary Service Pilots the American Field Service or the United Service Organizations attached to and serving with the armed forces of the United States and regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled in accordance with law

Section 2 Section 102 of said act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows

(x) The term "qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran" shall mean any qualified elector of this Commonwealth who may be unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence because of his being bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service

Section 3 Subsection (c) of section 305 of said act as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 305 Expenses of County Boards and of Primaries and Elections to be Paid by County Expenses of Special Elections Boards to be Provided with Offices

* * * * *

(c) The Commonwealth shall reimburse each city of the first class and county for [the actual] election expenses incurred in and incidental to preparing handling mailing delivering counting and storing official military ballots and veterans' official ballots as herein provided in [a] the sum [not to exceed] of forty cents (40c) for each ballot mailed or delivered

Each county board of elections shall file in the Department of State not later than thirty days after every election on a form prescribed by the Department of State a statement of the number of ballots mailed or delivered in such manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law to electors in actual military service and to bedridden or hospitalized veterans

The Department of State shall ascertain and fix the amount due as herein provided to each city of the first class and county for [actual] election expenses incurred and by requisition in the usual course shall provide for payment of such amounts so found due from moneys appropriated to the Department of State for such purpose or shall prorate the moneys so appropriated among the several cities of the first class and counties to be reimbursed if the amount so appropriated shall not be sufficient for the payment in full to each city of the first class and county of the amount found to be due

Section 4 Sections six hundred four nine hundred four and nine hundred five of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 604 [Fall] Summer Primary Officers to be Nominated There shall be a [Fall] Summer primary preceding each municipal election which shall be held on the [second] fourth Tuesday of [September] July in all odd-

numbered years Candidates for all offices to be filled at the ensuing municipal election shall be nominated at the [Fall] Summer primary

Section 904 Municipal Clerks and Party Chairman to Furnish Information as to Offices to be Filled—To assist the respective county boards in ascertaining the offices to be filled it shall be the duty of the clerks or secretaries of the various cities boroughs towns townships school districts and poor districts with the advice of their respective solicitors on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the [Fall] Summer primary to send to the county boards of their respective counties a written notice setting forth all city borough town township school district and poor district offices to be filled in their respective subdivisions at the ensuing municipal election and for which candidates are to be nominated at the ensuing primary It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the State committee of each political party to forward to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and to the respective county boards on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary a written notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county or in any district within such county or of which it forms a part The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee if any who under the National party rules are to be elected at the said primary in the State at large and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county or in any district or part of a district within such county It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the county committee and in cases where a city is coextensive with a county the chairman of the city committee of each party on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary to send to the county board of such county a written notice setting forth all party offices to be filled in the county at the ensuing primary

Section 905 Secretary of the Commonwealth to Notify County Board of Certain Nominations to Be Made—On or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding each primary the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county board of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein or in any district of which such county forms a part or in the State at large at the ensuing primary and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth including that of President of the United States and shall also in said notice set forth the number of presidential electors United States Senators Representatives in Congress and State officers including senators representatives and judges of courts of record to be elected at the succeeding November election by a vote of the electors of the State at large or by a vote of the electors of the county or of any district therein or of any district of which such county forms a part

Section 5 Section nine hundred six of said act as last amended by the acts approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) and the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 487) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 906 Publication of Notice of Officers to be Nominated and Elected—Beginning not earlier than [nine] eleven weeks nor later than [eight] ten weeks before any regular Spring or [Fall] Summer primary the county board of each county shall publish in newspapers as provided by section 106 of this act a notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of each party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at the said primary in said county or in any district of which said county or part thereof forms a part and also setting forth the names of all public offices for which nominations are to be made and the names of all party offices including that of members of the National committee if any and State committee for which candidates are to be elected at said primary in said county or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part or in the State at large Said notice shall contain the date of the primary and shall be published once each week for two successive weeks in counties of the first and second class and once in all other counties

Section 6 Section 908 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 908 Manner of signing nomination petitions Time of circulating Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled and shall declare therein that he is a registered and enrolled member of the party designated in such petition provided however that where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office Each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as and no more than he could vote for at the succeeding election He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county therein named and in case the nomination is not to be made or candidates are not to be elected by the electors of the state at large of the political district therein named in which the nomination is to be made or the election is to be held he shall add his occupation and residence giving city borough or township with street and number of any and shall also add the date of signing expressed in words or numbers provided however that if the said political district named in the petition lies wholly within any city borough or township or is coextensive with same it shall not be necessary for any signer of a nomination petition to state therein the city borough or township of his residence no nomination petition shall be circulated prior to [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such petition may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 7 Subsection (d) of section nine hundred thirteen of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 913 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Petitions Filing Fees—

* * * * *

(d) All nomination petitions shall be filed at least [fifty (50)] sixty-four (64) days prior to the primary

Section 8 Subsection (b) of section 953 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Papers—

* * * * *

(B) No nomination paper shall be circulated prior to [thirty] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such paper may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears a date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 9 Subsection (C) of said section 953 and sections 978 and 978.1 of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and time of filing nomination papers

* * * * *

(c) All nomination papers must be filed at least [twenty (20)] thirty-six (36) days prior to the date of the primary election

Section 978 Withdrawal of Nominated Candidates—Any person who has been nominated by any political party or political body in accordance with the provisions of this act as a candidate for the office of presidential elector United States Senator Representative in Congress or for any State office including that of senator repre-

sentative and judge of court of record may withdraw his name from nomination by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgment of deeds and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth Any person who has been similarly nominated as a candidate for any other office may withdraw his name from nomination by similar request filed with the county board of elections of the proper county Such written withdrawals shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or the county board of elections as the case may be at least [sixty-five (65)] days previous to the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] Such withdrawals to be effective must be received in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth not later than five (5) o'clock P. M. on the last day for filing same and in the office of any county board of elections not later than the ordinary closing hour of said office on the last day for filing same No name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot or ballot labels No candidate may withdraw any withdrawal notice already received and filed and thereby reinstate his nomination

Section 978.1 Vacancy in Party Nomination by Failure to Pay Filing Fee—Every person nominated at any primary election as the candidate of any political party for any office other than a borough town township school district or poor district office or the office of alderman justice of the peace or constable who has not paid the filing fee required by section nine hundred thirteen of this act as amended for the filing of a nomination petition for such office shall pay the amount of such fee to the Secretary of the Commonwealth or to the county board of elections as the case may be at least sixty-five (65) days previous to the day of the general or municipal election [or at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] at which such candidate's name would appear on the ballot Failure to pay such fee within the time herein prescribed shall result in a vacancy in such party nomination Such vacancy shall be filled in the manner hereinafter provided for the filling of such vacancies happening by reason of the death or withdrawal of any candidate

Section 10 Subsection (a) of section nine hundred eighty-one of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1358) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 981 Time for Filing Substituted Nomination Certificates—(a) Substituted nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates nominated at primaries or by nomination papers shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or proper county board of elections as the case may be at least [fifty] fifty-five (55) days before the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty days before the day of the municipal election] Provided however That no substituted nomination certificate by a political body may be filed until after the primary election

Section 11 Said act is hereby amended by adding thereto immediately following Article XII two new articles XIII and XIII-A to read as follows

ARTICLE XIII

Voting By Persons In Actual Military Service

Section 1301 Qualified Electors in Actual Military Service—Any qualified elector in actual military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth regardless of whether at the time of voting he is present in the election district of his residence or is within or without this Commonwealth and regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302 Applications for Official Military Ballots—(a) Any qualified elector in actual military service may apply at any time before any election for an official military ballot on Form USWBC Form No 1 or any other form supplied by the Federal Government or by post card or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of election of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of entrance into actual military service length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident of voting district party choice in case of primary name rank or grade military address branch of service and serial number When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a military ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the military elector as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elecotr other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303 Official Military Ballots—(a) Ballots for use by such military electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Official Military Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such offices in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote and in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been regularly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304 Envelopes for Official Military Ballots—The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each official military ballot of such size and shape as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall be printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" and nothing else On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed with the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the official military ballot lists of candidates when authorized by Section 1303 of this act the uniform instructions in form and substance as prescribed by the Secretar yof the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305 Duties of County Boards—(a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail official military ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail official military ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses.

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list ar-

ranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom an official military ballot has been sent This posted list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization This list shall be known as the "Military File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such military files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissions

Section 1306 Voting by Electors in Actual Military Service—At any time after receiving an official military ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State of military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed stamped or endorsed "Official Military Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the person before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1307 Military Electors Voting in Districts of Residence—(a) Whenever any qualified elector in actual military service is present in his voting district of residence on any primary municipal or general election day and has not already voted in such election he may apply to his district election board for an official military ballot and vote it in such election.

(b) Each such application shall be in the form and shall contain the information required by this act together with a statement by the application that he has not already voted in the election All such applications shall be transmitted to the county board of election immediately upon the closing of the polls.

(c) Upon receiving an official ballot and envelopes therefor he shall in secret in the polling place vote the ballot and prepare it for execution of the affidavit and jurat as prescribed by this act The affidavit shall be executed before the judge or either inspector of election and the jurat subscribed by the person before whom the affidavit is taken The military elector shall then securely seal the second envelope and hand it to the judge of election The judge of election shall place all such envelopes in a container marked "Official Military Ballots" which shall be sealed immediately upon the closing of the polls and transmitted to the country board of election

(d) Each district election board shall prepare a separate list of the names of all such voters which shall be attached to the lists of voters required by the act to which this is an amendment

(e) Each county board of election shall prepare and deliver to each district election board on such election days an adequate supply of official military ballots envelopes and other supplies as required by this act

(f) Each county board of election before the day fixed by this act for the convassing of official ballots shall post attached to the "Military File" an alphabetically arranged list setting forth the name residence the local voting district and ward of every military elector voting under the provisions of this section The list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization Copies of such list may be furnished as in the case of copies of the military file

Section 1308 Canvassing of Official Military Ballots—(a) The county boards of election upon receipt of official military ballots in such envelopes shall safely keep the same until they meet to canvass official military ballots which canvass shall begin immediately following the official civilian canvass for all primary elections After the November election the canvass of official military ballots shall begin at ten o'clock A M Eastern Standard Time on the second Friday following the election No such ballots shall be counted which are received in their offices later than ten o'clock A. M. Eastern Standard Time of the second Friday following the primary election or the November election At such times the members of the return boards or the county boards of election shall in person dispose of official military ballots in the manner hereinafter set forth The county boards of election may designate a sufficient number of clerks to perform such duties When it is determined that clerks shall be appointed the total number shall in every case be in multiples of three and each member of a county board of election shall appoint an equal number thereof

(b) Each candidate for nomination or election shall be entitled to appoint one watcher and such political party or body which has nominated candidates shall be entitled to appoint three watchers Watchers shall be permitted to be present when the envelopes containing official military ballots are opened and when such ballots are counted and recorded

(c) In disposing of an official military ballot the county return board or the county board of election shall examine the affidavit and jurat and if the jurat bears a date later than the date of the election the envelope shall be set aside unopened

(d) The board shall then further examine the affidavit and jurat of each envelope not so set aside and shall compare the information thereon with that contained in the military file If the board is satisfied that the affidavit and jurat are sufficient and that the elector has qualified and the board has utilized the informatio ncontained in the military file to verify his right to vote, the board shall announced the name of the elector and shall give any person present an opportunity to challenge in like manner and for the same cause except failure to register or enroll as the elector could have been challenged had he presented himself in his own district to vote other than by official military ballot If no challenges are sustained the board shall open the envelope in such manner as not to destroy the affidavit and jurat printed thereon All envelopes on which are printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" shall be placed in one or more depositories at one time and said depository or depositories well shaken and the envelopes mixed before any envelope is taken therefrom The board shall then break th seals of such nveloeps remove the ballots and record the votes in the same manner as district election officers are required to record votes Upon completion of the computation of the returns of the county the votes cast upon the official military ballots shall be added to the other votes cast within the county

Section 1309 Public Records—All official military ballots military files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public records and shall be safely kept for a period of two years except that no information shall be made public which is expressly forbidden by the War Department because of military security

ARTICLE XIII-A

Voting By Bedridden Or Hospitalized Veterans

Section 1301-A Qualified Electors who are Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans—Any qualified elector who is bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth if he is unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302-A Applications for Veterans' Official Ballots—(a) Any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran may apply at any time before any election for a veterans' official ballot by post card letter or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of elections of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of becoming bedridden or hospitalized length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident in voting district party choice in case of primary name and address of present residence or hospital at which hospitalized When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a veterans' official ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the bedridden or hospitalized veteran as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elector other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303-A Veterans' Official Ballots (a) Ballots for use by such veteran electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Veterans' Official Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such office in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote in in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been reguarly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304-A Envelopes for Veterans' Official Ballots The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each veterans' official ballot of such size and shape as shell be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall b printed stamped or endorsed the words "Veterans' Official Ballot" and nothing lse On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed within the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of the electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the vetrans' official ballot lists of candidats when authorized by Section 1303-A of this act the uniform instructions in form and substances as prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305-A Duties of County Boards (a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail veterans' official ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail veterans' official ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list arranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom a veterans' official ballot has been sent This list shall be known as the "Veterans' File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such veterans' files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissoins

Section 1306-A Voting by Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans (a) At any time after receiving a veterans' official ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State or Military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in th envelop on which is printed stampd or endorsed "Veterans' Official Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the persno before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1308-A Canvassing of Veterans' Official Ballot The county boards of election shall canvass the vote from the veterans' official ballots in substantially the same manner as set forth in Section 1308 of this act for the canvassing of official military ballots

Section 1309-A Public Records All veterans' official ballots veterans' files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public recrods and shall be safely kept for a period of two years

Section 12 Article XIII of said act as added by the act approved the first day of August one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 672) which was temporarily repealed by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby repealed absolutely

All other acts or parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 13 Cities of the first class and counties are hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate the moneys necessary to carry out the provisions of this amendment

Section 14 The purpose of this amendment is to enable every qualified elector of this Commonwealth serving in the armed forces or the Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces to vote whether or not such elector is absent on the designated election days from the election district in which he resides whether such person is within or without this Commonwealth or within or without the United States and to enable bedridden or hospitalized veterans to vote regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled as a qualified elector and this amendment shall be liberally construed to effectuate such purpose

Section 15 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Hare, Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, as follows:

An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates trust estates minors' estates and absentees' estates both as to real and personal property and the procedure relating thereto including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases the appointment bond removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates their powers duties and liabilities the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors the powers duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries the abatement survival and control of actions and rights of action and the presumption of death and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the reigster of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries" redefining certain words providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and the circumstances under which distribution can be made without liability to claimants who have not given notice of their claims and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clauses (3) and (7) of Section 102 and Section 304 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates trust estates minors' estates and absentees' estates both as to real and personal property and the procedure relating thereto including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases the appointment bond removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates their powers duties and liabilities the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors the powers duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries the abatement survival and control of actions and rights of action and the presumption of death and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 102 Definitions The following words when used in this act unless the context clearly indicates otherwise shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

* * * * *

(3) "Fiduciary" includes personal representatives guardians of minors and trustees whether domiciliary or ancillary individual or corporate subject to the jurisdiction the orphans' court

* * * * *

(7) "Foreign fiduciary" means a personal representative guardian of a minor [or testamentary trustee appointed under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the decedent was domiciled at the time of his death or in which the minor is domiciled and not also appointed under the laws of the Commonwealth] trustee or one performing the functions of any such fiduciary who is subject primarily to the control of the court of another jurisdiction and has not received ancilliary authority in the Commonwealth

Section 304 Affidavit and Oath The affidavit to a petition for the grant of letters and the oath of the fiduciary relative to the performance of his duties may be taken before [the register of any county of the Commonwealth] and administered by

(1) Within the Commonwealth The register of any county of the Commonwealth

(2) Outside of the Commonwealth A public officer of another jurisdiction having duties similar to those of a register who has been authorized to do so by the register of the county where the application for letters is to be made

Section 2 Article III of said act is hereby amended by adding after Section 311 a new section to read as follows

Section 312 Advertisement of Grant of Letters The personal representative immediately after the grant of letters shall cause notice thereof to be given in one newspaper published at or near the place where the decedent resided and in the legal periodical if any designated by rule of court for the publication of legal notices once a week for three successive weeks together with his name and address and in every such notice he shall request all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent to make known the same to him or his attorney and all persons indebted to the decedent to make payment to him without delay

Section 3 Sections 701 732 the first paragraph and Subsection (1) of Section 1101 and Section 1102 of said act are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 701 Accounting Required Except as otherwise provided in this act every personal representative shall file an account of his administration at the expiration of six months from the first complete advertisement of the original grant of letters or when directed to do so by the court and may be cited to file an account at any time after the expiration of that period Unless it is directed by the court no account shall be filed within six months of the first complete advertisement of the original grant of [original] letters

Section 732 At Risk of Personal Representative A personal representative at his own risk and without the filing audit or confirmation of his account may [after one year from the grant of letters] distribute personal property or real estate and such distribution shall be without liability to any claimant against the decedent who has not given notice of his claim as provided by this act [and except] within one year after the first complete advertisement of the grant of letters to him or thereafter but prior to such distribution Except on liens of record existing at the time of death no claimant who has not given such notice shall have any claim as to the property so distributed

Section 1101 In General A foreign fiduciary may institute proceedings in the Commonwealth (subject to the conditions and limitations imposed on nonresident suitors generally) and may exercise all the other powers of a similar local fiduciary but a foreign personal representative shall have no such power when there is an administration in the Commonwealth Except in the case of [stock transfers] powers with respect to securities for which special provision is made in section 1102 the maintenance of a proceeding or the exercise of any other power by a foreign fiduciary shall be subject to the following additional conditions and limitations

(1) Copy of Appointment The foreign fiduciary shall file with the [said] register of the county where the power is to be exercised or the proceeding is instituted or the property concerning which the power is to be exercised is located an exemplified copy of his appointment or other qualification in the foreign jurisdiction together with an exemplified copy of the will or other instrument if any in pursuance of which he has been appointed or qualified and when he is an executor administrator c t a testamentary trustee or testamentary guardian and [any of his powers are to be exercised] wishes to exercise a power granted by a will with respect to Pennsylvania real estate (he shall file an exemplified copy of the probate proceedings in the foreign jurisdiction which must show that the will has been proved in the manner required in the Commonwealth for a will of a Pennsylvania decedent] the will must be admitted to probate in Pennsylvania as required by law

Section 1102 [Stock Transfers] Powers with Respect to Securities When there is no administration in the Commonwealth a foreign fiduciary upon submission of a certificate of his appointment [issued or verified within one month of the time it is to be acted upon may transfer stock of a Pennsylvania corporation standing in the name of a decedent or foreign fiduciary in the same manner as] shall have all of the powers of a similar local fiduciary with respect to stock bonds and other securities of a Pennsylvania corporation or of a Federal corporation located in Pennsylvania and shall not be required to comply with the conditions and limitations of section 1101

Section 4 Section 10 of the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 447) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of the estates of decedents and of minors and of trust estates including the appointment bonds rights powers duties liabilities accounts discharge and removal of executors administrators guardians and trustees herein designated as fiduciaries the administration and distribution of the estates of presumed decedents widow"s and children's exemptions debts of decedents rents of real estate as assets for payment thereof the lien thereof sales and mortgages of real estate for the payment thereof judgments and executions therefor and the discharge of real estate from the lien thereof contracts of decedents for the sale or purchase of real estate legacies including legacies charged on land the discharge of residuary estates and of real estate from the lien of legacies and other charges the appraisement of real estate devised at a valuation the ascertainment of the curtilage of dwelling houses or other buildings devised the abatement and survival of actions and the substitution of executors and administrators therein the survival of causes of action and suits thereupon by or against fiduciaries investments by fiduciaries the organization of corporations to carry on the business of decedents the audit and review of accounts of fiduciaries refunding bonds transcripts to the court of common pleas of balances due by fiduciaries the rights powers and liabilities of nonresident and foreign fiduciaries the appointment bonds rights powers duties and liabilities of trustees durante absentia the recording and registration of decrees reports and other proceedings and the fees therefor appeals in certain cases and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court in all matters relating to fiduciaries concerned with the estates of decedents" is hereby repealed absolutely

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Hare, Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act provided for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act providing for the appointment powers and control members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All special fire police when on duty shall display a badge of authority and shall be subject to the control of the chief of police if any of the city borough town or township in which they are serving or if none of a member of the Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,

Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Hare,
			Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, as follows:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies is hereby specifically authorized and directed to grant and convey in fee simple to Harrisburg Hospital a non-profit Corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all that certain lot piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania consisting of one tract more fully bounded and described as follows

Beginning at a point on the eastern line of South Front Street two hundred ten (210) feet south of the southeastern corner of South Front and Chestnut Streets thence in an eastwardly direction and parallel with Chestnut Street two hundred ten (210) feet to a point on the western line of South River Street said point being two hundred ten (210) feet south of the southwestern corner of Chestnut and South River Streets thence in a southwardly direction along the western line of South River Street twenty (20) feet to a point thence in a westwardly direction again parallel with Chestnut Street two hundred ten (210) feet to a point on the eastern line of South Front Street twenty (20) feet to a point the place of beginning

This being part of the lands which were granted by the Proprietor and Founder of the City of Harrisburg John Harris and Mary Harris his wife by deed dated the sixth day of July one thousand seven hundred eighty-five and recorded in the Recorders Office in Dauphin County in Deed Book "A" Volume one page seventy-seven to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever

Section 2 The grant or conveyance herein authorized shall be made without consideration The deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice and shall be executed by the Secretary of Property and Supplies in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Hare,
			Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 12, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 13, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:41 o'clock, p.m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, February 13, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, February 12, 1951.

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

We thank thee, O Lord, for Thy continued blessings to our nation. We thank Thee for the pioneers who opened the way, and for those who laid the foundations of our national life. Grant that we may ever dedicate ourselves to the unfinished work they so nobly advanced, and give us increased devotion to the cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion, that government of the people, by the people, for the people shall not perish from the earth. With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to bind up the nation's wounds, to care for all who need our care, and to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations. Amen.

JOURNALS APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, February 6, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, February 7, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT MEMBER-ELECT

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Messrs. Mihm and Boies to escort Honorable George E. Jenkins, Member-elect, to the Bar of the House, where the oath of office will be administered to him by the Honorable Robert E. Woodside, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO MEMBER-ELECT

The oath of office was then administered to the Honorable George E. Jenkins, Member-elect from Allegheny County.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is very happy to note that the health of the gentleman is such as to permit him to be with us today.

The Chair thanks the Honorable Robert E. Woodside for administering the oath of office.

REPORT OF SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN

The SPEAKER laid before the House the Classification of accounts of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and its vicinity for the year ending December 31, 1950.

(For report see Appendix)

COMMUNICATION

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission.

January 22, 1951.

Mr. William E. Habbyshaw, Chief Clerk,
House of Representatives,
Room 144, Capitol Building.

Dear Mr. Habbyshaw:

This will acknowledge receipt of the "Photographs of Historical Buildings, Sites and Remains in Pennsylvania" from Mr. Frank J. Turano. This collection of illustrations was compiled in connection with the Report of the Joint State Government Commission to the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in 1949, and has been in your custody since that time. Inasmuch as it is not known of the disposition the General Assembly anticipates making of these illustrations, we believe they would serve a very useful purpose by being kept in our possession until such time as the General Assembly may request them. Upon notification from your office, we can return the illustrations to you if given a few days notice.

Your cooperation in making these available to us is very much appreciated.

Sincerely yours,
NORMAN B. WILKINSON,
Assistant State Historian.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1 entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to.

The third section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Section 3, page 2, line 14, by inserting after the word "General" and before the word "the" the following: "the Auditor General, the Secretary of Internal Affairs."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to tell the House that all of these amendments that Mr. Andrews and I are putting in today are purely correctional amendments and do not affect the policy of the bills in any way.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fourth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 4, page 5, line 14, by striking out the word "relating" and inserting in lieu thereof "related."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fifth to eleventh sections inclusive were separately read and agreed to.

The twelfth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 12, page 16, line 10, by striking out the blank line and inserting in lieu thereof "Pennsylvania."

It was agreed to

The section was agreed to as amended.

The thirteenth and fourteenth sections were separately read and agreed to.

The fifteenth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 15, page 17, line 17, by striking out the words "Act of March 19, 1941, Pamphlet Laws 6" and inserting in lieu thereof: "act approved the nineteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-one, (P. L. 6), entitled, as amended 'An act relating to national and State defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Defense and of local and district councils of defense, prescribing the powers and duties thereof, and providing penalties'."

Amend Sec. 15, page 17, by inserting after line 18, the following: "All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The sixteenth section and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2 entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An Act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity for liability for injury or death to persons or damages to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1, page 2, lines 2 and 3 by striking out the words "as amended."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendments:

Amend. Sec. 2, page 3, line 14, by striking out the words "Sections two" and inserting in lieu thereof The definitions of "Local and District Councils of Defense" and "State Council of Defense" in section two and sections

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 2), page 4, line 3, by inserting at the end of said line, the following entitled "An act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense; providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units; prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel; authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties."

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 2), page 4, line 9, by inserting at the end of said line, the following entitled "An act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense; providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units; prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel; authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties."

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 2), page 4, line 10, by striking out all of said line.

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 3), page 5, line 8, by striking out all of said line.

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 3), page 5, by inserting between lines 8 and 9, the following:

(1) The organization, recruiting, training, maintenance and operation of aircraft warning services, observation and listening posts, information and control centers, including the location thereof, and such other services and facilities as may be necessary for the prompt reception and transmission of air raid warnings and drills;

(2) The formulation and execution, air raid drills and carrying out of practice blackouts, air raid drills and warnings and of all precautionary measures under actual conditions of hostile air raids or enemy attack;

(3) The organization, recruiting, training, conduct and duties and powers of volunteer agencies;

(4) The effective screening or extinguishment of all lights and lighting devices and appliances;

(5) The conduct of civilians and the movement and cessation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic during attack or drill;

(6) The evacuation of civilian populations from dangerous or damaged areas;

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fourth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 4, page 8, line 10, by striking out the figure "4" and inserting in lieu thereof: "3".

Amend Sec. 4 (Sec. 9), page 9, line 3, by inserting after the word "both" the following:

All fines recovered under the provisions of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of the municipality or township in which the offense was committed for the use of such municipality or township.

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fifth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 5, page 9, line 4, by striking out the figure "5" and inserting in lieu thereof "4."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The sixth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 6, page 9, line 10, by striking out the figure "6" and inserting in lieu thereof "5."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The seventh to eleventh sections inclusive were separately read and agreed to.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 1, line 3 of Title, by striking out the words "as amended."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3 entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to.

The third section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 3, page 4, line 9, by striking out the word "any" and inserting in lieu thereof "Any."

Amend Sec. 3, page 4, line 10, by striking out the word "defense" and inserting in lieu thereof "Defense."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fourth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 4, page 10, line 18, by inserting after the word "approved" the following: "the twenty-fifth day of."

Amend Sec. 4, page 10, line 18, by striking out the words "twenty-fifth."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fifth section was read.

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SMITH and ANDREWS offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 5, page 11, line 2, by inserting after the figure "42)" the following entitled "An act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; providing for the repayment thereof, and ratifying, confirming and validating appropriations heretofore mode for said purposes."

Amend Sec. 5, page 11, by inserting between lines 3 and 4 the following "All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The sixth section and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4 entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5 entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32), entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property; prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship; limiting the privileges of certain witnesses; prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters; authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon; conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by amending section two relating to penalties.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL COMMITTED

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be committed to the Committee on Judiciary for further study.

The motion was agreed to

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8 entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 14 entitled:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299), entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles, for the accumulation of county tax liens, and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assessed for county, city, borough, township, school and institution district taxation; providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof; and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties,' providing for the use in counties of the second class of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts; in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes; and in the sale of real estate for taxes; and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties; and upon treasurers, tax collectors and solicitors of cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts in said counties," by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto.

And said bill havin been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2 entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. FILO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. GOODLING asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

TAX-EXEMPT LIQUID FUELS

Mr. GUTHRIE presented a report from the Joint State Government Commission which was read as follows:

Joint State Government Commission,
Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Tax-Exempt Liquid Fuels."

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectively submitted,
BAKER ROYER, Chairman.

(For report, see Appendix)

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for concurrence Senate Bill No. 18.

RESOLUTIONS

CONGRATULATIONS

Mr. WILT offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 12, 1951.

Whereas, Thomas P. Geer, a new member of this august body representing the thirteenth district of Allegheny County, has been performing his duties while under great nervous strain and tension, and

Whereas, Mr. Geer became the father of a new baby boy, weight seven and one-half pounds, on February, the sixth, and

Whereas, Mr. Geer's great nervous strain and tension has been supplanted by a feeling of pride and joy in the acquisition of a new constituent of the highest caliber; thereafter be it

Resolved, That this House extend its congratulations and best wishes to the new father and mother, and, be it further

Resolved, That the chief clerk send a copy of this resolution to Mrs. Geer at her place of residence.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY

Messrs. MINTESS and PAUL F. JONES offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 12, 1951.

The doubts and dissensions that confronted the Republic during the tragic era of Lincoln are not unlike those that confound us today. Yet, we emerged from the War of the Rebellion with its ravages and heartaches to expand into an economy that has widened the arc of educational opportunity, has assured a mode of living, and has brought to the nation a prestige and a prominence such as the world has never before seen.

It has long been acknowledged that the purposeful and inspired leadership of Lincoln—a leadership conceived in stern morality and expressed with undeviating and in-

domitable will—was the primal reason for our miraculous recovery from the scourge of war and a rapid evolution into a free and a prosperous nation.

May we not hope that a leadership of like stature will soon arise during these present frenetic days that will train its sights on the elusive, yet attainable, goals, of peace and stability and implement a vision of concord with all peoples and of security for ourselves with a resolute pattern of action.

Transitory set-back, frustration, disillusionment, and despair must not impair the uncompromising purpose of a vigorous leadership, born of the courage to win at all odds our rightful place in the assembly of nations; therefore be it

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, that it pause for a moment to consider the inestimable contribution to the welfare and the continuity of our country by one of its outstanding leaders—for, truly Abraham Lincoln has moved through the pages of history to leave to us a heritage of devotion and sacrifice that must not be forgotten.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. ANDREWS. "The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here" in the state of Pennsylvania; the nation will note what we do here.

The most fitting memorial to Lincoln that this House could have authorized would be on this date when we think of the causes for which he struggled, when we think of his disappointments and his triumphs to have passed finally an FEPC bill. That would it be indeed a tribute to Lincoln.

We tarry here today while the lame, the halt, the sick and the blind in our mental institutions await our delayed and tarried action. I had expected, Mr. Speaker, and you had expected, I have no doubt, and the Members of this House had expected that by this time we would be in the midst of deliberating upon a program, a welfare program designed in behalf of the underdog, the under privileged of this Commonwealth that would have enabled us to have saluted Lincoln with acts in kind with the acts he so splendidly performed. I, of course, intend to vote for this resolution but I could not permit this occasion to pass without expressing my regret that today all that we have to offer to Lincoln is the tribute of a resolution.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, it has been customary during the sessions of the Legislature for many years now that the various service clubs, Rotary, Lions, Kiwanis and any other service clubs represented here have gotten together once a week, usually on Tuesday morning. By our attendance at this breakfast, called at 8:30 in the morning we were able to secure our attendance in our home clubs.

The first meeting of this club, which is known as the Legislative Service Club, will be tomorrow morning at 8:30 in the cafeteria dining room. The guest of the occasion is Milton Eisenhower, President of State College. It is desired that all members of the various service clubs avail themselves of the opportunity to meet Dr. Eisenhower tomorrow morning at 8:30.

If you wish to attend, will you please contact the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Helm, the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Hewitt, the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Dennison, or myself immediately following the close of this session in order that we may make reservations.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

City and County—First Class, Mr. Tahl, Chairman, Room No. 521, Tuesday, February 13, at 10:30 a. m.

Game and Forestry, Mr. Goodling, Chairman, Room 331, Tuesday, February 13, at 11:15 a. m.

Insurance, Mr. Kline, Chairman, Room No. 330, Tuesday, February 13, at 11:30 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room No. 520, Tuesday, February 13, at 11:00 a. m.

Motor Vehicles, Mr. Dennison, Chairman, Room No. 522, Tuesday, February 13, at 11:00 a. m.

Welfare, Mr. Haudenshield, Chairman, Room No. 330, Tuesday, February 13, at 11:30 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. GEER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 13, 1951 at 12:00 o'clock noon.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 5:35 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY FEBRUARY 13, 1951. No. 9.

SENATE

TUESDAY, February 13, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT Pro Tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. WILLIAM H. KELLY, Pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical United Brethren Church, Lewisburg, offered the following prayer:

Let us look to God in prayer. Almighty God, who in ages past didst lead our fathers forth into this fair land, give us guidance to follow in the rich heritage which they have bequeathed us.

Bless our State today, defend our liberty, preserve our unity and do with divine wisdom all who are in authority. Hasten the coming of Thy Kingdom and its righteousness. Vanish international strife and bloodshed from our world, and may peace come to reign in the hearts of men everywhere, now and always. Amen.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair calls to the rostrum the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Letzler, to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (A. H. Letzler) in the Chair.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDING OFFICER. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. CROWE, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 13, 1951.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 13, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Thomas W. Neely, Jr., Pittsburgh, 1130 Park Bldg.
Roosevelt Peay, West Mifflin.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Gladys M. Morrow, Beaver Falls.

BLAIR COUNTY

Mrs. Edna R. King, Altoona.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Ursula Romano, Tredyffrin Twp., Paoli.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret Z. Snyder, New Cumberland.

ELK COUNTY

Mrs. Lillian Walizer, Ridgway.

GREENE COUNTY

Ralph E. Porter, Franklin Twp., Waynesburg.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Harold E. Smith, Hazle Twp., Hazleton.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Harold R. Crawford, Upper Providence Twp., Audubon.
Harry Renninger, Cheltenham Twp., Glenside.
Mrs. Betty M. Todd, Abington Twp., North Hills.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Ammon E. Remel, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Louis Bank, 2211 Fairmount Ave.
Leonard M. Cella, 663 N. 65th St.
Mrs. Ethel May Jackson, 1605 N. 21st St.
Robert L. Myers, Jr., 1540 St. Lukes St.
Norman T. H. Welsh, 5623 Girard Ave.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Irene L. Bailey, Benson.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

B. Blaine Fox, Charleroi.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Frank J. Andrews, Greensburg.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John Hudak, West Deer Twp., Bairford, 2-15-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth E. Cryder, Pine Creek Twp., Woolrich, 2-26-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Cora A. Smith, Bath, 2-26-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles H. Smith, 4215 Haverford Ave., 2-28-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Alexander Green, Sharon, 3-3-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

Charles M. Kurtz, Altoona, 3-4-51.

BEDFORD COUNTY

Cyrus H. Sell, Woodbury, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Claire V. Lynch, 3201 N. Broad St., 3-6-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. Pauline B. Pensock, McAdoo, 3-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Anna Apolenak, Pittsburgh, 1808 Union Bank Bldg., 3-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mary A. Kilgarif, 1002 Harrison Bldg., 3-7-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Gladys C. Marshall, Washington, 3-7-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Miss Mary J. Mussina, Mount Gretna, 3-8-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Anthony J. Lupas, Plains Twp., Wilkes-Barre, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Grace D. Grossman, Pittsburgh, 345 Fourth Ave., 3-9-51.

CENTRE COUNTY

James C. Furst, Bellefonte, 3-9-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Mary E. McCloskey, Tinicum Twp., Philadelphia (13), 3-9-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

J. Herbert Evans, New Holland, 3-9-51.
Mrs. Marian C. Parker, Lancaster, 3-9-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Irwin A. Heisey, Cleona, 3-9-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Clara A. Strohmeier, Bethlehem, 3-9-51.
C. H. Weidner, Bethlehem, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Chas. P. Cella, 663 N. 65th St., 3-9-51.
Edward J. Stevens, Jr., 6038 Duffield St., 3-9-51.

UNION COUNTY

Charlton F. Hummel, White Deer Twp., New Columbia, 3-9-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Marie E. Rhoads, Millbourne, 3-10-51.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Esther L. Stohl, Pleasant Twp., Warren, 3-10-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

J. H. Contino, Oil City, 3-11-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Joseph J. Parialo, Harrisburg, 3-12-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. TAYLOR, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Letzler, Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 13, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, David W. Phillips, Esq., 612 South Main Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, February 12, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 19, 1951, at four o'clock P. M., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 19, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock P. M.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 2

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House as follows:

House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled as amended "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299) entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles for the accumulation of county tax liens and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assesses for county city borough township school and dinstitution district taxation providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties' providing for the use in counties of the second clas of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes and in the sale of real estate for taxes and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties and upon treasurers tax collectors and solicitors of cities boroughs towns townships and school districts in said counties" by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. DiSILVESTRO, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts, the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care, or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians, providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

BILL RE-REFERRED

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 58, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 2 of the act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1172), entitled "An Act establishing certain streets in boroughs and incorporated towns as State highways and providing for their construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth," by deleting a certain route in Bucks County.

Which was re-referred to the Committee on Highways.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WAGNER, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 181), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

He also, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Mr. PEELOR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey.

Mr. FLEMING, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440), entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting stockholders of banks, banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks, institutions and companies; and validating prior acts.

Mr. PROPERT, from the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

Mr. WOLFE, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County, and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

Mr. BANE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

Mr. ROSENFELD, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout, regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 174, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the General Hospital of Monroe County, East Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Gnaden Huetten Memorial Hospital, Lehighton, Carbon County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 575), entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware River, and the improvement of the

facilities for transportation across the river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with New Jersey; creating The Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement with the State of New Jersey amending Articles I, II, IV, XI and XII of, and adding Article XIII, to the compact and agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, authorized and made pursuant to the act herein supplemented, by changing the name of The Delaware River Joint Commission to The Delaware River Port Authority, and the method of appointment of commissioners; removing the present Pennsylvania members of the commission, extending the jurisdiction, powers and duties of the Delaware River Port Authority and defining such additional jurisdiction, powers and duties; to take effect upon the enactment of substantially similar legislation by the State of New Jersey embodying the supplemental agreement between the two States in this act set forth and authorizing the Governor to apply on behalf of the Commonwealth to the Congress of the United States for its consent thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 177, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections two hundred three and two hundred four of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further restricting changes in location of principal places of business of banking institutions and by limiting the establishment and maintenance of branch banks to counties in which the principal places of business of banking institutions are located.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WATKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2502 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing minimum reimbursement payments for certain years by the Commonwealth on account of instruction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age, or older, to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created, and saving and relieving the parents, guardians, and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor, unless joining therein," authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts, and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McMENAMIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to add section 655.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by penalizing discrimination in the employment of the physically handicapped.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 6 and 16 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by changing the number of signers on petitions proposing amendments to charter; requiring such proposals to be submitted to a vote without previous approval of council; and changing the time within which a new charter or similar amendments may be proposed.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. McCREESH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 182, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Wynnefield Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the American Oncologic Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 184, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Union Home for Old Ladies, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BYRNE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 185, entitled:

An Act to carry out the purposes of Section 625 and 626 of The Mental Health Act of one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three, by creating a colony for certain patients under the supervision of the Philadelphia State Hospital and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 186, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1024), entitled "An act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" changing hours of labor and restrictions relative to age in certain employments and extending provisions to include additional persons.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WATSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Louise Schroth, 102 Kittanning Pike, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of O'Hara, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Charles Johnson, resigned.

Charles M. Pinkerton, R. D. No. 1, Evans City, Butler County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Cranberry, Butler County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

RECORDER OF DEEDS IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CENTRE

Mrs. Maud Schreck, Lemont, Centre County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice James H. Schreck, deceased.

REGISTER OF WILLS AND RECORDER OF DEEDS IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MONTOUR

George W. Robinson, R. F. D. No. 4, Danville, Montour County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Frank H. Russell, deceased.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MONTOUR

Harry Kessler, 104 Upper Mulberry Street, Danville, Montour County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Hon. Fred M. Jenkins, deceased.

MEMBER OF THE SNYDER COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Mrs. Grace Arnold Waterbury (Republican), Susquehanna Heights, Selinsgrove, Snyder County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Clarence W. Wilhour, Selinsgrove, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Edward C. Henle Sr., Oak Hill, Leetsdale, Allegheny County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Leetsdale, Allegheny County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Michael A. Smolin, deceased.

JAMES H. DUFF.

MEMBER OF THE UNION COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lester A. Snook (Democrat), New Berlin, Union County, for appointment as a Member of the Union County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF THE ANTHRACITE MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the

following persons for appointment as Members of the Anthracite Mine Inspectors' Examining Board, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified:

George Roos (Mining Engineer), Vice President, Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

William W. Everett (Mining Engineer), General Superintendent, Glen Alden Coal Company, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

Joseph Oshinski (Coal Miner), 704 Kase Street, Shamokin, Northumberland County.

Frank DeLeo (Coal Miner), 237 Wilbur Street, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

Robert Painter (Coal Miner), 443 West Patterson Street, Lansford, Carbon County, vice Frank Reichelderfer, Lansford, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE VENANGO COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John F. Budke, Esq. (Democrat), 517 Twelfth Street, Franklin, Venango County, for appointment as a Member of the Venango County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice E. H. Messer, Oil City, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

RULE 38 SUSPENDED

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SNOWDEN,

To grant unanimous consent to immediate consideration of the nominations just reported from the Committee on Executive Nominations, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. McPHERSON,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Letzler, Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, before proceeding with the consideration of the calendar, I request the consent of the Senate to introduce at this time two resolutions.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. There being no objection, the gentleman from Westmoreland may proceed.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, these resolutions bear upon a subject that has been discussed pro and con, both in and out of the Senate of Pennsylvania and in and out of the daily press.

At the outset, let me state clearly for the benefit of all, in order that there be no misunderstanding of the motives behind the action of the Minority group in the Senate of Pennsylvania, that we take the position that the action that we are calling attention to is precedent-making and, therefore, in need of clarification. Most of our actions in government and in the practice of law are dependent upon precedent unless they are original. These we believe to be original propositions. Therefore, Mr. President, we wish to introduce these resolutions in a spirit of friendly cooperation, and yet fully determined that the questions raised upon the Senate Floor should be and ought to be discussed freely and openly in order that whatever we do here will be done with an open mind and an honest conviction that the precedent we set will guide the future members of future Senates along the constitutional and democratic way.

Mr. President, this first resolution deals with Section 213 of the Administrative Code, and bears directly upon the action of the Governor of the Commonwealth in naming Acting Secretaries of the various Departments. With the permission of the Senate, I would like to read the resolutions in order that the full import may not be lost, and that all of us will have a clear understanding of the matter before us. I am hoping, of course, that with a minimum of political consideration, and a maximum of friendly cooperation, we may determine this question for the good of the peoples of the Commonwealth.

This resolution is presented in the Senate on February 13, 1951. I present this resolution on behalf of the Democratic Minority and not as an individual. The body of the resolution reads as follows, and I quote:

"WHEREAS, there exists at this moment in Pennsylvania a situation that creates a serious question on the basis of legal and constitutional conduct of government, and

"WHEREAS, this condition has been created by a direct contravention of the provisions of the Administrative Code as contained in Section 213, reading as follows:

"DEPUTIES

"The head of any administrative department, except the Auditor General, State Treasurer and the Secretary of the Department of Internal Affairs shall have the power,

with the approval of the Governor, to appoint and fix the compensation of a deputy, or such number of deputies as the Executive Board shall approve, who shall, in the absence of the head of such department, have the right to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties by law vested in and imposed upon the head of such department, except the power to appoint deputies, bureau or division chiefs, or other assistants or employes, and who may, at any time, exercise such of the powers and perform such of the duties of the head of his department as may be prescribed by the head of his department: Provided, however, That any such deputy shall not have the right to exercise any power or perform any duty which the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania requires the head of his department personally to exercise or perform.

"Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the office of the head of any department, such deputy as the Governor shall designate in writing shall exercise the powers and perform the duties of the head of the department until the vacancy is filled.

"With the approval of the Governor in writing, the head of any department may authorize a named deputy to serve in his stead on any board or commission, except the Board of Pardons of which such department head is a member ex-officio. One of the Deputy Adjutants General shall possess the same qualifications in all respects as are required by law for the Adjutant General of the Department of Military Affairs. As amended 1947, June 25, P. L. 935, No. 390."

"THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Auditor General be directed not to pay the salaries of the following persons:

"Deputy Secretary of Commerce, Andrew J. Sordoni; Deputy Secretary of Health, Russell E. Teague; Deputy Secretary of Labor and Industry, David M. Walker; Deputy Insurance Commissioner, Artemus C. Leslie; Deputy Secretary of Property and Supplies, Alan D. Reynolds; Deputy Secretary of Public Assistance, Eleanor G. Evans; Deputy Secretary of Revenue, Otto F. Messner; Deputy Secretary of Welware, William C. Brown.

"Whom the Governor has appointed as deputies and designated as acting heads of the various departments."

Mr. President, I also wish to introduce at this moment this resolution, introduced on behalf of the Democratic Minority in the Senate and not as a personal matter.

"WHEREAS, there exists at this moment in Pennsylvania a situation that creates a serious question on the basis of legal and constitutional conduct of government, and

"WHEREAS, this condition has been created by an obvious violation of the constitutional provisions contained in Article IV, Section 8.

Article IV is headed, "The Executive." Section 8, headed "Appointing Power—Filling Vacancies—Confirmation," reads as follows:

"Section 8. He shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be entered on the journal."

Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I know, and all of you know, that men in public office are ofttimes forced, by weight of circumstances, into a position where they may act in what they think, and honestly think, to be their duty. However, in no instance is any person elected to public office allowed by his conscience to at any time mistake his duty to be a duty to a political party or a political person instead of to the people and to the Constitution that he has sworn to uphold.

Some say to me that there is an honest difference of opinion. I know that in all matters there are various interpretations. I too know and believe that the members on the other side will do the right, if they know the right to be right. I do not believe that any Member of this Senate on either side is going to sit idly by and watch the prerogatives of the Senate taken from them, and the Constitution set aside because for political expediency it may be the proper maneuver of the moment.

Mr. President, I read from the Constitution and a parallel situation might easily be met in reading anything else. In my humble opinion, not being an attorney, when I read a book or when I read an article, I pay strict attention to the periods and the commas, to the punctuation marks, to the tense and the gender, to the make-up of the phrase, to the clause or the sentence, in order that I may know of my own knowledge that which I am reading. It is possible to read a line, a sentence or a whole book and come out of it with a jumbled up idea of what you read, if you pay no attention to the proper punctuation, to the proper interpretation of the tense of the word used in the sentence or book. I say this because, to my mind, the framers of the Constitution meant when they said, the recess of the Senate and the next Session of their next Session, the word "their" refers to the word "the," and the word "the" refers to the Senate that is in recess at the moment, at the moment, that the vacancy occurs.

I am convinced of this point as much as I am convinced of anything I have ever stood for in my whole life; that the framers of the Constitution meant then, and we ought to mean now, to hold the Constitution to the hands of the

Executive, to the hands of the Judicial, to the hands of the Legislature then in power, and that when they have left that office, and when that Session of the Legislature containing the prescribed members elected for a certain term is no longer in existence, because of the statute of limitations controlling their elections, then that group of Senators are no longer the Members of the Senate.

I say this after a profound study and an honest study to find in my own mind, and in my own conscience, a manner by which I could circumvent the Constitution and go along with the proposition that the Senate need not obey its provisions, and that they need not confirm the appointments of any Governor at any future time.

Mr. President, never in the history of this State, and I say this with the knowledge that my information comes from those who are learned in the law, never in the history of this State has there been a situation such as confronts the people of Pennsylvania today, and remember this, there is no other group, no other group that can determine this question in its primary state except the Members of the Senate.

In 1949, the membership of the Senate was made up of fifty men. They were the Members of the Senate, and their next session of the Legislature had to be called before January 2, 1951, because in 1951 it was no longer their session of the Legislature. It was the session of the Legislature of a new Senate. There had been an election in the meantime. Otherwise, if I am unsound in my proposition, if I am unsound in my logic, then we can honestly say that any person could, under an opinion recently handed to the Governor by the Attorney General's office, continue in office from the time he is originally appointed until the day of his death without confirmation by the Senate of Pennsylvania if a week-kneed Governor, if ever we should have one, would have the courage to name his officers as the Constitution so declares he must do.

Mr. President, these things I hold to be true; that I have a duty to perform. I stood before the body of the Senate, and with my hand upon the Holy Bible, prescribed that I would perform that duty, and anything that I do in contravention to the Constitution and the laws of this State disqualifies me for a seat in the Senate. I hold these to be truths. I abide by them, and I will live by them. We cannot, by our own wish or by the wish of any other person or party, stand in this Senate and allow, the Constitution to be circumscribed because of a flimsy excuse that says we have an opinion upon which we can go; an opinion can never take the place of the Constitution.

Mr. President, it is not improper for the Senate to stand upon their constitutional rights; it is improper if they do not stand upon their constitutional rights, and in order that there be a clear understanding in the minds of all peoples, we are not in this instance taking into consideration nor at any time has the Democratic Minority taken into consideration the qualifications, if you please, the personalities, if you please, of any individual that has been named by the Governor. We have yet to reach that stage. We are now before this Senate discussing the proprieties of the actions that we have taken.

I am disposed to believe that if left alone in private conversation and with the doors of outside influence closed, I am vain enough to believe that this Senate would read the Constitution as the Constitution is written. Under our interpretation, which, incidentally, is not an interpretation pulled out of the blue sky above the simple purpose of having something upon which to argue, but is an interpretation based upon what we believe to be the intention in the minds of those who years ago, in a like position, had the responsibility of laying down the rules by which the conduct of the peoples of this State were to be circumscribed.

Now, Mr. President and Members of the Senate, we are faced with this situation at this particular time because the day after tomorrow happens to be a pay period. It is the first pay period that has occurred since these persons have been named or have taken office in which the Senate of the Legislature has been in Session. We have had no other opportunity to discuss this matter except upon that fateful day when we took our original position.

Mr. President, I would not ask hasty consideration of such a weighty, serious matter, but in fairness to the people of Pennsylvania, the Senate ought to vote, on whether or not they believe these evidences to be the truth of the matter. If in the procedure it is suggested that the resolutions be given to the Committee of the Senate for proper consideration, and if it is the intention that that Committee meet and that the Members take into serious consideration the questions we have raised, we can find no fault with that. We want it clearly understood by all in Pennsylvania that every now and then there comes a question before a deliberative body that transcends political consideration because, as I say to you, gentlemen, here this afternoon, in a practical sense, in a practical political sense, the Democratic Party ought to be happy to allow these opinions to become law. We ought to be pleased because it will take an avalanche, even worse, it will take a catastrophe, as it were, for the Democratic Party to ever get sufficient votes without the help of their gracious neighbors on the Republican side to perform the very duties that we are attempting to perform today, and if you allow these opinions to become law, then the Minority Party elected to office can, with impunity, name into the positions of government men of bad moral character, men and women disqualified by their nature and their training, because there is in these opinions not only the threat but the practice that the Senate of Pennsylvania, the only safety valve in the Constitution, will have closed forever upon it the door of inquisition. They can no longer inquire into the fitness of a person, the qualifications of a person; they can no longer give advice and consent, and I defy any Member of this Senate to show me whether, under the opinions that are now accepted by some as law, the Senate amounts to anything in the matter of confirmations of constitutional offices. There is no longer that safeguard which our forebears placed in the Constitution of Pennsylvania. If you do not agree with the Constitution, rewrite it, but so long as it is here and it is the law, we have not the right to circumscribe it.

Mr. President, these I hold to be the truths and these I hold to be the considerations of the Democratic Minority.

Mr. President, this resolution ends up with a resolution the same as contained in the first resolution, and I read:

"Therefore, be it resolved that the Auditor General be directed not to pay the salaries of the following persons; and they shall be:

"Gene D. Smith, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and

"Charles J. Margiotti, Attorney General of the Commonwealth."

And now, gentlemen, as the spokesman of the minority group, let us understand each other. It is not easy for me to stand up here in the Senate and take this action as an individual. Many of these persons have been friends of mine for over a generation. I hope that they, too, are strong enough Americans, and believe enough in Constitutional Government, to see our point of view.

Mr. President, I submit the following resolutions and ask immediate consent for both.

RESOLUTIONS

URGING THAT THE AUDITOR GENERAL BE DIRECTED NOT TO PAY SALARIES OF CERTAIN DEPUTIES OF VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DENT, offered the following resolution which was twice read, as follows:

In the Senate, February 13, 1951.

Whereas, there exists at this moment in Pennsylvania a situation that creates a serious question on the basis of legal and constitutional conduct of government, and

Whereas, this condition has been created by a direct controvention of the provisions of the administrative code as contained in Section 213, reading as follows: (Page 13), and

Therefore, be it resolved that the Auditor General be directed not to pay the salaries of the following persons:

Office	Name	Oath Taken
Deputy Sec'y of Commerce	Andrew J. Sordoni	Jan. 20, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Health	Russell E. Teague	Jan. 22, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Labor & Industry	David M. Walker	Jan. 20, 1951
Deputy Insurance Commissioner	Artenas C. Leslie	Jan. 18, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Property & Supplies	Alan D. Reynolds	Jan. 22, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Public Assistance	Eleanor G. Evans	Jan. 19, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Revenue	Otto F. Messner	Jan. 18, 1951
Deputy Sec'y of Welfare	William C. Brown	Jan. 22, 1951

Whom the Governor has appointed as deputies and designated as acting heads of the various departments.

REQUEST THAT RULE 39 BE SUSPENDED

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDING OFFICE. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, in the same spirit that the resolution was offered, I object to immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution is referred to the Committee on State Government.

URGING THAT THE AUDITOR GENERAL BE DIRECTED NOT TO PAY THE SALARIES OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Mr. DENT offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, February 13, 1951.

Whereas, there exists at this moment in Pennsylvania a situation that creates a serious question on the basis of legal and constitutional conduct of government, and

Whereas, this condition has been created by an obvious violation of the constitutions provisions contained. in Article IV, Section VIII reading as follows: (Page 39), and

Therefore, be it resolved that the Auditor General be directed not to pay the salaries of the following persons; and they shall be;

GENE D. SMITH, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and CHARLES J. MARGIOTTI, Attorney General of the Commonwealth

REQUEST THAT RULE 39 BE SUSPENDED

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution is referred to the Committee on State Government.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Governor Wood is now in the Senate Chamber, and, of course, being the rightful incumbent of the Chair, I now take pleasure in yielding the gavel to Governor Wood.

May I express my appreciation to the President pro tempore of the Senate for the privilege of presiding and for giving me this courtesy. I do appreciate very much the honor to preside over this grand body.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. MEADE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MEADE read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries and compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court, the judges of the Superior Court, the judges of the courts of common pleas, the judges of the orphans' courts, the judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia, and the judges of the County Court of Allegheny County, certain associate judges not learned in the law, and repealing certain acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

CALENDAR

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 12, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers

and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order, for the purpose of further study and amendment.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts, the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care, or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians, providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440), entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting stockholders of banks, banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks, institutions and companies; and validating prior acts.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined." by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL SIGNED

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee.

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 14, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. FLEMING. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:27 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, February 14, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, February 13, 1951

The House met at 12:00 o'clock noon.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Nicholas Basil Fisanick, pastor of Holy Transfiguration Ukranian Catholic Church, Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, guest of the gentleman from Luzerne, Hon. Leonard A. Najaka, offered the following prayer:

O, Lord, Creator of all things, visible and invisible, we humbly ask Thy divine assistance at this hour.

Thou, O, Lord, has given us a free mind and a free will that we may offer Thee, out of our hearts, the hymns of praise and gratitude.

May we, with the help of Thy Grace, grow in the knowledge and be sanctified in the observation of Thy most Holy Law.

Bless, O, Lord, our President, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and all those who serve with them, that they may stand always by You and defend our freedom.

Deign, O, Lord, to be our Protector and shower Thy heavenly blessing upon this assembly, that whatever they do, may result for Thy great glory and for the good of our country, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, February 12, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

FORMER MEMBERS WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair welcomes to the House a former Member and Floor Leader, the Honorable Reuben E. Cohen from Philadelphia.

The Chair also welcomes to the House a former Member, the Honorable Harold C. Pike from Montgomery County.

The Chair also welcomes to the House, the Honorable Andrew Garber, a former Member of the House from Luzerne County.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 152.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight, section one of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, reducing the age limit of electors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 153.

An Act regulating the payment of wages or compensation for labor or service in certain private employments, establishing regular paydays, imposing certain duties upon employes, conferring powers and duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry, imposing additional powers and duties on the Secretary of the Department of Labor and Industry for the civil collection of wages, imposing civil and criminal penalties for the violations of the act and providing for their collection and disposition and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 154.

An Act requiring a course in the effects of alcohol and narcotics to be taught in public schools and in all colleges and universities supported in whole or in part by State funds and imposing duties upon the Department of Public Instruction.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 155.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by providing for contributions by employers to a fund out of which all workmen's compensation benefits shall be payable; establishing such a fund to be administered by the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation; abolishing the State Workmen's Insurance Fund, and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 156.

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 157.

An Act to amend section twelve of the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 903), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the third class to establish an optional retirement system for officers and employes independently of any pension or systems existing in such cities," by giving credit for time spent in armed forces of the United States.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Messrs. REESE and WILLIAMS.

HOUSE BILL No. 158.

An Act to add Rule 77.1 to Section 6 of article 11 of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by limiting the use of electric locomotives fed from open trolley wires.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 159.

An Act to repeal certain sections of and to add Section 321 to the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), en-

titled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease ontracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry; the Workmen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues; establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," by providing for payment of compensation to be paid out of the State Workmen's Compensation Fund; abolishing the Occupational Disease Fund; and eliminating certain provisions for elective compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. COOPER, EWING and MIHM.

HOUSE BILL No. 160.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminals causes and suits for penalties; granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. EWING, COOPER and MIHM.

HOUSE BILL No. 161.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. POLEN and WILLIAMS.

HOUSE BILL No. 162.

An Act to amend the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing certain payments made to school directors by the Commonwealth and by the school district and certain items of procedure at conventions to elect county superintendents.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and MADIGAN.

HOUSE BILL No. 163.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by authorizing school districts of the second, third and fourth classes to levy additional taxes to pay rentals to municipality authorities; authorizing boards of school directors to make additional appropriations or to increase appropriations; authorizing school districts singly or jointly with other school districts to convey or lease property and appropriate money, including proceeds of general obligation bonds to municipality authorities; to acquire additional property for authority projects; to lease school projects from and pay rentals to municipality authorities; to make all other contracts or agreements with municipality authorities deemed necessary or convenient in connection with projects; providing for annual payments by the Commonwealth to school districts paying rentals to municipality authorities or non-profit corporations; and further providing for annual payments by the Commonwealth to school districts making payments to the State Public School Building Authority.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. MADIGAN and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 164.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further regulating reimbursement by the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 165.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 22), entitled "An act relating to the journals of the proceedings of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; requiring the keeping thereof and their publication in the Legislative Journal, and abolishing the separate publication of such journals," by authorizing separate publication of journals of either House.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 166.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Article II, Section 4 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for annual sessions of the General Assembly.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 167.

An Act to add Section 709.1 to the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" by making it a crime to strike a news reporter or photographer or to damage his photographic equipment.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and TAYLOR.

HOUSE BILL No. 168.

An Act to regulate the housing by employers of employes away from their homes, imposing duties upon employers to maintain such places upon the Department of Health and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and MORAN.

HOUSE BILL No. 169.

An Act relating to common carriers, making certain acts relating to clearance unlawful; imposing certain duties and conferring powers upon the Public Utility Commission and the Attorney General; and prescribing penalties for violations.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mrs. MUNLEY and Mr. DALRYMPLE.
HOUSE BILL No. 170.

An Act to amend the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1120), entitled "An act to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to man locomotive trains, or other self propelled engines or machines with competent employes; to provide the lease number of men that may be employed on locomotive trains, and other self propelled engines or machines; to provide the qualifications of certain employes; and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof, and the enforcement thereof by the Public Utility Commission," by further regulating the size of locomotive crews.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railways.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 171.

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley, omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts, and the clerks thereof, owners thereof, owners of vehicles and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by permitting physicians to use red signal lights and sound devices, and changing the provisions concerning rights of way.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 172.

An Act to add subsection (e) to section 501 of the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for the issuance of special plates to licensed physicians.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 173.

An act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 174.

An Act to further amend the third paragraph of section eight hundred two of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing certain provisions relating to the letting of township contracts.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. GOODLING, SHOEMAKER and YETZER.
HOUSE BILL No. 175.

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and NAJAKA.
HOUSE BILL No. 176.

An Act to further amend the first paragraph and clause (d) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and reguating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistane to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by further providing for eligibility for assistance in the case of aliens.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and BLAIR.
HOUSE BILL No. 177.

An Act to amend subdivision (e) of article five of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing counties of the fourth class to make annual appropriations to volunteer fire companies for the purpose of purchasing, maintaining and operating radio equipment.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 178.

An Act to amend section 402 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2017), entitled "An act creating in each county (except of the first class) as a separate corpora-

tion, and in each city of the first and second class as a part of the city government, an institution district for the care and maintenance of certain indigent persons and children; prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners, county treasurers, city departments of public welfare, the State Department of Welfare and the State Department of Public Assistance in respect thereto; abolishing certain poor districts and terminating the terms of directors, overseers, guardians and managers of the poor and poor district auditors, and providing for the temporary employment of certain of them; providing for the transfer, vesting, sale and disposition of the property of poor districts and the payment of their obligations; imposing certain existing obligations on institution districts and on the Commonwealth; regulating the affairs of poor districts until abolished; revising, amending, changing and consolidating the law relating to the care of the poor; and repealing existing laws," by clarifying the powers and duties of the institution districts and other public agencies furnishing assistance.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 179.

An Act to add section seven hundred nine point one to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by making it a crime to strike a news reporter or photographer, or to damage his photographic equipment.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. FILO, BOIES, COOPER and RONALD L. THOMSPON. HOUSE BILL No. 180.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147), entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serev as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth," by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 181.

An Act to further amend subsection (y) of section four of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service bassi; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of suh contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," further defining "wages of a compensated employe."

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 182.

An Act to further amend clause (1) of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 951), entitled as amended "An act defining and providing for the licensing and regulation of private academic schools; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Public Instruction; and imposing penalties," by further defining the phrase "private academic school."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 183

An Act to further amend Clause XXIII of Section 1502 of the "First Class Township Law" approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand and nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act, concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing townships to act as self-insurers and to make appropriations therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. TOOMEY. HOUSE BILL No. 184.

An Act to further amend section two thousand five hundred three of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled 'An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for State reimbursements to union or merger school districts operating high schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. TOOMEY. HOUSE BILL No. 185.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for the payment of the compensation and expenses of the Expert Tree Crop Advisor and other incidental expenses relative thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TOOMEY. HOUSE BILL No. 186.

An Act to add Section 2.1 to the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1652), entitled "An act relating to the propagation and growth of nut trees and other trees bearing crops, excluding our present commercial fruit trees in this Commonwealth; providing for the appointment, qualifiations, term and compensation of an Expert Tree Crops Advisor; prescribing his powers and duties; imposing and conferring certain powers and duties on the Secretary of Agriculture in respect thereto; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to undertake the development of a research program for certain purposes, and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 187.

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 188.

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence, and the proof of official records, documents and proceedings, both domestic and foreign, and of copies thereof, and extracts therefrom, and certificates in reference thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON.

HOUSE BILL No. 189.

An Act to add section 28.1 to the act approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207) entitled, "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom, for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," by providing for the sale of property for delinquent taxes in counties of the first class, giving purchaser indefeasible title not subject to redemption and free of all taxes, municipal claims, liens, mortgages, charges and estates of whatsoever kind.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. EDWIN F. THOMPSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 190

An Act to amend section 1 of an act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 155) entitled, "An act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection, construction, and alteration of public buildings," by fixing the amount of the estimates of the cost of the plumbing, heating, ventilating and electrical work as to which the provisions of the said act shall be applicable.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. CELLA. HOUSE BILL No. 191.

An Act to amend section 3 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three, (P. L. 349), entitled, "An act requiring political subdivisions to refund taxes and license fees erroneously and inadvertently paid thereto, and giving a right of action against such political subdivision for the recovery of such taxes and fees upon their failure to make such refunds; making the provisions of the act retroactive; and repealing existing laws," changing the period of time in which refunds of taxes erroneously paid may be obtained.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. RUBIN. HOUSE BILL No. 192.

An Act to further amend Section 1, and to amend Section 5 of Article 3, and to add Article XXVI to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (P. L. 581) entitled "An act for the better government of cities of the first class of this Commonwealth" by creating a Department of Licensing and Inspection authorizing the transfer to the said department of such licensing and inspection functions as city council may determine and requiring certain officers to file surety bonds.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. COSTA. HOUSE BILL No. 193.

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197), entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class."

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. COSTA. HOUSE BILL No. 194.

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174), entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million."

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. MORAN and HUNTER.

HOUSE BILL No. 195.

An Act requiring owners and operators of tourist camps having heated cabins to provide adequate chimneys or escape vents for harmful gases; and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 196.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties", by changing maximum and mimimum rates, periods and aggregate of compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 197.

An Act to further amend Section 402 of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collestion of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by further defining employes' eligibility for compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 198.

An Act to regulate the hunting, trapping, killing and taking of fur-bearing animals, providing for the issuance of licenses and permits; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Game Commission and county treasurers; fixing fees and penalties and providing for the disposition thereof; and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Messrs. KENT and HAROLD G. MILLER.

HOUSE BILL No. 199.

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Fund by cities.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Messrs. TOOMEY and BROWN.

HOUSE BILL No. 200.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by prohibiting the portraying of certain crimes in comics.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. HAUDENSHIELD and SCOTT.

HOUSE BILL No. 201.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 644), entitled "An act relating to and regulating the solicitation of moneys and property for charitable, religious, benevolent, humane, and patriotic purposes," by transferring the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the act from the Department of Welfare to the Department of Revenue.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 202.

An Act to further amend Section 2445 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing the issuance of non-debt revenue bonds for the alteration, addition to or enlargement of existing sewers, sewer systems and sewage treatment works and the pledging of revenue derived from the existing system in payment of such bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 203.

An Act to further amend clause (e) of section one of the act approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (P. L. 521), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the imposition and collection of certain taxes upon the transfer of property passing from a decedent who was a resident of this Commonwealth at the time of his death, and of property within this Commonwealth of a decedent who was a nonresident of the Commonwealth at the time of his death; defining and taxing transfers made in contemplation of death; defining as a transfer and taxing the right of survivorship in property as to which such right exists; and making it unlawful for any corporation of this Commonwealth, or national banking association located therein; to transfer the stock corporation or banking association, standing in the name of any such decedent, until the tax on the transfer thereof has been paid; and providing penalties; and citing certain acts for repeal" by excepting personal property held by husband and wife as joint tenants with right of survivorship from taxes imposed by said act.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 204.

An Act to amend Section 1512 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by requiring water utility companies to furnish to townships, lists of water meter readings, flat-rate bills and other data for the purpose of determing sewer charges.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 205.

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth; providing for trial without jury, and for the filing of agreements therefor; providing for the payment of jury fees.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. WILLIAM C. LEONARD and ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 206.

An Act to further amend Section 2401 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by requiring water utility companies to furnish to the township lists of water meter readings, flat-rate water bills, and other data for the purpose of determing sewer and drainage rates.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mr. KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 207.

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493), entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cesspools, in cities of the second class, second class A and third class and imposing fines, penalties and forfeiture for the violation thereof," by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 208.

An Act to amend Section 2007 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating zoning; and changing the provisions for appeals.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 209.

An Act to further amend Section 3107 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating zoning; and changing the provisions for appeals.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. BARKDOLL and STONER.

HOUSE BILL No. 210

An Act to further amend Section 503 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, P. L. 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents,

the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by prohibiting the operation of State liquor stores in municipalities which have voted against the granting of liquor licenses.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. BARKDOLL and STONER.
HOUSE BILL No. 211.

An Act to further amend section thirty-two of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, and Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," further providing for local option on the question of granting malt and brewed beverage licenses to wholesale distributors.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 212.

An Act prohibiting the sale, transfer, purchase, ownership, possession and use of tear and noxious gas and tear gas guns; providing for certain exemptions, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON.
HOUSE BILL No. 213.

An Act to further amend section one of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 477), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the payment of the salary, medical and hospital expenses of policemen and firemen by cities, boroughs, towns, and townships who are injured in the performance of their duty; and providing that absence during such injury shall not reduce any usual sick leave period," by adding a presumption of relationship to employment of diseases of the heart and tuberculosis of the respiratory system and providing disability benefits for such conditions.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. MORAN and HUNTER.
HOUSE BILL No. 214.

An Act abolishing taxes on real estate for school purposes, except such as may be necessary for funded debt purposes and for maintenance of school buildings and grounds.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and POLASKI.
HOUSE BILL No. 215.

An Act to further amend section 671 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by authorizing the change of the fiscal year by districts of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. EDWIN F. THOMPSON and PICHNEY.
HOUSE BILL No. 216.

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by permitting the playing of hockey between certain hours on Sundays.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. EDWIN F. THOMPSON and PICHNEY.
HOUSE BILL No. 217.

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by permitting basket ball between certain hours on Sundays.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. POLEN and McMILLEN.
HOUSE BILL No. 218.

An Act to further amend section 30 of the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 522), entitled as amended "An act relating to dogs, and the protection of live stock, poultry, and game birds, raised in captivity from damage by dogs, providing for the licensing of dogs by the Secretary of Agriculture; providing for the enumeration of dogs by assessorsffi regulating the keeping of dogs, and authorizing their destruction in certain cases; providing for the protection of licensed dogs, and for dogs temporarily imported for trial, show, and breeding purposes; prescribing certain privileges for hunting dogs and dogs owned or used by the Board of Game Commissioners; providing for the assessment of damages done to live stock, poultry, and game birds by dogs, and for live stock killed by, or dying from rabies, and for the illegal killing of licensed dogs, and the payment of such damages by the Commonwealth; imposing powers and duties on certain State, county, city, borough, town, and township officers and employes, directing the payment of all moneys collected into the State Treasury; and providing penalties," by increasing the maximum amounts of payments by the State and requiring additional proof of claims in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 219.

An Act declaring the title which a purchaser takes through judicial sale of personal property.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SMITH and Mrs. VARALLO.

HOUSE BILL No. 220.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1661) entitled "An act to impose a temporary tax on real estate for public school purposes in school districts of the first class for current expenses," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SMITH and Mrs. VARALLO.

HOUSE BILL No. 221.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1676), entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property; providing for its levy and collection; conferring and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority, board of revision of taxes, receiver of school taxes, school treasurer, board of public education in such districts, and courts; providing for compensation to certain officers and employes; and imposing penalties," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SMITH and Mrs. VARALLO.

HOUSE BILL No. 222.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1669), entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax in persons engaging in certain businesses, professions, occupations, trades, vocations and commercial activities therein; providing for its levy and collection; conferring and imposing powers and duties on the Board of Public Education, receiver of school taxes and school treasurer in such districts; and prescribing penalties," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 223.

An Act designating October fifteenth of each year "Poetry Day;" and providing for the observance thereof.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 224.

An Act to further amend section 7 of the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such boards; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payably by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by further providing for the preparation of assessment rolls and lists.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 225.

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," limiting the right of women to collect maintenance and expenses for bastard children.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 226.

An Act to amend the title and further amend Section 1, of the act approved the twenty-second day of March, one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 31), entitled "An act to provide for the assignment of counsel in murder cases, and for the allowance of expenses and compensation in such cases", extending the provisions thereof to include all felony cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 227.

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," changing the penalty for fornication.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 228.

An Act to amend section 733 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by providing for an alternative procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 229.

An Act to amend Section 3307 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs", by further regulating zoning; changing the provisions for appeals.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Mr. JOHNSON. HOUSE BILL No. 230.

An Act regulating the demotion or reduction in rank or pay of police officers policemen and employes of public bureaus in cities of the second class, second class A, and third class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. TOOMEY, HAROLD G. MILLER and REESE HOUSE BILL No. 231.

An Act relating to mental health including mental illness, mental defect, epilepsy, and inebriety; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the laws relating thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and BLOOM.

HOUSE BILL No. 232.

An Act making appropriations to the Department of Property and Supplies to purchase, repair, restore and maintain the Caleb Pusey House, and the grounds surrounding the same, in the borough of Upland, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, as an historic shrine.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 233.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the preservation, maintenance and development of the Fort LeBoeuf Memorial, and certain expenses in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. MORAN and JENKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 234.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 3, article 4 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania permitting the Governor to succeed himself.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. GIBSON, CLARENCE E. MOORE and BRETH HOUSE BILL No. 235.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provision for the taxation of private forest reserves.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. MORAN and JENKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 236.

An Act exempting from real estate taxation residences of certain persons sixty-five years of age or older whose income does not exceed a certain amount.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. MORAN and JENKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 237.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight, section one of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, giving citizens eighteen years of age the right to vote.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

COMMUNICATION

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Commerce
State Planning Board
Harrisburg

February 9, 1951.

Honorable Herbert P. Sorg
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Room 139, Capitol
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Speaker:

At the direction of the State Planning Board I am transmitting herewith the Board's Report to the General Assemly on State Grants for Post-War Public Works Planning (Act 413, P. L. 1191 of 1945 and Act 186, P. L. 406 of 1947), including a statement on the "State Planning Board's Action toward Termination of Post-War Planning Commission's Program."

Sincerely yours,

F. A. Pitkin, Executive Director.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.
(For report, see Appendix).

COMMUNICATION

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication which was read by the Clerk as follows:

War Claims Commission
Washington 25, D. C.

February 1, 1951.

Speaker of the House
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Legislature
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

My dear Mr. Speaker:

Enclosed are copies of important information regarding veterans in your State, which I believe will be of real interest to each Member of the Legislature.

Will you please be good enough to have these placed on the Members' desks at your earliest convenience? The press bureaus may also be interested.

Your interest and cooperation are appreciated very much.

Sincerely yours,

F. Byrne Austin, Executive Director.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.
(For material, see Appendix).

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 18.

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and providing penalties" by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLAIR from the Committee on Motor Vehicles, reported as committed, House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence, imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused

by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles.

Mr. MAZZA from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act relating to the care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons adjudged sexual psychopaths; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto, governing the examination, detention, hearing, commitment and discharge of persons so afflicted; and providing for certain exemptions; payment of maintenance and reimbursement in such cases.

Mrs. MARKLEY from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act relating to the examination, detention, hearing, commitment, care, treatment, rehabilitation, probation and discharge of any person who is not insane, but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior, or who lacks the customary standards of judgment, self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts, or who combines any one or more of such conditions, so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto; payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases.

Mrs. COYLE from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 510), entitled "An act providing for the licensure and regulation of certain private nursing homes and private hospitals; conferring certain powers and duties upon the Department of Welfare; and providing penalties," including boarding houses and homes within its provisions, requiring the Department of Welfare to revoke licenses in certain cases, reducing the period in which licensees must comply with department orders and granting the Department of Welfare the power to padlock licensees' premises in certain cases.

Mr. REIDENBACH from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, House Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmens clubs, association or federations.

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto.

SENATE MESSAGES

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for Concurrence Nos. 5, 48 and 50.

BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

SENATE BILL No. 4.

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining memberships of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

PERMISSION GRANTED TO HOLD CAUCUS

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the minority desires permission from the House to hold a brief caucus.

I also want to inform the minority Members that there will be a meeting of the Military Affairs Committee to consider the absentee Ballot law, voting law. It is not a controversial measure in that it passed the Senate 49 to 0 and, therefore, I would prefer that the minority Members of the Military Affairs Committee attend the caucus rather than the meeting of the Committee.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Military Affairs to meet during the session of the House.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for twenty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. McMILLEN from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairmen of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained unanimous consent for Senate Bill No. 4 to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county board of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairman of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, the Minority requested permission of the House to caucus with reference to Amendments to House Bill No. 1.

The matter of compensation to volunteer members of mobile units has become a matter of minor controversy. The bill as it stands provides that volunteer members of the mobile units shall be compensated at the rate of five dollars a day. The bill, as you know, also provides that municipal employes directed by their governing body to serve as members of mobile units shall draw their regular pay.

The Democratic Caucus considered at length the matter of compensating volunteers in times of an emergency in any amount. We discussed the matter of whether a volunteer was or was not a volunteer. We discussed the matter of whether in our various communities in Pennsylvania there are men and women, who in times of great emergency, would or would not volunteer to serve their own communities, to serve the Commonwealth and to serve the nation. We discussed the matter of trying to place a monetary value upon volunteer service in times of emergency. And we decided there was no standard, no monetary standard, that could be used in computing patriotic impulse and patriotic service. And it was the opinion of the Democratic Caucus, by a preponderant vote, that in these times when there are so many dying, when there is such grave danger, we considered whether or not it was not the part of wisdom upon the part of the Commonwealth to seek the largest possible measure of uncompensated volunteer help and to refuse to place a money value upon volunteer service rendered in times of an emergency.

Therefore, Mr. Speaker, the Democratic Caucus has requested me to request the House for time in which to prepare an amendment which will strike out all compensation for volunteer service and establish the volunteer as a volunteer.

Another matter has been called to my attention. It is that the municipal employes who serve as members of mobile units are provided for in the case of accidents in the performance of their duties; but there is no liability clause in the present bill which applies to the volunteer. It is our thought that this bill should be further amended to provide that those who serve as volunteer members of mobile units, if they are injured, be given the same consideration that is given the members of mobile units who are municipal employes, and that any dependents of the volunteers who may be killed in the performance of their duty also be given the same consideration.

And so, Mr. Speaker, we would request the opportunity to amend the bill, first, to eliminate all compensation for volunteer service in connection with mobile units and also for the purpose of providing liability protection for the volunteers who actually volunteer and serve.

Mr. SPEAKER. Does the Chair understand that the gentleman requests time for the preparation of these amendments?

Mr. ANDREWS. That is right, Mr. Speaker, I would like to go over to the Legislative Reference Bureau; it shouldn't take more than five or ten minutes, and I would like permission to go over to the Pennsylvania Reference

Bureau and tarry while they prepare the amendments and bring them back.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent for an extension of time to permit the preparation of amendments by the Legislative Reference Bureau to House Bill 1? Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and consent is granted.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2 as follows:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" is hereby amended to read as follows

AN ACT

Relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Civil Defense local and district Councils of Civil Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties

Section 2 The Definitions of "Local and District Councils of Defense" and "State Council of Defense" in sections two and sections three four five six and eight of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 * * * * *

"Local and District Councils of Civil Defense" shall mean such councils established under the provisions of the act approved the [nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-one (P. L. 6)] day of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L.) entitled "An act relating to the Civil Defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of Civil Defense mobile support units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

* * * * *

"State Council of Civil Defense" shall mean such council established under the provisions of the act approved the [nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-one (P. L. 6)] day of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L.) entitled "An act relating to the Civil Defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of Civil Defense mobile support units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

* * * * *

Section 3 (a) The State Council of Civil Defense shall during the continuance of the existing state of war between the United States and any foreign country have the power and its duty shall be to take such precautionary measures as may be necessary for the safety defense and protection of the civilian population of the Commonwealth and property within the Commonwealth with respect to air raids In furtherance of this power and duty the State Council of Civil Defense shall have power to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders for this purpose The State Council of Civil Defense shall cause such rules regulations and orders to be published and disseminated in the Commonwealth in such manner and to such extent as it shall deem necessary and advisable Such rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense shall have the same force as if they formed a part of this act and without limiting the general power conferred above the State Council of Civil Defense shall have the power and its duty shall be to make rules regulations and orders regarding

* * * * *

(1) The organization recruiting training maintenance and operation of aircraft warning services observation and listening posts information and control centers including the location thereof and such other services and facilities as may be necessary for the prompt reception and transmission of air raid warnings and drills

(2) The formulation and execution of plans for the carrying out of practice blackouts air raid drills and warnings and of all precautionary measures under actual conditions of hostile air raids or enemy attack

(3) The organization recruiting tarining conduct and duties and powers of volunteer agencies

(4) The effective screening or extinguishment of all lights and lighting devices and appliances

(5) The conduct or civilians and the movement and cessation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic during attack or drill

(6) The evacuation of civilian populations from dangerous or damaged areas

(7) The mobilization and coordination of municipal and volunteer agencies and the use of the personnel and equipment of such agencies wherver needed in the Commonwealth

(b) Local and district Councils of Civil Defense shall have the power to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders not inconsistent with rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense with respect to the foregoing matters Provided however That no rule regulation or other order of any local or district Council of Civil Defense shall become effective unless and until it shall have received the prior approval of the State Council of Civil Defense Each local and district Council of Civil Defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense and by such local or district Council of Civil Defense

Section 4 It shall be the duty of every local and district Council of Civil Defense to execute and enforce

such plans rules regulations and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate The State Council of Civil Defense is hereby authorized to designate and require agencies to aid and assist the council in the discharge of one or more of its powers and duties under this act and to grant authority to such agencies as may be deemed necessary for the effective accomplishment of any of its functions powers and duties

Section 5 The State Council of Civil Defense in providing for the mobilization and coordination of municipal and volunteer agencies shall have power to make the personnel and equipment of such agencies available for duty and use in any political subdivision other than the political subdivision in which such personnel and equipment are normally used employed or act Unless existing or future voluntary agreements between political subdivisions requqire otherwise the use of personnel and equipment of any municipal agencies in any political subdivison other than the political subdivision in which they normally are used employed or act shall be without charge or expense to such political subdivision Whenever any part of the regular personnel of any municipal agency of any political subdivision are engaged under the provisions of this act in rendering services in another political subdivision such personnel shall have the same powers duties rights privileges and immunities as if they were performing their duties in the political subdivision n which they are normally employed or act

Section 6 Whenever the United States or any agency or officer thereof shall offer equipment supplies materials or funds for or relating to air raid defense activities to the Commonwealth or to any political subdivision thereof the Commonwealth or political subdivision is hereby authorized to accept such offer and the State Council of Civil Defense shall have power and its duties shall be to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders for the use of such equipment supplies materials and funds subject to the terms of the offer and subject also to the rules and regulations of the Federai agency making the offer

Section 8 The provisions of this act and rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated under the provisions of this act shall be enforced by the State Council of Civil Defense local and district Councils of Civil Defense political subdivisions and municipal and volunteer agencies Subject to limitations contained in rules regulations and orders of the State Council of Civil Defense members of volunteer agencies shall have the powers of peace officers for the purpose of enforcing rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated for the purpose of enforcing this act Provided however That such powers shall not be exercised or performed by them except while they are on active duty and displaying an authorized identifying badge or other insignia during an air raid drill or attack

Section 3 Section nine of said act as last amended by the act approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 170) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 9 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated under this act by the State Council of Civil Defense or any local or district Council of Civil Defense or who shall fail to comply with any instructions lawfully given by any member of a municipal or volunteer agency or any person who shall without authority wear or display any official insignia authorized by the State Council of Civil Defense or a local or district Council of Civil Defense for use by members of any municipal or volunteer agency shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days or both All fines recovered under the provisions of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of the municipality or township in which the offense was committed for the use of such municipality or township

Section 4 Section eleven of said act is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 11 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment and shall continue in full force and effect during the continuance of [the existing] a state of war between the United States and any foreign country

Section 5 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Definitions The following words and phrases used in this act shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

"Political subdivisions" shall mean any county city borough incorporated town and township

"Local and district councils of civil defense" shall mean those established pursuant to the act approved the —— day of —— one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L. ——) entitled "An act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

Section 2 Every political subdivision shall have the power to make appropriations for the ordinary expenses of such political subdivisions for the payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense and for protection and preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of the said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage A political subdivision in making such appropriations shall specify the amounts and purposes for which the moneys so appropriated may be used by such councils of civil defense or other agency to or for which such appropriation may be made

Section 3 (a) Where the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense is coterminous with the political subdivision making an appropiation for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense such local or district council of civil defense shall be an agency board or commission of the political subdivision subject to all of the laws governing the makign of contracts or purchases the employment of persons or otherwise incurring financial obligations which apply to the political subdivision All bills or claims to be paid from any appropriation made pursuant to this act after first being approved by the local or district or civil defense or an appropriate officer thereof designated for the purpose shall be paid from the treasury of the political subdivision only upon the warrant or order of the officer or officers of such political subdivision designated by law to approve or countersign warrants or orders for the payment of the ordinary expenses of such political subdivision and shall be subject to audit in the same manner as other financial transactions of such political subdivision In each case the said officer or officers shall have the same power to approve or disapprove the same as they have in case of warrants for ordinary expenses of the political subdivision and no warrant or order for the payment thereof shall be issued without such approval Any gift or grant of money made to the local or distdict Council of Civil Defense or to the political subdivision for the payment of expenses incurred or to be incurred by or for the local or district council of civil defense shall be deposited in the treasury of the political subdivision and shall be appropriated by the political subdivision for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made and any bills or claims to be paid from such gift or grant shall be paid in the manner herein provided for the payment of other bills and claims against such political subdivision

(b) Where a local or district council of civil defense has jurisdiction in an area including all or parts of more than one political subdivision which does not include the whole area of any county the political subdivisions all or part of which lie within the jurisdiction of such local or district council of civil defense shall before paying any expenses of such local or district council of civil defense enter into an agreement designating one of said political subdivisions as the agent of each of them for the purpose of paying the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense The agreement shall also set forth the proportionate share of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense to be paid by each political subdivision party to said agreement and an estimate of the amount required to be appropriated by each of them for the purpose of paying such expenses The agreement shall be effective when approved by the corporate authorities of each of said political subdivisions by a majority vote and each of said subdivisions shall thereupon make an appropriation pursuant to section two of this act sufficient to pay its share of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense All bills and claims for expenses incurred by or for the local or district council of civil defense shall thereafter be paid in the first instance by the political subdivision named as agent in the aforesaid agreement in the manner provided in paragraph (a) of this section as though the local or district council of civil defense were coterminous with such political subdivision and the local or district council of civil defense shall be subject to all of the laws governing the making of contracts or purchases the employment of persons or otherwise incurring financial obligations which apply to such political subdivisions The political subdivision designated as agent shall not later than the fifteenth day of each month submit an itemized account of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense paid by it during the preceding calendar month t oeach of the other political subdivisions party to the said agreement together with a request for reimbursement of the proportionate share of such expenses agreed to be paid by each of such other political subdivisions Each political subdivision so requested to make reimbursement shall do so within thirty days after such request from the appropriation made for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense and in the event of failure to do so mandamus shall lie to compel the officers of such political subdivisions to pay the agreed upon proportionate share of the proper expenses of the local or district council of civil defense out of the first moneys thereafter in the treasury of such political subdivision and not previously pledged to any other purpose Provided That no political subdivision shall be compelled to pay for any one year an amount greater than the amount estimated in the agreement as its proportionate share The books and records of the political subdivision designated as agent in the agreement shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by an authorized agent of each other political subdivision party to the agreement and by any taxpayer who by law is entitled to inspect the books or accounts of any political subdivision party to the agreement Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to limit the power of any political subdivision to appropriate and pay out for the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense an amount greater than that set forth in the agreement herein required Provided That all such payments shall be made through the treasury of the political subdivision designated as agent in such agreement in the manner herein required Any payment made by any political subdivision to the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement for reimbursement for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense shall be credited by such agent political subdivision to the appropriation made by it for the payment of the expenses of the local and district council of civil defense and shall be available for the payment of future expenses of the local or district council of civil defense without further appropriation or action by such agent political subdivision Any gift or grant of money made to or for the local or district council of civil defense shall if made to a political subdivision be deposited in its treasury and be appropriated by it for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made and such political subdivision shall notify the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement of such appro-

priation and the purpose for which is it available If such gift or grant of money is made to the local or district council of civil defense it shall be deposited in the reasury of the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement and shall be appropriated by such political subdivision for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made Provided however That any expenditure made by such agent political subdivision from any gift or grant deposited in its treasury or reimbursed from any gift or grant deposited in the treasury of any other political subdivision shall not be included in computing the reimbursement requested from any other political subdivision under the agreement

(c) Where the local or district council of civil defense has jurisdiction in an area including the whole area of one or more counties which is not coterminous with any one county before paying any expenses of the local or district council of civil defense the counties all or part of which lie within the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense shall enter into an agreement in the manner and form provided in paragraph (b) of this section and with like effect and no other political subdivision lying within the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense shall be a party to such agreement For the purposes of this paragraph the city and county of Philadelphia shall be a county and the city of Philadelphia shall act for such city and county

(d) Nothing in this or any other section of this act shall be deemed to limit the power of any political subdivision to appropriate money for the purpose of paying thethe expenses of a local or district council of civil defense having jurisdiction both within and without the political subdivision even though an appropriation has been or is to be made to another local or district council of civil defense coterminous with or having jurisdiction within such political subdivision Provided That any payments on account of such appropriation shall be made pursuant to an agreement as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) hereof or in the form of a gift or grant to the political subdivision responsible in the first instance for the payment of bills and claims against the local or district council of civil defense for the payment of the expenses of which such appropriation was made

(e) No purchase or purchases shall be made no contract entered into and no expenses incurred by any civil defense council which involves the payment of more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) out of the treasury of any second class township unless the proposed expenditure has been approved in writing by the township supervisors If any purchase or contract is made or other expenses incurred contrary to the provisions of this subsection the township shall not be responsible for the payment thereof but the person acting for the civil defense council in such transaction shall be personally liable for such payment

Section 4 Any political subdivision during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred fifty-one may borrow a sum or sums of money necessary for the purposes authorized by this act by the issuance and sale of bonds or notes in the manner provided in the Municipal Borrowing Law approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) Such bonds or notes shall mature within one year from the date of issue

Section 5 Repealer The act approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 42) entitled "An act authorizing certain political subdivisions to made appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes providing for the repayment thereof and ratifying confirming and validating appropriations heretofore made for said purposes" is hereby repealed

All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 6 Effective Date This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment and shall remain in effect until a period of six (6) months after the State Council of Civil Defense is dissolved or suspended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good.	Markley	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual

helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Whereas the Congress of the United States of America has granted its consent to civil defense compacts by an act entitled "Federal Civil Defense Act of one thousand nine hundred fifty" (Public Law 920 Eighty-First Congress Second Session approved January twelfth one thousand nine hundred fifty-one) the Legislature of this State hereby ratifies a compact on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with any other State legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows

Interstate Civil Defense and Disaster Compact

The contracting States solemnly agree

Article 1 The purpose of this compact is to provide mutual aid among the States in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause (natural or otherwise) including sabotage and subversive acts and direct attacks by bombs shellfire and atomic radiological chemical bacteriological means and other weapons The prompt full and effective utilization of the resources of the respective States including such resources as may be available from the United States Government or any other source are essential to the safety care and welfare of the people thereof in the event of enemy action or other emergency and any other resources including personnel equipment or supplies shall be incorporated into a plan or plans of mutual aid to be developed among the Civil Defense agencies or similar bodies of the States that are parties hereto The Directors of Civil Defense of all party States shall constitute a committee to formulate plans and to take all necessary steps for the implementation of this compact

Article 2 It shall be the duty of each party State to formulate civil defense plans and programs for application within such State There shall be frequent consultation between the representatives of the States and with the United States Government and the free exchange of information and plans including invntories of any materials and equipment available for civil defense In carrying out such civil defense plans and programs the party States shall so far as possible provide and follow uniform standards practices and rules and regulations including

(a) Insignia arm bands and any other distinctive articles to designate and distinguish the different civil defense services

(b) Blackouts and practice blackouts aid raid drills mobilization of civil defense forces and other tests and exercises

(c) Warnings and signals for drills or attacks and the mechanical devices to be used in connection therewith

(d) The effective screening or extinguishing of all lights and lighting devices and appliances

(e) Shutting off water mains gas mains electric power connections and suspension of all other utility services

(f) All materials or equipment used or to be used for civil defense purposes in order to assure that such materials and equipment will be easily and freely interchangeable when used in or by any other party State

(g) The conduct of civilians and the movement and cessation of movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic prior during and subsequent to drills or attacks

(h) The safety of public meetings or gathers and

(i) Mobile support units

Article 3 Any party State requested to render mutual aid shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by this compact in accordance with the terms hereof Provided That it is understood that the State rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such State Each party State shall extend to the civil defense forces of any other party State while operating within its State limits under the terms and conditions of this compact the same powers (except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving State) duties rights privileges and immunities as if they were performing their duties in the State in which normally employed or rendering services Civil defense forces will continue under the command and control of their regular leaders but the organizational units will come under the operational control of the civil defense authorities of the State receiving assistance

Article 4 Whenever any person holds a license certificate or other permit issued by any State evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional mechanical or other skills such person may render aid involving such skill in any party State to meet an emergency or disaster and such State shall give due recognition to such license certificate or other permit as if issued in the State in which aid is rendered

Article 5 No party State or its officers or employes rendering aid in another State pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith

Article 6 Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two or more States may differ from that appropriate among other States party hereto this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all States and nothing herein contained shall preclude any State from entering into supplementary agreements with another State or States Such supplementary agreements may comprehend but shall not be limited to provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical fire police public utility reconnaissance welfare transportation and communications personnel equipment and supplies

Article 7 Each party State shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the civil defense forces of that State and the representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid pursuant to this compact in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within such State

Article 8 Any party State rendering aid in another State pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the party State receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests Provided That any aiding party State may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense or other cost or may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party State without charge or cost and Provided further That any two or more party States may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those States The United States Government may relieve the party State receiving aid from any liability and reimburse the party State supplying civil defense for the compensation paid to and the transportation subsistence and maintenance expenses of such forces during the time of the rendition of such aid or assistance outside the State and may also pay fair and reasonable compensation for the use or utilization of the supplies materials equipment or facilities or utilized or consumed

Article 9 Plans for the orderly evacuation and reception of the civilian population as the result of an emergency or disaster shall be worked out from time to time between representatives of the party States and the various local civil defense areas thereof Such plans shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees the number of evacuees to be received in different areas the manner in which food clothing housing and medical care will be provided the registration of the evacuees the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or

friends and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials supplies and all other relevant factors Such plans shall provide that the party State receiving evacuees shall be reimbursed generally for the out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for such evacuees for expenditures for transportation food clothing medicines and medical care and like items Such expenditures shall be reimbursed by the party State of which the evacuees are residents or by the United States Government under plans approved by it After the termination of the emergency or disaster the party State of which the evacuees are resident shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support or repatriation of such evacuees

Article 10 This compact shall be available to any State territory or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia The term "State" may also include any neighboring foreign country or province or state thereof

Article 11 The committee established pursuant to Article 1 of this compact may request the Civil Defense Agency of the United States Government to act as an informational and coordinating body under this compact and representatives of such agency of the United States Government may attend meetings of such committee

Article 12 This compact shall become operative immediately upon its ratification by any State as between it and any other State or States so ratifying and shall be subject to approval by Congress unless prior Congressional approval has been given Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall at the time of their approval be deposited with each of the party States and with the Civil Defense Agency and other appropriate agencies of the United States Government

Article 13 This compact shall continue in force and remain binding on each party State until the Legislature or the Governor of such party State takes action to withdraw therefrom Such action shall not be effective until 30 days after notice thereof has been sent by the Governor of the party State desiring to withdraw to the Governors of all other party States

Article 14 This compact shall be construed to effectuate the purposes stated in Article 1 hereof If any provision of this compact is declared unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the constitutionality of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby

Section 2 Duly authenticated copies of this act shall upon its approval be transmitted to the Governor of each State to the President of the Senate of the United States to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives to the Federal Civil Defense Administration to the Secretary of State of the United States and to the Council of State Governments

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall.	McKinney,	Seyler,
Hamilton, R. K.,	Blair,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, as follows:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 The sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of wages and other compensations of the employes and for the payment of general expenses necessary for the proper conduct of its work for the balance of the fiscal biennium 1949-1951 Said sum shall be in addition to any sum heretofore appropriated to the Joint State Government Commission for said purposes

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299) entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles for the accumulation of county tax liens and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assessed for county city borough township school and institution district taxation providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties providing for the use in counties of the second class of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes and in the sale of real estate for taxes and imposing duties upon certain county officials in second class counties and upon treasurers tax collectors and solicitors of cities boroughs towns townships and school districts in said ounties" by further providing for the contents of instruments to be received for recording by the recorder of deeds and imposing duties on him relating thereto

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (c) of Section 3 of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 359) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 299) entitled 'An act providing for the establishment in counties of the second class of the lot and block plan for the registration of land titles for the accumulation of county tax liens and for the enumeration of the parcels of real estate to be assessed for county city borough township school and institution district taxation providing for the incurring of indebtedness for the installation thereof and imposing duties upon the county controller and the deed registrar in each of such counties' providing for the use in counties of the second class of the lot and block descriptive number in the making of assessments in the preparation of tax bills and tax receipts in the filing of liens for delinquent taxes and in the sale of real estate for taxes and imposing duties upo nertain county officiols in second class counties and upon treasurers tax collectors and solicitors of cities boroughs towns townships and school districts in said counties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The effect of the order of the Court of Common Pleas shall be as follows

* * * *

(c) The recorder of deeds shall [not] receive for recording any deed mortgage or other instrument that shall refer to a specific parcel of real estate [unless] whether or not said deed mortgage or other instrument shall bear the certification by the custodian of the lot and block system that the lot and block system descriptive numbers incorporated in the description of the real estate described therein are correct but before transcribing any such deed mortgage or other instrument lacking the certification he shall obtain the same from the custodian of the lot and block system

Section 2 The provisions of this at shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,

Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the General Assembly for the payment of the expenses of its Inaugural Committee in making and carrying out the arrangements for its inauguration of the Governor-elect on January sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upo final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, February 13, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 19, 1951 at four o'clock p. m., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday February 19, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. BOORSE asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Municipal Corporations to meet during the session of the House.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. COOPER from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 59, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom; for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims; and reinstating the lien of certain claims.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The SPEAKER. The Chair has been requested to announce that there will be a meeting of the Republican Caucus in the new House Caucus Room immediately upon the calling of a recess.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for thirty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PERMISSION EXTENDED TO AMEND BILL

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in the hope that a period for further deliberation may make it possible to come more nearly to reaching an agreement concerning the proposed amendments to House Bill 1, I am asking that the permission granted by the House today to amend this measure be extended until tomorrow morning.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman requests an extension of permission to offer amendments to a bill on third reading until tomorrow. Are there objections? The Chair hears none. Permission is granted.

RESOLUTION

CONGRATULATIONS

Mr. GUARNIERI offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 13, 1951.

Whereas, the Honorable Thomas Peta, our esteemed and beloved colleague, member of this House from the Fifth Legislative District of Philadelphia County, shall celebrate the thirty-ninth anniversary of his birth on Saturday, February 17, 1951, and

Whereas, the members of this House wish to extend their most sincere congratulations to Mr. Peta on the occasion of his birthday; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, that this House unanimously extend its most sincere congratulations and good wishes to the Honorable Thomas Peta for his continued health and success and many years of health and happiness.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Peta.

Mr. PETA. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank all the members.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. GUARNIERI asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mrs. MUNLEY asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by her.

Mr. PETA asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. AMARANDO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Fisheries, Mr. Gibson, Chairman, Room Number 331, Wednesday, February 14, at 9:45 A. M.

Memorial, Mr. Wood, Chairman, Room 246, Wednesday, February 14, at 9:30 A. M.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 14, 1951 at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 4:02 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

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SENATE

WEDNESDAY, February 14, 1951.

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. WILLIAM H. KELLY, Pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical United Brethren Church, Lewisburg, offered the following prayer:

Let us look to God for guidance. Oh God of our FATHERS, our help in ages past and our hope for years to come, help us to see, as another has said, the long view of our work and our world. Help us in our effort to build a better world, a better Nation, a better State for the good of us all.

Help us this day to know that Thou art guiding and directing our footsteps and our pathways. May we come to know Thee, Whom to know is life eternal. May Thy peace abide in our hearts and may we strive to work together for the upbuilding of Thy kingdom here on earth among men.

Guide and bless the Legislators and their Presiding Officers so that truth may ever triumph over wrong. So, let us number our days that we may apply our hearts to Thy wisdom. To Thee ever be praise and honor, now and always. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. SCARLETT, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR DEFECTIVE DELINQUENTS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles J. McGee, Saxton, Bedford County, for appointment as a Member of the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Institution for Defective Delinquents, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

PRESENTATION TO THE HONORABLE AND MRS. DANIEL B. STRICKLER

Mr. KESSLER. Mr. President, my colleagues of the Senate have conferred upon me, a newcomer in the Senate, what I consider to be a signal honor. They have asked me to present, on their behalf, a token of esteem and appreciation to the former Lieutenant-Governor, General Daniel B. Strickler. This I am genuinely happy to do, not only because General Strickler comes from Lancaster, but more so because he represents that rare type of citizen who serves his community, his State and his Country promptly, willingly and continually in war and in peace.

Mr. President, it is regrettable that General Strickler cannot be here this morning to receive this tribute in person. He is, as you know, in command of the illustrious 28th Division, now in training at Camp Atterbury, Indiana. We are honored, however, by the presence of his charming wife, Mrs. Caroline Bolton Strickler, who came up here this morning to participate in this presentation. I would like to ask Mrs. Strickler to stand just for a moment, so that all of us here in the Senate may see her.

Mr. President, it occurred to me on the way to Harrisburg this morning that this is an opportune incident. We celebrate today St. Valentine's Day, which, according to custom, is a day on which we exchange or give sentimental tributes. I do not know whether there is any connection between St. Valentine and that procedure or not, but I did read somewhere that on February 15 the Romans used to celebrate a feast called Lupercalia. There was considerable license at that time, and the young men used to dress in goat skins and they went around town beating women with goat thongs, a rite believed to insure fertility and easy delivery in child birth. I thought it fortunate that we in the Senate did not have a custom like that, because we would make a pretty sorry spectacle of ourselves, wouldn't we?

Mr President, General Strickler spent his boyhood in Columbia, Pennsylvania. He lived next door, I believe, to the former General Shannon, who was Lieutenant-Governor from 1931 to 1935, and who had, I believe, an

extraordinary influence on Strickler's life, because there is a very close parallel between their successful careers in the military, in the community and from a political standpoint.

General Strickler's military career is unusual in certain respects. He began at the early age of nineteen when he enlisted in the old 4th Pennsylvania Infantry, and he saw service and duty as a Sergeant on the Mexican Border.

Another unusual thing about his career is that he was promoted almost as rapidly as military regulations permit. When the 28th Division was formed, after the old 4th Infantry Regiment was disbanded, he was a Lieutenant, and when World War I came along he was the youngest Captain in service. As we got into World War II, Strickler was then a full Colonel, but he surrendered that rank for a Lieutenant Colonelcy in order to stay with the fighting troops of the First World War Division. It was his battalion that was the first allied unit to enter German Territory in 1944, and now with what might be the approach of World War III, we find Strickler a General in command of that famous 28th Division, to whose record he contributed so much.

Mr. President, General Strickler's decorations include the Silver Star with Oak Leaf Clusters, the Legion of Merit, the Bronze Star, the Pennsylvania Distinguished Service Medal and Citations, I believe, granted from France and Belgium.

From a community standpoint, General Strickler has always been an outstanding citizen. He is an elder in his Church; he has always been assigned to difficult organizing jobs; he was a Director or President, I believe, of the Board of Directors of the local Y.M.C.A. for a number of years. He headed the American Red Cross for a period of time, and held many offices in the American Legion and other post-war military organizations.

Politically, General Strickler was for many years prominent in the Pennsylvania State Young Republican Committee. He was the County Solicitor for the County. He served with honor on a special temporary assignment as Commissioner of Police. He was in the House of Representatives in 1930-31, and in 1946 he was elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, as Presiding Officer of this Senate, General Strickler always showed a very strict sense of parlimentary propriety, he was very gracious in giving recognition to visitors, and while he rendered at times opinions with which many Senators differed, he would always endeavor to be fair and to see that everyone had his chance to speak.

Mr. President, it is in appreciation of a well performed task as Lieutenant-Governor, and in recognition of his outstanding service to his community and to his Country, that the majority members of the Senate would like to pay him this tribute of their respect and esteem.

Mrs. Strickler, we would like to present to you, on behalf of the Majority Members, this gift, with the hope that it will bring back to you and the General many happy memories, and with it goes the very best wishes of all of us for continued good health, success and a happy life as long as you live.

Mrs. STRICKLER. I must say thank you, all of you. This is perfectly handsome. Dan will be just overcome; I am, too. It is perfectly wonderful.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair wishes to commend the Senator from Lancaster for his very excellent remarks and the skillful manner in which they were made, and the Chair also joins the rest of the Senate in subscribing to the sentiments therein contained.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WOLFE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WOLFE. Mr. President, I desire to announce that the Committees on Military Affairs of the House and the Senate have arranged with the Bonus Bureau, that branch of the Military Department of Pennsylvania, to have representatives available in the Senate and the House during the time that we are in Session, beginning Monday. Any communication you might desire to file with them or any information you desire to procure from them, if it is not available immediately, they will procure it for us, and advise us the same day or soon thereafter.

Beginning Monday, three representatives of that Bureau will be available here. At the present time, the plan is to have them stationed in the Adjutant General's office on the second floor in the rear, but we decided this morning to have representatives in the Senate and House lobbies, where they will be available to us instead of going over there. It will be announced Monday where they will be. According to the present plan, they will be in the Adjutant General's old office in the rear, beginning Monday.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. MEADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twelfth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 711), entitled "An act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process, or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein, and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof," by increasing the number of judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 189, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Abington Memorial Hospital, Abington, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union, merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate, subsidiary or component part; providing for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

CALENDAR

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 7, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440) entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by permitting stockholders of banks banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks institutions and companies and validating prior acts.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 67, on second reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldier Orphans' School" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgements of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgements and validating acknowledgements heretofore taken by such officers.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, February 19, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. MAHANY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:51 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, February 19, 1951, at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, February 14, 1951.

The House met at 10:00 a.m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Charles F. Trunk, Jr., pastor of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Create in us clean hearts, O God, and renew a right spirit in each one of us. Help us to know Thee and Thy voice so well that no false God can direct us wrongly. Protect us from becoming professional handlers of the truth of Thy law—lest that truth melt away in our hands. When we must differ, let us do it as brothers; and if we must make a stand may we stand for something good—or we shall fall for anything. "In Thy light shall we see light." Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, February 13, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bill numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 2.

An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. GIBSON and BRETH.

HOUSE BILL No. 238.

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Messrs. WILLIAM C. LEONARD and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 239.

An Act to amend Sections 1316 and 1319 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by further regulating contracts and purchases, and bonds for the protection of labor and materialmen.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Messrs. BEECH and SCHMIDT.

HOUSE BILL No. 240.

An Act to amend section two thousand five hundred nine of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial school amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the laws relating thereto" by increasing reimbursement on account of courses for handicapped children.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. BEECH and SCHMIDT.

HOUSE BILL No. 241.

An Act to amend section six hundred forty-six of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by increasing the age range of children prohibited admittance to moving picture theatres during school hours.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. JOHN M. JONES and BUCCHIN.

HOUSE BILL No. 242.

An Act to further amend clause (k) of Section one hundred eight of the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566) entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry the Workmen's Compensation Board Workmen's Compensation Referees and deans of medical schools creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases making an appropriation and prescribing penalties" by further defining Silicosis or anthracosilicosis.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 243.

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land at the recognized site of William Penn's first landing in Pennsylvania, in the city of Chester, Delaware County, as a historical site; providing for the control management supervision, improvement and maintenance thereof; authorizing the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to make an enforce rules and regulations for the preservation and visitation thereof; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. GUTHRIE and HELM.

HOUSE BILL No. 244.

An Act to amend sections 603 and 703 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by making one entry on the assessment roll and tax duplicate suffice for both each county and its coterminous county institution district.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.

HOUSE BILL No. 245.

An Act to add section 605.1 to the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the aceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by providing for the furnishing to the board of abstracts of building permits at the cost of persons obtaining such permits and if information relating to improvements to real property in certain cases; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. GUTHRIE and HELM.

HOUSE BILL No. 246.

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571) entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by changing the dates for the making of assessments by local assessors, for the preparation and correction of the assessment roll and the publication and inspection thereof, for the filing and hearing of appeals, and for the preparation of duplicates.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.

HOUSE BILL No. 247.

An Act to amend the title and the act, approved the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age, or older, to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created, and saving and relieving parents, guardians, and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor, unless joining therein," by extending the provisions thereof to include certain, adults and empowering the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts; and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contracts under certain conditions.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. WELSH and TAYLOR.

HOUSE BILL No. 248.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 722 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand

nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by exempting motor vehicles of war amputees from the payment of title or registration fees.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 249.

An Act to further amend Section 504 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing that plans for public improvements in townships of the first class need not be submitted to the county planning commission.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BUCCHIN. HOUSE BILL No. 250.

An Act to further amend the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the State Board of Barber Examiners as a departmental administrative board in the Department of Public Instruction.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. FILO and BOIES. HOUSE BILL No. 251.

An Act to add Section 610.1 to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for issuance of additional operator's license cards to applicants operating motor vehicles for commercial purposes or as paid employes, providing for suspension of operating privileges for exceeding lawful speed limitations and continuance of other operating privileges.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE. HOUSE BILL No. 252.

An Act to amend Section 605 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessments for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by uch counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by requiring the recorder's record of conveyances to contain complete post office addresses of grantees.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE. HOUSE BILL No. 253.

An Act to further amend clause (2) of Section 12 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes; defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances of persons able to engage in gainful occupations.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL No. 254.

An Act to add Section 306.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2017), entitled "An act creating in each county (except of the first class) as a separate corporation, and in each city of the first and second class as a part of the city government, an institution district for the care and maintenance of certain indigent persons and children; prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners, county treasurers, city departments of public welfare, the State Department of Welfare and the State Department of Public Assistance in respect thereto; abolishing certain poor districts and terminating the terms of directors, overseers, guardians and managers of the poor and poor district auditors, and providing for the temporary employment of certain of them; providing for the transfer, vesting, sale and disposition of the property of poor districts and the payment of their obligations; imposing certain existing obligations on institution districts and on the Commonwealth; regulating the affairs of poor districts until abolished; revising, amending, changing and consolidating the law relating to the care of the poor; and repealing existing laws," by authorizing institution districts of certain counties to employ psychiatrists; and providing for reimbursements by the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. RIGBY and SCHMIDT.
HOUSE BILL No. 255.

An Act to amend subsection (a) of section 1305 and section 1306 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools, amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for the Commonwealth to pay tuition charges, to school districts for certain nonresident children.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 256

An Act to further amend sections 10 and 14 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 233), entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care, maintenance, and relief of aged, retired and disabled employees of the Bureau of Police in cities of the second class; providing a pension fund for said employees; and providing for the payment of certain dues, fees, assessments, fines, and appropriations thereto; regulating membership therein; creating a board for the management thereof, providing the amount, mode, and manner of payment to beneficiaries thereof, and for the care and disposition of said fund; providing for the payment into this fund by cities of the second class of all monies heretofore payable into any other funds, organizations, corporations, or associations having the same or similar purposes, and of such additional monies as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act," by changing and fixing the amount of members' contributions and pension payments to beneficiaries.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. RIGBY and SCHMIDT.
HOUSE BILL No. 257.

An Act to further amend section 652 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, conosolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the measure of pupil teacher ratio in computing the real estate tax for school purposes in school districts of the first class and first class A.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 258.

An Act forbidding employers to charge individuals a fee for medical examination as a condition of employment subject to certain restrictions.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. LOVETT. HOUSE BILL No. 259.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the tenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 645), entitled "An act imposing certain requirements on certain hospitals receiving State aid; authorizing the withholding of appropriations; and imposing duties on the Department of Welfare," by requiring certain State-aided hospitals to have at least one physician as a member of their boards of trustees.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL No. 260.

An Act to repeal the act approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1161) entitled "An act to provide for the prompt peaceful and just settlement of labor disputes between public utility employers engaged in furnishing electric gas water and steam heat services to the public and their employes which cause or threaten to cause strikes lockouts slowdowns or similar work stoppages and consequent interruptions in the supply of a public utility service on which a community served is so dependent that severe hardship would be inflicted on a substantial number of persons by a cessation of such service providing procedures for the adjustment and settlement of such disputes declaring that the public policy of the Commonwealth requires the continuation without cessation of such public utility services and providing means including regulations affecting the rights powers and privileges of employers and employes for the enforcement of such public policy and providing penalties."

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL No. 261.

An Act to repeal the act approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183) entitled "A nact relating to strikes by public employes prohibiting such strikes providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment providing for reinstatement under certain conditions providing for a grievance procedure and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board."

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. GEER and McNALLY. HOUSE BILL No. 262.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and

to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by permitting earnings or other income to supplement public assistance in certain cases.

Referred to the Committe on Welfare.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 263.

An Act providing for payment of prevailing rates of wages to Motion Picture Operators employed by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 264.

An Act to amend the Act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 58) entitled "An act to provide for safety guards upon passenger elevators and providing a penalty for violation thereof" by adding Sections two and three.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. VERONA and PAUL F. JONES.
HOUSE BILL No. 265.

An Act providing for the method of payment of wages by check or draft.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL No. 266.

An Act to further amend Section 188 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing county treasurers in certain counties to appoint solicitors; and prescribing the terms and duties and providing for the salary of such solicitors.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mrs. MUNLEY and Mr. NEEDHAM.
HOUSE BILL No. 267.

An Act to prescribe minimum wage and maximum hour standards to provide for the further determination and establishment of minimum wages by industry and to provide for enforcement of such provisions and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. TOOMEY and SWOPE.
HOUSE BILL No. 268.

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1046) entitled as amended "An act appropriating the moneys in the Motor License Fund" by providing for appropriations to the Department of Public Instruction for its expenses and payments to school districts in carrying out a driver-training program.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. TOOMEY and SWOPE.
HOUSE BILL No. 269.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto;" by providing for the establishment by the Department of Public Instruction of a standardized driver-training program in the public schools and providing for assistance to school districts in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. TOOMEY and SWOPE.
HOUSE BILL No. 270.

An Act to add Section 2511.2 to the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for payments to school districts and vocational school districts on account of employment of highway safety education instructors.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MUSTO. HOUSE BILL No. 271.

An Act imposing certain requirements on certain hospitals receiving State Aid; placing duty and responsibility of enforcement of requirements; imposing duties on the Department of Welfare; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 272.

An Act making it unlawful for a minor to purchase, attempt to purchase, induce another to purchase for him, or to consume any alcoholic beverage on licensed premises, or for any person to misrepresent his age or the age of any minor for the purpose of purchasing alcoholic beverages, or causing the same to be purchased, or served, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. ERB and HAROLD G. MILLER.
HOUSE BILL No. 273.

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. BOLTON. HOUSE BILL No. 274.

An Act to further amend Section 1001 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by increasing the compensation of the township auditors.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. BOLTON. HOUSE BILL No. 275.

An Act to add clause LVII to Section 1502 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by empowering the township commissioners to regulate the streets, sewers, public squares, common grounds, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, culverts, and drains and the heights, grades, widths, slopes, and construction thereof, and to grant rights therein for the installation of public utilities

in said streets without the consent of the abutting property owners.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. BOLTON. HOUSE BILL No. 276.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458), entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first, second, second A and third classes; prescribing the rights, powers and duties of such authorities; authorizing such authorities to acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate parking projects; to conduct research of the parking problem, and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities, and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor; providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof; conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities; empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with, and to accept grants from, the Federal Government, State, political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof; exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates," by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 277.

An Act to amend section six hundred eighty of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring new residents and residents becoming of age to notify assessors of such facts; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 278.

An Act to amend the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1242) entitled "An act relating to roads streets highways and bridges amending revising consolidating and changing the laws administered by the Secretary of Highways and by the Department of Highways relating thereto" by specifying the rate of wages paid to labor employed by the Department of Highways.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 279.

An Act to amend Section 626 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by prohibiting the sale or disposition of dangerous instruments or weapons to minors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 280.

An Act making it a crime for any landlord or his agent to rent a dwelling house or an apartment to a tenant in any city of the first class unless said dwelling house or apartment shall have some facility for providing heat.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 281.

An Act prohibiting the admission of children under sixteen years of age to places of amusement after nine post meridian, when unaccompanied by adults.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 282.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the tenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 639), entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to allow members of the fire departments twenty-four consecutive hours of rest in each week, except in emergency cases," by providing for a forty hour week with certain exceptions.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 283.

An Act to regulate control and stabilize rents and possession of housing space and living accommodations during existing public emergency establishing the office of State Rent Control Commissioner and the State Rent Control Board granting said board power to administer this act as a departmental administrative board within the Department of Commerce ad proscribing duties cerating temporary County Rent Control Board and prescribing their powers and duties providing penalties and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. ROBERT K. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 284.

An Act to further amend the penalty clause of Section 903 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by changing penalties for exceeding gross weight of certain vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 285.

An Act requiring congressional candidates to reside in district in which they seek election.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 286.

An Act relating to oleomargarine, margarine, yellow margarine, butterine and other similar products; regulating the serving thereof at public eating places; conferring

powers and imposing duties on the Department of Health and municipal health officers; prescribing penalties; and repealing certain acts.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 287.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 21), entitled "An act for the establishment of a uniform standard of time throughout the Commonwealth," by providing for a referendum to decide upon the question of retaining or changing such uniform standard of time.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 288.

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 991), entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth; by declaring acquisition, sound replanning and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health, safety, convenience and welfare; creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities; authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private, corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevelopment; providing for the organization of such authorities; defining and providing for the exercise fo their powers and duties, including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain; the leasing and selling of property, including borrowing money, issuing bonds and other obligations, and giving security therefor; restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities; providing for notice and hearing; supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers; prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities; conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions, the governing bodies of cities and counties, and on certain State officers, boards and departments," by further defining the residence qualifications of members of an authority.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 289.

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled, as amended "An act to promote public health; safety, morals, lic bodies, corporate and politic, to be known as housing and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating pub-authorities to engage in slum clearance, and to undertake projects, to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income; providing for the organization of such housing authorities; defining their powers and duties; providing for the exercise of such powers, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain, the renting and selling of property, and including borrowing money, issuing bonds, and other obligations, and giving security therefor; prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities; authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements including agreements with the United States, the Commonwealth, and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof; defining the application of zoning, sanitary, and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintained by such housing authorities; exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation; and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board, and certain other State officers and departments," by further defining the residence qualifications of members of certain housing authorities.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 290.

An Act to further amend section 1 and to amend section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 806), entitled "An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor, malt or brewed beverages, or malt and brewed beverages, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; defining hotels, and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities," by exempting clubs from such limitation.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 291.

An Act to further amend clause II of section twenty-three of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by authorizing licensed hotels, and eating places and public service licensees to sell until two o'clock antemeridian on Sundays.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 292.

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section four hundred eleven of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15—1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State Government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bring of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State Stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by authorizing licensed establishments to sell until two o'clock antemeridian on Sundays.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 293.

An Act imposing a duty of support enforceable by civil proceedings upon persons charged with the duty of support under the criminal laws of this Commonwealth or the laws of other states enacting the same or substantially similar legislation, conferring jurisdiction upon the court of common pleas of this Commonwealth, prescribing procedure, and providing for the determination and enforcement of support orders initiated or fixed by the court of common pleas of this Commonwealth of the courts of other states enacting the same or similar legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 294.

An Act to further amend Section 809 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing the records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing the use of red or blue lights on private vehicles of active members of volunteer fire departments in certain cases and authorizing blue lights in those cases in which red lights were heretofore authorized.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 295.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by increasing the maximum per capita tax rate.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 296.

An Act regulating the number of hours of duty in any calendar week for police officers employed by political subdivisions without diminution of existing salaries or compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 297.

An Act to protect the public health defining and providing for the licensing of bakeries and regulating the inspection maintenance and operation of bakeries and premises stores and shops connected therewith defining and regulating the manufacture sale and offering for sale of bakery products prohibiting the establishment of bakeries in basements prohibiting rebates discounts and special allowances conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Agriculture creating a Commissioner of Bakeries and inspectors under him and providing penalties

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 298.

An Act relating to the manufacture and distribution of candy and other confectionery products and regulating the same providing for the protection of public health and the prevention of frauds defining terms providing for permits and certificates and the procedure for revocation or suspension thereof and prescribing penalties

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. MUNLEY, NEEDHAM and WARGO. HOUSE BILL No. 299.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of section four of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to classes of persons designated and defined as depenedent children aged persons blind persons and other persons requiring relief providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with an dto accept and disburse moneys received from the United State Government for assistance to such persons providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance persons for the blind old age assistance and the State Emergency Relief Board" prohibiting the requiring of security for repayment of public assistance.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. AMARANDO, DOUGHERTY and PETA. HOUSE BILL No. 300.

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 1401) entitled "An act prohibiting discrimination in rate of pay because of sex conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry and prescribing penalties."

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. PETA, AMARANDO, DOUGHERTY and GUARNIERI. HOUSE BILL No. 301.

An Act authorizing unincorporated Labor Unions, lodges or other subordinate bodies of any labor union, society or order, to taken and hold real estate and personal property, to lend its funds and take security therefor, and to execute instruments pertaining thereto, also validating their title to real estate and personal property, and their executions of instruments pertaining thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. PETA, DOUGHERTY, GUARNIERI and AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 302.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the ninth day of Aprii, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533), entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent," by increasing amount of exemption, and prohibiting the waiver thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. HERSCH and DUFFY. HOUSE BILL No. 303.

An Act prescribing qualifications for certain building inspectors and other similar officials appointed or employed by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof under any act of assembly or local ordinance requiring the inspection of building construction alteration or improvement.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. DUFFY and HERSCH. HOUSE BILL No. 304.

An Act relating to mechanics liens and making wages due or owing to workmen or laborers in connection therewith a first lien on distribution of any payments recovered thereon

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. DUFFY and HERSCH. HOUSE BILL No. 305.

An Act providing for payment of prevailing rates of wages to laborers and mechanics by contractors and subcontractors for work on construction alteration or repair of any public work or improvement

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. DUFFY. HOUSE BILL No. 306.

An Act requiring registration of and ballistic tests on firearms; imposing duties on police heads in cities, on sheriffs in counties and on the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. GUARNIERI, PETA, DOUGHERTY, AMARANDO, Mrs. VARALLO and Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 307.

An Act to extend the powers of the board of health in cities of the first class, to abate certain public nuisances.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. GUARNIERI, PETA, DOUGHERTY, AMARANDO, Mrs. VARALLO and Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 308.

An Act making it a public nuisance to dump, deposit, or place any rubbish, trash, or refuse, anywhere within any city or the first class, or to mtaintain a place for that purpose, within any such city.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. GUARNIERI, PETA, DOUGHERTY, AMARANDO, Mrs. VARALLO and Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 309.

An Act prohibiting cities of the first class from dumping trash, rubbish or refuse on any open lands or areas within said cities.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. GUARNIERI, PETA, DOUGHERTY, AMARANDO, Mrs. VARALLO and Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 310.

An Act phohibiting the maintaining of dumping grounds within any city of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. MORAN. HOUSE BILL No. 311.

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to construct, acquire, own, operate, control, sell and lease facilities for the production, generation, transmission, distribution or furnishing of natural or artificial gas, electricity, steam, or water or the collection, disposition or treatment of sewage and to furnish or render such services to the public within or beyond their corporate limits or both, conferring the power of eminent domain, conferring certain powers and imposing certain duties on such municipalities and the controller or auditors thereof, providing for and authorizing the incorporation and election of a board of directors to operate and manage such works and defining its powers and duties, conferring certain powers and imposing certain duties on the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. READINGER and YETZER. HOUSE BILL No. 312.

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcholic and malt and brewed beverages, amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto, regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein, defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 313.

An Act to carry out the purposes of Sections 625 and 626 of The Mental Health Act of one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three, by creating a colony for certain patients under the supervision of the Philadelphia State Hospital and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGES

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 5.

An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512) entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates trust estates minors' estates and absentees' estates both as to real and personal property and the procedure relating thereto including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases the appointment bond removal and discharge of fiduciaries of such estates their powers duties and liabilities the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such esttates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors the powers duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries the abatement survival and control of actions and rights of action and the presumption of death and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the register of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries" redefining certain words providing the manner in which oaths of fiduciaries may be taken prescribing the advertisement of grant of letters clarifying the time in which accounts must be filed and the circumstances under which distribution can be made without liability to claimants who have not given notice of their claims and further defining the powers of foreign fiduciaries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 48.

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE BILL No. 50.

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 17, 1951.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, the term of an newly elected Governor begins on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election. The inauguration ceremonies are therefore held on that day.

It has been the custom, in order that the public may view and participate in the ceremony, to hold them outdoors in front of the Main Capitol Building. Outdoor ceremonies in the middle of winter are often accompanied by extremely low temperatures and high winds.

This element of discomfort and threat to health might well be eliminated by holding future inaugural ceremonies in the State Farm Show Building, where there is ample space for all interested persons to attend and view the ceremonies; therefore, be it

RESOLVED (if the House of Representatives concur), That all future inaugural ceremonies be held in the State Farm Show Building and that the buildings be reserved for this purpose on the third Tuesday of January of each year when a Governor is inaugurated and that no other use of the buildings be permitted on those days.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. SNIDER from the Committee on Game and Forestry, reported as amended, House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

Mr. HEWITT from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conewingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. SARRAF. HOUSE BILL No. 314.

An Act proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto section eighteen providing for absentee voting

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. MAXWELL. HOUSE BILL No. 315.

An Act regulating the maximum speed limit on highways under the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission; requiring the commission to establish and operate at its expense certain facilities in furtherance thereof; making certain toll tickets issued by the commission evidence of speeding violations; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. LIMPER. HOUSE BILL No. 316.

An Act relative to the printing for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to establish the requirements of responsible bidders to prescribe penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. LIMPER. HOUSE BILL No. 317.

An Act to enable the governing bodies of cities of the first and second class A to establish by ordinance the requirements of responsible bidders for city printing and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LIMPER. HOUSE BILL No. 318.

An Act to enable the county commissioners of counties of the first and second classes to establish by resolution the requirements of responsible bidders for county printing and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE (by request) HOUSE BILL No. 319.

An Act to further amend Article V, of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15—1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by eliminating the local option provisions of said act and substituting State wide referendums on the question of granting liquor licenses.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE (by request)

HOUSE BILL No. 320.

An Act to further amend section thirty-one, renumbered thirty-two of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, andregulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by eliminating the local option provisions of said act and providing State wide referendums on the question of granting certain malt or brewed beverage licenses.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 321.

An Act to further amend the title section two hundred four and subsection (a) of section three hundred one and to repeal sections three hundred two three hundred three and three hundred four of the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties" making the schedules of compensation compulsory upon all employers

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 322.

An Act to amend the title section two hundred four and subsection (a) of section three hundred one and to repeal sections three hundred two three hundred three and three hundred four of the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566) entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry the Workmen's Compensation Board Workmen's Compensation Referees and deans of medical schools creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational disease making an appropriation and prescribing penalties" making the schedules of compensation compulsory upon all employers.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. WESCOTT and FIRMSTONE.

HOUSE BILL No. 323.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for the control of stem rust of wheat, oats, barley, and rye by the eradication of rust spreading barberry bushes and providing for payment thereof to counties making like expenditures of county funds.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 324.

An Act to add section eight hundred twenty point one to the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring the use of mudguards or spray deflectors on commercial motor vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and CLENDENING.

HOUSE BILL No. 325.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for construction of certain buildings on, and improvements of Governor Printz State Park.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE (by request).

HOUSE BILL No. 326.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverage may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions court, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by providing legal option procedure for the question of permitting sales on Sunday by licensed hotels and eating places.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE (by request).

HOUSE BILL No. 327.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15—1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establish-

ment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State execpt as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by providing local option procedure for the question of permitting sales on Sunday by licensed hotels and restaurants.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 328.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043) entitled "An act establishing a public school employees' retirement system and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof establishing certain funds from contributions of the Commonwealth and contributing employes defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes exempting annuities allowances returns benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process and providing penalties" requiring board meetings to be open to public increasing number of employe members of the board and providing for their election

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 329.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 1103 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims, registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof; upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justrices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by prohibiting the installation of parking meters by local authorities at certain places.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 330.

An Act defining and providing for the licensing of water well drillers conferring powers and imposing duties on the Water and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters prescribing penalties and an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 59, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom; for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims; and reinstating the lien of certain claims.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act relating to the care treatment and rehabilitation of persons adjudged sexual psychopaths imposing certain duties on district attorneys courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto governing the examination detention hearing commitment and discharge of persons so afflicted and providing for certain exemptions payment of maintenance and reimbursement in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act relating to the examination detention hearing commitment care treatment rehabilitation probation and discharge of any person who is not insane but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior or who lacks the customary standards of judgment self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts or who combines any one or more of such conditions so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others imposing certain duties on district attorneys courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 510) entitled "An act providing for the licensure and regulation of certain private nursing homes and private hospitals conferring certain powers and duties upon the Department of Welfare and providing penalties" including boarding houses and homes within its provisions requiring the Department of Welfare to revoke licenses in certain cases reducing the period in which licenses must comply with department orders and granting the Department of Welfare the power to padlock licensees' premises in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmen's clubs associations or federations

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 4, Printer's No. 11,

was passed over at the request of the Speaker.

BILL ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 8,

was passed over at the request of the Speaker.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair welcomes to the House a former Member from Philadelphia the Honorable Joseph M. O'Brien.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. DOWLING. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, February 19, 1951, at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:38 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1951. No. 11.

SENATE

MONDAY, February 19, 1951.

The Senate met at 4:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. ALFRED L. TAXIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, give us the long view of life and the world. Make us strong that we may have the conviction that we are not here for ourselves but for the benefit and welfare of others.

These men have some very important things that they must do; give them wisdom that they may do them as Thou wouldst have them do for the good of America and the Commonwealth.

Through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. MALLERY, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. Walker asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. HARE, on account of illness.

He also asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. PROPERT, on account of illness.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 14 and 19, 1951.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Frances E. Seery, Pittsburgh, 429 Fourth Ave.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Florence L. Hill, Reading.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Claire R. Jones, Langhorne.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Freda B. Dyer, Harrisburg.

ERIE COUNTY

Horton J. Davis, Corry.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna Schermerhorn, Carbondale.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Marvin A. Luxenberg, Ellwood City.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Albert E. Goeppert, Freeland.

McKEAN COUNTY

Frank C. Will, Mt. Jewett.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Hogan, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mary T. Callaghan, 1976 W. Hunting Park Ave.
Harry M. Kresch, 21 S 15th St.
Simon Sagle, 616 Ritner St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Miss Ann Romano, Windber.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Olive S. Hoerr, Latrobe.
J. R. Linhart, Jeannette.
Louis A. Strazzera, Vandergrift.

WYOMING COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth W. Strunk, Eaton Twp., Tunkhannock.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

INDIANA COUNTY

Chas. O. Smith, Burrell Twp., Black Lick, 2-17-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Allen D. Keller, Ellwood City, 2-19-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Frank J. Smith, Erie, 2-22-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss K. Grace Kephart, 6233 Magnolia Ave., 2-22-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Paul A. Knorr, Bloomsburg, 2-24-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

William E. Garman, Jr., Harrisburg, 2-24-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

A. B. Cochran, McDonald, 2-24-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Letitia Stewart, New Kensington, 2-24-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

James S. Shenk, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mabel S. Counsel, Pittsburgh, 302 Frick Bldg.
George M. Nort, Pittsburgh, 6125 Butler St.
Miss Ruth Odell Phelps, Pittsburgh, 720 Oakwood St.
W. L. Rupert, Edgewood.
Mrs. June H. Stokes, Penn Twp., Pittsburgh (6).

BEAVER COUNTY

William B. Brown, Rochester.

BERKS COUNTY

Clarence Miller, Reading.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Fred A. Dahlgren, Troy.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Jennie E. Kline, Cambridge Springs.
G. Kenneth Tulloch, Titusville.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Robert S. Hanlon, Haverford Twp., Havertown.
James J. Stapleton, Haverford Twp., Ardmore.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Carl K. King, Punxsutawney.
Harry I. Swartz, Reynoldsville.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mary Canter, 1301 Spencer St.
Leonardo Di Berardino, 6328 Vine St.
Ernest R. Erb, 1472 N. 52nd St.
Miss Elizabeth Laird, 316 W. Chelten Ave.
Miss Doris Little, 1315 Walnut St.
Henry Onesti, 1813 S. 12th St.
Samuel Segal, 153 W. Grange.
John D. Wagner, 12 S. 12th St.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. M. I. Dean, New Milford.

UNION COUNTY

Miss L. Elaine Troutman, Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy C. McCleery, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Frances P. Gedrich, Houston.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Ralph R. Farina, Steelton, 2-22-51.

CARBON COUNTY

Miss Margaret Mary McCall, Lansford, 2-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Gerald M. Brady, 6325 Rising Sun Ave., 2-24-51.
Mrs. Minnie Herman, 436 Walnut St., 2-24-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Malarkey, Mt. Carmel, 2-26-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Bess Mertens, Erie, 2-28-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Willard N. Durbin, Kingston, 2-28-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

D. A. Gartland, Chester, 3-3-51.
Mrs. Frances D. Eby, Media, 3-3-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

W. Jay Gardner, Pittsburgh, 908 Frick Bldg.
Mrs. Margaret R. Haines, Pittsburgh, 2217 Farmers Bank Bldg.
John Harris, Pittsburgh, 18 Carver St.
Mrs. Aurelia H. Jacober, Pittsburgh, 1119 Oliver Bldg.
R. C. Magill, Hampton Twp., Allison Park.
Oscar J. Meyer, Turtle Creek.
Miss Kathryn B. Seeger, Pittsburgh, 316 Fourth Ave.
Miss Anna Mae Stafura, Pittsburgh, 2413 W. Carson St.

BEAVER COUNTY

James A. Darroch, Aliquippa.
Henry A. Harvey, Aliquippa.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Roger W. Hager, Johnstown.
H. Blaine Weddell, Portage.

CARBON COUNTY

Charles A. Carbone, Banks Twp., Tresckow.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

J. E. Jack, Titusville.
D. J. Morrow, Meadville.
Miss Gertrude T. Thomas, Meadville.

DELAWARE COUNTY

M. J. Grady, Collingdale.
Charles Palmer, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

Carroll C. Stoughton, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Ray W. Clawson, Smithfield.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Wilbur W. Harnish, Chambersburg.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Ethel K. Brader, Wilkes-Barre.
Jos. A. Lupco, Nanticoke.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Kirke Bryan, Norristown.
Carl N. Dunmire, Lower Pottsgrove Twp., Sanatoga.
Mrs. Elise Shaner, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Philomena O. Ackerman, Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William E. Ball, 5354 Large St.
Miss M. Barbara Bliss, 1708 Callowhill St.
Frank M. Breece, 315 Arch St.
Charles E. Cassel, Jr., 1617 Pennsylvania Blvd.
Joseph L. Goldstein, 3712 Market St.
Arthur L. Green, 5604 Westminster Ave.
W. J. Jamison, N. E. Cor. 17th & Cambria Sts.

VENANGO COUNTY

W. J. Scott, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Thomas E. Petrus, Donora.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

E. W. Mohler, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Charlotte G. Barnhart, Red Lion.
Geo. C. Garrett, Spring Garden Twp., York.
Mrs. Edna Sweitzer, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Harold L. Rosenfelder, Pittsburgh, 209 W. Gen. Robinson St., 2-24-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Edna M. Noll, Fleetwood, 2-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth W. Bradley, 4920 N. Broad St., 2-24-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Robert O. Fulton, Canton Twp., Washington, 2-24-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

R. Frank, Pittsburgh, 1439 Woods Run Ave., 3-3-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Helen Horn, Johnstown, 3-3-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Wm. J. Fluharty, Chester, 3-3-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen F. Rawlings, Newton Twp., Clarks Summit, 3-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Nathan Marinoff, 115 N. Broad St., 3-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

H. Joseph Mansmann, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (28), 3-6-51.
Victor E. Voss, Pittsburgh, 1402 Park Bldg., 3-6-51.

BERKS COUNTY

C. W. Willman, St. Lawrence, 3-6-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Annie K. Miller, Altoona, 3-6-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

John W. Griffith, Scranton, 3-6-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Guy C. Eaby, Lancaster, 3-6-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Lewis Perna, Hazleton, 3-6-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Laura G. Wilson, Easton, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Nathan M. Diamond, 1201 W. Girard Ave., 3-6-51.

Mrs. Helen R. Connor Field, 719 Land Title Bldg., 3-6-51.
John G. Keck, 1622 N Broad St., 3-6-51.
Miss Agnes Le Compte, 836 Public Ledger Bldg., 3-6-51.
T. P. McFarland, 2409 E. Allegheny Ave., 3-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John A. Brownlee, Dormont, 3-7-51.
Miss Jessie Rupert, Pittsburgh, 316 Fourth Ave., 3-7-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Elsie Hartline, Reading, 3-7-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Grace M. Drayer, York, 3-7-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

T. L. Higham, Pittsburgh, 603 Farmers Bank Bldg., 3-9-51.
Thos. J. Walker, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (16), 3-9-51.
J. P. Werneth, Pittsburgh, 2914 Sheraden Blvd., 3-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Lee B. Cain, Freedom, 3-9-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Helen Buckwalter, Reading, 3-9-51.
Nelson L. Rothermel, Temple, 3-9-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

F. E. Weaver, Harrisburg, 3-9-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

J. Clarence Dowdy, Prospect Park, 3-9-51.
Carroll L. Marsden, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, 3-9-51.
Joseph F. Tercha, Chester, 3-9-51.
George M. Wallace, Jr., Chester, 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Cassius C. Bliley, Erie, 3-9-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Emilie A. Schuler, Connellsville, 3-9-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Sam'l T. Waidelich, Lynn Twp., New Tripoli, 3-9-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

O. D. Downs, Port Allegheny, 3-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Alice M. Caffrey, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore, 3-9-51.
Miss Mary A. Yost, Pottstown, 3-9-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss E. M. Reichard, Wilson, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Walter Koniuszeski, 519 Parrish St., 3-9-51.
Howard L. Payne, c/o Girard Trust Co., 3-9-51.
Elmer W. Phillips, 1730 Snyder Ave., 3-9-51.
Miss Maude A. Stewart, 20 S. 15th St., 3-9-51.
Charles P. Stocke, 303 W. Lehigh Ave., 3-9-51.
Miss M. V. Tobin, 225 S. 15th St., 3-9-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Francis G. Shepard, New Kensington, 3-9-51.
John C. Tagge, Jeannette, 3-9-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Eugene E. Swank, Upper Southampton Twp., Southampton, 3-10-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Mary A. Ihle, Bethlehem, 3-10-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Blanche H. Wilt, Greensburg, 3-10-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Victoria P. Wajert, Brentwood, 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harold Rodgers, White Motor Co., 20th & Erie Ave., 3-12-51.
John H. Shmidheiser, 1700 E. Washington Lane, 3-12-51.
Edward G. Zepp, 2080 E. Cumberland St., 3-12-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Arthur V. O'Neill, Jr., Munhall, 3-13-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth E. McBrien, Bristol, 3-13-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Dorothy E. Doubt, Johnstown, 3-13-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

W. B. Cook, Lock Haven, 3-13-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Charles A. Turner Bloomsburg 3-13-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Tryon E. Benner, Harrisburg, 3-13-51.
Miss Martha E. Gilliland, Harrisburg, 3-13-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Walter A. Leib, Erie, 3-13-51.
Miss Mae McDonald, Erie, 3-13-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Margaret E. Rowley, Greenville, 3-13-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Catherine L. Smyth, Lower Merion Twp., Bryn Mawr, 3-13-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anna R. Travers, B & O Pier 12 North, 3-13-51.
Herman Schurr, 142 Vine St., 3-13-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Lillian Kepner, Scottdale, 3-13-51.

WYOMING COUNTY

Omar H. Allen, Meshoppen, 3-13-51.

YORK COUNTY

Roy E. Shanefelter, Hanover, 3-13-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph A. Murphy, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St., 3-14-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Minnie E. Cobler, Harrisburg, 3-14-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

G. A. McDowell, Greensburg, 3-14-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Michael R. Bretsnyder, West Homestead, 3-15-51.
Max Engelberg, Pittsburgh, 250 Magee Bldg., 3-15-51.
Geo. H. Hacke, Pittsburgh, 617 E. Ohio St., 3-15-51.
W. M. Hall, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (28), 3-15-51.
Miss Isabella Murphy, Pittsburgh, 547 Union Trust Bldg., 3-15-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Everett G. Rodebaugh, East Nantmeal Twp., Pottstown, 3-15-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Max Schilling, Connellsville Twp., Connellsville, 3-15-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Stella Zola, Plymouth, 3-15-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Willard K. Burd, Shamokin, 3-15-51.
F. F. Reamer, Shamokin, 3-15-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mack S. Ambrozy, 3571 Richmond St., 3-15-51.
Joseph P. McGuckin, 3550 Chippendale Ave., 3-15-51.
Miss Dorothy Ott, 401 N. Broad St., 3-15-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Katherine S. Rossiter, Oil City, 3-15-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

E. W. Campbell, East Washington, 3-15-51.

ADAMS COUNTY

Mrs. Luella Lerew, East Berlin, 3-16-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Myrtle G. Blankenbiller, West Reading, 3-16-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

John W. Krisko, Butler, 3-16-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Marie E. Hartman, Harrisburg, 3-16-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Alexander T. Stein, Lancaster, 3-16-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Edgar M. Landis, Myerstown, 3-16-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Paul J. Brown, 1405 Locust St., 3-16-51.
F. Robert Gilpin, Zoological Garden, 3-16-51.
Thomas J. McGlinchey, Jr., 1835 Arch St., 3-16-51.
Lenerte Roberts, 101 N. 52nd St., 3-16-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Alice B. Craven, West Brownsville, 3-16-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Edna Hazlett, Pittsburgh, 345 Fourth Ave., 3-17-51.
Mrs. E. S. Hughes, Pittsburgh, 820 Grant Bldg., 3-17-51.
Edward G. Nassar, Pittsburgh, 312-4th Ave., 3-17-51.
Peter J. Wilkinson, Pittsburgh, 5820 Center Ave., 3-17-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

J. Kenneth Heuston, Roaring Spring, 3-17-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Edward R. Peirson, Penbrook, 3-17-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Mrs. Myrtle Yoders, Waynesburg, 3-17-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Frank J. Greco, Blakely, 3-17-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Wm. L. Ealer, West Easton, 3-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harvey H. M. Barrett, 4842½ Frankford Ave., 3-17-51.
Wendell P. Cornish, 5623 W. Girard Ave., 3-17-51.
Miss M. J. Fitzmaurice, 208 S. Warnock St., 3-17-51.
Thomas G. Gordon, 1201 Widener Bldg., 3-17-51.
Miss Christina W. Henry, S. E. Cor. Broad & Spring Garden Sts., 3-17-51.
H. B. Randall, 5208 Locust St., 3-17-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Joseph P. Koval, Mahanoy City, 3-17-51.
Eugene F. Sowers, Tamaqua, 3-17-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Nancy K. Mencer, Greensburg, 3-17-51.

YORK COUNTY

George S. Dellinger, York, 3-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Helen C. Maloney, Pittsburgh, 5972 Baum Blvd., 3-19-51.

CENTRE COUNTY

Robert B. Woodring, Bellefonte, 3-19-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. STEVENSON.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBERS OF COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of County Boards of Assistance:

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Harry E. Flory (Republican), 325 Market Street, Bangor, Northampton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

Hillard A. Miller (Republican), Miller Manor, Northampton, Northampton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

PIKE COUNTY

Mrs. Caroline Ott (Republican), Lackawaxen, Pike County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Dorette Gumble, Paupack, whose term expired.

Andy Spotts (Republican), Milford, Pike County, to serve until December 31, 1951, and until his succsesor is duly appointed and qualified, vice George V. Thompson, Milford, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Doris L. Davis, R. F. D. No. 4, Gettysburg, Adams County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Strabane, Adams County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice W. D. Brown, deceased.

Harry M. Broomall, Sr., 106 Printz Avenue, Norwood, Delaware County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Norwood, Delaware County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Raymour H. LeNoir, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Jefferson County Board of Assistance:

Ben W. Irvin (Republican), Big Run, to serve until December 31, 1953. (Reappointment)

Miss Ruth Hamill (Republican), Corner Penn and Union Streets, Punxsutawney, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Mrs. Sara N. Blake (Republican), 287 Western Avenue, Brookville, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

E. E. Deible (Democrat), 418 Grant Street, Reynoldsville, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William J. Mosier (Republican), Anita, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Marvin J. Rothrock, Bellefonte, Centre County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified, vice William P. Sieg, Bellefonte, deceased.

MEMBER OF THE SANITARY WATER BOARD

F. M. Geer, North Warren, Warren County, to serve until the 3d Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF KUTZTOWN STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Elroy P. Master Berksveldt Farms, Robesonia, Berks County, to serve until the 3d Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Hanns Gramm, Wyomissing, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EMBREEVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mr. Lillian W. Hanna, 316 Maple Avenue, Swarthmore, Delaware County, for appointment as a Member of the Board of Trustees of Embreeville State Hospital, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Darrell C. Jones, 371 Main Street, Leechburg, Armstrong County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Leechburg, Armstrong County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Stanley M. Wray, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBERS OF THE ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Arthur D. Kemp, Yeadon, Delaware County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L. Supplee, Lancaster, Lancaster County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert M. Vail, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Raymond E. Goodrige, Washington, Washington County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Edward J. Stackpole, Dauphin, whose term expired.

Vincent P. Lupinacci, Sewickley, Allegheny County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Charles C. Curtis, Allentown, whose term expired.

MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY ADVISORY COMMISSION

Milton G. Baker, Wayne, Delaware County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Albert H. Stackpole, Clarks Valley, Dauphin, Dauphin County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, Westmoreland County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Eric Fisher Wood, Bedford, Bedford County, until terminated, vice Charles C. Curtis, Allentown, resigned.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE VETERANS' COMMISSION

Louis G. Fellmann, Hazelton, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph S. McCracken, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Henry J. Mahady, Latrobe, Westmoreland County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph B. Johnston, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Fred Adams, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Michael A. Hally, Mildred, Sullivan County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Leon Sacks, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice William Ellis Zimmerman, Lansdale, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate H. Eugene Frey, 131 West Market Street, Hallam, York County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Hallam, York County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HALUSKA asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President and gentlemen of the Senate, it has been my privilege to serve in this Chamber, including this term, for a period of eighteen successive years. I think that is a big part of any man's life, and throughout those eighteen years of service I have always tried to do what I thought was best for my constituency back in my county, and I voted for measures that I thought were best for the people of Pennsylvania.

While not in Session, like every other member of this Chamber, I am back home engaged in my private business.

On returning home last week-end, I happened to pick up a Pittsburgh paper and I found a heading, "Many in Assembly 'Serving Two Masters'," by the Harrisburg correspondent of the Sun Telegraph, Pittsburgh. I am told that a young man by the name of Tom Snyder is the author of this outstanding story. Mr. Snyder has gone out of his way to pry into the private lives of members of this Chamber. Unfortunately, he starts off with me. He infers that Members of this Chamber, who are engaged in private practice and businesses, influence legislation, and that is the part that I resent, whether it comes from Mr. Snyder, or Mr. Padgett, or anyone else. I now quote from the article appearing in the paper as follows:

"Take Senator John J. Haluska, Patton Democrat, for instance. He is connected with an insurance agency, is president of a bank, and general manager for a brewery."

Well, I am somewhat disappointed because I am the administrator of a hospital, for his information, and I have a car agency. He missed a couple of my enterprises, but, Mr. President, any child in grade school knows that no person in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can hold a state insurance license and be president of a bank, and any inference left by this article is not doing me any good or this Chamber, and if that statement is true it is the duty of this Senate to investigate my private life.

I cannot, if I wanted to, hold a state insurance license and be an officer of any bank. I am not president of a bank; I am a director, and during the week-end I received a number of telephone calls from bankers, wanting to know how I am getting away with it.

Now, Mr. President, it might sound like a lot of fun but the time has come when some of these newspaper men should take off their knee-pants and put on long trousers and become men. Suspicion of every man in this Chamber; every man is grafting. Well, if I had to live on my salary of $1500 per year, I would be tempted, probably, the way he sees it, to barter, to trade, to earn my livelihood someway by selling or buying legislation, but I, like every other man in this Chamber, have the courage and talent, if you please, to go back home and earn a decent livelihood.

When I presented a bill asking for an increase in salaries, the Sun Telegraph did not come out and support my bill. They didn't think we were entitled to a raise. They thought we were getting sufficient, but how in the name of common sense can they sit back now and find fault when I go back home to earn my livelihood? How

do they expect me or any other Member in this Chamber to maintain ourselves and our families in a decent way at the meager pittance that we receive in this Chamber?

Then they go on and quote Senator Kephart, Senator Murray Peelor, an attorney. Senator Kephart is also an attorney, and they practice law, and apparently in the eyes of the Sun Telegraph and their correspondent, this is not permissible. It is a crime. They should resign from this Chamber or resign from their practice. Senator Chapman, a man who has served humanity for half a generation, but he is not permitted to be a doctor because he is Chairman of the Appropriations Committee. Senator Snowden is in the gasoline business; it is not permissible. It is illegal. Senator Scarlett, he is a farmer. They say it is not permissible. Senator Pechan is criticized because he belongs to the American Legion, if you please. I can't see the connection. Senator Berger is owned body and soul by the Grundys, and controls legislation. Senator Wade and Senator Crowe, they control insurance.

Mr. President, I think we are hitting a low ebb when our correspondents cannot find any more news than to criticize our private lives and try to point out that we, the Members of this Chamber, are trying to influence and control legislation by sitting on certain committees.

Take Paul Wagner, he sells school supplies. He is not allowed to vote on school bills. Now, I cannot quite understand what they are driving at, and I do not like it. Sometimes I wonder why Drew Pearson and McCarthy got into it. Sometimes I might jump over this desk; I won't stop; head-on formation.

Mr. President, back home right now in our universities, schools and colleges they are wondering what is taking place in Harrisburg; whether or not we live within the Constitution, whether or not we are honest in our duties, and here is a man who deliberately prints that I am president of a bank and hold a state insurance office, knowing full well he had no foundation for the story. He certainly should make some type of apology with all decency to my future. He erred, he knows that he erred.

I was always taught to believe when I went to school that newspapers were news carriers, not news makers, but apparently instead of news carriers they are news makers. When I make the news and tell the truth, no one cares. I do not care what they say about me if it is the truth, but I want to say to him and others that a man who lives in a glass house should never undress in the day time.

Mr. President, I would like to have Mr. Snyder check very very thoroughly on the statement made about me, and if he is correct, it is the duty of my colleagues to insist that I resign as president of the bank or ask that my insurance license be taken away from me. If he is wrong, then we should adopt some type of legislation to deal with men who make such careless and ruthless statements, which are apt to ruin the character of myself and any other man in this Chamber. I do not know when he became an apostle of purity, or any other newspaperman.

You know Confuscious said, "You should never expect to hear the voice of a nightingale coming from the mouth of a crow," and sometimes we wonder whether he was not right, but, Mr. President, I will close with deep resentment in my heart for the statement concerning my own life and the life of all of my colleagues. I admire each and everyone of them, men who have given their time and talent to serve Pennsylvania. I have the utmost respect for every man in this Chamber, and I know of no one who has not been honest and decent in his duty, and this story reminds me of a mackerel in the moonlight; it shines but it stinks.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, in line somewhat with the remarks just made by my colleague, there has been going through my mind a great fear that unfounded stories are more dangerous to this valued way of life that we enjoy than any other weapon that might be placed at the disposal of an enemy. We are living in the midst of very trying times. Because of the rapid pace in which we live, because of the need or desire for many of the refinements of present day civilization, many persons find themselves living beyond the limits of their earnings. Therefore, many persons may be tempted to do things, commit acts that in a sense are contrary to the law and contrary to the unwritten laws of decency.

In line with this, we find many stories going around today about the dishonesty of public officials, the tie-up between officials and crime, committees from the Federal Government, committees from various other agencies, impromptu committees delving into the private lives of individuals, a matter of grave concern to many persons who have read history. It is not a farfetched thing to realize that presently today amongst us is the fear of a return of the days of the Spanish Inquisition. It is no big major operation for an innocent person to find himself in jeopardy. A person with little or no respect for himself or others can easily throw a vision of suspicion at any person.

I have heard so often my able colleague, Senator McGinnis, repeat for us his famous speech on "Suspicion." I do not want to detract from the great ability that he has, so I will just quote one line, "Suspicion, the ugliest word in the English language."

So, Mr. President, in line with these sentiments and thoughts, I would like to present, if given the consent of the Senate at this time, out of order, for our consideration a resolution.

On behalf of Senator Lane and myself, I would like to present to the Chair the following resolution and have it read by the Clerk.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

URGING THAT A COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO STUDY AND INVESTIGATE NEGLIGENCE IN THE ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF LAWS IN RE. PUBLIC OFFICES

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. DENT, LANE and BANE, offered the following resolution which was twice read, as follows:

February 19, 1951.

Whereas, recent publications of local and State-wide distribution has suggested wide spread irregularities and wide spread violations of various laws of the Common-

wealth in the conduct of public trusts by elected public officials, and

Whereas, continuance of this type of publicity will serve as a deterent in the building of unity among our peoples and further, serves to create a distrust and abusive attitude towards all elected eofficials, which in turn destroys the confidence of the people in their elected officials and as such in our form of government, and

Whereas, the seriousness of this matter has been made a subject of various nation-wide publicity stories in magazines for sale at all news stands, and

Whereas, this matter is of such grave importance that it should transcend political, religious or racial lines and should become the duty of elected officials of the Commonwealth to determine the degree of trust in the published statements, and

Therefore, Be it Resolved that if the House concurs, a Committee of nine (9) members be selected as follows:

Four (4) members of the Senate to be named by the President Pro Tempore—two (2) from each Political Party represented there. Four (4) House members to be named by the Speaker of the House—two (2) from each Political Party and the Ninth (9) member to be named by the Governor to act as Chairman, said person shall not be a public official, or any person employed by the State, or any political subdivision or directly connected as an officer of any Political Party.

Be It Further Resolved, that an appropriation sufficient to pay for investigators, administrative expenses and legal counsel to carry out this investigation, and

Be It Further Resolved that this Committee shall determine to the best of its knowledge and findings any break-down in the administration of the duties of public officies anywhere in Pennsylvania; whether there is direct connection between crime and public office; whether there is a wide-spread negligence in the enforcement and administration of laws and whether there is a waste of public funds, due to inefficiency or lack of proper administration by the various govermental agencies or departments, and

Be It Further Resolved that this Committee shall have the right to hold hearings anywhere in the Commonwealth, to subpoena witnesses and records of every kind and nature whatsoever, to administer oaths for the purpose of complying with the provisions as set forth in this resolution, and

Be It Further Resolved that a preliminary report of this Committee shall be made to this General Assembly prior to its adjournment Sine Die, said studies to be completed before the beginning of the next Regular Session of the Legislature, and a copy of its findings be submitted to the Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

REQUEST THAT RULE 39 BE SUSPENDED

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I appreciate very deeply what the gentleman from Westmoreland is desirous of accomplishing, but in order to give us proper opportunity to study the resolution, I would ask him to bear with us, and I will therefore object to immediate consideration of the resolution and ask that it be assigned to the proper committee.

The PRESIDENT. The resolution is referred to the Committee on State Government.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor·

SECRETARY OF MINES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Richard Maize, Uniontown, Fayette County, for appointment as Secretary of Mines, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF PROPERTY AND SUPPLIES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Alan D. Reynolds, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Secretary of Property and Supplies, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Chester M. Woolworth.

JOHN S. FINE.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Artemas C. Leslie, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Insurance Commissioner to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Russell E. Teague, Radnor Township, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Health, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall · have been appointed and qualified, vice Norris Wistar Vaux.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

David M. Walker, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Secretary of Labor and Industry, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until

his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice William H. Chestnut.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans, Brookline, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Pubilc Assistance, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Frank A. Robbins, Jr.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Andrew J. Sordoni, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, for appointment as Secretary of Commerce, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Theodore Roosevelt III.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF REVENUE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Otto F. Messner, Lancaster, Lancaster County, for appointment as Secretary of Revenue, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF WELFARE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

William C. Brown, New London, Chester County, for appointment as Secretary of Welfare, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SCERETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Gene D. Smith, Macungie, Lehigh County, for appointment as Secretary of the Commonwealth, to serve until superceded.

JOHN S. FINE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Frank A. Weber, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, for appointment as Adjutant General, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF HIGHWAYS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Ray F. Smock, Meadville, Crawford County, for appointment as Secretary of Highways, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

COMMISSIONER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Cecil Marshall Wilhelm, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Miles Horst, Palmyra, Lebanon County, for appointment as Secretary of Agriculture, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF FORESTS AND WATERS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Milo Frederick Draemel, Wynnewood, Montgomery County, for appointment as Secretary of Forests and Waters, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

RULE 38 SUSPENDED

Mr. WATSON asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER, that the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MEADE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Richard Maize, Uniontown, Fayette County, for appointment as Secretary of Mines.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Chairman of the Executive Nominations Committee.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Chairman of the Executive Nominations Committee, Senator Watson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WATSON. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Will the Chairman explain why the name of Richard Maize has been selected as the first name to be voted upon at this time?

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, it just happened to be on top of the pile. That is all.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, will the Chairman of the Executive Nominations Committee tell the Senate whether or not all of the names read will be considered today?

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I cannot answer that, sir. I do not know.

Mr. DENT. Thank you very kindly. I will try to answer it for you.

Mr. President and Members of the Senate, the name of an individual has been called up here to determine whether or not one of two things is necessary in Pennsylvania. It is no longer a question of whether this individual is to receive the qualifying vote of the Senate in order to take his position, but in our minds it is a question whether or not the Senate has any authority to vote, whether the Senate has any prerogatives in the matter, whether the individual needs this confirmation to perform the duties of the office to which he has been named.

We have taken the position, and we have heard no arguments to the contrary, that the Constitution of Pennsylvania clearly states that the Senate must qualify a person for a cabinet office under a new Governor of the Commonwealth. We have taken that position based entirely upon the assumption that the spirit and the letter of the Constitution are being violated here in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, I had occasion to speak to Richard Maize this afternoon. As politics go, I think that Mr. Maize and myself have been friends over the years. At that time I assured him, and I assure the Senate and the people of Pennsylvania at this moment, that as far as I can ascertain, there is no opposition in the Democratic Caucus to Mr. Richard Maize as an indivdual for the office for which he has been nominated.

Later, when I was informed of the action that may take place this afternoon, out of fairness to Mr. Maize and to myself, I put a call through to his office to tell him that I understood he was going to be the guinea pig in this experiment, and I wanted him to clearly understand that so far as he himself was concerned, that our position had not changed on him or anybody else, and I was informed by Mr. Maize's office that he had gone to the State of California this afternoon at 4:20. So, I suppose that for the rest of his days he will go down in life calling me the unmentionable names that he has the right to call me because I told him there was no opposition to him. He will feel that I lied to him; he will feel that I am not a person of character, and the one thing I have tried to build besides trying to accumulate a slight amount of wealth for the benefit of my family and the security of my person, I have tried to build a reputation that I have some character. However, that will not change the position that I find myself in at this moment.

Mr. President, if the opinions that the Governor is operating this Commonwealth under today are to stand, then these confirmations are not necessary; all they need is another opinion from the Attorney General's Office, but if the Constitution means anything, then this Democratic Majority, and it is the majority because the opinions of the Attorney General make us the Majority and it is not farfetched to say so.

If a person is in office, if you please, and his commission reads that he shall hold office until his successor has been qualified, then the minority becomes the majority, because a minority of sufficient strength to keep the qualifying vote from his successor would freeze that person in office unless the Governor resorted to the Constitution and the Administrative Code, and that is all we are asking here today. That is all we have asked for from the beginning. Every office could have been filled with acting secretaries of the departments, acting heads of the departments, constitutionally. There was no need to contravene the Administrative Code, there was no need to circumvent the Constitution, there was no need to take away from the Senate every last prestige that it may have in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a body separate and entirely away from the Administrative Branch of Government.

Mr. President, I pointed out upon occasions that we have no right to interfere with the Judicial, we have no right to dictate to the Administrative. The only rights we have are contained in the duties of the Senate of Pennsylvania as they are contained in the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth. What goes for us goes for the others.

I have heard preachments upon preachments from the other side of the Senate, and I have read thousands of words from the opposition party in the United States Congress upon the dictatorial powers and the dictatorial aspirations of the late President Roosevelt when he was accused of attempting to pack the Supreme Court, and it was clearly stated by the thousands of speakers that we have three entities in government. We have separate and distinct entities composed of the Executive, the Judicial and the Legislative.

Where are the high sounding scholarly words today when you are to test as to whether or not you have a right to pass upon the qualifications of an individual as the Constitution so clearly states? Where are we today and what pass have we come to?

Mr. President, we will not break down in our de-

termination, and even if it means the defeat of every Member of the Senate sitting here on the Democratic side, we will accept that defeat, because there is nothing big enough or high enough to hold our heads up to if every last prestige, if every little bit of protection given to minorities under the Constitution are wiped away by one foul act of the Senate of Pennsylvania. We are individual members in our own rights, but I say to you, and I say it with all the sincerity at my command, that if you allow this to happen today you are doing an unfair thing to a man who does not deserve such a low blow.

Mr. President, I am stating to you in plain words that we will vote in the negative for each and every name that comes before us until the provisions of the Constitution are adhered to. In the first instance it was said we were acting this way because we disliked an individual. I tried to tell you from the beginning that that was not true, but you would not believe it. Does this prove to you that it is not a matter of an individual? I certainly do not care about individuals and if I did care about individuals, a couple of weeks ago I learned a lesson. What we may think is important today passes into nothing tomorrow. Deep down inside we only have one thing to live for, and that is that we have satisfied our consciences in the performance of our duties, and I say, Mr. President, that here today is a test as to whether or not we are men of conviction or whether we are men of opportunity.

Mr. President, I have been told that two names will be voted upon. I am hoping that you do not have that type of action to what you may do on the first name. I hope that you have not preagreed and prearranged that two men will be sacrificed here today, as it were, to the whims of an individual. Senators come and senators go, governors come and governors go, and in the last analysis so do attorneys general, and if the words of an attorney general can circumvent the Constitution of the Commonwealth, then another attorney general at a later day may write another opinion that will further circumvent the Constitution. If you want to change the Constitution, hold a Constitutional Convention, and I will go along with you. I will vote with you and if you want to put in the Constitution that the Legislature must obey the opinions and dictates of the Attorney General, that is all right with me, too, but so long as it is written that we have the right and a duty to perform, I will do my duty. You say to me, well, now you are not performing that duty. You take the arbitrary position that you will vote against everyone because a certain name has not been submitted. No, that is not it. We have not objected to the fact that the Governor has not made his mind up about a Secretary of Banking. He is living strictly within the confines of the Constitution and doing his duty as he sees it. We do not object to that. If he desired to let all the older members run over, that was absolutely his prerogative. We would have no objection, but when a pretender to the throne sits in office it is time that we take cognizance of the fact.

Mr. President, there is a vacancy in the Attorney General's office and the Constitution clearly says that the Governor must name an Attorney General. It does not say "may", it says "shall", and until that moment comes I can tell you, come what may in the way of criticism, come what may follow in the way of bitterness, we will stand by that position. There is nothing else for us to do, and if you insist upon crucifying the careers of Richard Maize and Alan Reynolds at this time, that will rest squarely on your door step because you are forewarned, and, incidentally, as a little past history let me remind you of something.

In an instance that I can recall, and I was a member of the General Assembly at the time, when that party in power did not have controlling numbers in the Senate to confirm, the administration was told very plainly that there would be no confirmations of any of the Cabinet officiers unless the twenty-six Democratic Members voted solidly for each individual, and the Republican Minority at that time, controlling the confirmations, said that when you vote twenty-six, we will give you the necessary eight votes. Following even that precedent, Mr. President, with two Members of their own missing today, they are calling upon us to give them more than the required amount of votes when they themselves set the rules. We did not set the rules. The rules were set right in this Chambr in 1935, and they delivered eight votes to the Democratic Majority and eight votes only.

Now, Mr. President, we do not want to be small. We hope we are big, but this vote today is not what it appears to be. It is not a test of whether the log jam is broken. We are not jamming anything up. These men are serving constitutionally. Dick Maize is serving constitutionally. The only way that that office can be vacated is if you insist on a vote today.

Mr. President, I want you to know what the story is and not what it appears to be. Reminiscent of an old story I read in DeCameron Bocaccio years ago, it seemed a rich man had a very lovely young wife, and the overseer on the farm was also a handsome young man, and stories had reached the ears of this rich wealthy landowner that his wife and the overseer were sort of more friendly than they ought to be. So the wife, in fear, ran to the overseer and said. "We must watch ourselves, by husband is suspicious." He said. "We will take care of that." He said, "You get him to take a walk with you down to the meadow and," he said, "there under that big elm tree you sit with him and just talk to him, and I will hide up in the branches and then you just follow my cue."

So, she enticed her husband to take a walk and got him down under the elm tree. While sitting there peacefully this overseer, hidden up in the branches, looked down and said, "Master, aren't you ashamed of yourself, making a perfect spectacle of yourself in broad daylight by making love to your wife?" The master looked up in the tree and said, "Fool, what foul words are these?" He said, "We sit here just talking to each other. There is no act that could be condemned by the righteous."

The overseer said, "That is the way it looks from up here, master." So, the master said, "Come down and I shall climb the tree." Well, when the master got up in the tree, the overseer started "bussing" the missus. The old master looked down and said, "Well, I'll be darned if it doesn't look like you are kissing my wife," and so from then on they carried on their illicit love affair. The moral of the story is, all things are not what they appear to be.

This is not a vote; this is not a vote today because of the manner in which it is coming up. If it is a true test of our powers and of our ability to stand upon our rights

here in the Senate, call all the names up at one time. Do not sacrifice or crucify an individual. Call them all up at one time and then let us make a decision as men, and in the face of that, Mr. President, I move that all the names be submitted for a vote at this time.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will state his point of order.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, there is nothing before the Senate except the vote to confirm the nomination of the Secretary of the Department of Mines, Mr Richard Maize.

The PRESIDENT. The point is well taken. There is only one question before the Senate at the present time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, if he will permit me to take this discussion out of the field of adultery and back into the field of confirmation, that I at any time will, bear witness before any individual or any group of the high standing, the integrity and honesty of my distinguished colleague, Senator Dent. At no time should Mr. Maize or any member of this cabinet feel that Mr. Dent has directly or indirectly misled them on any phases of governmental procedure that might have taken place or might take place today, and let me say, Mr. President, that the constitutional prerogative of the Senate of Pennsylvania, which Mr. Dent is so actively engaged in defending, is the very thing we are attempting to practice here.

Mr. President, the Senate of Pennsylvania has the right to confirm certain appointments made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth. That right is a constitutional right. There have been times when that right has been exercised here over and over again. The Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has a constitutional right to select his official family. He is the sole determiner of whom he shall appoint to various cabinet positions. The Members of his cabinet are his official family and they are the people upon whom he depends for advice, for cooperation, for support in operating this gigantic public corporation. In the final analysis the virtues of the cabinet members, whether or not they shall be an asset or a liability to the administration, rest upon the Governor's shoulders because he is the man who selects them. Their fitness to hold the office to which they have been nominated rests upon the confirmation, the advice and consent of the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, the cabinet was sent to the Senate by the present Chief Executive on the sixteenth of January when the new Governor took office. There was, as the public and the people of Pennsylvania, and the Members of this Senate know, a difference of opinion as to the status of certain cabinet officials. There are two schools of thought and each of those schools have been well defended by men of outstanding integrity, and for whose opinions we have a very high regard. The question has been debated indirectly on this floor time after time after time as to whether or not the Minority will confirm the cabinet as appointed by the Governor until he sends over a nominee for the office of Attorney General.

The distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland has suggested that we are circumventing the constitutional privileges and prerogatives of this high legislative body by submitting a cabinet member for confirmation. That is not quite so, Mr. President. The very thing that we are defending is our right to confirm. Those of us who are answerable perhaps to the Executive Department for the guidance of the administration program in the halls of the Senate are answerable only to him.

Mr. President, the gentleman from Westmoreland in his closing remarks suggested that what we should do is present all of the cabinet. I do not construe that statement as being a suggestion from the Minority that if we present all of the cabinet, the determination which he just expressed that they would not vote solidly will be passed by, and they will vote "aye" if we present all of the cabinet. I am taking the gentleman's word when he said that they are still going to vote "no." They are warning us that if the roll is called on the confirmation of Richard Maize, they will vote "no." That has been the suggestion that has been made to us repeatedly.

Mr. President, I want to say to the Minority and I want to say to the people of Pennsylvania, we are having trouble getting down to work. Some of the newspapers, whether rightly or wrongly, have suggested that this is a do-nothing Session of the General Assembly. Mr. President, we are trying desperately to function. It is difficult when you have members of the cabinet who honestly and sincerely do not know whether they are flesh, fish or fowl, who do not know whether they are operating legally or not, who are hesitant to take the reins of government for their particular department because, as yet, they have not been confirmed. They are tiptoeing on their duties because they do not want to tramp upon any of the official skirts of any of the official members of this Senate, where this so delicate balance is being jiggled right here at this moment.

Mr. President, we are trying to get the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania working into a cohesive machine so we can do the things the people of Pennsylvania want done, and that is to have what we so coyly call a short business like session and go home, because everybody sitting in this Chamber knows that the minute the Senate adjourns sine die, the people of Pennsylvania heave a sigh of relief and go back to business. Mr. President, we cannot do that until we do discharge certain constitutional responsibilities and one of these responsibilities is to confirm the Governor's cabinet, and I want to say in all seriousness to the Members of the Minority Party, the members of the cabinet who are being presented here have nothing to do with the issue which has been raised over the Attorney General's office. The Attorney General is not before the Senate for confirmation. The Attorney General, the head of the Department of Justice, is not before the Senate for confirmation. Mr. Margiotti is not an issue as far as this confirmation is concerned. The only issue that is confronting the Senate of Pennsylvania on this roll call is whether or not Mr. Maize, who has served long, faithfully, well and efficiently in the office to which he has again been nominated by the Chief Executive, whether or not he shall be confirmed. Shall the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of Mr. Maize as Secretary of the Department of Mines. That is the problem that we have to decide, and I want to say in all seriousness to the Minority that never

will I permit, as long as I am a Member of this Senate, the Executive or the Judicial Departments of the government to attempt to coerce, attempt to threaten or bribe or affect the Legislative Branch, but at the same time, Mr. President, no legislative group has the right to put a gun at the head of the Executive Department and say to them, until you do what we are demanding, we will block every effort to have constructive government.

That is the issue on this thing, Mr. President, make no mistake about it. They can gloss this thing over with high sounding phrases from now until the Senate adjourns sine die, but they cannot escape the inevitable. Without a cabinet this government cannot efficiently operate. Without the cooperation of the Minority Party, we cannot confirm the cabinet and they are being given the opportunity to decide whether they are going to cooperate in getting this government under way or whether they are going to sit dormant until a personal grudge with one individual, who is not in issue, has been settled by the Democratic Party.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I had intended to answer the gentleman point for point in the order of his remarks, but the last closing remarks are uncalled for and are not befitting the gentleman's character. There is no grudge on my part, or on the part of any Member of this Senate, for the individual whom you named for the first time on the Senate floor, and I am going to state here and now that if you will bring that name out, you may be surprised at the number of Democratic votes he will get. If the Governor names him, do not be surprised but what he will get more votes here than he might get on the other side. Let us not confuse the issue. The issue is still fundamental.

Mr. President, I was informed politely by my colleague on the other side that someone is holding the gun at somebody's head. Well, it seems to me that the gun is being held at our heads today, and the poor innocent victim that is going to be shot down is Dick Maize. I am amazed at what they are doing to Maize.

What happens, Mr. President, if the gentleman is right? He said that these officers don't function because they are not sure that they are in constitutionally. They are not sure whether they are fish or fowl. That is the point of our argument. Is there a question then that they are seated there and operating unconstitutionally and illegally? If there is no doubt in the minds of the Administrative Branch that they are there legally and constitutionally, why all the hullabaloo? Let them serve. We do not care that they serve. If it is not essential that they have the confirmation that he says is the function of the Senate, then why be disturbed over them serving without confirmation of the Senate? They have been confirmed by the Attorney General's Office. That is what I see here in the records of the Senate, but I do not find it in the Constitution. In fact, the Attorney General himself has been so confirmed.

Now, Mr. President, if that is the way it is going to be, let it be that way, but no amount of ridicule on our position, no amount of putting into the minds of people any doubt as to our sincerity is going to take away from us the position that we now hold.

Back in American history are many men who did not swim up the stream, who took a position and stood by it until a higher tribunal straightened the situation out. They know what they can do; they know exactly the position they can take to find out whether we are right or wrong, and I assure you that it would make me most happy, most happy if in the determination they find that we are wrong, I will be the first to apologize, and I want to state further, don't give the impression that we are holding up legislation. I think that that is a blow even lower than below the belt. It is as low a blow as can be struck. Can anybody point to any act of ours that has delayed legislation? That is our duty, legislation. The functions of the departments are the departments' duty. If they are not sure of their position, let them test their position. We have as much right to our opinion as the Attorney General's Office has to an opinion, and the Constitution specifically provides so. He does not write opinions for us. We are an entity of our own. We are not usurping power; we are only living up to our constitutional duties.

There is no delay in legislation by any action of ours, and I might say that we know that all these words are useless. We know that the only one that may get to read them will be the one that has the strength to pick up the record and read the record. I noticed all the pens stopped writing here at the desk when the gentleman sat down on the other side. Right is right, and right will out. Men commit murder and think they have committed the perfect crime, but somehow they get caught No matter how secret their maneuvers are, somehow they get caught, and you can trample over these things, you can trample over every maneuver today, you can trample right over the top of our vote, you can send Dick Maize back home to Fayette County and send Alan Reynolds back to his bank job. You can do as you please with that, but I assure you gentlemen with all the sincerity at my command, and I speak for twenty men who are resolute in their determination, that unless some higher tribunal tells us we are wrong, we are going to read the Constitution as it is written.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is a rare privilege, Mr. President.

Mr. BARR. Just one question, Mr. President. How many of your thirty men are in their seats today?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, if the gentleman from Allegheny recalls, there were thirty Republican Senators elected. I asked for leave of absence for two on account of sickness, the gentleman from Montgomery, Senator Propert and the gentleman from Somerset, Senator Hare. Two from thirty is twenty-eight, even under inflation.

Mr. BARR. Thank you, Mr. President. I just wanted to say that I received several calls from various lawyers over the weekend telling me, and I thought you should know that, being a member of the Pardon Board, that anything done by the Pardon Board tomorrow, their opinion will be illegal.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

(During the calling of the roll the following occurred:)

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, having voted under a

misapprehension, I desire to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Potter, Mr. Berger, will be so recorded.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, having voted under a misapprehension, I desire to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Kephart, will be so recorded.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, having voted under a misapprehension, I desire to change my vote from "aye" to "no."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will be so recorded.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Potter, Mr. Berger.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Potter, Mr. Berger, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BERGER. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, under what misapprehension did the gentleman from Potter vote?

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, the misapprehension was entirely personal, Senator Barr.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I rise on a parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Barr, will state his point of parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, my point of parliamentary inquiry is and I desire a ruling from the Chair as to whether a Member can vote under a misapprehension on the confirmation of a cabinet member.

The PRESIDENT. Under the Rules of the Senate, a member can change his vote any time before it is announced.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I do not like to question your ruling, but if you read the Constitution, on a vote on confirmation it is entirely different from any other vote. If you will look at Article IV, Section 8, right down at the end.

The PRESIDENT. I know of no difference, sir, or any decision that sustains that position.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I am asking for a decision.

The PRESIDENT. The decision of the Chair has already been announced. On any vote that a Senator makes, he has the right to change any time before the vote is announced.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I do not want to delay the Senate, but I have asked you to read Article IV, Section 8, where it tells you how confirmations are acted upon in the Senate and where it says that the vote shall be taken by "yeas" and "nays". I wish you would read that.

The PRESIDENT. I am familiar with that Section and there is nothing in the Section which prohibits a Senator from changing his vote before it is announced.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, along the same lines in your interpretation, if there is nothing in that Section which prohibits a change of vote, is there anything in that Section which prohibits a vote of "present"?

The PRESIDENT. That question is not before us.

Mr. DENT. I assure you it will be, Mr. President.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I rise on a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will state his point of order.

Mr. Walker. Mr. President, has the vote been announced yet?

The PRESIDENT. The vote has not been announced.

The vote on confirmation of Richard Maize is the "yeas" are 25, the "nays" are 23.

The nominee not having received the required constitutional two-thirds vote fails of confirmation.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25

Blass,	Letzler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Chapman,	Mahany,	Robinson,	Wagner,
Crowe,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	McPherson, Jr.,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	Meade,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed.	Pechan,	Taylor,	Wood,
Kessler,			

NAYS—23

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Walker,
Byrne,	Lane,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,
Dent,	Leader,	Ruth,	

Less than two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

NOTIFICATION TO THE GOVERNOR LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the notification to His Excellency, the Governor, of the non-confirmation of Richard Maize, be laid on the table.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I rise on a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny will state his point of order.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, what procedure are we working under now? Does that mean that the vote and the notification is laid on the table?

Mr. WALKER. May I say, Mr. President, that the gentleman from Allegheny is in error. The motion was that the notification to the office of the Chief Executive be laid upon the table. The vote is not laid upon the table only the notification.

The PRESIDENT. The vote has already been announced.

Mr. BARR. I understand that. Mr. President, after you have finished your statement I would like to be recognized.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION THAT NOMINATION OF MILO FREDERICK DRAEMEL, AS SECRETARY OF FORESTS AND WATERS BE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I move that the nomination

of Milo Frederick Draemel, for Secretary of Forests and Waters, be taken from the table.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

One the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I will ask my colleagues to vote "no" on the motion.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, there is a name before us, and I just simply ask that we vote now and take up the name of Milo Draemel.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will state his point of order.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, as I understand the motion made by the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Barr, it is a motion to take from the table. Now, that motion must be adopted or rejected by the Senate before the name can be taken from the table, and I am asking the Majority to vote "no" on the motion to take the name from the table.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I am simply asking to take a name from the table. I am not asking Senator Walker to put words in my mouth.

Mr. PRESIDENT. There has been a motion made by the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Barr, and seconded by the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Lane, that the Executive Nomiantion of Admiral Milo F. Draemel, for the office of Secretary of Forests and Waters, be taken from the table.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I understand that it is not on the table. It is simply to be read.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, in order that we do not get into a praliamentary tangle that may cause more confusion, I would suggest to the Chair that the motion itself is out of order, since there is nothing on the table to be lifted from the table.

The PRESIDENT. I should like to point out to the Minority Floor Leader that all the Executive Nominations that were read by the Chairman of that Committee in making his report, with the single exception of the one we just voted on, are all upon the table.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would further question the Chair as to why there was not a motion made to lift the name of Mr. Maize from the table.

The PRESIDENT. I should like to correct the Minority Floor Leader who seems to be in error that his name was not taken from the table.

Mr. DENT. It was not. Mr. President, I would like to have the record read back where there was a motion made to that effect.

The PRESIDENT. Unanimous consent was given, and the Chair would like to refresh the recollection of the Minority Floor Leader to the effect that we could not have had Mr. Maize up for confirmation unless somebody mentioned it. I certainly did not.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, let's not you and I get tangled up. We usually try to keep a clear head. If I can follow through on the matter, the Chairman asked unanimous consent for consideration of the nomination as presented from the Committee, and we gave unanimous consent to that consideration. He then proceeded to read the name of Mr. Maize, but all the other names were in the same state as Mr. Maize's name at that point. If all the names went to the table, then a motion was necessary. If it did not go to the table, none of the names went to the table.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would like to call to the attention of the Minority Floor Leader that all those nominations were brought up to the desk by a page or someone other than the Chairman of the Committee. Now, we are not splitting hairs here. We have to assume certain things.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, yes, we are certainly splitting hairs. There was a motion to take from the table.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I do not want to get into a parliamentary debate with one of the most distinguished gentlemen who ever served in this Senate, and whose taking a leave of absence from us has always been regretted by us on both sides of the aisle, but I would like to respectfully suggest to the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny that singly the name was called up and unanimous consent was necessary in order to place it before the body.

Now, Mr. President, in order to facilitate matters, I understand that the gentleman from Westmoreland has suggested that Senator Barr's motion was out of order, and if that is so, Mr. President, I would like to now move that the Executive Session do now rise.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, you have not disposed of my motion yet, and secondly I ask the reporter to read back what Senator Watson said.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair rules that there is a motion already before the Chamber, namely, the motion by Senator Barr, and seconded by Senator Lane, that the name of Admiral Milo F. Draemel be taken from the table. All in favor, let it be known by saying "aye."

Mr. BARR. Just a moment, Mr. President. I also made a request that the stenographer read back what Senator Watson had to say when Mr. Maize's name was called up.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Barr?

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Barr, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BARR. Certainly, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to ask the gentleman from Allegheny what good purpose would be served if the notes were read back by the official Reporter and it would be found that the gentleman from Bucks, Senator Watson, did not make a motion to bring Mr. Maize's name from the table? I respectfully suggest to the gentleman from Allegheny that unanimous consent was asked to submit Mr. Maize's name, and there was no objection.

Now, Mr. President, I ask the gentleman from Allegheny, isn't it true, sir, if you attempt to bring up a name and there is an objection made, that therefore it cannot be considered?

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, the motion was made earlier for unanimous consent for all the names to be presented today. I would like the Reporter to read it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, does the Senator from Allegheny still insist that the Stenographer read the record?

Mr. BARR. I do, Mr. President.

(Record read by Official Reporter.)

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, that was the original motion. Therefore, I want to correct my motion and move that we now advise and consent to the nomination of Milo F. Draemel.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object to the consideration of the nomination at this time.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, how can he object?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair rules that there must be a motion to take these executive nominations from the table first.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I just want to make one insertion. It has amazed me what they did to Maize.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

(A voice vote having been taken the question was determined in the negative.)

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAPMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. BLASS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 191, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 671 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by authorizing the change of the fiscal year by districts of the second class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 192, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 193, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for reimbursing incorporated agricultural associations for premiums paid for exhibits of agricultural products.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. FREED read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 194, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (k) of subsection (a) of Section 722 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation for refunds," by including combinations of certain organizations within exemption from fees.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. WADE and TAYLOR read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. MEADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City of Philadelphia for repairing Penn Treaty Monument and improving the grounds thereof located in the Eighteenth Ward of said City of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Philadelphia General Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Philadelphia Hospital for Contagious Diseases, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

Which was committeed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WOOD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the City of Wilkes-Barre; Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions, the authorization, issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined, of bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes, and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds; regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds; imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions; imposing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Property and Supplies for the payment of certain moral claims; providing for the hearing, adjustment and payment of moral claims of persons injured by reason of falling down the main staircase of the Capitol Building as a result of negligence of the Commonwealth in maintaining the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McPHERSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513), entitled "An act regulating the construction, equipment, maintenance, operation, and inspection of boilers; granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; providing penalties for violations of this act; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act," by providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 205, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by extending certain benefits heretofore granted to school employes entering the armed forces of the United States to certain other similary qualified school employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. BYRNE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to amend subsections (a) and (d) of Section 1220, subsection (a) of Section 1222, and subsection (a) of Section 1227 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning election including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections; county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by permitting candidates to be present in the polling place during the time of voting, permitting candidates to be present at the count and computation of votes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act providing for the observance of Pennsylvania Week; and declaring unlawful the political use thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 208, entitled:

An Act declaring and adopting the song "Pennsylvania" by Helen Hall Bucher as the State song.

Which was committed to the Committee on Rules.

Messrs. BARR and WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147), entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to service as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth," by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors and authorizing the payment of mileage.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Messrs. DENT and BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 210, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 10 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 29), entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of natural gas companies," by providing that natural gas companies shall have the right of eminent domain for underground storage of natural gas or manufactured fuel gas.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. WATKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 211, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, permitting county treasurers to hold successive terms.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, on behalf of myself and Senator Holland, I would like to present this resolution commemorating the ninetieth birthday of John Phillips.

RESOLUTION

COMMEMORATING THE BIRTHDAY OF JOHN M. PHILLIPS

Messrs. WALKER and HOLLAND offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 19, 1951.

To become ninety years of age is an event that may truly be termed extraordinary. That great conservationist, John M. Phillips, has as last achieved a goal to which many men aspire, but which few attain. It may, therefore, be a likely presumption that John M. Phillips has applied to his own life those same scientific principles of conservation which he has so zealously espoused in behalf of our stream and forest resources.

The history of conservation in Pennsylvania is really contemporaneous with the current life of John M. Phillips. For, he was among the first to appreciate the consequences of a reckless cutting of our trees and an uncontrolled slaughter of our wild life. Such an interest and a concern became the forerunner to the organization of the Game Commission in Pennsylvania in 1895. In 1905, he became a member of the Commission and later served as its president. He has never ceased to give his close attention to the activities of the Commission; and this intimacy of association and knowledge has created in him a source from which counsel and advice are frequently drawn. In 1913, he sponsored to the stage of successful enactment, the Resident Hunters' License Law. His leadership and guidance in matters pertaining to forests and wild life have premised the passing of the basic Game Code of Pennsylvania by which we are privileged to enjoy our game lands under properly regulated conditions.

In August of 1948, a bronze plaque was set up in Elk County to commemorate his influence in sponsoring conservative legislation and includes the following inscription: "Recognition of his untiring efforts to develop the State-wide system of public hunting ground and game refuges."

The influence of John M. Phillips has not been confined to his own State. His thoughts and principles have irradiated into the other areas and have significantly shaped the policies of the Canadian Government with respect to their game refuge in British Columbia.

John M. Phillips throughout his long career has been an indomitable warrior to preserve everything that is good and cherished in our fast disappearing primitive woodlands and lakes. The marauder of the sylvan scene, the despoiler of lake beauty, the unrelenting killer of wild life, have all felt the rebuke of his wrath and the strength of his courage when they have dared to encroach upon the few surviving precincts of untrammeled nature in their wanton pursuit of pleasure.

From the eminent summit of his ninety years, John M. Phillips has a commanding restrospect of achievement and experience that rarely comes to any man. A span of ninety years is mathematically only nine decades, but when measured in terms of a life's experience it encompasses the throbbing, exciting, and miraculous growth of our country during the tragic days of the Civil War, through the perilous periods of World Wars I and II, to the hazards of the present universal discord.

The panorama of history that can be revealed, the dramatic picture of industrial expansion that can be disclosed, the reorientation of peoples and geography that can be surveyed are the unique privilege of a nonagenarian. John M. Phillips has, indeed, been given a gamut of experience on which nature has lavished her most prolific gifts; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Senate of Pennsylvania salute John M. Phillips on his ninetieth birthday anniversary and extend to him its heartiest congratulations for having attained a truly majestic milestone in life. It acknowledges its appreciation of his outstanding performance in the unrelated fields of conservation of our streams, forests and wild life; of invention and discovery; and of successful business practice. The Senate further offers to John M. Phillips its devout wish that his health, life and happiness will continue for many more years; and be it further

Resolved, That a duly certified copy of this Resolution be transmitted by the Secretary of the Senate to Mr. Phillips, at his home, 2336 Brownsville Road, Carrick, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I offer the following resolution on behalf of myself and the general motoring public. I do not ask for immediate consideration of this resolution, but I hope that it will receive consideration by the Highway Department and by the State Police of Pennsylvania.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

PENNSYLVANIA MOTOR POLICE TO VIGOROUSLY ENFORCE THE MAXIMUM WEIGHT LAWS

Mr. WOOD offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Highways:

In the Senate, February 19, 1951.

Whereas During the year 1950 a series of impartial tests have been made over a test section of the Maryland highways by 12 states and the Bureau of Public Roads to determine the effect of various axle loadings of motor trucks upon the surface of the highways;

Whereas These tests have conclusively indicated serious damage has already been done to the highways of this Commonwealth and the cost of the maintenance and repair thereof has been considerably increased by truck loadings well within the maximum now permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth, to say nothing of the immeasurable damage in highway deterioration done by numerous truck loadings exceeding allowable limits;

Whereas the 86,955 heavy trucks registered within this Commonwealth total only 3.1 per cent of the total vehicles registered and pay only 16.11 per cent of the total registration fees and fuel taxes while operating over 35 per cent of the total gross ton miles operated by all vehicles, as compared with the lighter vehicles and passenger cars which include 96.9 per cent of the vehicles registered and which pay 83.9 per cent of the registration fees and fuel tax while operating 65 per cent of the gross ton miles;

Whereas the heavy truck and the overloaded truck by common knowledge menace all highway users, in slowing traffic on the mountains of Pennsylvania, in driving lighter trucks and passenger vehicles off the roads, in their frequent loss of control when brakes fail or are applied suddenly, causing jack-knifing, and endanger all persons using sidewalks and areas in near highways;

Whereas The inherent danger to the driving public by heavy and overloaded trucks is greatly enhanced by the failure of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to provide adequate enforcement and facilities for weighing vehicles as evidenced by the fact that during 1950 only 32 weighing facilities were operated by the State consisting of five permanent installations and twenty-seven portable units to cover the vast extent of 90,000 miles of improved highways within this Commonwealth used by heavy and overloaded trucks, so that during the average month only some 13,000 vehicles were weighed of which 17 per cent were found to be operating in violation of law;

Whereas There is a crying demand by the general public for reasonable enforcement of the law in order to safe guard the lives and property of other highway users and owners of property adjacent to the highway; therefore be it,

Resolved: (1) That the Pennsylvania Motor Police be admonished vigorously to enforce the maximum weight laws, to install and operate a far larger number of weighing facilities and to check a far greater number of heavy trucks each month.

(2) That where the Pennsylvania Motor Police apprehend violators of the maximum weight laws the offenders be compelled to remove the overload before proceeding and be vigorously prosecuted.

(3) That the Secretary of Revenue be furnished by the Pennsylvania Motor Police with notice of all convictions under the maximum weight laws, and that where the Secretary finds that an individual or corporation has repeatedly violated such laws, immediate action be taken to suspend or revoke the motor vehicle registration or registrations of the offending individual or corporation.

(4) That where the offenses are occasioned by owners or operators of vehicles registered out of this Commonwealth, the Secretary of Revenue shall withdraw the privilege of using the Pennsylvania highways to such vehicles upon the same terms and conditions as would govern the suspension or revocation of the registrations of vehicles registered within this Commonwealth.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. FLEMING, offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 19, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at four o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourn this week it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock p. m., E. S. T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO STUDY AND INVESTIGATE METHODS OF OPERATION OF ALL BRANCHES OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT TO PROMOTE ECONOMY, EFFICIENCY AND IMPROVED SERVICE

Messrs. YOSKO, BLASS, ROSENFELD and MAHANY, offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, February 19, 1951.

Whereas, It is the policy of the General Assembly to promote economy, efficiency, and improved service in the transaction of the public business in the departments, bureaus, agencies, boards, commissions, offices, and all other instrumentalities of the executive branch of the Government, by:

(1) Limiting expenditures to the lowest amount consistent with the efficient performance of essential services, activities and functions;

(2) Eliminating duplication and overlapping of services, activities, and functions;

(3) Consolidating services, activities and functions of a similar nature;

(4) Abolishing services, activities and functions not necessary to the efficient conduct of government; and

(5) Defining and limiting executive functions, services and activities; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate hereby directs the Joint State Government Commission to study and investigate the present organization and methods of operation of all departments, bureaus, agencies, boards, commissions, offices and other instrumentalities of the executive branch of the government, to determine what changes therein are necessary in its opinion to accomplish the purposes set forth in the preamble to this resolution; and be it further

Resolved, That the commission, or any member thereof may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this resolution, hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, and take such testimony as the commission, or such member may deem advisable, and any member of the commission may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before the commission or before such member; and be it further

Resolved, That the Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office or other instrumentality, information, suggestions, estimates and statistics for the purposes of this resolution and each such department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office or other instrumentality, is authorized and directed to furnish such information, suggestions, estimates and statistics directly to the commission upon request made by the chairman or vice-chairman thereof; and be it further

Resolved, That the Commission shall report its findings and recommendations to the next regular session of the General Assembly together with such legislation it may propose to carry out such recommendations.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate

do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate Senator Yosko.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Northampton, Mr. Yosko, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. YOSKO. Yes, Mr. President.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I realize that the intent and purpose of this resolution is good, but would the Senator from Northampton state in his opinion what would be the cost if this resolution were adopted?

I ask this question, may I state, because today I believe we are called upon to appropriate fifty thousand dollars to the Joint State Government Commission for a deficiency. I do not know but I believe the amount that was appropriated during the last Session was in excess of two hundred thousand dollars, possibly two hundred fifty thousand dollars. I can be corrected, but I am interested in economy in government, and it does seem to me that too many matters are being referred to the Commission. It is all costly, all done with good intent, but I am alarmed at the cost that is being incurred from day to day here in our state government, and I certainly would not want to vote for the resolution without knowing what it purports.

The PRESIDENT. Is the Senator from Northampton in position to reply to the question of the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Mallery?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, it is almost impossible for me to make a direct reply to the question submitted by the Senator because I do not know just how much work the Joint State Government Commission will do in connection with the resolution. I did previously submit a bill calling for the creation of a commission similar to the Hoover Commission, which functioned in Washington, and the bill was referred to the Committee on State Government. It was considered there, and the suggestion was made that a resolution similar to the one just presented be prepared and submitteed, which, of course, was done in lieu of the bill which was presented.

Mr. President, now so far as government expenditures are concerned, I am in agreement with my colleague that government does cost a lot of money, and that is one of the reasons why I submitted this bill. As I understand it from my experience with the state government, there are about two hundred twenty-five departments, boards, bureaus and commissions scattered all over Pennslyvania. We have not had a re-organization of the State government for many many years, if we had one at all, and each year there are additional bureaus being added to the state government. Right now we are operating on a billion dollar budget and I suppose before this Session is over, we will be called upon to enact another billion dollar budget.

I do not know how much it is going to cost to conduct this investigation, but in my opinion if the investigation is conducted and we are able to abolish some of the bureaus, if we are able to consolidate some of the bureaus and thus decrease the number of employes in the Commonwealth, over-lapping, and red tape and what not, certainly over a period of years, whatever the cost is to conduct this investigation, will pay for itself and more so. If that re-organization of the Federal government did some good along economy lines in Washington, and everybody seems to agree that it has, then I do not see why it could not bring about the same conclusion here in Pennsylvania.

I believe in the resolution and it is based on my experience with the state government, with which I was affiliated for fourteen years, and I trust that there will be no objection to this resolution so that the State Government Commission can proceed with this investigation and prepare its report and suggestive legislation at the next Session of the Legislature.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the resolution?

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, my only objection, my real objection rather, to all resolutions of this kind is they authorize the incurrence of expenditures unlimted. It seems to me that when these resolutions are prepared, as in this case in particular, when there could be merit in it a certain definite sum should be stated as the cost that is to be made. Otherwise, we might be confronted with an expense of possibly two hundred thousand dollars or a quarter of a million dollars.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

(A voice vote having been taken the question was determined in the affirmative.)

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BENEFITS

Mr. WALKER, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Joint State Government Commission

Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Partial Unemployment Compensation Benefits."

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER,
Baker Royer, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440) entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending revising consolidating and changing the

law relating thereto" by permitting stockholders of banks banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks institutions and companies and validating prior acts

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 24 of the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440) entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 24 Limitation on Powers Fees (a) No [stockholder] director or officer in any bank banking institution notary public for any bank banking institution or trust or trust company holding at the same time the office of notary public shall do or perform any act or duty as company in which he is a [stockholder] director or officer Any act or duty performed by any such notary public for any such bank banking institution or trust company is hereby declared invalid

(b) No clerk in any bank banking institution or trust company holding at the same time the office of notary public shall be authorized to protest checks notes drafts bill of exchange or any commercial paper for any bank banking institution or trust company in which he is employed

(c) The fees of any such notary for other services rendered shall be the property of such notary and in no case belong to or be received by the corporation of which he is a [stockholder] director or clerk

(d) No justice of the peace magistrate or alderman holding at the same time the office of notary public shall have jurisdiction in cases arising on papers or documents containing acts by him done in the office of notary public

Section 2 All affidavits acknowledgments and other notarial acts heretofore performed by any stockholder of a bank banking institution or trust company holding at the same time the office of notary public shall to all intents and purposes be valid as if such notary were not a stockholder Provided That no cases heretofore judicially decreed or now pending shall be affected by this act

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldier Orphans' School" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Acknowledgment within the State The acknowledgment of any instrument may be made in this State before

(1) A judge of a court of record

(2) A clerk prothonotary or deputy prothonotary or deputy clerk of a court having a seal

(3) A recorder of deeds or deputy recorder of deeds

(4) A notary public

(5) A justice of the peace magistrate or alderman

Section 2 All acknowledgments of written instruments heretofore made before and certified by any deputy re-

corder of deeds are hereby validated All such instruments in writing so acknowledged and certified may be offered in evidence without further proof If such instrument so acknowledged and certified conveys or relates to or concerns any interest in lands it may be recorded in the recorder's office of the county or counties where such lands lie and the record of same made before or after the passage of this act shall be constructive notice of all matters contained therein and such record or exemplification of same duly certified shall be legal evidence in all cases in which the original would be competent evidence

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 96, as follows:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 That whenever heretofore real property has been conveyed to any person as trustee without naming the cestuis que trustent and without declaring the purpose of the trust and such trustee has thereafter in good faith made a conveyance of such property to a third person in his own name as trustee without disclosing the cestuis que trustent or without showing his right to make such conveyance when the deed given by such trustee is otherwise in proper form and capable of conveying the estate intended such deed and conveyance are hereby made good and valid and effectual to transfer pass and convey the estate right title and interest of the cestuis que trustent for whom the trustee held in and to such real property

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 99, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" as last amended by the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 398) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That from and after the time this act takes effect the pay of jurors in this Commonwealth shall be [five dollars ($5)] seven dollars ($7) per day together with mileage at the rate of [six cents (6c)] seven cents (7c) for each mile going to and returning from the county seat

Section 2 Effective Date The provisions of this act shall become effective as of January 1 1952

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,

Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United State of America for use in the military defense of the United State of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies is hereby authorized to sell and convey to the United States of America a certain tract of land situate in the Township of Coolbaugh County of Monroe consisting of fourteen hundred acres more or less which tract is a portion of the tract known as the Tobyhanna Military Reservation conveyed to the Commonwealth by the United States of America by quitclaim deed dated the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and recorded in the recorder's office of Monroe County in Deed Book Volume 171 page 219 on the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine for the purpose of the military defense of the United States of America for such consideration and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be approved by the Governor

The conveyance authorized by this act shall be by deed without warranty signed and acknowledged by the Secretary of Property and Supplies approved by the Governor and shall have the Great Seal of the Commonwealth impressed thereon duly attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall also be approved by the Attorney General

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective imediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass fianlly?

The yeas and nays were taken agreebaly to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 7, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts, the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care, or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians, providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. LETZLER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of the bill reported from committee for the first time at today's session.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 20, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 7:13 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, February 20, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, February 19, 1951

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend James R. Bell, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Springfield, Flourtown, Pa., guest of the gentleman from Montgomery, Hon. William A. Bolton, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Father in Heaven, we invoke Thy Blessing upon this assembly. Direct and prosper all our thinking to the advancement of Thy glory and the good of our beloved State. May each one of us seek and have Thy guidance as we consider the safety, the honor, the sobriety and the welfare of our people. May we, as their elected leaders, seek to do the right and not the will of pressure groups or vested interests. Grant that Thy peace and happiness, truth and justice, virtue and piety, may be established among us. Bless our Governor and his wife. Be very close to them in these days of her illness. Restore her, if it be Thy will. For these and all things necessary we humbly pray in the name of Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, February 14, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Scanlon for Mr. WELSH for the week because of the death of his father.

REPORT FROM JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BENEFITS

Mr. KENT submitted a report from the Joint State Government Commission which was read as follows:

February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with "Partial Unemployment Compensation Benefits."

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER, Chairman

BR:mf
Enc.

(For Report see Appendix.)

STUDENT TEACHERS FROM PENN STATE EXTENSION CENTER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House the student teachers from Penn State Extension Center of Harrisburg as guests of Mr. Ziegler and Mr. Dowling, Members from Dauphin County.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conewingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WEIDNER offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 819), Page 4, by inserting after line 8, the following paragraph:

Penalty.—Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall, upon summary conviction before a magistrate, be sentenced to pay a fine of ten ($10) dollars

and costs of prosecution, and, in default of the payment thereof, shall undergo imprisonment for not more than five (5) days.

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 59, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom; for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims; and reinstating the lien of certain claims.

The first section was read and agreed to.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROBERTSON offered the following amendment:

Amend bill, page 7, by inserting after line 18, the following:

Section 3. The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmens clubs, associations, or federations.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. FROST offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 621.1), page 3, line 7, by striking out the word "member's" and inserting in lieu thereof "members'."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 621.1), page 3, line 15, by striking out the word "volunteers" and inserting in lieu thereof "volunteer."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 621.1), page 3, line 16, by striking out the word "sportsmens" and inserting in lieu thereof "sportsmen's."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 621.1), page 3, line 19, by striking out the word "benefits" and inserting in lieu thereof "benefit."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. FROST offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 2, last line of title, by striking out the word "sportsmans" and inserting in lieu thereof "sportsmen's."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 4, Printer's No. 11

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILL ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 8

was temporarily passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

MR. HALL IN THE CHAIR

RESOLUTION

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES

Mr. MURRAY. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of my colleague, Mr. Royer, I offer a resolution as a supplemental report of the Committee on Committees and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the resolution? Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and consent is granted.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 19, 1951.

Resolved, That in compliance with the provisions of Rule 27 of the House, it is recommended that the Members of the House named herein be and are hereby elected Members of the Standing Committees of this House of Representatives.

Transfer Kornick from Motor Vehicles to Mines and Mining.

Transfer Louis Leonard from Mines and Mining to Municipal Corporations.

Transfer Amarando from Muncipal Corporations to Motor Vehicles.

Transfer Reidenbach from Ways and Means to Appropriations.

Transfer McGee from Appropriations to Ways and Means.

Transfer Van Sant from Fisheries to Game and Forestry.

Transfer Toomey from Game and Forestry to Fisheries.

Transfer Gibson from Game and Forestry to Professional Licensure.

Transfer Wilt from Professional Licensure to Game and Forestry.

Transfer Wescott from Workmen's Compensation to Highways.

Transfer Guthrie from Highways to Workmen's Compensation.

Respectfully submitted by the Committee on Committees.

BAKER ROYER, Chairman,
WILSON L. YEAKEL,
WRAYBURN B. HALL,
GEORGE W. COOPER,
RAY L. RILEY,
D. RAYMOND SOLLENBERGER,
ALBERT W. JOHNSON,
JOHN F. STANK,
JOSEPH A. SCANLON,
ALBERT S. READINGER,
HERBERT P. SORG,
Speaker of the House, Ex-officio.

RESOLUTION

Mr. ANDREWS offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 19, 1951.

Whereas, On Friday, February 16, 1951, Thomas J. Welsh, the father of the Honorable John J. Welsh and the husband of the late Mary A. Welsh, nee Morgan, suddenly passed away at the family home, 1507 Elbridge Street, Philadelphia, at the age of seventy-seven years; now therefore be it

Resolved, That the House extend its sincere sympathy to the Honorable John J. Welsh and family in their hour of bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Honorable John J. Welsh and family.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. REAGAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mrs. VARALLO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by her.

Mr. WESTRICK asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. LUTTY asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Potter, Mr. Hall, for presiding.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. ROBERTSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to add Mr. Kent as an additional sponsor to House Bill No. 228, introduced on February 13, and now in the Committee on Judiciary.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

Mr. READINGER asked and obtained permission of the House to call a caucus of the Democratic Members, immediately upon the calling of a recess, for the purpose of considering House Bill 1.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for thirty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, as the members of the House will recall the House gave its unanimous consent that I might offer amendments at this time to House Bill 1.

I am glad to announce that it will not be part of my plan or your plan to offer amendments at this time. I understand that the majority leader and our Caucus Chairman have conferred and that amendments have been prepared. Those amendments have been submitted in principal to our Democratic caucus, and the Democratic caucus has authorized our Caucus Chairman to co-sponsor the amendments which will be offered if the majority leader so desires.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I accept the gentleman's gracious gesture in co-sponsoring these amendments and I ask unanimous consent of the house to offer amendments to House Bill 1 at this time. I would like to make a brief statement at the proper time.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Messrs. SMITH and READINGER. Mr. Speaker, we ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 5, page 7, by striking out lines 18 and 19.

Amend Section 5, page 8, by striking out lines 1 to 8 inclusive.

Amend Section 5, page 8, by striking out at the beginning of the line before the word "All" the following: "by law for the employes of this State"

Amend Section 5, page 8, by inserting between lines 13 and 14 a new paragraph to read as follows:

All personnel of Mobile Support Units shall be regarded as employes of the State for all the purposes of The Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act as last reenacted and amended by the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 520) and its subsequent amendments, and shall be entitled to receive compensation in case of injuries received while actually engaged as members of a Mobile Support Unit in performing any duty provided for by this act, or while going to or coming from the performance of any such duties. The State, as employer shall in all such cases be deemed to have knowledge of all other employment of all such members, including self-employment, and shall be liable for compensation on account of all wages and earnings resulting therefrom. In all cases where an injury compensable hereunder is received by a member of a Mobile Support Unit, who is in whole or in part a self-employer, and loss of earnings results therefrom, such earnings shall be regarded as wages. The average weekly wage as so regarded shall be that most favorable to the employe, computed by dividing by thirteen the total earnings of the employe in the first, second, third or fourth period of thirteen consecutive calendar weeks in the fifty-two weeks immediately preceding the accident.

Amend Section 5, page 8, line 14, by striking out at the end thereof the character "Com"

Amend Section 5, page 8, line 15, by striking out at the beginning thereof the phrase "pensation paid and"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the offering of amendments at this time? Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would just like to give a little bit of history of this bill and also the description of these amendments.

As probably some of you know, this bill was the result of a study made by the Council of State Governments over a period of probably two years. It was a study made by all of the States of this nation. It has been approved by the Department of Justice in Washington and has been submitted to President Truman by his aid Steward Symington.

We felt at the beginning that it was a model bill, but in view of the opposition that arose to paying five dollars to a volunteer worker, and being put on a basis of patriotism, we felt that it was not fair to go along with a bill on that basis; that it would not be fair to make fish of one and fowl of another. So in view of that fact we have offered with Mr. Readinger certain amendments. What they do is just this. They eliminate all compensations as far as mobile units go as far as a distinct volunteer worker is concerned. As far as the state or local subdivision where they would be sent is concerned, if they intend to pay them that is the prerogative of the state or the prerogative of the subdivision that is helping. We don't make it mandatory.

We give them workmen's compensation for injury or death in line of duty. We also make the entire thing a volunteer and a patriotic gesture similar to the air raid wardens, similar to the auxiliary police and similar to any other groups that are willing to show their patriotism by working for their country in times of stress.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, that the bill as amended lie over for printing.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, Hon. John C. Walton from Philadelphia.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Appropriations, Mr. Wood, Chairman, Room Number 245-6, Tuesday, February 20, at 12:30 p. m.

City and County—First Class, Mr. Tahl, Chairman, Room Number 521, Tuesday, February 20, at 10:30 a. m.

Cities and County—Second Class, Mr. Ewing, Chairman, Room Number 521, Tuesday, February 20, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room Number 520, Tuesday, February 20, at 11:00 a.m.

Legislative Service Club, Mr. Dennison, Secretary, Capitol Dining Room, Tuesday, February 20, at 8:30 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. BEAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 20, 1951 at 1:00 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:48 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1951. No. 12.

SENATE

TUESDAY, February 20, 1951

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. ALFRED L. TAXIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, history and experience show unmistakable evidence that Thou dost guide nations and individuals. May we not make it difficult for Thee to do this for us.

Bless these men, our Father, with clear minds, pure hearts, for who knows that what they do here today may determine the destiny of our Nation and our Commonwealth, through Jesus Christ, our Lord, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. McCREESH, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I was in error yesterday when I asked for leave of absence for the gentleman from Montgomery, Senator Propert, and the gentleman from Somerset, Senator Hare, because of sickness. I inadverently asked for their leave of absence for that day; I should have asked for leave of absence for Senators Propert and Hare for the week. I want to be certain it is on the record so that there is no misunderstanding.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 20, 1951.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 20, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Paul M. Bendik, McKeesport.
Miss Esther L. Feldman, Pittsburgh, 743 Ross Ave.

BEAVER COUNTY

H. D. Mancing, Beaver Falls.

CENTRE COUNTY

Mrs. Bette Dershem, State College.

ERIE COUNTY

George Reinhold, Jr., Erie.

LANCASTER COUNTY

D. R. T. Knox, Lancaster.
Carl P. Lefever, Conestoga Twp., Conestoga.

LEBANON COUNTY

William E. Brommer, North Lebanon Twp., Lebanon.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Doris E. Lott, Hallstead.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Lois R. Kressler, York.
Keith Stetler, York.
Sam J. Urich, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William J. Laffey, 7532 Frankford Ave., 2-24-51.
Bernard G. Roseman, 2025 S. 5th St., 2-24-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Dal Maddalon, Stowe Twp., McKees Rocks, 3-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss M. Edna Hurst, 801 Market St., 3-2-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

H. R. McFarland, Turtle Creek, 3-3-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Miss Mary C. Palo, Clarion, 3-3-51.

INDIANA COUNTY

Hugh A. Jackson, Saltsburg, 3-3-51.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude L. Reiner, Lewistown, 3-3-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Chester M. Buffington, Harrisburg, 3-6-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Walter A. Meskunas, Scranton, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ellwood G. Dungan, Fox St. & Roberts Ave., 3-6-51
Samuel Rubin, 2411 N. 33rd St., 3-6-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

J. Guy McCutcheon, Franklin, 3-6-51.

YORK COUNTY

Hugh B. Hostetter, Hanover, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Herbert J. Littig, 890 N. 47th St., 3-7-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Clara F. Dungan, Upper Southampton Twp., Southampton, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Glenn H. Lindquist, Tarentum, 3-9-51.
Geo. W. Miller, Wilkinsburg, 3-9-51.
J. David Steiner, Pittsburgh, 6018 Houston St., 3-9-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Charles A. Yerker, West Reading, 3-9-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Henry A. Fox, Adams Twp., Dunlo, 3-9-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Geo. S. Rempfer, Harrisburg, 3-9-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Kathryn A. Stewart, Ridley Park, 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Edwin F. Ahrens, Erie, 3-9-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Frank M. Walsh, Scranton, 3-9-51.
Miss Hannah C. Walsh, Scranton, 3-9-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

William T. Howells, Jeddo, 3-9-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret Bassler Neidig, Sunbury, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

J. Jos. Finn, 4424 Lancaster Ave., 3-9-51.
Anthony Grieco, 1122 S. Broad St., 3-9-51.
Wm. Mack, 5239 Spruce St., 3-9-51.
Miss Margaret Tredick, Girard Trust Co., 3-9-51.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Mrs. Delena U. Meehan, Dushore, 3-9-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Rose M. Bastio, Canonsburg, 3-9-51.

ELK COUNTY

William Cheatle, St. Marys, 3-10-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Evelyn S. Furber, Millcreek Twp., Erie, 3-10-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Doyle, Waynesboro, 3-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

H. Homer Starks, 341 N. Horton St., 3-10-51.

WYOMING COUNTY

David R. Hobbs, Tunkhannock, 3-10-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Homer J. Hunter, Eau Claire, 3-12-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Winifred A. Zeiser, Erie, 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Benjamin Friedman, 811 Porter St., 3-12-51.
Mrs. Elizabeth K. Weaver, The Lankenau Hospital, 3-12-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

R. Frank Heiser, Mahanoy City, 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Franklin H. Bates, 1400 S. Penn Square, 3-13-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

David C. Shropshire, Chester, 3-15-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Geo. S. Knieriemen, 1421 Chestnut St., 3-16-51.
Miss Iola S. Ranck, 3112 N. 15th St., 3-16-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Julia S. Drake, Troy, 3-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. C. Hennessy, Pittsburgh, 7500 Thomas Blvd., 3-17-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. E. B. Holden, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, 3-19-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Esther H. Highmyer, Erie, 3-19-51.
Wm. F. Liljenberg, Erie, 3-19-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Walter Laughery, North Union Twp., Uniontown, 3-19-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Harry Green, Allentown, 3-19-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Earl E. Heller, Mount Pocono, 3-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James J. Girardo, 929 Washington Ave., 3-19-51.
Albert S. Houldsworth, Jr., 1619 N. 55th St., 3-19-51.
Miss Eleanor S. Johnston, 643 Land Title Bldg., 3-19-51.
Samuel U. Levin, 825 Ritner St., 3-19-51.
Miss Marie F. Miller, 245 Master St., 3-19-51.
Arthur Noble, Jr., 2001 Orthodox St., 3-19-51.
Joseph D. Platt, 416 Walnut St., 3-19-51.
Miss Helen L. Schneider, 704 Morris Bldg., 3-19-51.
Mrs. Jennie Schwartz, 924 W. Girard Ave., 3-19-51.

WYOMING COUNTY

Miss Wilhelmina Schlatter, Tunkhannock, 3-19-51.

YORK COUNTY

James R. Cousler, York, 3-19-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WATKINS,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY

The CHAIR cleared its table and laid before the Senate the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission of Pennsylvania and New Jersey to the Legislatures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey for 1950.

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal.

HOUSE MESSAGE

SENATE CONCURS IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

GENERAL ASSEMBLY EXTENDS SYMPATHY AND PRAYERFUL WISHES FOR A SPEEDY RECOVERY TO MRS. FINE

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Illness often strikes insidiously and without warning. It not only prostrates its victim, but brings anguish and inconvenience to the victim's loved ones and friends.

This General Assembly is shocked to learn of the unfortunate physical condition of the First Lady of Pennsylvania, Mrs. John S. Fine, and the immediate necessity for exploratory and corrective operations to ameliorate her distress.

This General Assembly is aware of the increased burden of anxiety that the present illness of Mrs. Fine has imposed upon the Governor during the period of inevitable tension that attends the opening days of a legislative session; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly is deeply sympathetic with Mrs. Fine in her current illness and extends to her and the Governor its solicitous concern and prayerful wishes for a speedy recovery, and eventful convalescence, and a rapid restoration, to her home and circle of friends and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to Governor and Mrs. Fine.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Mr. McPHERSON, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

He also, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the City of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

Mr. RUTH, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; pro-

viding for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

He also, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 151, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty, buildings or real estate.

Mr. YOSKO, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

Mr. ROSENFELD, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

RESOLUTIONS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. KESSLER, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, to which was referred resolution offered by Mr. Berger, on January 15, 1951, reported the same without amendment as follows:

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO MAKE A STUDY OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, Labor-management relations have year by year assumed greater influence over the lives of all the citizens of this Commonwealth and the United States; and

Whereas, It is vital to the continuing welfare and progress of this great industrial Commonwealth that legislation keep pace with the expanding importance of labor-management relations to the end that the increasing and difficult problem of labor and management may be solved quickly and intelligently rather than slowly and with force, strikes, and to the detriment of all; and

Whereas, Existing legislation providing such machinery does not take cognizance of the increasing importance of the subject matter nor of all the techniques that have been devised and improvised to aid in the solution of problems arising therefrom; and

Whereas, There is urgent need that corrective legislation on this subject matter be considered and passed during the present session of the General Assembly; now therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed immediately to begin a study of the entire problem of labor-management relations with the emphasis on existing legislation providing machinery for their solution and in particular those statutes relating to labor disputes, mediation, arbitration, injunctions, and collective bargaining; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission in its study shall consider the feasibility of providing a new, enlarged, or revised administrative agency or department for the more successful handling of such problems in the best interests of labor, management, the general public and the governmental administrators; and be it further

Resolved, That as a part of such study the Joint State Government Commission shall also consider the provision of a practicable system of extension education relating to labor-management practices in negotiating and carrying out collective bargaining activities and agreements; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall submit its report embracing its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly during this regular session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one in time to ensure the full consideration and passage of such legislation as they deem necessary to effectuate the purposes of this resolution together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

Laid over for one day under the rules.

Mr. LANE, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, to which was referred resolution offered by Mr. Wood, on January 15, 1951, reported the same without amendment as follows:

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION TO MAKE A STUDY OF ALL DISABILITY BENEFIT LAWS

In the Senate, January 15, 1951.

Whereas, Adequate modern disability benet laws are necessary for the welfare of the huge labor force of this Commonwealth as well as for the well-being of management and the general public; now, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed

to make a thorough study of all disability benefit laws to the end that adequate legislation on the subject may be provided for this Commonwealth; and be it further

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission shall file a report of its finding and recommendations to the General Assembly at its next regular session by the first day of February, 1953, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry out the same.

Laid over for one day under the rules.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352), entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration, operation, and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River, and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with the State of New Jersey; creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenue derived from tolls collected at such bridges; transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State of New Jersey, amending the agreement entitled, "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties," as hertofore amended; to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, improvement, maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River, including approach highways; the financing thereof and the fixing, charging and collecting of tolls for the use of such bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act to license legislative agents and to regulate their activities, to prescribe the powers and duties of certain State officials with respect thereto, and to prescribe penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 214, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (d) of section 501 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting residents of counties in which open anterless deer season has been abrogated to hunt in other counties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. TAYLOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. SCARLETT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 218, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paoli Memorial Association for improvements and maintenance and for planting on the Paoli Parade Ground situate in Malvern Borough, Chester County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. STEVESON, HALUSKA, MAHANY and MALLERY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act to provide for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions under the old-age and survivor insurance provisions of Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended; creating the State-Federal Social Security Board and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board; authorizing the Board to enter into agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and with political subdivisions under certain terms and conditions; providing for the Commonwealth's contribution under agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and for the collection and payment of employer and employe contributions; authorizing interstate cooperation in certain cases; creating a Contribution Fund and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 220, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, eliminating the requirements of uniformity in the case of income taxes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 221, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing graduated inheritance taxes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, on Lincoln's Birthday, and a few days before and a few days after, the airwaves of the United States were filled with great pleas by Republican leaders for economy. They pointed out that we must have economy in government to go on, and that overlapping departments should be cut out of all governments at all levels.

Mr. President, I find in nosing around the Capitol that we have here a Department of Commerce who walks across the hall into the Department of Internal Affairs, picks up their records, and then goes back and makes a great statement of what the Department of Commerce is doing on the record of Pennsylvania. I looked around the Department of Internal Affairs and I found out that they could have a lot more work to do. In fact, I inquired here and there and found out that they could take over the work of the Department of Commerce without any more employees.

With this economy wave created by Lincoln Day speakers, I now present the following bill abolishing the Department of Commerce and transferring all of its work over to the Department of Internal Affairs.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. HOLLAND read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 222, entitled:

An Act abolishing the Department of Commerce and the office of the Secretary of Commerce; transferring their powers and duties, the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission and the State Planning Board to the Department of Internal Affairs, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and the Secretary of Internal Affairs and making the Secretary of Internal Affairs a member, ex officio, of the State Planning Board and chairman of the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 223, entitled:

An Act making voidable releases of claims for personal injuries or death given within thirty days; and providing for the avoidance of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 224, entitled:

An Act providing that in actions for damages for injuries to persons or property allegedly caused by negligence, the question of contributory negligence of the plaintiff shall in every case be a matter for determination by the jury.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act making the insurer of defendant in an action in tort involving a motor vehicle a proper party defendant with the defendant; and providing for the effect of such joinder.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act relating to the recovery of damages for loss or diminution of the right of consortium in personal injury cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act relating to the granting of a new trial by reason of excessive damages or inadequacy of damages.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Messrs. LANE and BANE read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Joint State Government Commission to make a thorough investigation and study of the safety measures and methods employed in the bituminous coal mining industry, for the protection of the coal miners; providing for the appointment of the members of a committee of advisers; prescribing the committee's duties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. BERGER (By Request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Highways for the payment of certain moral claims; providing for the hearing, adjustment and payment of moral claims of persons injured and property damages through negligence in the construction or repair of State highways by the Department or its employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

PRESENTATION OF SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH AND PUPILS FROM OUR MOTHER OF SORROWS SCHOOL, PHILADELPHIA.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is pleased to note that we have some distinguished visitors with us here today, among whom are Sister Leo Joseph, Sister Catherine Gertrude, Sister Alice Elizabeth and Sister Thomas Aloysius of the Sisters of St. Joseph, and boys and girls from Our Mother of Sorrows School, 8th and 9th Grades,

as the guests of Senator John J. McCreesh. Will they please rise?

We also have with us the Reverend Father James McLaughlin, Chaplain of the Catholic War Veterans, whom I should like to invite to the rostrum to make a few remarks at this time.

FATHER McLAUGHLIN. To the Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, in the name of the children of Our Mother of Sorrows School in Philadelphia, and to the Honorable Senator McCreesh and Representative Conway, we wish to extend our sincere thanks and appreciation for this wonderful day which we have had with you. We have been your guests, we have toured the various chambers, we dined in your cafeteria, and we are now about to return to Philadelphia to our homes.

Let me say to you gentleman that these children will always remember this day in Harrisburg, and they have asked me to say to this honorable group and friends, that when they return to Philadelphia, they will say one special prayer for the speedy recovery of the Governor's wife, Mrs. Fine. Thank you.

RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. BLASS offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week is reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED TO DETERMINE ADVISABILITY OF REPEALING LAWS OF COMMONWEALTH PRESCRIBING DEATH PENALTY

Messrs. MEADE and ROSENFELT offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General:

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Philadelphia Daily News, during the last several weeks, has conducted a survey on the question of the abolition of the electric chair and the repeal of the death penalty; and

Whereas, The survey was conducted among the various law enforcement groups, prison authorities, legislators, labor leaders, criminologists, religious leaders, educators, lawyers, and judges; and

Whereas, The results of the survey disclose that many of the authorities and experts questioned were of the opinion that the electric chair should be abolished and the death penalty repealer; and

Whereas, There appears to be almost unanimity of opinion on the question, nevertheless, the gravity of the subject is such, public hearings on the question should be held; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee composed of three members of the Senate to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore and three members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker, be created to hold one or more public hearings to determine the advisability of repealing the laws of this Commonwealth which prescribe the death penalty; and be it further

Resolved, That the committee shall, at as early a date as possible, make a report of its findings, and recommendations to the General Assembly.

PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD TO PREPARE PRINTED COMPILATION OF RULES, REGULATIONS, POLICIES AND PROCEDURE AND BE MADE AVAILABLE AFTER APPROVAL BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Messrs. LANE and BARR offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Law and Order:

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board does not have a setup of uniform rules, regulations and policies of procedure, and

Whereas, Because of this lack of uniformity, some of the decisions and rulings of the Board are contradictory, and

Whereas, Because of this confusion, courts very often overrule the Board's decisions and criticize the Board for overstepping its authority in its interpretation of the Liquor Control Acts, and

Whereas, A printed compilation of the Board's rulings, regulations, policies and procedure would be useful, necessary and informative to Legislators, Attorneys, Licensees, Vendors, Officials and others having business with, or interested, in the administration of liquor control in Pennsylvania; Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, immediately prepare a complete compilation of all rules, regulations, policies and procedure and the booklet be made available after it has been approved by the Attorney General, to conform with the provisions of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Laws.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations, reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor, which were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Major Lemuel B. Schofield, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joseph Putnam Willson, Esquire, 706 King Street, Smethport, McKean County, for appointment as a Member of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, to serve until the third Tues-

day of January, 1959, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

John A. Bender, 641 Wyomissing Boulevard, Wyomissing, Berks County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Wyomissing, Berks County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Edward D. Clemmer, resigned.

Dalton J. Holsopple, R. F. D. No. 1, Stoystown, Somerset County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Jenner, Somerset County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

Harold V. Hartley, Lenoxville, Susquehanna County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Lenox, Susquehanna County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice W. S. Robinson, deceased.

Paul J. Callihan, Box No. 185, Chicora, Butler County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Millerstown, Butler County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 13, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, David W. Phillips, Esq., 612 South Main Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

PENNSYLVANIA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

Ralph Earle, Exeter Road, Haverford, Delaware County, to serve until June 2, 1954, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified. (Reappointment)

Alan M. Scaife, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, from June 15, 1949, until March 6, 1951, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

John Henry Leh, Allentown, Lehigh County, from October 10, 1949, until June 2, 1953, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

ALDERMAN

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Sentae of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

James Craparo, 18 Shell Avenue, Carbondale, Lackawanna County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Carbondale, Lackawanna County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Francis W. Kearney, deceased.

JAMES H. DUFF.

RULE 38 SUSPENDED

Mr. WATSON asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SNOWDEN, that the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and MR. LETZLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis.	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do remain in Executive Session for the purpose of reconsidering the action taken by the Senate on the nomination of Richard Maize as Secretary of the Department of Mines.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON NOMINATION

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which Richard Maize was not confirmed as Secretary of the Department of Mines.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I voted with the prevailing side.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I voted with the prevailing side.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion to advise and consent to the nomination?

NOMINATION LAID ON THE TABLE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the nomination of Richard Maize as Secretary of the Department of Mines be laid on the table with the nominations for the Cabinet positions reported from the Committee on Executive Nominations at yesterday's Session, and laid on the table.

Mr. DIEHM. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, as follows:

An Act proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That article fourteen be amended by adding thereto section eight as follows

Section 8 (1) In Philadelphia all county offices are hereby abolished and the city shall henceforth perform all functions of county government within its area through officers selected in such manner as may be provided by law

(2) Local and special laws regulating the affairs of the city of Philadelphia and creating offices or prescribing the powers and duties of officers of the city of Philadelphia shall be valid notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of article three of this Constitution

(3) All laws applicable to the county of Philadelphia shall apply to the city of Philadelphia

(4) The city of Philadelphia shall have assume and take over all powers property obligations and indebtedness of the county of Philadelphia

(5) The provisions of article fifteen section one of the Constitution shall apply with full force and effect to the functions of the county government hereafter to be performed by the city government

(6) This amendment shall become effective immediately upon its adoption

(7) Upon adoption of this amendment all county officers shall become officers of the city of Philadelphia and until the General Assembly shall otherwise provide shall continue to perform their duties and be elected appointed compensated and organized in such manner as may be provided by the provisions of this Constitution and the laws of the Commonwealth in effect at the time this amendment becomes effective but such officers serving when this amendment becomes effective shall be permitted to complete their terms

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171),, entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined." by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

"Amend Sec. 1, page 2, line 1, by inserting after the word "upon" the following: between the department and the purchaser.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 99, on third reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I purposely waited until the bill was passed to make a few remarks regarding, not the bill itself, but what the bill indirectly stands for.

Mr. President, this bill covers a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission. Over the years, I have on many occasions tried to impress the Senate Majority with the necessity of setting up the Joint State Government Commission on the basis of more equity in the distribution of the memberships to the Commission. I was motivated by the desire to see this particular agency operate as it was originally intended, as an agency of the General Assembly, an information center, a clearing house for the thoughts and for the ideas of the Members of the General Assembly, both during a session and during the interim.

Mr. President, back in 1939, when the majority of the Senate was voting Republican and the majority of the House was voting Democratic, I thought that would be a very good opportunity to make this agency a bipartisan and a nonpartisan, as it were, agency for the benefit of all of the Members of the General Assembly, and with the assistance and the very great help of Senator Charles Mallery, we succeeded in getting through the Senate a bill that gave equal membership upon this Commission to both the Democratic and Republican members of the House and Senate.

At that time the House leadership was in the hands of an individual who did not believe in that type of government. He believed that power was the essence of government, and at that moment the Democrats had control, and he defeated the bill that was put through by the good work of Senator Mallery.

Mr. President, I condemned that action at that time and today in calling attention to this I am hopeful that we have reached that stage of thinking as a group, that the changing complexion of the membership of the Senate, or the House or the General Assembly ought not to detract from this body the important work that can and is being done in many instances by this group composed of Legislators, and I think that it behooves all of us at this time to give serious consideration to this point. Let us set this group up on a more equitable basis in order that we can, without political bickering, accept its recommendations by way of legislation.

It is impossible for any ordinary citizen to come down to Harrisburg and during the short time of a Legislative Session vote intelligently, although honestly, upon the majority of important pieces of legislation that come before us. We are forced many times to take recommendations from men who are self-serving, we are forced many times to pass a piece of legislation by merely reading the title and taking somebody's word for the contents beyond that, but we cannot do otherwise and no other group of citizens in our position could do otherwise. I think that every Member of this Senate wants to vote for legislation on the basis of what he believes to be in it, and all of us have found that many times we have voted for legislation that has been misrepresented by some persons and contrary to the desires of the whole Senate.

Now, Mr. President, if we can get together on this basis and set this agency up on a bipartisan level, I assure you that it will operate to the benefit of the peoples of Pennsylvania. We have shown that this is exactly the procedure of the Legislative Reference Bureau. There is not a man on either side of the house that does not have the fullest confidence in the Legislative Reference Bureau, and when he presents to that Bureau a group of facts and asks that a piece of legislation be drafted for presentation, he knows full well that what he is asking for is exactly what he will get.

Mr. President, that is the manner in which we ought to operate the Joint State Government Commission. It ought to be operated on the basis of a clearing house agency for every Member of the Legislature. New Members that come down here, who are not as experienced as

the older fellows who have been here for years, could go over to the commission and say, "I am interested in the subject, for instance, of adoption." The group under the Joint State Government Commission has studied for two years on the adoption laws. I accepted the study of that group, because I am a member of that group, I accepted its recommendations and co-sponsored the bill, and yet in the meeting this morning I am sure that the bills have been laid to rest permanently.

Mr. President, you cannot waste two years of moneys and time on legislation and then have it considered and killed, if you want to use the word, because it has not been a bipartisan study.

Now, Mr. President, we can do either one of two things, and when I say this I say it in the hope that you will agree with me on the second proposition and not upon the first. I have always been the sponsor of legislation and appropriations for the Joint State Government Commission. I was the original sponsor in setting up the Joint State Government Commission, one of the original sponsors. I have believed over the years that we need an agency of information for the Members of the Senate and House, and we have come a long way from the original crude agency that we had set up. We have a suite of offices, we have a set of personnel which I do not think you could find any finer in the whole State. They treat each individual with respect and consideration, regardless of party affiliation, when you go in and ask a question, but when you come to setting up the membership and you have an eighty-five per cent membership on the part of the Majority, and a fifteen per cent membership on the part of the Minority, you are bound to find that ugly word of suspicion or distrust entering into any of the deliberations that stress around the legislation endorsed by that group.

Mr. President, either we must stop all appropriations to the Joint State Government Commission and destroy it, or let us increase if necessary its personnel, increase if necessary its office space, its working ability so that it can give to the Legislators that which they need and must have, and do it on a basis of equality in representation, so that if tomorrow an enlightened people in Pennsylvania vote a majority of Democrats into the Senate, you will not have to be coming to us and asking us for things which we do not want to come to you for. We are all elected on an equal basis so far as individuals are concerned, but to do a job for the people of Pennsylvania as a whole I do not think, when it comes down to the absolute fundamentals, that any of us actually are here to do anything but that, and I feel that this agency that is purely a creature of the Legislature itself ought to be set up on the basis of equality between the two parties insofar as its membership is concerned, and I hope that we can get together on that theory.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that those on the Majority side of the aisle always approach a legislative problem in a strictly nonpartisan, nonpolitical spirit. We try to reflect in our attitude toward the Minority that very fine treatment that we would exect if such a calamity would ever hit this great Commonwealth and the Republican Party would happen to become the Minority Party in this great legislative chamber, and I want to assure the gentleman from Westmoreland that the suggestion which he has made about the Joint State Government Commission has been seriously discussed on this side of the aisle.

It is true, Mr. President, that the General Assembly is very proud of the work that the Local Government Commission and the Joint State Government Commission are doing toward creating better government for Pennsylvania, a better code of laws for Pennsylvania. The Joint State Government Commission has been a fact-finding arm of the General Assembly. The Local Government Commission has done marvelous work in streamlining the various codes that cover the political subdivisions of the Commonwealth. These two branches, Mr. President, are staffed by trained personnel and they are operated exclusively by Members of the General Assembly, and I think that both Commissions are making a great contribution to better government. As to the question of percentage representation, I want to assure the gentleman from Westmoreland that it will receive our very serious consideration.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. KEPHART asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, just to keep the record straight I understood the Minority Leader to intimate that there had been work done on the proposition of adoption, and that it has been wasted, and I would like to interrogate the gentleman, if he will permit himself to be interrogated.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DENT. With apprehension, Mr. President.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Minority Floor Leader whether he was present at the meeting of the Joint State Government Commission this morning, of which he is a Member, when it discussed the bills covering adoption?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, no, and for the information of the gentleman from Philadelphia, I was attending a meeting of the School Authority in the Governor's Office at the time.

Mr. KEPHART. Then, Mr. President, for the gentleman's information may I inform him that the Joint State Government Commission did not approve any adoption bills and that his statement concerning adoption bills of the Joint State Government Commission was in error.

Mr. DENT. Thank you very kindly, Mr. President. I stand corrected, and I will so inform the man who informed me.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. STIEFEL asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. STIEFEL. Mr. President, in due time I expect to say a few words to evaluate the reports of the Joint State Government Commission. I am a great admirer of the work of the Joint State Government Commission, but there is one phase of it which disturbs me very much, and that is the Trojan Horses that here and there penetrate the reports of the Joint State Government Commission.

Mr. President, in many instances the staff of the Joint State Government Commission is so much encumbered with work that specialists are being invited from the outside to help in preparing the work. Some of these specialists, in my opinion, and I respectfully and humbly submit it to the Senate, are self-seeking persons who put some contraband and thoughts in the reports that are submitted to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania. In due time I will name some of these pieces which have been presented to us and have been th product of the work of specialists who have been invited to do the work.

Mr. President, I would suggest that our research staff be enhanced, even if it requires additional appropriations, so that the work that is being done by the Joint State Government Commission should suffer no adulteration from the outside.

May I also call to the attention of this body the fact that the Institute of State and Local Government of the Universiy of Pennsylvania has a tremendous staff and has accumulated considerable work which is parallel to the work of the Joint State Government Commission, and I do not see why we cannot avail ourselves of the maaterial which has been collected for the last several years. Of course, that may sound as a contradiction to my major premise which I made before, but the work which has been done by that Institute is scientific and not self-seeking.

Now, Mr. President, I have an incident in mind of a certain item of legislation which was prepared by trust lawyers and reflects solely the pursuits of that group, and I feel that if this same legislation were the work of our research staff, the results would have been different.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled as amended "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to Consolidate, Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns, and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties,"by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 151, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty, buildings or real estate.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land stiuate in the City of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE MESSAGES

SENATE CONCURS IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

REQUESTING THE GOVERNOR TO PROCLAIM MARCH 30TH AS "SHUT-IN'S DAY"

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, the Governor of this Commonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits, flowers, messages, gifts, and other acts of solicitude; and kindness; therefore be it

Resolved, (If the Senate concur), That the Governor be further requested to proclaim March 30th every year as a fitting occasion for the people of Pennsylvania to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and disabled throughout the State; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Earl Rutter, Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, the founder of "SHUT-IN'S DAY."

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

CHANGING INAUGURAL SITE

In the Senate, January 17, 1951.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, the term of a newly elected Governor begins on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election. The inauguration ceremonies are therefore held on that day.

It has been the custom, in order that the public may view and participate in the ceremony, to hold them outdoors in front of the Main Capitol Building. Outdoor ceremonies in the middle of winter are often accompanied by extremely low temperatures and high winds.

This element of discomfort and threat to health might well be eliminated by holding future inaugural ceremonies in the State Farm Show Building, where there is ample space for all interested persons to attend and view the ceremonies; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That all future inaugural ceremonies be held in the State Farm Show Building and that the buildings be reserved for this purpose on the third Tuesday of January of each year when a Governor is inaugurated and that no other use of the buildings be permitted on those days.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "Vehicle Code," by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles.

Whigh was committed to the Committee on Highways.

House Bill No. 59, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "Municipal Claim and Tax Lien Law," changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims; and reinstating the lien of certain claims.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one

thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "Insurance Company Law of 1921," extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmens clubs, associations or federations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PECHAN read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 230, enttiled:

An Act to amend sections one thousand one hundred sixty-six and one thousand one hundred sixty-nine of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for sabbatical leaves of absence for professional and temporary professional employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

SENATE RESOLUTION

AMENDMENT TO SENATE RULES

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. LANE and DENT, offered the following resolution which was twice read, and referred to the Committee on Rules:

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, there is no mandatory provision in the Rules of the Senate to permit the call of a public hearing upon legislation before the various committees of the Senate.

Now therefore be it,

Resolved that the Rules of the Senate be amended by adding thereto the following rule:

Upon the signed petition of seventeen Senators requesting a public hearing on legislation referred to any committee, the Chairman on such committee shall, within a reasonable time after the presentation of such petition, arrange to hold such a public hearing.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 21, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. DIEHM. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:50 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, February 21, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, February 20, 1951

The House met at 1:00 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Rev. James E. McLaughlin, assistant rector of Mother of Sorrows Church, Philadelphia, and County Chaplain of Catholic War Veterans of Philadelphia County, guest of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Hon. Edward Conway, offered the following prayer:

We call upon the Spirit of God to descend upon the Members of this Assembly.

Let the light of His divine wisdom shine forth in all their deliberations and let the Holy Spirit of truth enlighten and guide their actions so that they tend to the greater glory of God, our Nation and our great state.

I ask at this moment that we all offer a prayer for the speedy recovery of the wife of our Governor.

(After a pause)

In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, February 19, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

PUPILS FROM OUR MOTHER OF SORROW SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House the boys and girls from Our Mother of Sorrow School, eighth and ninth grades, Philadelphia. They are here under the supervision of Sisters of St. Joseph, Sister Leo Joseph, Sister Catherine Gertrude, Sister Alice Elizabeth and Sister Thomas Aloysius. Father James McLaughlin, who delivered the prayer this morning, is also a member of this body.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL NO. 331

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL NO. 332.

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "An act relating to statutory laws; prescribing and enacting clause for statutes; fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted; providing for notice of application for local and special legislation, for the correction of errors in statutes, and for the printing and publication of statutes; prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes; defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes; and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments, re-enactments and repeals of statutes," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. HELM and SCOTT. HOUSE BILL NO. 333.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidateing and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for the payment of minimum salaries and increments for county and district superintendents, assistant county and district superintendents, teachers, supervisiors, principals, supervising principals and other employes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messers. HELM and McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL NO. 334.

An Act to amend subsections 5 and 6 of section two thousand five hundred one and section two thousand five hundred two of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for reimbursement by the Commonwealth to school districts and vocational school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. VANSANT. HOUSE BILL NO. 335.

An Act to further amend subsection (e) of Section 628 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwelath," by increasing the fees for registration of firearms.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL NO. 336.

An Act to require completion of safe drivers' course as a prerequisite to obtaining motor vehicle operator's license: imposing certain duties on school districts; the Pennsylvania State Police; authorizing the licensing of certain private schools by the Department of Public Instruction.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL NO. 337.

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (Pamphlet Laws 991), entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth; by declaring acquisition and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health, safety, convenience and welfare; creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities; authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private, corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevelopment; providing for the organization of such authorities; defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain; the leasing and selling property, including borrowing money, issuing bonds and other obli-

gations, and giving security therefor; restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities; providing for notice and hearing, supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers; prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities; conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions, the governing bodies of cities and counties, and on certain State officers, boards and departments," by increasing the number of Urban Redevelopment Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL NO. 338.

An Act declaring and adopting the poem "Pennsylvania" by Gerall G. Dovenspike as the State poem.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 339.

An Act to amend Section 414 and to add subsection (e) to Section 501 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles, and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof; owner of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures; fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for issuance of special registration plates to licensed operators of amateur radio stations; requiring the secretary to furnish to sheriffs lists of such special registrations, and requiring sheriffs to maintain such lists.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 340.

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thouand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled, as amended, "An act to promote public health, safety, morals, and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies, corporate and politic, to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance, and to undertake projects, to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income; providing for the organization of such housing authorities; defining their powers and duties; providing for the exercise of such powers, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain, the renting and selling of property, and including borrowing money, issuing bonds, and other obligations, and giving security therefor; prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities; authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements, including agreements with the United States, the Commonwealth, and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof; defining the application of zoning, sanitary, and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintainer by such housing authorities; exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation; and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board, and certain other State officers and departments," by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. GREER and FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 341.

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time; fixing the time from which priorities extend; and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 342.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by authorizing the recipient of assistance or his estate to claim and retain out of his personal property the sum of one thousand dollars, and out of his real estate, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, without repayment of public assistance notwithstanding any lien or encumbrance heretofore or hereafter given to the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 343.

An Act requiring the consent of the electors of a township of the second class when such township or any part thereof is to be annexed to a contiguous borough or city.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 344.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act which became a law the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 194) entitled "An act to enlarge the jurisdiction of justices of peace and regulating the fees of constables making sales under this act," by enlarging the jurisdiction of aldermen, magistrates and justices of the peace.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL NO. 345.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws, 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in

public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations(subject to regplation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by defining the fair value of the property of a public utility and providing that just and reasonable rates shall be such as provide a fair return upon the fair value of the property as so defined.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and TAYLOR.

HOUSE BILL NO. 346.

An Act to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon railroads by requiring common carriers by railroad to furnish flag protection to all trains occupying the main track; imposing powers and duties on the Public Utility Commission and other agencies of the Commonwealth relative thereto, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railways.

By Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL NO. 347.

An Act to further amend Section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, Pamphlet Laws 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State Stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by changing the definition of "club," adding new definitions and changing requirements for licensing of clubs.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL NO. 348.

An Act to further amend section 2 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by changing the definition of "club", adding new definitions, and changing the requirements for licensing of clubs.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL NO. 349.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 1, Article 9, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for graduated income, gift and inheritance taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL NO. 350.

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by authorizing the production and performance of civic opera between certain hours on Sundays.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. CONWAY. HOUSE BILL NO. 351.

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145) entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class cities of the second class A cities of the third class boroughs towns townships of the first class school districts of the second class school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy assess and collect or to provide for the levying assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. SARRAF and KAMYK

HOUSE BILL No. 352.

An Act to further amend clause (17) of subdivision (4) of subsection (1) of Section 4 of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by including services of industrial insurance agents within the definition of employment.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. SCANLON. HOUSE BILL No. 353.

An Act to add Clause N to Section one hundred eight of the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566) entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupatioanl disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry the Workmen's Compensation Board Workmen's Compensation Referees and deans of medical schools creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues establishing and ccupational Disease Fund in custdoy of the State Workmen's Insurance Fund imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases making an appropriation and prescribing penalties" by including baker's asthma and excema.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. SARRAF and KAMYK.

HOUSE BILL No. 354.

An Act to establish within the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a public laboratory to render pathological service to the coroners in the various counties and to the Department of Health in certain outbreaks of sickness.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

My Messrs. SARRAF and KAMYK.

HOUSE BILL No. 355.

An Act to amend the penalty clause of Section 620 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled 'An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscelaneous recipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by permitting the use of alcometers of similar devices for determining degrees of intoxication in proceedings relating to operation of motor vehicles while under inbuence of intoxicating liquor.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and MADIGAN.

HOUSE BILL No. 356.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 382), entitled "An act providing for the incorporation as bodies corporate and politic of "Authorities" for municipalities, counties and townships; prescribing the rights, powers and duties of such Authorities heretofore or hereafter incorporated; authorizing such Authorities to acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate projects, and to borrow money and issue bonds, therefor; providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof; conferring the right of eminent domain on such Authorities; authorizing such Authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government or any agency thereof; and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates," by extending the provisions thereof to school districts for limited purposes; changing provisions for incorporation, withdrawal from and joinder in Authorities, amendment of articles of incorporation, boards of Authorities and citizenship of members thereof; and providing for extensions of corporate existence, transfers of existing facilities to Authorities, and conveyance of projects upon termination or assumption of liabilities.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. REAGAN. HOUSE BILL No. 357.

A nAct to promote the public welfare and to protect mental defectives by prescribing circumstances under which selective sterilization of certain types of individuals may be performed without civil or criminal liability and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. MORAN and BUCCHIN.

HOUSE BILL No. 358.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4, of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by prohibiting the requiring of security for repayment of public assistance, cancelling existing obligations, and providing for reconveyance of real property.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. KORNICK. HOUSE BILL No. 359.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) and (c) of Section 1002, of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by decreasing speed limits on highways under the supervision and control of Turnpike Commissions.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. KORNICK. HOUSE BILL No. 360.

An Act to further amend Section 14 of Article IV of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756) entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" by permitting shot-firers to carry approved electric lamps.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 361.

An Act to further amend section 6 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appintment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 362.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 522), entitled as amended "An act relating to dogs and the protection of live stock, poultry and game birds raised in captivity from damage by dogs; providing for the licensing of dogs by the Secretary of Agriculture; providing for the enumeration of dogs by assessors; regulating the keeping of dogs and authorizing their destruction in certain cases; providing for the protection of licensed dogs and for dogs temporarily imported for trial, show and breeding purposes; prescribing certain privileges for hunting dogs and dogs owned or used by the Board of Game Commissioners; providing for the assessment of damages done to live stock, poultry and game birds by dogs, and for live stock killed by or dying from rabies and for the illegal killing of licensed dogs and the payment of such damages by the Commonwealth; imposing powers and duties on certain State, county, city, borough, town and township officers and employes directing the payment of all moneys collected into the State Treasury and providing penalties," by providing for the appointment, bonding and compensation of additional agents by the Department of Revenue to facilitate the issuance of dog licenses and kennel certificates; defining their powers and duties and making an editorial correction in a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 363.

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828), entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians, committees, trustees, and other fiduciaries, except personal representatives, and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries," by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mrs. VARALLO, Mrs. COYLE and Mrs. MONROE. HOUSE BILL No. 364.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1024), entitled "An act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by p roviding for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof," changing hours of labor and restrictions relative to age in certain employments and extending provisions to include additional persons.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. KRATZ. HOUSE BILL No. 365.

An Act to further amend section six hundred twenty of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by increasing the allowance for expenses of township officers at annual meeting of the State association.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. REAGAN, BOWER and FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 366

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen, article nine, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. LUTTY, OLSEN and LOUIS LEONARD. HOUSE BIL No. 367.

An Act requiring physicians and other persons practicing healing arts to report to the Department of Revenue the names of all persons consulting or being treated

by them for certain heart conditions, and requiring the revocation of the operator's license of persons suffering such diseases.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. SCOTT and JOHNSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 368.

An Act relating to the practice of professional nursing; providing for the licensing of nurses and for the revocation and suspension of such licenses subject to appeal and for their reinstatement; providing for the annual renewal of such licenses; regulating nursing in general; prescribing penalties and repealing certain laws.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. SCOTT and JOHNSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 369.

An Act to further amend sections two hundred two, four hundred eighteen and one thousand three hundred ten of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct fo the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of state normal schools, or teachers colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain department, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Mr. McCONNELL. HOUSE BILL No. 370.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the George Jr. Republic Association, Grove City, Pennsylvania, for construction of new buildings and repairs and improvements to existing buildings at the George Jr. Republic School in Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. LEISEY and HARNEY.

HOUSE BILL No. 371.

A Supplement to the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Appropriation Acts, page 50), entitled "An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School, Downingtown, Pennsylvania, for the payment of the cost of construction of a new Boys' Dormitory," by providing for a deficiency in the appropriation, made by said act to complete the construction and equip the said Boys' Dormitory.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mrs. MUNLEY and Mr. WARGO.

HOUSE BILL No. 372.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 3 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2045), entitled, as amended "An act relating to the support of indigent persons; providing for the support of such persons by certain relatives, and for the recovery of public moneys expended for care and assistance from the property and estates of such persons; providing for guardians of the person and property of such persons; providing for the arrest and seizure and sale of the property of deserters; and providing procedure," by relieving a child or father or mother of liability for care, maintenance and financial assistance when such child has married.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 373.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Sections 13 and 14 of Article IV of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by the provisions for successor to the Governor, in case of vacancy in that office.

Referred to the Committees on Judiciary.

By Messrs. VERONA and SARRAF.

HOUSE BILL No. 374.

An Act to repeal the act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 249) as amended entitled "An act to provide revenue by imposing a State tax payable by those herein defined as manufacturers and bottlers and by others of syrups and bottled soft drinks prepared used sold transported or delivered within the Commonwealth requiring persons as herein defined engaged in the manufacture bottling distribution sale and transportation of syrup and bottled soft drinks to secure permits prescribing the method of evidencing the payment and collection of such tax or assessing the tax conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue and those manufacturing bottling distributing selling and transporting syrup or bottled soft drinks taxable hereunder and providing penalties."

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. BOLTON and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 375.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 1103 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwelath; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing and operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that the records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing townships of the first class to remove and impound vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. HAGERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 376.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1340), entitled "An act relating to the financial responsibility of operators and owners of motor vehicles; and to make uniform the law with reference thereto; requiring owners and operators in certain cases to furnish proof of financial responsibility; providing for the suspension of operator's licenses and motor vehicle registration certificates in certain cases; regulating insurance policies which may be accepted as proof of financial responsibility; imposing duties upon the Secretary of Revenue, the State Treasurer and prothonotaries; and prescribing penalties," by increasing proof of financial responsibility to ten thousand and twenty thousand dollars.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 377.

An Act to provide for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the State and its political subdivisions under the old-age and survivor insurance provisions of the Federal Social Security Act, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the State Employes' Retirement Board, authorizing the State Employes' Retirement Board to enter into agreements with the Federal Social Security Administrator and with political subdivisions under certain terms and conditions, providing for the State's contribution under agreements with the Federal Social Security Administrator, providing for the collection and payment of employer and employe contributions as herein defined, authorizing interstate cooperation in certain cases and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. PICHNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 378.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1743), entitled as amended "An act relating to magistrates and magistrates' courts in the city of Philadelphia; imposing certain duties upon, and prohibiting certain practices by, magistrates, and fixing their compensation; imposing certain duties on the city controller in regard thereto; authorizing the employment by him of additional clerks and fixing their compensation; regulatinfi the practice in and defining magistrates' courts, the entering of bail, and the issuance of discharges in criminal cases in the county of Philadelphia; conferring certain powers over magistrates and magistrates' courts; and imposing certain duties in connection therewith upon the judges of the courts of common pleas of the county of Philadelphia, the Attorney General, and the District Attorney; providing for the appointment and employment of stenographers to report proceedings in certain cases heard by magistrates; fixing the salaries of persons employes by authority of this act; providing penalties for violations of the provisions thereof; and repealing certain prior acts," by making the increase in salaries of magistrates applicable to all magistrates, including the additional salary of the chief magistrate for his duties as such and increasing the same; and by further providing for the costs of transcripts or reports.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. PICHNEY and WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 379.

An Act to amend Section 622 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789), entitled, as amended "An act relating to insurance; establishing an insurance department; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating to the licensing, qualification, regulation, examination, suspension, and dissolution of insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and certain societies and orders, the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus, and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers; the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies, associations or exchanges; providing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by requiring applicants for broker's licenses to have two years of underwriting experience.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Messrs. PICHNEY and WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 380.

An Act to prohibit, except in rural communities, the appointment and licensing of and the doing of business by insurance agents and brokers who are not principally engaged in the insurance business or whose principal business is the countersigning of policies for foreign companies, associations and exchanges; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Messrs. PICHNEY and EDWIN F. THOMPSON. HOUSE BILL No. 381.

An Act to further amend Section 10 of the act, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 710), entitled "An act allowing and regulating boxing, sparring, and wrestling matches and exhibitions; establishing a State Athletic Commission; making an appropriation therefor; and appropriating moneys received for monument and memorial purposes; and prescribing penalties," by prohibiting boxing between persons over thirty years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

SENATE MESSAGES

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for concurrence Nos. 52, 94, 96, 111, 112.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. ANDREWS. RESOLUTION No. 6.

In the House of Representatives, February 19, 1951.

Whereas, Many of the facts, figures and documents pertaining to the affairs of the Commonwealth's Department of Forests and Waters have apparently been classified as "top secret" and

Whereas, Both press and public have upon occasion been denied access to facts, figures and documents properly a public record, and

Whereas, As a result of the failure upon the part of the Department of Forests and Waters to establish a helpful public relations policy, rumors and charges detrimental to the Department have been circulated, therefore be it

Resolved That the Committee of Game and Forestry of this House be requested to obtain from the Department of Forests and Waters and report to this body the following information:

(1) A complete list of all purchases of land for various projects, the prices paid for the various parcels together with the assessed valuation of each parcel.

(2) Total cost of surveys made by the Department from January 1, 1947 to January 1, 1949, together with a breakdown of the survey cost for each particular item or project.

(3) Names and salaries of departmental personnel who were non-residents of Pennsylvania at the time of their employment by the Department of Forests and Waters, or immediately prior thereto.

(4) List of salary increases over and above original salary base of departmental executive personnel employed on any phase of the Schuylkill River project.

(5) List of engineering fees paid to whom and for what particular projects or surveys.
(6) List of financial commitments, if any, made by the Department of Forests and Waters during last three years before funds were legally available for its use.
(7) Terms of the contract with the company organized by the Department of Forests and Waters for the purpose of handling the engineering phases of the Schuylkill River project.
(8) The reasons why departmental records relating to the public business have not been made available for the use of the representatives of the press.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. KORNICK. (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 7.

In the House of Representatives, February 19, 1951.

The spirit of friendly competition and good sportsmanship, developed through participation in any sports activity, are a cornerstone in the temple of good citizenship.

The generosity of the victor, the honest tribute of the vanquished, characteristics of all true sportsmen, are qualities that assure a good citizen and give hope to posterity.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, conscious of her responsibility for the proper training of her young people, has fostered, promoted and encouraged amateur sports activity, at every opportunity; and now makes public recognition of the importance of amateur sports; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Governor of this Commonwealth is hereby requested and authorized to proclaim the second Thursday of September, this year, and annually thereafter, as "Amateur Sports Day" and to call upon the people of the State, political subdivisions the public schools and other educational institutions, sports associations and other organizations to observe the day with appropriate exercise and sports activities.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Bolton for Mr. LAFORE because of illness.

Mr. R. L. Thompson for Mr. COOPER because of illness.

Mr. HEWITT for himself for tomorrow's session because of death in the family.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. AMARANDO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a resolution to be introduced by him.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. REAGAN from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of, and to add Section 2802-A to, the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Historical Preservation Fund; providing for the payment of certain moneys into it; and making an appropriation thereof.

Mr. REAGAN from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

Mr. HEWITT from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land, buildings and appurtenances, located in the Township of Manheim, Lancaster County, and certain personal property therein; and making an appropriation.

Mr. KENT from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533), entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent," by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife.

Mr. CORR from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases.

Mr. CONWAY from the Committee on City and County —First Class, reported as amended, House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

Mr SAX from the Committee on Judiciary, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interference with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties; changing time within which indictments and prescutions may be brought in certain cases; making certain homicides murder in the first degree; by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Messrs. FLACK, MIKULA, NAJAKA, KOHL, JUMP, GUTENDORF, MUSTO and FILIP asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Illness often strikes insidiously and without warning. It not only prostrates its victim, but brings anguish and inconvenience to the victim's loved ones and friends.

This General Assembly is shocked to learn of the unfortunate physical condition of the First Lady of Pennsylvania, Mrs. John S. Fine, and the immediate necessity for exploratory and corrective operations to ameliorate her distress.

This General Assembly is aware of the increased burden of anxiety that the present illness of Mrs. Fine has imposed upon the Governor during the period of inevitable tension that attends the opening days of a legislative session; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly is deeply sympathetic with Mrs. Fine in her current illness and extends to her and the Governor its solicitous concern and prayerful wishes for a speedy recovery, an uneventful convalescence, and a rapid restoration to her home and circle of friends; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to Governor and Mrs. Fine.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Mr. WOOD offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Resolved, That Tuesday, the twentieth day of February, at one thirty o'clock p. m., be set apart by this House of Representatives, for addresses and resolutions on the lives, character, and public services of our deceased Members as provided in a resolution previously adopted by this House.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. PETROSKY asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. TOLL asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. AMARANDO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to nine bills to be introduced by him.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Filo for Mr. SCHUSTER for the remainder of the week.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

The SPEAKER. This being the day and the hour agreed upon to pay tribute to the memory of our deceased Members, all business of the House will now be suspended.

It is with deepest regret that we realize the departure from this world of six men who associated and worked with us during the last session of this General Assembly and in this very hall. As they walked among us they created impressions that were to remain here after they were gone, just as we today and every day we are here add another page to the indelible record by which we will be remembered. In this pause from the business of the day we will remember the personal traits and attributes of those who are no longer in our midst. There will be brought back to mind the part they played in the scheme of things in which we all shared for a period of time in a particular kind of way—the way Representatives of large numbers of people share in the responsibility of shaping the relationship of those people with their State.

It is inevitable that they should have left much by which to be remembered and for which we are impelled to pay our highest respect. Because they were our friends, and because we did share so much together, it is most fitting that we should set aside this time to devote our special attention to the memory of them.

It is wholesome that we should do so, for as we pay our respects to those who are gone, we enhance our appreciation of the fellowship of those who remain with us, and we discover more and more reasons to want to be deserving of the esteem of each other.

The Chair requests the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood, Chairman of the Select Memorial Committee, to preside during these ceremonies.

MR. WOOD IN THE CHAIR

PRAYER

The CHAIRMAN. Prayer will be offered by the Chaplain of the House, Rev. William Hugh Fryer.

The Chaplain offered the following prayer:

I heard a voice from Heaven saying unto me, Write, from henceforth blessed are the dead who die in the

Lord; even so saith the Spirit; for they rest from their labours.

Almighty and Everlasting God, we yield unto Thee most high praise and hearty thanks, for the wonderful grace and virtue declared in Thy saints, who have been the choice vessels of Thy grace and the lights of the world in their several generations; most humbly beseeching Thee to give us grace to follow the example of their steadfastness in thy faith and obedience to Thy commandment.

Father of all we pray to Thee for those we love but see no longer. Grant them Thy peace; let light perpetual shine upon them; and in Thy loving wisdom and almighty power work in them the good purpose of Thy perfect will.

We remember this day before Thee Thy servants John, James, Reuben, Clarence, Thomas, Frank and we pray Thee that, having opened to them the gates of larger life, Thou wilt receive them more and more into Thy joyful service; that they may win with Thee and Thy servants everywhere, the eternal victory.

We entrust to Thy care all those who mourn; comfort them, O Lord with Thy gracious consolations make them to know that all things work together for good to them that love Thee; and grant them evermore sure trust and confidence in Thy fatherly care.

Keep our hearts, we beseech Thee, ever fixed on Thee through life and death, waiting patiently for that glorious day when we shall rejoice in the fulness of Thy love for evermore, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Mr. WOOD. The time has arrived that we pause in our deliberations to pay our respects to the memory of our six esteemed members of the House of Representatives who have gone to the great beyond since the session of 1949. It is always a privilge and duty, to stop work in America to pay tribute to men who have been faithful to their trust in our work and form of government. We shall miss them not only as our friends, but we will be deprived of their valuable assistance, their knowledge and their experience in legislative duties.

They will live long in the affections of those who knew them best. The inspiration of their lives and their achievements will not die.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chief Clerk will call the roll of our deceased Members.

The Roll was called as follows:

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable John L. Powers, County of Allegheny.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable James J. O'Dare, Sr., County of Philadelphia.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable Reuben A. Nagel, County of Beaver.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable Clarence G. Krise, County of Clearfield.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable Thomas J. Kirley, County of Allegheny.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHIEF CLERK. Honorable Frank J. Pentrack, County of Cambria.

The SECRETARY. Absent.

The CHAIRMAN. On such occasions we feel the inadequency of words, yet when great men lay down their burdens it is most fitting that their friends and colleagues should appraise their worth and express their loss.

Members who are well acquainted with their lives will offer resolutions and pay tribute to their memory.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Chairman, today we are assembled to pay tribute to the memory of our departed friends, men whom we have loved and respected. As we look around this Hall and see new faces in the places once occupied by them, we realize that this is the ageless story of time—the story that goes on and on. And we know that some day, sooner for some of us than others, there will be Members doing the same as we today, looking back and remembering us.

It makes us think that in our short span in this world, it's not so much the big things that we do that cause our friends to remember us; but we are cherished because of the little details of our life. We don't remember our friends because they made a great speech or because of great things that they did; but we appreciate and remember a kind smile, a friendly pat on the back, or a kind word or deed. And when I look back on those that have passed, I realize it has been a privilege to be associated with men that understood that simple way of life.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Chairman, to those who pause to contemplate the passing pageant of our years, memory speaks a various language.

Memory tells of fortunes won or lost. It recounts the stories of our victories and our defeats. Its striking rhetoric can stir the pangs of remorse—just as its artistry can recapture for us our joyous hours.

The stories which memory tells us can be the light that guides our feet in the path of wisdom, or that sends us stumbling along the path of dark despair.

Memory is not only a language, it is also a place. It is the eternal campfire around which we gather in our peaceful hours to recall, one to the other, our comrades in arms who have fallen by the way.

It is just and proper altogether that we should, in formal fashion, recall those who have been summoned from among us. But for God's grace that summons would have come to us. We cannot measure the allotment of the years vouchsafed us. We can each one await the inevitable hour.

We meet today to pay tribute to our comrades of yesterday. We do not remember them as partisans. Memory speaks of them only as men—as friends—and as memory speaks past differences become the unrealities. The hearty handshake, the jovial greeting, the passing jest, the comradeship of service become the realities. Their friendship was a portion of our life's treasure—and we are all just a little poorer by reason of their passing were it not for the fact that memory has made them a permanent possession.

Comrades of other years, we salute you! You sit at our campfires. You remain a part of us. May your souls, and the souls of all the faithful departed, in the mercy of God rest in peace.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Fenrich.

Mr. FENRICH. Mr. Chairman, it is a distinct honor that through the graciousness of my colleague Martin C. Mihm, I am permitted to present this resolution.

Any of you Members who were here since 1932 will have vivid memories of the late John L. Powers. His able wit, his humor, his interest and experience will be cherished, remembered by you for years to come.

Mr. Chairman I would like to present the following resolution with the consent of the House.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE JOHN L. POWERS

Messrs. FENRICH and MIHM offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

The end of life always brings a finality to the interplay of frailties, triumphs, frustrations and achievements that mark its course of flow. Yet the death of a member of the House of Representatives always gives us pause to reflect that the influence of an individual may often reach beyond his grave.

John Lewis Powers was born in 1880 in Baltimore, Maryland. His early schooling was obtained in our well organized parochial and high school systems. An inexpressible and gregarious instinct impelled him to become an active member of many social, fraternal and political groups, where his qualities of leadership bore the fruit of service and good will.

In his legislative work he became interested in the vital problems of flood control for our rivers and of granting a franchise to absentee voters.

His long tenure of office in the House of Representatives, almost without interruption from 1932, is a compelling and eloquent testimonial to the rare quality of the meritorious service that he rendered to the people of this State.

Although no one is indispensable to the continuity of our institutions, yet occassionally the loss of a man like John Lewis Powers slows perceptably their forward drive to a full realization of their functions; therefore be it

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, That in the departure forever of John Lewis Powers from his community and friends, this House expresses its acute sense of loss, its overwhelming grief, and its sincere sympathy to his many surviving friends throughout the Commonwealth.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Costa.

Mr. COSTA. Mr. Speaker, it is with a sincere feeling of grief and sorrow that I join with you in paying tribute to the memory of our deceased members, but nevertheless, it is most fitting that this House, where he rendered such conspicuous service, should pause to pay its tribute to the late Honorable James J. O'Dare, of the Eighth District, Philadelphia.

Eight years ago when I took my place in this Assembly I became his colleague and friend. I, like all who had occasion to meet him, learned to respect him for what he was. He was an outstanding citizen, capable legislator and a sincere friend. He carried out his duties conscientiously but always respected the views of others. He had a great understanding and tolerance and a keen sense of humor and with all this, he was never too busy to be a friend.

I am honored in saying that the Honorable James J. O'Dare was my friend. Therefore, I present the following resolution.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE JAMES J. O'DARE

Mr. COSTA offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

The parochial and public schools of the great cosmopolitan centers do a splendid service in training and conditioning our youth. Occasionally, the inspiration and the counsel that come from the lessons that are reluctantly accepted during the formation period of a child's life, impart an impetus to his imagination and ambition that carry him afar.

James J. O'Dare was a prototype of this traditional method of instruction. His outlook took on a long range vision, his youthful fancies became dreams of success, and his dormant desires were awakened to acts of doing and realization.

As a general contractor, he devoted many years to a program for the construction of the material things that bring comfort and convenience to others.

In civic affairs, he became early identified with the political activities of the Republican party. He served his party well and long; and recognition of his fidelity and contribution was expressed in his appointment as a Deputy Sheriff and later in his election to the House of Representatives. In the latter capacity, he served continuously from 1938 to 1950. His death on January 6, 1950 was a shock to his many friends and constitutents and a distinct loss to this House; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives pause reverently to reflect that the activities of James J. O'Dare, the savor of his wit, the pleasure of conversational exchange with him, have been irretrievably taken away from us; and be it further

Resolved, That the House of Representatives honor the long association of James J. O'Dare with this forum and perpetuate its memory thereof in this expression of sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to his surviving widow, Margaret, his three children, Frank, James, and Anna, and his grandchildren, James, Michael Patrick and Donna Marie.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Beaver, Mr. R. K. Hamilton.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Chairman, this day this House of Representatives mourns the death of one of its highly esteemed and beloved member.

The Honorable Reuben A. Nagel of New Galilee, Beaver County, Pa., who had been a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature through five terms and had been re-elected to serve in the 1951 session died suddenly on November 15, 1951 at his home while in the midst of plans and preparations for his next term.

Honorable Reuben A. Nagel was not only beloved by the constituents he served, but also by hundreds of thousands of people of his native state and by many others from our country at large. Many others will remember him for his urgent appeals to preserve the fullest possible freedom of the people in matters of health.

Born on a farm, Reuben Nagel prepared for the teaching profession. After a period of service in that field, he returned to the life of a farmer and became a diligent student of agriculture and learned to know much about the problems of rural life, and what was needed to make better conditions for that large segment of Americans. He became so deeply interested in the need for better legislation with which to serve the best inter-

ests of his fellow men, that at the age of 62 he decided to round out his life by carrying the problems of the farmers to the legislature. He was first elected in 1934. He succeeded in serving his constituents so well that he was re-elected for six terms.

During his service in the legislature he became deeply interested in the problems of all who labor and became a staunch champion of all legislation which would help to give better living conditions and better opportunities for those who had need for more equal rights in our democracy.

The people of Beaver County mourn the passing of this great humanitarian who stood steadfastly for truth, honesty, and complete fairness in his service as a legislator. He had been a true friend to mankind all of his life. As Reuben's close friend, I offer the following resolution.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE REUBEN A. NAGEL

Messrs. ROBERT K. HAMILTON and JOHN C. MILLER offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

This House has often been privileged to be guided by the wisdom that crystallizes from the experience of its outstanding members. Such a wisdom can be wrested only from many years of direct and intimate contact with life in all of its phases.

But, not infrequently, the mature thought which prominent members impart to discussions in this House is too readily taken for granted. Only, when sudden death intervenes to remove a member from a group of leaders—and forever stills a tongue that was wont to speak the counsel of guidance and encouragement, is this House brought to an acute realization of the finiteness of the temporal order of men and things.

Against a composite experience as a teacher, a merchant, a farmer, and a legislator, Reuben Andrew Nagel soon gave evidence of his statesman-like stature. His versatile talents and his flexible approach to a pending problem became the basis for a legislative technique that served this House well for many years. As one of the first Democrats to be elected from his district (1934), Reuben A. Nagel soon won the respect of all of his colleagues, regardlessly of their partisanship or affiliation. His varied experience, coupled with his cooperative friendliness, made him a reliable source of information and advice to any who were momentarily beset with the difficulties of a perplexing situation.

Throughout a long career he brought to every task a full measure of interest and energy—whether in the capacity of a teacher, a superintendent, a merchant, a farmer, a road supervisor, a school director, a justice of the peace, or a legislator. His long tenure as a Representative from Beaver County attests to the complete confidence expressed by his constituents in his stewardship as a lawmaker.

A fatal heart seizure on November 15, 1950, deprived this House of the presence and the services of one of its most competent and highly regarded members.

An awareness of his civic responsibilities, his satisfactory discharge of every obligation, his application of patience and wisdom to clamoring questions are a challenge and a heritage by Reuben Andrew Nagel to his sorrowing colleagues; therefore be it

Resolved, By this House of Representatives, That in the passing of Reuben Andrew Nagel, his family and host of friends have sustained an inestimable loss and Beaver County has been deprived of the leadership and the legislative skill of one of its ablest citizens; and be it further

Resolved, That this House of Representatives mourns the death of one of its highly esteemed members and as an expression of its deep sympathy, directs the Chief Clerk to send copies of this resolution to Reuben Andrew Nagel's widow, Eve S., his son, Chester Scott Nagel of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, his three brothers, Howard, George and William of Lawrence County, and his sister, Mrs. Laura Cunningham of Glendale, California.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. DuBois.

Mr. DUBOIS. Mr. Chairman, in memory of Clarence G. Krise, I like to recall the warm smile, ready wit and cooperation with which he greeted those of us who worked with him in his community. It can be truthfully said of him that the men with whom he dealt were bettered by his contact and association with them. After all, that is a good test of the integrity and fair dealing of a man, that those who have dealt with him have been helped by that relationship to him.

Why has he been taken from us in the midst of his years and his active usefulness? We do not know. It is the old question asked three thousand years ago, "How are the mighty fallen in the midst of battle," and never yet answered. But we do know that life is not measured by the flight of years but by achievement. When so measured, Clarence G. Krise lived long and served well his day and generation. He is not only greatly missed by his family, but also by his many friends and acquaintenances in Clearfield County and throughout the State.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE C. G. KRISE

Mr. DUBOIS offered a resolution which was read, considered, and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives February 20, 1951.

C. G. Krise, was born at Fallen Timber, December 8th, 1892, and obtained his early education in the public schools of Cambria. However, an insatiable desire for extended and intensified training led to his acceptance of the larger scope of educational opportunities offered at Ebensburg Preparatory School and the University of Valparaiso. From the latter he received the degree of Bachelor of Accounts. It was inevitable that his diversified educational interests should finally culminate in his election to the presidency of the DuBois Business College.

C. G. Krise, despite an active professional life, expressed unlimited zeal and invaluable service in behalf of a number of prominent social agencies, including the Salvation Army, of which he was a director, the Boy Scouts of America, and the Y. M. C. A. His fraternal affiliation with several Masonic groups and his long participation in the activities of the Republican Party not only enhanced his prestige among the rank and file of our citizenry, but afforded him a channel through which his own articulate opinions and forthright endeavors could be effectively integrated with the prevailing social and cultural pattern.

He was first elected to the General Assembly in 1938. His performance of his legislative duties was so preeminently successful that his constituents in the Second District of Clearfield County reelected him throughout succeeding terms until 1950.

C. G. Krise always lent himself conscientiously to a complete discharge of the responsibilities imposed upon him. His deep sense of obligation, inherent in every undertaking, invariably compelled him to respond without reservation to the many civic, social and fraternal

appeals that have become an essential part of modern existence; therefore be it

Resolved, By this House of Representtaives, that the death of C. G. Krise has brought immeasurable grief to his family and friends and irreparable loss to the legislative halls of this Comonwealth; and be it further

Resolved, That this House of Representatives regrets the passing of one of its most able and beloved members, and as a manifestation of its heartfelt sympathy directs the Chief Clerk to send copies of this resolution to C. G. Krise's widow and daughter.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Lutty.

Mr. LUTTY. Mr. Chairman, in memory of Thomas J. Kirley, a distinguished Member of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, from the Sixth Legislative District, Allegheny County, from 1942 to the day he passed to the great beyond.

"Tom" or "Kingball", the nickname he received while in the Navy, had a great understanding and tolerance which was mixed with a keen sense of humor. I would say that his greatest quality and asset was his ability to make and hold friends.

Tom is not only missed by his family, but missed by his many friends and acquaintances in his Legislative District and throughout Allegheny County.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE THOMAS J. KIRLEY

Messrs. LUTTY, OLSEN and LOUIS LEONARD offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

When on February 9, 1950, Thomas J. Kirley died prematurely, not only was a burgeoning career ended, but the House of Representatives sustained a break in its ranks that cannot be easily repaired.

Born in Pittsburgh in 1894, Thomas J. Kirley secured his basic education in the public and parochial schools of his birth place. The disciplines and the skills that rewarded his indefatigable attention to his school duties served him well in his future career. He early became identified with civic interests and affairs. His enthusiasm for a cause and his endless labors in its behalf soon won for him a deserved recognition and prominence; and his subsequent designation to this legislative forum from 1942 to 1950, as a law-making representative of the people of the 6th district of Allegheny County, became an obvious transition in the life of one who was so richly endowed with extra-regarding impulses.

Thomas J. Kirley also responded to the call of his country during World War I to serve with distinction in the United States Navy from 1917 to 1919. Not one to restrict his energies to civic and military activities alone, he found an outlet for an ardent interest in many sports with a definite predilection for baseball and football.

His intimate and effective association with the American Legion, the 40 et 8, the Kollar Club, the F. O. P., No. 11 Elks and the Excelsior Club was further evidence of his wide social interests to which he contributed lavishly of his time and talent; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives express its tribute to the outstanding service rendered by Thomas J. Kirley, its appreciation of his meritorious qualities, and its sorrow at the untimely cessation of his career of useful endeavor to our State; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to his widow Catherine Kirley.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. McDermit.

Mr. McDERMIT. Mr. Chairman, I wish to express my deep regret on the death of Frank J. Pentrack, from the First District of Cambria County, and wish to present a resolution.

RESOLUTION

IN TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE FRANK J. PENTRACK

Mr. McDERMIT offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives February 20, 1951.

Against the reliable background of a rigorous training received at St. Stephen's Catholic School and the Johnstown High School, Frank J. Pentrack projected his professional education in mortuary science and embalming. After receiving the required instruction at Eckels College and the Cleveland College of Embalming, he became licensed in 1921 to practice undertaking in Pennsylvania.

Although always active in his profession, yet Mr. Pentrack was so richly endowed with energy and alertness that it is not at all surprising that his adult life became a veritable kaleidoscope of many and varied interests.

Politically he was a life long and ardent Democrat. Although a minority member, yet his zeal and competency were such as to win for him the distinction of serving the Johnstown School Board as its president. With his customary enthusiasm and thoroughness—because Mr. Pentrack invariably gave his undivided attention to every undertaking—he became successively president of the Allegheny Skeet League, of the Johnstown Rifle Club, and of the Pennsylvania Skeet Shooting Association.

His love of sport, although wholehearted and long-sustained, was fully paralleled by his many civic interests, as evidenced by his affiliation with the Johnstown Boy Scout Council, the First Catholic Slovak Union Jednota, the Knights of Columbus, the Rotary Club, the Elks, the Cambria County Democratic Association, the West End Democratic Association, the First Catholic Slovak Band Hall, the Municipal Music Pavilion Commission, and many other worthy organizations.

Mr. Pentrack was elected to the General Assembly in 1943 and again in 1947 and 1949. As a Legislator, he was esteemed by his colleagues for his unusual activity and earnestness. He was fatally stricken on July 7, 1950; therefore be it

Resolved, By this House of Representatives, that in the sudden death of Frank J. Pentrack, his family and his many friends have endured an overwhelming loss and Johnstown and Cambria County have had taken away one of their most spirited citizens and faithful public servants; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send copies of this resolution to his widow, Mary Pentrack, and to his sons, Richard, Francis J. and Raymond, all of the city of Johnstown.

The CHAIRMAN. The Members will please rise and remain standing until the gavel falls.

The Members stood in silent reverence.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for five minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Military Affairs to meet during the session of the House.

RESOLUTION

PROCEEDINGS OF MEMORIAL SERVICE TO BE PRINTED

Mr. STANK offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be and is hereby directed to have printed in booklet form the proceedings of the Ceremonies in memory of our deceased Members held in the Hall of the House of Representatives, Tuesday, February 20, 1951.

RESOLUTION

SHUT-IN'S DAY

Mr. MORAN offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Governor of this Commonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits, flowers, messages, gifts, and other acts of solicitude; and kindness; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the Governor be further requested to proclaim March 30th every year as a fitting occasion for the people of Pennsylvania to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and the disabled throughout the State; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Earl Rutter, Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, the founder of "SHUT-IN'S DAY".

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

STUDENTS OF HANOVER SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. It is with pleasure that the Chair welcomes to the Hall of the House the History students of the Hanover Senior High School, Hanover, York County, under the supervision of their teacher, Mr. B. Henry Shafer. They are the guests of the gentleman from York, Mr. Bear.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair welcomes a former Member of the House, Hon. Clayton A. Watson of Philadelphia.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mrs. MONROE asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by her.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair takes pleasure in welcoming a former Member of the House, Hon. Henry E. Ragot from Northampton County.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BOWER from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filing vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

Mr. HELM from the Committee on Rules, reported as committed, Senate Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 111.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

In the Senate, January 17, 1951.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, the term of a newly elected Governor begins on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing his election. The inauguration ceremonies are therefore held on that day.

It has been the custom, in order that the public may view and participate in the ceremony, to hold them outdoors in front of the Main Capitol Building. Outdoor ceremonies in the middle of winter are often accompanied by extremely low temperatures and high winds.

This element of discomfort and threat to health might well be eliminated by holding future inaugural ceremonies in the State Farm Show Building, where there is ample space for all interested persons to attend and view the ceremonies; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That all future inaugural ceremonies be held in the State Farm Show Building and that the buildings be reserved for this purpose on the third Tuesday of January of each year when a Governor is inaugurated and that no other use of the buildings be permitted on those days.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question.

Will the House concur in the resolution.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in the past there has been entirely too much fuss, feathers and unnecessary expense in connection with our inaugural ceremonies. Some day a party will have the good sense to have the successful candidate as Governor walk up the front steps of the main entrance of the Capitol, take the oath of office and proceed to his chambers and to his duties. The expenses this year were clearly out of line with the times.

Personally I am opposed to this resolution because it embodies in a declaration of this general assembly a set policy which it will be expected to follow. I believe it is the part of wisdom that the character of the inaugural ceremonies should be left to the sense of proportion and

propriety of the party which elects the successful candidate, and of the sense of propriety and proportion of the man who is taking the oath of office, and I repeat that the sooner we can simplify the process of inducting our Governors and our Presidents into office, if you please, the way to start an era of economy is to start the era of economy the day the successful candidate for Governor is sworn in. To start off an economy era by an exhibition which means little or nothing in our time is contrary, I believe, to wise policy. But I do submit that it is an error in judgment to embody in a formal procedure the type of inaugural which must inevitibly be applied. I believe it would be wiser, as I have said, to leave the character of the inaugural to the good sense of the inaugural committee on each occassion and to the good sense of the successful candidate who is to be inaugurated.

Which committee reported this?

The SPEAKER. It is a report from the Committee on Rules.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I move to recommit this resolution to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, withdraw his motion to recommit temporarily?

Mr. ANDREWS. I will.

MOTION WITHDRAWN

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Helm.

Mr. HELM. Mr. Speaker, certainly it is a strange condition to hear the Minority Leader from the floor of this house asking us to institute some drastic economy in view of osme of the expenditures that we have read about and heard about it in our national capitol on such an occasion.

I agree with the gentleman entirely that perhaps some of the ceremonies are too elaborate, and this is certainly a step in the right direction. It will certainly cut down the cost and a lot of the pomp in connection with inauguration ceremonies. For that reason I would like to see the house to concur in this resolution.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I am refreshed with the gentleman's profound concern regarding matters at our national capitol. I hope that he extends his long arm of influence and induces the minority party at Washington in line with the Dixiecrats actually to institute a era of economy at Washington, and I could conceive of no better way of starting the crusade than to start it in the states, at the grass roots.

I have seldom heard the gentleman speak to such little advantage as when he proceeds to defend an indefensible expenditure here in Harrisburg by citing what a party at Washington is doing.

I must reiterate my motion to send this resolution back to the committee from which it came, on the ground not so much because of economy, although that is an item, not so much because there should be a return to greater degree of simplicity in our public pages, but because I do believe it is wrong in principle to establish any place or any particular method which our inaugural ceremonies must follow. I repeat that it is wiser to leave it to the good taste of the people who are on the scene on future occasions when we have inaugurals.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I renew my motion to recommit this resolution to the Committee on Rules.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I feel that probably we all are inclined to agree with the gentleman to a certain extent. I think that the gentleman will probably have to agree with us that if we have an inaugural, having it in the Farm Show Building would definitely do just one of the things that he is talking about; I believe that it would probably save expenses. It would not only save the expenses of building stands and a pavilion, but it might also save some expenses as far as doctor's bills of members of the House are concerned because some of us are not so fully equipped for cold weather in certain parts of our anatomy. I happen to be one of those gentlemen, and I know standing out there in the full force of the weather—and I have had plenty of weather this year blowing on me—he would readily have agreed, I think if we had had the gentleman out there at that time to vote on this motion, he would heartily have agreed to vote to have it in the Farm Show Building. It would do us a lot of good and I know it would accomplish his primary motive of saving him money, and also save the State money.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the Majority Leader.

Mr. SPEAKER. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. What portion of the Majority Leader's anatomy is most susceptible to cold?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, rather than answer that question I think probably the direct evidence is protruding at this moment.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. ANDREWS and Mr. READINGER.

YEAS—68

Amarando,	Hamilton, R. K.,	Lutty,	Polen,
Andrews,	Headlee,	Maxwell,	Rose,
Beaver,	Hersch,	McDermit,	Rosen,
Berkstresser,	Hoggard,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Boies,	Hunter,	Mihm,	Sarraf,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Scanlon,
Byrne,	Jones, G. E.,	Monroe,	Schmidt,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Moran,	Seyler,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Muldowney,	Snider,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Munley,	Swope,
Duffy,	Kornick,	Musto,	Toll,
Fenrich,	Kubacki,	Needham,	Verona,
Filip,	Lederer,	Olsen,	Wargo,
Filo,	Leonard, L.,	Penglase,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	Limper,	Pfaff,	Williams,
Hagerty,	Lopresti,	Polaski,	Yetzer,

NAYS—106

Banker,	Good	McConnell,	Sollenberger,
Barkdoll,	Goodling,	McCullough,	Stimmel,
Bear,	Graybill,	McInroy,	Stoner,
Beech,	Greenwood,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Bloom,	Greer,	Metz,	Tahl,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	Mikula,	Thompson, E. F.,
Bomberger,	Guthrie,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Boorse,	Hall,	Miller, J. C.,	Tompkins,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Mintess,	Toomey,
Breisch,	Harney,	Moore, C. E.,	VanSant,

Brown,	Helm,	Moore, H. A.,	Varner,
Cella,	Hocker,	Murray,	Wachhaus,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Najaka,	Waterhouse,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Naugle,	Watkins,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Davis,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Kline,	Readinger,	White,
Dowling,	Kohl,	Reagan,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Rigby,	Wood,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Robertson,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Royer,	Yester,
Ewing,	Light,	Sax,	Young,
Firmstone,	Madden,	Scott,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Madigan,	Shoemaker,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Shotwell,	Speaker
Gleason,	Mazza,	Smith,	

NOT VOTING—33

Baumunk,	Geer,	McCormack,	Reilly, J. M.,
Blair,	Haudenshield,	McGee,	Riley, R. L.,
Breth,	Hewitt,	McKinney,	Rubin,
Conway,	Jump,	Peta,	Schuster,
Cooper,	Lafore,	Pettigrew,	Spencer,
Coyle,	Loftus,	Price, R. A.,	Stank,
Ferster,	Lovett,	Reese,	Taylor,
Flack,	Lyons,	Reidenbach,	Varallo,
			Welsh,

So the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by prohibiting certain acts relating to hunting trapping and the discharge of weapons in cemeteries and burial grounds.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 510), entitled "An act providing for the licensure and regulation of certain private nursing homes and private hospitals; conferring certain powers and duties upon the Department of Welfare; and providing penalties," including boarding houses and homes within its provisions, requiring the Department of Welfare to revoke licenses in certain cases, reducing the period in which licensees must comply with department orders and granting the Department of Welfare the power to padlock licensees' premises in certain cases.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. TAHL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the second reading postponed calendar for the following reasons: A number of people want more time to study the bill and I am willing to give them an opportunity to do so. I will call the bill up next Monday.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. GOODLING. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill 175 be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4 entitled

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining memberships of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McMILLEN offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1, page 3, line 12, by inserting after the word "reenacted" the following "and amended"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 102), page 4, line 2, by inserting a bracket before the word "or" where it appears the first time in said line.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 102), page 4, line 6, by inserting a bracket after the word "States"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Amendments?

Mr. McMILLEN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to be recognized at a later time convenient on the amendments. I would like to speak on the entire group at one time.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will recognize the gentleman at this time before taking action.

Mr. McMILLEN. Mr. Speaker, would you like to have the amendments read for the information of the House?

The SPEAKER. If the gentleman desires to explain the amendments, it would be the desire of the Chair that he do so as a unit. The amendments must be adopted section by section as they are read.

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, Mr. Speaker, as you know Senate Bill 4 is the Soldiers Absentee Ballot Bill. This bill is being encated on a permanent basis. It is entirely different from the Federal Act under which we worked during World War II. Under the Act of 1944 we included various organizations such as are named in the bill, the Red Cross, the Society of Friends, the U.S.O., the Merchant Marine. Those organizations were included in the 1944 Act to conform with the Federal Act, which at that time recognized these units in the voting privilege.

Today we are enacting a bill which will become law and be subject to only the Constitution of Pennsylvania. In order to forestall or to keep the question from arising as the legitimacy of this Act, the constitutionality of the Act, and in the raising of that question, perhaps prohibit the actual military from voting.

It is then advised that we stick entirely and strictly to the construction of the Constitution of Pennsylvania as found in Article VIII, Section 6 of the Constitution. It reads as follows:

> "Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by any authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their actual places of election."

We don't need to be constitutional lawyers at all to understand exactly what that says. It says "in actual military service". There is no desire, there is no wish on the part of any Member of this House, Democrat or Republican, whom I have found, to deny any man or any woman the right to the franchise. But the question of our sentiment in the matter as versus the Constitutional question leaves us no other course than to do that which we have done now, and to strike out all personnel except those who cannot refuse to obey an order.

Mr. READINGER. Mr. Speaker, I have examined these amendments which have been submitted by the gentleman fom Indiana, Mr. McMillen, and I wish to state that I agree entirely with what he has just said about these amendments. I ask the Minority Members to vote in favor of them.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second to eighth sections were separately read and agreed to.

The ninth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McMILLEN offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 9 (Sec. 953), page 13, line 17, by striking out the words "THIRTY-SIX (36)" and inserting in lieu thereof "forty-four (44)."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The tenth section was read and agreed to.

The eleventh section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McMILLEN offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 11 (Sec. 1307), page 23, line 9, by striking out the word "country" and inserting in lieu thereof "county".

Amend Sec. 11 (Sec. 1307), page 23, line 15, by striking out the word "military".

Amend Sec. 11 (Sec. 1308), page 24, line 16, by striking out the word "times" and inserting in lieu thereof "time".

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The twelfth and thirteenth sections were separately read and agreed to.

The fourteenth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McMILLEN offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 14, page 33, lines 15, 16 and 17, by striking out the word "or" in line 15, all of line 16, and the words "to or serving with such forces" in line 17, and inserting in lieu thereof "of the United States."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The fifteenth section was read and agreed to.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. McMILLEN offered the following amendments:

Amend Title, page 2, line 6 of Title, by striking out the words "or Merchant Marine."

Amend Title, page 2, lines 6 and 7 of Title, by striking out the words "or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces."

They were agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Speaker, I wish to be recorded as not agreeing to the amendments excluding Red Cross Members or members of the U.S.O. organizations and what not. I could not attract the attention of the Speaker at the time, because of the wishes of Mr. Readinger. I believe, personally, that should absentee voting be given to anyone, they, too, should enjoy that privilege. I wish to record it so—opposed to that particular amendment—I don't know which one it is.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. McMILLEN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I think it is evident on the part of this House as expressed on both the Democratic side and

the Republican side, that there isn't anyone here who wouldn't like to extend the privilege to vote to those who are doing a service for this country outside their home districts. That, Mr. Speaker, is certainly the wish and the desire of all of us, but the question still confronts us on the constitutional limitations. The gentleman, being an attorney, as I understand he is, ought to more fully understand that question than I do, and the only way we can do that, is to change the Constitution. Our fight is not with giving the vote. Our argument here is based entirely upon the Constitutional question, not our sentiments or our hearts' desire in the matter.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1 as follows:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Short Title This act shall be known and may be cited as the "State Council of Civil Defense Act of 1951"

Section 2 Establishment of State Council of Civil Defense The Governor is hereby authorized and empowered in time of emergency or public need in the nation or the State to create by proclamation a State Council of Civil Defense hereinafter designated as the "Council" for the general purpose of assisting in the coordination of the State and local activities related to national and State civil defense Whenever he deems it expedient the Governor may by proclamation dissolve or suspend such Council or reestablish it after any such dissolution or suspension

Section 3 Organization of Council

(a) The Council shall consist of the Governor ex officio the Adjutant General the Auditor General the Secretary of Internal Affairs the Speaker of the House of Representatives the President Pro Tempore of the Senate The Minority Leader of the Senate the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives their respective successors in office and five citizens of Pennsylvania to be appointed by the Governor The Speaker of the House of Representatives the President Pro Tempore of the Senate the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives may authorize a member of their respective branches of the General Assembly to serve in their stead on said Council The Council shall elect a chairman from the membership and five members of the Council shall constitute a quorum The terms of the members appointed by the Governor shall expire with the terms of the Governor appointing them

(b) The Council may employe a Director of Civil Defense and such technical clerical stenographic and other personnel fix their compensation and may make such expenditures within the appropriation therefor or other funds made available to it as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this act

(c) The members of the Council shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary traveling and other expenses incurred in connection with attendance upon meetings of the Council

(d) The Council shall be provided with appropriate office space furniture equipment supplies stationery and printing in the same manner as other State agencies are supplied

(e) The Council shall be subject to the provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 the Act of April ninth one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine P. L. 177 as amended except as in this act otherwise provided

Section 4 Powers and Duties The Council shall have the following powers and duties

(a) To prepare a comprehensive plan and program for the civil defense of this Commonwealth such plan and program to be integrated into and coordinated with the civil defense plans of the Federal Government and of other States to the fullest possible extent and to coordinate the preparation of plans and programs for civil defense by the political subdivisions of this State such plans and programs to be integrated into and coordinated with the civil defense plan and program of this Commonwealth to the fullest extent

(b) The Council may employ a Director of Civil Deministration or with any other similar Federal Civil Defense agencies hereafter created and with any departments or other Federal agencies engaged in civil defense activities

(c) To supervise and direct investigations and report to the Governor with recommendations for legislation or other appropriate action as deemed necessary in connection with the purposes of this act

(d) To create committees either within or without its membership to aid it in the discharge of its powers and duties

(e) To require and direct the cooperation and assistance of State and local governmental agencies and officials

(f) To do all acts and things not inconsistent with law for the furtherance of civil defense activities

(g) To undertake supervise or direct the making of studies and surveys of all activities matters and things which are or may be related to civil defense but not limited to the nature extent location and vailability for use within the State of industrial materials and facilities production and manufacturing facilities transportation facilities agriculture food and water supply and land use labor supply and training labor relations and human resources professions trades and skills housing and related facilities hospitals clinics and other health and sanitation facilities educational facilities recreational areas and facilities consumers and consumer protection welfare finance mobilization and coordination of the police firefighting health medical and welfare forces of the State for the protection of the people against air raid shelling or other enemy action fire floor famine violence riot insurrection disaster the protection of civil liberties and maintenance of law and order and any and all other subjects and matters deemed by the Council to be relevant or germane to civil defense

(h) To cooperate with agencies established by or pursuant to the laws of the several states to promote civil defense and to cooperate with and coordinate the work and activities of all local Councils of the State and of all other agencies having substantially similar objects and purposes

(i) To create or designate agencies of the Council to aid and assist under this act and to grant authority to such agencies as may be deemed necessary for the effective accomplishment of any of its functions powers and duties

(j) To adopt promulgate and enforce rules and orders not inconsistent with rules or orders of the United States Army or Navy or of the Federal Civil Defense Administration with respect to the organization recruiting training maintenance and operation of aircraft warning services observation and listening posts information and control centers and such other services and facilities as may be necessary for the prompt reception and transmission of air raid warnings and signals

(k) To prescribe and direct activities to the extent related to civil defense in connection with not limited to the following Salvage and prevention of waste of strategic materials conservation of transportation facilities training and supply of labor utilization of industrial plants health and medical care nutrition housing including the use of

existing public and private facilities rehabilitation education welfare childcare recreation for industrial workers and members of the armed forces and other civilian programs in furtherance of civil defense

Section 5 Mobile Support Units (a) The Council is authorized to create and establish such number of Mobile Support Units as may be necessary to reinforce civil defense organizations in stricken areas and with due consideration of the plans of the Federal Government and all other states To appoint a Commander for each Mobile Support Unit who shall have primary responsibility for the organization administration and operation of such support unit Mobile Support Units shal lbe called to duty upon orders of the Governor and shall perform their functions in any part of the State or upon the conditions specified in this section in other states

All personnel of Mobile Support Units shall while on duty be subject to the operational control of the authority in charge of civil defense activities in the area in which they are serving and shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses

All personnel of Mobile Support Units shall be regarded as employes of the State for all the purposes of the Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act a slast reenacted and amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 520) and its subsequent amendments and shall be entitled to receive compensation in case of injuries received while actually engaged as members of a Mobile Support Unit in performing any duty provided for by this act or while going to or coming from the performance of any such duties the State as employer shall in all such cases be deemed to have knowledge of all other employment of all such members including self-employment and shall be liable for compensation on account of all wages and earnings resulting therefrom in all cases where an injury compensable hereunder is received by a member of a Mobile Support Unit who is in whole or in part a self-employer and loss of earnings results therefrom such earnings shall be regarded as wages the average weekly wage as so regarded shall be that most favorable to the employe computed by dividing by thirteen the total earnings of the employe in the first second third or fourth period of thirteen consecutive calendar weeks in the fifty-two weeks immediately preceding the accident

(c) The State shall reimburse a political subdivision for the actual and necessary travel subsistence and maintenance expenses of employes of such political subdivision while serving as members of a Mobile Support Unit and for all payments for death disability or injury of such employes incurred in the course of such duty and for all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of such political subdivision resulting from the operation of such Mobile Support Unit

(d) Whenever a Mobile Support Unit of another state shall render aid in this State pursuant to the orders of the Governor of its home state and upon the request of the Governor of this State the personnel thereof shall have the powers duties rights privileges and immunities of civil defense employes of this State except compensation and this State shall reimburse such other state for the compensation paid and actual and necessary travel subsistence and maintenance expenses of the personnel of such Mobile Support Units while rendering such aid and for all payments for death disability or injury of such personnel incurred in the course of rendering such aid and for all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of such other state or a political subdivision thereof resulting from the rendering of such aid Provided That the laws of such other state contain provisions substantially similar to this section

(e) No personnel of Mobile Support Units of this State shall be ordered by the Governor to operate in any other state unless the laws of such other state contain provisions substantially similar to this section

Section 6 Utilization of Existing Services and Facilities In order to avoid duplication of services and facilities the Council and the local and district councils of civil defense established under the authority of this act are directed to utilize the services and facilities of existing officers offices departments commissions boards bureaus institutions and other agencies of the Commonwealth and of the political subdivisions thereof All such officers and agencies shall cooperate with and extend their services and facilities to the Council and to the local and district councils of civil defense as they shall request

Section 7 Local Organizations for Civil Defense Each political subdivision of this State is hereby authorized and directed to establish a local organization for civil defense in in accordance with the State Civil Defense plan and program Each local organization for civil defense shall have a Director who shall be appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the executive officer or governing body of the political subdivision The Director shall be responsible for the organization administration and operation of such local organization for civil defense subject to the direction and control of such executive officer or governing body

Upon the failure of the executive officer or governing body of a political subdivision to make a recommendation to the Governor of a person for Director within the time fixed by the Governor the Governor is authorized to appoint a Director without any recommendation Each local organization for civil defense shall perform civil defense functions within the territorial limits of the political subdivision within which it is organized and in addition shall conduct such functions outside of such territorial limits as may be required pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of this act

In carrying out the provisions of this act each political subdivision shall have the power to enter into contracts and incur obligations necessary to combat such disaster protecting the health and safety of persons and property and providing emergency assistance to the victims of such disaster Each political subdivision is authorized to exercise the powers vested under this section in the light of the exigencies of the extreme emergency situation without regard to time-consuming procedures and formalities prescribed by law (excepting mandatory constitutional requirements) pertaining to the performance of public work entering into contracts the incurring of obligations the employment of temporary workers the rental of equipment the purchase of supplies and materials the levying of taxes and the appropriation and expenditure of public funds

It shall be the duty of every local council of civil defense to execute and enforce such rules and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate under the authority of this act Each local council of civil defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense

Section 8 District Councils of Civil Defense In cooperation with local officials the Council is authorized to establish district councils of civil defense in critical areas of the Commonwealth of special importance in defense activities Such district councils shall act as coordinating agencies under the supervision and direction of the Council and in cooperation with local governmental agencies

It shall be the duty of every district council of civil defense to execute and enforce such rules and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate under the authority of this act Each district council of civil defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense

Section 9 Authority to Accept Services Gifts Grants and Loans (a) Whenever the Federal Government or any agency or officer thereof shall offer to the State or through the State to any political subdivision thereof services equipment supplies materials or funds by way of gift grant or loan for purposes of civil defense the State acting through the Governor or such political subdivision acting with the consent of the Governor and through its executive officer or governing body may ac-

cept such offer and upon such acceptance the Governor of the State or executive officer or governing body of such political subdivision may authorize any officer of the State or of the political subdivision as the case may be to receive such services equipment supplies materials or funds on behalf of the State or such political subdivision and subject to the terms of the offer and the rules and regulations if any of the agency making the offer

(b) Whenever any person firm or corporation shall offer to the State or to any political subdivision thereof services equipment supplies materials or funds by way of gift grant or loan for purposes of civil defense the State acting through the Governor or such political subdivision acting through its executive officer or governing body may accept such offer and upon such acceptance the Governor of the State or executive officer or governing body of such political subdivision may authorize any officer of the State or of the political subdivision as the case may be to receive such services equipment supplies materials or funds on behalf of the State or such political subdivision and subject to the terms of the offer

(c) All equipment supplies and materials referred to in (a) and (b) hereof shall when accepted by the Commonwealth be treated as the property of the State and shall be subject to the relevant provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 unless the General Assembly shall otherwise direct

Section 10 Mutual Aid Arrangements (a) The Director of each local organization for civil defense may in collaboration with other public and private agencies within this State and in accordance with the authority conferred upon the State by the "Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950" (Public Law 920 Eighty-first Congress 2d Session approved January 12 1951) develop or cause to be developed mutual aid arrangements for reciprocal civil defense aid and assistance in case of disaster too great to be dealt with unassisted Such arrangements shall be consistent with the State Civil Defense plan and program and in time of emergency it shall be the duty of each local organization for civil defense to render assistance in accordance with the provisions of such mutual aid arrangements

(b) The Director of each local organization for civil defense may subject to the approval of the Governor enter into mutual aid arrangements with civil defense agencies or organizations in other states for reciprocal civil defense aid and assistance

Section 11 Immunity Neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof nor other agencies nor except in cases of wilful misconduct the agents employes or representatives of any of them engaged in any civil defense activities while complying with or attempting to comply with this act or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be liable for the death of or any injury to persons or damage to property as a result of such activity The provisions of this section shall not affect the right of any person to receive benefits to which he would otherwise be entitled under this act or under the Workmen's Compensation Law or under any pension law nor the right of any such person to receive any benefits or compensation under any act of Congress

Section 12 Civil Defense Personnel No person shall be employed or associated in any capacity in any civil defense organization established under this act who advocates or has advocated a change by force or violence in the constitutional form of government of the United States or in this State or the overthrow of any government in the United States by force or violence or who has been convicted of or is under indictment or information charging any subversive act against the United States Each person who is appointed to serve in an organization for civil defense shall before entering upon his duties atke an oath in writing before a person authorized to administer oaths in this State which oath shall be substantially as follows

"I ———— do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Pennsylvania

against all enemies foreign and domestic that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter

"And I do further swear (or affirm) that I do not advocate nor am I a member or an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence and that during such time as I am a member of the (name of civil defense organization) I will not advocate nor become a member nor an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence"

Section 13 Penalties Any person violating any of the rules and orders adopted and promulgated under Section 4 by the State Council of Civil Defense shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) or imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) days or both for the first offense and a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days or both for each subsequent offense

Section 14 Separability of Provisions If any provisions of this act ort he application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held inavlid the remainder of the act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby

Section 15 Repealer The act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 6) entitled as amended "An act relating to National and State defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of defense and of local and district councils of defense prescribing the powers and duties thereof and providing penalties" is hereby repealed all other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 16 Effective Date This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. I don't come at this moment with any monkey wrenches; I come rather bearing olive branches. Yesterday the Majority Leader explained a position. I want briefly to explain a position. One lives and learns, you know.

House Bill 1 was one of those bills that you take for granted. It had been drafted by a Council that was drafting bills for the whole country. It was the sort of bill that you couldn't conceive any controversy about, and when the matter was raised as to co-sponsor the answer was "certainly." And so you co-sponsored sight unseen and you only read the bill casually.

I've been in this House long enough to know that no bill should be read casually. I read the bill so casually that it wasn't until the Caucus Chairman, the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Readinger, called my attention to the fact that volunteers not in the service of municipalities were not covered by our Compensation Act. I rather imagine that all the other Members of the House had just taken that for granted. They had not read this measure. As for the five dollars, when I read the bill there wasn't any five dollars in it,—it was a blank—and the Majority Leader one day in passing said: "Well, how about five dollars?" I said: "I guess that's probably all right." I just wasn't thinking about it. When the

question was raised . . . the whole question of compensation.

Now in your caucus and in our caucus, any member of the caucus is privileged to present his views; to present his ideas concerning the amendment of any pending bill. And I had committed myself to this bill prior to calling any caucus. Not only is a member of a caucus permitted and expected to present any ideas concerning any amendments he may have, but so is any organization, whether that organization is manufacture, whether it's labor, whether it's a health organization, if they have amendments in mind that they think we ought to consider, why, we consider them in our caucus and I presume you consider them in your caucus.

So, some amendments, sponsored by various groups who had thought about it,—or probably hadn't thought about it, were presented to our members. So the whole question of compensation arose. Unfortunately because there hadn't been a preliminary meeting of minds, doubtless some people on the other side of the House thought there was some deep, dark conspiracy—some effort to double cross the majority about a bill that we had co-sponsored.

Of course, when things were all ironed out and we had time to think it over, we reached an agreement without controversy. There were no ulterior motives that a great many had thought were entertained on this side.

My error was that I didn't sooner read the bill carefully, which I shall do in future with respect to all measures I am called upon to co-sponsor and when there's any question we'll thrash it out in caucus. The only difference between us, our side and your side was that we were able to define our position in one caucus, and I'll be darned if it didn't take you fellows three caucuses to find out where you were.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Good	Markley,	Rosen,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Cooper,	Lafóre,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 34 as follows:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating ing the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forefitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways

peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible a sevidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" as amended by the act approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws 751) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 819 Prevention of Noise

(a) No person shall operate a motorcycle or other motor vehicle except fire department and fire patrol apparatus on a highway unless such motorcycle or other motor vehicle is equipped with a muffler in good working order and in constant operation to prevent excessive or unusual noise

(b) It shall be unlawful to use a muffler cut-out or a bi-pass in a muffler on any motorcycle or other motor vehicle except fire department and fire patrol apparatus

Penalty any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall upon summary conviction before a magistrate be sentenced to pay a fine of ten ($10) dollars and costs of prosecution and in default of the payment thereof shall undergo imprisonment for not more than five (5) days

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of the bill.

Mr. SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Weidner, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WEIDNER. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Berks the purpose of the bill.

Mr. WEIDNER. Turn to page 4 of House Bill 34; you will find that there are only three words on three different occasions inserted in the particular bill which represent your present motor vehicles code.

The only purpose for bringing out these particular words is due to the fact that we have too many misinterpretrations by those who are supposed to enforce the law inasmuch as they do not interpret a motorcycle as a motor vehicle.

The only purpose I have in presenting this bill is because of the many requests I have had from my constituents to make sure that these people who are supposed to enforce the law will include the motorcycle as well as other motor vehicles.

Mr. LOPRESTI. In the opinion of the gentleman from Berks, does not the present motor code include violations by motorcycles?

Mr. WEIDNER. Just as I said, Mr. Speaker, it does, and the only purpose is to make it more specific for those who are supposed to enforce the law.

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Weidner, know of a single court decision of either an Superior Court or other court of record which has held that the present motor code does not apply to motorcycles?

Mr. WEIDNER. I didn't quite understand that, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. LOPRESTI. Does the gentleman know of a single case where a court has held that the present motor code as it now stands does not apply to motorcycles?

Mr. WEIDNER. I do not, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. LOPRESTI. Then I take it that the only purpose of the act is to highlight violations by motorcycles which are already covered by the motor vehicle code?

Mr. WEIDNER. That is correct. My only purpose, again let me state, is because of the many constituents who have approached me on the matter. I have received many comments not only from my constituents but from many constituents of the present members of this House favorable to the passage of the bill as I have it in Bill 34.

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, I have no quarrel to pick with the general idea behind this bill. I believe all of us will agree that motorcycle noises constitute a great nuisance and I believe that all of us agree that something should be done to stop it.

However, I do disagree with the establishment of a procedure whereby we reenact legislation merely to point out the fact that it is not being enforced. I believe that we have another remedy that we can use in an instance of this kind. We might for example pass a resolution calling the attention of the Governor, calling the attention of the State Police to the fact that this particular law is not being enforced, and ask that the State Police disperse the information through their various barracks throughout the Commonwealth and thereby bring attention to the fact that we have a law on the statute books which is not being enforced. I believe it is wrong to establish a precedent to reenact legislation, in other words passing the same thing over again and pointing out particular highlights which we want to emphasize. In other words there are perhaps dozens of cases in the motor code where the law is not being enforced, and if we wished we could offer an individual bill in each one of these cases of violations, and bring to the front that particular violation. I object to the bill merely because it introduces a new method, and I would rather revert to some other type of action in order to get enforcement of existing law.

Mr. WEIDNER. Mr. Speaker, I just want to say in response that I agree with the gentleman that in many instances they are not enforced. However I believe that it is necessary to make these same things specific enough so that it will get the attention of the enforcement officers that they will bring it to the point where we want it. I would therefore ask the members to vote in favor of this bill.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, since that same thing can be done through a resolution I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Should the bill pass finally?

Mr. READINGER. Mr. Speaker, normally I would agree with my colleague Mr. Lopresti. I am opposed to the principle of reenacting present law. But as one of the members of this House who is steadily growing older and becoming more susceptible to the nervous shock of these roaring devices we are talking about today, I am going to vote for this bill on the theory that we are simply

saying we mean absolutely, positively and no maybes.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—194

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Cella,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clendening,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Conway,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Corr,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Erb,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
Filip,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Williams,
Filo,	Light,	Readinger,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wood,
Flack,	Loftus,	Reese,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rose,	Speaker
Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	

NAYS—9

Andrews,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Toll,
Bower,	Lopresti,	Rovansek,	Westrick,
Byrne.			

NOT VOTING—4

Cooper.	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 59, as follows:

An Act to further amend section 15 of the act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207) entitled "An act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements for the removal of nuisances and for water rents or rates sewer rates and lighting rates for the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened the distribution of the proceeds of such sales and the redemption of the property therefrom for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed within six months before the passage of this act and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly" changing the procedure in reviving municipal claims and reinstating the lien of certain claims

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 15 of the act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207) entitled "An act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall eb allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements for the removal of nuisances and for water rents or rates sewer rates and lighting rates for the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened the distribution of the proceeds of such sales and the redemption of the property therefrom for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed within six months before the passage of this act and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly" as last amended by the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 470) and the act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1494) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 15 Such tax municipal or other claim if filed within the period aforesaid shall remain a lien upon said properties until fully paid and satisfied Provided That either a suggestion of nonpayment and an averment of default in the form hereinafter provided be filed [in cases of tax claims] either before or after judgment on the scire facias [and in cases of other than tax claims after judgment on the scire facias] or else a writ of scire facias in the form herein provided be issued to revive the same within each period of five years following (a) the date on which said claim was filed (b) the date on which a writ of scire facias was issued thereon (c) the date on which any judgment was entered thereon (d) the date on which a previous suggestion of nonpayment and default was filed thereon or (e) the date on which a judgment of revival was obtained thereon

The suggestion and averment shall be in the following form under the caption of the claim

And now .....the claimant by .....his solicitor or by the chief of its delinquent tax bureau suggests of record that the above claim is still due and owing to the claimant and avers that the owner is still in default for nonpayment thereof The prothonotary is hereby directed to enter this suggestion and averment on the municipal lien of the proper docket of the claim and also to index it upon the judgment index and on the locality index of the court for the purpose of continuing the lien of the claim

Such suggestion and averment shall be signed by or have stamped thereon a facsimile signature of the solicitor or chief executive officer of the claimant or the chief of its delinquent tax bureau The prothonotary shall docket and index the suggestion and averments directed therein and for such services in all counties of the fifth class and the political subdivisions in such counties shall be entitled to a fee of one dollar and in all other classes of counties and the political subdivisions thereof he shall receive the following fee to be taxed and collected as other costs in the claim

Where suggestion and averment is
for taxes or municipal claims
for one year and is directed to

be indexed in one name only .....one dollar ($1)
Each additional year included .....one dollar ($1)
Each additional name included ..twenty-five cents ($.25)
The filing and indexing of such suggestion and averment within five years of filing the claim or the issuing of any writ of scire facias thereon or of any judgment thereon or of the filing of any prior suggestion and averment of default shall have the same force and effect for the purposes of continuing and preserving the lien of the claim as though a writ of scire facias had been issued or a judgment or judgment of revival had been obtained within such period Provided That no writ of levari facias shall be issued upon a claim for the purpose of exposing the property liened to sheriff's sale except after a judgment shall have been duly obtained upon the claim as provided in this section and such judgment must have been obtained within five years of the issuance of the levari facias Whenever the lien of a claim has been revived and continued by the filing and indexing of a suggestion and averment of default the claimant may at any time within five years therefrom issue a writ of scire facias thereon reciting all suggestion and averment of default filed since the filing of the claim and shall proceed thereon in the manner herein provided subject to the right of the owner to raise any defense arising since the last judgment

If a claim be not filed within the time aforesaid or if it be notprosecuted in the manner and at the time aforesaid its lien on real estate shall be wholly lost

Section 2 In any case where any county city borough incorporated town or township has heretofore filed in the office of the prothonotary of the proper county any municipal claim and the county city borough incorporated town or township has not within the period of five (5) years after the date on which any such claim was filed sued out a writ of scire facias to reduce the same to judgment or has not done so in time then such county city borough incorporated town or township may within six (6) months after the effective date of this act file a suggestion of nonpayment and an averment of default or where any county city borough incorporated town or township has heretofore filed a suggestion of nonpayment and an averment of default on a municipal claim when the law required that a writ of scire facias be sued out then in either case such claim so revived shall be a valid claim and be a lien upon the real estate upon which it was a lien at the time the claim was filed Provided That the lien of any such claim shall not reattach against any real estate transferred to any purchaser during the time when the lien of any such municipal claim was lost nor shall the lien of any such claim impair or affect the priority of the lien of any mortgage or other lien which gained priority because of the failure of the county city borough incorporated town or twonship to sue out the writ of scire facias within the five (5) year period or was entered of record during the time the lien of such municipal claim or judgment was lost nor shall any such lien so revived impair or affect the priority of the lien of any mortgage or other lien which gained priority during the time such municipal claim was not revived or was not effective

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constituton the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hoover,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Cooper,	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 94, as follows:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmen's clubs associations or federations

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act reglating to insurance amending revising and consolidating

the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" as last amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 855) and the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1305) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 621.1 Group Accident and Health Insurance (a) Group Accident and Health Insurance is hereby declared to be that form of accident and health insurance covering not less than twenty-five employes or members and in addition may include the employes' or members' dependents written under a master policy issued to a summer camp scout troop college school system one or more schools or other institutions of learning or to the head or heads or principle or principals thereof who or which shall be deemed the policyholder or to any governmental corporation unit agency or department thereof or to any corporation copartnership individual employer or to any association or organization of employes of one employer its affiliates or subsidiaries or to the members of any labor union bar association medical dental or other professional society volunteer fire department automobile club or association sportsmen's club association or federation or to any organization or association of Federal or State employes or school teachers or school employes or nurses where officers members employes or classes or departments thereof may be insured for their individual benefit or written under a master policy issued to the trustees of a fund established by two or more employers in the same industry for the benefit of persons other than the employers the premium for such policy to be paid by the trustees wholly from funds contributed by the employers of the insured persons

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeablyto the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Cooper,	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 99, as follows:

An Act to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Article I

Section 1 Purposes The purposes of this act are to improve and extend by reciprocal legislation the enforcement of duties of support and to make uniform the law with respect thereto

Section 2 Definitions As used in this act unless the context requires otherwise

(1) "State" includes any state territory or possession of United States and the District of Columbia in which this or a substantially similar reciprocal law has been enacted

(2) "Initiating state" means any state in which a proceeding pursuant to this or a substantially similar reciprocal law is commenced

(3) "Responding state" means any state in which any proceeding pursuant to the proceeding in the initiating state is or may be commenced

(4) "Court" means the Court of Quarter Session of the Peace of any county the Municipal Court of Philadelphia County and the County Court of Allegheny County of this State and when the context requires means the court of any other state as defined in a substantially similar reciprocal law

(5) "Law" includes both common and statute law

(6) "Duty of support" includes any duty of support imposed or imposable by law or by any court order decree or judgment whether interlocutory or final whether incidental to a proceeding for divorce judicial (legal) separation separate maintenance or otherwise

(7) "Obligor" means any person owing a duty of support

(8) "Obligee" means any person to whom a duty of support is owed

Section 3 Remedies Additional to Those Now Existing The remedies herein provided are in addition to and not in substitution for any other remedies

Section 4 Extent of Duties of Support The duty of support imposed by the laws of this State or by the laws

of the state where the obligee was present when the failure to support commenced as provided in Section 7 and the remedies provided for enforcement thereof including any costs or penalty imposed thereby bind the obligor regardless of the presence or residence of the obligee

Article II

Criminal Enforcement

Section 5 Interstate Rendition The Governor of this State (1) may demand from the Governor of any other state the surrender of any person found in such other state who is charged in this State with the crime of failing to provide for the support of any person in this State and (2) may surrender on demand by the Governor of any other State any person found in this State who is charged in such other state with the crime of failing to provide for the support of a person in such other state The provisions for extradition of criminals not inconsistent herewith shall apply to any such demand although the person whose surrender is demanded was not in the demanding state at the time of the commission of the crime and although he had not fled therefrom Neither the demand the oath nor any proceedings for extradition pursuant to this section need state or show that the person whose surrender is demanded has fled from justice or at the time of the commission of the crime was in the demanding or the other state

Section 6 Relief From the Above Provision Any obligor contemplated by Section 5 who submits to the jurisdiction of the court of such other state and complies with the court's order of support shall be relieved of extradition for desertion or non-support entered in the courts of this State during the period of such compliance.

Article III

Civil Enforcement

Section 7 What Duties are Enforceable Duties of support enforceable under this law are those imposed or imposable under the laws of any state where the alleged obligor was present during the period for which support is sought or where the obligee was present when the failure to support commenced at the election of the obligee

Section 8 Remedies of a State or Political Subdivision Thereof Furnishing Support Whenever the state or a political subdivision thereof has furnished support to an obligee it shall have the same right to invoke the provisions hereof as the obligee to whom the support was furnished for the purpose of securing reimbursement of expenditures so made

Section 9 How Duties of Support are Enforced All duties of support are enforceable by action (complaint) irrespective of relationship between the obligor and obligee Jurisdiction of all proceedings hereunder shall be vested in the courts designated in Section 2 subsection (4)

Section 10 Contents of Complaint for Support The complaint shall be verified and shall state the name and so far as known to the plaintiff the address and circumstances of the defendant and his dependents for whom support is sought and all other pertinent information

Section 11 Duty of Court of This State as Initiating State If the court of this State acting as an initiating state finds that the complaint sets forth facts from which it may be determined that the defendant owes a duty of support and that a court of the responding state may obtain jurisdiction of the defendant or his property he shall so certify and shall cause certified copies of the complaint the certificate and an authenticated copy of this act to be transmitted to the court of the responding state

Section 12 Duty of the Court of This State as Responding State When the court of this State acting as a responding state receives from the court of an initiating state the aforesaid copies it shall (1) docket the cause (2) notify the district attorney (3) set a time and place for a hearing and (4) take such action as is necessary in accordance with the laws of this State to obtain jurisdiction

Section 13 Order of Support If the court of the responding state finds a duty of support it may order the defendant to furnish support or reimbursement therefor and subject the property of the defendant to such order

Section 14 Responding State to Transmit Copies to Initiating State The court of this State when acting as a responding state shall cause to be transmitted to the court of the initiating state a copy of all orders of support or for reimbursement therefor

Section 15 Additional Powers of Court In addition to the foregoing powers the court of this State when acting as the responding state has the power to subject the defendant to such terms and conditions as the court may deem proper to assure compliance with its orders and in particular

(a) To require the defendant to furnish recognizance in the form of a cash deposit or bond of such character and in such amount as the court may deem proper to assure payment of any amount required to be paid by the defendant

(b) To require the defendant to make payments at specified intervals to the clerk of the court or other officers designated by the court or the obligee and to report personally to such clerk or other officer designated by the court at such times as may be deemed necessary

(c) To punish the defendant who shall violate any order of the court to the same extent as is provided by law for contempt of the court in any other suit or proceeding cognizable by the court

Section 16 Additional Duties of the Court of This State When Acting as a Responding State The court of this State when acting as a responding state shall have the following duties which may be carried out through the clerk of the court or other officer designated by the court

(a) Upon the receipt of a payment made by the defendant pursuant to any order of the court or otherwise to transmit the same forthwith to the court of the initiating state and

(b) Upon request to furnish to the court of the initiating state a certified statement of all payments made by the defendant

Section 17 Additional Duty of the Court of This State When Acting as an Initiating State The court of this State when acting as an initiating state shall have the duty which may be carried out through the clerk of the court or other officer designated by the court to receive and disburse forthwith all payments made by the defendant or transmitted by the court of the responding state

Section 18 Evidence of Husband and Wife Laws attaching a privilege against the disclosure of communications between husband and wife are inapplicable to proceedings under this act Husband and Wife are competent witnesses to testify to any relevant matter including marriage and parentage

Section 19 Severability If any provision hereof or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable

Section 20 Effective Date The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,

Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Cooper,	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, since the Members of this House have been so generous in looking out for the welfare of all of the individuals of the Commonwealth, and I notice that we have even gone to the point of stretching it a little bit by putting in the House new red leather chairs completely around the side walls. They have sponge rubber seats and are very comfortable.

The ones who generally use these seats and have been complaining in the past, I understand, are the "legislative engineers," and now that we have honestly gone out of our way to be kind,—I don't want to say to those individuals or creatures, but we have gone out of our way; I wonder if they would be kind enough, and I say this with a plea in my voice, to spend more time in the House rather than go to the Senate. After all they should have some consideration for the Members here. We like to eat too, and while some of us may be on diets I am sure there are some individuals here who have spare evenings and not much to do. Maybe they in the time of eating could learn some legislation. So I ask them, now that we have given them comfortable and beautiful seats, please stay over with us and don't leave us and go to the Senate.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, the Majority Leader has drawn an issue, an issue that instead of splitting parties should unite them.

These engineers who see all, know all, and tell mighty few, have some information to impart. I don't know any place of greater befuddlement or bewilderment just now than the other chamber of the General Assembly, the Senate. If the "legislative engineers" or the Majority Leader or anybody else can stir that other chamber to intelligent action I am for it. Instead of inviting these "legislative engineers" to a body that knows where it would like to go, if it just had the chance, if somebody would cut it loose, I suggest that for the next month we banish all of them and sentence them to serve in the Senate. Because I have no doubt as the Majority Leader says, over in the Senate, rather than in the House is where they spread their advice, and, gentlemen, I have always suspected that if they had an change in their pockets it was in the other chamber that they distributed it.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, the suggestion has just been made that maybe the solution of this entire problem would be to send the chairs over to the Senate. That might make them comfortable over there.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. METZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 21, 1951 at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3:45 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

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SENATE

WEDNESDAY, February 21, 1951.

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock, a.m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. ALFRED L. TAXIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, make us know that Thou art not dead, that Thou are the living and eternal God. Thou knowest all about us, Thou knowest what we are and what we are thinking now; Thou knowest what actuates us in making decisions.

We pray that Thou wouldst blot out our sin, blot out our pride and grant that we may do things on a high spiritual plane to the glory of God, for the good of America and the Commonwealth, through Jesus Christ, our Lord, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. MALLERY, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. At this time the Chair invites the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. McGinnis, to the rostrum to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Bernard B. McGinnis) in the Chair

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 21, 1951.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 21, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Helen D. Beale, Pittsburgh, 323 Fourth Ave.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Katie R. Mosser, Cumru Twp., Mohnton.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Cora M. Fisher, Patton.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Thomas J. Williams, Wilkes-Barre.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Elmer F. Buri, 3334 N. Broad St.
Joseph Calogero, 765 S. 7th St.
Miss Eleanor M. Doyle, 3410 Wallace St.
Miss Rita M. Folcher, Room 1303, 1500 Chestnut St

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Richard B. Ryon, Pottsville.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

A. J. Masters, Harford Twp., Kingsley, 2-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Emily A. Bash, Pittsburgh, 326 Frick Bldg., 3-3-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Wilbert J. Morell, 58th St. & Schuylkill River, 3-3-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Frank D. Croop, Berwick, 3-6-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Sue K. Parsons, Harrisburg, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Lillian A. Cook, 220 S. 4th St., 3-6-51.
Walter James Lightfoot, Plymouth Motors, Orthodox & Paul Sts., 3-6-51.
Simon Weiss, 1626 Point Breeze Ave., 3-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John E. Blanchard, Pittsburgh, 121 53d St., 3-8-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Norman C. Herman, East Fallowfield Twp., Coatesville, 3-8-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

William H. Given, Jr., Ridley Park, 3-8-51.
Miss Anita E. McKinney, Chester, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. C. Hillman, Pittsburgh, 800 Union Trust Bldg., 3-9-51.

BERKS COUNTY

J. Paul Burkhart, Bernville, 3-9-51.
Charles J. Fisher, Reading, 3-9-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Frank F. Sutton, Waynesburg, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Frederick J. Bohrer, 3114 N. Front St., 3-9-51.
Wallace G. Hinkle, 6015 Ellsworth St., 3-9-51.
Michael S. Dowbenko, 523, S. Front St., 3-10-51.
Frederick G. Kempin, 623 Diamond St., 3-10-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

James W. Black, Oil City, 3-11-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Dell H. Shearer, New Alexandria, 3-11-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Lucille M. Zayak, Luzerne Twp., La Belle, 3-12-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WADE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barr,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Robinson,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Ruth,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Silvert,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Snowden,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	McGinnis,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,	Presiding Officer
Freed,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, under the heading of Communications, for the information of the Senate I would like to read the Weather Report as furnished to us by the Highway Department this morning:

"Rain and low cloud formations are general throughout Pennsylvania with daylight temperatures to be well above freezing.

"The rain is forecast to end before the arrival of slightly below freezing weather in the western part of the State during the early night.

"Tonight's low temperatures in the west about 30 degrees—in the east about 35 degrees.

"Although highways are wet, neither ice nor snow is expected to be encountered." May I say for the edification of us who are fortunate enough to live west of the Susquehanna River, that the Western Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike is clear.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. With pleasure, Mr. President.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I would like to inquire whether the weather report just read includes Potter County.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I understand that the people of Potter County are of such high intellect that they are not the least bit interested in the weather. They thought God would take care of that.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. MALLERY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 231, entitled

An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection, construction and alteration of buildings by the Commonwealth or State authority.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. MAHANY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 232, entitled

An Act providing procedure for securing the support of dependent wives, children, parents, grandparents and grandchildren from the persons liable for their support when domiciled in different states having substantially similar or reciprocal laws; defining the persons legally liable for the support of such dependents; and prescribing the powers and jurisdiction of certain courts and the powers and duties of certain public officers relating thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. McGINNIS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. McGINNIS. Mr. President, I would like permission to make a statement in connection with the presentation of this bill.

Mr. President, I am offering this bill in collaboration with Robert D. Fleming and R. B. Mahany. This bill proposes to create the Western Pennsylvania Water Supply Planning Commission to investigate the development of a plan to bring an unpolluted water supply to Western Pennsylvania.

The water supply in many sections of our country is a very serious matter. We discovered recently, a number of years back, that many sections of this country are having a serious time to secure good pure drinking water.

Twenty years ago, the Pennsylvania Railroad built a pipe line from Pittsburgh to up near Uniontown, a distance of forty or more miles, in order to bring water down to their locomotives in the Pittsburgh district. In other words, Mr. President, the water was so bad that they were using in their boilers that they went to the enormous expense of bringing this water from Fayette County down into Pittsburgh.

Mr. President, up to the north of Pittsburgh we have a number of counties there that have a soil that is probably the best in the United States for rain water to gather and become useful for human beings. These counties are Erie, Crawford, Warren, Forest and Elk Counties and a part of Venango. The Smithsonian Institute has made an investigation of these counties and the Institute declares that these counties produce the best water, the best running water of maybe any counties in the United States.

Now, Mr. President, of course, the initial cost of bringing this water into the industrial sections of Pittsburgh to supply our mills and our homes is very high. It is difficult to get any individual, any body of men to go to the expense of the engineering to ascertain what would be necessary. I have been advised by responsible and able engineers and financial men that if it is feasible to bring this water down, the same as New York City has brought it down from the mountains, that it can be easily financed by the creation of an authority, and this wonderful supply of pure water can be brought into Western Pennsylvania's industrial districts and into homes.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. McGINNIS, FLEMMING and MAHANY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 233, entitled

An Act creating the Western Pennsylvania Water Supply Planning Commission to investigate the development of a plan to bring an unpolluted water supply to Western Pennsylvania communities; defining its powers and duties; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a few remarks before I submit these bills.

Mr. President, these bills propose to amend the Public Utility Law, and I was inspired to have these bills drafted because of an experience I had with the Public Utility Commission and the one-sided procedure under which it functions. When I say one-sided, I mean one-sided in favor of the utilities and against the general public, and I am referring to a case in my district in the Lehigh Valley, which involves the City of Allentown, the City of Bethlehem, the City of Easton and vicinity, or where the Lehigh Valley Transit Company operates its bus and trolley lines.

Mr. President, on August the 17th, 1950, the Lehigh Valley Transit Company filed its tariffs with the Public Utility Commission for an increase in its rates. On behalf of the Boroughs of Northampton, Coplay and Slatington, as well as myself, at the request of people who held a public meeting in opposition to the increased rates, I filed a complaint, a formal complaint, and asked the Public Utility Commission to suspend the effective date of the increased rates.

On September the 13th, the following appeared in a newspaper story:

"The Public Utility Commission today authorized the Lehigh Valley Transit Company, Allentown, to increase its fares by $83,000 a year, effective Sunday, September 17. John B. Conly, Pittsburgh, was the only member of the five-man Commission to vote against the increase," and it goes on with some other data that is not important at this time.

Mr. President, the next day we filed an appeal with the Superior Court; we went to Judge Rhodes' office up in Stroudsburg, and presented the Appeal together with a petition to have the appeal act as a supersedeas, and at the preliminary hearing before Judge Rhodes, although he allowed the appeal, he could not permit the appeal to act as a supersedeas because, he said, that it could be done in any case except in the case of a public utility; that is, where a public utility is involved. So, he issued a rule to show cause why the supersedeas should not be issued, and about five days later we had the hearing on the appeal and on the rule to show cause in Philadelphia.

In the meantime, Mr. President, the Public Utility Commission filed a motion to dismiss the appeal, and this was the ground, at least this was one of the allegations in the Petition:

"Not only has the Public Utility Commission issued no order, but it has taken no action from which an appeal can properly be made."

The point that I want to make here is, here is a Public Utility Commission, paid by the taxpayers of the Commonwealth, that issues rate increases without issuing an order and, frankly, I could not get it through my head, neither could Julius Levy, who represented us and is one of the finest attorneys on public utility matters, we just could not get it through our heads how a public utility, meeting as this Public Utility Commission did, where they took a vote on whether or not the rates should become effective, how they could possibly permit these rates to become effective without issuing some kind of an order. Anyway, we got to Philadelhia and we had the argument on the appeal and on the rule to show cause why a supersedeas should not be issued, and it was not long after the argument began that the court time after time, insisted they could not act on the appeal because the Public Utility Commission issued no order, and since there was no order there was nothing the court could act on.

So, Mr. President, getting back to this matter of an order, we came to the conclusion that there must have been some kind of an order, since the Public Utility Commission held this meeting where a vote was taken. So, I sent a telegram to the Public Utility Commission and I asked them to send me a copy of the minutes of the Executive Session when the action was taken to permit

these rate increases to become effective. I received this telegram in reply:

"I assume your telegraphic request of this date refers to the minutes of Commission Executive Session, held September 11, 1950. These minutes have never been regarded as public records and, therefore, have not to this time been made available to any other than Commission Members. Because of unusual nature of your request, I intend to submit it to the entire Commission at the next Executive Session, Monday October 9, 1950."

Mr. President, here it is February 21st and I have not had a reply to this telegram to this very date, but here we have a Public Utility Commission being paid with public funds, who hold meetings on matters of public interest on rate increases, and hold these meetings in secret and say, "What we decide at these meetings is none of the public's business."

Mr. President, this bill proposes to take care, at least in part, of that situation.

Getting back to this order, we decided to file an amended appeal, and not having the minutes of the Executive Session of the Commission we finally found an order that was issued by the Traffic Bureau of the Public Utility Commission authorizing these increases, and we made that a part of our amended appeal, but even that carried no weight before the Superior Court.

Ladies and gentlemen and Members of this Senate, I personally am of the opinion that no rates should become effective without giving the public a chance to be heard. These bills provide, first, that before a rate can become effective either a preliminary or a final hearing must be held. Second, if the Commission decides after a preliminary hearing that the rates should become effective, an appeal should be allowed and the appeal should automatically act as a supersedeas unless the Superior Court decides otherwise. If the Superior Court decides that the appeal should not act as a supersedeas, then the Public Uitlity Commission must order the transportation company to issue script, reimbursable script, so that the public is protected and the deliberations of the Public Utility Commission are to be made available, the records of the deliberations are to be made available to the parties involved in the proceeding.

Mr. President, on behalf of my two colleagues, Senator McGinnis and Senator Rosenfeld, and on behalf of myself, I present the following bill.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. YOSKO, McGINNIS and ROSENFELD read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 234, entitled

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by providing for public hearing in all cases of voluntary rate increases, and requiring the commission to make orders thereon; requiring the issuance of refund script in certain cases; making certain deliberations of the commission public records, and making appeals from orders of the commission, operate as a supersedeas.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. WALKER (By Request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 235, entitled

An Act to further amend Section 814 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by allowing motor vehicles to be equipped with certain warning apparatus approved by the secretary.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. MAHANY asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. MAHANY. Mr. President, a year ago today John H. Fertig passed away and on this, the first anniversary of his death, the Senate Members of the Local Government Commission would like to present this resolution of respect for Mr. John H. Fertig, who was Counsel for the Local Government Commission and did a lot of fine work for us.

Mr. President, we appreciated his efforts and his friendship, and out of respect for Mr. Fertig we wish to present this resolution.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE OF THE SENATE EXTENDED TO WIDOW AND FAMILY OF JOHN H. FERTIG

Mr. MAHANY offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 21, 1951.

John H. Fertig was born in Wayne Township, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, on January 19, 1882. He was during his life a teacher and a lawyer.

From 1912 until 1938, John Fertig was with the Legislative Reference Bureau, and was Director of the Bureau from 1930 until 1938. He served this Commonwealth also as a member of the State Employes' Retirement Board. From 1938 until his death, he was actively engaged in specialized legal practice. He was a member of the Dauphin County and the Schuylkill County Bar Associations, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, and the American Bar Association; a charter member of the American Law Institute and a member of the American Judicature Society. In 1938, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania appointed him a member of the Pennsylvania Procedural Rules Committee. In 1943, Governor Martin appointed him a member of the Board of Commissioners of Uniform State Laws.

This only partial statement of John Fertig's many active and honorable achievements recalls the high qualities of his citizenship and the devotion of his services to the community, the state and the nation. Yet there remains to remember that John Fertig was, for more than a quarter of a century, a legislative draftsman of incomparable scope, experience, and sagacity. Few have been the enactments of the General Assembly since 1912 that were not improved, if not written, out of the great wealth of legislative history that abided with him. The systems of drafting bills for the General Assembly, of printing amendatory laws, the arrangement and tables of Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes, Annotated, are instances of his great contribution to the forms of legislation; the Statutory Construction Act is only one of his innumerable contributions to the substance and principles of legislation. As counsel for the Local Government Commission of the General Assembly from its creation until his death, he devoted his talents and unsurpassed familiarity with statutory law to the solution of problems of local government in this Commonwealth with brilliant success. Active and successful in private practice, unselfishly devoted to the betterment of his profession and his fellow citizens, he nevertheless found time to complete many projects for the improvement of local government. His invaluable services to the Local Government Commission include the Borough Code, the First Class Township Code and many other laws. Until shortly before his death, he was engaged in the codification of the General County Law and the Third Class City Law.

John Fertig was a man of great services and accomplishments, beyond the scope of recitation here. He was also one who had the genius of friendship. Earnest, gifted, and happy, he was loved and respected by all who knew him. For all that he has achieved, he will be long remembered, and for all that he was, his passing is deeply mourned. Courageously, he made his life happy and distinguished despite the physical handicap which made him go on crutches from childhood.

This man, the teacher and lawyer, died in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania on February 21, 1950, to our great loss; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the Senate express their deep appreciation of John H. Fertig, and extend to his widow and family their personal sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to his widow, Edith Fertig.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. MAHANY asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. MAHANY. Mr. President, on February 13 a good friend of the Local Government Commission died. He was Edwin L. Kohler, City Solicitor of Allentown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, on behalf of the Senate Members of the Local Government Commission, George Stevenson, Charles Mallery, John Haluska and myself, I wish to offer the following resolution.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE OF THE SENATE EXTENDED TO WIDOW AND FAMILY OF EDWIN L. KOHLER

Messrs. MAHANY, STEVENSON, MALLERY AND HALUSKA offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 21, 1951.

Whereas, Edwin L. Kohler, city solicitor of the City of Allentown died at his desk in his own City on Tuesday, February 13th, 1951;

Whereas, Mr. Kohler was born in Allentown on January 4, 1901, and was graduated from Muhlenburg College in 1920 and studied law at the University of Pennsylvania from which he graduated in 1923;

Whereas, He was named assistant city solicitor of Allentown in 1934 and city solicitor on February 1st, 1947, which position he occupied until his death; and

Whereas, Mr. Kohler was closely associated with the Local Government Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in its work looking toward the revision of the Third Class City Law and was regular in his attendance at the meetings of the Commission and the subcommittee. His work was thorough and his advice most welcome and his absence from the work of the Commission will be greatly missed; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of this Senate fully realizing the loss occasioned to the Commission and to his family and friends and to the community in which he lived, extend their sincere sympathy to his wife and family; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to Mrs. Edwin L. Kohler, his widow.

CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, as follows:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 The sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of wages and other compensations of the employes and for the payment of general expenses necessary for the proper conduct of its work for the balance of the fiscal biennium 1949-1951 Said sum shall be in addition to any sum heretofore appropriated to the Joint State Government Commission for said purposes

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, before the roll is called on this deficiency appropriation, I think in all fairness to the Members of the General Assembly, who are members of the Joint State Government Commission, an explanatory statement should be made for the information of the gentleman of the Senate.

Mr. President, the appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission which was made during the 1949 Session had been allocated to the various subcommittee studies that had been thrust upon the Joint State Government Commission or referred to them by the General Assembly meeting at that time. During the interim there arose a situation calling for a continued study of the Department of Public Assistance. There were certain matters there that the General Assembly, or that Members of the General Assembly, felt should be brought to the attention of the 1951 Session in a formal manner, and in order to do that we felt it was necessary to make an investigation of certain practices in the Department of Public Assistance. Realizing the fact that it was impossible to make a thorough study, one that would meet with the approval of the 1951 Session, with the funds that were then available, the subcommittee appointed to make the investigation or the study went to the then Chief Executive, the Honorable James Henderson Duff, and explained to him that it would be impossible to make this study in an equitable manner with the funds available, and the suggestion was made to proceed with the study because of the value of the results of the study to the General Assembly, and that the matter of the expenses could be covered in a deficiency appropriation.

Mr. President, the study has been made and the results of the study will be presented to the General Assembly within a very short period of time. The deficiency appropriation was not created because of loose handling of funds by the twenty-four members of the General Assembly who are on the Joint State Government Commission, but it was made because of additional responsibilities taken on by the Commission after the sine die adjournment of the 1949 Session.

I might say, Mr. President, as a result of this very able study that was made by the subcommittee, we feel confident that the new streamlined practices which will be adopted by the General Assembly as a result of the study will save the Commonwealth millions of dollars, so that the deficiency appropriation represented in House Bill No. 8 will return tenfold to the Commonwealth in the savings which we hope to create in the Department of Public Assistance.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Toole,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Wade,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 181), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreable to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99 as follows:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Penn sylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Secretary of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor is hereby authorized on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to sell and convey for such consideration as may be agreed upon between the Department and the purchaser and to make and execute a deed conveying the following described tract of land situate in Donegal Township Washington County Pennsylvania

Beginning at a stake in the South edge of the United States Road and thence along the same South 77° East 12.65 poles to a stake thence South 13° West 12.65 poles to a stake thence North 77° West 12.65 poles to a stake thence North 13° East 12.65 poles to the place of beginning containing one (1) acre of land strict measure being land now owned by the Commonwealth and presently used by the Department of Highways

Being the same premises conveyed by John Valentine to Benjamin Leonard and George Craft Commissioners of the Cumberland Road in Pennsylvania and their successors in office by deed dated September 23 1837 and recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for Washington County Pennsylvania in Deed Book 2-V page 31

Section 2 The deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice and shall be executed by the Secretary of Property and Supplies in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 3 The cost of such conveyance shall be paid by the grantee The moneys derived from such sale shall be paid into the Motor License Fund

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Toole,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Wade,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany.	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have been requested to ask that House Bills No. 2, 3, and 4, which represent a part of the civil defense program go over in their order, so at this time, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 2, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An Act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity for liability for injury or death to persons or damages to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 3, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils or civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 4, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I am not objecting to the bills going over in order. In fact, I think it is proper that they do go over in order because, I cannot find a copy of House Bill No. 2. I have a copy of House Bills Nos. 3 and 4. I think that all of us better take these bills home with us because there seems to be a general misunderstanding of the purposes of civilian defense, and as a

member of the Senate, and I speak at this time without any idea of injecting politics into the matter, but strictly on the basis of trying to do something here that will not have our people in such a dither, as it were, over the setup of civilian defense.

Mr. President, here I pick up the papers and I find that it seems that some people have in mind the creation of a giant boon-doggling enterprise here on Capitol Hill, under the guise of civilian defense, and remember that no matter what happens in civilian defense we, the fifty Members of the Senate, are going to be individually and collectively responsible for it. I am astounded to read in the paper this morning that another position has been created for $12,000 a year for a paper organization to be paid to a man by the name of Wymard, who was Secretary to Governor Duff for a short period and an aid to Mr. Margiotti, and everyone in this room knows that if he devotes all of the time necessary to do that job under the present setup, he could not put in half as much time in a year as what the Senators put in in Harrisburg every two years.

Now, Mr. President, $12,000 a year is a lot of money even today, and I find that there are also two other Assistant Administrators at a total salary of $27,000 a year. We do not have a Cabinet position on Capitol Hill, a full time, long time job, with all the responsibilities that a Cabinet post entails, that has the executive cost that this thing already has before we even pass the legislation.

Mr. President, I find also, according to the papers, that a man who is reputed to be the outstanding expert in civilian defense, not only in the State of Pennsylvania but in the entire United States, considered as such by authorities in the matter, and I find that he is sitting over there without any duties to perform because another man has been named to the position, and no one knows who is the boss. I do not care a hoot who the boss is, and I do not think any Member of the Senate does. I think that we may make a fatal mistake at this moment if we allow this thing to become a creature of political bickering, and, incidentally, I do not see that it is even the fault of anybody I can put my finger on other than the men who are seeking the jobs in the setup. Political hacks, as it were, looking for jobs are going to destroy the one thing that symbolizes the unity of a people in an emergency.

Mr. President, our group fought bitterly against the payment of anybody for civilian defense over in the House. We did not fight because five dollars pay was too much or anything. We fought because we believed that this was the kind of an emergency that tests the fidelity and the strength of a people. Civilian defense is something important. I do not care, I hope that we never are bombed and that we never have any emergency to meet, that we never have any need of any of the setups that we are making here, to try to aid in the relief of distress, but I do say that if we allow this thing to grow into a giant boon-doggling project here on Capitol Hill, Republicans and Democrats alike will and ought to suffer.

We talk about the Federal Budget, and I see where our former Governor Duff is down in Texas talking about the fat in the Federal Budget. This is not only fat, this is plain downright grease and soot and everything else that you can call it. Thirty-nine thousand dollars for three top-flight executives in an organization that has not any more to do at the present moment than could be done by a twenty-five hundred dollar a year clerk.

Mr. President, we are going to have a budget to meet in this Senate, and you gentlemen on the Majority Side have the very sincere responsibility to the people of creating the funds. It is your responsibility and it is our responsibility as the safety valve to see to it that the people are not gouged in Pennsylvania, and we know that you do not want to gouge them because you are the people, too, but if you allow this thing to go on, what is going to happen here—they tell me we have fifty-eight thousand employees on Capitol Hill now. Do you think anybody in charge of a county for civilian defense is going to serve without pay if you start creating thirteen thousand five hundred dollar jobs, twelve thousand dollars a year assistant jobs? Why, they could easily justify a seventy-five hundred dollar job as the head of a county in civilian defense because most of the work will be done on that level. Most of the work will be done on the local level. You cannot afford to do this as the Majority Administrative Party in the State, and we as Members of the Senate together cannot afford to allow it to happen.

Mr. President, I am not pointing a finger at this time at anybody, but I assure you that I am going to read these bills carefully over the weekend and if there is any fat in them, I will guarantee you a good frying party on Monday. We are not going to allow this without a fight, and I do not think you want to, either.

Mr. President, what are the qualifications of a man, what is the background of a man to take a twelve thousand dollar a year job in civilian defense? What is the background that he has—thirteen thousand five hundred dollars as I understand it as the head of a school some place. I can remember the shout of derision when we had the so-called "brain trust" in Washington who were schoolmen, who were supposed to be the confidants and the aids of the late President Roosevelt.

Why, incidentally, my colleague just informed me that we just got rid of a valentine on February 14 who was a schoolman. Schoolmen are all right, but this is a school that requires more than academic training. A man that is supposed to know the job has served with less pay than they are going to pay the third and fourth assistants now.

I tell you, gentlemen, you cannot go increasing taxes in Pennsylvania and get away with this type of stuff. Incidentally, speaking of stuff, yesterday, when I came out of the elevator coming down from my room, there were three or four workmen working there with ladders, I think it was electrical work. One of them said, "What do they do in that big room?" The other fellow answered, "They pass laws and stuff." This must be the stuff.

Mr. President, believe me, I think that each and every Member of this Senate ought to take these bills home with them and study them and see whether or not we are allowing unlimited expenditure of funds for something that must be, if it is to succeed at all, an ageny created out of the will to do that which is right in an emergency. Oh, I tell you I feel so deeply about this flagrant violation of the concepts of unity that I believe we are striving for. Talking about confirmation of the Senate, maybe we better get confirmation of the Senate for everything, for every kind of an administrative position in the State of Pennsylvania. How many of you men would vote for confirmation of this this morning?

Mr. President, there is another article right in the same paper that says that they were waiting to create a position for this particular fellow. I think he is a grand fellow. I thought we were waiting around here to get the budget message so we could go to work. Don't tell me we have been wasting time to create a position for somebody. I know the members of the Senate are no part of this, and the sooner we get down to fundamentals and work on the job that we have before us, the better off we are all going to be, and I mean to tell you that if we allow this to happen, we will be the laughing stock of the whole United States.

Mr. President, how many jobs are there going to be altogether? What is this, a job setup or a defense setup?

Gentlemen, take my word for it, this may be the tool that will dig the grave of the Republican Party unless you look out.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I do not want to prolong the discussion on what we coyly call skeleton Wednesday, and I am just as much interested in getting the gentlemen back to their various private avocations as they are. I am as deeply interested in getting them back there as the Sun-Telegraph is.

I would like to say one or two things to the gentleman from Westmoreland. I am not quarreling with his statements or his conclusions but I do not want any misunderstanding among the gentlemen of the Senate with regard to the Pennsylvania setup for civilian defense.

Mr. President, when it was set up during the administration of Governor Duff, one of Pennsylvania's most distinguished citizens was placed at the head of it, a gentleman who was serving, very frankly, without pay; who was devoting all of the talent, the experience, the background and the education at his versatile command to creating a streamlined, active, efficient civilian defense corps in Pennsylvania. I think General Mellon did a very marvelous job, and I am certain that when the gentleman from Westmoreland was discussing this civilian defense setup, he was neither directly nor indirectly critizing General Mellon or the setup he promulgated in Pennsylvania during the time he was in charge of civilian defense. I know that was the least of his thoughts, and I do want to make that clear so that there is no misunderstanding.

I would like to say this, Mr. President, that I know that both sides of the aisle share the concern of the gentleman from Westmoreland as to what type of setup the personnel, the activities and the salaries of the members of the civilina defense corps will be, because not only must we provide the money to pay for it but we must be responsible for its operation if ever it is called upon to deliver its maximum point of service, and I share with the gentleman from Westmoreland in his determination to see to it that when the civilian defense setup comes before the Senate for a fiscal discussion, that the question of the number of personnel, their classification, their salaries, their responsibilities, their duties and their ability to perform those duties will be very carefully screened by the Senate, so that when we adjourn sine die we can feel confident that we have given the people of Pennsylvania the paramount protection at the least expense. I know that that is what both sides of the aisle are looking for, and I know that that is the thing that they will get, but I want to repeat, Mr. President, I do not want any misunderstanding, because I know that Senator Dent had no intention and had no desire to critize General Mellon, or the corps or the skeleton formation that he had created over there in the Civilian Defense Department, pending the passage of all this pending legislation and the adjudication of the various matters which will be placed in that particular bureau

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. LANE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I realize that all of us want to get out of here and get back home, but in view of the fact that these bills are going to be before us next week, I believe that I am in a position to talk a little bit about civilian defense because it so happens that I am a member of the steering committee in our county.

Mr. President, I read in the paper last night where the new directors had contemplated scrapping what has been built up and starting all over again. Now, Mr. President and Members of the Senate, under the original setup, under Colonel Mellon, the President Judge of each county was the civilian defense co-ordinator, and he in turn, if he could not hold the position would delegate that power to someone else.

It so happens that back in our county the Board of Commissioners have taken that responsibility, and we operate on a strictly nonpartisan basis. There is a tremendous amount of work involved. Our chief deputy coordinator is a retired army officer—incidentally, a Republican, but that certainly is beside the point because we are trying to do a good job there, and I say that if things go on as predicted in the newspapers, you are going to cause plenty of chaos and confusion in the various counties of the Commonwealth.

Mr. President, I know that Greene County is organized under the original setup, I know that Fayette County is organized under the origanal setup, I know that Cambria County is organized under the original setup, I know that Allegheny County is organized under the original setup, and we Members of the Senate cannot sit back and permit any individual or any group of individuals to tear down what we have already built up.

As you understand, civilian defense has been in operation for approximately two months and all we are waiting for is legislation to give us the legal right to act, and so the passage of these bills will do nothing more than confer authority upon the various units that are now in operation in the counties of the Commonwealth. Senator Dent is entirely right when he says that they are trying to make a pork barrel out of this thing, and I believe that all of us have an equal responsibility and it is our job to see that does not happen.

Mr. President, I have read some preliminary provisions in House Bill No. 2 which in my opinion are very obnoxious, and we cannot permit them to be enacted into law, and I suggest that each and every Member of the Senate take these bills home over the weekend and go over them with a miscroscope because we have to do a good job on this.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. MALLERY asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I do not want to take up the time of the Senate either, but the fact is that our Country is engaged in war, although war has not actually been declared, and I have thought for quite some time that too many people do not realize the precarious condition which our Country is in. Before coming to this Session of the Legislature I had fully made up my mind, and since being here I have not changed one iota in my thought that we should do what is imperative at this session and get back home.

Mr. President, this matter of civilian defense so far as I know back home is going to be done gratuitously, and there seems to me no reason why—I do not know what expense is contemplated in the bills because I have not had the opportunity to read them, but I feel certain that in this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania there will be many people who will be glad to contribute whatever they can do.

Mr. President, I agree and I hope that all the Members of the Senate are going to make this as economical a Session as is possible.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. BARR asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I agree wholeheartedly with what Senator Mallery said, but we are making a terrific start. If we are going to do this at a very reasonable cost, we are establishing a very bad precedent.

As we all know, most of the work that is done has been done gratuitously throughout the state. Colonel Mellon did the job gratuitously here in Harrisburg and he did a splendid job. Now he has stepped out and is heading now the military end of civilian defense. I am fearful that this boon-doggling will creep into the various counties. I think the mistake has been made right in the Governor's office. I am of the definite opinion that someone could handle this job the same as Mellon did without pay, the same as is being done in our county without pay. The steel corporation has loaned us Mr. Ross Loeffler, who handled it through the last World War and is handling it through this time of peril. I am very sure that within the environs of Harrisburg there are many corporations that would be very happy to loan one of their men as the leader of the state office of civilian defense.

Mr. President, here we stand this morning before we have passed these bills and see twenty-seven thousand dollars being spent already through assistants who I do not think are at all necessary.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate that we are only putting the bills over in order. When we really get the bills upon the Calendar to pass them, the discussion is going to be very interesting.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties" by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427) entitled "An act to Consolidate Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings" by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 151, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the

collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty, building or real estate.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 200, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the City of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 21, 1951.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 21, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Nevada E. Anglin, Duquesne.
Miss D. E. Davis, Neville Twp., Pittsburgh (25).
B. Eichenser, Pittsburgh, 1014 Grant Bldg.
Miss Jane Lampe, Greentree.
William T. Maybury, Robinson Twp., McKees Rocks.
Victor W. Scott, Harrison Twp., Natrona.
Miss Mary Shiry, Pittsburgh, 511 Cabot Way.

ELK COUNTY

Robert E. Burden, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

L. M. Kowalski, Corry.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Alfred L. Porter, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

William J. Thomas, Punxsutawney.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

J. W. Balentine, New Castle.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Miriam J. Davis, Allentown.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Irma DePascale, Hickory Twp., Sharon.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John Di Cio, Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Miss Anna Boganreif, Sunbury.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Julius W. Fisher, 7609 Malvern Ave.
Howard A. McGee, 161 W. Chelten Ave.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Gretchen Dreistadt, Jeannette.

YORK COUNTY

Clyde E. Reever, West Manchester Twp., York.
Charles R. Sechrist, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

LANCASTER COUNTY

Joseph M. Garber, Elizabethtown, 2-24-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Ruggiero, Roseto, 2-24-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

G. W. Geier, Economy Twp., Ambridge, 2-26-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Wilbur L. King, Bethlehem, 2-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. M. Sharah, Braddock, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Jane M. Simons, 1411 Walnut St., 3-6-51.
John Stewart, N. W. Cor. 20th & Passyunk Ave., 3-6-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Anna B. Dodson, Wilkinsburg, 3-7-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

W. S. Cameron, Aliquippa, 3-7-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Winifred Reid Walker, Oil City, 3-7-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

John Gieg, Altoona, 3-8-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Harry H. Kaehne, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

A. T. Spence, Clairton, 3-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Joseph B. Homish, Aliquippa, 3-9-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Goldie I. Noon, Johnstown, 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

H. W. Jewell, Corry, 3-9-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Veronica M. Coyle, Allentown, 3-9-51.
Miss Dorothy M. T. Rieker, Allentown, 3-9-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Robert Challis, Jr., Wilkes-Barre, 3-9-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John E. Leibfried, Bethlehem, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Morris Bobman, 1315 Walnut St., 3-9-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

Miss Marguerite R. Baldwin, Tioga, 3-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth E. Heath, McKeesport, 3-10-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Marlyn R. Fetterlof, Johnstown, 3-10-51.
Louis A. Partsch, Johnstown, 3-10-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

B. D. Embich, Lebanon, 3-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

E. Achtermann, 316 W. Olney Ave., 3-10-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Verna F. Musser, Lancaster, 3-11-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Florence P. Stroud, Swissvale, 3-12-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Chas. Theo. Smith, Patterson Twp., Beaver Falls, 3-13-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Sheridan Kaufman, Montoursville, 3-13-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jas. J. Dodd, 2061 E. Clearfield St., 3-15-51.
James P. Dougherty, 215 City Hall, 3-15-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Russel J. Blair, Perry Twp., Perryopolis, 3-16-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

George P. Umbach, Johnstown, 3-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Anton C. Lampel, 3562 N. Broad St., 3-17-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Gentile, Washington, 3-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

T. E. Harvey, Jr., Fidelity Mutual Life, Ins. Co., Parkway at Fairmount Ave., 3-19-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Mary Luther, Ebensburg, 3-19-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Michael Nevant, Farrell, 3-20-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Alvin E. Goodman, 1615 W. Susquehanna Ave., 3-20-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Robert B. Greer, Jr., Butler, 3-21-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Charles A. Cocklin, Harrisburg, 3-21-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Hazel E. Ash, Clarks Summit, 3-21-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Guth, Allentown, 3-21-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

N. R. Jones, Nanticoke, 3-21-51.
Miss Mary C. Mullen, Wilkes-Barre, 3-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Angelo Guerra, 2958 N. 22nd St., 3-21-51.
Mrs. Anne Litz, 1724 N. Broad St., 3-21-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Thomas Milie, Vandergrift, 3-21-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Holland,	Meade,	Toole,
Barrett,	Kephart,	Neff,	Wade,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,

Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Freed,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 21, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRICAL EXAMINERS

Dr. Jerry F. Neill, Melrose Court Apartments, Melrose Park, Montgomery County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Ralph Morgan, Bent and Church Roads, Wyncote, Montgomery County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

HOUSE MESSAGES

SENATE BILL No. 4 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bill as amended will appear on Monday's Calendar.

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bill of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "The Game Law," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock P. M.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, February 26, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:34 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, February 26, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, February 21, 1951

The House met at 10:00 a. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Rev. Charles F. Trunk, Jr., Pastor of Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Father in Heaven, Thou dost know the pressures of public service and the weight of elected duties. May Thy yoke help these sincere servants to carry the burden that is theirs.

Wilt Thou lobby for righteousness on both sides of the House and on every question. Make Thy presence felt so that no one can forget Thee or ignore Thee; for in Thee do we trust and Thy strength is made perfect in our weakness. Amen.

JOURNALS APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, February 20, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, February 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, February 26, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Illness often strikes insidiously and without warning. It not only prostrates its victim, but brings anguish and inconvenience to the victim's loved ones and friends.

This General Assembly is shocked to learn of the unfortunate physical condition of the First Lady of Pennsylvania, Mrs. John S. Fine, and the immediate necessity for exploratory and corrective operations to ameliorate her distress.

This General Assembly is aware of the increased burden of anxiety that the present illness of Mrs. Fine has imposed upon the Governor during the period of inevitable tension that attends the opening days of a legislative session; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly is deeply sympathetic with Mrs. Fine in her current illness and extends to her and the Governor its solicitious concern and prayerful wishes for a speedy recovery, an uneventful convalescence, and a rapid restoration to her home and circle of friends; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to Governor and Mrs. Fine.

SENATE MESSAGE

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Governor of this Commonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits, flowers, messages, gifts, and other acts of solicitude; and kindness; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the Governor be further requested to proclaim March 30th every year as a fitting occasion for the people of Pennsylvania to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and the disabled throughout the State; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Earl Rutter, Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, the founder of "SHUT-IN'S DAY."

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. BROWN and READINGER.

HOUSE BILL No. 382.

An Act to further amend section eleven of the act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 644) entitled "An act relating to and regulating the solicitation of moneys and property for charitable, religious, benevolent, humane and patriotic purposes" by exempting young men's and young women's Christian associations.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 383.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Justice, for the payment of certain moral claims against the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 384.

An Act to amend Section 625 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by increasing the penalty for discharging flobert rifles, air guns, spring guns and sling shots; providing a penalty for the sale or delivery of such implements to certain persons; and providing for the disposition of fines in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 385.

An Act to provide fire prevention and safety measures for persons in buildings maintained as part of State institutions, requiring certain construction, equipment, and maintenance and ways of egress; and in existing buildings certain alterations and installations.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SEYLER and Mrs. MUNLEY.

HOUSE BILL No. 386.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 114), entitled "An act regulating the time of payment of wages and earnings, and providing a penalty for violation hereof," by providing that wages and earnings be paid weekly.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. MAZZA HOUSE BILL No. 387.

An Act to further amend section two hundred twenty-two of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools. or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by further prescribing a minimum week for State employes; and providing for the payment of such employes time and one-half for all overtime work.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. WESTRICK, LOPRESTI and ROVANSEK. HOUSE BILL No. 388.

An Act making an appropriation to the Cresson Volunteer Fire Company for the protection of State property.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 389.

An Act requiring Departmental Administrative Boards in the Department of Public Instruction to obtain photographs and finger prints of all persons making application for the issuance or renewal of licenses or registrations to practice a profession within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 390.

An Act requiring all buildings under construction which are to be three stories or more to be equipped with an elevator for the use of building construction workmen and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. McKINNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 391.

An Act to amend Section 6 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 202), entitled "An act providing for the licensing and regulation of motor boats operated or navigated upon any public stream, artificial or natural body of water, or non-tidal waters of any river within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain police officers and the Board of Fish Commissioners, including the enforcement of certain existing laws; and prescribing penalties," by providing for the issuance of free license plates for rescue motor boats operated by political subdivisions.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. McKINNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 392.

An Act to further amend section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 944), entitled "An act relating to salaries, compensation, bonds, offices, and supplies of certain county officers, their deputies and clerks, in counties of the sixth class," by increasing the annual salary of register of wills.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. GUARNIERI. HOUSE BILL No. 393.

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to paydamages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing employer's rights of subrogation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. McKINNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 394.

An Act to further amend Section 20, of the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 900) entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all birts and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requirign prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health; and, in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of birts, marriages, deaths and diseases, of practioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses, and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages, and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act, entitled 'An act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties,' approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five, and providing penalties for violations of this act," by providing that registrars shall receive a minimum of one hundred dollars a year.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. PETROSKY, McNALLY and YESTER. HOUSE BILL No. 395.

An Act to amend the title and act approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousnad nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1154), entitled "An act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers, wholesale and retail dealers, and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining-rooms, and boarding houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter: to regulate the manufacture, sale and advertising of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture, sale and advertising as an imitation butter; to prescribe penalties; and punishment for violation of this act and the means and method of procedure for its enforcement; to regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure; and to

prescribe certain powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture," by eliminating the licensing provisions and the prohibition against the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products colored in imitation of yellow butter.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Messrs. TOLL, LEVEN and GUARNIERI.

HOUSE BILL No. 396.

An Act authorizing Juries to render a verdict in civil cases where two-thirds of the members thereof concur.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. HAUDENSHIELD and YEAKEL.

HOUSE BILL No. 397.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the purpose of preparing and publishing certain reports on important topics of Pennsylvania history.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 398.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care, maintenance, and relief of aged, retired and disabled employes of the bureau of fire in cities of the second class; creating a board for the management thereof; providing the mode and manner of payment to beneficiaries, and for the care and disposition of its funds; and providing for the transfer and payment of all moneys and securities in existing funds in similar boards superseded by the fund and board herein created. "by changing the compensation of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Board and changing the amounts of contributions by members to the fund, changing the amounts of payments to beneficiaries, and changing the eligibility requirements for pensions.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 399.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1184), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first and second class and second class A and incorporated towns to make appropriations to organizations of ex-service men to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day and Armistice Day," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States, Incorporated, among the veterans' organizations to which certain appropriations may be made.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 400.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 722 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, streetcars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal clamis; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courst and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon the owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by exempting certain vehicles owned by and used exclusively by the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated, from the payment of registration fees.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 401.

An Act to further amend Clause 34 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), enttiled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated among the veterans' organizations for which certain appropriations may be made.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 402.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 426), entitled "An act to authorize certain persons to take affidavits and acknowledgments in connection with the administration of the affaris of veterans and their dependents; making certain offenses punishable as perjury; and imposing penalties," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated within provisions of act.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 403.

An Act to further amend clause XLII of Section 1202 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated among the veterans' organizations for which certain appropriations may be made.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 404.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three, (P. L. 134), entitled "An act making the proceedings of the conventions of the Departments of Pennsylvania of the Grand Army of the Republic and the United Spanish War Veterans a part of the public records of the State; and providing for their publication and distribution," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated, among the veterans' organizations entitled to the printing of convention reports.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 405.

An Act to further amend Section 10 of the act, approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 326), entitled "An act relating to counties of the first class; defining deceased service persons; providing for contributions by the county to the funeral expenses for such persons and their widows; providing for the erection and care of markers, headstone, and flags, and for the compilation of war records," by authorizing the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States, Incorporated, to collect certai ndata relative to location of burial places of deceased service persons.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY.

HOUSE BILL No. 406.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by prohibiting the unauthorized wearing of insignia of the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States, Incorporated; including such organization among those whose members may wear military uniforms for certain purposes and making certain corrections.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Messrs. MILLS and MAXWELL.

HOUSE BILL No. 407

An Act to amend Clause (1) of subsection (a) of Section 202 of the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townhips of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by including church parsonages within the exempt classes of property.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. MILLS and MAXWELL.

HOUSE BILL No. 408.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight, section one of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, giving citizens eighteen years of age the right to vote.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 409.

An Act to further amend and supplement the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by providing for modification of the manner in which employer contribution rates are determined.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mrs. MONROE, Mrs. VARALLO and Mrs. COYLE. HOUSE BILL No. 410.

A Supplement to the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1154), entitled "An act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers, wholesale and retail dealers, and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining-rooms, and boarding-houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter; to regulate the manufacture, sale and advertising of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products, not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture, sale and advertising as an imitation butter; to prescribe penalties; and punishment for violation of this act and the means and method of procedure for its enforcement; to regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure; and to prescribe certain powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture," by authorizing the sale of colored oleomargarine at retail.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. SCANLON. HOUSE BILL No. 411.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of the Auditor General for the payment of certain moral claims, providing for the hearing, adjustment and payment of moral claims to persons formerly employed by mercantile appraisers and whose salaries have not been paid.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOODLING. HOUSE BILL No. 412.

An Act to amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators therefo, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officer, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners, of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissbile as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties, providing ofr the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further regulating the establishment of off the highway loading zones for school buses by school districts with the approval of the Pennsylvania State Police.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 413.

An Act regulating the payment of wages or compensation for labor or service in certain private employments; establishing regular pay days; imposing certain duties upon employes; conferring powers and duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; imposing additional powers and duties on the Secretary of the Department of Labor and Industry for the civil collection of wages; imposing civil and criminal penalties for violations; and providing for their collection and disposition, and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 414.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1168), entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to allow members of the police departments twenty-four consecutive hours of rest each week, except in emergency cases," by providing for a forty hour week with certain exceptions.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. AMARANDO. HOUSE BILL No. 415.

An Act fixing the maximum hours of employment for members of the fire and police departments and uniformed officers and men employed as park guards in cities of the first class, except in emergency cases.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 416.

An Act to add Clause (m) to Section 108 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry, the Workmen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues; establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," by including certain lung diseases within meaning of term "occupational disease."

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. AMARANDO and DOUGHERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 417.

An Act to further amend Section 431 and Subsection (c) of Section 439 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by including the Italian-American World War Veterans of the United States Incorporated among the veterans' organizations for which certain appropriations may be made, and authorizing said organization to collect certain data relative to location of burial places of deceased service persons.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. BLOOM. HOUSE BILL No. 418.

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boy and girl clubs.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Messrs. BLOOM and LEONARD. HOUSE BILL No. 419.

An Act to add Section 452 to the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending, and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing counties of the third class to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boys and girls clubs.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. ROSE and SCANLON. HOUSE BILL No. 420.

An Act fixing the maximum hours of employment for members of the fire and police departments and uniformed officers and men employed as park guards in cities of the first class, except in emergency cases.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. CLAPPER and CLENDENING. HOUSE BILL No. 421.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-seven of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consoldiating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for compensation of employes for additional service.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ZIEGLER. HOUSE BILL No. 422.

An Act making an appropriation to the City of Harrisburg for the purpose of compensating the police of said city for police protection afforded in connection with activities of the Commonwealth and the property of the Commonwealth in the Capitol City and directing payment of such moneys into the Harrisburg Police Pension Fund.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ZIEGLER. HOUSE BILL No. 423.

An Act establishing the liability of owners of dogs which attach and injure any person.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. CLAPPER and ZIEGLER. HOUSE BILL No. 424.

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858) entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof, establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments the therefrom and providing for

the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds, imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process and providing penalties," increasing the retirement allowance of certain retired members.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 52.

An Act to amend Section 24 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1440), entitled "An act concerning notaries public and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting stockholders of banks, banking institutions and trust companies to act as notary public for such banks, institutions and companies; and validating prior acts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 94.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 96.

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth the authority to convey.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 111.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 112

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County, and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON and
Mrs. VARALLO. (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 8

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

An important shrine in historic Philadelphia is the at 239 Arch Street where Betsy Ross made the first American flag. Responsive to the request of a committee, including General Washington in its personnel, Betsy Ross fashioned a number of flags of stars and stripes to be carried by the various regiments and the fleet in the Delaware.

On June 14, 1777, ten years before the official birth of the Nation, the flag of stars and stripes was adopted by the Continental Congress. The subsequent story of the flag is a dramatic chapter in history since it has been flown everywhere on the earth to inspire Americans during times of war and peace.

The 200th anniversary of the birth of Betsy Ross, through whose hands our first flag passed to assume its majestic role as a symbol of American liberty and independence, will be celebrated in 1952. Betsy Ross is a name which has become indissolubly linked with the early days of the struggling Republic and has become recognized everywhere as that of the Mother of the Flag; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania hereby memorializes the Congress of the United States to authorize the issuance of a Postage Stamp to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the birth of Betsy Ross, the maker of the first American flag; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives forward certified copies of this resolution and of its adoption to the President of the United States, the Presiding Officers of both Houses of Congress, and to each Senator and Member in Congress from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mrs. MARKLEY. RESOLUTION No. 9.

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

The potato needs no apologist. Its niche in the American dietary scheme is at once secure and exalted. For, in the countless and enticing ways in which the culinary art has embellished the lowly potato, it has won an equally welcome place at the table of the poor and the banquet board of the wealthy.

It is a trite fallacy to censure the potato as the caloric evil responsible for the expanding girth of those who would eat well but not wisely.

The superfluous rolls of adipose tissue that embarrass the imprudent eater are the inescapable penalty of an over-indulgence in all things edible and should never be unfairly attributed to the potato.

When eaten with restraint and moderation, the potato becomes a stable and economic food whose beneficent influence on millions is to be more highly regarded than the occasional inconvenience incurred by the indiscretions of a few.

Although the price of the potato has been supported nationwide by Federal legislation, yet such a prop is really unnecessary in Pennsylvania where its plentiful production has been actually consumed and not diverted into devious and strange pathways of disposal.

Improved technology and increased acreage have turned the potato crop of Pennsylvania into a vast industry with a yearly turnover of $20,000,000.

To this important pool of nutrition Lehigh County has probably been the heaviest contributor among the potato raising areas in the Commonwealth and bids well to lead procession during the coming year; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House of Representatives expresses its recognition of the potato's utility, its appreciation of it as a real boon to mankind, and give its unqualified endorsement of Pennsylvania Potato Week and its encouragement to the potato's more extensive cultivation and consumption; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to transmit a copy of this resolution to P. D. Frantz, President of Lehigh County Potato Growers Association, R. D. 1, Coplay, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Messrs. AMARANDO, WILBUR H. HAMILTON, DAUGHERTY and CONWAY.

RESOLUTION No. 10.

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The motion picture, The Miracle, is reputed to contain scenes which profanely depict Biblical incidents that are held in reverent esteem by all Christian faiths; and

Whereas, The disrespectful and sacrilegious treatment of sacred events is offensive and abhorrent to all persons, irrespective of their creed or faith; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House of Representatives express its unequivocal disapproval of the motion picture, The Miracle, and urgently request that the Pennsylvania Board of Censors prohibit its showing anywhere in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. VARNER. RESOLUTION No. 11.

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

A group of eighteen students from Clarion County, all of them members of the classes of Mr. George Keener, brought honor and distinction to themselves, their teacher, their county and their State, during the 1951 Farm Show. These students won twenty-five prizes, two of them the highest awards in the particular class.

It is comforting to us who realize the importance of the Pennsylvania farmer to our way of life, to know that the future is secure. These young people have demonstrated their ability and their willingness not only to carry on the great heritage of their fathers, but also to add new contributions to the science of farming. Because of these young farmers, we are assured that the larders of our nation will know an abundance undreamed of by any other people. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives congratulate the young farmers of Clarion County on their success at the Farm Show, and extend our sincere hope that at the next Farm Show they will win even more awards, and be it further

Resolved, That we extend our congratulations and thanks to Mr. George Keener for the splendid job he has done in training these young farmers, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. George Keener.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of and to add Section 2802-A to the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the Historical Preservation Fund providing for the payment of certain moneys into it and making an appropriation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth certain land buildings and appurtenances

located in the Township of Manheim Lancaster County and certain personal property therein making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533) entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45 as follows:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by prohibiting certain acts relating to hunting trapping and the discharge of weapons in cemeteries and burial grounds

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Article VIII of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" is hereby amended by adding immediately following Section 808 thereof a new Section to read as follows

Section 808.1 Prohibiting Shooting Hunting Etc within Cemeteries and Buria Grounds It is unlawful at any time for any person except as hereinafter provided to hunt or trap or atempt to trap wild birds or wild animals of any kind or to shoot or discharge any firearm or other deadly weapon or to dress out wild game within that portion of any cemetery or burial ground actually in use as such

Any game protector or his authorized agent may capture kill or remove game or vermin from a cemetery when requested or authorized to do so by the authorities thereof and firearm may be discharged therein by or under the jurisdiction of any veterans organization as part of any memorial or honorary services

Any person who shall violate any o the provisions of this Section shall upon convictin be sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars for the first offense and twenty-five dollars for each subsequent offense and costs of prosecution

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Scott,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Smith,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Speaker
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Cooper, Hewitt,	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P L 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces of the United States or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposnig additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawel of candidates and the date of the primary election

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (w) of section 102 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 102. Definitions—The following words when used in this act shall have the following meanings unless otherwise clearly apparent from the context

* * * * *

(w) The term "qualified elector in actual military service" shall mean a qualified elector of this Commonwealth who is or may be in the military or naval service of the United States or any branch or unit thereof [or in the Merchant Marine of the United States or serving in the American Red Cross the Society of Friends the Women's Auxiliary Service Pilots the American Field Service or the United Service Organizations attached to and serving with the armed forces of the United States] and regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled in accordance with law

Section 2 Section 102 of said act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows

(x) The term "qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran" shall mean any qualified elector of this Commonwealth who may be unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence because of his being bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service

Section 3 Subsection (c) of section 305 of said act as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 305 Expenses of County Boards and of Primaries and Elections to be Paid by County Expenses of Special Elections Boards to be Provided with Offices

* * * * *

(c) The Commonwealth shall reimburse each city of the first class and county for [the actual] election expenses incurred in and incidental to preparing handling mailing delivering counting and storing official military ballots and veterans' official ballots as herein provided in [a] the sum [not to exceed] of forty cents (40c) for each ballot mailed or delivered

Each county board of elections shall file in the Department of State not later than thirty days after every election on a form prescribed by the Department of State a statement of the number of ballots mailed or delivered in such manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law to electors in actual military service and to bedridden or hospitalized veterans

The Department of State shall ascertain and fix the amount due as herein provided to each city of the first class and county for [actual] election expenses incurred and by requisition in the usual course shall provide for payment of such amounts so found due from moneys appropriated to the Department of State for such purpose or shall prorate the moneys so appropriated among the several cities of the first class and counties to be reimbursed if the amount so appropriated shall not be sufficient for the payment in full to each city of the first class and county of the amount found to be due

Section 4 Sections six hundred four nine hundred four and nine hundred five of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 604 [Fall] Summer Primary Officers to be Nominated There shall be a [Fall] Summer primary preceding each municipal election which shall be held on the [second] fourth Tuesday of [September] July in all odd-numbered years Candidates for all offices to be filled at the ensuing municipal election shall be nominated at the [Fall] Summer primary

Section 904 Municipal Clerks and Party Chairman to Furnish Information as to Offices to be Filled—To assist the respective county boards in ascertaining the offices to be filled it shall be the duty of the clerks or secretaries of the various cities boroughs towns townships school districts and poor districts with the advice of their respective solicitors on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the [Fall] Summer primary to send to the county boards of their respective counties a written notice setting forth all city borough town township school district and poor district offices to be filled in their respective subdivisions at the ensuing municipal election and for which candidates are to be nominated at the ensuing primary It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the State committee of each political party to forward to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and to the respective county boards on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary a written notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county or in any district within such county or of which it forms a part The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee if any who under the National party rules are to be

elected at the said primary in the State at large and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county or in any district or part of a district within such county It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the county committee and in cases where a city is coextensive with a county the chairman of the city committee of each party on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary to send to the county board of such county a written notice setting forth all party offices to be filled in the county at the ensuing primary

Section 905 Secretary of the Commonwealth to Notify County Board of Certain Nominations to Be Made—On or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding each primary the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county board of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein or in any district of which such county forms a part or in the State at large at the ensuing primary and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth including that of President of the United States and shall also in said notice set forth the number of presidential electors United States Senators Representatives in Congress and State officers including senators representatives and judges of courts of record to be elected at the succeeding November election by a vote of the electors of the State at large or by a vote of the electors of the county or of any district therein or of any district of which such county forms a part

Section 5 Section nine hundred six of said act as last amended by the acts approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) and the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 487) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 906 Publication of Notice of Officers to be Nominated and Elected—Beginning not earlier than [nine] eleven weeks nor later than [eight] ten weeks before any regular Spring or [Fall] Summer primary the county board of each county shall publish in newspapers as provided by section 106 of this act a notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of each party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at the said primary in said county or in any district of which said county or part thereof forms a part and also setting forth the names of all public offices for which nominations are to be made and the names of all party offices including that of members of the National committee if any and State committee for which candidates are to be elected at said primary in said county or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part or in the State at large Said notice shall contain the date of the primary and shall be published once each week for two successive weeks in counties of the first and second class and once in all other counties

Section 6 Section 908 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 908 Manner of signing nomination petitions Time of circulating Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled and shall declare therein that he is a registered and enrolled member of the party designated in such petition provided however that where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office Each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as and no more than he could vote for at the succeeding election He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county therein named and in case the nomination is not to be made or candidates are not to be elected by the electors of the state at large of the political district therein named in which the nomination is to be made or the election is to be held he shall add his occupation and residence giving city borough or township with street and number of any and shall also add the date of signing expressed in words or numbers provided however that if the said political district named in the petition lies wholly within any city borough or township or is coextensive with same it shall not be necessary for any signer of a nomination petition to state therein the city borough or township of his residence no nomination petition shall be circulated prior to [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such petition may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 7 Subsection (d) of section nine hundred thirteen of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 913 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Petitions Filing Fees—

* * * * *

(d) All nomination petitions shall be filed at least [fifty (50)] sixty-four (64) days prior to the primary

Section 8 Subsection (b) of section 953 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Papers

* * * * *

(b) No nomination paper shall be circulated prior to [thirty] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such paper may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears a date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 9 Subsection (c) of said section 953 and sections 978 and 978.1 of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Papers

* * * * *

(c) All nomination papers must be filed at least [twenty (20)] forty-four (44) days prior to the date of the primary election

Section 978 Withdrawal of Nominated Candidates—Any person who has been nominated by any political party or political body in accordance with the provisions of this act as a candidate for the office of presidential elector United States Senator Representative in Congress or for any State office including that of senator representative and judge of court of record may withdraw his name from nomination by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgment of deeds and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth Any person who has been similarly nominated as a candidate for any other office may withdraw his name from nomination by similar request filed with the county board of elections of the proper county Such written withdrawals shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or the county board of elections as the case may be at least [sixty-five (65)] days previous to the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] Such withdrawals to be effective must be received in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth not later than five (5) o'clock P. M. on the last day for filing same and in the office of any county board of elections not later than the ordinary closing hour of said office on the last day for filing same No name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot or ballot labels No candidate may withdraw any withdrawal notice already received and filed and thereby reinstate his nomination

Section 978.1 Vacancy in Party Nomination by Failure to Pay Filing Fee—Every person nominated at any primary election as the candidate of any political party for any office other than a borough town township school district or poor district office or the office of alderman justice of the peace or constable who has not paid the filing fee required by section nine hundred thirteen of this act as amended for the filing of a nomination petition for such office shall pay the amount of such fee to the Secretary of the Commonwealth or to the county board of elections

to the day of the general or municipal election [or at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] at which such candidate's name would appear on the ballot Failure to pay such fee within the time herein prescribed shall result in a vacancy in such party nomination Such vacancy shall be filled in the manner hereinafter provided for the filling of such vacancies happening by reason of the death or withdrawal of any candidate

Section 10 Subsection (a) of section nine hundred eighty-one of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1358) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 981 Time for Filing Substituted Nomination Certificates—(a) Substituted nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates nominated at primaries or by nomination papers shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or proper county board of elections as the case may be at least [fifty] fifty-five (55) days before the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty days before the day of the municipal election] Provided however That no substituted nomination certificate by a political body may be filed until after the primary election

Section 11 Said act is hereby amended by adding thereto immediately following Article XII two new articles XIII and XIII-A to read as follows

ARTICLE XIII

Voting By Persons In Actual Military Service

Section 1301 Qualified Electors in Actual Military Service—Any qualified elector in actual military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth regardless of whether at the time of voting he is present in the election district of his residence or is within or without this Commonwealth and regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302 Applications for Official Military Ballots—(a) Any qualified elector in actual military service may apply at any time before any election for an official military ballot on Form USWBC Form No 1 or any other form supplied by the Federal Government or by post card or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of election of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of entrance into actual military service length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident of voting district party choice in case of primary name rank or grade military address branch of service and serial number When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a military ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the military elector as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elecotr other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303 Official Military Ballots—(a) Ballots for use by such military electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Official Military Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such offices in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote and in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been regularly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304 Envelopes for Official Military Ballots—The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each official military ballot of such size and shape as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall be printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" and nothing else On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed with the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the official military ballot lists of candidates when authorized by Section 1303 of this act the uniform instructions in form and substance as prescribed by the Secretar yof the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305 Duties of County Boards—(a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail official military ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail official military ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses.

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list arranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom an official military ballot has been sent This posted list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization This list shall be known as the "Military File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such military files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissions

Section 1306 Voting by Electors in Actual Military Service—At any time after receiving an official military ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State of military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed stamped or endorsed "Official Military Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the person before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely

as the case may be at least sixty-five (65) days previous sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1307 Military Electors Voting in Districts of Residence—(a) Whenever any qualified elector in actual military service is present in his voting district of residence on any primary municipal or general election day and has not already voted in such election he may apply to his district election board for an official ballot and vote it in such election.

(b) Each such application shall be in the form and shall contain the information required by this act together with a statement by the application that he has not already voted in the election All such applications shall be transmitted to the county board of election immediately upon the closing of the polls.

(c) Upon receiving an official ballot and envelopes therefor he shall in secret in the polling place vote the ballot and prepare it for execution of the affidavit and jurat as prescribed by this act The affidavit shall be executed before the judge or either inspector of election and the jurat subscribed by the person before whom the affidavit is taken The military elector shall then securely seal the second envelope and hand it to the judge of election The judge of election shall place all such envelopes in a container marked "Official Military Ballots" which shall be sealed immediately upon the closing of the polls and transmitted to the county board of election

(d) Each district election board shall prepare a separate list of the names of all such voters which shall be attached to the lists of voters required by the act to which this is an amendment

(e) Each county board of election shall prepare and deliver to each district election board on such election days an adequate supply of official ballots envelopes and other supplies as required by this act

(f) Each county board of election before the day fixed by this act for the convassing of official ballots shall post attached to the "Military File" an alphabetically arranged list setting forth the name residence the local voting district and ward of every military elector voting under the provisions of this section The list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization Copies of such list may be furnished as in the case of copies of the military file

Section 1308 Canvassing of Official Military Ballots—(a) The county boards of election upon receipt of official military ballots in such envelopes shall safely keep the same until they meet to canvass official military ballots which canvass shall begin immediately following the official civilian canvass for all primary elections After the November election the canvass of official military ballots shall begin at ten o'clock A M Eastern Standard Time on the second Friday following the election No such ballots shall be counted which are received in their offices later than ten o'clock A. M. Eastern Standard Time of the second Friday following the primary election or the November election At such time the members of the return boards or the county boards of election shall in person dispose of official military ballots in the manner hereinafter set forth The county boards of election may designate a sufficient number of clerks to perform such duties When it is determined that clerks shall be appointed the total number shall in every case be in multiples of three and each member of a county board of election shall appoint an equal number thereof

(b) Each candidate for nomination or election shall be entitled to appoint one watcher and such political party or body which has nominated candidates shall be entitled to appoint three watchers Watchers shall be permitted to be present when the envelopes containing official military ballots are opened and when such ballots are counted and recorded

(c) In disposing of an official military ballot the county return board or the county board of election shall examine the affidavit and jurat and if the jurat bears a date later than the date of the election the envelope shall be set aside unopened

(d) The board shall then further examine the affidavit and jurat of each envelope not so set aside and shall compare the information thereon with that contained in the military file If the board is satisfied that the affidavit and jurat are sufficient and that the elector has qualified and the board has utilized the informatio ncontained in the military file to verify his right to vote, the board shall announced the name of the elector and shall give any person present an opportunity to challenge in like manner and for the same cause except failure to register or enroll as the elector could have been challenged had he presented himself in his own district to vote other than by official military ballot If no challenges are sustained the board shall open the envelope in such manner as not to destroy the affidavit and jurat printed thereon All envelopes on which are printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" shall be placed in one or more depositories at one time and said depository or depositories well shaken and the envelopes mixed before any envelope is taken therefrom The board shall then break th seals of such nveloeps remove the ballots and record the votes in the same manner as district election officers are required to record votes Upon completion of the computation of the returns of the county the votes cast upon the official military ballots shall be added to the other votes cast within the county

Section 1309 Public Records—All official military ballots military files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public records and shall be safely kept for a period of two years except that no information shall be made public which is expressly forbidden by the War Department because of military security

ARTICLE XIII-A

Voting By Bedridden Or Hospitalized Veterans

Section 1301-A Qualified Electors who are Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans—Any qualified elector who is bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth if he is unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302-A Applications for Veterans' Official Ballots—(a) Any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran may apply at any time before any election for a veterans' official ballot by post card letter or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of elections of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of becoming bedridden or hospitalized length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident in voting district party choice in case of primary name and address of present residence or hospital at which hospitalized When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a veterans' official ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the bedridden or hospitalized veteran as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elector other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303-A Veterans' Official Ballots (a) Ballots for use by such veteran electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Veterans' Official Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for

ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such office in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote in in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been reguarly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304-A Envelopes for Veterans' Official Ballots The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each veterans' official ballot of such size and shape as shell be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall b printed stamped or endorsed the words "Veterans' Official Ballot" and nothing lse On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed within the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of the electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the vetrans' official ballot lists of candidats when authorized by Section 1303-A of this act the uniform instructions in form and substances as prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305-A Duties of County Boards (a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail veterans' official ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail veterans' official ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list arranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom a veterans' official ballot has been sent This list shall be known as the "Veterans' File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such veterans' files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissoins

Section 1306-A Voting by Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans (a) At any time after receiving a veterans' official ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State or Military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in th envelop on which is printed stampd or endorsed "Veterans' Official Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the persno before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1308-A Canvassing of Veterans' Official Ballot The county boards of election shall canvass the vote from the veterans' official ballots in substantially the same manner as set forth in Section 1308 of this act for the canvassing of official military ballots

Section 1309-A Public Records All veterans' official ballots veterans' files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public recrods and shall be safely kept for a period of two years

Section 12 Article XIII of said act as added by the act approved the first day of August one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 672) which was temporarily repealed by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby repealed absolutely

All other acts or parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 13 Cities of the first class and counties are hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate the moneys necessary to carry out the provisions of this amendment

Section 14 The purpose of this amendment is to enable every qualified elector of this Commonwealth serving in the armed forces of the United States to vote whether or not such elector is absent on the designated election days from the election district in which he resides whether such person is within or without this Commonwealth or within or without the United States and to enable bedridden or hospitalized veterans to vote regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled as a qualified elector and this amendment shall be liberally construed to effectuate such purpose

Section 15 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Royer,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Sax,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,

Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Cooper,	Lafore,	Schuster,	Welsh,
Hewitt,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. WOOD asked and obtanied unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a resolution to be introduced by him.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Messrs. WOOD, BOORSE, FLACK, SWOPE and WHEELER offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 21, 1951.

John H. Fertig was born in Wayne Township, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, on January 19, 1882. He was during his life a teacher and a lawyer.

From 1912 until 1938, John Fertig was with the Legislative Reference Bureau, and was Director of the Bureau from 1930 until 1938. He served this Commonwealth also as a member of the State Employes' Retirement Board. From 1938 until his death, he was actively engaged in specialized legal practice. He was a member of the Dauphin County and the Schuylkill County Bar Associations, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, and the American Bar Association; a charter member of the American Law Institute and a member of the American Judicature Society. In 1938, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania appointed him a member of the Pennsylvania Procedural Rules Committee. In 1943, Governor Martin appointed him a member of the Board of Commissioners of Uniform State Laws.

This only partial statement of John Fertig's many active and honorable achievements recalls the high qualities of his citizenship and the devotion of his services to the community, the state and the nation. Yet there remains to remember that John Fertig was, for more than a quarter of a century, a legislative draftsman of incomparable scope, experience, and sagacity. Few have been the enactments of the General Assembly since 1912 that were not improved, if not written, out of the great wealth of legislative history that abided with him. The systems of drafting bills for the General Assembly, of printing amendatory laws, the arrangement and tables of Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes, Annotated, are instances of his great contribution to the forms of legislation; the Statutory Construction Act is only one of his innumerable contributions to the substance and principles of legislation. As counsel for the Local Government Commission of the General Assembly from its creation until his death, he devoted his talents and unsurpassed familiarity with statutory law to the solution of problems of local government in this Commonwealth with brilliant success. Active and successful in private practice, unselfishly devoted to the betterment of his profession and his fellow citizens, he nevertheless found time to complete many projects for the improvement of local government. His invaluable services to the Local Government Commission include the Borough Code, the First Class Township Code and many other laws. Until shortly before his death, he was engaged in the codification of the General County Law and the Third Class City Law.

John Fertig was a man of great services and accomplishments, beyond the scope of recitation here. He was also one who had the genius of friendship. Earnest, gifted, and happy, he was loved and respected by all who knew him. For all that he has achieved, he will be long remembered, and for all that he was, his passing is deeply mourned. Courageously, he made his life happy and distinguished despite the physical handicap which made him go on crutches from childhood.

This man, the teacher and lawyer, died in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, on February 21, 1950, to our great loss; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the House express their deep appreciation of John H. Fertig, and extend to his widow and family their personal sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to his widow, Edith Fertig.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add three additional sponsors to a resolution to be introduced by him.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, BOORSE, SWOPE and WHEELER offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 21, 1951.

Whereas, Edwin L. Kohler, city solicitor of the City of Allentown died at his desk in his own City on Tuesday, February 13th, 1951;

Whereas, Mr. Kohler was born in Allentown on January 4, 1901, and was graduated from Muhlenburg College in 1920 and studied law at the University of Pennsylvania from which he graduated in 1923;

Whereas, He was named assistant city solicitor of Allentown in 1934 and city solicitor on February 1st, 1947, which position he occupied until his death; and

Whereas, Mr. Kohler was closely associated with the Local Government Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in its work looking toward the revision of the Third Class City Law and was regular in his attendance at the meetings of the Commission and the subcommittee. His work was thorough and his advice most welcome and his absence from the work of the Commission will be greatly missed; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of this House fully realizing the loss occasioned to the Commission and to his family and friends and to the community in which he lived, ex-

tend their sincere sympathy to his wife and family; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to Mrs. Edwin L. Kohler, his widow.

RESOLUTION

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

Mr. HAUDENSHIELD offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 21, 1951.

The gathering clouds of threat to the vital life of our nation are not necessarily the forerunner to a coming storm of disaster. Periodically, our country has broken through the crests and the troughs of the unending waves of historic change that sweep over our cherished customs and traditions. But, invariably, a leader arises to channel and direct our energies into an acceptable solution. Such a dynamic equilibrium of disrupting forces and corrective factors has always marked the predestined permanence of this Republic. Happily, during the period of fusion of the struggling and groping colonies, Washington's military genius and state craft became our beneficent endowment. His profound influence upon the initial phase of our country's development can never be adequately extolled, nor can it cease to inspire hsi successors in leadership to cope heroically with what may appear to them to be insuperable problems.

True, the atomic era has brought stupendous difficulties that may well try the ingenuity of our scientific and military personnel, but it should never be forgotten that the limited resources of Washington's time were taxed in a proportionately hopeless manner. Yet the retrospect of the years is convincing evidence that the destiny of America as fashioned by Washington shall be fulfilled, if his qualities of courage and sagacity will be emulated; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives shall interrupt its proceedings to express its gratitude to the founder of our country on the occasion of the two hundred and nineteenth anniversary of his birth, and its respectful deference to his record of unparalleled achievement that reaches most significantly through the interim of years to our present, world-entangled difficulties.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL No. 425.

An Act to further amend clause (17) of subdivision (4) of subdivision (1) of section four of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" including services of industrial insurance agents within the definition of employment.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 426.

An Act to amend Section 27 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number, qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by providing an annual salary for the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 427.

An Act to further amend clause (c) of section nine of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by changing eligibility requirements for blind persons.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 428.

An Act to further amend sections two, five and nine of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by changing the definition of "General Assistance," terms of county board members, and eligibility requirements for the aged and other persons.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 429.

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1168) entitled "An act to protect the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively creating the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board officers of the State government and courts providing for the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively declaring certain labor practices by employers

to be unfair further providing that representatives of a majority of the employes be the exclusive representatives of all the employes authorizing the board to conduct hearings and elections and certify as to representatives of employes for purposes of collective bargaining empowering the board to prevent any person from engaging in any unfair labor practice and providing a procedure for such cases including the issuance of a complaint the conducting of a hearing and the making of an order empowering the board to petition a court of common pleas for the enforcement of its order and providing a procedure for such cases providing for the review of an order of the board by a court of common pleas on petition of any person aggrieved by such order and establishing a procedure for such cases providing for an appeal from the common pleas court to the Supreme Court providing the board with investigatory powers including the power to issue subpoenas and the compelling of obedience to them through application to the proper court providing for service of papers and process of the board prescribing certain penalties" by further defining declaring and limiting unfair labor practices by employers and employes making further provision for designation and selection of representatives for the purpose of collective bargaining changing the practice before the Labor Relations Board and limiting its powers in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 430.

An Act to further amend subsection (c) of section three of the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1168) entitled "An act to protect the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively creating the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board officers of the State government and courts providing for the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively declaring certain labor practices by employers to be unfair further providing that representatives of a majority of the employes to be the exclusive representatives of all the employes authorizing the board to conduct hearings and elections and certify as to representatives of employes for purposes of collective bargaining empowering the board to prevent any person from engaging in any unfair labor practice and providing a procedure for such cases including the issuance of a complaint the conducting of a hearing and the making of an order empowering the board to petition a court of common pleas for the enforcement of its order and providing procedure for such cases providing for the review of an order of the board by a court of common pleas in petition of any person aggrieved by such order and establishing a procedure for such cases providing for an appeal from the common pleas court to the Supreme Court providing the board with investigatory powers including the power to issue subpoenas and the compelling of obedience to them through application to the proper court providing for service of papers and process of the board prescribing certain penalties" by further defining employer.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. DOWLING and ZIEGLER.
HOUSE BILL No. 431.

An Act to further amend section 1 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws 299), entitled "An act requiring retail dealers in liquid fuels to state the rate of the liquid fuels tax, separately from the price of such liquid fuels, on liquid fuel price display signs; and imposing a penalty," by requiring Federal taxes on liquid fuels to be separately stated and further regulating the manner in which liquid fuels taxes shall be displayed on signs.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 67

An Act proposing an amendment to article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section abolishing county offices in Philadelphia and providing for the performance of county functions by the city of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, if we are to have a succession of light Wednesday calendars and light Houses I would like to discuss with the Majority Leader the feasibility of arranging a Wednesday unanimous consent calendar. Such an arrangement would enable all of the Members except just a few who wanted to go home, to go home. Now a great many of the Members do go home; some faithful souls stay. We do not have a majority vote on the other side, so it is necessary to proceed upon the basis of a unanimous consent calendar and I am wondering whether it would not be in line to face the facts and say that on Wednesdays we will have a unanimous consent calendar and that the Members of the House who desire to attend to their other business be permitted to do so.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I would only be too glad to sit down and at least discuss the matter with the gentleman from Cambria at his convenience.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the gentleman, Mr. Speaker.

WEATHER REPORTS

The SPEAKER. For the information of the Members, through the courtesy of the Department of Highways weather reports will be submitted at the end of each legislative week. The Chair will read a report of the weather conditions existing at the present time through the courtesy of the Department of Highways.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Department of Highways, February 21, 1951.

Rain and low cloud formations are general throughout Pennsylvania with daylight temperatures to be well above freezing.

The rain is forecast to end before the arrival of slightly below freezing weather in the western part of the State during the early night.

Tonight's low temperatures in the west about 30 degrees —in the east about 35 degrees.

Although highways are wet, neither ice nor snow is expected to be encountered.

QUESTION OF INFORMATION

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I raise to a question of information.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I was wondering if the Speaker would like to have a sponsor for the weather reports. We might make a paying proposition for both the Speaker and the Department of Highways, and we could also include an announcement in the House.

The SPEAKER. The Speaker has the greatest admiration for the sponsor of the weather.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, a number of the Members of the House have asked me what will be the program next Wednesday in view of the fact that a considerable number of the Members are going to Philadelphia Tuesday evening. There is some affair as I understand in Philadelphia Tuesday evening and a great many of the Members never having had the priviledge of riding on a special train, will they go? Will there be a session on Wednesday and will we start on that occasion our unanimous consent calendar, and will it be necessary for the Members to go to the party and recover if they can and appear upon the scene here in the hall of the House?

The SPEAKER. The Chair understands that the tickets will be round trip tockets. The Chair is in hope that the previous suggestion of the Minority Leader, accepted by the Majority Leader, that the matter of Wednesday session be discussed, take place before the caucus of both the majority and minority on Monday so that the suggestion might be followed.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. GLEASON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, February 26, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:43 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1951. No. 14.

SENATE

MONDAY, February 26, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. ALFRED L. TAXIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, our Father, Thou art the Lord of heaven and earth and we acknowledge Thee. Thou knowest the difficulties these men face, Thou knowest the grave decisions they must make. Have mercy upon them for Jesus' sake. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. SCARLETT, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. Walker asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. KEPHART, on account of illness.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

BILL SIGNED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair invites the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. Wade, to the rostrum to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (George N. Wade) in the Chair.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 2, PRINTER'S No. 1

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor' Office, Harrisburg, February 23, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 2, Printer's No. 1, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the General Assembly for the payment of expenses of its Inaugural Committee."

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on February 26, 1951.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Laura Broge, Shaler Twp., Glenshaw.
N. B. Browne, McKeesport.
Joseph Foreman, Pittsburgh, 4521 Stanton Ave.
Henry G. Gallina, Bridgeville.
Mrs. Nellie A. Gasnier, Pittsburgh, 103 Frick Bldg.
Clarence E. Hall, Penn Twp., Pittsburgh (21).

BEAVER COUNTY

Lewis E. Chapman, Monaca.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Lucy M. DeSantis, Muhlenberg Twp., Temple.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Betty Terrill, Conneautville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Luther R. Kraber, East Pennsboro Twp., Enola.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Goodwin Carver, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

H. Robert Fischer, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Harold Burr Stevens, Dunbar Twp., Connellsville.
Mrs. Ann L. Weaver, Brownsville.

INDIANA COUNTY

James L. Foreman, Indiana.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Nola A. Arnold, Allentown.
Miss Regina A. Fuchs, Allentown.
M. M. Wiener, Allentown.
John Yellen, Whitehall Twp., Stiles.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Gertrude M. Hanlon, Hazleton.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Robert E. German, Loyalsock Twp., Williamsport.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Irene K. Annis, Sunbury.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. Richter, 4308 N. Broad St.
Miss Florence E. Ruth, 1429 Walnut St.
William T. Schaul, 3307 Englewood St.
Miss Janet Wark, 1101 Lewis Tower Bldg.
Alec Washco Jr., 2320 S. 22nd St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Erma Koehler, Washington.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Bertha B. Underwood, Doylestown, 2-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Emma R. Matta, Braddock, 3-3-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Wagner, Chester, 3-3-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Ewing W. Honsaker, Menallen Twp., New Salem, 3-3-51.

PHILALELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen R. Bardsley, 16 S. Broad St., 3-3-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hamilton, Canonsburg, 3-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Leon Rudzki, Pittsburgh, 848 Herron Ave., 3-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Katherine A. O'Neill, 912 Christian St., 3-5-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph P. Kurcina, Pittsburgh, 1128 Goettman St., 3-6-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Charles W. Miller, Doylestown, 3-7-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Mary E. Peffer, Bethlehem, 3-7-51.

PERRY COUNTY

Charles F. D'Olier, Newport, 3-7-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

O. H. Locke, Monaca, 3-8-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Frank M. Walling, Meadville, 3-9-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

George S. Miller, New Castle, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harry Cohen, 42 S. 15th St., 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Leila M. Cozadd, Erie, 3-10-51.
Henry J. Ostrowski, Erie, 3-10-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Ruth Daniels, Wilkes-Barre, 3-10-51.

TIOGA COUNTY

Robt. B. Bailey, Wellsboro, 3-10-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Clifford N. Bauer, Pittsburgh, 860 Spring Garden Ave., 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Clarence E. Wolfinger, Lit Brothers, 8th & Market Sts., 3-15-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John E. Marks, Clairton, 3-17-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Francis J. Byers, Bristol, 3-21-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Lillian F. Vogel, 916 Walnut St., 3-21-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Harry L. Horton, Greentree, 3-22-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Samuel S. Haring, Rutledge, 3-24-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

F. L. Shaffer, Cambridge Springs, 3-26-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Anna E. Danko, George Twp., Smithfield, 3-26-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Howard G Mesing, Pittsburgh, Pgh. & L. E. R. R. Bldg.
J. C. Torbitt, Pittsburgh, 211 Union Bus Terminal.
Mrs. Irene Vasko, Braddock.
David O. Whitlinger, Etna.

BEAVER COUNTY

Wilson J. Samuels, Beaver Falls.
Ellsworth J. Zitzman, Rochester Twp., New Brighton.

BLAIR COUNTY

Herbert F. Cooper, Altoona.

CLINTON COUNTY

R. E. Rockey, Lock Haven.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Margaret R. Jones, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Melvin Feinberg, Chester.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Sarah Daellenbach, Wayne Twp., Ellwood City.
George D. Reid, New Castle.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Frank J. Bonin, Hazleton.
Clifford Petrey, Pringle.

McKEAN COUNTY

R. J. Hetznecker, Kane.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Mae E. Rowe, 1011 Arch St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Harry R. Cheney, Donora.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

BEAVER COUNTY

Mrs. Olive Mae Porter, Midland, 3-2-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Ralph W. Youkers, Knox, 3-2-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Pauline Florik, Rochester, 3-3-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. Williams, Reading, 3-3-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

William Pow, Pittsburgh, 4304 Butler St., 3-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anna S. Coxson, 4919 Penn St., 3-7-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Grace U. Sanders, Myerstown, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. W. Spilker, Pittsburgh, 411 Seventh Ave., 3-9-51.
W. L. Zimmer, Pittsburgh, 945 Liberty Ave., 3-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Paul M. Henderson, Aliquippa, 3-9-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Martin Leonhardt, New Castle, 3-9-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

L. J. McCarthy, Kingston, 3-9-51.

YORK COUNTY

L. Norman Zarfos, Red Lion, 3-9-51.
Mrs. Myrtus E. Mickley Olp, York, 3-10-51.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. June McCollough, Clarion, 3-11-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Ross L. Milliman, Pittsburgh, 450 Fourth Ave., 3-12-51.

ERIE COUNTY

R. C. Bloomstine, Erie, 3-12-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Gibbons, Scranton, 3-12-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Theresa Casey, Pittston, 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. O'Drain Bradley, 1011 Chestnut St., 3-12-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Daniel M. Dempster, Jenkintown, 3-16-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. M. Eleanor Muthler, Lock Haven, 3-17-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Paul A. Troutman, Upper Paxton Twp., Millersburg, 3-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Hyman Jaffe, 1955 N. 19th St., 3-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Waldo P. Breeden, Pittsburgh, 604-A Law & Finance Bldg., 3-19-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Rosalie S. Ward, New Castle, 3-19-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Deano Campoli, Elizabeth Twp., Blythedale, 3-22-51.
W. F. Naylor, Jr., Pittsburgh, 1815 Brownsville Rd., 3-22-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Clarence F. Filer, Mercersburg, 3-22-51.

GREENE COUNTY

R. S. Kiger, Waynesburg, 3-22-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Harry N. Popky, Wilkes-Barre, 3-22-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Esther S. Peters, Northampton, 3-22-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Edith J. Kaplan, 5860 Rodman St., 3-22-51.
Louis Krensel, Lit Brothers, 8th & Market Sts., 3-22-51.

YORK COUNTY

Davis R. Steward, York, 3-22-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Chas. M. Miller, Pittsburgh, 304 Ross St., 3-23-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Ralph E. Schlenker, Hamburg, 3-23-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Frank E. Fetzer, Millerstown, 3-23-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

F. S. Hutchison, Bloomsburg, 3-23-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Myrna R. Shover, Harrisburg, 3-23-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Chauncey D. Harader, Uniontown, 3-23-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Wm. C. Schmid, Jr., New Castle, 3-23-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph De Cicco, 1226 S. 21st St., 3-23-51.
Miss Hattie E. Clayman, 2020 Packard Bldg., 3-23-51.
Mrs. Kay B. Maurer, 4233-37 Frankford Ave., 3-23-51.
Miss Elizabeth McShea, 919 N. 20th St., 3-23-51.

CENTRE COUNTY

Donald B. Leamer, Sr., Bellefonte, 3-24-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

John D. Kane, Sr., Phoenixville, 3-24-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Violet S. Peters, Chester, 3-24-51.

ERIE COUNTY

A. L. Gambatese, Erie, 3-24-51.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Kenneth Snow, Mount Union, 3-24-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Irene H. Bernhardt, Jefferson Twp., Lake Ariel, 3-24-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Nellie F. McGee, West Hazleton, 3-24-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Mrs. Blanche K. Shotwell, East Stroudsburg, 3-24-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Norman W. Gray, Plymouth Twp., Conshohocken, 3-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Geo. H. Dodge, 5944 Walton Ave., 3-24-51.
Earl Godwin, 5300 N. Fifth St., 3-24-51.
Mrs. Marorie H. McCahren, Girard Trust Co., Broad & Chestnut Sts., 3-24-51.
Horace W. Rorke, 6218 Wayne Ave., 3-24-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Cora C. Mays, Reading, 3-25-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Ben Symons, Bristol, 3-25-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

George E. Gold, Patton, 3-25-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Joseph Snowiss, Williamsport, 3-25-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Thomas A. Foltz, Shamokin, 3-25-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Francis F. Kernan, Pittsburgh, 1741 Chislett St., 3-26-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

E. C. Endler, Midland, 3-26-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Emma E. Mayer, Scranton, 3-26-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

James J. Carr, Norristown, 3-26-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Katherine Flick, 3043 Chestnut St., 3-26-51.
Miss Rita McMahon, 123 S. Broad St., 3-26-51.
Miss Agnes R. Walton, 2411 Frankford Ave., 3-26-51.
Miss Cass C. Wilkinson, 2476 Frankford Ave., 3-26-51.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Robert Cook, Meyersdale, 3-26-51.
Norman E. Knepper, Jr., Somerset, 3-26-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Florence L. Trudgen, Oil City, 3-26-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOOD,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert E. Woodside, Millersburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Attorney General, to serve until superseded, vice Charles J. Margiotti, whose resignation has been accepted effective Thursday, March 1, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

SECRETARY OF BANKING

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate L. M. Campbell, Oil City, Venango County, for appointment as Secretary of Banking, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice David Emmert Brumbaugh.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate A. Harry Clayton, 197 West Court Street, Doylestown, Bucks County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Gladstone A. Carmalt, Brookville, Jefferson County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Leonard J. Parsons, 474 Summit Drive, Mt. Lebanon, Allegheny County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Donald Hugh, R. D. 1, Smithfield, Fayette County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Georges, Fayette County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Lester Smith, deceased.

Arthur Horrocks, Township Line, R. D. 3, Norristown, Montgomery County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of East Norriton, Montgomery County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Harry H. Smith, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John R. Mitchell, Box 305, Delmont, Westmoreland County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of New Salem, Westmoreland County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. FREED read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 236, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 722 of the act, approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by including Philippine Pacific War Veterans, Navy Club of the United States, and the United States Army Ambulance Corps among the organizations exempt from payment of registration fees of vehicles used by such organizations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 594), entitled "An act establishing certain township roads as State highways; authorizing their construction, maintenance, and improvement under certain conditions and restrictions; limiting the obligation of the Commonwealth in the construction of certain structures located on such highways; conferring certain powers upon the Department of Highways and local authorities, persons, associations and corporations for sharing the cost of the maintenance and construction of such highways, and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act," by adding a new route in Union County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled, "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

Which was committed to the Comdittee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 240 entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled, "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled, "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. BLASS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 242, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for establishment of branch offices, agencies and facilities and the approval thereof by the Department of Banking.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WALKER (By Request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds, bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations, unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WATKINS on behalf of Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259), entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies, to the treasurers of the several cities, boroughs, towns and townships, and for the payment thereof into police pension funds, and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System, and for Pension Annuity Contracts, and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund, for certain purposes," by vesting all equities, benefits, dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents; providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing; providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

He also on behalf of Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408), entitled, as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act, entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, amending the twenty-fourth section, by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities, towns, townships and boroughs, within this Commonwealth," by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements; restricting payments to firemen and their dependents.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XI of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for the payment of salaries of employes for a minimum term.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by regulating the authority of school districts to purchase supplies and to perform and contract for construction, reconstruction, repairs and work of any nature.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Messrs. MALLERY and STEVENSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 248, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1202.1 to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing the limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue. the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further regulating prosecutions for violations and the suspension and revocation of operators' licenses and learners' permits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. MALLERY, HALUSKA and MAHANY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (a) of section 411 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilites, and regulatng the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effictively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, return, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice

and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by relieving cities of the second class A and third class and the counties in which they are located from payment of damages occasioned by and costs of construction, reconstruction, repair and maintenance of certain bridges and viaducts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. WAGNER read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to amend section 403 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State Government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection, and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by requiring the Department of the Auditor General to audit the accounts and records of all school districts receiving State funds; requiring withholding of such funds for improper use thereof; making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Messrs. LANE and BARRETT read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act prescribing the quantity of power to be furnished to certain consumers by electric power companies and conferring upon the Public Utility Commission, the power and duty of enforcing the provisions of the act and to entertain complaints, conduct hearings and investigations and make orders.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Messrs. LANE, HALUSKA and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 252, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 614 and clause 2 of Subsection (b) of Section 615 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by making further provisions for the revocation and suspension of operators licenses and learner's permits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. LANE and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 253, entitled:

An Act to add section 8 to Article II of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by making unlawful the removal of surface support in certain cases and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Messrs. LANE and PECHAN read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 254, entitled:

An Act to further amend Clause (b) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by permitting aged persons who are inmates of public institutions to receive assistance.

Which was committed to the Committe on Public Health and Welfare.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, exclusive of its School of Medicine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustee of Temple University, Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, for the maintenance and support of its School of Medicine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 594), entitled "An act establishing certain township roads as State highways authorizing their construction maintenance and improvement under certain conditions and restrictions limiting the obligation of the Commonwealth in the construction of certain structures located on such highways conferring certain powers upon the Department of Highways and local authorities persons, associations and corporations for sharing the cost of the maintenance and construction of such highways and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act" by changing a certain route in Montgomery County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. McGINNIS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No, 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Finance and Revenue from the State Stores Fund for refund of distillers' licenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 259, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Women's Homoeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BYRNE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 260, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 1401) entitled "An act prohibiting discrimination in rate of pay because of sex conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry and prescribing penalties."

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Messrs. HALUSKA MAHANY and STEVENSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 261, entitled:

An Act to amend section six hundred eleven of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," making township secretaries eligible as delegates to annual meetings of the State Association of Township Supervisors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Messrs. HALUSKA and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 262, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for payment by the commission of certain damages caused by bear and deer and prescribing penalties for false claims.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. BARR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 263, entitled:

An Act to authorize political subdivisions to record building ordinances or codes or amendments thereto which have become void and of no effect because they were not recorded within the time specified by law and reviving and reinstating said ordinances or codes or amendments thereto upon recording them within six months.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. LETZLER, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 26, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E.S.T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951 at four-thirty o'clock, p. m., E.S.T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor, and were read by the Clerk as follows:

SECRETARY OF BANKING

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate L. M. Campbell, Oil City, Venango County, for appointement as Secretary of Banking, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice David Emmert Brumbaugh.

JOHN S. FINE.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert E. Woodside, Millersburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Attorney General, to serve until superseded, vice Charles J. Margiotti, whose resignation has been accepted effective Thursday, March 1st, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John D. Holahan, 3744 Brownsville Road, Pittsburgh 27, Allegheny County, for appointment as a Member of the State Athletic Commission, for the term of two years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. TAYLOR,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

MEMBER OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOLFE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of John D. Holahan as a Member of the State Athletic Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. TAYLOR,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Robert E. Woodside as Attorney General.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany.	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

SECRETARY OF BANKING

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOLFE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of L. M. Campbell, as Secretary of Banking.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF MINES TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I now call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Richard Maize for appointment as Secretary of Mines.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF MINES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Richard Maize, Uniontown, Fayette County, for appoint-

ment as Secretary of Mines, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SNOWDEN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Richard Maize, as Secretary of Mines.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

YEAS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF PROPERTY AND SUPPLIES TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Alan D. Reynolds for appointment as Secretary of Property and Supplies.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF PROPERTY AND SUPPLIES

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Alan D. Reynolds, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Secretary of Property and Supplies, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Chester M. Woolworth.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. DIEHM,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Alan D. Reynolds, as Secretary of Property and Supplies.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF INSURANCE COMMISSIONER TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Artemas C. Leslie for appointment as Insurance Commissioner.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Artemas C. Leslie, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, for appointment as Insurance Commissioner to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. BERGER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Artemas C. Leslie, as Insurance Commissioner.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, so that the newspaper men will be working under no misapprehensiion, there was some question about Artemas Leslie in the Democratic Caucus this morning. This question had nothing to do with the integrity of the gentleman himself. There are some questions which are not yet clarified with regard to the case dealing with Keystone Mutual Casualty Company, which case is under the jurisdiction of the Insurance Commissioner.

Mr. President, Mr. Leslie is in Pittsburgh today and rightfully so, because he is there attending an insurance dinner celebrating the 25th Anniversary of the Insurance Association of Allegheny County. We reached him on the telephone and discussed this matter as well as we could with him, but he was at a distinct disadvantage, because he did not have with him the pertinent papers dealing with the case. Certain questions he was able to answer and certain ones, as I said, we had him at a disadvantage.

At the conclusion of our conversation with Mr. Leslie, we told him that we did not want to hold up his confirmation today. We discussed with him further the question of the Keystone Mutual Casualty Company because it seems very strange to us why one of the Deputy Attorneys General would, after a hearing held on June 25, 1947, when he was asking that the State go to court to declare this Company insolvent, that now his testimony is the exact opposite.

Mr. President, as I say, at the conclusion of our talk with Mr. Leslie, it was agreed to by us and by him that we would discuss this matter more fully with him when

he came to Harrisburg next week, but as I say the subject matter has nothing to do with the person himself.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I want to concur with what Senator Barr has stated. We have discussed the so-called Keystone Mutual Casualty Company case in our caucus for quite some time. We on the Minority side were at a loss to comprehend the actions which were taken by the various Deputy Attorneys General of the Commonwealth, but after our conversation with Mr. Leslie today we are satisfied that he will do a good job. He has offered to meet with us at any time which suits our convenience, and will be glad to discuss in detail the rehabilitation of this Insurance Company.

So, for the information of the public and for the information of the Members of the Senate, Mr. Leslie's integrity was never questioned and we on this side are satisfied that he will make a good Insurance Commissioner.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF HEALTH TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Russell E. Teague for appointment as Secretary of Health.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF HEALTH

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Russell E. Teague, Radnor Township, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Health, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Norris Wistar Vaux.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. LETZLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Russell E. Teague, as Secretary of Health.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of David M. Walker for appointment as Secretary of Labor and Industry.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

David M. Walker, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Secretary of Labor and Industry, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice William H. Chestnut.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. LETZLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of David M. Walker, as Secretary of Labor and Industry.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans for appointment as Secretary of Public Assistance.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans, Brookline, Delaware County, for appointment as Secretary of Pubilc Assistance, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Frank A. Robbins, Jr.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. STEVENSON,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans, as Secretary of Public Assistance.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, during the last campaign, Governor Fine made a commitment to the women of Pennsylvania that he would appoint one of their sex to his Cabinet and, frankly, for that I admire him. I think there ought to be more women in government. I do not, however, agree with the position to which he appointed her. It has been a rule since the Public Assistance Law was passed that we keep politics out of Public Assistance, and if my memory serves me correctly every Secretary of Public Assistance was selected outside of the realm of politics. I do not know Mrs. Evans and, frankly, I have nothing against her, but from what I read in the newspapers she does have quite a political background and, therefore, I would say that she was selected from the realm of politics.

Mr. President, I, therefore, repeat that I am not in agreement with the selection of the job for Mrs. Evans, because I do not believe there should be any politics in Public Assistance and I do not believe that a politician should be at the head of Public Assistance. However, I do not want it to be said that I stood in the way of her confirmation. If Governor Fine wants to put a politician at the head of Public Assistance, that is a right, I suppose, that he has, but I wanted to make this brief statement to indicate my sentiments with reference to this appointment for the particular position of Secretary of Public Assistance.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I appreciate the courteous comments of Senator Yosko. I would just like to remind him that when we invite people to enter into public life and public careers, immediately they are classified as politicians until they are defeated in office and then they become statesmen.

I would like to suggest to the gentleman, if he is inviting women to participate in public responsibilities, that he not immediately condemn them because once coming in they are classified as politicians. It is impossible to select anybody for public office who has never held public office without putting the label of politician on them, and so I would like to inquire very carefully, is the gentleman suggesting that there is something wrong with politicians holding public office?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I just said a moment ago that I did not think there was anything wrong with politicians holding public office. As a matter of fact, I am in agreement with it, but what I said was that I thought Governor Fine made a mistake by appointing a politician to administer public assistance, which is a two hundred million dollar project here in Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, the point that I am making to the gentleman is that it is impossible to obtain people who are qualified to hold public office, who have had experience and demonstrated their ability to hold public office, without selecting a politcian and I would like to inquire again from the gentleman, is there anything wrong with a politician holding public office?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, my answer is no, but I still think that it is in violation of the spirit of the Public Assistance Law to appoint a politician as Secretary of that Department, and I might add that while I am not too familiar as of today with the Hatch Act, it might be well for the other side to look into the Hatch Act to determine whether or not Mrs. Evans would be violating it, because if she is you will find the Civil Service Commission walking in here and citing her under the Act.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I myself cannot understand why the distinguished gentleman from Northampton would classify Mrs. Evans as a politician. She is interested in politics, she has a right to vote and she has a right to work for people she thinks are worthy of an office.

I recall back home that we had a very distinguished old preacher who used to preach in the pulpit every Sunday; he used to preach the word of God and he was a politician, and I certainly see nothing that my good friend, Senator Yosko, could take exception to so far as Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans is concerned. I do not deny that she has been in politics. She has worked for the Republican Party for a long while, and I imagine that Senator Yosko would have loved to have her in his county working for his party, and I am sure he would not be here today condemning her as a politician.

I think that all of us today could be called politicians. To live the American way of life, you have to have something to do with politics; you have to play some part in politics, you must show some interest in politics, and I think that every good American citizens today should, regardless of what party they might desire to support, interest themselves in politics and perhaps be called politicians, and I want to say this from Delaware County, that I am very proud of Mrs. Eleanor Evans, if you wish to call her a politician.

Mr. President, as far as the Hatch Act is concerned, I do not think Senator Yosko needs to worry about that. We have some very good country lawyers down in Delaware County who would advise her whether the Hatch Act applies to her job in Public Assistance, and if she has to get out of politics, it is our loss and Pennsylvania's gain, and we are certainly willing to give this great woman to the State of Pennsylvania so that she can serve the people of this great State and discontinue serving our County of Delaware as a politician, as he calls it.

Mr. President, I wrote a few things down in January that become very hard for me to read in February, but if you will bear with me I would like to just read a few things that I jotted down about Mrs. Evans, and this is the speech that I prepared in January—I should say that I never make a speech. I wasn't even elected on speeches.

I remember when I was a candidate for the Senate, the gentleman ahead of me made some wonderful speeches, he was a great orator and I said, "My lands, he is my opponent." I said, "My lands, I will never beat that fellow." So, I used to tell the people at the meetings that I would be a good Senator, I would try to serve the people right and fairly and I wound up with fifteen thousand majority or some number like that, and the other fellow, the real good orator, was way down below. So, here I am.

"Mr. President, it gives me great pleasure at this time to speak on behalf of Mrs. Eleanor G. Evans from my County of Delaware and present resident of Brookline, who has been nominated by our good Governor, John S. Fine, to the high office of Secretary of Public Assistance in his cabinet.

"I know of no woman more worthy and deserving of this honor. Mrs. Evans is thoroughly capable and qualified for this high position. Let me briefly review some of the highlights of her career.

"Mrs. Evans, a graduate of Arnold College, Connecticut, was married to Arlington Evans in 1917, and has three children, Eleanor, Emma and Warren. She was a teacher in Philadelphia and Supervisor of the Happy Hollow Playground in Germantown in her earlier years.

"She became active in civic and political affairs quite early. In 1934 she was a Committeewoman; in 1936 she was Vice-Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee on which she is still serving (I think she has resigned now). She was appointed by our former Governor James in July, 1939, to Recorder of Deeds and elected Recorder of Deeds in 1940 and 1944, serving eight years, and is our present Deputy Recorder (you see, I told you I wrote this speech in January).

"She has been affiliated with many women's political clubs, having served as President of the Council of Republican Women in her township of Haverford for seven years, and three years for the Women's Republican Club of Delaware County. Also quite active in the Pennsylvania Council of Republican Women, she has served as Chairman on many committees and as Director of Activities of the Affiliated Women's Group of Delaware County, coordinating their program with the State Council. She is a member of the Legislative Committee of Business and Professional Women of Upper Darby and a member of Brookline Women's Club.

"Mrs. Evans was a member of the Duff-Fine State Executive Committee in charge of women's activities for the Southeastern District, including eight counties, and was also appointed by our Honorable M. Harvey Taylor, State Chairman, to the State Republican Executive Committee. She is a present member of the Political Supervisors of Delaware County.

"Not only has she been active in civic affairs but she has also been quite active in the social field, notwithstanding her care for her husband and children. Mrs. Evans was a Salvation Army Captain for Haverford Township for two years and a Street Captain and member of the Red Cross. She is Past President of the American Legion Auxiliary, Nunan Slook Unit No. 318, and of Chester, Lancaster and Delaware County Council of American Legion Auxiliary. She has also been active in many women's clubs with her World War II activities, including Chairman of Personnel for County Control Center. bond drives and civilian defense, serving as Chairman on many of these committees.

"Personally, I have known Mrs. Evans for twenty years and I know no person who has contributed to the affairs of her County and State and to the interest of good government more than she. She is a great American woman who stands for our American principles which are so dear to us today. I have certainly been given a great privilege to present this great Delaware-Countian to my colleagues for confirmation."

May I say, gentlemen, to all of you, I do not deny that she is a politician, and may God make more politicians like her.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair wishes to observe that the Senator should certainly have special consideration from the Department of Public Assistance.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, after hearing my good friend Senator Watkins, I believe Mrs. Evans is capable of doing a good job, and I hope that the Republican organization in Pennsylvania will help her to do a good job by not putting too much pressure on her to hire visitors and other employee in the Department of Public Assistance, and I hope she will do a better job than some of the others in the past to help take some of the many chiselers off the rolls in Delaware County.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I am just a freshman Senator here, this being my second term, but I would like to remind my learned colleague from the other side that all of the jobs that come over through Mrs. Evan's Department come through Civil Service, and I imagine that will pretty well take care of that.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, we of the Minority Side are quite opposite this afternoon and we have listened with more than our usual interest to the wonderful oratory that was delivered here this afternoon, especially on the subject of statesmanship and politicians. I think it would be a splendid idea if leaders on the Majority Side would transmit their wonderful speeches to the leaders in our National Congress, and they possibly would get along quite a lot better in Washington, D. C., if the Republicans in the United States Senate would adopt the same philosophy the Majority Party adopts here in Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, my philosophy in politics is this: I feel that to the victor belongs the spoils. They have the responsibility of operating this Government and if this distinguished lady plays politics with relief, it will be the Majority Party that will have to answer to the people of this Commonwealth.

So I say to you, Mr. President, we have demonstrated today that the only question in the minds of the Minority Members was the question of the compliance with the Constitution of this great Commonwealth, and I hope the people will take cognizance of the fact that we are cooperating one thousand per cent with the Majority Party when the Majority Party complies with the Constitution.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF COMMERCE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Andrew J. Sordoni for appointment as Secretary of Commerce.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Andrew J. Sordoni, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, for appointment as Secretary of Commerce, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Theodore Roosevelt III.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WAGNER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Andrew J. Sordoni, as Secretary of Commerce.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, although I am going to vote for Senator Sordoni, I think we are confirming the appointment of the head of a department that is all unnecessary. We have a duplication of the work of the Department of Internal Affairs and the Department of Commerce. From the information I can get from the Department of Commerce, I find that all they were used for was to write political speeches for the candidates running in the last election and that the records they have, they run across the aisle and get from the Department of Internal Affairs.

I think it is unnecessary and a waste of money, although I shall vote for his confirmation because I do not want Senator Sordoni to feel that I have any ill feelings toward him. I am going to vote for him, but still I am going to do what I can, and I hope I will get some help from those who talk about efficiency and savings in government, to do away with a department that is absolutely unnecessary. A lot of advertising men get hundreds of thousand dollar fees. Further, which I am ashamed to say, it seems strange that those who get the fees for this cannot do the publicity also for the Republican Party.

Mr. DiSILVESTRO. Mr. President, I hope that what Senator Holland has said has no connection with what Senator Sordoni will do in running his Department. Everything Senator Holland has said can be attributed to the former Secretary of Commerce. Maybe Senator Sordoni will have a different program.

Mr. McMENAMIN. Mr. President, as the Senator from Lackawanna County, the neighboring County to former Senator Sordoni's home County of Luzerne, I would like to say we are very pleased with this appointment by the Governor.

Senator Sordoni enjoys an excellent reputation in northeastern Pennsylvania. He is a man who has made the most of the opportunities in America, and has risen to a place of prominence in public life and in business life in northeastern Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, I do not know the other appointees, but I only hope they are all of the same caliber as former Senator Sordoni.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF REVENUE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Otto F. Messner for appointment as Secretary of Revenue.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF REVENUE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Otto F. Messner, Lancaster, Lancaster County, for appointment as Secretary of Revenue, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. CROWE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Otto F. Messner, as Secretary of Revenue.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF WELFARE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of William C. Brown for appointment as Secretary of Welfare.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF WELFARE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

William C. Brown, New London, Chester County, for appointment as Secretary of Welfare, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. PEELOR,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of William C. Brown as Secretary of Welfare.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, at our caucus this afternoon and at previous caucuses, I have raised some objections to Mr. Brown. It was suggested to me today that we call him over here and interrogate him on some things that I, at least, had on my mind. Mr. Brown came over here and we met with him in one of the offices here; we had quite a chat with him and I asked him about these things that I talked about during the last campaign.

I am going to read some of the things I said which Mr. Brown admitted were true. I said, "Our state institutions have brought shame upon Pennsylvania. We have had scandals at Byberry, Pennhurst, Morganza, White Hill. Life Magazine told the story of the terrible conditions at Byberry.

"At Pennhurst, investigators at the insistence of the Democrats found a shortage of over $36,000 in the patients' personal cash fund; they found state property had been sold without authorization; 80 tubercular inmates were not segregated and thus endangered the health of others; employes operated private businesses on school property.

"Time and vacation records of emloyes were falsified. Free meals were served relatives and friends of Reublican administration political hacks.

"A month after the Pennhurst superintendent resigned, a patient died mysteriously. When his body was examined, physicians found he had been violently beaten. Nothing has ever been made public on the investigation that followed the fatal beating. The Philadelphia Inquirer ran a series of stories on Pennhurst. I personally requested a Grand Jury investigation and it was refused. The State Police report of its investigation has never been made public.

"An investigation of Morganza resulted in the firing of the superintendent. Morganza, it was learned, was being used as a patronage mill for Republican leaders. One Morganza supervisor, who had resigned in disgust, testified that vice and perversion were common among guards and inmates. Guards were incompetent and lazy. There were drunkards, a dope addict and a convicted rapist on the staff.

"In Morganza's fiscal report for 1949, under a Republican administration, it was proved that the school's accounts were $31,000 in arrears. Out of 60,000 pounds of fresh meat charged to the kitchen, only 2500 pounds were actually consumed at the school.

"At White Hill, the superintendent quit under fire after an investigation into a ring of degenerates operating within the school. The superintendent was then rewarded. He has been given a responsible job with the Welfare Department at a salary of $5,195 a year.

"Despite theft, graft and brutality—not a single employe of any of the institutions where these scandals flourished was arrested or prosecuted under the criminal laws of the State."

Mr. President, I asked Mr. Brown about these things and, of course, he said that some of them happened before he became Secretary, and he said, too, that conditions in the State institutions were being improved from time to time and some of these conditions eliminated.

Frankly, I was a little bit shocked to hear him say that the Secretary of Welfare really is not the Secretary of Welfare, that he does not have too much power over these institutions and their administration and their conduct. There seems to be a clash between the Secretary of Welfare and the Boards of Trustees, and I was convinced more than ever after hearing Mr. Brown, that we ought to have, perhaps, more public hearings on conditions in the various departments of State government, especially in our State institutions that have been under fire from time to time.

Mr. President, although Mr. Brown convinced me that he is trying to do a good job, I still think, and I so told Senator Dent and Senator Haluska, who sat in on the conference with me, that Mr. Brown ought to be called into a public hearing and asked to disclose some of the things he told us that I do not want to go into, and I think it would do us all some good, regardless of party,

because we are here to see that we have an efficient State government.

I am not going to stand in Mr. Brown's way, I am going to vote for him, but I am at some later date going to ask that we have a public hearing on conditions in the State institutions, and the squabbling, if any, between the Boards of Trustees and the Department of Welfare, with the hope that some legislation can be passed at this Session to iron out whatever difficulties there might be and thus develop a more cooperative spirit and a more cooperative administrative policy between the Trustees of the various institutions and the Secretary of the Department of Welfare.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I happen to be one of the three Members who had the opportunity to interrogate Secretary Brown this afternoon, and I am satisfied that the answers he gave to the questions given by Senator Yosko were good. The man is trying to do a good job.

I am very much interested in the Department of Welfare, and I have followed carefully the work of that Department for a number of years, and I frankly admit that I believe sincerely down in my heart Secretary Brown did an outstanding job. He has done a good job. It is true there have been discrepancies before his time and probably during his time in office, but the case at Morganza, if you check into it, they fired the superintendent and other employees. The man has been under a handicap because of the problem of the Boards of Trustees.

As I pointed out, if all public officials do as well as Secretary Brown, I think Governor Fine will have a fine Cabinet.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Gene D. Smith for appointment as Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SCERETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Gene D. Smith, Macungie, Lehigh County, for appointment as Secretary of the Commonwealth, to serve until superceded.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. ROBINSON,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Gene D. Smith, as Secretary of the Commonwealth.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF ADJUTANT GENERAL TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Frank A. Weber for appointment as Adjutant General.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

ADJUTANT GENERAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Frank A. Weber, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, for appointment as Adjutant General, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. FREED,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Frank A Weber, as Adjutant General.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,

Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF HIGHWAYS TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Ray F. Smock for appointment as Secretary of Highways.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF HIGHWAYS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Ray F. Smock, Meadville, Crawford County, for appointment as Secretary of Highways, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MAHANY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Ray F. Smock, as Secretary of Highways.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF COMMISSIONER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Cecil Marshall Wilhelm for appointment as Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

COMMISSIONER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Cecil Marshall Wilhelm, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. TAYLOR,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Cecil Marshall Wilhelm, as Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table for the purpose of confirmation the name of Miles Horst for appointment as Secretary of Agriculture.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, January 16, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Miles Horst, Palmyra, Lebanon County, for appointment as Secretary of Agriculture, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. DIEHM,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Miles Horst, as Secretary of Agriculture.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I rise at this time to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent, will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, puppets and otherwise, I may find it difficult to say all the things I want to say because, first, time will not allow and, second, if distance may have something to do with it since I understand that Mr. Lawrence is in Washington, D. C. I had prepared a kind of a talk that a man ought to write, tear up and forget that he wrote it, and I have about come to the conclusion that that would be the better thing to do here this afternoon.

Mr. President, in keeping with the teachings that I have had to rely on all my life, having had most of my schooling from the lips of my father, I have never been taught to be bitter, venomous and to carry into my private heart the public indignation that I might feel about something that has been said or written.

Throughout the debates in the Senate of Pennsylvania relative to the position of certain Cabinet Officers, acting as the spokesman for the Democratic group I tried at all times to adhere strictly to the fundamentals at issue. I said then and I say now that as we understand the Constitution, up until this moment when we have confirmed an Attorney General in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in our opinion there has been no Attorney General.

I repeat, too, that we took the position that some eight Cabinet Officers were not serving according to the Administrative Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. These things we held to be the truth as we saw it. However, it appears that without a formal answer that could easily have been obtained from a tribunal of government that has within its powers and privileges the right to ascertain the difference between right and wrong in constitutional and administrative government.

I am wondering, for the benefit of all the people of Pennsylvania and for the benefit of the Majority Side of the Senate, if anybody can show me how in the future you can keep any Chief Executive from naming an individual to a Cabinet or any other position requiring a two-thirds vote, sending it over to the Senate and if for any reason that person is not acceptable to two-thirds of the Senate, how you are going to keep that Governor from appointing this individual if the opinions written recently by the contender to the Attorney General's office are held to be valid.

We said that when the Governor submitted the name of an Attorney General, regardless of who it was, we would consider fully the nominations for the various offices. We have done exactly that, and contrary to this malicious letter that appeared in the daily newspapers of Pennsylvania, we were not motivated by any other reason.

Mr. President, I understand that we were called puppets, and that we were motivated by some unknown fear that is clutching at the heart of a valiant leader of the Democratic Party, namely, David L. Lawrence. I cannot say that I have always agreed with Dave Lawrence. I think that I have taken the opposite side in campaigns more times than I have ever stood with him shoulder to shoulder but in all those campaigns I found him to be a clean fighter. Like the gentleman from Delaware County, I cannot see how you can be in politics without being a politician, and I guess the grievous sin that David Lawrence has committed is that he has been a successful politician. You see, he has been elected to office when he has run, which is not the truth when it comes to other individuals that I know.

Mr. President, you know it seems that some people without reference to any individual when they have been denied something they want so badly, become like a frustrated woman, spurned in her early youth, who goes through life decrying against marriage and motherhood; persons who because they have been defeated themselves cannot stand to see persons who are elected to office.

Mr. President, we the Members of the Democratic Caucus do not have an exhilarated feeling of victory. There has been no victory for anybody. We have just stated a position and we have lived up to that statement, nothing more and nothing less. There has been no personal vindictiveness on the part of any Member of my Caucus toward any individual.

I questioned, because of some of the information that was passed on to me, some of the deeds, and some of the acts and some of the things of a personal nature that Mr. Ray Smock, the Secretary of Highways, had been reported to be interested in so we asked Mr. Smock to come before the group. I learned that Mr. Smock was sick in bed and contrary to the actions of some people I know who hit a man when he is sick—I was not brought up that way—I called Mr. Smock, and in the presence of other individuals I asked him pointedly the very questions that had been propounded to me, and he gave me his answers and I believed him.

I do not believe—you know, maybe my creed is not fit for this modern age and this modern type of political leader—but I do not believe in the indictment of individuals by association, nor do I believe in the indict-

ment of individuals on unfounded statements. The Democratic Caucus could easily have embarrassed these individuals. Senator Yosko only brought up a few of the things, a few of the questions that were asked concerning Mr. Brown's fitness to hold the office that he has been appointed to, but being a man of character he appeared and said his piece but he did not publicly indict anybody or attempt to. I do not destroy character; I have a hard time building my own.

Senator Barr and Senator Lane had some serious questions to ask Mr. Leslie, but like men of stature they asked those questions and stood before the hall of this Senate and told you the results of those questions.

Someone said, "Why, in Washington they are harassing the Democratic administration on every hand." My Dad did not tell me I was supposed to emulate what some darn fools do in Washington. He told me, "Be a man in your own right, stand upon your own two legs, do the things your heart dictates to you, and keep your mind clear and open." That is what he told me and that is what I am doing, and that is what I am going to do while I am in the Senate of Pennsylvania, and I do not intend to be any man's tool.

That is the part that I resent in the statement made by the pretender to the Attorney General's Office. I never have been any man's tool and I am too old to start now. I do not intend to be called that and accepted as such by the public. I have a conceited idea that the people in my county think that I am a pretty good fellow. I have a conceited idea that they think I am a fair representative. I have been elected to the Senate four times, and to the House of Representatives once, and the City Council once, and I am only forty-two years old. I have spent a great deal of time in these legislative halls and I was not elected to those offices being the tool or mouthpiece of any individual or any group of individuals other than when I am elected to the authority of being a mouthpiece.

I am the mouthpiece of this group on certain bills, legislative actions of this group and I am proud to be their mouthpiece. I consider it a great honor that I have been elected to speak for them and I know that Senator Walker feels the same on his side. I think he feels that it is an honor to be the mouthpiece, if you want to call it that, of his group but I have not been the mouthpiece for elements that are not welcome in public society.

Mr. President, I had written a very bad speech. I am glad I am not going to read it. I am glad I am not saying the things I wanted to say. I am glad I did not have a chance Saturday afternoon to make this speech, because all of us have in our nature a mean streak, and if somebody just tickles it hard enough it comes out and you say things you are a little bit sorry for, and I guess I am too old for that.

You know, I am a grandpa twice, and I do not want those two grandchildren of mine ever to read the record of Pennsylvania and see that I have said something, and they have to go around the corner to find an explanation for it.

The cold print is the only thing we leave behind us. Those of us in this room tonight may agree in your hearts that I have justification to say some mean and ugly things here, but you will die and I will die and after we are gone the written word is still here and somebody may read it someday and then they might call me what I would want to call him. Somebody might say I am a stinker.

Mr. President, I think as the Session rolls around that we will all agree on one thing. I think that this delay may have done some good in a way.

I agree with Senator Yosko's premise. I think it would be a good idea to have some public appearances of these cabinet officers from time to time. If there are questions that are bothering us in the administration of these offices let us ask them questions and any honorable man will answer them.

Someone said to me, "Why is it that Secretary Draemel's name has not come up?" I will tell you, very frankly, I have some very very serious questions, questions that have appeared in public print, things that may amount to absolutely nothing, but they also may violate some of the concepts of what we think are in the public interest in the administration of the laws.

Now, Mr. President, the conclusion in everybody's mind is that when you stand up before the Senate and you take a position, you immediately become personal. You do not do that. Any decent Senator, any decent legislator cannot afford to do that because as Dad always said, "If you lay down with dogs, you will get up with fleas." So, you do not get personal on things. You take them entirely in the manner in which they are intended.

Mr. President, this is a question of Constitutional law as we see it, and I will be the very first man upon my feet if the authority that has the right stands up and says that it is not necessary to have a two-thirds vote, that the opinions written by the pretender to the Attorney General's Office are correct, I will be the first to apologize to the Senate of Pennsylvania for having delayed them so long upon these confirmations.

Incidentally, speaking of delay brings me to another point in my story. I see here where the Democratic group—this gentleman says that we by our dictated opposition to him have delayed the action of the Senate, have embarrassed and harassed the Governor. Well, in the first place, I want to take a little out of his ego. He should not have so much conceit. Frankly, we never mentioned his name. We never bothered with him at all. I never even suggested that we hold anything up on account of him, and incidentally I defy—well, let us use another word. I ask any Member of the Republican Senate to stand here and publicly tell where we have harassed the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in any single instance since he has become Governor of this Commonwealth. Where, in any instance, have we delayed legislation? That is our job as I understand it, that and confirmations, and if these opinions are allowed to stand we will only have one job from now on. We have not delayed any action in committee meetings. No one can force Senators to put bills in. If the bills are not in, you cannot act on them. Maybe it would be a good thing if there were not any bills put in, and we just sat here a little while for this Session and went home. Maybe the people would feel a little better. There has been a terrific drive for years to have us come down here and repeal bills instead of enacting new ones.

Mr. President, I might say just one word in defense of a gentleman who I am sure needs no defense with men of understanding. It is said here that we have taken dictation and orders from Dave Lawrence relative to the

fight on confirming or non-confirming Cabinet Officers. That was contained in this letter to the Governor. I do not know how any person could be so far from the truth. As God is my witness, Dave Lawrence never asked me or told me in any way by direct conversation, by messenger, by written word or by any other method of communication to vote one way or another on the confirmations before the Senate of Pennsylvania. I say that to you men and I say that I believe that to be true of every Member of the Senate Minority.

Oh, I imagine Senator Barr has had occasion to talk to Mayor Lawrence, and think that is quite proper. Senator Barr is an official of the Democratic Party and Mayor Lawrence is the titular head of that Party. I do not think that Senator Harvey Taylor would hesitate to talk to the Secretary of his Party about any particular business that they might have to discuss, and I say that anybody that made that statement made it out of the whole cloth. There is not an ounce of truth in it. There is absolutely not one word of truth in the whole fabricated lie. I say that because again I want my people back home to know that I have not changed in the twenty-one years that they have been electing me to public office. I have not changed a bit.

Mr. President, here is Senator Haluska sitting here. He has been elected the same number of times I have in the Senate of Pennsylvania. We started in the House together. I am pretty sure I can say that you have not received any orders, have you, in this situation?

Mr. HALUSKA. No.

Mr. DENT. In fact, Mr. President, I want to say here publicly, so that it can get across to those who care, that I think this statement by Mr. Margiotti lost him more friends than it gained him. In all the years I have known Mr. Margiotti, I have never uttered one word derogatory about him. I have never taken sides against him, but if he insists upon calling me a stooge and upon trying to destroy the character that I have built in forty-two years to satisfy a whim of his, then he must stand to lose the only thing that I have to give him, my friendship. God made my enemies, but by the same token he gave me the right to select my friends. My friends do not use me, they help me. My friends are not my friends because they need what I have, my friends are my friends because they think they have something I need. That is the way I am a friend to a man, and that is the way I want my friends to be and there is not any gift within the giving of the political arena, the political field, that will make me change that stand. I am too old to change now.

Mr. President, I may never be the Governor of Pennsylvania, I may never be anything but what I am today, but I am eternally grateful to this system of government that has given me the opportunity to stand here in the Senate of Pennsylvania, one of fifty men, representing millions of citizens in this Commonwealth, elected by my people at a free election, the son of an immigrant and four times their choice. There cannot come any greater honor to anybody.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that we appreciate the sincerity of the remarks that he made, and the many things that were in his mind and heart that were left unsaid. It has been a privilege and a pleasure to have served this long with the gentleman from Westmoreland. I hope that I never have the disaster of being in this Senate without him.

Mr. President, I do not want to discuss his personal qualifications because I do not want to embarrass him. I do not want to raise the question of puppets. I have never found that he has been putty in our hands. I want to say this to the gentlemen of the Senate, in all seriousness, that during the 1949 Session we had a spirit of cooperation, a spirit of genuine sincere endeavor to do the things that the people of Pennsylvania wanted done.

We have had some serious days here in the beginning of the 1951 Session. There were honest differences of opinion as to the causes, the motivations and the results. The people of Pennsylvania will have to decide that. Those of us sitting here have only our personal opinions and our hopes that they will not judge either side too harshly when they add up the results and the causes and the determinations.

May I say this in all sincerity to the Minority side, as well as to the Majority, what the people of Pennsylvania would like us to do is to have us enact the necessary portions of a legislative program and go home.

In sincerely hope that now that we have the Cabinet confirmed that the question of political advantage will be layed to one side just as it was in 1949, and that we will proceed to do the things that the folks back home want done. We will do them to the best of our ability for the general good of the most people of this great Commonwealth and go home. That is the thing they want and that is the thing I am hoping we will be able to do.

Let us drop this just where it is, and let ten million people decide just which one of us are right and let us do the things they elected us to come down here to do.

CALENDAR

BILL ON CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE AMENDMENTS

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P L 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces of the United States or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposnig additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the with-

drawel of candidates and the date of the primary election

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (w) of section 102 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 102. Definitions—The following words when used in this act shall have the following meanings unless otherwise clearly apparent from the context

* * * * *

(w) The term "qualified elector in actual military service" shall mean a qualified elector of this Commonwealth who is or may be in the military or naval service of the United States or any branch or unit thereof [or in the Merchant Marine of the United States or serving in the American Red Cross the Society of Friends the Women's Auxiliary Service Pilots the American Field Service or the United Service Organizations attached to and serving with the armed forces of the United States] and regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled in accordance with law

Section 2 Section 102 of said act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows

(x) The term "qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran" shall mean any qualified elector of this Commonwealth who may be unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence because of his being bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service

Section 3 Subsection (c) of section 305 of said act as temporarily amended by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 305 Expenses of County Boards and of Primaries and Elections to be Paid by County Expenses of Special Elections Boards to be Provided with Offices

* * * * *

(c) The Commonwealth shall reimburse each city of the first class and county for [the actual] election expenses incurred in and incidental to preparing handling mailing delivering counting and storing official military ballots and veterans' official ballots as herein provided in [a] the sum [not to exceed] of forty cents (40c) for each ballot mailed or delivered

Each county board of elections shall file in the Department of State not later than thirty days after every election on a form prescribed by the Department of State a statement of the number of ballots mailed or delivered in such manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law to electors in actual military service and to bedridden or hospitalized veterans

The Department of State shall ascertain and fix the amount due as herein provided to each city of the first class and county for [actual] election expenses incurred and by requisition in the usual course shall provide for payment of such amounts so found due from moneys appropriated to the Department of State for such purpose or shall prorate the moneys so appropriated among the several cities of the first class and counties to be reimbursed if the amount so appropriated shall not be sufficient for the payment in full to each city of the first class and county of the amount found to be due

Section 4 Sections six hundred four nine hundred four and nine hundred five of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 604 [Fall] Summer Primary Officers to be Nominated There shall be a [Fall] Summer primary preceding each municipal election which shall be held on the [second] fourth Tuesday of [September] July in all odd-numbered years Candidates for all offices to be filled at the ensuing municipal election shall be nominated at the [Fall] Summer primary

Section 904 Municipal Clerks and Party Chairman to Furnish Information as to Offices to be Filled—To assist the respective county boards in ascertaining the offices to be filled it shall be the duty of the clerks or secretaries of the various cities boroughs towns townships school districts and poor districts with the advice of their respective solicitors on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the [Fall] Summer primary to send to the county boards of their respective counties a written notice setting forth all city borough town township school district and poor district offices to be filled in their respective subdivisions at the ensuing municipal election and for which candidates are to be nominated at the ensuing primary It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the State committee of each political party to forward to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and to the respective county boards on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary a written notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county or in any district within such county or of which it forms a part The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee if any who under the National party rules are to be elected at the said primary in the State at large and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county or in any district or part of a district within such county It shall also be the duty of the chairman of the county committee and in cases where a city is coextensive with a county the chairman of the city committee of each party on or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding the Spring primary to send to the county board of such county a written notice setting forth all party offices to be filled in the county at the ensuing primary

Section 905 Secretary of the Commonwealth to Notify County Board of Certain Nominations to Be Made—On or before the [tenth] twelfth Tuesday preceding each primary the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county board of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein or in any district of which such county forms a part or in the State at large at the ensuing primary and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth including that of President of the United States and shall also in said notice set forth the number of presidential electors United States Senators Representatives in Congress and State officers including senators representatives and judges of courts of record to be elected at the succeeding November election by a vote of the electors of the State at large or by a vote of the electors of the county or of any district therein or of any district of which such county forms a part

Section 5 Section nine hundred six of said act as last amended by the acts approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) and the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 487) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 906 Publication of Notice of Officers to be Nominated and Elected—Beginning not earlier than [nine] eleven weeks nor later than [eight] ten weeks before any regular Spring or [Fall] Summer primary the county board of each county shall publish in newspapers as pro-

vided by section 106 of this act a notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention of each party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at the said primary in said county or in any district of which said county or part thereof forms a part and also setting forth the names of all public offices for which nominations are to be made and the names of all party offices including that of members of the National committee if any and State committee for which candidates are to be elected at said primary in said county or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part or in the State at large Said notice shall contain the date of the primary and shall be published once each week for two successive weeks in counties of the first and second class and once in all other counties

Section 6 Section 908 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 908 Manner of signing nomination petitions Time of circulating Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled and shall declare therein that he is a registered and enrolled member of the party designated in such petition provided however that where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office Each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as and no more than he could vote for at the succeeding election He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county therein named and in case the nomination is not to be made or candidates are not to be elected by the electors of the state at large of the political district therein named in which the nomination is to be made or the election is to be held he shall add his occupation and residence giving city borough or township with street and number of any and shall also add the date of signing expressed in words or numbers provided however that if the said political district named in the petition lies wholly within any city borough or township or is coextensive with same it shall not be necessary for any signer of a nomination petition to state therein the city borough or township of his residence no nomination petition shall be circulated prior to [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such petition may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 7 Subsection (d) of section nine hundred thirteen of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 913 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Petitions Filing Fees—

* * * * *

(d) All nomination petitions shall be filed at least [fifty (50)] sixty-four (64) days prior to the primary

Section 8 Subsection (b) of section 953 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Papers

* * * * *

(b) No nomination paper shall be circulated prior to [thirty] twenty (20) days before the last day on which such paper may be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it bears a date within [thirty (30)] twenty (20) days of the last day of filing the same

Section 9 Subsection (c) of said section 953 and sections 978 and 978.1 of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 35) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 953 Place and Time of Filing Nomination Papers

* * * * *

(c) All nomination papers must be filed at least [twenty (20)] forty-four (44) days prior to the date of the primary election

Section 978 Withdrawal of Nominated Candidates—Any person who has been nominated by any political party or political body in accordance with the provisions of this act as a candidate for the office of presidential elector United States Senator Representative in Congress or for any State office including that of senator representative and judge of court of record may withdraw his name from nomination by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgment of deeds and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth Any person who has been similarly nominated as a candidate for any other office may withdraw his name from nomination by similar request filed with the county board of elections of the proper county Such written withdrawals shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or the county board of elections as the case may be at least [sixty-five (65)] days previous to the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] Such withdrawals to be effective must be received in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth not later than five (5) o'clock P. M. on the last day for filing same and in the office of any county board of elections not later than the ordinary closing hour of said office on the last day for filing same No name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot or ballot labels No candidate may withdraw any withdrawal notice already received and filed and thereby reinstate his nomination

Section 978.1 Vacancy in Party Nomination by Failure to Pay Filing Fee—Every person nominated at any primary election as the candidate of any political party for any office other than a borough town township school district or poor district office or the office of alderman justice of the peace or constable who has not paid the filing fee required by section nine hundred thirteen of this act as amended for the filing of a nomination petition for such office shall pay the amount of such fee to the Secretary of the Commonwealth or to the county board of elections to the day of the general or municipal election [or at least twenty-five days previous to the day of the municipal election] at which such candidate's name would appear on the ballot Failure to pay such fee within the time herein prescribed shall result in a vacancy in such party nomination Such vacancy shall be filled in the manner hereinafter provided for the filling of such vacancies happening by reason of the death or withdrawal of any candidate

Section 10 Subsection (a) of section nine hundred eighty-one of said act as last amended by the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1358) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 981 Time for Filing Substituted Nomination Certificates—(a) Substituted nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates nominated at primaries or by nomination papers shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth or proper county board of elections as the case may be at least [fifty] fifty-five (55) days before the day of the general or municipal election [and at least twenty days before the day of the municipal election] Provided however That no substituted nomination certificate by a political body may be filed until after the primary election

Section 11 Said act is hereby amended by adding thereto immediately following Article XII two new articles XIII and XIII-A to read as follows

ARTICLE XIII

Voting By Persons In Actual Military Service

Section 1301 Qualified Electors in Actual Military Service—Any qualified elector in actual military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth regardless of whether at the time of voting he is present in the election district of his residence or is within or without this Commonwealth and regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302 Applications for Official Military Ballots—(a) Any qualified elector in actual military service may

apply at any time before any election for an official military ballot on Form USWBC Form No 1 or any other form supplied by the Federal Government or by post card or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of election of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of entrance into actual military service length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident of voting district party choice in case of primary name rank or grade military address branch of service and serial number When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a military ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the military elector as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elecotr other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303 Official Military Ballots—(a) Ballots for use by such military electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Official Military Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such offices in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote and in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been regularly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304 Envelopes for Official Military Ballots—The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each official military ballot of such size and shape as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall be printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" and nothing else On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed with the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the official military ballot lists of candidates when authorized by Section 1303 of this act the uniform instructions in form and substance as prescribed by the Secretar yof the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305 Duties of County Boards—(a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail official military ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail official military ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses.

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list arranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom an official military ballot has been sent This posted list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization This list shall be known as the "Military File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such military files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissions

Section 1306 Voting by Electors in Actual Military Service—At any time after receiving an official military ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State of military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed stamped or endorsed "Official Military Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the person before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely as the case may be at least sixty-five (65) days previous sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1307 Military Electors Voting in Districts of Residence—(a) Whenever any qualified elector in actual military service is present in his voting district of residence on any primary municipal or general election day and has not already voted in such election he may apply to his district election board for an official ballot and vote it in such election.

(b) Each such application shall be in the form and shall contain the information required by this act together with a statement by the application that he has not already voted in the election All such applications shall be transmitted to the county board of election immediately upon the closing of the polls.

(c) Upon receiving an official ballot and envelopes therefor he shall in secret in the polling place vote the ballot and prepare it for execution of the affidavit and jurat as prescribed by this act The affidavit shall be executed before the judge or either inspector of election and the jurat subscribed by the person before whom the affidavit is taken The military elector shall then securely seal the second envelope and hand it to the judge of election The judge of election shall place all such envelopes in a container marked "Official Military Ballots" which shall be sealed immediately upon the closing of the polls and transmitted to the county board of election

(d) Each district election board shall prepare a separate list of the names of all such voters which shall be attached to the lists of voters required by the act to which this is an amendment

(e) Each county board of election shall prepare and deliver to each district election board on such election days an adequate supply of official ballots envelopes and other supplies as required by this act

(f) Each county board of election before the day fixed by this act for the convassing of official ballots shall post attached to the "Military File" an alphabetically arranged list setting forth the name residence the local voting district and ward of every military elector voting under the provisions of this section The list shall not contain the elector's military address or military organization Copies

of such list may be furnished as in the case of copies of the military file

Section 1308 Canvassing of Official Military Ballots—(a) The county boards of election upon receipt of official military ballots in such envelopes shall safely keep the same until they meet to canvass official military ballots which canvass shall begin immediately following the official civilian canvass for all primary elections After the November election the canvass of official military ballots shall begin at ten o'clock A M Eastern Standard Time on the second Friday following the election No such ballots shall be counted which are received in their offices later than ten o'clock A. M. Eastern Standard Time of the second Friday following the primary election or the November election At such time the members of the return boards or the county boards of election shall in person dispose of official military ballots in the manner hereinafter set forth The county boards of election may designate a sufficient number of clerks to perform such duties When it is determined that clerks shall be appointed the total number shall in every case be in multiples of three and each member of a county board of election shall appoint an equal number thereof

(b) Each candidate for nomination or election shall be entitled to appoint one watcher and such political party or body which has nominated candidates shall be entitled to appoint three watchers Watchers shall be permitted to be present when the envelopes containing official military ballots are opened and when such ballots are counted and recorded

(c) In disposing of an official military ballot the county return board or the county board of election shall examine the affidavit and jurat and if the jurat bears a date later than the date of the election the envelope shall be set aside unopened

(d) The board shall then further examine the affidavit and jurat of each envelope not so set aside and shall compare the information thereon with that contained in the military file If the board is satisfied that the affidavit and jurat are sufficient and that the elector has qualified and the board has utilized the informatio ncontained in the military file to verify his right to vote, the board shall announced the name of the elector and shall give any person present an opportunity to challenge in like manner and for the same cause except failure to register or enroll as the elector could have been challenged had he presented himself in his own district to vote other than by official military ballot If no challenges are sustained the board shall open the envelope in such manner as not to destroy the affidavit and jurat printed thereon All envelopes on which are printed stamped or endorsed the words "Official Military Ballot" shall be placed in one or more depositories at one time and said depository or depositories well shaken and the envelopes mixed before any envelope is taken therefrom The board shall then break th seals of such nveloeps remove the ballots and record the votes in the same manner as district election officers are required to record votes Upon completion of the computation of the returns of the county the votes cast upon the official military ballots shall be added to the other votes cast within the county

Section 1309 Public Records—All official military ballots military files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public records and shall be safely kept for a period of two years except that no information shall be made public which is expressly forbidden by the War Department because of military security

ARTICLE XIII-A

Voting By Bedridden Or Hospitalized Veterans

Section 1301-A Qualified Electors who are Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans—Any qualified elector who is bedridden or hospitalized due to illness or physical disability contracted or suffered in connection with or as a direct result of his military service may vote under the provisions of this act in any election held in this Commonwealth if he is unavoidably absent from the State or county of his residence regardless of whether he is registered or enrolled

Section 1302-A Applications for Veterans' Official Ballots—(a) Any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran may apply at any time before any election for a veterans' official ballot by post card letter or other writing addressed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the county board of elections of the county in which his voting residence is located

(b) The application shall contain the following information Residence at the time of becoming bedridden or hospitalized length of time a citizen length of residence in Pennsylvania date of birth length of time a resident in voting district party choice in case of primary name and address of present residence or hospital at which hospitalized When such application is received by the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be forwarded to the proper county board of election

(c) The application for a veterans' official ballot in any election may be made or information supplied over the signature of any person who is familiar with the voting qualifications of the bedridden or hospitalized veteran as required in the preceding subsection

(d) The various county boards of election upon receipt of any application shall ascertain from the information on such application district register or from any other source that such applicant possessed all the qualifications of a qualified elector other than being registered or enrolled

Section 1303-A Veterans' Official Ballots (a) Ballots for use by such veteran electors under the provisions of this act shall be prepared sufficiently in advance by the county boards of election and shall be distributed by such boards as hereinafter provided Such ballots shall be marked "Veterans' Official Ballot" but shall not be numbered and shall otherwise be in substantially the form for ballots required by article ten of this act which form shall be determined and prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth

(b) In cases where there is not time in the opinion of the county boards of election to print on said ballots the names of the various candidates for district county and local offices the ballots shall contain blank spaces only under the titles of such office in which electors may insert the names of the candidates for whom they desire to vote in in such cases the county boards of election shall furnish to electors lists containing the names of all the candidates who have been reguarly nominated under the provisions of this act for the use of such electors in preparing their ballots

Section 1304-A Envelopes for Veterans' Official Ballots The county boards of election shall provide two additional envelopes for each veterans' official ballot of such size and shape as shell be prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in order to permit the placing of one within the other and both within the mailing envelope On the smaller of the two envelopes to be enclosed in the mailing envelope shall b printed stamped or endorsed the words "Veterans' Official Ballot" and nothing lse On the larger of the two envelopes to be enclosed within the mailing envelope shall be printed the affidavit of the elector together with the jurat of the person in whose presence the ballot is marked and before whom the affidavit is made and the name and address of the county board of election of the proper county Said affidavit jurat and envelope shall be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall contain among other things a statement of the electors qualifications The mailing envelope addressed to the elector shall contain the two envelopes the vetrans' official ballot lists of candidats when authorized by Section 1303-A of this act the uniform instructions in form and substances as prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and nothing else

Section 1305-A Duties of County Boards (a) The county boards of election shall at least twenty-five days prior to the election deliver or mail veterans' official ballots to all electors whose names and addresses have been ascertained as additional names and addresses of electors are ascertained the board shall deliver or mail veterans'

official ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours after ascertaining their names and addresses

(b) Each county board of election shall post in a conspicuous public place at its office a master list arranged alphabetically by election districts setting forth the name residence and local voting district or ward of every elector to whom a veterans' official ballot has been sent This list shall be known as the "Veterans' File" and shall be posted at least five days before the election day involved and shall also set forth the total number of such ballots prepared for use in such election Copies of such veterans' files shall be furnished upon request to the county chairman of each political party and political body and shall also be furnished to registration commissoins

Section 1306-A Voting by Bedridden or Hospitalized Veterans (a) At any time after receiving a veterans' official ballot but on or before the day of the election the elector for the purpose of voting may appear before any person of this or any other state or territory of the United States authorized to administer oaths by Federal State or Military laws The elector shall first display the ballot to such person as evidence that the same is unmarked and then shall proceed to mark the ballot with pencil crayon indelible pencil or ink in the presence of such person but in such manner that the person administering the oath is unable to see how the same is marked and then fold the ballot enclose and securely seal the same in th envelop on which is printed stampd or endorsed "Veterans' Official Ballot" This envelope shall then be placed in the second one on which is printed the affidavit of the elector the jurat of the persno before whom the elector appears and the address of the elector's county board of election The elector shall then fill out subscribe and swear to the affidavit printed on such envelope and the jurat shall be subscribed and dated by the person before whom the affidavit was taken Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail to said county board of election

Section 1308-A Canvassing of Veterans' Official Ballot The county boards of election shall canvass the vote from the veterans' official ballots in substantially the same manner as set forth in Section 1308 of this act for the canvassing of official military ballots

Section 1309-A Public Records All veterans' official ballots veterans' files applications for such ballots and envelopes on which the jurats and affidavits appear and all information and lists are hereby designated and declared to be public recrods and shall be safely kept for a period of two years

Section 12 Article XIII of said act as added by the act approved the first day of August one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 672) which was temporarily repealed by the act approved the ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 29) is hereby repealed absolutely

All other acts or parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 13 Cities of the first class and counties are hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate the moneys necessary to carry out the provisions of this amendment

Section 14 The purpose of this amendment is to enable every qualified elector of this Commonwealth serving in the armed forces of the United States to vote whether or not such elector is absent on the designated election days from the election district in which he resides whether such person is within or without this Commonwealth or within or without the United States and to enable bedridden or hospitalized veterans to vote regardless of whether such person is registered or enrolled as a qualified elector and this amendment shall be liberally construed to effectuate such purpose

Section 15 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

which was returned from the House of Representatives

Said amendments having been twice read, and printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

SENATE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE HOUSE TO SENATE BILL No. 4.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do concur in the amendments made by the House to Senate Bill No. 4.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 77, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties" by changing the employer's right of subrogation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties" as last amended by the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 671) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 319 [Where the compensable injury is caused in whole or in part by the act or omission of a third party the employer shall be subrogated to the right of the employe his personal representative his estate or his

dependents against such third party for the balance of any sum recovered in litigation or paid in compromise settlement after subtraction of reasonable attorney's fees and other proper disbursements] Where a third person is liable to the employe or the dependents for the injury or death the employer shall be subrogated to the right of the employe or the dependents against such third person less reasonable attorney's fees and other proper disbursements but only to the extent of the compensation payable under this article by the employer Any recovery against such third person in excess of the compensation theretofore paid by the employer shall be paid forthwith to the employe or to the dependents and shall be treated as an advance payment by the employer on account of any future instalments of compensation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having vote "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined." by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to Consolidate, Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 83

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 83, passed second reading.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I voted with the majority.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I voted with the majority.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I desire to offer amendments to the bill.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. MALLERY offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1, page 2, line 1, by striking out the word and figure "Section 31" and inserting in lieu thereof "Sections 31 and 32." Amend Sec. 1, page 2, line 4, by striking out the word "is" and inserting in lieu thereof "are." Amend Bill, page 4, by inserting after line 5, the following:

Section 32. The courts of quarter sessions of the peace shall have jurisdiction and power within the respective counties—

I. To inquire, by the paths or affirmations of good and lawful men of the county, of all crimes, misdemeanors and offences whatsoever, against the laws of this commonwealth, which shall be triable in the respective county.

II. To inquire of, hear, determine and punish, in due form of law, all such crimes and misdemeanors including involuntary manslaughter when such crime is the only homicide with which a person is charged, and offences, whereof exclusive jurisdiction is not given, as aforesaid, to the courts of oyer and terminer of such county.

III. To take, in the name of the commonwealth, all manner of recognizances and obligations heretofore taken and allowed to be taken by any justice of the peace; and they shall certify such as shall be taken, in relation to any crime not triable therein, to the next court of oyer and terminer having power to take cognizance thereof.

IV. To continue, or discharge the recognizance and obligations of persons bound to keep the peace, or to be of good behavious, taken as aforesaid, or certified into such court by any justice of the peace of such county, and to inquire of, hear and determine, in the manner hitherto practiced and allowed, all complaints which shall be found thereon.

V. The courts of quarter sessions shall also have jurisdiction in cases of fines, penalties, or punishments, imposed by any act of assembly, for offences, misdemeanors or delinquencies, except where it shall be otherwise expressly provided and enacted.

VI. The said courts shall also have and exercise such other jurisdiction and powers, not herein enumerated, as may have been heretofore given to them by law.

Whenever any indictment shall be found in any court of quarter sessions, for any crime or offence not triable therein, it shall be the duty of said court to certify the same into the court of oyer and terminer next to be holden in such county, there to be heard and determined in due course of law.

The judges of the county courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, and every of them, shall have power to direct their writs or precepts to all or any of the sheriffs or other officers of any of the counties, cities, boroughs or towns corporate of this commonwealth, to arrest and bring before them persons indicted for felonies and other offences, and amendable to the respective court; each of said courts shall have power to award process to levy and recover such fines, forfeitures and amercements, as shall be imposed, taxed or adjudged by them respectively; each of the said courts shall have full power and authority to establish such rules for regulating the practice thereof respectively, and for expediting the determination of suits, causes and proceedings therein, as in their discretion they shall judge necessary or proper: Provided, That such rules shall not be inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this commonwealth; each of the said courts is empowered to issue writs of subpoena, under their official seal, into any county of this commonwealth, to summon and bring before the respective court any person to give testimony in any cause or matter depending before them, under the penalties hitherto appointed and allowed, in any such case, by the laws of this commonwealth.

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. MALLERY offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 1, line 1, by striking out the word and figure "Section 31" and inserting in lieu thereof "Sections 31 and 32."

It was agreed to

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 83, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, as follows:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" are hereby amended to read as follows

An Act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties

Section 5 The Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police or any sheriff police officer or constable shall seize take remove or cause to be removed at the expense of the owner all stocks of fireworks or combustibles offered or exposed for sale stored or held in violations of this act

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Offic
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

Agreeable to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 151, as follows:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of approriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty building or real estate

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency theref including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth of any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" as last amended by the act approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 261) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1403 Protection of Commonwealth's Tax Claims in Case of Bulk Sales or Sales of Real Estate or Auction Sales (a) Every corporation joint-stock association limited partnership or company which shall sell or transfer in bulk fifty-one per centum or more of any stock of goods wares or merchandise of any kind fixtures machinery equipment buildings or real estate shall give the Department of Revenue ten days' notice of the sale or transfer prior to the completion of the transfer of such property It shall also be the duty of every corporation joint-stock association limited partnership or company to file all State tax reports with the Department of Revenue to the date of such proposed transfer of property and pay all taxes due the Commonwealth to said date The seller or transferer shall present to the purchaser of such property a certificate from the Department of Revenue showing that all State tax reports have been filed and all State taxes paid to the date of the proposed transfer The failure of the purchaser to require this certificate shall render such purchaser liable to the Commonwealth for the unpaid taxes owing by the seller or transferer to the date of such transfer whether or not at that time such taxes have been settled assessed or determined Provided That nothing contained in this act shall apply to sales or transfers made under any order of court or to any sales or transfers made by assignees for the benefit of creditors executors administrators receivers or any public officer in his official capacity or by any officer of a court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Blass,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Byrne,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Wade,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Presiding Officer
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have been requested, in order to get House Bill No. 1 which is the major bill in

the Civil Defense Program and which was just passed by the House late last week and sent to the Senate, in order to get it on the Calendar and have the complete program before us, I have been requested to have House Bill No. 2, House Bill No. 3 and House Bill No. 4 go over in their order, therefore, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 2, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled as amended "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 3, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 4, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land stiuate in the City of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

The first section was read and agreed to.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WOOD offered the following amendment:

Amend page 2 by inserting between lines 14 and 15 the following:

Section 3. All monies received from the sale of the land herein authorized shall be deposited in the Motor License Fund.

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The third section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WOOD offered the following amendment:

Amend page 2, line 15 by striking out the numeral "3" and inserting in lieu thereof the numeral 4.

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 200, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair wishes to thank Senator Taylor for the opportunity of presiding over this august body.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair wants to take this opportunity of thanking Senator Wade for the very marvelous job.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

BILL SIGNED

The President por tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further regulating elections, authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces or Merchant Marine of the United States or in organizations attached to or serving with such forces or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized

veterans; imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections, and election officers, chairmen of political parties, or committees, and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions; placing costs upon the Commonwealth, authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties; further regulating the last day for filing nomination petitions and nomination papers, the withdrawal of nominated candidates, the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections, the filing substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates, and the date of the primary election.

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 27, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 7:53 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, February 27, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, February 26, 1951.

The House met at 4:30 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

O God, holy and just, who exalteth a nation that follows the way of righteousness, we pray for our land and people that we may become worthy of Thy gracious favor. Deliver us from greed of gain, from race and class prejudice and ill-will, from all causes of discontent and strife; and inspire in us, we beseech Thee, such love of our neighbor and concern for one another's welfare that we shall work together with one heart and will to secure equality of opportunity and due reward for all. Through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, February 21, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

COMMUNICATION

DEPARTMENT OF STATE—SOUTH DAKOTA

The SPEAKER laid before the House Concurrent Resolution No. 4 introduced in the Legislature of South Dakota relating to military service of all qualified citizens without regard for race, creed or color.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

REPORT OF DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission for 1950.

(For Report see Appendix)

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Bolton for Messrs. LAFORE and KRATZ for the remainder of the week because of illness.

Mr. Wood for Mr. ROYER for the remainder of the week because of illness.

Mr. Scanlon for Mr. GUARNIERI for the remainder of the week because of illness.

Mr. Rose for Mr. ROSEN for the remainder of the week because of illness.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I have always been instructed by our very good Parliamentarian to address the Chair and say "Mr. Speaker." But I feel on this occasion that I am going to bypass the Chair and address the Members of the House.

I believe the Chair probably has more of the details and knows more about the details of what I am going to say than anyone in this House. So in that respect I am going to break protocol.

Most of the Members I am sure received a cigar today in their mail box. Now I don't know who would be giving cigars out around here except someone who might have become a father, and for the information of the Members of the House our Speaker recently again came into that category. That is the reason I say that I am sure he knows more about the details of this resolution than anybody here.

I don't know what he has put in the mail boxes of the lady Members, and I don't know what he has put in the mail box of the Minority Leader, but this becoming a father with Mr. Sorg has happened in the past and when it has we have had complaints from the other side of the House, particularly from the Minority Leader, who claimed that he did not smoke cigars and he has always said tobacco is what he uses in his pipe. Now I don't know, and I mean this, whether the Speaker has had the foresight to take care of that situation, so I went out myself in order that the Minority Leader could not complain and I have two packages of tobacco for Mr. Sorg to present to the Minority Leader. For this reason I would like to offer a resolution and two packages of tobacco.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, . . .

The SPEAKER. For what purpose does the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, rise?

Mr. ANDREWS. To bypass the Speaker, . . .

The SPEAKER. The Speaker dodges.

Mr. ANDREWS. . . . and to express a great sense of disillusionment.

I find upon my desk one package of tobacco. Then I find two packages of tobacco and I says "My God it's twins."

Now then the Majority Leader comes across with two more packages, . . . "it's quadruplets." So I congratulate the Speaker and I want the facts. Is it one, or is it two, or is it four.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, has another pack of tobacco coming. It's No. 5.

RESOLUTION

CONGRATULATIONS

Mr. SMITH offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 26, 1951.

On Saturday, February 24th, 1951, that busy bearer of good tidings brought into the family of our esteemed Speaker, a new daughter.

The petite new Sorg is extremely fortunate, not only in having chosen a happy household, but also in having selected one where her mother and three sisters and brother have already solved that sometimes difficult problem of handling papa and brother; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Members of the House of Representatives hereby congratulate the Speaker and Mrs. Sorg on the birth of their daughter and the new-born child on her good judgment in her choice of parents. We extend to her good wishes and good fortune throughout her life; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution, certified by the Chief Clerk, be transmitted to the Honorable and Mrs. Herbert P. Sorg.

The CHIEF CLERK presiding.

On the question recurring,
Will the House adopt the resolution?
It was unanimously adopted.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. On behalf of the new-born, her mother and the Chair, the Chair extends its heartiest thanks for the good wishes of the Members of the House.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:
Senate Bill for concurrence, No. 99.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5 entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferenes with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of, and to add Section 2802-A to, the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Historical Preservation Fund; providing for the payment of certain moneys into it; and making an appropriation therefor.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and coneration of House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land, buildings and appurtenances, located in the Township of Manheim, Lancaster County, and certain personal property therein; and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act relating to the care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons adjudged sexual psychopaths; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto, governing the examination, detention, hearing, commitment and discharge of persons so afflicted; and providing for certain exemptions; payment of maintenance and reimbursement in such cases.

The first section was read.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill

be recommitted to the Committee on Welfare for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act relating to the examination, detention, hearing, commitment, care, treatment, rehabilitation, probation and discharge of any person who is not insane, but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior, or who lacks the customary standards of judgment, self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts, or who combines any one or more of such conditions, so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto: payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Welfare for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533), entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent," by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filing vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

And said bill having been read for the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 8.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bill numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 8.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. SARRAF asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Appropriations, Mr. Wood, Chairman, Room No. 245, during the recess.

Fisheries, Mr. Gibson, Chairman, Room No. 331, during the recess.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, first of all I would like to remind the Chairman of the Rules Committee that we have three meritorious resolutions pending in that Committee that deserve action.

First, I want to refer to the "sponsoritis" resolution. In that connection I would like to read a real letter from a real payroller. The letter reads:

> "Your article in the local paper concerning what you term "sponsoritis" was interesting enough to me to draw a little fire. It is not denied by the writer that "sponsoritis" is existing in our state government, but generally speaking, and as it is in this case, the barrel of apples will spoil faster by not picking out the worst ones than by waiting until they all rot. And you generally start picking out the bad ones from the top of the barrel.
>
> "Apparently you are not familiar what the State Government has for Bureau Directors—this is where your padded payrolls are manifested. Salaries of $5,000 per annum and up are being paid to Bureau heads and section heads, who are absolutely incompetent of holding such positions. They either have newspaper jobs (reading newspapers practically all day) or they're not even at their offices, or when they are on the job they do not have the intellect or know-how of directing. In other words, they have not acquired their positions by being apt individuals, but have acquired their position through politics, or "sponsoritis."
>
> I suggest your proposed efficiency check be accentuated by especially directing it to bureau heads; for that is where the root of the trouble is buried. Eventually or even promptly a civil service system should be installed, * * *"

I can state to the House, as the Chairman of the Rules Committee probably knows, there are bureau heads and deputies in Departments who have not during the past year rendered one single act of servie, and one Department that should be immune to that sort of thing is the Department that deals with public health. I suggest, in view of the fact that there are deputies on the payroll who are purely political, who are not even required to report for service, something should be done about it.

Now that we are entering an era of economy, and we are—the prospect of increased taxes—we can do something constructive in the way of acquiring a larger degree of service from those we put upon the payroll.

Second, I think this House should know that one resolution asks how much money in terms of federal money, available for the state of Pennsylvania since 1939, has not, for one reason or another, been used by the Commonwealth. I think I stated at the time the resolution was introduced that probably the Commonwealth since 1939 had not availed itself of a sum totalling at leas twenty-five million dollars. There may have been very good reasons why the state did not avail itself of some of that money, but in view of the financial situation that confronts the Commonwealth, I think this House is entitled to know the facts in order that it may take intelligent action.

The third Resolution had to do with requiring certain information from the head of the Department of Forest and Waters. I am not surprised that the Committee has not been able to act in that connection, beause if a Committee was able to obtain any information from the Head of the Department of Forest and Waters, it would be the only part of our State Government that had been able to obtain any such information. There are various expenditures made by the Department of Forests and Waters that could properly be given the scrutiny of this body. The question of whether the expenditures were or were not advisable or whether they were legal or illegal—if the Committee is not able to obtain from the Department of Forests and Waters the information desired, the Committee, I believe, should so report.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman from Cambria well knows, under the rules of the House we cannot divulge on the floor of this House anything that happens in committees. But as Chairman of the Rules Committee, let me assure him of one thing—that these three Resolutions which the gentleman is now speaking about—will be and are being given every consideration, and I can assure him that will be done.

INTERROGATION

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I ask permission to interrogate the Majority Leader.

The SPEAKER. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, could I ask him one question—when?

The Majority Leader said that the Resolution would be given due consideration. Is that a continuing process or will there be a terminal date for the consideration, and if so, when?

Mr. SMITH. Well, Mr. Speaker, I can answer that by saying that the gentlemen well knows the workings of Committees. So, I would say that it will not be continuing. We will still give it due consideration in its process when it comes up to us.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I think the situation is perfectly plain. I don't expect any report from the Committee, but I do insist that the problems discussed in the Resolutions are problems that this House cannot ignore, irrespective of Committee action.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for twenty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WHEELER, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

Mr. BOWER from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. ROVANSEK asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. READINGER asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. WACHHAUS asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. SCOTT asked and obtained unanimous consent to add two additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

City and County—First Class, Mr. Tahl, Chairman, Room No. 521, Tuesday, February 27 at 10:30 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room No. 520, Tuesday, February 27 at 10:30 a. m.

Public Health and Sanitation, Mr. Frost, Chairman, Room No. 329, Tuesday, February 27 at 10:00 a. m.

Townships, Mr. Reagan, Chairman, Room No. 522, Tuesday, February 27, at 10:00 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, February 27, 1951, at 11:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:05 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

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Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1951. No. 15.

SENATE

TUESDAY, February 27, 1951.

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. ALFRED L. TAXIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, at last we have come to understand what is wrong with the world. It is the sum total of what is wrong with us individually. We know what to do but we don't want to do it. Thy help is our only hope. Make us want to do what is right and give us the courage to do it. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. MALLERY, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. Walker asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. KEPHART, because of illness.

STUDENTS OF WEST READING HIGH SCHOOL PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. RUTH. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I would like to present from the balcony a group of students from the West Reading High School, under the leadership of Mrs. Gresh, Mrs. Bolden and Mr. Shalters.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair takes this opportunity of welcoming the students of the West Reading High School and we hope you will enjoy yourselves with us. Watch Senator Ruth and maybe one of you some day will succeed him and if you move to Dauphin County, maybe one of you will succeed me. It is nice having you with us.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for fifteen minutes, in order to permit a meeting of the Committee on Law and Order and also a meeting of the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER (James S. Berger) in the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

STUDENTS OF LANCASTER MENNONITE SCHOOL PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. KESSLER. Mr. President, I would like to present to the Senate a group of sixty-four senior students from the Lancaster Mennonite School, brought here by Mr. Good, the Dean, and Mr. Kraybill, an instructor. They are seated in the balcony.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair welcomes the students from the Lancaster Mennonite School, and we hope they will enjoy their visit to the Senate of Pennsylvania.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Reresentatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, February 26, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352), entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration, operation, and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River, and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into

an agreement with the State of New Jersey; creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenue derived from tolls collected at such bridges; transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State of New Jersey, amending the agreement entitled, "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties," as hertofore amended; to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, improvement, maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River, including approach highways; the financing thereof and the fixing, charging and collecting of tolls for the use of such bridges.

Mr. ROBINSON, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 192, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

Mr. FREED, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

Mr. FLEMING, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by prohibiting certain acts relating to hunting trapping and the discharge of weapons in cemeteries and burial grounds.

Mr. WAGNER, from the Committee on Law and Order, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto regulating and restricting the manufacture purchase sale possession consumption importation transportation furnishing holding in bond holding in storage traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

Mr. RUTH, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game.

Mr. PECHAN, from the Committee on State Government reported as committed, House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

Mr. CROWE, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

Mr. HOLLAND, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

He also, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautic, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

He also, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

STUDENTS OF WEST YORK HIGH SCHOOL PRESENTED to SENATE

Mr. LEADER. Mr. President, I would like to announce the presence of a very fine group of students from West York High School, in York County, Pennsylvania, under the supervision of Mr. Martin and Mr. Wise.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senate is very happy to welcome the students of the West York High School and their instructors, Mr. Martin and Mr. Wise. We hope you will enjoy your visit.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1412 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards, and commissions shall be determined," by setting forth the duties of the Deputy Adjutant General in charge of Veterans' Affairs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics.

Mr. PECHIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 265, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (a) of section one thousand one hundred seventy-six of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for military leaves for employes of school districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 266, entitled:

An Act providing for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the state and local governments under the old-age and survivors insurance provisions of Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended; making an appropriation and repealing inconsistent acts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 267, entitled:

An Act providing for the determination and effect of comparative negligence in actions of tort and providing that contributory negligence shall not bar recovery.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. RUTH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. RUTH. Mr. President, in recent years events have taken place, one of which I am convinced in the future will rate as the outstanding event of our time, and that is the establishment of the State of Israel.

This week the Embassador Extraordinary of Israel will be visiting Harrisburg and on behalf of Senator Chapman and myself, I present the following resolution and move its immediate adoption.

RESOLUTION

WELCOMING AMBASSADOR ABBA EBAN TO THE CITY OF HARRISBURG

Messrs. RUTH and CHAPMAN, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, Tuesday, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, the emergence of the State of Israel is the harbinger of a new-era in the heretofore desolated lands of the Fertile Crescent on the fringe of the Arabian Desert and along the Mediterranean Sea, and

Whereas, the establishment of the State of Israel represents the realization of millenial dreams of the Jewish People for the in-gathering in a state of their own of exiles scattered in the lands of the Diasporah, and

Whereas, the pioneering Spirit of the inhabitants of the State of Israel in vanquishing the desert and restoring to this ancient land its pristine fertility and bloom offers a definite affinity to the pioneering era in the history of our nation, and

Whereas, as a Bastion of Democracy on the fringe of chaos the State of Israel is of great service to the United States and to the United Nations as a bridgehead of order and civilization, and

Whereas, the help and succor extended by the American People to this fledgeling state in its formative days and trying pangs of birth forged everlasting links of solidarity and mutual understanding, and

Whereas, the American People follow with great admiration the rapid and unprecedented political, cultural and economic progress of the New State and the absorption therein of hundreds of thousands of refugees saved from annihilation in the Vales of Death of Eastern Europe and the degrading casbas of Arab Lands, and

Whereas, Abba Eban Ambassador Extraordinary of Israel to the United States and its delegate at the United Nations is recognized as one of the creative factors at Lake Success who contributes of his efforts and erudition in the councils of the United Nations, and

Whereas, His Excellency, Ambassador Abba Eban will visit Harrisburg on Sunday, March 4, 1951 in connection with a reception given in his honor

Now Therefore, be it resolved that the Senate of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania extend in behalf of

the citizenry of our Commonwealth, its welcome and greetings to the great guest

And Be It Further Resolved, that the Secretary of the Senate be directed to forward a copy of this resolution upon its passage to His Excellency, Ambassador Abba Eban.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

MEMORIALIZING CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO DESIGNATE A GRAVE OF ONE OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIERS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMY BURIED AT WASHINGTON CROSSING PARK IN BUCKS COUNTY AS TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER OF THE WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE

Mr. WATSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, A number of unknown soldiers of Washington's Continental Army are buried at Washington Crossing Park in Bucks County;

Whereas, Washington Crossing is associated with the famous Trenton-Princeton campaign, of which the historian Trevelyan wrote, "It may be doubted whether so small a number of men ever employed so short a space of time with greater and more lasting results upon the history of the world"; and

Whereas, These soldiers may have been participants in these first victories after independence was declared; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby requests the Congress of the United States to arrange for the designation of the grave of one of these unknown soldiers of the Continental Army, buried at Washington Crossing Park in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, as the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of the War for Independence; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Forests and Waters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby directed to beautify and improve whatever grave may be so designated in a suitable and appropriate manner.

Ordered, That the Clerk present same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEES

PENNSYLVANIA MOTOR POLICE BE URGED TO INCREASE THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE

Mr. WOOD on behalf of the great multitude of private motorists in Pennsylvania offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Highways:

In the Senate, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, The Motor Vehicle Code makes it illegal for the operator of any motor bus, commercial motor vehicle, truck tractor, or tractor, except those being part of a military convoy in the military service of the United States or this Commonwealth, to follow within five hundred feet of another such vehicle, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle, when traveling upon a highway outside of a business or residence district.

Whereas, The operators of motor buses and heavy trucks are wilfully, deliberately and recklessly violating this provision and the speed limitations of the Motor Vehicle Code with great danger and inconvenience to the private motorists of the highways of this Commonwealth and with a total disregard for their rights, comfort, safety and welfare,

Whereas, The vigorous enforcement of these provisions would improve highway safety, it is

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania Motor Police be urged to increase and intensify the enforcement of these provisions of the Motor Vehicle Code and to make every effort to see that offenders are prosecuted and punished as the law provides.

URGING THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS CONSULT AND COOPERATE WITH THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES TO STABILIZE AND SOLIDIFY UNIMPROVED ROADS IN PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. LEADER offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Highways:

In the Senate, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, This Commonwealth has 141,033 miles of improved and unimproved highways; and

Whereas, There are in this Commonwealth 33,619 miles of unimproved or dirt highways and roads; and

Whereas, The maintenance of good transportation routes is essential to the welfare of the State and the the necessity for excellent highways becomes even more apparent during a period of national emergency; and

Whereas, Unimproved roads and highways, with their uncertain surface during inclement weather tend to reduce appreciably their usefulness to the highway system. Hence, methods for hardening the surface of dirt roads are worthy of favorable consideration; and

Whereas, The United States Government, through research conducted by the Armed Forces, has made great technological strides in developing methods and proccesses for solidifying and stabilizing unimproved roads; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Department of Highways undertake investigation and research work with a view to stabilize and solidify the dirt roads of Pennsylvania; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Highways consult and cooperate with the Armed Forces of the United States, if not inconsistent with national security, for the purpose of stabilizing and solidifying unimproved roads in Pennsylvania.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate A. Harry Clayton, 197 West Court Street, Doylestown, Bucks County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Leonard J. Parsons, 474 Summit Drive, Mt. Lebanon, Allegheny County, for appointment as Workmen's Compensation Referee, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

MAGISTRATE OF COURT No. 9, CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Stanley M. Bednarek, 2607 East Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, for appointment as Magistrate of Court No. 9 in and for the City of Philadelphia, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Fred Schwartz, Jr., deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBERS OF THE ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Arthur D. Kemp, Yeadon, Delaware County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Charles L. Supplee, Lancaster, Lancaster County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Robert M. Vail, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Raymond E. Goodrige, Washington, Washington County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Edward J. Stackpole, Dauphin, whose term expired.

MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY ADVISORY COMMISSION

Milton G. Baker, Wayne, Delaware County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Albert H. Stackpole, Clarks Valley, Dauphin, Dauphin County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Richard K. Mellon, Ligonier, Westmoreland County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

Vincent A. Carroll, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, from July 7, 1950, until terminated.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE VETERANS' COMMISSION

Louis G. Fellmann, Hazelton, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph S. McCracken, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Henry J. Mahady, Latrobe, Westmoreland County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Fred Adams, Kingston, Luzerne County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Michael A. Hally, Mildred, Sullivan County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Leon Sacks, Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice William Ellis Zimmerman, Lansdale, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commoncealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John R. Mitchell, Box 305, Delmont, Westmoreland County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of New Salem, Westmoreland County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR DEFECTIVE DELINQUENTS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles J. McGee, Saxton, Bedford County, for appointment as a Member of the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Institution for Defective Delinquents, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF COUNTY BOARDS OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of County Boards of Assistance:

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Harry E. Flory (Republican), 325 Market Street, Bangor, Northampton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

Hillard A. Miller (Republican), Miller Manor, Northampton, Northampton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

PIKE COUNTY

Mrs. Caroline Ott (Republican), Lackawaxen, Pike County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Dorette Gumble, Paupack, whose term expired.

Andy Spotts (Republican), Milford, Pike County, to serve until December 31, 1951, and until his succsesor is duly appointed and qualified, vice George V. Thompson, Milford, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EMBREEVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mr. Lillian W. Hanna, 316 Maple Avenue, Swarthmore, Delaware County, for appointment as a Member of the Board of Trustees of Embreeville State Hospital, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Marvin J. Rothrock, Bellefonte, Centre County, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified, vice William P. Sieg, Bellefonte, deceased.

MEMBER OF THE SANITARY WATER BOARD

F. M. Geer, North Warren, Warren County, to serve until the 3d Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified. (Reappointment)

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF KUTZTOWN STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Elroy P. Master Berksveldt Farms, Robesonia, Berks County, to serve until the 3d Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Hanns Gramm, Wyomissing, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate H. Eugene Frey, 131 West Market Street, Hallam, York County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Hallam, York County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Mrs. Doris L. Davis, R. F. D. No. 4, Gettysburg, Adams County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Strabane, Adams County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice W. D. Brown, deceased.

Harry M. Broomall, Sr., 106 Printz Avenue, Norwood, Delaware County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Norwood, Delaware County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Raymour H. LeNoir, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Darrell C. Jones, 371 Main Street, Leechburg, Armstrong County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Leechburg, Armstrong County, until the first Monday of January, 1952, vice Stanley M. Wray, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Jefferson County Board of Assistance:

Ben W. Irvin (Republican), Big Run, to serve until December 31, 1953. (Reappointment)

Miss Ruth Hamill (Republican), Corner Penn and Union Streets, Punxsutawney, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Mrs. Sara N. Blake (Republican), 287 Western Avenue, Brookville, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

E. E. Deible (Democrat), 418 Grant Street, Reynoldsville, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

William J. Mosier (Republican), Anita, to serve until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. CROWE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,

Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Berger,
Haluska,			Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL No. 3 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

RULE 21 SUSPENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Rule 21, which requires amended bills to be noted on the Calendar, be in this case dispensed with, and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the amendments made by the House of Representatives to the foregoing bill.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE AMENDMENTS

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau; and making appropriations.

which was returned from the House of Representatives with amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 1, page 2, line 2, by striking out after the figure (9) and before the figure (10), the word and; Amend Section 1, page 2, line 2, by inserting after the figure (10) and before the word "of", the following: "and (12)"; Amend Section 2, page 11, line 17, by striking out the left-faced bracket after the word "message", and before the word "clerk"; Amend Section 2, page 11, line 17, by inserting after the word "clerk" and before the word "to", the following: "] Administrative Assistant"; Amend Section 2, page 12, line 10, by striking out the left-faced bracket after the word "message", and before the word "clerk"; Amend Section 2, page 12, line 10, by inserting after the word "clerk" and before the word "to", the following: "] Administrative Assistant"; Amend Section 2, page 13, line 11, by striking out after the left-faced bracket and before the word "Sergeants" the following: "Fourteen" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "Sixteen"; Amend Section 2, page 13, line 17, by striking out after the left-faced bracket and before the word "Document", the following: "Fourteen" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "sixteen"; Amend Section 2, page 14, by inserting between lines 2 and 3, the following:

* * * * *

(12) [seven] ten mailing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be named by the Chief Clerk as supervisor and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

Amend Section 2, page 16, by inserting between lines 14 and 15, the following: "(13.1) one supervising stenographer at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)"; Amend Section 2, page 17, line 1, by inserting a right-faced bracket after the word "of" and before the word "eleven"; Amend Section 2, page 17, line 2, by inserting after the figure "($11)", the following: "] fifteen dollars ($15)"; Amend Section 2, page 17, by inserting between lines 17 and 18, the following: "(23) one library clerk at an annual salary of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3200)"; Amend Section 2, page 18, line 7, by inserting a right-faced bracket after the word "One" and before the word "Messenger"; Amend Section 2, page 18, line 7, by inserting after the word "messenger" and before the word "at", the following: "] clerk"; Amend Section 2, page 18, line 8, by striking out after the left-faced bracket, the following: "two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "three thousand dollars ($3000)"; Amend Section 2, page 18, line 16, by inserting after the word "One" and before the word "Majority", a right-faced bracket; Amend Section 2, page 18, line 16, by inserting after the word "Clerk" and before the word "at", the following: "] Administrative Assistant"; Amend Section 2, page 19, line 8, by inserting after the word "One" and before the word "Minority", a right-faced bracket; Amend Section 2, page 19, line 8, by inserting after the word "Clerk" and before the word "at", the following: "] Administrative Assistant"; Amend Section 3, page 21, lines 14 and 15, by striking out after the word "of" in line 14, the following: "twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)" and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: "Thirty-five Thousand Dollars ($35,000)".

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

SENATE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE HOUSE TO SENATE BILL No. 3

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do concur in the amendments made by the House to Senate Bill No. 3.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Berger,
Haluska,			Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32), entitled "The Sabotage Prevention Act," by amending section two relating to penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of section 2801-A of, and to add Section 2802-A, the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "Administrative Code of 1929," by creating the Historical Preservation Fund; providing for the payment of certain moneys into it; and making an appropriation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of section 302 and sections 307 and 1501 of he act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "Fiscal Code," by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth certain land buildings and appurtenances located in the Township of Manheim Lancaster County and certain personal property therein making an appropriation

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533) entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "The Penal Code," providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "First Class City Home Rule Act," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldier Orphans' School" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand

nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

And said bill having been read at length the second time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

MOTION TO RECOMMIT FOR PUBLIC HEARING

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I move that House Bills No. 2, 3 and 4 be recommitted to the Committee on State Government for public hearing.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, in discussing House Bills Nos. 2, 3 and 4, I would like to advise the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that it is our intention to put those bills over in order so that House Bill No. 1, which was reported from the Senate Committee on State Government today, can catch up on Monday's calendar, at which time the entire civil defense program can be discussed.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, thank you, and I would like to request at this time that the Majority Leader give consideration in his Caucus to having a public hearing on House Bill Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 at the earliest possible date.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I assure the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that I will be glad to discuss that matter in the Republican Caucus. If there has been information come to the gentleman from Allegheny in the form of a request for a public hearing, it evidently was not channeled through the Chairman of the Committee, who up to this point has had no request at all for any hearings on the bill. These are House Bills and are sponsored by the Republican Floor Leader in the House and the Democratic Floor Leader in the House, and the whole time they were in the House there was no request for a public hearing, but I will be glad to discuss the matter with the Republican Caucus, and if the gentleman has requests for hearings, I would suggest that he turn them over to the Chairman of the Committee so that they can be properly channeled.

In the meantime, Mr. President, the bills will remain on the Second Reading Calendar so that we can have the complete defense program before us and feel well defended.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I have talked to Senator Holland about this. It is not exactly a request as such by the public or by any individual, but the fact that we have received communications in the last weekend or the last day or so and there seems to be a great deal of misunderstanding and confusion about this legislation.

I think that of all the bills that we will pass in this whole Session of the Legislature, the most extraordinary bill and the most extraordinary act of the Legislature will be that dealing with civilian defense because most legislation deals with a determinate factor. This is an indeterminate factor with unlimited possibilities. The extent to which this legislation may reach cannot even be imagined by any person on this floor, and I seriously suggest, without waiting for any caucus of any kind, that we ought to agree here and now to issue a call for a public hearing. Rather than have the people ask us for a public hearing, let us ask the people to come here to a public hearing so that we may not be condemned more than we are going to be condemned for this action because no matter what kind of a bill we pass, I am sure there is going to be some condemnation. I do not mind that at all but I do think, Senator Walker, that we ought to do something about getting some publicity on this matter since the real gains of this legislation and the real aims of it are for a state of mind of the people and we cannot legislate that. We have got to create it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I appreciate the remarks of the gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, and the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, and may I say in explanation to the gentlemen of the Senate that after the session last Wednesday when House Bills No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 came on our calendar, I urged the gentlemen of the Senate to familiarize themselves with the bills during the weekend recess so that we could intelligently discuss them.

Mr. President, House Bill No. 1, which is the bill creating the Civil Defense Council, was still in the House and did not come over to the Senate until the first of this week. It is now on our calendar and will be on Monday's Second Reading Calendar, together with the rest of these civilian defense bills.

Again, Mr. President, I would like to urge the gentlemen of the Senate to study this entire civilian defense program, which will be House Bills No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4, so that we can thoroughly understand them and see whether or not we are doing the things that should be done in order to give Pennsylvania a civil defense program after the General Assembly adjourns sine die.

Now, Mr. President, I say to the gentlemen of the Senate, let us consider the material in the bills themselves. The question of the operation of a civil defense unit, after it has been created, is a responsibility of those who will be members of the Civil Defense Council under House Bill No. 1. Without attempting to predetermine any crystallization or conclusions which might arise in the minds of the gentlemen of the Senate, may I say that the employment of a Director of Civil Defense and the setup of the personnel of the Civil Defense Council will be entirely in the hands of the Civil Defense Council itself, which will be created by House Bill No. 1, and which will have the benefit of having as members of that Council the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, and the distinguished gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Hiram Andrews, the Minority Leader of the House, and in the hands of two such capable public representatives I know we will be guided correctly.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, that was a very nice talk, but there are ten members on this committee and he speaks about two. Now, there is a lot of confusion about this defense. There are people who know something about it and politicians are having a fight. That is exactly what is taking place in the creation of these bills.

Mr. President, I believe that the public should be enlightened by men who know something about civilian defense, and that the politicians after all should be taken here and see what they know about civilian defense.

Mr. President, I am not satisfied with the statement by the Majority Leader, because after it starts in action and we should have a great calamity, which God forbid that we have, then is not the time to say that the Senate of Pennsylvania made a mistake, and that is exactly what is occurring and there is no denial of it. There has been a fight between politicians and men who know something about civilian defense, men who have spent years in studying civilian defense, and by other people outside who have given a lot of time, men who have had experience in war and civilian defense, and I think it is about time that we have a public hearing and at least have the people have confidence that this civilian defense plan of ours is a plan that is going to give them help when help is needed, instead of giving jobs when jobs are needed.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I join with the gentleman from Allegheny in his determination to see that we have the best possible civilian defense setup that we, as Members of the General Assembly, can write into the statute books, and I want to say further to the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that it is not the desire or the intention, direct or implied, of either the Minority or Majority Side of this Chamber to make this a haven of refuge for any politicians. The best personnel that it is possible to obtain I am confident will be obtained by the members of the Council, as set up in House Bill No. 1.

Now, Mr. President, I do not want to discuss the merits of the bills inasmuch as we have put them over in order. I do not want to discuss the bills when they are on second reading, but I submit again, Mr. President, the entire defense program will be on our Second Reading Calendar as of Monday, and I again earnestly and respectfully suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate that they study these bills and discuss them with the people back home from the standpoint of the merit of the agenda in the bills, rather than from the standpoint of any notoriety that the bills might have acquired by reason of certain appointments that were made under the civil defense proclamation of the former Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, the Honorable James Henderson Duff.

Mr. President, may I say in passing that there is no State Council of Defense at this time. It is operating under the Act of 1942, and as the very learned gentleman on both sides of the aisle who are licensed to practice law would explain to the lay brothers, the Governor by proclamation cannot recreate this present Council which is now in vogue at this time.

Mr. President, what is being done in House Bills No.s 1, 2, 3 and 4 is an entirely new setup which will be in the hands of duly elected people, part of whom are Members of the House and of the Senate, and may I say in passing, and I know that the gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, as well as his distinguished colleague, Mr. Hiram Andrews, will appreciate the fact that they will have the benefit of the advice of the distinguished gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Taylor.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 2, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 3, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies

resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 4, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 83, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 31 and 32 of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427) entitled "An act to Consolidate Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings" by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 200, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the City of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

be recommitted to the Committee on State Government for the purpose of further study.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

BILL SIGNED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3), entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly; fixing the number, qualifications, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives; providing for their election or appointment, term of office, or of service, removal, and manner of filling vacancies; and making appropriations to the Senate, House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau," by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau; and making appropriations.

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 192, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the lay relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352), entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration, operation, and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River, and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with the State of New Jersey; creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenues derived from tolls collected at such bridges; transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State of New Jersey, amending the agreement entitled, "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties," as heretofore amended; to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, improvement, maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River, including approach highways; the financing thereof and the fixing, charging and collecting of tolls for the use of such bridges.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate procedeed to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possesion and transportation of big game.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled, "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure, and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, March 5, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:31 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, March 5, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, February 27, 1951

The House met at 11:00 a. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

We yield Thee our hearty thanks, O Lord our God, for Thy great goodness to us. Mercifully assist us in every duty each one of us has to do, and vouchsafe to be our Companion every day; that we may love Thy presence and walk in it vigilantly, and being delivered from all errors and adversities, may joyfully serve Thee in all godly quietness; and grant us Thy peace all the days of our life. We commend to Thy almighty care and protection Thy sick servants for whom our prayer is offered. Grant that they may be restored to that perfect health which is Thine alone to give, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal on Monday, February 26, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

PUPILS OF WEST YORK HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House a group of ninety-six pupils of the West York High School. They are accompanied by their teacher of History, Mr. J. W. Wise, and their Supervising Principal, A. H. Martin. They are the guests of the gentleman from York, Mr. Bear.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF THE NEXT MEEING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, February 26, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 5, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No.4.

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining memberships of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces of the United States or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No.4.

An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333) entitled "An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates primary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections" by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces of the United States or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.

HOUSE BILL No. 432.

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating

thereto," by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. COOPER. HOUSE BILL No. 433.

An Act to further amend sections 318 and 322 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending, and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by changing the amount of employes contributions to, and the retirement allowances from, the employes' retirement fund in counties of the second clas and authorizing such counties and county institution district to make additional appropriations to the aforesaid fund.

Referred to the Commitee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. COSTA, LOFTUS and McCORMACK. HOUSE BILL No. 434.

An Act regulating horse racing with wagering on the results thereof; providing for the licensing of race tracks, race horse owners, riders, trainers, stewards and officials for such racing; providing for revocation of such licenses and appeals therefrom; imposing license fees creating a departmental administrative commission within the Department of Agriculture and defining its powers and duties for the administration of this act; requiring the revenues accruing under this act to be paid into the General Fund of the State Treasury; imposing penalties; providing for a State-wide referendum to ascertain the will of the electors of the Commonwealth and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. COCHRAN. HOUSE BILL No. 435.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by eliminating the power of the board of assessment and revision to revise assessments made by the assessor except on appeals.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. COCHRAN. HOUSE BILL No. 436.

An Act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating The State Medical and Surgical Hospital Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, improve, equip, furnish, and operate projects, and to lease the same, and to fix fees, rentals and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds for said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to grant, asign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering the Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 437.

An Act to further amend subsection thirty of section twenty-three of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws two hundred fifty-two), entitled "An act to regulate and restrain and restrain the traffic in malt, brewed, and vinous and fruit juice beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license fees, and providing for collection and listribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon county treasurers, the Department of Revenue, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by making the cashing of Public Assistance checks by licensees of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board an unlawful act.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 438.

An Act to further amend subsection twenty-two of section six hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Special Session, P. L. 15), entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, importation, and use of certain alcoholic beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connections with, and transactions in such beverages by licensese and others; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of license fees; an dimposing penalties," by making the cashing of Public Assistance checks by licensees of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board an unlawful act.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 439.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties,' as reenacted and amended, providing for the payment of compensation to volunteer firemen or their dependents," by extending the provisions thereof to certain persons who

extinguish forest fires; and further defining compensation in the case of self employers.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. FILO. HOUSE BILL No. 440.

An Act to amend Article IV of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercises, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by requiring the periodic disinfection of street cars and buses.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. DOWLING and ZIEGLER.
HOUSE BILL No. 441.

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. VERONA, OLSEN and SARRAF.
HOUSE BILL No. 442.

An Act to amend section 1003 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by providing for hearings on proposed rate increases of common carriers in the place to be affected.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. JUMP and GUTENDORF.
HOUSE BILL No. 443.

An Act to further amend the ninth paragraph of Section 2 of the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging ni the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cesspools, in cities of the second class, second class A and third class and imposing fines, penalties and forfeiture for violation thereof," by increasing the annual re-registration fee to be paid by master plumbers, firms or corporations and journeyman plumbers.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. GUTENDORF, HARRY W. PRICE, JR. and JUMP. HOUSE BILL No. 444.

An Act to protect the blind and incapacitated pedestrians on public street and highways; requiring vehicles to come to a full stop in certain cases; restricting the use of certain colored canes by other pedestrians; and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. FLACK. HOUSE BILL No. 445.

An Act to amend Section 11 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, on thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1095) entitled "An act providing for the regulation of mining of anthracite coal by the open pit or strip mining method and for the conservation and improvement of lands affected directly or indirectly by such mining; requiring operators to register, pay a license fee and secure a permit to engage in strip mining and file a bond conditioned for compliance with this act; requiring backfilling of stripping pits and leveling and planting lands affected to prevent erosion and the pollution of waters and to protect public health, safety and welfare; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Mines and the Department of Forests and Waters; providing for appeals, and imposing penalties, and making appropriations," by clarifying the requirement for backfilling adjacent to highways.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. FLACK. HOUSE BILL No. 446.

An Act to further amend section 3 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 208), entitled "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs, and providing penalties for the violation thereof; defining the words "drug" and "poison"; and providing for the appointment of a board which shall have in charge the enforcement of said law, and the power to make rules and regulations fo rthe enforcement of said law; and providing for the purchase of samples of drugs for determining their quality, strength, and purity, "by requiring the State Board of Pharmacy to meet at least twice a year to conduct examinations of person applying for registration as pharmacists.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. VERONA and OLSEN. HOUSE BILL No. 447.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; sonferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulatio nof accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusiv power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by prospectively making rates charged certain school children by common carriers a classification subject to special rates and providing for the fixing thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mr. GUTENDORF. HOUSE BILL No. 448.

An Act to promote the industrial development of this Commonwealth, creating a State Industrial Development Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to guarantee bank loans to industrial enterprises; to establish or modernize such enterprises or to establish new enterprises or branches of existing industrial enterprises; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; prescribing the powers and duties of said Authority and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 449.

An Act to add Section 401.1 to the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by requiring a member of the House of Representatives on the board of trustees of all State institutions.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 450.

An Act to further amend Section 302 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing the granting of free licenses to residents over sixty-five years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 451.

An Act requiring the payment of additional costs by persons found guilty of any offense to which a penalty is attached; imposing duties on all magistrates and the clerk of all courts relative thereto, and providing for the disposition of funds so collected.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 452.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled, "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose, authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons, providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by establishing the amount of assistance to aged persons.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 453.

An Act to further amend section one thousand one hundred six of the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims, registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgeses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts, and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further regulating local traffic signs.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 454.

An Act to further amend Section 7 of the act, approved the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (1933-34 P. L. 223), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the World War, the war between the United States and Spain, the China Relief Expedition, or in the Philippines or Guam; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons, who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation; and repealing inconsistent legislation; and providing penalties," by reopening the time in which applications for payments may be received.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 455.

An Act to add section one thousand three hundred two point one to the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for reimbursement to fruit growers for damage done by deer.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Messrs. NAJAKA and KOHL. HOUSE BILL No. 456.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the purpose of building a front wing addition for the Nanticoke State Hospital at Nanticoke, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 457.

An Act to grant all teachers of this Commonwealth the privilege of engaging in other occupations during certain hours, notwithstanding the tenure provisions of existing law.

Referred to the Commitee on Education.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 458.

An Act creating a legislative commission to visit and investigate all State educational institutions for the purpose of determining whether or not students therein are being indoctrinated with communistic philosophies; prescribing its powers and duties, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 459

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for purpose of reimbursement between school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 460.

An Act to further amend Section 220 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing the granting of free licenses to residents over sixty-five years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 461.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure

for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing maximum and minimum rates, periods, total amounts and aggregate of compensation; prescribing additional coverages; increasing the periods in which claims may be made; and changing certain practice and procedure in compensation claims.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. MORAN and HUNTER.

HOUSE BILL No. 462.

An Act to further amend Sections 302, 303, and 304, of the act, approved the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 998), entitled "An act for the prevention and treatment of mental diseases, mental defect, epilepsy, and inebriety; regulating the admission and commitment of mental patients to hospitals for mental diseases and institutions for mental defectives and epileptics; governing the transfer, discharge, interstate rendition, and deportation of mental patients; providing for the payment by individuals, counties, or the Commonwealth of the cost of the admission, care, and discharge of mental patients; and imposing penalties," by further regulating admission or commitment of any mental patient to hospitals or institutions for such mental patients.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. PETA. HOUSE BILL No. 463.

An Act prohibiting the discharge by any hospital of any incurable patient when the expenses of caring for such patient are paid in full.

Referred to the Commitee on Welfare.

By Messrs. MAZZA and MIKULA.

HOUSE BILL No. 464.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry, the Workmen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medical board to determine controversial medical issues; establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," including all occupational diseases within its provisions; changing the maximum and minimum rates, total amounts and aggregate of compensation, increasing the period in which claims may be made, eliminating the medical board and placing its powers and duties upon the Workmen's Compensation Board, and changing certain practices and procedure in compensation claims.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. REAGAN, BOWER and FERSTER.

HOUSE BILL No. 465.

An Act providing for the payment of the interest and sinking fund charges, out of the Motor License Fund for bonds issued by the Commonwealth for the acquisition of toll bridges, and for the maintenance of such bridges as free bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 466.

An Act requiring cities of the first class to make annual appropriations to Firemen's Pension Funds.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class

By Messrs. MORAN and HUNTER.

HOUSE BILL No. 467.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article 9, Section 1 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania exempting certain homesteads from taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. MORAN and JENKINS.

HOUSE BILL No. 468.

An Act to further amend Section 201 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 853), entitled "An act relating to taxation; designating the subjects, property, and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for all local purposes; providing for and regulating the assesment and valuation of persons, property and subjects of taxation for county purposes, and for the use of those municipal and quasi-municipal corporations which levy their taxes on county assessments and valuations; amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto; and repealing existing laws," by making the real estate of public service companies subject to taxation and providing certain exceptions.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. READINGER, GUTENDORF and JUMP.

HOUSE BILL No. 469.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by increasing the minimum age for a learner's permit or operator's license except persons receiving instructions in the safe driving of motor vehicles in the public schools.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. MIKULA, READINGER, STANK and WACHHAUS. HOUSE BILL No. 470.

An Act to further amend clause (c) of section 9 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051), entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons

and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the others' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by increasing pensions for the blind.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. SCOTT, STIMMEL, Mrs. MARKLEY and Mr. JOHNSON. HOUSE BILL No. 471.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 1376 and subsection (b) of Section 1377 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by authorizing payments by the Commonwealth for tuition and maintenance at hearing centers, and for instruction of parents of certain deaf children in caring for such children.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ROBERT K. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 472.

An Act to further amend section eleven hundred twenty-two and to amend sections eleven hundred fifty-three and eleven hundred fifty-four of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further regulating causes of dismissal of professional employes and by further providing for leaves of absence for illness and other causes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. McNALLY and CORR (By Request). HOUSE BILL No. 473.

An Act to provide for the safety and to protect the health and morals of persons engaged in wrecking or demolition work prescribing certain regulations and restructions relative to the equipment apparatus devices and machinery used in connection therewith prescribing certain powers and duties of the Department of Labor and Industry and of employers and workers relative thereto and fixing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. FILO and BOIES. HOUSE BILL No. 474.

An Act authorizing the abandonment and sale of property purchased and used for any public purpose by a political subdivision out of funds provided by an increase of its indebtedness and the issuance of certificates of indebtedness; providing for the disposition of the funds realized from such sale.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. ROVANSEK and McDERMIT. HOUSE BILL No. 475.

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. ROVANSEK and McDERMIT. HOUSE BILL No. 476.

An Act making the office of the Secretary of Labor and Industry an elective office; providing for the election of such official at the next general election; prescribing the term of office and the salary thereof.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. PRICE. HOUSE BILL No. 477.

An Act to further amend section 302 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing residents over a certain age to obtain free licenses.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. HARRY W. PRICE, JR. HOUSE BILL No. 478.

An Act to further amend section 220 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes ad boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by providing for the issuing of lifelong free resident fishing licenses, to persons sixty-five years of age or over.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. HARRY W. PRICE, JR. HOUSE BILL No. 479.

An Act providing for the destruction and removal of houses condemned as unsafe and unfit for habitation, by the owner or at his cost by the political subdivision in which they are located.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. GEER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 480.

An Act to amend Clause (b) of subsection E of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by prohibiting the collection of certain taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. GEER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 481.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative deparements, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards commissions, and officers, fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by providing for a board of trustees for Dixmont State Hospital in the Department of Welfare; defining its powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. GEER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 482.

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 745), entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary mercantile license tax on persons engaging in certain occupations and businesses therein; providing for its levy and collection; for the issuance of mercantile licenses upon the payment of fees therefor; confering and imposing powers and duties on boards of public education, receivers of school taxes and school treasurers in such districts; saving certain ordinances of council of certain cities, and providing compensation for certain officers, and employes and imposing penalties," by prohibiting the collection of certain mercantile taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 99.

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. TOMPKINS. RESOLUTION No. 12.

In the House of Representatives, February 26, 1951.

Whereas, Many rumors, complaints and accusations have and are being made of gambling, racketeering and vice operating in many parts of our Commonwealth either unhampered or without opposition from law enforcement agencies; and

Whereas, Many petitions have been addressed to State authorities seeking assistance in the solution of this problem; and

Whereas, The underworld are constantly endeavoring in devious ways to hamper or defeat legislation designed to bring them under control; and to thwart law enforcement agencies in the performance of their duties; and

Whereas, This element in our society has and is constantly seeking to intervene in legitimate business and extend its control over our economy; and

Whereas, The activities of this element has placed a stain upon our Commonwealth by unfavorable national publicity, all against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth, therefore be it

Resolved, That a special Committee of this House be appointed and an appropriation made to it to investigate and report to this body.

(1) The extent of unhampered gambling, racketeering and vice within the Commonwealth,

(2) The truth of charges made by the Press and radio of the State and Nation on this subject,

(3) The advisibility of State action in those cases where local authority will not or cannot act,

(4) The extent of their influence in or attempt to influence legitimate business,

(5) The extent of their tie-in with public officials and law enforcement agencies,

(6) The extent of their lobbying activities in and about the Pennsylvania General Assembly.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, Hon. Herman H. Yaffee from Philadelphia.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminals causes and suits for penalties; granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 161, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county.

Mr. CELLA from the Committee on City and County—First Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 193, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197), entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class."

Mr. PICHNEY from the Committee on City and County—First Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 194, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174), entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million."

Mr. McGEE from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

Mr. ROBERT K. HAMILTON from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "An act relating to statutory laws; prescribing and enacting clause for statutes; fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted; providing for notice of application for local and special legislation, for the correction of errors in statutes, and for the printing and publication of statutes; prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes; defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes; and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments, re-enactments and repeals of statutes," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

Mr. RUBIN from the Committee on City and County—First Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (Pamphlet Laws 991), entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth; by declaring acquisition and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health, safety, convenience and welfare; creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities; authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private, corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevolopment; providing for the organization of such authorities; defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain; the leasing and selling property, including borrowing money, issuing bonds and other obligations, and giving security therefor; restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities; providing for notice and hearing, supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers; prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities; conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions, the governing bodies of cities and counties, and on certain State officers, boards and departments," by increasing the number of Urban Redevelopment Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Mr. SAX from the Committee on City and County—First Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thouand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled, as amended, "An act to promote public health, safety, morals, and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies, corporate and politic, to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance, and to undertake projects, to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income; providing for the organization of such housing authorities; defining their powers and duties; providing for the exercise of such powers, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain, the renting and selling of property, and including borrowing money, issuing bonds, and other obligations, and giving security therefor; prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities; authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements, including agreements with the United States, the Commonwealth, and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof; defining the application of zoning, sanitary, and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintainer by such housing authorities; exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation; and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board, and certain other State officers and departments," by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Mr. SCHMIDT from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828), entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians, committees, trustees, and other fiduciaries, except personal representatives, and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries," by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries.

Mr. HAGERTY from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "Insurance Company Law of 1921," extending the group accident and health insurance provisions to include sportsmens clubs, associations or federations.

Mr. ROSE from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

PUPILS OF WEST READING HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House pupils of the West Reading High School, accompanied by Messrs. Kessler, and Shalter, and Mrs. Bolton and Mrs. Gresh. They are the guests of the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Weidner.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

TIME EXTENDED ON BILLS

Mr. TAHL asked and obtained unanimous consent to extend the time five days on House Bill No. 63, Printer's No. 15, on page 1, of today's calendar, bills on Second Reading Postponed.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, as follows:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title and sections 1 2 and 3 of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohbiting for a limited period of time certain in tentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" are hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

AN ACT

To protect property and prevent sabatogate by prohibiting [for a limited period of time] during a period of national emergency or war certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel there on conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties

Section 1 Short time and definition (a) This act shall be known as and may be cited as "The Sabotage Prevention Act"

(b) For the purposes of this act a national emergency shall exist when so proclaimed both by the Governor and President of the United States

Section 2 Destroying or Injuring Real and Personal Property Whoever with intent to injure interfere with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carryign on war or whoever with reason to believe that his act may injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war during a period of national emergency or war shall wilfully injure or destroy or shall attempt to so injure or destroy any [real or personal property within this State is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof] (1) war material war premises or war utlities or the tools implements machines receptacles used or employed in the making producing manufacturing repairing and distribution thereof within this State is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) years or both (2) National defense material National defense premises or national defensedefense utilities or the tools implements machines receptacles used or employed in the making producing manufacturing repairing and distribution thereof is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) years or both

Section 3 Making or causing articles to be made in defective manner first degree murder whoever with intent to injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war or whoever with reason to believe that his act may injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any Associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war during a a period of nationad emergency or war shall wilfully make or cause to be made in a defective manner or attempt to make or cause to be made in a defective manner any [article or thing which he has reasonable grounds to believe is intended to be used in connection with defense or with the prosecution of the war] (1) War material or any tool implement machine utensil or receptacle used or employed in making producing manufacturing or repairing any such war material is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) years or both (2) Nationad defense material or any tool implement machine utensil or receptacle used or employed in making producing manufacturing or repairing any such national defense material is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) years of both

Section 2 Said act is hereby amended by adding after Section 3 thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 3.1 Murder in the first degree limitation of indictments and prosecutions (a) In every case where the life of a human being is destroyed by or as a result of any of the acts prohibited in Sections two and three of this act the offender shall be deemed guilty of murder in the first degree (b) Indictments and prosecutions may be brought and exhibited for any violation of Sections two and three of this act at any time during the life of the violator

Section 3 Sections 4 5 6 7 and 8 of said act are hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 4 Witnesses' privileges no person shall be excused from attending and testifying or producing any books papers or other documents before any court magistrate referee or grand jury Upon any investigation proceeding or trial for or relating to or concerned with a violation of any section of this act or attempt to commit such violation upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or evidence documentary or otherwise required of him by the State may tend to convict him of a crime or to subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may so testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation proceeding or trial except upon a prosecution for perjury or contempt of court based upon the giving or producing of such testimony

Section 5 Unlawful entry on property any individual partnership association or corporation or any political subdivision engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture transportation or storage of any product to be usde in the defense of the United States or of this State or for the prosecution of war by the United States or the manufacture transportation distribution or storage of gas oil coal electricity or water or any of said natural or artificial Persons owning or operating or

both Any public utility whose property except as hereinafter otherwise provided is surrounded by a fence or wall or a fence or wall and buildings may post around such property At each gate entrance dock or railway entrance a sign reading "No entry without permission" Provided that the following kinds of property may be similarly posted in the manner hereinafter provided without the necessity of fencing

(a) Property fronting on water at intervals of not more than three hundred feet along the water front

(b) Dams or breasts dikes and similar structures at both ends of such structures and also on such structoures at suitable intervals

(c) Ponds and reservoirs created by dams breasts or similar structures at intervals of not more than three hundred feet on each side of the pound or reservoir

(d) Streams or other property immediately below dams or breasts dikes and similar structures at intervals of not more than three hundred feet on each side of such stream or property

(e) Water conduits flumes canals races waterways and electric telephone telegraph gas oil and water transmission or distribution lines at intervals of not more than one thousand feet

Whoever without permission of such individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision or its or their representative shall wilfully enter upon premises so posted or shall wilfully destroy deface or remove any such sign shall during a period of national emergency or war on conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) or to undergo imprionment not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 6 Unlawful entry upon reservoirs ponds and dams Where any dam breast ramp power house or other structure located on any navigable stream or river or on any stream or river declared by law to be a public highway and the pond or reservoir created thereby is used or being prepared to be used by any individual partnership association or corporation of or authorized to do business in this state or by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the generation manufacture rtansportation and distribution of electricity of for the storage of water for domestic industrial or water power purposes the Pater and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters with the approval of the governor may at the request of and at the expense of such individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision or at the expense of the Commonwealth Where no private interest is involved post along each side of the pond or reservoir created by such dam or breast at intervals of not more than three hundred feet of water front from such dam or breast or any ramp and at intervals of not more than three hundred feet of water front on each bank of the river or stream below such dam breast ramp power house or other structure as the case may be Signs reading "No entry on these waters or property without permission Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Water and Power Resources Board"

Whoever without permission of the Water and Power Resources Board shall wilfully enter or approach upon any dam or breast or on the waters of the pond or reservoir so posted during a period of national emergency or war shall on conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($5.00) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 7 Restricting use of certain highways Any individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture transportation or storage of any product to be used directly or indirectly in the defense of the United States or of this State or in the prosecution of war by the United States or in the manufacture transportation distribution or storage of gas oil coal electricity or water or any of said natural or artificial Persons operating any public utility who has property so used which he or it believes will be endangered if public use and travel is not regulated restricted or prohibited on one or more highways or parts of highways may petition the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof to close one or more of said highways or parts of highways to public use and travel or to regulate or resrtict by regulation the use and travel upon one or more of said highways or parts of highways upon receipt of such petition The proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof as the case may be shall set a day for hearing and give notice thereof by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in the political subdivision in which such property is located Such notice to be at least seven days prior to the date set for hearing if after hearing the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof determine the public safety and the safety of the property of the petitioner requires it They may by regulation close to public use and travel or may bb regulation restrict or regulate the use and travel upon one or more of said Highways or parts of highways provided however that the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof may issue written permits to travel over the premises so closed to responsible and creditable persons for such term under such conditions and in such form as the public authorities may prescribe Notices in letters at least three inches high containing the following "Closed by order of passing prohibited under penalty" or "Public travel on this highway restricted or regulated by order of penalty for violation" shall be posted conspicuously at each end of the premises closed or regulated or restricted by such order The proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof may at any time revoke or modify any regulation they have made

Whoever violates any regulation made under this section during a period of national emergency or war shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeeding be sentenced to pay a fine not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or to undergo imprisonment for not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 8 Rights of labor Nothing in this act shall be construed to impair curtail or destroy the rights of employes and their representatives to self-organization to form join or assist labor organizations to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing and to engage in concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection

Section 4 Section 8.1 of said act as added by the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 637) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 8.1 Powers of foresters forest rangers fish wardens and game protectors for the puruose of enforcing and accomplishing the objectives of the act herein amended and for so long a period as said act shall remain in effect All foresters and forest rangers all fish wardens and all game protectors appointed and serving as such under the laws of this Commonwealth are hereby vested with the same powers as are by law conferred upon constables and other peace officers and such officers may arrest on view without first procuring a warrant therefor persons detected by them violating any of the provisions of said act or detected under such circumstances as to warrant the reasonable suspicion that such person or persons have committed are committing or are about to commit any offense or offenses against the provisions of said act

Section 5 Section 9 of said act is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 9 Effective period this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment [and shall remain in effect so long as a state of war exists between the United States and any foreign country]

Section 6 The provisions of this act shall become effective thirty days after final enactment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. Speaker, in connection with House Bill 5, I would like to make a few brief statements in connection with the amendments which have been inserted in the bill.

This bill as it originally was reported from the House was a bill on sabotage that prodived for death penalties without any further consideration. The matter was re-referred to the Judiciary Committee who inserted a number of amendments and altered substantially the original nature of the bill.

The amendments which were inserted were briefly as follows: In time of a declaration of war or the United States is engaged in hostilities, the bill automatically becomes effective. In case of national emergency the bill becomes effective only upon the occurence of two events. Those two events are that both the President of the United States and the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania shall declare a state of emergency. Only on the occurrence of both declaring such a state of emergency will the bill become operative in the state of Pennsylvania. Once it becomes operative the provisions of the bill then will apply; it will not apply at any other time excepting under those two conditions.

We have broken down the provisions of the bill as follows: Sabotage to war materials, war property, war utilities, and so forth will carry with it a penalty of ten thousand dollars and ten years; sabotage by way of production of defective articles will carry with it a penalty of ten thousand dollars and thirty years in prison.

The distinction between war materials, and so forth and national defense materials is as defined by the Federal statute relating to this same subject, is that war materials are those which are made and produced during a period of hostilities or after a declaration of war has been made by Congress. National defense materials are those which are used and prepared, and so forth during the time of a national emergency which must be declared by both the President and the Governor of the state of Pennsylvania. In all cases, whether it be from the destruction of property or whether it be in the manufacture of defective articles, where death occurs as a result of that sabotage, this constitutes first degree murder. That means that it will take the course of regular first degree murder proceedings as in other cases in Pennsylvania, which finally means that the jury has the final say as to what kind of penalty shall be imposed. For under our law, the jury determines whether or not the defendant if found guilty shall be sentenced to death or receive life imprisonment.

Beyond that we have taken out the limitation of prosecution in connection with any act of sabotage. In other words, the party who perpetrates the sabotage may be prosecuted for that sabotage any time during his life when he is apprehended. There are other minor provisions added to the bill in connection with trespassing upon certain property, as defense areas, and expanding the jurisdiction of certain of our law enforcement officers which will give a wider field of supervision in connection with sabotage. Those are essentially the amendments which have been placed in House Bill 5.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202.

Amarando,	Good,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,
Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 22, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of and to add Section 2802-A to the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the

reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administsative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the Historical Preservation Fund providing for the payment of certain moneys into it and making an appropriation therefor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (g) of Section 2801-A of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normald Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commssions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the umber and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" as added by the act approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1398) is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2801-A Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission Subject to any inconsistent provisions in this act contained the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission shall have the power and its duties shall be

* * * * *

(g) To assume the preservation care and maintenance of historical buildings grounds monuments or antiquities committed to its custody by the General Assembly and to make and enforce rules and regulations for the visitation of such places by the public and at its discretion to charge admission fees [therefor] to historical buildings such fees to be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue and credited to the [General Fund] Historical Preservation Fund

Section 2 Article XXVIII-A of said act as added by the act approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1398) is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 2802-A Historical Preservation Fund All moneys collected by the Department of Property anl Supplies from the sale of publications of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and all moneys collected by the commission from fees charged for admission to historical buildings shall be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue and credited to a fund to be known as the "Historical Preservation Fund" which is hereby created Except as hereinafter provided all moneys in the fund from time to time are hereby appropriated to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the preservation care and maintenance of the historical buildings grounds monuments and antiquities committed to its custody and for the publication and republication of matters of historical or archaelogical interest and for the research and editorial work incidental thereto Whenever the moneys credited to the Historical Preservation Fund during any fiscal biennium exceeds the average biennial allocation for the above purposes for the two preceding fiscal bienniums the excess shall be transferred to the General Fund

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of June one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202.

Amarando,	Good,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boies,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,
Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Rover,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk resent the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 23, as follows:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations fro mthe Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay asses or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The preliminary provisions of Section 302 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act reltaing to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commondwalth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" as last amended by the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 139) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 302 Funds The moneys paid into the State Treasury and the moneys of which the State Treasurer is custodian shall be credited by the Treasury Department to the following funds as hereinafter provided

Agricultural College Land Scrip Fund
Banking Department Fund
Federal Rehabilitation Fund
Federal Vocational Education Fund
Fire Insurance Tax Fund
Fish Fund
Game Fund
General Fund
Liquid Fuels Tax Fund
Manufacturing Fund
Motor License Fund
School Employes' Retirement Fund
Sinking Fund
State College Experimental Farm Fund
State Employes' Retirement Fund
State Farm Products Show Fund
State Insurance Fund
State School Fund
State Workmen's Insurance Fund
Surplus Commodities Stamp Fund
Historical Preservation Fund

Section 2 Section 302 of said act is hereby further amended by adding thereto immediately following clause twenty-one thereof a new clause to read as follows

Section 302 Funds The moneys paid into the State Treasury and the moneys of which the State Treasurer is custodian shall be credited by the Treasury Department to the following funds as hereinafter provided

* * * * *

22 Historical Preservation Fund All moneys received by the Treasury Department from the Department of Revenue arising from the sale by the Department of Property and Supplies of publications of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and all moneys received from admission fees to historical buildings shall be credited to the Historical Preservation Fund

Section 3 Section 307 and 1501 of said act as amended by the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 139) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 307 Disbursements No money shall be paid from any of the funds of the State Treasury except upon warrant of the Auditor General issued upon requisition pursuant to law except (1) moneys in the State Workmen's Insurance Fund which may be disbursed by check of the State Treasurer upon requisition of the Secretary of Labor and Industry [and except] (2) moneys in the Surplus Commodies Stamp Fund which may be disbursed by check of the State Treasurer upon requisition of the Secretary of Public Assistance and (3) moneys in the Historical Preservation Fund which may be disbursed by check of the State Treasurer upon requisition of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission

Section 1501 Requisitions No money shall be paid out of any fund in the State Treasury except (1) the State Workemen's Insurance Fund [and except] (2) the Surplus Commodities Stamp Fund and (3) the Historical Preservation Fund until a requisition therefor shall have been presented to or prepared by the Auditor General

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202.

Amarando,	Good,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boies,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,

Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,
Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affimative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth certain land buildings and appurtenances located in the Township of Manheim Lancaster County and certain personal property therein and making an appropriation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission is hereby authorized and empowered to acquire by gift on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all the land buildings and appurtenances known as the Landis Valley Museum in the Township of Manheim Lancaster County and to acquire on such terms as it shall agree with the owners thereof the personal collections and personal property of Henry K Landis and George D. Landis in the Museum The exact amount of land buildings and appurtenances and personal property shall be determined by the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission

Section 2 The title to said real estate shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice

Section 3 Immediately upon acquisition by the Commonwealth the Landis Valley Museum shall be named and known as the Pennsylvania Farm Museum of Landis Valley

Section 4 The Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission after said land buildings and appurtenances have been acquired shall have full control supervision and management thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Code of 1929 and its amendments The Commission shall develop a farmers' museum for display and study of early Pennsylvania farming equipment and all materials used by or relating to the various occupations necessary for rural life during the various periods of Pennsylvania history The Commission may in carrying out the purpose of this section utilize all available materials now in its possession and all materials that may hereafter be purchased or donated to it

Section 5 The Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission shall have the power to make promulgate and enforce rules and regulations relative to police power visitation by the public and admission fees and shall have full authorization to sell or destroy any duplicate or inappropriate objects in the Landis Valley collection

Section 6 The admission fees and the proceeds from the sale of any duplicate or inappropriate objects in the Landis Valley collections received by the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission shall be paid through the Department of Revenue into the General Fund of the State Treasury and are hereby appropriated to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the maintenance of existing buildings the construction of new buildings landscaping and repair of antiquities at the Pennsylvania Farm Museum of Landis Valley

Section 7 The sum of fifty thousand ($50,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the acquisition of personal collection sand other personal property for maintenance and the development of the Pennsylvania Farm Museum of Landis Valley for the payment of fees or compensation to consulting curators architects landscape engineers and other specialized services and for the purchase of necessary equipment and other incidental and contingent expenses

Section 8 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Good	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,

Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, as follows:

An Act to amend section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533) entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" by providing an additional exemption for a husband and wife

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 533) entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That in lieu of the property now exempt by law from levy and sale on execution issued upon any judgment obtained upon contarct and distress for rent property to the value of three hundred dollars exclusive of all wearing apparel of the defendant and his family and all Bibles and school books in use in the family (which shall remain exempt as heretofore) and no more owned by or in possession of any debtor shall be exempt from levy and sale on execution or by distress for rent In the case of husband and wife living together the exemption shall be three hundred dollars for each

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Good,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,
Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz.	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 111, as follows:

An Act to further amend section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" providing for the modification of support orders in bastardy cases

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 506 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" as amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of ay one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 306) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 506 Fornication and Bastardy Whoever commits fornication is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) for the use of the institution district where the offense was committed

It shall be sufficient to convict an unmarried woman to show that a child was born of her body

Any man charged by an unmarried woman with being the father of her bastard child shall be the reputed father and if she persists in the charge in the time of her extremity of labor or afterwards in open court the same shall be given in evidence in order to convict such person of fornication Such man being thereof convicted shall be sentenced in addition to the fine aforesaid to pay the expenses incurred at the birth of such child and if such child is born dead or shall die during the continuance of the order for the maintenance of said child to also pay the reasonable funeral expenses thereof and to give security by one or more sureties and in such sum as the court shall direct to the institution district where such child was born to perform such order for the maintenance of the said child as the court shall direct

On petition of any interested party such order for the maintenance of such child may be modified from time to time by said court before or after the expiration of the term at which such man was sentenced

If a bastard child is begotten out of the State and born within the State or begotten within one of the counties of this State and born in another in the latter case the prosecution of the reputed father may be in the county where a bastard child was born or begotten and like sentence shall be passed as if the child had been born and begotten in that county and in the former case like sentence shall be passed except the fine for fornication

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Good,	Maxwell,	Rubin,
Andrews,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Banker,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Scott,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Smith,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Snider,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varner,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Verona,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wargo,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Welsh,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Fenrich,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Ferster,	Limper,	Readinger,	Williams,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Wood,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Flack,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Frost,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Geer,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gleason		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 Filing and Distribution of Proposed Charters or Amendments Framing of Ballot Question The new charter proposed by the commission or the proposed amendments which the city council of the city shall have provided by ordinance for submission to the qualified electors of the city for their approval or disapproval as provided in section six of this act shall be filed with the city council which shall thereupon cause said proposal or proposals together with the form of the question or questions hereinafter provided for to be printed in pamphlet form in sufficient number for general distribution The said pamphlets shall be made ready for distribution at least twenty-eight days before the election at which the proposals aforesaid are to be voted upon by the electors and the said proposals together with the said ballot questions shall also be published [once a week for three weeks in at least two] not less than once or more than three time as city council shall determine in three newspapers of general circulation in the city Such publications shall appear during the three weeks immediately preceding the election at which the vote is to be taken upon said proposals Each ballot question shall be framed in brief form of not more than seventy-five words by the com-

mission proposing the new charter or by the city council of the city in the case of amendments The said questions shall be stated in the report of the commission or in the ordinance of the city council henever a proposed new charter or amendments shall propose any change in the manner of selection of elected city officers such proposal and the necessary ballot question shall be stated separately from the remainder of the proposed new charter in the report or ordinance as the case may be and in the publications herein required The commission may require that its proposed charter be submitted in two or more parts so arranged that corresponding parts of the existing charter shall remain in effect if one or more of such parts are not adopted and may also submit alternative charters or alternative provisions to supersede designated portions of the proposed charter if adopted In such case the commission shall prescribe the form of questions in such a manner as will clearly indicate the effect of the approval of such questions All amendments to the chater shall be separately submitted The clerk of the city council shall within five days after the filing of a new charter proposed by a charter commission or within five days after final enactment of an ordinance by the city council as aforesaid providing for submission of amendments to its charter certify an exact copy of the text of such new charter or amendments together with the necessary ballot questions to the county board of elections of the county wherein such city is situate The county board of elections shall cause the said ballot questions to be properly printed on the ballots or ballot labels

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Good	Maxwell,	Rubin,
Andrews,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Banker,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Scott,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Smith,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Snider,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varner,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Verona,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wargo,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Welsh,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
		Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,			

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri,	Kratz,	Lafore,	Rosen,
Royer,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Sections one two three four five six seven and eight clauses (1) (2) (9) (10) and (12) of section twenty-one and sections twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five and twenty-six of the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of February one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 4) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 The Senate shall immediately upon the final enactment of this act and in each odd-numbered year thereafter at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the General Assembly elect in addition to the president and president pro tempore as provided for by the constitution the following officers who shall serve for two years or until their successors are elected and have qualified unless sooner removed by a majority vote of all of the members of the Senate during any regular biennial special or extraordinary session of the General Assembly and who shall receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of nine thousand dollars ($9000)

(2) One chief clerk at an annual salary of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500)

(3) One Senate librarian at an annual salary of [six thousand dollars ($6000)] six thousand five hundred dollars ($6500)

Section 2 The following officers and employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the President of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) [One clerk to the President at an annual salary of two thousand six hundred forty dollars ($2640)] Two clerks to the President at an annual salary of three thousand dollars ($3000) each

(2) One [stenographer] secretary to the President at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

Section 3 The following officers and employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary to the President pro tempore at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

1.1 One clerk to the President pro tempore at an annual salary of three thousand dollars ($3000)

(2) One messenger to the President pro tempore at a per diem compensation of [seven dollars ($7)] eight dollars ($8)

(3) One chaplain at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(4) One journal clerk at a compensation of two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(5) One assistant journal clerk at a compensation of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(6) One reading clerk at a compensation of two thousand four hundred seventy-five dollars ($2475) for each regular session and thirteen dollar and fifty cents ($13.50) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(7) One message clerk at a per diem compensation of eleven dollars ($11)

(8) One postmaster at a per diem compensation of nine dollars ($9)

(9) One assistant postmaster at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(10) One chief sergeant at arms at [a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)] an annual salary of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(11) [six] Eight sergeants at arms at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(12) One chief mailing clerk at [a per diem compenpensation of ten dollars ($10)] an annual salary of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(13) Two assistant mailing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(14) Forty-six stenographers each of whom shall have successfully completed the prescribed course of a four year public high school or its equivalent and as a part thereof or in addition thereto shall have successfully completed a course of not less than eight months in shorthand and typewriting at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(15) One chief official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-four dollars ($24)

(16) One official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-one dollars ($21) and one official reporter at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15)

(17) Three expert typists at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15) each

(18) Two copy holders at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(19) Two proof readers at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(20) Three transcribing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(21) One chief compiling clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)] four thousand two hundred dollars ($4200)

(22) One executive clerk at a compensation of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) for each regular session and eleven dollars ($11) per diem for each special or extraordinary session

(23) One chief messenger at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(24) [Six] Eight messengers at a per diem compensation of seven dollars ($7) each

(25) One day watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(26) One night watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(27) One chief custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of [two thousand nine hundred seventy dollars ($2870)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(28) One custodian of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(29) [Two assistant custodians of the Senate Chamber at an annual salary of one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980) each] one first assistant custodian of the Senate chamber at an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(29.1) One second assistant custodian of the Senate chamber at an annual salary of two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(30) One janitor at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)

(31) One custodian of the Senate basement at an annual salary of [one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(32) One superintendent of the storeroom at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(33) One Senate indexing clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

(34) One address system operator at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)

Section 4 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One assistant to the Secretary of the Senate at a compensation of [eleven dollars ($11)] twelve dollars ($12) per diem during each regular special or extraordinary session and [two hundred twenty-five dollars ($225)] two hundred fifty dollars ($250) per month during the interims between legislative sessions

(2) One history clerk at a per diem compensation of nine dollars ($9)

(3) One messenger to the Secretary of the Senate at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

Section 5 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Chief Clerk of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One stenographer at a per diem compensation of [eleven dollars ($11)] twelve dollars ($12)

(2) One stenographer at an annual salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

Section 6 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Senate Librarian to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(2) One library clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand dollars ($3000)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One secretary to the Senate Librarian at an annual salary of [two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)] two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)

(4) One messenger to the Senate Librarian at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

Section 7 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate who for the purpose of this act shall be deemed an officer of

the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) On secretary to the Majority Leader at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [message clerk] administrative assistant to the Majority Leader at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One messenger to the Majority Leader at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

Section 8 The following employes of the Senate shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate who for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the Senate to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary to the Minority Leader at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [messege clerk] administrative assistant to the Minority Leader at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One messenger to the Minority Leader at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

Section 21 The House of Representatives shall immediately upon the final enactment of this act and in each odd-numbered year thereafter at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the General Assembly elect in addition to the Speaker as provided for by the Constitution the following officers and employers who shall serve for two years or until their successors are elected and have qualified unless sooner removed by a majority vote of all of the members of the House of Representatives during any regular biennial special or extraordinary session of the General Assembly and who shall receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500)] nine thousand dollars ($9000)

(2) One Secretary at an annual salary of [six thousand five hundred dollars ($6500)] seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7500) who shall perform the duties formerly performed by the resident clerk and assistant clerk of the House of Representatives

(9) [Twelve] sixteen sergeants at arms at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be named by the chief clerk as chief sergeant at arms and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

(10) [Twelve] sixteen document clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be iamed by the chief clerk as supervisor and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

* * * * *

(12) [Seven] ten mailing clerks at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each one of whom shall be named by the chief clerk as supervisor and shall receive an additional per diem compensation of two dollars ($2)

Section 22 The following officers and employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Speaker to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One parliamentarian at an annual salary of [five thousand dollars ($5000)] six thousand dollars ($6000)

(2) One administrative assistant at an annual salary of [three thousand dollars ($3000)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(4) One Speaker's Clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] three thousand dollars ($3000)

Section 23 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Chief Clerk to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One assistant to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [four thousand two hundred dollars ($4200)] five thousand dollars ($5000)

(2) One secretary to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(3) One stenographer to the Chief Clerk at an annual sallary of [two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)] three thousand dollars ($3000)

(4) One messenger to the Chief Clerk at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(5) One amendment clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(6) One assistant amendment clerk at a per diem compensation of eleven dollars ($11)

(7) One superintendent of the storeroom at an annual salary of [three thousand three hundred dollars ($3300)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(8) One supply clerk at an annual salary of [one thousand nine hundred eighty dollars ($1980)] two thousand one hundred dollars ($2100)

(9) One chief official reporter who shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-four dollars ($24)

(10) Four official reporters each of whom shall be a competent court reporter at a per diem compensation of twenty-one dollars ($21) each

(10.1) Five expert typists at a per diem compensation of fifteen dollars ($15) each

(11) One compiling clerk at an annual salary of [four thousand dollars ($4000)] four thousand five hundred dollars ($4500)

(12)One finance clerk at an annual salary of [three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)] four thousand dollars ($4000)

(13) One address system operator at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)

(13.1) One supervising stenographer at a per diem compensation of ten dollars ($10)

(14) Ten stenographers each of whom shall have successfully completed the prescribed course of a four year public high school or its equivalent and as a part thereof or in addition thereto shall have successfully completed a course of not less than eight months in shorthand and typewriting at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(15) One history clerk at a per diem compensation of [eleven dollars ($11)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(16) One history index clerk at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(17) One day watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(18) One night watchman at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(19) One chief custodian of the hall of the House at an annual salary of [two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200)] two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400)

(20) Four custodians at an annual salary of [two thousand dollars ($2000)] two thousand two hundred dollars ($2200) each

(21) Two copy holders at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(22) Two proof readers at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8) each

(23) One library clerk at an annual salary of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3200)

Section 24 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Secretary of the House of Representatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein specified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One stenographer at a per diem compensation of eight dollars ($8)

(3) One [messenger] clerk at an annual salary of [one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800)] three thousand dollars ($3000)

Section 25 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Majority Leader who for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the House of Representatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein spcified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [Majority Leader's Clerk] administrative assistant at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One [page] messenger at a per diem compensation of [six dollars ($6)] eight dollars ($8)

Section 26 The following employes of the House of Representatives shall be appointed by the Minority Leader who for the purposes of this act shall be deemed an officer of the House of Representatives to serve at his pleasure and receive the compensation and perform the duties herein spcified

(1) One secretary at an annual salary of [two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2800)] three thousand six hundred dollars ($3600)

(2) One [Minority Leader's Clerk] administrative assistant at a per diem compensation of [ten dollars ($10)] fifteen dollars ($15)

(3) One [page] messenger at a per diem compensation of [six dollars ($6)] eight dollars ($8)

Section 2 Article III of said act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 47 The Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau shall receive an annual salary of nine thousand dollars ($9000)

Section 3 The following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary are hereby appropriated from the General Fund to the Senate and to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly and to the Legislative Reference Bureau for the purposes hereinafter set forth for th balance of the work of the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one Said sums shall be in addition to any sums heretofore appropriated to the Senate or to the House of Representatives or to the Legislative Reference Bureau for any of said purposes

To the Senate

For the payment of per diem compensations provided for in this act and for the payment of increases in salaries and in per diem compensations provided for in this act the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the Senate and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the Chief Clerk of the Senate for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand dollars $2000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the Senate and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the minority leader for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)

To the House of Representatives

For the payment of per diem compensation provided for in this act and for the payment of increases in salaries and in per diem compensation provided for in this act the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the House and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the Secretary of the House of Representatives for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including extra services of employes of the House and clerical stenographic traveling and discretionary charges of the minority leader for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500)

For the payment by the Chief Clerk of postage on Legislative Journals of the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1500)

For the payment of contingent expenses of the Chief Clerk for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3500)

To the Legislative Reference Bureau

For the payment of increase in salary of the Director provided for in this act and for other increases in salaries at the discretion of the Director the sum of two thousand dollars ($2000)

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in order to serve well it is necessary to be well served. This bill is a step in the process of serving the Members in this House to a better purpose.

There never has been a time in the last forty years, to my knowledge—and I have known the proceedings of this House over a period of forty years—when the membership of this House has been better served at the desk than at the present time. No Member of the House, majority or minority, has at the present time any reason to question the service we are receiving at the desk. It is a long step since the days when a part of the purpose—one of the purposes of the desk—was to keep the minority in ignorance of what was going on. You have become so accustomed to the fact that the minority is furnished with copies of amendments to bills that only the older Members know there was a time when minority Members could not obtain copies of amendments to bills, and the only knowledge that we had of what was going on was such knowledge as we could gain by the ear, when the reading clerk would mumble the text of an amendment.

There never has been a time in the last forty years when there has been the same degree of understanding and cooperation between the majority and minority leaders that there is at the present time. (I don't know whether that humming was the conversation at the control desk or a deliberate defiance of the sabotage act which we have just passed).

There never has been a time in the last forty years when the Speaker of this House has been as zealous and as jealous of the rights of the minority and as considerate of the privileges and the rights of the majority as at the present time. And so far in this session the employes of this House have reached a new level and a new standard of service. There are at this time fewer employes in the House who consider it their obligation simply now and then to appear upon the scene and obtain their pay checks. My observation leads me to believe that up to the present time, from the folding room to the floor of the House, the employees of the House are present to render service.

Unfortunately there still remains a defect in our set-up, chargeable solely to the membership of the House. There are here and there Members of this House, and here and there County leaders who still adhere to the belief that one of the places to hand a political favorite, who isn't

supposed to do any work, is on the House payroll. There has been a splendid effort made to eliminate that sort of employee. Here and there because of the insistence of the Membership themselves it happens that there are still Members of this House who believe that they are rendering a political service at home by tieing some one upon the House payroll that shouldn't be tied upon the House payroll because they don't serve, and I hope that the majority and the minority will eventually convince those Members, that if they must needs take persons who can not render service, for God's sake tie them on to some Department and continue to raise the standard of service here in this House.

In 1945 we passed a resolution providing certain reforms in our committee set up. Some of those reforms have been realized, but in 1945 we voiced the pious hope that the time would come when our major committees would have appropriations sufficient to enable them to employ technical assistance, technical experts, so that when the committees came face to face with the experts speaking for the Departments, the committee would be in position to cope with them. At the present time as most members of the House committees know, Department heads come in flanked by their experts with their masses of figures, asking for this and asking for that, and the committees are not in a position because they do not have the proper expert assistance to ask the Department experts the proper questions and obtain the proper answers.

Now we still have some work to do in the line of giving the members of the House committees a greater measure of technical assistance. Finally, over the period of the last forty years, we have considered ourselves in this House as a sort of under-privileged poor relation who was not supposed to ask anything for itself but was supposed to do everything possible for everybody else. Now we have recently begun to narrow the margin of service that has separated this Chamber from the other Chamber of this Assembly. That margin is narrow, we are not as well served as yet as the other Chamber and there is no reason why we should not be. We have over the years suffered from an inferiority complex. We have been unwilling to pay ourselves a decent wage. We have been unwilling to recognize our position in our governmental setup.

I had hoped that before my period of service in this House was terminated that we would have reached the point where our Constitution would have been amended to provide for annual sessions of this House, and at least an annual salary of five thousand dollars a year. I'm afraid that we won't reach that goal during my period of service, but I do think that in matters of pension, in matters of pay, in matters of service, first of all we are one-half of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, and there is no reason why we should consider that one branch of our General Assembly is a sort of overlord and that we are supposed to that body. We are their equals, and finally I say that in matters of compensation, the time has come to throw away the inferiority complex and to ignore any possible tide of criticism that might come by reason of any action we may take properly to compensate the Members of this House for the services that they are expected to render. If we have men in this House who are not worth a salary of five thousand dollars a year, that's not the fault of the House; that's the fault of the people back home that sent that kind of men here to the Legislature.

So I am glad to be able to support this bill. It doesn't provide all that I think there should be in such a bill. It is a step in the progress that this House has been making to establish itself as one-half of a responsible General Assembly which formulates the policies and the statutes under which the people of this Commonwealth live.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, we on this side of the House heartily agree with the gentleman from Cambria and we thank him for the bouquet he has thrown to us. But I would also like to remind the gentleman that we on this side of the House have acted in the way that we have because of the fact that the gentleman himself and his own party have been very considerate. Their main and primary idea in cooperating with us in the past and our cooperation with them has been on the basis that we are here for the welfare of the people of Pennsylvania. That has been one of the reasons, and I would say the main reason, that we on this side have been generous, because of the decency of Mr. Andrews and the minority Members.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—202

Amarando,	Good,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Andrews,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sax,
Banker,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Scott,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Snider,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Bower,	Hersch,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Breth,	Hocker,	Monroe,	Swope,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cella,	Johnson,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Toll,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Needham,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Olsen,	Verona,
Coyle,	Kent,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Wargo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
DuBois,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Duffy,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Dunn,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ewing,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Fenrich,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Ferster,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Filip,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Flack,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Frost,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Geer,	Madigan,	Rose,	Sorg,
Gibson,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Gleason,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—5

Guarnieri, Kratz, Lafore, Rosen, Royer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanmious consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I have a resolution here that I would like to offer, and I would like to make a brief statement.

One of the Members of the House tomorrow, who is one of my very, very best friends, is having a birthday, and that's the reason for this resolution.

Not only has he been in the past a great Legislator, although I see he isn't sitting in his seat right now—I don't even see him in the hall of the House; but not only has he been a good legislator but he has also been very considerate, I'm sure of all the Members of this House. I have sat here in this chair for a good many years—not as much as the gentleman on the other side—forty—but just a few and I have been looking at a lot of Members. And well, I don't know whether they've been feeling just a little low; but their faces just haven't reflected good humor, and then going back to this gentleman whom I am talking about, they leaned over and whispered in his ear, and he reached in his pocket and pulled out a key. So I don't know if that was a key to a locker or a key to his medicine closet or just what. But I see them come back to these aisles about five minutes later and they are smiling and happy and all their stomach ailments are gone. Now I don't know if he has Alka Seltzer back there, or Tums, or Carter's Little Liver Pills that do the work of calomel without the danger of calomel but whatever it is, he does have a sure cure.

Mr. Speaker I would like to offer this resolution in honor of the absent Mr. Frank Costa.

RESOLUTION

CONGRATULATIONS

Mr. SMITH offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 27, 1951.

On February 28th of a recent year, though we'll not mention it here, the stork brought a bouncing baby boy to the home of John and Julia Costa. The happy parents were proud and John said "He shall be a leader of his State."

Young Frank attended the public schools of Philadelphia and graduated from the Philadelphia Trades School. He became a general contractor and his career has been marked by constant success.

To prove his profound wisdom, he married Julia C. Palmer, and, together they've brought seven young republicans into the world.

In 1942 the people of Philadelphia vindicated his father's faith, and Frank was sent to the House of Representatives. He has been returned four times.

He became a leader in the House of Representatives. He led his colleagues in progressive legislation, in championing good government, in protecting the rights of the people; and he led them to his well stocked locker in the rear of the house.

He is a generous man. He has been generous with his time and his labor, with his good humor and true friendship, and he has been generous with the key to that locker; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives congratulate Frank A. Costa, on this, his day, and express our sincere hope that he will consent to remain with us for 50 years or so; and be it further

Resolved, That the members assemble during recess, at his locker and extend individual congratulations; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Frank A. Costa.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Costa.

Mr. COSTA. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleague from Philadelphia for that wonderful resolution.

Like all great men, such as that well known fellow, Tommy Dorsey, Abe Lincoln, George Washington, I too, was born in February.

I said something three weeks ago about a report here with reference to the First Aid Station which was organized in 1948. My first session here was in '43 and I started the first First Aid Station at my locker, and it has been gaining ever since.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. DOUGHERTY offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

Mr. KOLANKIEWICZ offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. McNALLY asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. MADDEN and GOODLING.

HOUSE BILL No. 483.

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GLEASON. HOUSE BILL No. 484.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 125), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild anmils; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game, predators and unprotected birds.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 485.

An Act to further amend section 1429 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further providing for the qualifications of school nurses and their certificating by the Department of Public Instruction; validating with limitations certain actions of boards of school directors in employing nurses; and authorizing the said department to make back reimbursements in its discretion.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. GEER and PAUL F. JONES.
HOUSE BILL No. 486.

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, (P. L. 1449), entitled "An act establishing a court of record in the county of Allegheny for control, care, guidance, treatment, trial, placement and commitment of delinquent, neglected and dependent children under sixteen years of age and of persons over sixteen years of age contributing to or encouraging relinquency, neglect or dependency of children; defining the jurisdiction and powers of the court, and regulating procedure therein; providing for the transfer thereto of certain powers, functions and duties from other courts, providing for the election of judges thereof, the appointment of probation officers, other necessary staff officials and assistants, providing for housing of same, and providing for detention facilities; making the contributing to or encouraging of the delinquency, neglect or dependency of children a misdemeanor; and providing penalties," by further regulating the powers, duties and procedure of the juvenile court; and allowing an appeal to the court of common pleas in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SOLLENBERGER. HOUSE BILL No. 487.

An Act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class A by imposing a temporary tax on persons engaging in certain business, professions, occupations, trades, vocations, and commercial activities therein; providing for its levy and collection; conferring and imposing powers and duties on the Board of Public Education, receiver of school taxes and school treasurer in such districts; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SOLLENBERGER. HOUSE BILL No. 488.

An Act to impose a temporary tax on real estate for public school purposes in school districts of the first class A for current expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SOLLENBERGER. HOUSE BILL No. 489.

An Act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class A by authorizing and limiting the imposition of a tax for general revenue purposes on salaries, wages, commissions, and other compensation earned on or after January first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-two, by residents of school districts of the first class A, and on the net profits earned on or after January first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, of businesses, professions, or other activities conducted by such residents requiring the filing of returns and the giving of information by employers and those subject to said tax, imposign on employers the duty of collecting the tax at source, providing for the administration, collection, and enforcement of the said tax imposing penalties and repealing inconsistent laws.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SOLLENBERGER. HOUSE BILL No. 490.

An Act to further amend Section 2, 4, and 13 of the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 745), entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary mercantile license tax on persons engaging in certain occupations and businesses therein; providing for its levy and collection; for the issuance of mercantile licenses upon the payment of fees therefor; conferring and imposing powers and duties on boards of public education, receivers of school taxes and school treasurers in such districts; saving certain ordinances of council of certain cities, and providing compensation for certain officers, and employes and imposing penalties," by changing the rate of said tax in school districts of the first class A.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SOLLENBERGER. HOUSE BILL No. 491.

An Act to amend the title and further amend the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 733), entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property; providing for its levy and collection; confering and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority, board of revision of taxes, receiver of school taxes, county treasurer, board of public education in such districts and courts; providing for compensation to certain officers and employes and imposing penalties," by eliminating certain classes of taxable items, providing that corporations, limited partnerships and joint-stock associations holding certain taxable securities as mere custodian for the real owner shall not be taxed therefor, and providing that the act shall apply only to school districts of the first class A.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. PAUL F. JONES and RIGBY.
HOUSE BILL No. 492.

An Act to further amend Section 1311 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilties, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicles and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utlity Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation protection or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or im-

provement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by providing for sentences of imprisonment in default of fines imposed under that section for first and second offenses by motor carriers, common carriers by airplane or brokers.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mr. JOHNSON. HOUSE BILL No. 493.

An Act to amend section five of the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293), entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase, condemnation or gift of lands for the establisment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park; providing for the control, management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission; authorizing the commission to make and to enforce rules and regulations for its preservation, development and visitation; and making appropriations," empowering the commission to deputize special constables.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. MUSTO and FILIP.
HOUSE BILL No. 494.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 936), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schelule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by authorizing the payment of compensation for the period starting immediately after disability begins.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. FILIP and MUSTO.
HOUSE BILL No. 495.

An Act imposing a State tax on anthracite coal; providing for its assessment and collection; making all such moneys available for the payment of proved claims for certain damages to private property; imposing duties on the Department of Mines; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 496.

An Act to further amend section 1132 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by permitting retirement of members of the police force after twenty years of total service, deleting requirement for continuous service for such retirement.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Mr. JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 497.

An Act to amend sections 1209 and 2108 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools, amending revising, consolidating and changin gthe laws relating thereto," by providing for certification of physically handicapped persons as teachers.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. JOHN C. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 498.

An Act to amend section 1 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (Act No. 7-A), entitled "An act making an appropriation to the Department of Property and Supplies, for the installation of an electric roll call system in the Hall of the House of Rerpesentatives," by increasing the amount of said appropriation; providing for the installation of such system in the Hall of the Senate, and fixing the time within which such purchase shall be made and such installation shall be completed.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 499.

An Act to further amend section eleven of the act, approved the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred six (P. L. 45), entitled "An act to regulate the deposits of State funds, to prescribe the method of selecting State depositories, to limit the amount of State deposits, to provide for the security of such deposits, to fix the rate of interest thereon, to provide for the publication of monthly statements of moneys in the general and sinking funds, to declare it a misdemeanor to give or take anything of value for obtaining the same, and prescribing penalties for violations of this act," by further regulating the rendition of statements of moneys to the credit of the various funds in the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.
HOUSE BILL No. 500.

An Act to further amend section two thousand five hundred three of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further regulating State payments on account of tuition.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 501.

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any departmental administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 502.

An Act requiring the cleaning of windows and interior walls of industrial and office buildings at stated intervals requiring the use of safety belts imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. McGEE. HOUSE BILL No. 503.

An Act making it a disdemeanor to manufacture, sell or offer for sale or expose for sale, any air-rifle, B-B gun or similar toy which has become a dangerous instrumentality and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. McGEE. HOUSE BILL No. 504.

An Act making it a summary offense to discharge a B-B gun or similar gun in certain political subdivisions of this Commonwealth or to sell such guns to persons under sixteen years of age or to permit the use thereof by children; providing penalties; directing the payment of such fines over the persons or institutions aiding the victims of such shootings, and imposing liability upon persons discharging or selling or permitting possession of such guns by children under sixteen years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. DUNN. HOUSE BILL No. 505.

An Act to further amend Sections 613 and 713 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Departsent of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by changing the time for expiration of operators' licenses, and changing the provision relating to fees.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. BOORSE and BOLTON. HOUSE BILL No. 506.

An Act to amend subsection (b) of section one, and sections two and four of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1401), entitled "An act prohibiting discrimination in rate of pay because of sex; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry; and prescribing penalties," by further defining employer, providing for a penalty, and deleting certain provisions relative to wage rates and collection of unpaid wages.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. GUTENDORF and MIKULA. HOUSE BILL No. 507.

An Act imposing a use tax on natural gas; imposing duties on State Treasurer; applying tax collections to retirement fund of Veterans Bonus Bonds and providing penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. McNALLY, PAUL F. JONES AND EDWIN F. THOMPSON. HOUSE BILL No. 508.

An Act regulating horse racing, with wagering on the results thereof; providing for the licensing of race tracks, race horse owners, riders, trainers, stewards, and officials fo rsuch racing; providing fo revocation of such licenses and appeals therefrom; isposing license fees; creating a departmental administrative commission within the Department of Agriculture, and defining its powers and duties for the administration of this act; requiring the revenues accruing under this act to be deposited in a special fund in the State Treasury; appropriating the moneys in such funds; imposing penalties; providing for a State-wide referendum to ascertain the will of the electors on the Commonwealth, and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. DUFFY and HERSCH. HOUSE BILL No. 509.

An Act to further amend Section 407 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15—1933-34) entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or brining of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transaction in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forefiturfe of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by providing for uniform license fees regardless of population.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. KOHL. HOUSE BILL No. 510.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of Article VIII, of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 176), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and fo rthe protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring all mine foremen and assistant mine foremen to be registered holders of a certificate of qualification or service.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. VAN SANT. HOUSE BILL No. 511.

An Act to further amend Sections 614 and 615 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the

Commonwealth," by increasing the penalty provisions and providing for fines and imprisonment.

Bill referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 77.

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

SENATE BILL No. 139.

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns, and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties,"by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE BILL No. 151.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 1403 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for ten days notice to the Department of Revenue of the transfer in bulk of fifty-one per centum or more of certain personalty, buildings or real estate.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. DUNN. RESOLUTION No. 13.

In the House of Representatives, February 27, 1951.

From the inception of the Republic, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has always held a commanding leadership among its sister states.

Therefore, the symbolism of a Keystone—to describe this early strategic importance of Pennsylvania—is not merely a rhetorical flourish.

During the critical years that followed the Revolution, when our country was suffering the birth-pangs of a viable existence, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania truly served as a Keystone to impart strength and stability to the democratic arch of incongruous and loosely joined members that became the United States.

Moreover, this tradition of a Keystone role has evolved throughout the intervening years into a still greater reality. For, today, Pennsylvania with her wealth and productivity, with her industrial and agricultural potential, with her transportation facilities and cultural achievements is not only a Keystone in the architectural pattern of the foremost Nation, but has assumed her rightful preeminence among its many states.

This theme of Pennsylvania's Keystone role should not be slighted, nor suppressed. As a Keystone, Pennsylvania is, indeed, an essential part of the broad span of American ideals and culture that arches the flood of present world unrest; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Keystone as a symbol of Pennsylvania's prestige and prominence reaffirmed; and be it further

Resolved, That this House recommend that the Secretary of Revenue authorize the incorporation of the Keystone in the design of the motor vehicle registration plates to the end that the emblem of the Keystone be widely accepted as symbolic of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Messrs. KOLANKIEWICZ and BYRNE.
RESOLUTION No. 14.

In the House of Representatives, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, The area embracing the twenty-fifth and forty-fifth wards in the city of Philadelphia is both an industrial and residential neighborhood; and

Whereas, The dual nature of such area makes it imperative that industrial establishments take extra precautions to dispose of their waste and rubbins; and

Whereas, Grain elevators in such area in many instances are lax in their housekeeping when they permit the air, streets, and buildings thereof to be contaminated and littered with waste products resulting from their operation; and

Whereas, Such grain dust and grain shells pollutes the air and litters the streets, sidewalks and buildings of the area, causing and aggravating hay fever and similar allergies, and injuring property and its value; and

Whereas, The grain elevators and the Departments of Public Health and Public Safety of the city of Philadelphia do not take any action to curb this nuisance in spite of numerous complaints; now therefore be it

Resolved, (by the House of Representatives), That the State Department of Health is hereby directed to investigate the unsanitary and unsightly nuisance in the twenty-fifth and forty-fifth wards of Philadelphia caused by the careless housekeeping of grain elecators and the lax enforcement of laws by local officials for the purpose of requiring the offenders to take the necessary steps to stop the same to the ends of protecting the health of the persons living and working in such area and eliminating the injury to property and its value therein; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of Health of this Commonwealth, and to the

Mayor and Directors of the Departments of Health and Public Safety in the city of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. DOUGHERTY. RESOLUTION No. 15.

In the House of Representatives, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, The incidence of influenza in Philadelphia is steadily increasing and is assuming epidemiological proportions; and

Whereas, The disease is debilitating and causative of a greatly reduced productive effort and inimical, therefore, to the rearmament program; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House of Representatives shall approve the free distribution of influenza vaccine to all the people of the Philadelphia area; and be it further

Resolved, That this House of Representatives authorize the means whereby the program of said distribution shall be implemented.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House as follows:

Mr. Speaker, it had been expected that the FEPC bill which the minority will sponsor would be introduced today, and some newspaper releases have gone out to that effect. However, the bill will be introduced on Monday rather than today.

SENATE MESSAGE

UNKNOWN SOLDIER CONTINENTAL ARMY

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, February 27, 1951.

Whereas, A number of unknown soldiers of Washington's Continental Army are buried at Washington Crossing Park in Bucks County;

Whereas, Washington Crossing is associated with the famous Trenton-Princeton campaign, of which the historian Trevelyan wrote, "It may be doubted whether so small a number of men ever employed so short a space of time with greater and more lasting results upon the history of the world;" and

Whereas, These soldiers may have been participants in these first victories after independence was declared; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby requests the Congress of the United States to arrange for the designation of the grave of one of these unknown soldiers of the Continental Army, buried at Washington Crossing Park in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, as the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of the War for Independence; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Forests and Waters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby directed to beautify and improve whatever grave may be so designated in a suitable and appropriate manner.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 3.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service, removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 3.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled "An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service, removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau" by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. READINGER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House as follows:

Mr. Speaker, I desire to announce that there will be a caucus of the Democratic Members of the House next Monday at 3:30 and every succeeding Monday until further notice at the same time.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. PAUL F. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, February 28, 1951 at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 12:35 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1951. No. 16.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, February 28, 1951.

The House met at 10:00 a. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

Rev. CHARLES F. TRUNK, Jr., Pastor of Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Help us, O God, to see in Thee the balance for our smallness and the light for our ignorance. Keep us ever mindful that nothing is done fully and right until it is pleasing to Thee. Therefore, may Thy will be made clear to us, so that we can please Thee rather than men. Give us convictions that are sound and just first; and then give us the courage to live by them, with the help of Him who alone pleased Thee. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, February 27, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. KOHL and NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 512.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 4 of and to add Section 36.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vocational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts, and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by requiring taxing districts to pay the premiums on corporate bonds of the tax collector, in townships of the first class and further regulating the fixing of the compensation of elected tax collectors.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminal causes and suits for penalties granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 161, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 193, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197) entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 194, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174) entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laïd aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "Physician"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 991) entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth by declaring acquisition sound replanning and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health safety convenience and welfare creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevelopment providing for the organization of such authorities defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the leasing and selling property including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities providing for notice and hearing supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions the governing bodies of cities and counties and on certain State officers boards and departments" by increasing the number of Urban Redevelopment Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955) entitled as amended "An act to promote public health safety morals and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance and to undertake projects to provide dwelling clearance and to undertake projects to provide dwelling accommodations for persosns of low income providing for the organization of such housing authorities defining their powers and duties providing for the exercise of such powers including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the renting and selling of property and including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements including agreements with the United States the Commonwealth and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof defining the application of zoning sanitary and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintained by such housing authorities exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board and certain other State officers and departments" by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828) entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians committees trustees and other fiduciaries except personal representatives and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries" by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgements of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments and validating acknowledgements heretofore taken by such officers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

And said bil lhaving been read at length the first time,
Ordered To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed of an error on the calendar on page 5. House Bill 238 should be on second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WILT. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, March 5, 1951, at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:13 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1951. No. 17.

SENATE

MONDAY, March 5, 1951

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Our Father and our God, we bow humbly and reverently before Thee as we undertake the tasks of this day, that we may have guidance and wisdom in disposing the tasks imposed upon us. May we be faithful to the high trust that is ours.

Wilt Thou strengthen and safeguard our Nation? Let Thy blessing and rich grace be upon us all, and upon our Commonwealth. We pray in the Name of our Lord and Savior, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. STIEFEL, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PRESENTATION OF THE HONORABLE FLOYD CHALFANT

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is pleased to observe the presence of a very distinguished Pennsylvanian, Mr. Floyd Chalfant, former Secretary of Commerce, who is responsible for the founding of Pennsylvania Week. The Chair would like to ask Mr. Chalfont to take a bow.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 5, 1951.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Jean C. Baptie, Pittsburgh, 310 Grant St.
Mrs. Annette Fineman, Pittsburgh, 1511 Asbury Pl.
Earl F. Finniss, Pittsburgh, 501 Commonwealth Bldg.
Miss Florentine Graf, Pittsburgh, 3968 Forbes St.
Joseph A. Kopecky, Pittsburgh, 125 N Craig St.
Miss Sue Sedlock, Pittsburgh, 3600 Forbes St.

BUCKS COUNTY

Ray H. Balken, Bristol Twp., Bristol.

BUTLER COUNTY

Saul Garber, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Anne K. Rager, Johnstown

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Clara Peach, Steelton.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Louis Helm, Haverford Twp., Bryn Mawr.
Frederick B. Siebert, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

Joseph C. Barber, Erie.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Winifred B. Agett, Franklin, Fannett Twp., Dry Run.
Miss M. Oneta Slonaker, Waynesboro.

GREENE COUNTY

Miss Velna Roseberry, Carmichaels.

INDIANA COUNTY

Mrs. Isabel G. Shick, Blairsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Beulah C. Johnson, Carbondale.
Martin J. Keegan, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Melvin Erb, Lititz.
J. B. Herr, Lititz.
Walter Kramer, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Donald W. Martin, New Castle.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Effie E. Calhoun, Mt. Jewett.
Thomas F. Murphy, Foster Twp., Bradford.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Jacob S. Dietrich, Pen Argyl.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. D. M. Casey, 329 N. Sixth St.
Morris Gross, 3351 Kensington Ave.
Manuel Grossman, 823 N. Broad St.
Silvio J. Pieri, Rm. 730, City Hall Annex.
Mrs. Marion H. Plumb, 1911 73rd Ave.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP

Dominic Valdiserri, Burgettstown.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Mary M. Donatelli, Scottdale.

YORK COUNTY

Sterling E. Baugher, Jefferson.
Edward A. Hess, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss M. Wiggins, 1228 Land Title Bldg., 3-6-51.
William H. Bauer, 1626 S. 2nd St., 3-7-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

W. J. Murray, Pittsburgh, 5550 Claybourne St., 3-8-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Curtis H. Miller, North Irwin, 3-8-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Stewart C. Moore, Aliquippa, 3-9-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Nicholas Del Guercio, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill, 3-9-51.
Mrs. Mabel M. Thomson, Chester, 3-9-51.

FULTON COUNTY

Geo. S. Grissinger, McConnellsburg, 3-9-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Martha L. Skooglund, Kane, 3-9-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

John H. Herring, Easton, 3-9-51.
William S. Kennedy, Portland, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Frank A. Hookey, 5224 Baltimore Ave., 3-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

L. W. Long, Pittsburgh, 2 Grant Bldg., 3-10-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Hyman Rabinowitz, 778 Drexel Bldg., 3-10-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Germaine L. Dolphin, Oil City, 3-10-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Peter E. Told, Swarthmore, 3-12-51.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Gertrude L. Phillips, Meyersdale, 3-13-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Michael Solomon, Archbald, 3-15-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Marian Caughey, Pittsburgh, 411 7th Ave., 3-16-51.

SNYDER COUNTY

H. G. Winey, Middleburg, 3-17-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

William E. Baker, Washington, 3-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Miriam Levy, Pittsburgh, 316 Melwood St., 3-19-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Lucy N. Brighton, Norwood, 3-19-51.

GREENE COUNTY

Miss Edna O'Hara, Waynesburg, 3-21-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Mary R. Reynolds, New Castle, 3-23-51.

SOMERSET COUNTY

John M. Torquato, Windber, 3-23-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John A. Albrecht, Pittsburgh, 402 Federal St., 3-24-51.

WAYNE COUNTY

Mrs. Evelyn N. Reigel, Honesdale, 3-24-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Waldo M. Brown, Pittsburgh, 2600 Library Rd., 3-25-51.
Mrs. Esther Widom Horvitz, Pittsburgh, 6342 Alderson St., 3-26-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Myer Pasik, 1401 N. Franklin St., 3-26-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Peter Smorto, Spangler, 3-27-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Norbert F. Braun, Pittsburgh, 3400 Forbes St., 3-28-51.
Miss E. M. McGinley, Pittsburgh, 222 Oliver Bldg., 3-28-51.
Emile F. G. Rossi, Pittsburgh, 919 Union Trust Bldg., 3-28-51.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Donna B. Van Gilder, Uniontown, 3-28-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Harrison A. Bolich, Allentown, 3-28-51.
Mrs. Kathleen B. Keeley, Allentown, 3-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Abraham Amarnek, 1600 S. 4th St., 3-28-51.
Max H. Kantor, 822 S. 5th St., 3-28-51.
Mrs. Mabel H. MacCain, 1315 Walnut St., 3-28-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John K. Benn, Pittsburgh, 304 Ross St., 3-29-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

G. Raymond Foultz, West Earl Twp., Ephrata, 3-29-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Natalie M. Carolfi, 315 Green St., 3-29-51.
Mrs. Catherine E. Crowe, 5602 Woodland Ave., 3-29-51.
Miss Nannie Nottingham Dunne, 1900 Spruce St., 3-29-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

George Rankin, Port Carbon, 3-29-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

D. A. McCombs, Pittsburgh, c/o Pgh. Rys. Co. (8) 3-30-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

J. S. Schrecengost, Kittanning, 3-30-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Robert B. Nearing, Towanda, 3-30-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Lottie H. Dockey, Uniontown, 3-30-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Julius Bano, Homestead, 3-31-51.
Albert C. Rieber, Tarentum, 3-31-51.
John F. Grantham, Tarentum, 3-31-51.
Irving E. Kemp, Newville Twp., 2400 Grand Ave., Pittsburgh, 3-31-51.
Miss Marie A. Rodgers, Pitcairn, 3-31-51.
Mrs. Carolyn E. Stobart, Wilkinsburg, 3-31-51.
Mrs. Dorothy Zinkhan, Pittsburgh, 530 4th Ave., 3-31-51.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. Pauline M. Schnars, Lock Haven, 3-31-51.

ELK COUNTY

Bernard E. Willard, St. Marys, 3-31-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Eva R. Soudan, Erie, 3-31-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Martin, Lancaster, 3-31-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

William C. Guyton, New Castle, 3-31-51.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Helen D. Nusbaum, Bradford, 3-31-51.

MERCER COUNTY

W. Paul Christy, Grove City, 3-31-51.
J. H. McClimans, Greenville, 3-31-51.

MONTOUR COUNTY

George O. Wagner, Danville, 3-31-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Albert James Cooney Jr., 3214 Mantua Ave., 3-31-51.
Frank Fingrutd, 6512 N. 16th St., 3-31-51.
Miss G. M. Garirty, W. Washington Square, 3-31-51.
Edward J. Kelly, 4710 Market St., 3-31-51.
Miss Dora E. Kurtz, 100 Porter St., 3-31-51.
Miss Isabel Lower, 2516 W. Columbia Ave., 3-31-51.
E. P. Singley, 910 Cherry St., 3-31-51.
Morris Warhaftig, 915 N. Franklin St., 3-31-51.
Mrs. Florence W. Whartenby, 2709 W. Lehigh Ave., 3-31-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. Rose A. Miernicki, Shenandoah, 3-31-51.

YORK COUNTY

J. Allen Melhorn, Mt. Wolf, 3-31-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. Fred Allen, Pittsburgh, c/o Bailey-Farrell Co., 4-1-51.
G. Walter Bauer, Millvale, 4-1-51.
Miss Eva Bernstein, Pittsburgh, 307 5th Ave., 4-1-51.
Miss Margaret Cagney, Pittsburgh, 343 4th Ave., 4-1-51.
Chas. L. Cunningham, Pittsburgh, Fifth Ave. & Wood St., 4-1-51.
A. D. Feeman, Carnegie, 4-1-51.
Miss M. E. Flygar, Swissvale, 4-1-51.
Miss Esther R. Goodman, Pittsburgh, 512 Berger Bldg., 4-1-51.
Miss S. E. Green, Pittsburgh, 4th & Wood Sts., Arrott Bldg., 4-1-51.
W. Sheraden Hall, Pittsburgh, 2829 Chartiers Ave., 4-1-51.
Mrs. Katherine Harney, Pittsburgh, 311 4th Ave., 4-1-51.
James Hull, Pittsburgh, 1216 Carnegie Bldg., 4-1-51.
Miss Dawn N. Lewis, Pittsburgh, 2005 Law & Finance Bldg., 4-1-51.
R. F. McCrea, Pittsburgh, 535 5th Ave., 4-1-51.
W. C. McKenzie, Pittsburgh, 216 Millbridge St., 4-1-51.
Harry E. McWhinney, Homestead, 4-1-51.
W. E. Thompson, Swissvale, 4-1-51.
J. B. A. Tracey, Pittsburgh, 324 Pa. Sta., 4-1-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Ethel M. Cummins, Beaver Falls, 4-1-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Laura M. Roberts, Reading, 4-1-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Arthur H. Baxter, Athens, 4-1-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Henry S. Cole, Cresson, 4-1-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Matilda M. Culbert, Chester, 4-1-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Ralph R. Riehl, Erie, 4-1-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Thomas K. Scheller, Chambersburg, 4-1-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

William H. Horger, Taylor, 4-1-51.
Miss Mary E. McNamara, Scranton, 4-1-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

C. R. Weaver, New Holland, 4-1-51.
Miss Charlotte F. Wiley, Lancaster, 4-1-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss C. E. Bowman, Allentown, 4-1-51.
Elmer C. Weaver, Allentown, 4-1-51.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Agnes Callahan, Greenville, 4-1-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Sylvia A. Ingram, Norristown, 4-1-51.
Miss Elizabeth A. Widroder, Norristown, 4-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ralph J. Brodsky, 1001 Chestnut St., 4-1-51.
Miss Mabel Corson, 1533 Orthodox St., 4-1-51.
Samuel Ellis, 1505 Race St., 4-1-51.
Howard D. Evoy, 4809 Wayne Ave., 4-1-51.
George A. Gaul, 7028 Woodland Ave., 4-1-51.
Eugene Gullmann, 1201 Chestnut St., 4-1-51.
James B. Jackson, 5211 Baltimore Ave., 4-1-51.
Thomas A. Mann, 3141 "G" St., 4-1-51.
John F. Megonigal, 318 Bourse Bldg., 4-1-51.
Mrs. Irma H. Mellon, 1328 Vankirk St., 4-1-51.
Harvey W. Monks, Monotype Bldg., S. W. Cor. Locust & 24th Sts., 4-1-51.
Antonios Papamarkou, 1024 Locust St., 4-1-51.
Lorenzo J. Riley, Bourse Bldg., 5th St. below Market, 4-1-51.
Henry J. Tunstall, 1006 Cottman Ave., 4-1-51.
LeRoy A. Worrell, 2017 N. 63rd St., 4-1-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Jessie Urey, Oil City, 4-1-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Alex Eicher, Greensburg, 4-1-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Ness, York, 4-1-51.
Mrs. Charlotte L. Rupp, York, 4-1-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Paul S. Fancsali, Pleasant Hills, 4-2-51.
Geo. F. Marlier, Pittsburgh, 926 Union Trust Bldg., 4-2-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Carrie B. Lawrence, Steelton, 4-2-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. McHugh, Hazleton, 4-2-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Milton Forman, Williamsport, 4-2-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Emma Hedrick, Telford, 4-2-51.
Milton Moyer, Hatfield Twp., Hatfield, 4-2-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Ida V. Frank, 712 Land Title Bldg., 4-2-51.
Lewis Gerber, 435 N. 5th St., 4-2-51.
William Koerwer, Jr., 5506 N. 5th St., 4-2-51.
Edward A. Worthington, 1523 W. Columbia Ave., 4-2-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Harry Wind, Monessen, 4-2-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

D. M. Lord, Butler, 4-3-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Cyrus E. Shenk, Annville Twp., Annville, 4-4-51.

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Miss Mabel J. Berryman, Lewistown, 4-4-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Gordon Butterworth, 1500 Walnut St. Bldg., 4-4-51.
Miss Bessie M. Stakelbeck, Commercial Union Bldg., 4-4-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Dorrella Beck, 2227 Jane St., 4-5-51.
Miss Agnes M. Clinton, Pittsburgh, 600 Grant St., 4-5-51.
Ellsworth W. Hoffman, Jr., Pittsburgh, 704 Union Nat'l Bank Bldg., 4-5-51.
Andrew Kvasnak, Clairton, 4-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mervin J. Brenner, 1418 Packard Bldg., 4-5-51.
Joseph Greenfield, 5122 Walnut St., 4-5-51.
Emanuel Kline, 255 S. Fifth St., 4-5-51.
Miss Elizabeth C. Plunkett, 1518-20 Parrish St., 4-5-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mildred T. Lang, Pittsburgh, 434 Shady Ave.

BERKS COUNTY

George J. Kline, Fleetwood.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Lorraine M. Sofranko, Allentown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy W. Fry, West Norriton Twp., Norristown.
Mrs. Kathryn U. Harley, Schwenksville.
Harold S. Hartman, Pottstown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward F. Avallon, 7108 Castor Ave.
Saverio Bruni, 7021 Torresdale Ave.
Joseph B. Cassidy, 1251 S. Bucknell St.
Herbert G. Cozen, 728 Sansom St.
John J. Deisher, 1600 S. 22nd St.
Robert J. DiLella, 3720 Midvale Ave.
Morris S. Goldberg, 6300 Ogontz Ave.
Mrs. Elizabeth M. Schwar, 401 N. Broad St.
Miss Betty Webster, 3485 Emerald St.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

CAMBRIA COUNTY

G. M. Lang, Cresson, 3-1-51.

YORK COUNTY

Roy Coulson, Dillsburg, 3-1-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

I. L. Bachmann, Pittsburgh, 2727 Murray Ave., 3-3-51.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Ivan Park, Three Springs, 3-3-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Frederick W. Scheuren, Collegeville, 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Robert L. Frank, N. W. Cor. 20th St. & Passyunk Ave., 3-6-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

John Toram, Jr., Chester, 3-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

William W. Deissler, Springfield Twp., Philadelphia (18), 3-9-51.
Mrs. Irene J. Kirsch, Lower Merion Twp., Bala-Cynwyd, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Frank W. Lewis, 6105 Nassau Rd., 3-9-51.
Erwin G. Stein, 6144 Ridge Ave., 3-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Leonard Hatfield, Pottstown, 3-10-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Catharine E. Bridge, Pottsville, 3-10-51.
H. B. Shoener, Orwigsburg, 3-10-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Mrs. Bernice J. DeSantis, Muhlenberg Twp., Temple, 3-12-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel T. Famous, Norristown, 3-15-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Edythe F. Denlinger, Lancaster, 3-17-51.
Roy R. Frey, Elizabethtown, 3-17-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Claire Westerman, Johnstown, 3-24-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SNOWDEN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBERS OF THE BLAIR COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Blair County Board of Assistance:

Rabbi Nathan Kaber (Democrat), 3004 Union Avenue, Altoona, to serve until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Eugene O'M. Bradley, Altoona, resigned.

Mrs. Sara Mitterling (Republican), Hollidaysburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John J. McMurray (Republican), Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

H. David Pitzer, Box No. 234, Biglerville, Adams County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Menallen, Adams County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

ALDERMAN

John A. Balzer, 1709 West Eighth Street, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

James J. Robinson, Box No. 32, Everson, Fayette County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Upper Tyrone, Fayette County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Earl Etling, Sr., deceased.

Charles W. Hendricks, Butler Pike, R. D. No. 4, Norristown, Montgomery County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Plymouth, Montgomery County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice John D. Stout, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

RECORDER OF DEEDS, CAMBRIA COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate D.

Thomas Evans, 340 Highland Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County, for appointment as Recorder of Deeds in and for the County of Cambria, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Clark Powell, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. BLASS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 268, entitled

An Act to amend the act, approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1210), entitled "An act relating to group life insurance; describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon, the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder; limiting the amount of such insurance; prescribing standard policy provisions; and requiring notice of conversion privileges," by increasing the maximum coverage permitted on individual members of group life insurance policies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 269, entitled

An Act relating to historic shrines; declaring the same to be affected with a public interest; prohibiting the destruction, defacing or altering thereof, without approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission; constituting the commission a legislative agency for the purposes of this act; authorizing it subject to appeal to determine the educational value of such shrines providing for injunctions, and compensation for damages and prescribing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. WADE, DIEHM and SNOWDEN read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 270, entitled

An Act to add Section 14.1 to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the Administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by authorizing the election of options by certain contributors at any time prior to retirement or death.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 271, entitled

An Act to add section 8.1 to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," to permit members to increase their contributions and providing additional benefits in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act to add Section 608.2 to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways; peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for additional examinations for operators of certain commercial motor vehicles.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. SNOWDEN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to amend Section II of the act approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 604), entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the department to lease certain projects upon their being opened to public use.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. BARR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 308 and subsections (a), (b) and (c) of Section 310 of the act, approved the twenty-

eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or opportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin Couty exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by requiring public utilities to give written notice and serve each political subdivision, municipal corporation and other designated interested party with copies of all changes in existing tariffs and all data and evidence submitted to the commission in support thereof; requiring a public hearing by the commission not less than sixty days from time of filing proposed change concerning the lawfulness of such rate; providing that the rate in force at the time of filing the change shall continue for a period of six months from date thereof and an additional period not exceeding six months pending decision; providing that the commission shall not by the establishment of temporary rates or by rule or otherwise circumvent, alter or modify provisions of this amendment relative to changes in existing law; providing that the changes in established rates during the year one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one which do not comply with Sections 308 and 310 shall be void and the previously existing rates reestablished until changed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 308 and 310 as herein amended; and providing that temporary rates may be established by the commission only after notice and hearing as required by Section 308.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act providing for examination by the Workmen's Compensation Board of persons prior to appointment or reappointment as workmen's compensation referees.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. BANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 276, enttled:

An Act to amend Subsection C of Section 315 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 289), entitled "An act relating to non-profit corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon them and their officers and members; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the first class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign nonprofit corporations may be admitted or may continue to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, prothonotaries of such courts, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain local public officers and State departments to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by authorizing cemetery and burial corporations to transfer trust funds to corporate fiduciaries with the approval of the orphans' court and by providing for the filing of accounts by such fiduciaries, and the audit and confirmation thereof by said court.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. LEADER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 277, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Health to provide sodium flouride for the treatment of public water supplies, requiring applicants for the same to provide the necessary machinery and equipment to introduce it into a water supply and approval by the Department of Health of the plans thereof and methods to be used.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 278, entitled:

An Act validating and confirming the official acts of certain State officials performed during the period their status was in doubt.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BYRNE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 279, entitled:

An Act fixing the maximum hours of employment for members of the fire and police departments, and uniformed officers and men, employed as park guards in cities of the first class, except in emergency cases.

Which was committed to the committee on Local Government

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 3 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 129), entitled "An act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund, to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same," by providing for the refund of contributions upon the death of any pensioner when such contributions exceed beneficiary payments made to such pensioner.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. WAGNER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 281, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 457), entitled "An act relating to the business of building and loan associations; providing for the organization and voluntary dissolution of such associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such associations, and of their officers, directors, shareholders, solicitors, and other employes; prohibiting the transaction of business in this Commonwealth by foreign building and loan associations; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; establishing limitations of actions; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the withdrawals of certain optional payment shares; providing that accounts of less than a certain amount need not be credited with dividends; further regulating the terms of mortgage contracts and the terms of bonds securing mortgages, the types of property upon which mortgages may be taken and the disposal of mortgages.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 620 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 457), entitled "An act relating to the business of building and loan associations; providing for the organization and voluntary dissolution of such associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such associations, and of their officers, directors, shareholders, solicitors, and other employes; prohibiting the transaction of business in this Commonwealth by foreign building and loan associations; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; establishing limitation of actions; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by increasing the maximum amount to be set aside as reserve for contingent losses.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WATKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Sleighton Farm School for Girls, situate in Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 284, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamson Free School of Mechanical Trades, for maintenance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elwyn Training School at Elwyn, Delaware County to provide adequate school building facilities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elwyn Training Schol at Elwyn in the County of Delaware, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing certain conditions upon which the appropriation will be available to the school.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools Situate in Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act to add Section 452 to the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing boards of county commissioners to make appropriations to county firemen's associations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

BRIDGE OVER SUSQUEHANNA RIVER CONNECTING STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM IN CUMBERLAND AND DAUPHIN COUNTIES BE DESIGNATED AS THE M. HARVEY TAYLOR BRIDGE

Messrs. HARE and WALKER offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

It is fitting that the long and distinguished career of the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor in business life, civic affairs, and legislative activities be duly recognized.

His faithful and constructive services have had a most beneficient influence on the welfare and the prosperity of the Commonwealth; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the bridge over the Susquehanna River connecting the State highway system in Cumberland County with the system of State highways in Dauphin County, at Foster Street in the City of Harrisburg, be designated as the M. Harvey Taylor Bridge; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Highways shall erect along said bridge suitable tablets or markers to perpetuate this resolution.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I desire to be recorded as voting "present" on the resolution.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Dauphin will be so recorded.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The resolution was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. FREED, offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.,; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p m., E. S. T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I desire to submit a resolution at this time and I have not had an opportunity to discuss it with the Majority Leader because we were all held up in our caucuses, but the purpose of this resolution is for the enlightenment of the Members of the Senate in order that we may get the truth regarding certain newspaper items that have been published at various times over the State relating to certain contracts and purchases by the Commonwelath through various departments. The purpose of this resolution is to give to us the knowledge that will be absolutely necessary if we are to act intelligently upon the question of departmental confirmation.

Mr. President, if the stories in the newspapers are factual then the Senate ought to know, and the best way and the best information we can get is from the departments who handle the disbursements.

Under the rules of the Senate, it is not allowable for any Member of the Senate to question the integrity or the ability of any man or any person who is up for confirmation publicly and, therefore, in fairness to the individuals or individual who is up for confirmation, or might come up for confirmation, the fair thing to do would be to get the information firsthand and, therefore, I want it clearly understood that this is for the information of the Senate and not a fishing expedition under any set of circumstances.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

REQUESTING THAT THE AUDITOR GENERAL AND STATE TREASURER EXAMINE FILES AND INFORM THE SENATE WHETHER REQUISITIONS FOR THE EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS BY CERTAIN DEPARTMENTS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH LAWS GOVERNING EXPENDITURES OF STATE FUNDS

Mr. DENT offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

March 5, 1951.

Whereas, all funds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania must be expended in the manner provided by law, and

Whereas, department heads are charged with complying with the Constitution in carrying out all laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and

Whereas, the Auditor General and State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are charged with the duty of examining, auditing and approving requisitions of the various departments for the expenditure of State funds, with certain limited exceptions, and

Whereas, in discharging faithfully its constitutional obligations, it is incumbent upon this Senate to ascertain that the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are being faithfully followed,

Be It Resolved, That the Auditor General and the State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested, and they are hereby requested, to examine their records and files and inform this Senate whether at any time since January 15, 1947, either of their offices upon receipt of a requisition from the Department of Military Affairs, Department of Forests and Waters, Department of Highways, Department of Revenue, Department of Insurance, has in the first instance failed to approve the requisition for the expenditure of funds by any of such departments, or by a departmental administrative board in any of such departments, due to the opinion of the Department of the Auditor General or Treasury Department that such department or board had failed to comply with the laws governing the expenditure of the State funds being requisitioned.

Be It Further Resolved, That if the Auditor General or State Treasurer has so questioned the legality of any expenditure and has failed initially to approve a requisition of any of the aforementioned departments, or their departmental administrative boards, that the Auditor General or State Treasurer so inform this Senate, stating the Department or Board which sought to make the expenditure, the number of requisition questioned, the date thereof, the Fiscal Officer's reason for questioning the requisition, and the Fiscal Officers' ultimate action upon the requisition.

Be It Further Resolved, In the interest of an expenditious report from the Fiscal Officers, that such report should not contain information referring solely to expense accounts of Commonwealth employees.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee, be dispensed with and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the foregoing resolution.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have no desire to impede the work of the Senate in obtaining information, and I wonder if the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland would bear with me if I would suggest that the resolution which has just been introduced be pre-

sented to the Senate Rules Committee so that we can discuss it.

The PRESIDENT. The resolution is referred to the Committee on Rules.

PRESENTATION OF THE HONORABLE JOSEPH R. ZIESENHEIM

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is pleased to note the presence of another very distinguished visitor in our midst today, a former Member of the Senate, the Honorable Joseph R. Ziesenheim, of Erie County. Will you please take a bow?

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WOOD read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article two, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by providing for annual sessions of the General Assembly.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

Mr. LETZLER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RESOLUTIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION BE DIRECTED TO STUDY NEED FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

Mr. McPHERSON offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

Whereas, the progress and advances realized since 1874 in every field of endeavor, and affecting every human activity have created problems and difficulties unknown to the constitutional convention of 1874, and

Whereas, The Constitution of Pennsylvania is a statement of the sanction of the people and the authority for our government, and

Whereas, We must know if our new problems have changed that sanction, and a new statement be needed, therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to study the need for a constitutional convention, with particular regard to whether the preparation of a new constitution, or a revision of the existing constitution would better serve the need of the people and report its findings and conclusions to the next General Assembly together with its recommendations of specific changes to be considered by the General Assembly and by the people.

JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION BE DIRECTED TO STUDY NEED FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION AND THE GOVERNOR APPOINT AN ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Mr. McPHERSON offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations:

Whereas, The progress and advances realized since 1874, in every field of endeavor, and affecting every human activity have created problems and difficulties, unknown to the Constitutional Convention of 1874, and

Whereas, The Constitution of Pennsylvania is a statement of the sanction of the people and the authority for our government, and

Whereas, We must know if our new problems have changed that sanction, and a new statement be needed, therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to study the need for a constitutional convention, with particular regard to whether the preparation of a new constitution, or a revision of the existing constitution would better serve the need of the people, and report its findings and conclusions to the next General Assembly together with its recommendations of specific changes to be considered by the General Assembly and by the people, and be it further

Resolved, That the Governor is hereby requested and authorized to appoint an advisory committee of fifteen persons to assist the Joint State Government Commission in its study.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. McPHERSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections? The Chair hears none

Mr. McPHERSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. LANE and PEELOR read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 31 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by reclassifying counties of the sixth and seventh classes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ROSENFELD read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 292, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Wills Eye Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS POSTPONED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171),, entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

be placed on the Third Reading Postponed Calendar.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Walker. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined." by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

be placed on the Third Reading Postponed Calendar.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, it is always a pleasure.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, this is the first of a group of bills that deal with the so-called civilian defense legislation, and we have some admendments prepared and we have others that we want to prepare, and we also have some pertinent arguments that we would like to make relating to some of the features of these bills that we are not entirely clear on. However, if the Majority Leader will not raise the objection on third reading for the submission of the amendments, and will permit debate on third reading on the features of the bills themselves, I have no objection to the bills passing second reading at this time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I say to the gentlemen, we will be very happy to permit the presentation of any amendments that they might have to this program and, of course, I think both sides understand that the determination as to the fate of the amendments will rest with the decision of the majority of the gentlemen present, but at least we will have a chance to discuss them thoroughly.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto regulating and restricting the manufacture purchase sale possession consumption importation transportation furnishing holding in bond holding in storage traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 45, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 47, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 31 and 32 of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427) entitled "An act to Consolidate Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings" by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the lay relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 212, on second reading, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352), entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration, operation, and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River, and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with the State of New Jersey; creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenues derived from tolls collected at such bridges; transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State of New Jersey, amending the agree-

ment entitled, "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties," as heretofore amended; to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, improvement, maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River, including approach highways; the financing thereof and the fixing, charging and collecting of tolls for the use of such bridges.

be placed on the Second Reading Postponed Calendar.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 239, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 240, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 241, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 6, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. McGINNIS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, March 6, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, March 5, 1951.

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Basil Smochko, Pastor of St. Mary's Greek Catholic Church, Nanticoke, guest of the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Najaka, offered the following prayer:

"In the name of the Father and of the Son and of The Holy Spirit. Amen.

"The prosperity of man is in the hand of God, and upon the wise and learned in law, He shall lay His honor." (Ecc. 5-12)

Almighty God, who with Thine ineffable wisdom in unchangeable laws expresses the beauty of the universe; Thou hast made man to Thy own image, with an immortal soul endowed with intelligence and will; the intelligence to comprehend the truth, and the will, that he may attain to his own personal good and that of his fellowmen in the freedom of every endeavor.

This day, we Thy humble servants, elected to promulgate wise and prudent laws, are assembled to so legislate, that the citizens of this great commonwealth of Pennsylvania may know the means to their personal and social progress.

Send them, O Lord, of Thy wisdom. Illuminate their minds with The Holy Spirit, That they may establish fruitful laws for the benefit of the citizens of this state.

Grant unto them strength to achieve perfection in the process of government, that they may serve as an example to all states of the world. Give them light, that they may easily distinguish truth from falsehood, good from evil. Teach them the ways of sacrifice, that they may not to succumb to the imaginary promises of atheistic communism, whose aim is the blackest slavery.

O gracious Lord, grant good health and strength to these Thy sons, our Governor and the Representatives to fulfil their burdensome duties, that they may be pleasing to Thy Holy will and to their fellow citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in so doing merit the blessings of their own salvation.

For Thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, now and ever, and forever and ever. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, February 28, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL No. 8

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 28, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 8, Printer's No. 6, entitled "An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Joint State Government Commission for the payment of general expenses."

JOHN S. FINE.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House Hon. William P. H. Johnston from Allegheny County.

RESOLUTION

RECALLING HOUSE RESOLUTION FROM THE GOVERNOR

Mr. MORAN asked and obtained unaminous consent to offer a resolution and for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 5, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11, providing for SHUT-IN'S DAY, be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Van Sant for Mr. STIMMEL for the week because of illness in the family.

Mr. Scanlon for Mrs. MONROE for the week because of illness.

Mr. Readinger for Mr. BRETH for the week to attend an International Wild Life Conference at Milwaukee.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 193, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197), entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class."

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 194, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174), entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million."

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "An act relating to statutory laws; prescribing and enacting clause for statutes; fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted; providing for notice of application for local and special legislation, for the correction of errors in statutes, and for the printing and publication of statutes; prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes; defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes; and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments, re-enactments and repeals of statutes," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bills Nos. 337 and 340

were temporarily passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828), entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians, committees, trustees, and other fiduciaries, except personal representatives, and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries," by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgements of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgements and validating acknowledgements heretofore taken by such officers.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 111, Printer's No. 20

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILL ON SECOND READING POSTPONED

Agreeably to order,

The bill having been called up from the postponed calendar, by Mr. TAHL

The House resumed the consideration on second reading of House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 510) entitled "An act providing for the licensure and regulation of certain private nursing homes and private hospitals conferring certain powers and duties upon the Department of Welfare and providing penalties" including boarding houses and homes within its provisions requiring the Department of Welfare to revoke licenses in certain cases reducing the period in which licenses must comply with department orders and granting the Department of Welfare the power to padlock licensees' premises in certain cases

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BOWERS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Welfare for the purpose of further study.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. TAHL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Northumberland, Mr. Bower.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Northumberland permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BOWER. I shall.

Mr. TAHL. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman explain his reason for his motion?

Mr. BOWER. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of the motion to recommit is that I have amendments to offer in the Committee that I think will improve the bill.

Mr. TAHL. I have no objections, Mr. Speaker.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. SWOPE asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. HOGGARD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. SARRAF asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hoggard, has just introduced an FEPC bill, sponsored by himself and others; also approved by the Democratic House Caucus.

We would like very briefly to explain the difference between the bill that has just been introduced and the bill that is now pending in Committee, and for that purpose I beg to yield to the gentleman from Pittsburgh, Mr. Jones.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Jones.

Mr. PAUL F. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I wish to thank the Minority leader, and with the kind permission of the gentlemen of the House, would like briefly to state that the FEPC bill that has just been introduced from this side of the House contains in the most part the features of the Brown Bill that was before the House in 1945. It follows along the lines of the recommendations made by the State Council on Fair Employment Practices. It is the result of the combined thinking of all of the groups in this Commonwealth who have been interested in the passage of this type of legislation and who have worked for years to have it written into law upon the statute books of this state.

One of the main features of the bill is that one of the controversial portions of previous bills, the so called penalty clause has received the careful consideration of those of us who are responsible for this bill. You will note when printed copies are distributed to you that the first and second offenses are made summary convictions; only the third offense becomes a misdemeanor. I believe that after you have studied it, you will become convinced that the bill has real and just merit, and we are going to call upon you to give it your careful consideration, and later on when it becomes a subject before this House for final passage, which it is to be hoped that it will, we are going to ask you, in line with the platform pledges of both parties—the turning aside of partisan politics—that this bill will not become the subject of a political maneuver, but that we will keep our pledge to the people of Pennsylvania and write into law a Fair Employment Practices Act in this state.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections the Chair will return to bills on Second Reading on page 3 of today's calendar.

The Chair hears none.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (Pamphlet Laws 991), entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth; by declaring acquisition and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health, safety, convenience and welfare; creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities; authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private, corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevolopment; providing for the organization of such authorities; defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain; the leasing and selling property, including borrowing money, issuing bonds and other obligations, and giving security therefor; restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities; providing for notice and hearing, supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers; prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities; conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions, the governing bodies of cities and counties, and on certain State officers, boards and departments," by increasing the number of Urban Redevelopment Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the chairman of the Committee on Cities and Counties—First Class the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Tahl.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Tahl, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. TAHL. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia if he received requests from the Philadelphia Housing Association, the Greater Philadelphia Movement, The Committee of Seventy, and the C. I. O. for public hearings on House Bill 337, and House Bill 340?

Mr. TAHL. In reply to the gentleman, I would say that when I arrived in Harrisburg today I found all those telegrams, but prior to today I had no knowledge of those telegrams, except the paper did mention there were some telegrams sent out, but I did not know the contents of the telegrams.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if he would object to both of these bills going over?

Mr. TAHL. Mr. Speaker I am not the sponsor of the bills. The sponsor of the bill is Mr. Hamilton, and under the Rules of the House, the sponsor of the bill is in control of the bills.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of the bill, Mr. Hamilton of Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia if he would object to these

bills being passed over in order for a public hearing to be granted to these organizations in Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon, that during the past ten days—at least the week-end before last—that there has been ample publicity given to these bills in various newspapers in Philadelphia and particularly in some of the local papers. Having received only one telephone call from an average, reputable citizen in the city of Philadelphia, it appears that the majority of the average citizens of Philadelphia are in favor of the fact that they would like to see His Excellency, the Governor, have the right to make the appointments under this bill and also enlarge the Board from five to seven. Therefore, I don't think it is necessary for any public hearings because of what has been expressed in the public press up to this time.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia if he is for home rule.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to reply to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon, that I am strongly in favor of home rule in Philadelphia.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, in view of the fact that so many organizations have requested public hearings from the Chairman of the Committee on Cities of the First Class, although he states he just received those telegrams today, and in view of the fact that I think we are going to be in here until June or July, so there is no big hurry and, since these groups who represent the majority of the citizens of Philadelphia, have asked for it it would not be asking too much that a public hearing be granted to them.

I offer the following motion,

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on City and County—First Class, for the purpose of holding a public hearing.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman states that he read a series of newspaper articles and editorials with respect to these measures. Did he read them during the last week?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I did, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, what was the nature of those articles? Is it not true that most of them were opposed to these measures and that they called for a public hearing so that interested civic organizations and parties could appear to voice their objection to the measures.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Some were along those lines but not too vigorous. As far as that is concerned there was divided opinion, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Was there any editorial comment in any of the Philadelphia newspapers favoring your measure?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. There were no editorial comments favoring the measure, however the editorial comments and newspaper articles that appeared were put in regularly during the past ten days, and I would like to reiterate to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose, that I have received but one single telephone call from an average citizen of Philadelphia, despite the editorials and also the various articles that appeared in our daily papers and in some local papers.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman from Philadelphia whether he has a copy of the communication that was sent?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, my distinguished colleague, the Honorable Herman J. Tahl, handed me a copy of the telegram from City Controller Joseph S. Clark, Jr., but I did not receive any telegram from Controller Clark.

Mr. ROSE. Did you receive any communication from William Fulton Kurtz, Co-Chairman of the Greater Philadelphia Movement?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. The communication that I received from Mr. William Fulton Kurtz, from Philadelphia, was a copy of a letter which he sent to the Chairman of the Committee on City and County—First Class, my distinguished colleague the Honorable Herman J. Tahl. That was a copy of that letter sent about a week ago.

Mr. ROSE. Was that communication not received by the gentleman prior to the meeting of the Committee of City and County—First Class when these measures were considered by said Committee?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. The copy of the letter from Mr. Kurtz that I received was mailed to my home but I understand a copy, the original copy, that he sent to Mr. Tahl, was sent here to the House of Representatives in Harrisburg and Mr. Kurtz released that letter to the public press before Mr. Tahl had an opportunity to receive or read it.

Mr. ROSE. Did the gentleman not see the story in the Evening Bulletin of Monday, February 26, 1951 wherein the context of the letter sent by William Fulton Kurtz, was printed at length?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Will the gentleman give me the date of that newspaper again?

Mr. ROSE. Monday, February 26th. That is last Monday's.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I did, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. So the gentleman had notice of the views of Mr. Kurtz prior to the time this measure was considered in Committees.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes, we did.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman—I believe I understood him to say in reply to the interrogation by Mr. Scanlon that he is in favor of home rule.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I am very strongly in favor of home rule.

Mr. ROSE. I ask the gentleman too whether he ran as a candidate on the Republican ticket and backed the Republican platform.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I did, and thank the good Lord I was elected.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman whether he is familiar with the plank in the Republican platform with respect to local Government?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes I am, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. May I direct your attention to the Republican platform plank in which they say

"Proper distribution of governmental powers is

the only safeguard of liberty. We therefore uphold the right of political subdivisions to self government."

Did the gentleman adhere to that plank of the platform when he ran for public office?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to say this in reply to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose. In House Bills 337 and 340 the specific provision is made that the Governor shall appoint as members of the Authority seven citizens who shall be residents of the City of Philadelphia or the city in which the Authority operates. Those seven citizens to be appointed by His Excellency, The Governor, I assure you will uphold home rule as it should be upheld and not by any false pretense.

Mr. ROSE. Is it the gentleman's understanding that home rule or the principle of self government which the Republican platform, as well as the Democratic platform, espouses, provides for appointment of officials that reside within the county, or that home rule really means that government shall be actually conducted and the power of appointment be in local officials?

The SPEAKER. Does the Chair understand that the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose, desires to discuss the merits of the bill? The Chair desires to give latitude to the members in their debate, but would request that the gentleman confine himself to the motion to recommit until such time as the merits of the Bill are properly debatable.

Mr. ROSE. May I withdraw that question please, Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman may, and the Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I just want to ask one more question.

Did the gentleman see a copy of the telegram that was sent to Herman J. Tahl, Chairman of the Committee on City and County—First Class, by the Honorable Joseph S. Clark, City Controller, Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I did, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman if the Mayor of Philadelphia desired to have an opportunity to appear here to discuss this measure would you be willing to have him so appear?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I really do not think it is necessary because I don't know really what is in your mind but that is not necessary inasmuch as since the date of the newspaper that you mentioned, February 26th, the citizens of Philadelphia have had an ample opportunity to study the provisions of these bills, and I am quite certain that the average citizen of Philadelphia is in favor of House Bills 337 and 340.

Mr. ROSE. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker, preliminarily on the gentleman's motion to recommit this bill, I would like to place into the record a telegram sent to the Honorable Herman J. Tahl, copies of which have been received by me and I suppose other Members. The City Comptroller has said:

> "Have just telegraphed Herman J. Tahl as follows: 'Urge postponement House action ripper bill transferring appointing power to Governor for Philadelphia Housing Authority and Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority. Mayor Bernard Samuel and I should have opportunity to testify in support of home rule principle and against Harrisburg control. Would also like chance to explain constructive program of Philadelphia Housing Authority since Republican organization patronage dispenser, Tito Macchia, was fired and non-political program of Bureau of Municipal Research adopted by Board.' Believe I could satisfy any sincere and objective group that the present size of boards of both Authorities should remain unchanged and that the appointing power should remain in elected representatives of people of Philadelphia."

The gentleman from Philadelphia has stated that a considerable number of articles appeared in the local newspapers pertaining to this measure. I think anyone who has read the articles will agree that most of the articles, certainly the editorial comment, were so phrased as to show that the people of Philadelphia are opposed to any attempt to abrogate the principle of self government under which we have been laboring.

Now this is an extremely important step taken not only in the state of Pennsylvania where all Authorities are locally appointed, but throughout the nation we will find that Authorities are appointed locally, and consequently we feel that the interested civic organizations in Philadelphia who wish to present to the Members of this House their views on the measures that we are considering today should have an opportunity to appear.

I think it is something that is rather reprehensible to have measures so important in nature rushed through this House when there is so little legislation that we can consider at the present time. I think we should afford an opportunity to all the groups that are interested in this type of legislation to appear here and express their views. Consequently, I call upon the Members of the House who are righteous thinking to vote for the motion of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, it appears that once again we have become parties to differences of opinion that occasionally arise among the Philadelphia brethren. It is unfortunate that I, as a rural Member, would have to go to bat on an important measure upon the basis of the knowledge that the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, has as to what the people of Philadelphia think, or on the basis of the information the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose, has as to what the people of Philadelphia think.

I don't know from the testimony adduced so far what the people of Philadelphia think, but I'd like to have as a Member of this House, and as a rural member, a chance to find out. You know there is a disposition on the part of majorities to say "Let's roll it; let's roll it through." Sometime back we were debating a civil defense measure and at one time in the proceedings there were those who thought the Speaker of the House should roll it through. Now he didn't, and I think we got a better measure.

I would say in all kindness to the gentleman from Philadelphia that if there were less rolling through without regard to what the people think, he wouldn't find himself in his present extremity, and be forced to take refuge from the wrath of the people of Philadelphia, potential wrath and come to this House for protection.

I think we are starting this session on a sour note if we announced by reason of our action, "It doesn't make any difference what the people think; we don't propose to hear them." It has always been my theory that if any representative group, however humble, asked to be heard before a Committee of this House, that they have a right

to be heard whether they come from the smallest county within the confines of the Commonwealth or whether they come from the imperial city, the State, even of Philadelphia. If we're going to proceed on the theory that the public be damned, that the only people we want to hear from are the people who have been with us in close political association, we are running into a lot of trouble.

I have here a letter from the C. I. O., signed by its President. Now, some Members may say that in the last election the C. I. O. didn't support us—so the heck with them; but I'll say that's a peculiar theory upon which to base legislation. It isn't fair—it isn't fair to the rural Members that we shouldn't have a right as a Committee of this House to hear what His Honor, the Mayor of Philadelphia, has to say, if anything; what the Chairman of the Board of Directors or Trustees or the members of powerful groups in Philadelphia have to say, if anything, pro or con. Personally, I'd like to see and hear what the advocates of this measure have to say in its favor—why they want it; why they want it—not why the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, wants it; but why the people in Philadelphia want it, if they do. And I'd like to hear from the opposition as to why they don't want it. And unless we consult public sentiment to some degree in our law making, we might as well hand the power of action over to two or three people.

We're either a legislature or we're not, and if we're a legislature, the people have a right to be heard, and our enemies have as much right to be heard as our friends.

I'd like to read into the record a letter from the Pennsylvania C. I. O.

> "The Pennsylvania C. I. O. Council respectfully requests that you recall from the floor House Bills Numbers 337 and 340 and that you arrange a public hearing on these highly controversial bills."

There's nothing wrong about that—even from mine enemy.

> "Local Housing Authorities to be effective and successful need local acceptance and necessary autonomy to assure public confidence. This includes the mechanics of locally appointing members of such authority. The Pennsylvania C. I. O. Council is unalterably opposed to the elimination of such necessary local autonomy. These bills provide for political interference from outside the local area. The sole purpose of a local Housing Authority is to provide housing and shelter facilities for people in the area under its jurisdiction. Time is of the essence. Will you please favor us with an early reply."

Now I say to you that whether the C. I. O. was in your corner or in my corner or in the other fellow's corner, it has a right to be heard. And so, it would be judicious action—and I say this in all sincerity to the gentlemen from Philadelphia who comprise the majority party delegation, it would be judicious action, if instead of rolling it, rolling it simply because you have the votes, that you pause, find out what people have to say and then act.

I say to the rural Members that it's simply nonsense, nonsense to become involved on party lines on a subject dealing solely with the principle of good government without having had the opportunity to weigh the merits of the case. Now I don't know whether, after having heard arguments pro and con, I could say definitely that I would support the theory for which Mr. Rose stands. I think I would, but I want to hear the evidence and I hope that any other Member of the House that wants to hear the evidence, that wants to have the case tried, that wants to have the case brought in proper fashion before this tribunal, will vote to send this bill back to Committee, not to be killed; but in order that we may have at our disposal data upon which we can act intelligently.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, and Members of the House I would like to reply to the distinguished Minority Leader by saying there will be ample opportunity to express some very interesting views, so I would appreciate it very much if the Members of the House will vote down this motion to recommit the measure.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. SCANLON and Mr. READINGER.

A verification of the roll was requested by Messrs. SCANLON and TOLL.

The roll was verified and was as follows:

YEAS—82

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Lederer,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good,	Lutty,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,		

NAYS—107

Banker,	Flack,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Frost,	Light,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Geer,	Lyons,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Smith,
Beech,	Gleason,	Markley,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Greer,	McInroy,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Hall,	Mikula,	Toomey,
Brown,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	VanSant,
Cella,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Watkins,
Dalrymple,	Johnson,	Murray,	Weidner,
Davis,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Jump,	Pichney,	White,
Dowling,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kline,	Reagan,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	Young,
Ewing,	Kratz,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Ferster,	Lafore,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Firmstone,	Leisey,	Royer,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Breth,	Madden,	Monroe,	Shotwell,
Cooper,	Mazza,	Naugle,	Spencer,
Headlee,	Metz,	Rigby,	Stimmel,
Hewitt,	Mihm,	Scott,	Wescott,
Loftus,	Mills,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROSE offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 4, lines 8, 9 and 10 by striking out the words "except that in cities of the first class the" in line 8 and all of lines 9 and 10.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I will appreciate it very much if the Members will vote down the amendments which were just proposed.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, preliminarily I may say that this amendment merely restores to the Mayor the appointive power that he has under the present system. The bill that has been offered by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, has taken away from the Mayor the power to appoint the members of the Redevelopment Authority and has placed that power of appointment in the Governor. It has also increased the membership in the Authority from five as it is presently constituted, to seven members.

May I at this time interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, may I ask the gentleman whether he feels that by the introduction of this measure he is reflecting upon competency or ability of the present members of the Redevelopment authority of Philadelphia.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. No, emphatically no.

Mr. ROSE. Doesn't the gentleman think that the Authority as it has been administered by the five members appointed by the Mayor has been done in good fashion?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia, that our distinguished Mayor has been in office since August 1939 and this year that will represent approximately twelve years of service, and I can't understand why the gentleman from Philadelphia seems so kindly disposed toward the Mayor of Philadelphia, whereas for the past ten or twelve years and longer than that they have hammered the Mayor as being a political Mayor.

Mr. ROSE. Does the gentleman himself think the Mayor is a political Mayor?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I think Mayor Samuel has done a most outstanding job for all the citizens of Philadelphia irrespective of their political affiliations.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman to tell me how long the Redevelopment Authority has been operating in the City of Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. The Redevelopment Authority for approximately five years.

Mr. ROSE. Does the gentleman know when the Federal funds were first turned over to the Redevelopment Authority for use in the redevelopment program?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I am not too sure of the exact date, but it was within that period of time, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Is the gentleman familiar with the work that the Redevelopment Authority is now doing in Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes.

Mr. ROSE. Is the gentleman aware of the program that has been setup under the present members of the authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. You still are referring to the Redevelopment Authority?

Mr. ROSE. That is right.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes, I am, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Does the gentleman feel that by the passage of this bill the program would be better administered?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I believe that it would be greatly improved, because in Philadelphia the Redevelopment Authority is going to enter upon a great program and those who are serving as members of the Authority are filling honorary positions. I firmly believe that if the Authority is increased, seven members will be able to share the responsibility and do a far better job for the average citizen of Philadelphia.

Mr. ROSE. The authority has been operating successfully since 1948 with five members. Where would there be an improvement with seven members?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. For this reason Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman knows because he is apparently very familiar with the that the authority is just getting ready to go ahead with their first re-development housing project, which means their responsibilities will increase on a manifold basis, and in order to accomplish better management in the interest of the average citizen of Philadelphia it would be far better to share those responsibilities with a larger number of honorary members on the Redevelopment Authority.

Mr. ROSE. May I ask the gentleman what magic is there in the number seven.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. It's only a lucky number, as far as I know.

Mr. ROSE. If we were to follow the reasoning of the gentleman perhaps if the membership of the authority would be increased to thirty it would be still more efficient than it would under the number proposed by the gentleman.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I think seven at the present time with the program that is contemplated will be sufficient. If that is enlarged over the years I presume it will require a larger number of men to handle the added responsibilities.

Mr. ROSE. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker, first I want to point out to the membership of this House that the Redevelopment Authority as it is presently constituted in Philadelphia has as its Chairman Kevy K. Kaiserman, appointed by the Mayor, John P. Crisconi, as Treasurer, Joseph A. McDonough is a member, Dr. Irvin Underhill is a member and Ralph Pitman, formerly City Treasurer, is the final member.

The Redevelopment Authority of course was created by an act of 1945 passed by the Members of this House. In 1948 the first city funds were made available to the Authority. Of course, they were so small in amount that the Authority program could not get under way until October of 1950. I might also point out that the Executive Director of the Authority was Mr. David Walker, who was considered so competent that the Governor ap-

pointed him to his Cabinet as Secretary of Labor and Industry.

Since the date of October 1950 when the federal funds were made available to the Authority for which it was set forth they had started work on the poplar program in Philadelphia. This is an area in Philadelphia which is a slum area; they are now actually tearing down slum projects and erecting habitable homes for low income individuals.

Following this they have a program wherein they have made application to the Federal government for approval of three programs, three different projects in the City of Philadelphia. I might point out that the federal authorities, completely satisfied with the work that is being done by the Redevelopment Authority in Philadelphia, have approved the entire three projects that have been submitted to them. It is interesting to note that there are seven projects in all that have been approved by the Federal authorities throughout the nation, and we of Philadelphia have had three redevelopment projects approved.

Now, of course, the main thing to be considered here is this vicious attempt to take away from local officials the power to appoint those that administer the programs that deal with local problems. I was very interested in hearing the gentleman from Philadelphia state that he subscribed to the Republican platform, and one of the planks in that platform, the planks upon which the majority Members of this House were elected, as well as the Governor and the rest of the ticket, called for home rule. It's a shock to the decent people of Philadelphia to see one of the first measures introduced in this House an attempt to take away from our local officials their right to self government. We have felt all along that the Redevelopment Authority had been proceeding at a cautious but a rather good pace since the Federal funds were made available. And we, the minority side from Philadelphia, realizing that the Mayor, who of course is a member of the majority party and who has made all the appointments in Philadelphia, has in this instance done something constructive for the people of Philadelphia.

I was very happy to hear our Minority Leader present to you the argument why we should have a public hearing. The same sentiments that he expressed then could well apply to the principle of home rule. I think particularly you men from the rural districts who throughout the years that I have been serving in this House have been clamoring and fighting for measures of home rule are taking an extreme step backwards, and it is interesting to see that the forces that are opposed to this measure are the forces that have been professing their belief in the principles of home rule.

At this time Mr. Speaker, I wish to read into the record a statement reported in the Philadelphia Inquirer by William T. Morrow, who is Chairman of the Republican party of Philadelphia with respect to the charter which will be submitted to the electorate very shortly.

The Sunday Inquirer of March 4th, discussing the backing of a charter by Mr. Morrow, quotes Mr. Morrow as saying the following: "That the charter itself can be made an instrument for good home rule government." It also says that he added that he was in favor of the charter because it represented home rule, and home rule is a sound basis for good Government. Philadelphia should have it.

In that particular article too the Republican Chairman of Philadelphia County has criticized one of the provisions in the said charter for the following reason, and I quote

> "However the new charter provides in part for government by bureaucracy. Under the proposed charter persons without any responsibility whatsoever to the electorate of Philadelphia are given important duties and functions. The responsibility for our City government must and should be placed only in the hands of those persons who are elected by the people."

Now, Mr. Speaker, the attempt of the majority members from Philadelphia to procure the passage of this legislation certainly is a contradiction of the sentiments expressed by the Chairman of the Republican party of Philadelphia. Its rather anomalous to find that the membership on the other side of the House when they are candidates for public office go around espousing the principles of home rule and telling the electorate how they love home rule, and yet so early in the session, the first measure of any consequence pertaining to Philadelphia is a measure which is designed to take away from the elected local officials of Philadelphia those principles which they have been loudly proclaiming to the roof tops they believe in.

We are perfectly content on this side with the membership of the Redevelopment Authority. The members are competent, decent individuals. Since the federal funds have been made available to them, they have gone at full speed in the program that they set forth, and we expect to see in the not too distant future full evidence of the work that they have been able to do. However if the appointive power is removed from our local officials and placed in the hands of the Governor we will not be able to have the element of local control which we seek and possibly the program may bog down.

We charge the Majority Members from Philadelphia as engaging by the introduction of this measure and voting for this measure, in a bare faced attempt to take away from the people of Philadelphia the rights that they should have to select their own public officials. This is certainly a step in the wrong direction. It is completely contradictory to the practice followed not only throughout Pennsylvania but throughout the nation and I have been reliably informed that there is not a Redevelopment Authority that has been set up throughout the country wherein the members of the Authority are not appointed locally. It is something that we really deplore and I can assure the gentlemen on the other side that the people of Philadelphia are aroused. Every decent civic organization has expressed its opposition. The Bureau of Municipal Research, the Greater Philadelphia Movement, the labor organizations, as well as the newspapers are anxious to retain the present control as set forth in the bill and the law as presently in existence. This is a bare-faced political attempt to steal away from and to deprive the local officials of Philadelphia of the right of control that they have. It is certainly an indication on the part of the majority Members from Philadelphia and from throughout the State that they have no confidence in local officials in Philadelphia; that they

have no confidence or faith in the capabilities and the competency of Philadelphians.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, we will want a roll call on these amendments and I suggest that we use the roll call that we just had. I suggest that, because I really, from the standpoint of politics don't want any of the Members of the majority party to wiggle off of this hook. Those who have elected to stand with this body of death represented by the forces back of this bill should be compelled to continue standing where they have elected to stand now. As a matter of good government, I would like to see this bill defeated; as a matter of pure partisan politics, I would like to see it go over.

Now, we've had the unusual experience of being enrolled in an appreciation club, an appreciation club in order that we may show our appreciation of the gentleman from Philadelphia and his abilities in the organization that he represents. As a matter of appreciation, we're to support this bill, and please, gentlemen, I would appreciate it, Members of the House, if you would support this measure.

Well, I appreciate the gentleman from Philadelphia, I appreciate the hole he's in, I appreciate the orders under which he's operating and I appreciate the situation in which the rural Members of this House find themselves—they're hooked by a caucus majority. I have noticed that on the lineup for this measure some of the distinguished Members on the other side have been conspicuous by their absence from the firing line. We've had one voice in defense of it—we've had many votes. Gentlemen, you are hooked; go through with it. The people of Philadelphia will decide the issue. So, if it pleases the House, we'll use the previous roll call on these amendments.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say to the distinguished, capable Minority Leader that I hope that I always play the role of a gentleman and express my appreciation for things that benefit the average citizen of Philadelphia and also the average citizen of Pennsylvania. If I made a mistake in parliamentary procedure by saying I will appreciate it, I want to apologize to the Minority Leader because being a freshman legislator I will probably make a number of mistakes as far as the book is concerned; but from my heart I hope I don't make any mistakes.

In answer to Mr. Rose, I would like to say this: I didn't know he was going to bring up the City Charter. I didn't know that he would quote our very able leader, Mr. William K. Morrow in his recent article concerning the City Charter Commission. There are some very reputable newspaper men here from Philadelphia and I read the comment after the very fine gentleman, Mr. James A. Finnegan, the leader of their party, issued a statement on the City Charter, saying that the organizations are only giving it lip service. They're not sincere when it comes to a question of home rule. To avoid any question about home rule, certain citizens of Philadelphia will be appointed by the Governor, and the idea of these two bills is to place the appointive powers in the hands of the Governor. The amendment that is offered would destroy this bill.

Now if I am supposed to use stronger terms, Mr. Minority Leader, I would like to ask the Members of this House to vote down this amendment.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman's comments upon the stand of both city leaders in Philadelphia on the charter, I hope that the gentleman feels that Mr. Morrow was sincere. The reason I quoted from his comments was that I felt he was sincere in uttering such statements, and the reason Mr. Morrow said that he was in favor of the charter was because he believed in home rule. Of course, the action of the Members on the other side in voting on this amendment will show whether they believe in home rule and whether Mr. Morrow was sincere.

Insofar as the stand taken by Mr. Finnegan is concerned, I think most people will agree that he has been in the forefront of the fight for a city charter, in spite of the fact that there might be some provisions in the charter that he personally is not interested in. I think his public declarations would indicate that he is strongly in favor of the charter, and the charter, of course, is the main step now being taken to bring to the people of Philadelphia greater elements of home rule.

This particular measure that's been introduced by the gentleman from Philadelphia is a step to remove from the citizens of Philadelphia the power of home rule, and it is for that very reason we are opposed to the measure. We are not opposed to the measure for any other reason. We may even grant that there might be some justification in increasing the membership of the Authority, but when you remove from the locally elected officials the power of appointment, you certainly are not following the principles of home rule that you are espousing. For that reason, Mr. Speaker, I'm asking all those who believe in home rule to vote for the amendment.

The years and nays were required by Mr. ANDREWS and Mr. READINGER and were as follows:

YEAS—82

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Lederer,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good,	Lutty,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.	McGee,		

NAYS—107

Banker,	Flack,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Frost,	Light,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Geer,	Lyons,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Smith,
Beech,	Gleason,	Markley,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Greer,	McInroy,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Hall,	Mikula,	Toomey,
Brown,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	VanSant,
Cella,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Watkins,

Dalrymple,	Johnson,	Murray,	Weidner,
Davis,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Jump,	Pichney,	White,
Dowling,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kline,	Reagan,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	Young,
Ewing,	Kratz,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Ferster,	Lafore,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Firmstone,	Leisey,	Royer,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Breth,	Madden,	Monroe,	Shotwell,
Cooper,	Mazza,	Naugle,	Spencer,
Headlee,	Metz,	Rigby,	Stimmel,
Hewitt,	Mihm,	Scott,	Wescott,
Loftus,	Mills,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thouand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled, as amended, "An act to promote public health, safety, morals, and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies, corporate and politic, to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance, and to undertake projects, to provide dwelling a commodations for persons of low income; providing for the organization of such housing authorities; defining their powers and duties; providing for the exercise of such powers, including the acquisition of property by purchase, gift or eminent domain, the renting and selling of property, and including borrowing money, issuing bonds, and other obligations, and giving security therefor; prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities; authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements, including agreements with the United States, the Commonwealth, and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof; defining the application of zoning, sanitary, and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintainer by such housing authorities; exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation; and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board, and certain other State officers and departments," by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, on the previous discussion on House Bill 337 the gentleman on the other side of the House wanted to give us the impression that very few people requested a public hearing on this bill. I would like to reiterate, the Philadelphia Housing Authority, the Greater Philadelphia Movement, the Committee of Seventy, the CIO, and the AFL organizations in Philadelphia, representing about 500,000 people, requested a public hearing on House bill 340.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on City and County—First Class for the purpose of holding a public hearing.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. SCANLON and Mr. ROSE and were as follows:

YEAS—82

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Lederer,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good,	Lutty,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,		

NAYS—107

Banker,	Flack,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Frost,	Light,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Geer,	Lyons,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Smith,
Beech,	Gleason,	Markley,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Greer,	McInroy,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Hall,	Mikula,	Toomey,
Brown,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	VanSant,
Cella,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Watkins,
Dalrymple,	Johnson,	Murray,	Weidner,
Davis,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Jump,	Pichney,	White,
Dowling,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kline,	Reagan,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	Young,
Ewing,	Kratz,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Ferster,	Lafore,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Firmstone,	Leisey,	Royer,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Breth,	Madden,	Monroe,	Shotwell,
Cooper,	Mazza,	Naugle,	Spencer,
Headlee,	Metz,	Rigby,	Stimmel,
Hewitt,	Mihm,	Scott,	Wescott,
Loftus,	Mills,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROSE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 5, line 1, by striking out the bracket before the word "mayor"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 5, line 3, by striking out "] Governor shall appoint seven members to"

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON: I have been in conversation with some of my colleagues. What is this the amendment you just presented?

Mr. ROSE. In reply to the gentleman may I state that

this amendment proposes to take the power away from the Governor as set forth in the gentleman's bill, and of course, cuts down the number from seven to five, placing the power of appointment of two of the members with the Mayor of Philadelphia and the power of appointment of two other members in the City Controller of Philadelphia County, and of course the four members so appointed shall appoint the additional member.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Rose is very kindly disposed to his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia which kindly disposition has not been displayed or demonstrated in the last ten or twelve years in our great city. This idea would defeat the appointive power of the Governor and destroy the bill, and I ask the Members of the House to vote down the amendment.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Will the gentleman tell up who are the members of the present Housing Authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. There are two members appointed by the Mayor of Philadelphia, Mr. Phillip Sterling, Mr. John Dean; there are two members appointed by the Democratic City Controller of Philadelphia, Mr. Walter Phillips, the Honorable James J. McDevitt and the fifth member is selected by the four members of the Housing Authority who is Mr. P. Blair Lee.

Mr. ROSE. Is the gentleman familiar with the members of housing units which have been setup since the authority has been in operation in Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. There are quite a large number of housing units to accommodate many of our splendid citizens of Philadelphia, yes.

Mr. ROSE. Is the gentleman familiar with the six year program which has been promulgated by the Authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I am, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Does the gentleman know that under the six year program the Authority contemplates the erection of 20,000 additional housing units.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. That is exactly why, and the principal reason for having the membership of the Authority enlarged from five to seven, is to enable the members of the Housing Authority to share their responsibility so that they will be able to do a far better job than they have been doing for the benefit of the veterans of Philadelphia who deserve living quarters and also for the low income families of our city.

Mr. ROSE. With respect to the program does the gentleman know that there were a series of hearings held in Philadelphia at which interested parties could appear for and against any of the proposed projects considered by the authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I heard about a few of them, yes, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Did the gentleman himself attend any of those meetings?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia and to the Members of this House I have joined with more than 750 citizens from my own home district who are strongly in favor of home rule and honest home rule in connection with those hearings of the Philadelphia Housing Authority.

Mr. ROSE. Did not the gentleman oppose the Green Valley Country Club project that was being considered by the authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I responded to the call of our people in the 21st Ward in the 14th Legislative District and especially to the owner of the Green Valley Country Club that the Housing Authority wanted to select. The attorney, one of the most reputable attorneys of Philadelphia, representing the owner of the Green Valley Country Club, told the members of the Housing Authority and the citizens of the 21st Ward in the 14th Legislative District that they were interfering with private enterprise. On that particular site at the present time the owners of the Green Valley Country Club already have in progress 600 to 700 new homes that the average person in our city will be able to purchase with due financing arrangements. Mr. Mason, the attorney for the estate reiterrated over and over again that if the Housing Authority would try to confiscate that ground they would have to go through condemnation proceedings and it would require several years. On that particular site the veterans of Philadelphia, the low income groups of Philadelphia, the people who are entitled to housing would not even see a housing project for perhaps four or five years, and certainly under this 200 million contemplated program of the Housing Authority the veterans want to see some action before a period of five years has elapsed on account of legal technicalities. I am quoting for the record and Mr. Rose, I know will say to this House that Mr. Mason did tell the members of the Housing Authority exactly what I am saying to the membership of this House.

Mr. ROSE. As a result of the opposition of the gentleman and the people in whose behalf you appeared, the Housing Authority did not approve that project, is that not so?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. If they didn't, as far as I know, there has been no official notification to the citizens of our committee by the members of the Housing Authority or anyone else acting in an official capacity.

Mr. ROSE. Were you dissatisfied with the hearing given to you by the members of the Authority as presently constituted?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. The hearings were entirely satisfactory and I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia that the members of the Housing Authority who were present at the hearing,—there were four as I remember, were very complimentary to the citizens of our community for the manner in which they presented vital facts, why they did not see that a housing project should be located in the Green Valley Country Club when there are throughout the City of Philadelphia many, many blighted areas where the Housing Authority could do a tremendous job for the benefit of those people.

Mr. ROSE. So that the authority, selected by local officials, functions properly and has been functioning properly in the City of Philadelphia at the present time?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Do you mean that they grant a public hearing?

Mr. ROSE. No, I mean, doesn't the Housing Authority selected by the Mayor, the Controller, and of course the other member selected by the members so appointed, operate efficiently and competently at the present time in Philadelphia?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Rose, since the dual

appointive power was enacted, allowing the Mayor to appoint two members, allowing the Controller to appoint two members, and the fifth member to be chosen by the four appointed members, there has been constant bickering, turmoil, dissention and contention, that has interfered with the progress of the Housing Authority in Philadelphia, and veterans and low income groups have not seen able to get satisfactory living quarters because of the changes brought about by appointments.

The gentleman from Philadelphia knows that just within recent months the former Controller of Philadelphia dismissed certain members. The new Controller of Philadelphia then dismissed those members and reappointed new ones. So consequently it has been the veterans of Philadelphia, the low income groups of Philadelphia who deserve a better place to live, who have been the victims of the dual appointive power in Philadelphia, and the only way that can be corrected is to have a harmonious spirit in the Authority, and that can be brought about only by one appointive power, His Excellency The Governor.

Mr. ROSE. Do I understand the gentleman's chief objections to the present setup are that he is opposed to dual appointive authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I am opposed to dual appointive authority for the reasons that I have just explained to the Members of this House, because it has brought about nothing but dissention and bickering and it has interfered with veterans and low income groups. I would like to say this, many of them, Mr. Rose, and you have had it as well as I have had it—fathers, heroes of World War II have been in your home and mine with their wives, with their children, and they have pleaded and cried for a place in which to live. Under this $200 million program we had better have a more harmonious spirit in our Philadelphia Housing Authority for the heroes of World War II, or the low income families will be reminded that even the Son of God was told by the innkeeper "there is no room for you in the inn." They don't ask anything palatial; they just want comfortable living quarters to accommodate their very splendid families. If this $200 million program is going to succeed for those people who need living quarters so much, we had better have harmony in the membership of the Housing Authority, which can only be brought about by one appointive power, His Excellency the Governor.

Mr. ROSE. I am to assume then that if the appointive power were vested in one individual the gentleman would be satisfied.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Satisfied because it would create a more harmonious spirit in the membership of the Philadelphia Housing Authority.

Mr. ROSE. Well now actually, Mr. Hamilton, since P. Blair Lee has been elected chairman of the Housing Authority there has not been any evidence of any bickering, has there?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. We have not seen much action so far, Mr. Rose, as far as homes are concerned so that our veterans and low income families can move in. We haven't seen much action.

The SPEAKER. The gentlemen are requested to address their remarks to the Chair. The Chair recognized the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I was a little bit amused to see the gentleman make some comments upon our being satisfied with individuals who are administering programs in Philadelphia who have been selected by majority party representatives,—in this case, of course the Mayor.

It may be true that in some instances in Philadelphia we are dissatisfied by the type of men that have been appointed. Some of us may feel too that we could have selected more competent individuals in our own ranks to represent the Democratic party in various bodies of the city, but we are perfectly frank and candid in saying that the people of Philadelphia, both Republicans and Democrats and particularly the leaders of the Democratic party are satisfied with the Authority including the members selected by the Mayor of Philadelphia, who is not a member of our party.

Now who do we have on the Board in Philadelphia?

Philip Sterling, who is one of the ablest members that ever trod these legislatives halls. He has been interested in the civic projects for many years, and I say to you frankly that we of the Democratic party in Philadelphia are satisfied with the type of work he is doing on the Housing Authority.

John Dean, who is also an appointee of the Mayor, is satisfactory to the members of the Democratic party as a member of the Housing Authority.

Walter Phillips, who was head of the Philadelphia Housing Authority has earned a nation-wide reputation for the fine work he has been doing in behalf of low income group housing projects.

James McDevitt, an able labor leader who has been constantly fighting for the underprivileged who are most affected, of course, by the Housing Authority program, is one who has earned the commendation of all who know the type of work he has been doing on the Authority.

P. Blair Lee, who has been selected by the four members I have just enumerated, is the President of The Western Savings Fund Society in Philadelphia, a competent, able banker, who since his election to the chairmanship has eliminated the bickering about which the gentleman complains, and has restored harmony.

I think the gentleman, if he were at all aware of the situation as it existed in the Authority will agree that since the removal of Tito Macchia, who was a bone of contention, the Authority has been going ahead full blast with an excellent program.

Now I am very happy to see that there are people interested in the plight of persons in Philadelphia who cannot afford high rentals. The Housing Authority program is designed to make available for low income groups, including the veterans of whom the gentleman spoke, adequate, decent housing accommodations. It was for this reason that the Housing Authority was established, and it was for this reason that they received large amounts of federal funds.

We on this side are certainly concerned with the plight of the veterans and of the other people who cannot afford high rentals. It is for this reason that we are opposing this measure because we do not wish to see this program bog down. We do not wish to remove from the hands of the local appointive authorities the power to select men who are certainly going to be far more capable of understanding the needs of the people of Philadelphia

than are men who have been selected from some source not subjct to the will of electorate in Philadelphia.

I want to say one thing in closing. Politically, as the Minority Leader has stated, we should keep quiet. I think the passage of this bill will cause such indignation among the decent thinking people of Philadelphia that they will show their resentment this coming November and get rid of the City Hall gang that is behind this measure. Anybody at all familiar with the history of this thing knows full well that the City Hall gang has had this measure introduced in this House, that they have been the ones in spite of the fact that they profess their love for home rule who have been smashing away at the attempt to insure adequate home rule in Philadelphia; that they are merely supporting this legislation for the purpose of depriving the citizenry of Philadelphia of the control which they need over such an important administrative agency within the city. It's a sad commentary when the majority party in Pennsylvania, when the lawmakers of that party convene here in Harrisburg, and attempt to take away from a city established as was Philadelphia, its right of self government and home rule. It is astounding to us to see this barefaced attempt to deprive Philadelphians of the power to conduct their own affairs.

We of the minority party are interested in good government in Philadelphia. I think our record throughout the years has shown where we stand on these issues, and we have consistently supported those measures which are designed to bring to the people of Philadelphia a decent government. We have also consistently followed our party platform and I point out to you Members on the other side, this is the first evidence that you are breaking a pledge in your own platform. I am hoping that we will not see any further evidence of it as the session goes on, but if this is to be taken as a precedent, you might as well tell the people of Pennsylvania now that you have not lived to your party platform, that you don't intend to live up to the party platform, and that the voters of Pennsylvania have been suckers. I can tell you that the people of Philadelphia will not be suckers. The civic organizations in Philadelphia do not want to have taken away from the elected officials of Philadelphia the authority to appoint men who administer important programs. The fact that it is taken away and given to any other local official, and I do recognize the fact that the Governor possibly would appoint competent men to the office—that's not what we're complaining about. I assume that the Governor would be sincere in his appointments and would appoint competent men; he might appoint the very same men who are administering the program today, but if he were not to do so, there would be removed from the local officials the power that is vested in them. Here in Philadelphia William Penn first laid out a city; Franklin and our other great patriots met and drew up the first principles of home rule which have been the banner and the cornerstone of our form of government. You are now trying to take away in this measure the first of what I consider to be a series of measures which will deprive Philadelphians of the right of self government.

I tell you now, that the people of Philadelphia will this coming November show their resentment of this step. You may rue the day that this measure was ever introduced here, and for the life of me, from a political viewpoint, I can't see why it was; because this is placing into the coffin of the Republican Party the first nail. If you wish to see home rule continued in Philadelphia, you will vote against this measure. If you want to play the same brand of partisan politics that have aroused the people of Philadelphia in the last two elections, continue to vote for this type of legislation and you will continue to see the resentment expressed at the polls.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. SCANLON and Mr. ROSE and were as follows:

YEAS—82

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boles,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Lederer,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good	Lutty,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,		

NAYS—107

Banker,	Flack,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Frost,	Light,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Geer,	Lyons,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Smith,
Beech,	Gleason,	Markley,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Greer,	McInroy,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Hall,	Mikula,	Toomey,
Brown,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	VanSant,
Cella,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Watkins,
Dalrymple,	Johnson,	Murray,	Weidner,
Davis,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Jump,	Pichney,	White,
Dowling,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kline,	Reagan,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	Young,
Ewing,	Kratz,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Ferster,	Lafore,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Firmstone,	Leisey,	Royer,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Breth,	Madden,	Monroe,	Shotwell,
Cooper,	Mazza,	Naugle,	Spencer,
Headlee,	Metz,	Rigby,	Stimmel,
Hewitt,	Mihm,	Scott,	Wescott,
Loftus,	Mills,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not agreed to.

On the questions recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROSE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 5, line 1, by striking out the bracket before the word "mayor"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 5, line 1, by inserting a bracket before the word "two" where it appears the first time in said line

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 5, line 3, by striking out "Governor shall appoint seven members to" and inserting in lieu thereof: "all of the members of."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I offer this following amendment and it provides that the power of appointment of the members of the Housing Authority of Philadelphia shall be vested in the Mayor alone.

There were some comments made upon the fact that there was a great deal of bickering and confusion as a result of the splitting of the authority of appointment. We are quite satisfied in having the Mayor of Philadelphia, who was not a member of our Party, make the appointments. It was merely an attempt to show that we are interested in home rule, that we are confident of the abilities of the people of Philadelphia and their duly elected officials to work out their own destiny, and we don't care whether the authority is split or whether such authority lies in the hands of one particular individual. I think it will answer the objections voiced by the gentleman on the other side as to the splitting of authority, and we're asking now that the power of appointment be taken away from the Governor as proposed in the measure offered by the gentleman, and placed solely in the hands of the Mayor of Philadelphia.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, again I want to say to Mr. Rose that he certainly is very friendly toward His Honor, the Mayor of Philadelphia; but such an amendment would destroy the idea of the appointive power in the hands of the Governor and so far as this amendment is concerned it would destroy the bill. So, I ask the Members of the House to vote down the amendment.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I hold no brief for the Mayor of Philadelphia, but as I indicated before, I think the Mayor has made some excellent appointments insofar as the Housing Authority is concerned at the present time. But the point that you should bear in mind in voting on this measure is, that you are voting against home rule and the power of self government if you vote against these amendments, and that you are voting to continue and to preserve home rule if you vote in favor of said amendments.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. ROSE and Mr. HAMILTON and were as follows:

YEAS—82

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pettigrew,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Lederer,	Pfaff,	Varallo,
Duffy,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Verona,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Polen,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Price, R. A.,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Readinger,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Reese,	Wheeler,
Good,	Lutty,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Rose,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Rosen,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,		

NAYS—107

Banker,	Flack,	Leonard, W. C.,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Frost,	Light,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Geer,	Lyons,	Shoemaker,
Bear,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Smith,
Beech,	Gleason,	Markley,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Greer,	McInroy,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Hall,	Mikula,	Toomey,
Brown,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	VanSant,
Cella,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Watkins,
Dalrymple,	Johnson,	Murray,	Weidner,
Davis,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Whalley,
Dennison,	Jump,	Pichney,	White,
Dowling,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Wilt,
DuBois,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kline,	Reagan,	Yeakel,
Erb,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	Young,
Ewing,	Kratz,	Riley, R. L.,	Ziegler,
Ferster,	Lafore,	Robertson,	Sorg,
Firmstone,	Leisey,	Royer,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—18

Breth,	Madden,	Monroe,	Shotwell,
Cooper,	Mazza,	Naugle,	Spencer,
Headlee,	Metz,	Rigby,	Stimmel,
Hewitt,	Mihm,	Scott,	Wescott,
Loftus,	Mills,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at four thirty o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. ANDREWS filed a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

Mr. CLAPPER offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Cities and County—Second Class, Mr. Ewing, Chairman, Room 521, Tuesday, March 6, at 10:00 a. m.

Education, Mr. Sollenberger, Chairman, Room 324, Tuesday, March 6, at 11:30 a. m.

Game and Forestry, Mr. Goodling, Chairman, Room 331, Tuesday, March 6, at 10:00 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room 520, Tuesday, March 6, at 11:00 a. m.

Law and Order, Mr. Ray L. Riley, Chairman, Room 325, Tuesday, March 6, at 10:30 a. m.

State Government, Mr. Watkins, Chairman, Room 324, Tuesday, March 6, at 11:15 a. m.

Townships, Mr. Reagan, Chairman, Room 522, Tuesday, March 6, at 10:30 a. m.

Welfare, Mr. Haudenshield, Chairman, Room 330, Tuesday, March 6, at 10:00 a. m.

Workmen's Compensation, Mr. Waterhouse, Chairman, Room 330, Tuesday, March 6, at 11:30 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. GUTENDORF. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 6, 1951 at 12:00 noon.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:55 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 6, 1951. No. 18.

SENATE

TUESDAY, March 6, 1951

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

We stand humbly before Thee, O God, in reverent and earnest supplication, invoking Thy divine presence and blessing as we again assemble. We remember that Thou art our God and keeper, that Thou hast allotted us our days and made us stewards of our time and opportunities. May we use and not abuse them.

Conscious of our weaknesses, needs and errors, we pray for strength, help and pardon. Conscious that we must answer to Thee and to our constituents, we pray for the courage to do that which is honorable and right always. May Thy spirit control our thoughts, our words and our deeds. May we be bigger than our differences. May we seek the will of God and do it.

Safeguard and keep those who govern and are governed. Wilt Thou lead us to speedy victory in the strifes of today? In the name of Christ Jesus, our Lord, we pray, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. STEVENSON, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PRESENTATION OF JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL CLASSES FROM NEWPORT, PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, we are honored today with the presence of the members of the Junior and Senior High School Classes from Newport, Pennsylvania. They are escorted by Mr. Kipp, Mr. Houser and Mr. Kessler. The entire classes, numbering about one hundred twenty, were here earlier but many of them have left. Some of them remain, however, in the gallery.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would like to ask them to please rise in place.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 6, 1951.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Joseph R. Carrigan, East Pittsburgh.
Geo. J. Cochran, Pittsburgh, Reymer & Bros. Inc.
Edward Rutkowski, Ross Twp., Perrysville.

BEAVER COUNTY

Frank Begley, Rochester Twp., Rochester.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Katherine Busche, Morrisville.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Mrs. Helen Mary Trivelpiece, Bloomsburg.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Carolyn M. Hickernell, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Harry L. Burris, Harrisburg.
Miss Mary Lou Shandelmeir, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Vincent J. Oakes, Media.

ELK COUNTY

Evan E. Christy, Highland Twp., De Young

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Norma H. Gill, North East.
Miss E. E. McNamara, Erie.
Ralph R. Riehl Jr., Erie.

FOREST COUNTY

Mrs. Jean Sockman, Jenks Twp., Marienville.

GREENE COUNTY

Raymond L. Fox, Mt. Morris.

INDIANA COUNTY

Miss Lillian Rebovich, Indiana.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Sebastian Carpineti, Greenfield Twp., Jermyn.
Miss Violet I. Kern, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Joseph V. Brienza, Hazleton.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Albin C. Swenson Jr., Norristown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harold Brown, 5414 Walnut St.
Frank L. Cinquino, 1438 S. Broad St.
Mrs. A. Marie Kane, 4726 N. Broad St.
Miss Margaret V. Lowman, 1331 72nd Ave.
Mrs. M. T. McQuaid, 1616 Summer St.
Mrs. Mary F. Riesing, 2020 Chancellor St.
John Rosenbaum, Winston Rd. & Moreland Ave.
Isador E. Smolow, 3008 Ridge Ave.

POTTER COUNTY

Mrs. Pearl S. Coyle, Coudersport.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Michael N. D'Alio, Pottsville.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Paul J. Lichty, Salisbury.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Esther Thorn, Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth McKnall Gustafson, Warren.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Adolph Greenberger, Pittsburgh, 226 Frick Bldg., 3-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Clarence E. Blackburn, 606 Bailey Bldg., 3-6-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. E. A. Simmons, Penbrook, 3-7-51.

MCKEAN COUNTY

Arthur W. Lupfer, Kane, 3-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

William Kohm, 1535 Passyunk Ave., 3-7-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

J. Russell Sheffer, Harrisburg, 3-9-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Nettie R. Smith, Erie, 3-9-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma R. Lashley, Waynesboro, 3-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Arthur Colussy, Bridgeville, 3-10-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Gerald R. Nocton, Norristown, 3-10-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret W. Kinney, Johnstown, 3-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Jos. J. Foley, 3041 N. 7th St., 3-12-51.
Frank Lamalfa, 1130 McKean St., 3-12-51.
Bennie Bercovitch, 343 Snyder Ave., 3-13-51.
Samuel Odell, 436 Walnut St., 3-13-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert C. Dixon, Millvale, 3-15-51.
Mrs. Helen S. Woy, Pittsburgh, 330 Grant St., 3-15-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Charles B. Stegner, Titusville, 3-15-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph A. Gallagher, 5200 Warren St., 3-15-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Gladys A. Riede, Erie, 3-16-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

James E. Van Gorder, Ellwood City, 3-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles W. Burtis, 2212 Walnut St., 3-17-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Leland O. McMasters, Pittsburgh, 537, Neville St., 3-19-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Ralph S. Dunkleberger, Reading, 3-21-51.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Frances C. Ayres, Montrose, 3-21-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Addle, Meadville, 3-22-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Katharine M. Moyer, Allentown, 3-23-51.
William T. Ruth, Allentown, 3-23-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. Marjorie H. Hartman, Greensburg, 3-25-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Ileen M. Milner, Titusville, 3-28-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mitchell E. Sclarow, 3514 N. 17th St., 3-29-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Michael Buck, Rostraver Twp., Webster, 3-29-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Michael Lesko, Rankin, 3-30-51.

BUCKS COUNTY

Ralph D. Schlichter, Sellersville, 3-31-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Margaret M. Sullivan, 1727 Chestnut St., 3-31-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Andrew Zemany, California, 3-31-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Mary K. Kearns, Johnstown, 4-1-51.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Arthur E. Arndt, Berwick, 4-1-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Casimir J. Przybylowski, 2643 Orthodox St., 4-1-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Nellie A. Caballero, Media, 4-2-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

C. M. Miller, Butler, 4-4-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Banjamin Butler, 2417 76th Av., 4-5-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Amelia Banjanin, Pittsburgh, Pitkin St., (14)
Edward J. Dowling, Pittsburgh, 635 Smithfield St.
Abraham J. Schwartz, Springdale.
Mrs. Vivian C. Smith, Tarentum.

BEAVER COUNTY

William A. Murphy, Ambridge.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Viola Blake, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Michael J. Kasterko, Lawer Yoder Twp., Johnstown.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

George C. Blackburn, Swatara Twp., Rutherford Heights.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Dolores J. Hardwick, Brownsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Mary S. Hunter, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

John P. Epler, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Mrs. Rose S. Travis, Ellwood City.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Rudolph B. Knies, Hazleton.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

William J. Bryfogle, Palmer Twp., Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Janet E. Shepherd, 1106 Packard Bldg.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Francis E. Moore, Pottsville.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

John R. Kline, Souderton, 3-8-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

C. E. Schwartz, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (28), 3-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

John R. McLaughlin, Beaver, 3-9-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

O. K. Snyder, Mount Joy Twp., Mount Joy, 3-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Herman Hurowitz, 1232 Bankers Securities Bldg., 3-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Esther L. Baeuerlein, Ambridge, 3-10-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Rebecca P. Cummins, Oil City, 3-10-51.

BUTLER COUNTY

Mrs. Edith P. McGrew, Butler, 3-12-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Ethel Oliver, Dallas, 3-12-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Nelle Miner, Scottdale, 3-12-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

R. U. Fassnacht, Ephrata, 3-13-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Clarence W. Vandergrift, 1423 Rosalie St., 3-13-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Sandy A. Furey, Old Forge, 3-15-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Edith V. Walter, Lebanon, 3-15-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret A. DeHaven, Conshohocken, 3-16-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Nellie H. Maloney, 1021 S. 60th St., 3-18-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Henry B. Howell, Lancaster, 3-19-51.
Jerome S. Long, Manheim, 3-19-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Stanley Stabinski, Kingston, 3-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss M. Loboda, Luzerne & "G" Sts. (24), 3-19-51.

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Gerardine E. Geesey, York, 3-22-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

G. T. Burd, Pottsville, 3-29-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

John J. Burns, 1500 S. 30th St., 4-1-51.
Darragh Mackenzie, 1218 Chestnut St., 4-1-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

John L. Dimmig, East Greenville, 4-2-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

J. A. Miller, Porter Twp., Reinerton, 4-2-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Edmund Hill, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore, 4-5-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Fred C. Grote, Pittsburgh, 364 Frick Bldg., Annex, 3-6-51.
Miss Yetta Middleman, Pittsburgh, 15 Fernando St. (19), 4-6-51.
Mrs. Eva Butler Waldbaum, McKeesport, 4-6-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Richard Hill, Jr., 1260 S. 22nd St., 4-6-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION BY GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBER OF WARREN COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Otto F. Mayer (Republican), Sheffield, Warren Count, for appointment as a Member of the Warren County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice C. H. Whittaker, Sheffield, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 94

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

SENATE CONCURS IN HOUSE RSOLUTION

RECALLING HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION, SERIAL No. 11, FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House, which was twice read as follows, considered and agreed to:

In the House of Representatives, March 5, 1951.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11, providing for SHUT-IN'S DAY, be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 12, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 193, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197) entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class"

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 194, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174) entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million"

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "Statutory Construction Act," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 991), entitled "Urban Redevelopment Law," by increasing the number of Urban Redevelopment Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955), entitled, as amended, "Housing Authorities Law," by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bil No. 363, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1928), entitled "Fiduciaries Investment Act of 1949," by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL SIGNED

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 94, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgements of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments and validating acknowledgements heretofore taken by such officers

Whereupon,

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259), entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies, to the treasurers of the several cities, boroughs, towns and townships, and for the payment thereof into police pension funds, and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System, and for Pension Annuity Contracts, and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund, for certain purposes," by vesting all equities, benefits, dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents; providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing; providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds, bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations, unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time.

BILLS RE-REFERRED

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims; the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such

property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts, and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the sales made upon order of court, imposing costs upon the taxing districts in certain cases, and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold.

which was re-referred to the Committee on Local Government.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims, the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the giving of notice of sale, the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act, and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation.

which was re-referred to the Committee on Local Government.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection B of section one thousand nine of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, or private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business.

Mr. FLEMING, from the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

Mr. LETZLER, from the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto, a section providing for absentee voting.

Mr. DEHM, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188), entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays, and for the payment, acceptance and protesting of bills, notes, drafts, checks and other negotiable paper on such days," authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking institutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays.

Mr. WAGNER, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408), entitled, as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act, entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, amending the twenty-fourth section, by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities, towns, townships and boroughs, within this Commonwealth," by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements; restricting payments to firemen and their dependents.

Mr. MAHANY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age, or older, to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created, and saving and re-

lieving the parents, guardians, and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor, unless joining therein," authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts, and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WADE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I am reporting from the Committee on Insurance Senate Bill No. 140 as amended, and for the benefit of the Members of the Senate, and particularly the Members of the Insurance Committee, this bill was reported out without Committee action, the reason being that the bill was prepared by the Insurance Department. We now find that so many amendments are necessary that the only sensible way to read it is to reprint it, and I assure the Members that a motion will be made to re-refer it to the Insurance Committee.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. WADE, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and interinsurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus; and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating investments of insurance companies.

Mr. ROSENFELD, from the Committee on State Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513), entitled "An act regulating the construction, equipment, maintenance, operation, and inspection of boilers; granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; providing penalties for violations of this act; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act," by providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147), entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to service as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth," by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors and authorizing the payment of mileage.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 251 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by extending the provisions authorizing police radios to counties of the fourth, fifth and sixth classes; and permitting district attorneys to authorize certain uses of police radios.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act regulating the dismissal of certain Commonwealth employes; imposing powers and duties on the Civil Service Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WOOD read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, foreitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for licensing of operators of certain commercial vehicles, establishing fees therefor; increasing operators' license and learners' permit fees; providing penalties and making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State Police from the Motor License Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 296, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 589) entitled, as amended "An act to promote the public health and safety, by providing for the examination and licensure of those who desire to engage in the occupation of barbering; regulating barber shops and barber schools, and apprentices and students therein; regulating compensation for service rendered; conferring certain powers and duties on the Department of Public Instruction; and providing penalties," by changing the provisions as to fees charged apprentices and students. and as to the powers of municipalities, and transferring the administration of several provisions of this act to the State Board of Barber Examiners.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department

thereof, and the administrative departments, boards, commissions and officers thereof; including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the organization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions, and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the State Board of Barber Examiners as a departmental administrative board in the Department of Public Instruction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection (c) of Section 20 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 115) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the first class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaires, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, bodies of electors, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commission, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, real estate brokers, rental agents, certain public service companies, persons, firms, and corporations operating vehicles for moving furniture and household goods, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by authorizing the use of certain names other than the surname and Christian name or names when registering.

Which was committeed to the Committee on Elections.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (c) of Section 19 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 814) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the second class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissions, registrars, inpectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by authorizing the use of certain names other than the surname and Christian name or names when registering.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 300, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (c) of Section 19 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 849) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the third class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and board of school directors; imposing penalties; and repealing existing legislation,' by authorizing the use of certain names other than the surname and Christian name or names when registering.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act to amenl subsection (c) of section 19 of the act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundrded thirty-seven (P. L. 1132), entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the second class A as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by authorizing the use of certain names other than the surname and Christian name or names when registering.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (c) of section 18 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 487) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in boroughs, towns, and townships as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members, of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; requiring the county commissioners of the various counties to act as a registration commission therefor; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments, and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs,

county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by authorizing the use of certain names other than the surname and Christian name or names when registering.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. WALKER (By Request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 303, entitled:

An Act relating to the apportionment of estate taxes and providing procedure for the enforcement of contribution or exoneration.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WOLFE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act authorizing, in certain cases, the renewal of motor vehicle operators' licenses for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith, without a learner's permit, examination or additional fee; and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license; and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. PROPERT and DENT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction, operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvanian Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission; authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike; and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness; providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance, operation and repair of the turnpike; making such turnpike bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation; constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances; requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County; prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free; providing for grade separations, grade changes, relocations, restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways effected by the turnpike; providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation; granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the Commission; and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. PROPERT and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1 and to amend section 5 of the act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 728), entitled "An act providing for the creation of a Board of Arbitration of Claims arising from contracts with the Commonwealth; providing for and regulating the procedure in prosecuting claims before such board; defining the powers of the board; and fixing the compensation of members and employes thereof; providing that the awards of such board shall be final; providing for the payment of awards; and authorizing an appropriation," by increasing per diem wage of members of the board, allowing such members maintenance and traveling expenses, permitting hearings at such places within the Commonwealth as the board shall determine.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. SCARLETT, WATSON, WATKINS and PROPERT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 307, entitled:

An Act to add section 8.1 to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by increasing contributions and benefits of members by twenty-five per centum.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection (4) of Section 11 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," granting options to beneficiary in case of death of contributor before retirement in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. STIEFEL and SILVERT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College of Optometry, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was commited to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 310, entitled:

An Act requiring certain public, city and county offices, bureaus, departments, and courts in cities and counties of the first class to remain closed all day Saturday during a certain period of the year.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. McCREESH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 311, entitled:

An Act permitting charitable organizations to conduct the playing of the game of bingo when the proceeds thereof are used exclusively for charitable purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 312, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 771 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for suitable ceremonies affirming and developing allegiance to the Flag of the United States and our democratic way of life and organization of government.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Messrs. LANE and LEADER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 313, entitled:

An Act to further amend the first paragraph and clause (b) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by further providing for and regulating assistance to aged persons and redefining aged persons and their eligibility for assistance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

Mesrs. LANE, NEFF, and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act establishing in the high schools of the public school system of the Commonwealth, a uniform standard program of motor vehicle driver-training, under the supervision of the Department of Public Instruction; prescribing the type and character of assistance, which may be supplied to the local school districts therefor; defining the duties and requirements of the local school districts, in obtaining such assistance and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 315, entitled:

An Act to prescribe minimum wage and maximum hour standards; to provide for the further determination and establishment of minimum wages by industry and to provide for enforcement of such provisions and for other purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE OF SENATE EXTENDED TO RELATIVES OF REV. THOMAS F. COAKLEY

Messrs. WALKER and BARR offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate of Pennsylvania,, March 6, 1951.

Once again, death has ended the earthly career of one of the most illustrious sons of the Catholic Church in America. The Rev. Thomas F. Coakley succumbed to a lingering heart ailment on March 5th, 1951, His activities throughout a span of seventy-one years are a veritable catalog of the rise of a struggling boy from the rags of an impoverished youth to the adult fame and influence of a noted theologian, an outstanding educator, and a memorable builder.

His early education at Brigid's parochial school and the Holy Ghost College was acquired while working in other capacities to sustain a meagre economic existence.

His subsequent training at the American College and the University of Propaganda in Rome culminated in his ordination as a priest in 1907. Upon his return to the United States, he became successively secretary to Bishop Canivan, head of the De Paul Institute, and founder of the Catholic Truth Society.

With the outbreak of World War I, Dr. Coakley served sixteen months as an army chaplain with the One Hundred Forty-eighth Machine Gun Battalion during their combat assignment.

Father Coakley was a diligent student of church architecture during his European years. The experience and knowledge thus obtained came to magnificent fruition in his design of the Sacred Heart Church in Pittsburgh in which are embodied all of those inspiring Gothic features that have made it a prototype of ecclesiastical dignity and beauty everywhere.

The later additions of the impressive elementary school, the charming convent, and the unfinished girls' high school to the Sacred Heart group are enduring monuments to his architectural interests and his creative abilities.

Although Father Coakley was always lavish in bestowing exquisite embellishment upon his church, yet his personal life was abstemious and frugal in every respect.

His only wealth was the gathered wisdom of the years and became the prolific source of his fearless and uncompromising attitude toward every controversial question, ranging from his beloved Catholic principles through tense labor relations to international policy.

His versatility of experience, his dedication to the grandeur of his church, his personal simplicity, his undaunted convictions about a variety of subjects, and his commanding theological position became the finest tribute to his full and fruitful life and an inestimable heritage to his many friends and parishioners; therefore be it

Resolved, that this Senate express its profound sorrow at the passing of a truly great man, whose deeds in behalf of others will long outrun the memory of those now living; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Senate be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to the surviving relatives of Father Coakley—his sister-in-law, Mrs. John A. Coakley of Cleveland, and to his nine nieces and nephews.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent, at this time, to offer amendments to House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 20, and move their immediate adoption, and may I say for the information of the gentlemen of the Senate that if these amendments are adopted by a majority of the Senate, I shall request that the bill remain on the third reading calendar, so it will appear on tomorrow's calendar, as amended, for the consideration of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The Clerk read the amenments as follows:

Amend Section 7, page 13, line 5, by inserting after the word "authorized" and before the word "to" the following: "in the event of an extreme emergency as proclaimed by the Governor for the entire State or one or more political subdivisions;" amend Section 7, page 13, line 13, by inserting at the beginning of the line after the word "funds" the following: "The proclamation or proclamations herein referred to shall be in addition to the proclamation mentioned in section two of this act."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is always a pleasure, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, is it your purpose with these amendments to try to clarify the meaning and definition of "emergency"?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, that would have to be answered, of course, in the affirmative, so that there is no misunderstanding of when an emergency exists.

Mr. President it was the thought of the proponents of the amendment to make certain that the emergency referred to would be one of such national scope as is contemplated by a national proclamation as well as a proclamation by the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, and so that the political subdivisions, for example, any borough council or township supervisor would have the opportunity of knowing exactly when the additional responsibility entrusted to them by this Act could be exercised within a degree of safety.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, the purpose of the amendment, I am sure, is agreed to by the Members on this side of the Senate. We have from the very beginning stated that the word "emergency" has never been defined, and I do believe that an attempt is being made here to clarify that situation and we are in accord with that.

Mr. President, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. I refuse to be discouraged, Mr. President. It is always a pleasure.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, do you have in mind any other amendments to that particular section at this time?

Mr. WALKER. Not at the moment, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I call the attention of the Senate to the fact that this is the section of the defense bills dealing with local expenditures and dealing with the right of local municipalities to create funds by any legal means to meet a present or anticipated emergency.

Now, Mr. President, the clarification of what an emergency is by the proclamation of the Governor in conjunction with the Federal proclamation of the same is very good. However, the real problem to be resolved here in the Senate today, in my opinion, would call for another amendment putting a limitation upon the funds to be expended without some restraint placed upon the expenditures of funds over a maximum amount, either by the Governor as the Commander-in-Chief, or the Defense Council as it is so constituted by the passage of this Act. I do believe that the amendment is incomplete unless we do put into it an amendment along that line, and I would ask the indulgence of the Majority to make a note, as we go through the bills, that we are trying to present to the Senate our position in this matter, based upon a study of the legislation and with the desire to put upon the books a good piece of defense legislation, strictly on a bi-partisan basis if we can.

We are not interested in getting credit or taking credit from anybody, and that is why we are not in any way attempting to present the amendments. We would rather they come from the Majority side which then would give the people of Pennsylvania more assurance of the passage of the amendments rather than have the antagonism that is naturally attached to an amendment that is presented by the Minority side.

Mr. President, we would suggest for the good of the people of Pennsylvania, and for the good of the over-all picture that the Majority Leader take into consideration such an amendment, which will not in any way hinder the setting up of the defense setup. It will not in any way hinder the local communities in its establishment of the local defense setup, but which will give some guarantee that some local defense setup will not go overboard and present to the elected officials a bill entirely out of proportion to the need or the demand at the moment.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am trying to understand exactly what the suggested amendment is. I would appreciate it very much, if the gentleman has a copy of his suggestion, if we could have the benefit of it.

Mr. President, as near as I could gather from the explanatory discussion, the paragraph that we are dis-

cussing at the moment is shown on Page 13 of House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 20. It places upon the political subdivisions a certain additional obligation and responsibility in case there is a disaster that would call for the proclamation as suggested in this amendment. Now, if such a disaster becomes a visitation upon a local political subdivision, whether it be a county or a municipality, the particular taxing body of that political subdivision would be called upon to do extraordinary things.

Mr. President, as I understand it, the gentleman from Westmoreland is suggesting a ceiling on the amount that could be expended by that political subdivision in case of such a national disaster.

Mr. DENT. That is right, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, inasmuch as both sides of the aisle have always been ardent disciples of the philosophy of home rule, I have the highest confidence in the integrity and the ability, for example, of the Commissioners of Allegheny County or the City Council of the City of Pittsburgh to do what must be done without running "hog-wild", as the expression is, in attempting to assume the responsibilities thrust upon them by this national disaster.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, if the gentleman would have followed me, he would have found that we are dealing with Section 7, and in Section 7 you will find that each local subdivision has the responsibility of creating the funds necessary for carrying out the very things that are called for in the particular clause that is being amended at this time. That is the basis of my contention.

Mr. President, the basic setup for defense ought to be paid for and established by your State-wide Council of Defense, and then any embellishments locally to be taken care of by the local government through its own setup of local defense, and until we get to where we understand just who will have both the responsibility of paying for and the responsibility of creating the organization and under what type of state-wide administration this defense setup will be administered, the amendments, although they are clarifying, do not really make a drastic change in the whole legislative picture of defense.

You must, Mr. President, I believe agree with me, that we must establish that if a disaster hits a community, the full responsibility for the payment of the damages caused by a catastrophe of that nature must not be visited upon the community residents in a local community. You can say the emergency is here and so proclaim and the communities can run out and spend whatever necessary funds are needed, but what about reimbursements for funds expended over and beyond the local responsibility.

If the City of Pittsburgh is visited by an enemy, and an air bomb, or any other type of bomb attack is launched upon that City, it certainly is not the full responsibility, or, rather, the sole responsibility of the residents of the City of Pittsburgh to pay for the damages created by that visitation from a foreign power, although it may be the proper thing for that City to immediately raise money to take care of the immediate situation. Certainly somewhere along the line those of us who are the beneficiaries of the fact that we were not hit ought to assume part of the responsibility of paying for the damage and in the first part of the section you will read, starting right on the top of Page 12, that the local community is assuming the whole responsibility.

Mr. President, I do not think that is the intention of the Members of the Legislature, at least it is not my intention, to place the full responsibility for paying the entire cost of damages created from a source that they having nothing to do with nor are responsible for.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, if we might be permitted to continue this discussion, which I am sure is informative, I am just trying to find the portion of House Bill No. 1, Mr. President, where the local political subdivision is saddled, I believe is the expression, with the cost of all this. If the gentleman from Westmoreland will point it out, it will be of assistance to me in discussing it.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, it starts on Page 11, the whole first section.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I say, I still do not understand that there is any intention in any of these five bills that make up the civil defense program to attempt to hold directly or indirectly these political subdivision responsible for any damages created by an enemy attack, whether the attack be on the ground or in the air.

The gentleman from Westmoreland must remember and, of course, my memory doesn't go back any further than the Civil War, that this is the first time that the National Government, the Federal Government, has entrusted to the forty-eight component portions of this great Republic the responsibility of establishing civilian defense, and we are groping our way, trying to do the best we can with this without having it cost too much money for extraneous matters.

Now, Mr. President, there is no intention in any of these bills to hold the political subdivisions liable for any damages caused by enemy invasion. The question of cost of restoring normal service, the question of the cost of establishing protection or giving relief to those who might be wounded, or putting out fires that might be started, is going to be and must be worked out by the Civil Defense Council which is set up in the bill.

I for one—and I say this reluctantly—envy the opportunity of the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland to participate in this history making event, in being in a position to assist in establishing this Council which will so ably defend Pennsylvania in case we are invaded.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I wish to thank the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, very kindly for his compliment, but I just want to say if you were going to sit on this board in the same position I am going to, with the ten votes against me, I do not know whether you would be so proud of it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I think the odds are just about even where you are concerned, Senator.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, to get back to the matter at hand, the very thing I am calling attention to is recognized by the framers of this act, because on page 10 they do set up the responsibility for the payment of damages that might occur in an actual demonstration of the use of the mobile units for personal injury to any person who is attached to a mobile unit. Now, if on page 10 we state that the State shall reimburse political subdivisions for certain expenses, certain items of expenditures, then why can't we also say that the State will reimburse political subdivisions for moneys expended to take care of the disaster when such a disaster is the result of an

outside attack? I mean, let's clear the field now while we have it within our power to do so. We cannot leave the job half done. We cannot say that we are willing to reimburse a political subdivision for actual traveling expenses, loss or damages to supplies and equipment to such political subdivisions for one particular phase of national defense, and yet the major phase of it we leave in the hands of an appointive body.

I am afraid we are not acting in the capacity that we should. Let us say what we mean to the people to give them the necessary confidence, because each and every one of us agree that the matter of civil defense is more a question of mental attitude than it is of bombshells at this stage.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland?

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DENT. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would like to inquire if the gentleman would explain and give me some examples of this expense, this damage for which he is seeking reparations so far as the political subdivision is concerned. What expenses or damages does the gentleman have in mind? I am trying to visualize an example.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, well the type of expenses that are classified on page 10. The only way that there would be any damages to the mobile unit, the only way there would be any damages for injury or death would be if there were a bomb attack. Now, with a bomb attack they would not just drop a bomb and hit a mobile unit. They would not just drop a bomb and hit a fellow that had a badge on his arm. They might disrupt the water works of the community, they might destroy the subway in a municipality, they might destroy the transportation lines, they might cripple that town to the point where if it spent the necessary funds to get back into operation, the residents of that community might be taxed on into eternity before they could ever pay it back. If we recognize the responsibility for the payment of damages incurred by a mobile unit that is doing its duty in a bomb raid, then we must at the same time accept the responsibility for damages to the physical properties in the community.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, in the portion of the section on page 10 that the gentleman is referring to, there is reimbursement for damages to the mobile unit, not damages caused by the mobile unit.

Mr. DENT. Now, Mr. President, I must interrupt. I do not believe there would be any damages by the mobile unit. They are going out to save people and save this situation, not to destroy. I did not say, and I do not hope that I left the gentleman from Allegheny under the impression that I meant damages by a mobile unit. I mean the damages to a mobile unit by an air raid or other causes.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, if the bomb would fall upon one of our cities in Pennsylvania, as I understand the gentleman's suggestion, and that bomb for example would blow up the railroad yards in the city of Pittsburgh, damage the streets, damage the equipment of the Duquesne Light Company and damage the equipment of the city of Pittsburgh, is the gentleman suggesting that the City should be responsible for all of those damages and, therefore, the State should assume some of that fiscal responsibility for reimbursement?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I am talking about a municipality, the properties that are owned by a municipality; other properties that are damaged will naturally come under war reparations. We went over into the Philippines and spent five hundred million dollars paying back private land owners for damages incurred during the air raids upon the Islands.

That, of course, is an over-all picture, but in this legislation we are giving the local municipality the right to tax the people of that community beyond any restriction whatsoever other than constitutional, and if we do it in that sense, then why have even the constitutional restriction.

I mean, let us face this thing on the basis of what is right for the people as a whole. It is not fair to say to a city that is in the main line of attack, because of the nature of its industry or the nature of its importance, that you have to pay the damages when you are stricken, but a community that is nestled out in the hills, enjoying the comparative safety of location, will have no responsibility in the matter. If we agree that it is our responsibility, and we do agree, that damage to equipment, damage to personnel in the mobile unit, which is only a phase of civilian defense, that the cost of reparations in that particular instance is a state responsibility, why can't we extend that to assume that it is a State responsibility for all direct damages?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, as I understand the program, take a mobile unit—for example, if a bomb would fall on the City of Pittsburgh and a mobile unit were sent from Erie to Pittsburgh to be of assistance, or from Columbus, Ohio, the State of Pennsylvania would assume the responsibility for the cost incurred or any damages occurring to that mobile unit. I think we all agree on that.

Mr. DENT. Now, Mr. President, I just want to say, do you mean just the mobile units that come from out of town or do you mean the mobile units that belong to the town?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, all the mobile units that are activated by proclamation or by the Council.

Now, Mr. President, I also recall, but not as clearly as the gentleman from Westmoreland, that the Federal Government did make restoration appropriations for certain damages that were incurred by reason of troop movements in the Second World War. I do not agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland that if there is damage, for example, to the City-County Building in the City of Pittsburgh by a bomb attack, that the State of Pennsylvania should reimburse the City of Pittsburgh or the County of Allegheny for the repairs to that building.

Whether or not it is a factor that could be contributed to by an act of the Legislature, yes, but to say in a bill setting up civilian defense that whatever damage is done to public or quasi-public property by enemy attack would be reimbursed by the Commonwealth, I do not think would be good legislation. I am not prepared to say whether or not I would be happy about it as a Federal responsibility, but I certainly do not think that the State government should assume the fiscal responsibility of reimbursing public and/or private property owners for

damages done to properties by alien attack. Are we clear on the issue?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, we are clear, we are absolutely clear on it. I understand your position and I hope you understand mine.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am glad the gentleman understands mine, sir, because then later on you can explain it to me.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I have difficulty keeping myself straight, and I do not want to assume the responsibility of keeping the gentleman from Allegheny straight. However, that is exactly the meat of the whole situation. We are giving local communities the right to make unlimited expenditures. Somewhere along the line we have got to put on some restraint.

Are we clear on that principle.

Mr. WALKER. Yes, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, then how can we do it unless we put into the act?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I do not want to read into this bill, which two very distinguished House Members labored hard to prepare, things that are not in there. I think that the only things that the political subdivisions are given the power to do are certain responsibilities which are entrusted to them in case there is this disaster. That must be first hearalded by the Governor's proclamation, and unless it is heralded by a proclamation by the Chief Executive as set up in this Council of Defense, then these political subdivisions do not have the right to do these things that are set forth here. The things that they are permitted to do in the main, if I may refer back to page 13, which is the latter portion of section 7 of the act, are things that will cut the red tape of time consuming procedures and formalities which were written into the law as safeguards over the last ten or twenty years, and those are the things that I think are causing the most concern.

Now, Mr. President, on the question of permitting them to levy taxes to raise the money, the gentlemen of the Senate are well aware of the fact that if the problem were presented to one of our small boroughs or townships, the taxing body must present their budget at a certain period early in the year, and that that budget must contain the expenditures. If that budget were presented in January, and there would be a disaster in November and they were desirous of immediately raising funds for certain specific purposes as set forth in this act—that there are, for example, certain advertising restrictions once a week for three consecutive weeks and ten handbills posted in prominent places in the community, for example, those particular time consuming procedures as quoted in this model bill have been waived providing the Governor has issued a proclamation which says that this disaster exists there, and, therefore, they are entitled to assume the responsibilities and the opportunities given to them under this Act.

Mr. President, I have confidence enough in the taxing authorities of these various political subdivisions to assume that they are not going to be confiscatory even though they are suffering a disaster, and I think also, Mr. President, if we would be so unfortunate as to have a bombing anywhere in Pennsylvania, nobody wants to raise the question and nobody would raise the question as to how this thing is going to be handled as far as reimbursements in the future for damages caused.

I think that the sponsors of the bill have endeavored to design a pattern for civil defense without restricting it so that it will hamper the people who will be charged with the responsibility. I think they are attempting to give us an elastic measure that will be safe from the civilian standpoint in time of peace as well as complete and competent for the citizenry in time of war.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, do I understand the gentleman to say that there is a limitation on the expenditures of a community?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, what I had reference to is a constitutional limitation, as I understand it. Now, of course, some of the lawyers will have to correct me on this because the Readers' Digest is not very complete on the subject.

There is a limitation in the Constitution, as I understand it, on the right of a political subdivision to acquire debt, there is a limitation on them spending what is not in their budget, there is a limitation, as a matter of fact, on spending money in the budget for things that are not specifically set forth in the budget, and there are limitations on spending money without advertising, and there is not a gentleman serving in this Senate who has served on a taxing authority in one of our political subdivisions, whether school board or borough council or township supervisor, or township commissioners, who has not suffered with the woes of the red tape in attempting to buy the type of fire engine they would like to have, and still comply with the provisions of the law. Those are the restrictions I have in mind, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, that further points out the major weakness in the language of this situation. Let's take a hypothetical case. You admit and I think we read the bill right, that the only restriction is constitutional on the amounts that can be raised by local communities, and, incidentally, this amount of money can be raised for preparation for defense and not after the bomb has fallen. If you read the Section, it clearly states that the money can be raised to prepare a defensive maneuver. Now, if the constitutional limitation is sound, then the limitation that I propose is even sounder for the simple reason that here is community "A", that because of its nature has spent its moneys up to the point of constitutional limitations. We have communities like that in Pennsylvania. We have communities that now are on the distressed school list where they have to receive money under distressed school appropriations. They have no borrowing power, they have no means by which they can raise money. They have no legitimate source of income because the constitutional provision limits them even under this Act, but another community can go out and borrow money to take care of its disaster because they still have some constitutional provision or some constitutional allowance. What are we going to do for the community that has borrowed all it can borrow constitutionally under this Act? The disaster is just as great. That is why I say, let us sit down and write into this law a provision where under the Governor's Emergency Fund, he will be fully responsible as Commander-in-Chief of the units in Pennsylvania for the expenditures under his directorship, and I am sure that no Governor would dissipate the money because of political considerations, and I know that he will not allow elaborate preparation in communities where they will have fur-lined seats up

in the air raid wardens' towers to take care of the comfort of the individuals because they happen to have money in this community. Believe me when I say to you that we must change that provision if we are to have sound legislation, and I do not want to be put into the position of being accused of holding back defense legislation because I think it is silly even to use that as an argument.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, up to this point I certainly have not used it as an argument, and I do not propose to. I am merely saying to the gentleman that the question to a great extent as to how far the political subdivisions are going to go will be left in the hands of the duly elected officials of the particularly indicated political subdivisions. I know that in Pennsylvania today, operating under executive proclamation, under the bills that we passed in 1941, amended in 1942, amended in 1943, there are certain things that are being done by political subdivisions. Some of our cities, some of our counties are setting up their own defense setups. Certain cities have already appointed or elected an executive director or a director for defense, and are proceeding with their program.

Now, Mr. President, the council of that particular city, for example, are thoroughly aware of what they think the city will need and how much they think they can spend at this time. The phraseology of the bill says that they shall have the power to enter into contract and incur obligations necessary to combat such disaster.

Now, Mr. President, I agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland, that the question of combat may come a year ahead of the bombing and not five minutes after the bombing. There are a lot of things that the Council for Defense as set up in House Bill No. 1, may recommend to the various intregal units of the civilian defense setup in these political subdivisions, and when those recommendations are made, if the political subdivisions' set ups can afford it and feel that it is efficient and that it should be done, they will of course follow through with the suggested plan. Now, Mr. President, I for one certainly would never subscribe to setting up a fund of "X" millions of dollars to be officiated over by this Council of Defense or by the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth to be parceled out to certain political subdivisions who for the moment are financially embarrassed, and would like to do certain things for defense measures but do not feel they can afford them. I think if we come to that point that the question of defense, if it is that acute, is a question where those charged with defense through the armed forces should be consulted. I think that in this series of bills that we are discussing, you have to consider just like the four legs of a chair, all four have to be considered. In this instance, it is really five bills and the whole package must be kept in mind when we are discussing one of its component parts.

Mr. President, I think we are trying to do for civilian defense as much as the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions can contribute to it, and I think that the theory of entrusting the details of this civilian defense to the duly elected public officials of a political subdivision is sound. It is a representative form of government from the ground up and that is the sort of thing we believe in.

Now, Mr. President, I do not want to be a party, and the gentleman from Westmoreland does not want to be a party to a bill that would hamper in the least the activities or the desires of the duly elected officials of a political subdivision in seeing to it that the folks in their particular districts are protected. I have the utmost confidence that the county commissioners, for example, will do all that they can within the fiscal ability of the county and within the needs of the county, to see to it that the skeleton framework is set up so that if disaster comes they can contribute whatever is necessary to alleviate the disaster. This, Mr. President, after all is not a home guard we are setting up here to furnish bayonets and keep the tire and steel off our shores. This is an attempt, if you can project planning into the future, to pattern the experiences of what happened, for example, in the City of London. That is one of the places where they have had the experience of night after night of bombing. Now, the experiences they had there were probably the things that the Federal Government had in mind when they called the State Representatives together and offered this package of model bills which had been worked over very carefully by Mr. Caldwell, former Governor of Florida, and by Mr. Symington, one of the high ranking officials in the Armed Forces in the national defense setup, and what we are doing here is taking the best advice of the best minds available in doing for the civilians or a civilian defense those things which these gentlemen in high public places feel will be a contributing factor in collaboration or cooperation with the Armed Forces.

Now, Mr. President, I agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland that six months after we adjourn, experiences, which God forbid we will ever have, might dictate a change in the verbiage of these five bills, but this is an honest, sincere attempt which is strictly nonpartisan and non-political, and I think both sides of the aisle agree to the fact that nobody wants to gain, directly or indirectly, even the sponsors of the bills have no desire to gain, directly or indirectly, any personal or political aggrandizement from them. We are trying to do the best we can in seeing to it that this collaboration movement is given the impetus of this great Commonwealth, and for that reason we have attempted by the amendments which have been read by the Clerk to clarify the word "emergency" so that there is no attempt or no possibility of any political subdivision hysterically reading into this paragraph the word "emergency" or "disaster," and in that way the defense council, into whose hands we entrust our defense, shall have all of the opportunity in the world of saying to the Chief Executive, who will probably be the titular head of the council, there is an emergency in Allegheny County because of an unfortunate bombing, and then wheels of this council will be thrown into high gear.

Mr. President, I think it is a worthwhile project and I appreciate very much the spendid cooperation of all the gentleman in the Senate in writing this legislation into the statute books so that the Governor can set up and collaborate with the political subdivisions, and the people of Pennsylvania will feel that the General Assembly is making a genuine, sincere attempt to do all that it can at the least possible cost to the taxpayer.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, that was a rather long

answer. I will not be able to repeat it at the moment. However, we all agree on the confidence that we have in the local officials. We are very fond of them. That is why we pass so many pieces of legislation guiding them every two years. We are very sure that they will do the right thing, but the thing that the gentleman has not grasped is the fact that your appointed civilian defense local director is the boss of the amounts to be expended and the council will do the paying. You may not have grasped that in your reading of the bill, but your local council, your county commissioner or whatever elected official you have, will pay the bill, no question about it. They have the right to set aside the provision of your legal restraint that you have now on raising money in a community, but your local director of civilian defense and the civilian defense council, locally, will be the one who will expend the money.

Mr. President, number two, the gentleman from Allegheny made the statement that the Governor would be the titular head of the council. However, that is only by selection and election of this group, and I think that is radically wrong. I think the bill ought to specifically say the Governor is the chairman of civilian defense in the Commonwealth. I do not think there ought to be any chance of a split-up whatsoever. I think that the Governor should assume his full responsibility as Commander-in Chief of the forces of the Commonwealth, and then the council can act and the director, incidentally, should be beneath the Governor and not above the Governor or above the council of defense. He ought to be beneath them and not above them. That was the setup in 1941, and incidentally we paid less money in 1941 for the whole staff that we are paying now for the three directors we have for this staff. Those are questions that are important to the people.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I suggest this to the gentleman. When these model bills were presented, if the gentleman will recall, in the national defense setup they have a national council of civilian defense and the Commander-in Chief of the Armed Forces, the distinguished gentleman from Missouri, who is the President of these United States, is not the chairman of or a member of the national defense council or the civilian defense council.

Secondly, Mr. President, the director of civilian defense for the political subdivision is appointed by the Governor, but I would like to direct the gentleman's attention to this. Each local organization for civil defense shall have a director who shall be appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the executive officer or governing body of the political subdivision. The director shall be responsible for the organization, administration and operation of such local organization for civilian defense subject to the direction and control of such executive officer or governing body.

Now, Mr. President, no director appointed, for example, by the three distinguished gentlemen who are the County Commissioners of Allegheny County is going to go so far astray that they cannot reach out and tap him everytime he turns to the left instead of the right.

In regard to the cost of this particular project, the cost will be controlled entirely by the General Assembly when they make the appropriation in the appropriation act.

Mr. President, for the information of the gentlemen of the Senate, may I say that during the 1941 or 1942 to 1946 era, when we had this prior state council of defense setup, the appropriation for the administrative costs was in the neighborhood of four hundred fifty thousand dollars for the biennium. Now, I submit to the gentlemen of the Senate that the question of the cost or the question of the appropriation for this council which is being set up in this package of five bills certainly can be controlled to a great extent by the General Assembly and by the distinguished gentleman that we have placed in charge of this council.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I can understand why if we cannot get down to a basis of common understanding of the situation how difficult it is for the people out in the State to understand exactly what we have been trying to do. I think we are both aiming at the same end, but we are not agreed upon just how we are going to get there. He thinks and he says that he believes that the local director will not spend or cannot spend any money without, as he puts it, being tapped if he goes to the left or right by the men who appointed him, but that is not the actual workings of this thing. This man is in an emergency so proclaimed. He is director, he is directly responsible for the execution of the pre-conceived plan. He is also responsible for immediate alleviation of any of the distress that may be attendant to a disaster of any kind. He is not going to run and ask eighteen councilmen in a borough whether he ought to do it or not. He is not going to try to gather men together and say they ought to spend so much money for this or that.

Mr. President, I think that the whole question of expenditures ought to be limited and unlimited—unlimited to the extent that whatever is needed must be spent, but do not say that you can only spend what the constitutional limitations allow you to spend because in some communities they have nothing to spend, and yet you say, spend the necessary moneys under the direction of the State Council of Defense, and that is not a difficult job. Anybody in this room that thinks that we are going to be bombed all over the state at one moment, and everything is going to be knocked out at one time, and that they are going to be able to hit us without a twenty-four hour notice at least, I think is working in the dreams of Jules Verne. We have reached a high state of mechanization and of mystery in our war effort, but I don not think any bombs are going to be dropped upon the State of Pennsylvania that is going to wipe out the whole State, and yet this whole legislation is predicated upon that basis.

Mr. President, let us keep our present Council of Defense, let us keep the existing organization. When we pass this legislation, everyone of the existing organizations has no standing whatsoever. Why don't we keep those existing organizations? We have kept ours up in our community since the last war, since the beginning of it. We have a county-wide organization, we have city-wide organizations but we are not paying any directors, we are not paying anybody, and yet I assure the members of this Senate that if the present trend is allowed to progress any further—now I understand from Allentown, Pennsylvania, a third class city, that they already have made tentative offers to an individual to head their civilian defense setup at a salary of eight to ten thousand

dollars a year. Now, with the rest of the office force and technical staff that a good expert would bring, and remember I tell you when an expert starts working, he needs expert assistants, you are going to find that the cost of this thing is going to get out of hand. I do not believe that we ought to have, or establish a situation of an indeterminate nature. This state of conditions might last for a whole generation. That I believe is closer to the truth than the danger of immediate bombing. This cold, hot or cold war, depending on your viewpoint, can last for a generation because the minds of men do not change over night, and a new generation may have a new idea of the relationship between nations and peoples, but the present generation is going to go through, and I believe is going to go through the next decade or maybe a whole generation before their thinking changes.

Mr. President, we cannot stand this kind of legislation on the books as it is now written for an indeterminate time. Once a man is placed in a high class job . . . just take this. For instance, I understand the Governor has named an individual—let us not name names because immediately that person takes it that you are making a personal attack upon him. I do not care who the persons are, but the Governor has named a director prior to the passage of the Act at fifteen thousand dollars a year. If this situation remains status quo for the next fifteen or twenty years, is he going to get fifteen thousand dollars a year for the next fifteen or twenty years? He has an assistant that was just named recently at twelve thousand dollars a year. I might state here that that assistant is drawing nine hundred dollars a year more than the base pay of General Douglass MacArthur, who is charged with the whole responsibility of the Korean War. That man is going to sit in there and if I know him he will sit there for the next generation at twelve thousand dollars a year.

Mr. President, those are the things that you have got to correct in this legislation. We do not need anything in Pennsylvania but a director under the guidance of a defense council, working without salary, and the director paid and the necessary skeleton staff to do the work, and that is all you need and when I say skeleton, I am not talking about the assistant he named either.

Mr. President, you cannot afford this. You can do it because you have thirty votes and we may vote with you because we are not going to put one stick in your road to go ahead and pass this legislation if you say that experts have worked on it, but we have a right to call attention to the dangers in it. We have a right to call attention to what we think is wrong in it and we have a right to say to you that we are willing to sit down and cooperate and trade views with you in a meeting of minds, and try to work this out so it can unanimously—it probably will pass unanimously, but it will not be agreed to unanimously. You cannot tell me that I am doing the right thing by allowing any community to pass an unlimited tax liability upon its people in real estate and in the other constitutional taxes, and then turn around and say here under Act 481—look, this is a list of the taxes passed in Pennsylvania under Act 481. Why, you wouldn't have enough paper to print the amount and number of taxes if some hair-brained fool starts to perpetuate himself and his organization in power, and that is what happens in government. You name this thing and they never drop a bomb and you still have got an organization for many years to come because the longer they are in power, the stronger they get, the more fixers they get into local politics by appointments, the more pressure is put on elected officials to keep them in office.

Mr. President, we have agreed many times that the Department of Commerce is nothing but a duplication of the Department of Internal Affairs, but how many of us have the courage to wipe out the Department of Commerce? There are too many political plums, too many political appointments. Not only one of us feel that way, but all of us feel that way, and you have got to stop a thing from becoming a cancer before it starts. Let us cure it now while it is only an ulcer. Let's not let it become a cancer.

Mr. President, remember these are under Act 481, and there is no constitutional limitation on them. Look at this, for instance. Here is a beautiful tax that you could go ahead and duplicate any time you want to, a tax on ashes, cinders, garbage and refuse. I just take that as a first one. I do not know where we got it, but it is in twenty-three localities. Then, the car dealer and car salesman, there is no constitutional limitation. Well, now this one might not be so bad, golf club and golf course tax. That might not be so bad. That is in Beaver County. Then, you have an employers tax, employes tax, a concrete and asphalt tax in Beaver County.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, there is no end to what those Democrats will pass.

Mr. DENT. Well, Mr. President, we cannot help that Beaver County is Republican. We have tried to do something about that. Then we have mechanical devices, mercantile taxes, occupational taxes, per capita, private parking, pumps, gasoline, kerosene, scrap metal signs and billboards, taxi cabs, tailor tax, weight scales—what is the use? The book is too thick.

Mr. President, that is what we are opening up with this legislation. Lets make some reasonable limitation in this act. We can set up an emergency disaster fund. We have one now under the Governor's jurisdiction. We do not have to put millions of dollars in it because, gentlemen, within twenty-four hours the General Assembly can reconvene and within a six day period it can pass any type of a tax that it needs; within twenty-four hours it can meet and within the same twenty-four hours it can establish and set up a procedure for the borrowing of unlimited funds under an authority in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, set up a defense authority with the power to create the necessary funds if we need them, and put it in the hands of an authority named by the Governor and the General Assembly, so that when the emergency hits, they have the machinery set up and can get all the money they need and will have all the power they need. Give the defense council the right to raise money subject to the Legislature, the same as you are giving the director back home the right to spend money subject to the local community. We can pass decent legislation, but I am telling you right now, I am fearful of what may happen if in all of Pennsylvania there might be one local official that does not think the way we do. just one, not all of them, just one little group.

You know, Mr. President, history has been that a township supervisor may have a brother-in-law that cannot get a job and he would be made a director up in some place where you cannot see a plane let alone a bomb.

Those are the things—they are in the bill and to say they will not do them, gentlemen, is not to face realities, because it has happened and it will happen. Wherever you give a right, surely along the road somewhere somebody is going to violate the confidence that you place in him. Two or three pages, two or three little amendments in this Act and we are ready with it. We can sit down, work it out with the Majority Leader, put the bills on the calendar and pass them without any hesitation, and we will give the people some confidence in our judgment and I know it will give me a lot easier time when I go home because my local director says if you are going to pay a certain fellow in Harrisburg twelve thousand dollars, I am warning you that I have to spend three times as much time and effort as he will ever expend, and I want pay, too. I have done the job now for eight years for nothing, but if you are going to pay that kind of salary in Harrisburg we want to be paid, too. That is the danger and they will get paid, too, mark my words.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am sure these few preliminary remarks speak well for the interesting discussion on the bill that is before us for passage. I would like to, if the gentlemen of the Senate will permit, revert to the amendment to House Bill No. 1, and I would like to move that they be adopted so that we can proceed with the calendar. Tomorrow when the bill is up for final passage, I am sure that the remarks of the gentleman in the preliminary discussion will be extended so that we will have the benefit of his suggestions.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I have one question on the amendments. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is always a pleasure.

Mr. ROSENFELD. I have one question on the amendment. Is it the intention of the amendment to permit the following: If the Governor proclaims an extreme emergency in "A" Township in Montgomery County, does that mean that "B" Township in Warren County may then proceed to do the things that this Section permits it to do?

Mr. WALKER. No, Mr. President, if the gentleman will permit, and I am very reluctant to make a legal suggestion to him because I stand in awe of his legal knowledge and ability, if the gentleman will permit, the Governor under this could make a proclamation that will cover the sixty-seven counties in Pennsylvania or cover any portion of the State in wherever area he deemed it would be feasible, in order to expedite the operation of the Act.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, if I copied down the wording of the amendment properly, it read as follows:

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, would the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Rosenfeld, yield and I will send him a copy.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I think I did have it correct.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am certain the gentleman did

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, in the event of an extreme emergency as proclaimed by the Governor for the entire State—now that is proposition number one—or one or more poltical subdivisions. Now, the way that is worded that will permit each political subdivision as is presently set forth in the bill to go ahead and do the things that the Section permits them to do, if the Governor should proclaim an extreme emergency in one political subdivision. That is the way the amendment reads.

Mr. WALKER. I wish to thank the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Rosenfeld. May we proceed now, Mr. President, with the consideration of the amendment?

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

AMENDMENTS ADOPTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the amendments to House Bill No. 1 be adopted.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 1, on third reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

INTERROGATION

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, is it the intent of the Majority Leader to consider the balance of the bills on the calendar at this time?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, it is our intention at this time to proceed with the consideration of the calendar.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, so that I will not have to make a separate motion on each bill. I would like to have permission to move that these bills be recommitted to the committee for a public hearing, and I would like to have the permission of the Majority Leader to make the motion on all four bills at one time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have no objection to the gentleman making the motion at this time. I understand that it will cover all four bills; that is, House Bill No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would like to have the consent of the Senate to give my reason for asking for a public hearing and that these bills be recommitted.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny asks unanimous consent to make a statement. If there is no objection, the gentleman from Allegheny may proceed.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, in the last war we had a Civilian Defense in Pennsylvania based strictly on a voluntary basis.

I am positive no one in the Senate could find fault with it in any way. Volunteers were easy to get, because the average man or woman who had a son, brother or husband in the war liked to feel that they, too, were doing something in the war effort.

It was handled strictly in the American way of life.

Americans are proud of their patriotism and regardless of what crisis has arisen they have met the crisis head-on.

Today we find a tearing down of patriotism and in these civil defense bills a new low is being set, insulting the intelligence and the goodness of Americans.

I do not want to discuss these bills, but I want to bring out the highlight of what is in them, because my whole intent in asking for a public hearing is to appeal to the good people of Pennsylvania, and God knows there are millions of them, to build up a civilian defense on a patriotic, voluntary basis.

Remember, gentlemen, that civilian defense is, in addition to something that will be used in case of a bombing, a great morale builder.

People, too, must have confidence in their leaders of civilian defense, and you cannot get confidence with the dollar mark. Let us quit being politicians catering to the weakness of the people.

Let us build up the strength and morale in America and quit putting the dollar mark on being patriotic.

God knows the Army that General Washington commanded didn't get much pay for fighting.

I am confident that if you will only permit these bills to be sent back to committee for a public hearing and that you bring down to the hearing the different heads of civilian defense, that we had in the recent war, you will find that in every county you will have sufficient volunteers who will gladly head up civilian defense and do not want one cent of pay

Mr. President, bring down these men to this hearing. I believe that the dispute and the controversy between the Minority and Majority Leaders has proved one thing, that there is no clearness about these bills as yet. The Majority Leader is not clear how they are going to act and I think it is time for us to use men who have done some work in civilian defense, and I think it is no more than right that we call down General Mellon and his group that prepared a very fine outline of civilian defense for Pennsylvania, that we call in Colonel Miller who has been gagged, who was not permitted to talk to the Senators of the Democratic Party due to the fact that he voiced a little bit of criticism on how civilian defense was being handled. Let us bring in Mr. Hutchinson, a man who served civilian defense in the last World War without one penny, and I know that after hearing these men, hearing other men like Ross Loeffler of Allegheny County, and in your counties men who have served in the last World War in civilian defense, we can properly write a bill that is a bill.

Mr. President, you do not have to pay a man to defend his home and protect his wife and children.

Let us get back to being real Americans because I really feel it is a disgrace to say that we have to pay people to join together in community activity; it is an insult to those boys who are now in the hospitals from World War II. Yes, they have given their all to America. We certainly can do our share in our home community without putting the dollar mark on our share.

MOTION THAT HOUSE BILLS Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 BE RECOMMITTED TO COMMITTEE

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I move that House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 be recommitted to the Committee on State Government for the purpose of a public hearing and further study.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, this motion for a public hearing has a great deal more merit than appears on the surface, and I do not think it ought to be voted upon without some discussion as to the causes for the request and the reasons for turning it down.

Mr. President, I am not sold on the idea myself. I do believe it might be a good thing if it would serve the purposes enumerated by the gentleman who made the motion. If it would give the people of Pennsylvania a clear picture on what the contents of these bills are, it would serve a far greater need today than any other maneuver that we might employ. I said before and I still contend that civilian defense is in a great measure, in fact in a greater measure a question of mental attitude. If we can have a full-dress public hearing with persons who want to appear to question the contents of this legislation, we may gain from the public hearing a more acceptable piece of legislation that would give the people a greater degree of confidence which, in my opinion, is what we are trying to do ultimately with this legislation. We must have the confidence of the people and let us not try to put this measure through without at least giving consideration to the gentleman's request for a public hearing.

Mr. President, I know that there will be quite a few people from my County who will see me and ask questions, and have seen me and asked questions, and I want to say to them, "Come on down to the public hearing, ask the questions there or at least listen to the debate upon the measure by disinterested or rather very interested persons who haven't the right to vote."

Mr. President, it will not delay the measure or it will not delay civilian defense because we do have a director and we do have two assistants. We do have local setups, I would say, in every community in the Commonwealth that feels the need and practically all all the communities that will have a setup after this legislation passed have already set up a defense system. They tell me the civilian defense setup of the City of Philadelphia is considered the finest in the whole Country—they say that the civilian defense program of the City of Philadelphia is the finest in the entire United States, and that was accomplished, mind you, under the old legislation, and I think that for another week that it would give each and every one of us a greater confidence when we face our people.

Mr. President, I have been asked to speak now at at least a dozen affairs at home on the question of civilian defense and to explain these bills. I like to stand up before a group and say I voted for this legislation, and I think that it is a fine piece of legislation, it is the best that we could have by a meeting of the minds of the Senate, plus the advice of the public at a public hearing. If then there are mistakes that crop up, as the gentleman from Alle-

gheny says will in six or seven months, why then we can't be entirely blamed. We have tried to take the advice of the people of the Commonwealth, and I assure you that the question of whether it passes today or tomorrow is of no moment. We can pass this legislation just as well Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday of next week. They are proceeding with civilian defense. They have many circulars going out and in fact our local community setup is not even waiting for circulars. They are trying to get what they can from Federal information, from magazine articles and are setting up a wonderful setup of the civillian defense.

Mr. President, let us give serious consideration and I would suggest that you vote "yes" on this particular motion. Let it go back to committee. Let us set the meeting up for Monday or Tuesday of next week. Let them come in here notified through the able newspaper correspondents that we have here that the Senate of Pennsylvania wants to hear the people's viewpoints.

Mr. President, I have had many officials, local officials, talk to me and tell me that it is dangerous to give this unlimited power. I have had many industries tell me that under the present setup they have, they get no consideration whatsoever for their plant protection systems; that the present thinking over in that department—incidentally, it would be a good idea to have a public hearing and have the present setup of civilian defense come over and tell their story.

Mr. President, I have before me, and I intend to bring it out on final debate, the recommendations of Richard Mellon which are diametrically opposed to those contained in this legislation. The recommendations which were read publicly and given to each Member of the Senate on January 2 by Governor Jim Duff, we have that here, and every Member of the Senate ought to have a copy of it. These bills do not embody his recommendations whatsoever. For instance, he called for a director to be named by the Governor and passed upon by the Senate by a two-thirds vote. He thought it was that important that a man ought to pass the careful scrutiny of the Members of the Senate. Believe me when I say to you that you ought not to pass up this request for a public hearing lightly.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to assure the gentleman from Westmoreland that we are not passing up the request lightly and may I suggest to the gentleman from Westmoreland, he is very familiar with the history of this defense package. It was worked out by the National Council Civilian Defense in Washington. Mr. Symington and former Governor Caldwell held long hearings and a great many hearings both of a public and private nature in order to promulgate these model bills.

Mr. President, these bills were introduced in the House on Febraury 5. They received very careful scrutiny and discussion by the Members of the House. They were sponsored by the Republican Floor Leader in the House and the co-sponsor was the Democratic Floor Leader in the House. After careful consideration the bills were voted on and they passed the House unanimously. They came over into the Senate and went into committee. The committee considered them and brought them out on the Floor of the Senate.

Mr. President, these bills have been on the calendar since February 20, and as a matter of fact they were in the State Government Committee on February 13 and there has not been a request made to me, to the President pro tempore, to the Secretary of the Senate, or to the Chairman of the Committee on State Government who handled the bills, for a public hearing. The only request that I have heard and I have heard it several times so I have had the opportunity of carefully considering it since, came from the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland.

Mr. President, there has been no request for a public hearing on these bills and no further hearings are necessary. There was no request for hearings in the House, and the high opinion in which the House held these bills is indicated by the fact that they passed unanimously.

Therefore, Mr. President, I must ask in all seriousness that the gentlemen of the Senate vote down the motion made by my good friend and colleague, Senator Holland.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I do not want to delay the discussion in the matter since I know that the position over there is adamant and that there will be no change in the temperature. However, we cannot excuse ourselves on the ground that the bills passed the House unanimously. We cannot excuse ourselves on the ground that they were sponsored by the Minority and Majority Leaders because I honestly believe that the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, is reading into these bills the interpretation that he finds in the act. The interpretations that I find there are my honest opinions, too, and they are the result of my study since the bills were first introduced in the House.

Mr. President, I do not mind telling you that I collaborated with the House leadership in putting into the bills certain amendments taking out the pay day features, but it was impossible to get all the public opinion correlated into one thought or two thoughts, and, therefore, we are now faced with the final passage of these acts. We are not playing with a situation such as the House had. The House knew that over in the Senate there were fifty able men, at least they felt that way and properly so. They felt if there were any misunderstandings in the legislation, we would correct them.

Mr. President, I said that I do not believe that the Governor ought to advocate and leave the powers that were naturally his in the hands of a director. I still mean that and I think the argument of the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, that the President of the United States does not appear in the National setup is not quite the same situation because the President of the United States is automatically, under the war powers given him, Commander-in-Chief of all production and everything else in the United States the minute an emergency hits, but we are preparing emergency legislation now and we leave the question of whether the Governor ought to serve as Chairman in the hands of appointed officials. You cannot do that.

Mr. President, back in 1917 they passed an Emergency Act of some kind, an agency setup. It was called the Safety Committee. Thank you, Senator Barr. My memory does not go back to the Civil War. I am having an awful time getting back to the First World War, and the Safety Committee was set up and placed a blot upon the character of the State of Pennsylvania. They expended

untold numbers of dollars without ever making an accounting and the fight there, mind you, was not between Democrats and Republicans. It was between two factions of Republicans fighting for the pork barrel. That is history; that is not heresay. That is history in Pennsylvania and history has a way of repeating itself.

Mr. President, if you name a man from one faction tomorrow, you have to name one from the other faction to keep both factions going down the line politically. That is the history and that is what we are doing with this legislation.

Mr. President, I mean it seriously. I again ask the Members of the Senate to set aside the caucus consideration and to vote instead in the position that they were elected to give the people of Pennsylvania an opportunity to be heard. If they do not come here, the onus and the blame is upon them. If they do come, we will be justified in our position.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HOLLAND and Mr. HALUSKA and were as follows, viz:

YEAS 20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

NAYS 30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

So the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

AMENDMENTS OFFERED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, as follows:

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" is hereby amended to read as follows

AN ACT

Relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Civil Defense local and district Councils of Civil Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties

Section 2 The Definitions of "Local and District Councils of Defense" and "State Council of Defense" in sections two and sections three four five six and eight of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 * * * * *

"Local and District Councils of Civil Defense" shall mean such councils established under the provisions of the act approved the [nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-one (P. L. 6)] day of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L.) entitled "An act relating to the Civil Defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of Civil Defense mobile support units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

* * * * *

"State Council of Civil Defense" shall mean such council established under the provisions of the act approved the [nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-one (P. L. 6)] day of one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L.) entitled "An act relating to the Civil Defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of Civil Defense mobile support units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

* * * * *

Section 3 (a) The State Council of Civil Defense shall during the continuance of the existing state of war between the United States and any foreign country have the power and its duty shall be to take such precautionary measures as may be necessary for the safety defense and protection of the civilian population of the Commonwealth and property within the Commonwealth with respect to air raids In furtherance of this power and duty the State Council of Civil Defense shall have power to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders for this purpose The State Council of Civil Defense shall cause such rules regulations and orders to be published and disseminated in the Commonwealth in such manner and to such extent as it shall deem necessary and advisable Such rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense shall have the same force as if they formed a part of this act and without limiting the general power conferred above the State Council of Civil Defense shall have the power and its

duty shall be to make rules regulations and orders regarding

* * * * *

(1) The organization recruiting training maintenance and operation of aircraft warning services observation and listening posts information and control centers including the location thereof and such other services and facilities as may be necessary for the prompt reception and transmission of air raid warnings and drills

(2) The formulation and execution of plans for the carrying out of practice blackouts air raid drills and warnings and of all precautionary measures under actual conditions of hostile air raids or enemy attack

(3) The organization recruiting tarining conduct and duties and powers of volunteer agencies

(4) The effective screening or extinguishment of all lights and lighting devices and appliances

(5) The conduct or civilians and the movement and cessation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic during attack or drill

(6) The evacuation of civilian populations from dangerous or damaged areas

(7) The mobilization and coordination of municipal and volunteer agencies and the use of the personnel and equipment of such agencies wherver needed in the Commonwealth

(b) Local and district Councils of Civil Defense shall have the power to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders not inconsistent with rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense with respect to the foregoing matters Provided however That no rule regulation or other order of any local or district Council of Civil Defense shall become effective unless and until it shall have received the prior approval of the State Council of Civil Defense Each local and district Council of Civil Defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules regulations and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense and by such local or district Council of Civil Defense

Section 4 It shall be the duty of every local and district Council of Civil Defense to execute and enforce such plans rules regulations and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate The State Council of Civil Defense is hereby authorized to designate and require agencies to aid and assist the council in the discharge of one or more of its powers and duties under this act and to grant authority to such agencies as may be deemed necessary for the effective accomplishment of any of its functions powers and duties

Section 5 The State Council of Civil Defense in providing for the mobilization and coordination of municipal and volunteer agencies shall have power to make the personnel and equipment of such agencies available for duty and use in any political subdivision other than the political subdivision in which such personnel and equipment are normally used employed or act Unless existing or future voluntary agreements between political subdivisions requqire otherwise the use of personnel and equipment of any municipal agencies in any political subdivison other than the political subdivision in which they normally are used employed or act shall be without charge or expense to such political subdivision Whenever any part of the regular personnel of any municipal agency of any political subdivision are engaged under the provisions of this act in rendering services in another political subdivision such personnel shall have the same powers duties rights privileges and immunities as if they were performing their duties in the political subdivision n which they are normally employed or act

Section 6 Whenever the United States or any agency or officer thereof shall offer equipment supplies materials or funds for or relating to air raid defense activities to the Commonwealth or to any political subdivision thereof the Commonwealth or political subdivision is hereby authorized to accept such offer and the State Council of Civil Defense shall have power and its duties shall be to adopt promulgate and enforce rules regulations and orders for the use of such equipment supplies materials and funds subject to the terms of the offer and subject also to the rules and regulations of the Federai agency making the offer

Section 8 The provisions of this act and rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated under the provisions of this act shall be enforced by the State Council of Civil Defense local and district Councils of Civil Defense political subdivisions and municipal and volunteer agencies Subject to limitations contained in rules regulations and orders of the State Council of Civil Defense members of volunteer agencies shall have the powers of peace officers for the purpose of enforcing rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated for the purpose of enforcing this act Provided however That such powers shall not be exercised or performed by them except while they are on active duty and displaying an authorized identifying badge or other insignia during an air raid drill or attack

Section 3 Section nine of said act as last amended by the act approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 170) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 9 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules regulations and orders adopted and promulgated under this act by the State Council of Civil Defense or any local or district Council of Civil Defense or who shall fail to comply with any instructions lawfully given by any member of a municipal or volunteer agency or any person who shall without authority wear or display any official insignia authorized by the State Council of Civil Defense or a local or district Council of Civil Defense for use by members of any municipal or volunteer agency shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days or both All fines recovered under the provisions of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of the municipality or township in which the offense was committed for the use of such municipality or township

Section 4 Section eleven of said act is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 11 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment and shall continue in full force and effect during the continuance of [the existing] a state of war between the United States and any foreign country

Section 5 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, on behalf of Senator Barr and myself, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I do not want to rehash what has been said about House Bill No. 1, but House Bill No. 1 and House Bill No. 2 are related, and we of the Minority side have examined them very closely and we take the position that local members in civilian defense units are not protected under the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act. For that reason on behalf of Senator Barr and myself, I have asked for unanimous consent to submit amendments at this time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Washington, Senator Lane.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Lane, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LANE. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would like to inquire from the gentleman, is it not true that the workmen's

compensation protection is in one of the other bills that is in this category?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, it is in House Bill No. 2.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I inquire of the gentleman from Washington, Senator Lane, what does his amendment do?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, the amendment provides that all personnel of the volunteer agencies, organized for and in charge of the duties and responsibilities in connection with civilian defense protection in any political subdivision, shall be regarded as employees of that poltical subdivision for all purposes of the Workmen's Compensation Act.

In other words what it does, Senator Walker, is put our auxiliary police, auxiliary firemen, our nurses and our doctors under the protection of the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Mr. WALKER. Of the political subdivision where they are operating?

Mr. LANE. That is right, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. May I inquire further, Mr. President of the gentleman from Washington, if they were called out in the City of Pittsburgh and there would be five thousand workers in there to handle a disaster, that they would all automatically go on the City's workmen's compensation pay roll?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, in reply to the gentleman I would say that all those workers who would be in there would be under the provisions of the act at the present time because it would be normally labor that we would be protecting. The idea back of it is to take care of those in the defense setup on the firing line, specifically the volunteer members, because you have made provisions under House Bill No. 1 for the protection of the members of the mobile unit, under the command of the Governor, but it does not apply to the local membership.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would like to inquire from the gentleman, for example, in the City of Pittsburgh if that was the situs of the disaster, if there were in the neighborhood of five thousand volunteer workers, his amendment would put them all on the City's workmen's compensation responsibility pay roll?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, they would be deemed employees.

Mr. WALKER. Of the city, Mr. President?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, of the city. That is what they would be.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I further interrogate the gentleman from Washington, Senator Lane?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I yield to the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Dent.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I think there is a little confusion.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object to the word "little."

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, the purpose of the amendments were clearly stated by the gentleman from Washington County, but under this Act No. 2 we set up a system of compensation, of workmen's compensation benefits for the members of police and fire departments and so forth, but we do not set up any protection for the auxiliary members of police and fire departments and volunteer members.

Now, Mr. President, the question that he is trying to solve by this amendment is to cover under the same provisions of law that you are putting into Act No. 2 for the paid regular members of a fire and volunteer department, the same provisions for the auxiliaries and the volunteers. That is all it is and they come under the State. The State pays, the State pays under Act No. 2. They will pay for this, too.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have no objection to the gentleman from Washington offering the amendments, but I would like to suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate that they vote the amendments down as not being feasible or making a contribution to the expeditious operation of the defense plan.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I recognize the power of the caucus and I bow before it, but you cannot just dismiss an amendment by saying that it does not add anything to it. What is the difference between the broken body of a policeman or of an auxiliary policeman in the time of an air raid?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Lane.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Lane, permit himself to be interrogated

Mr. LANE. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I inquire from the gentleman who presented the amendments if he would care to have them all voted on at once or if he would like to have them taken up one at a time?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, if it will expedite matters, we will vote on them all at one time.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Bill, page 10, by inserting between lines 15 and 16 the following:

Section 3. Said act is hereby amended by adding thereto immediately after section 8, a new section to read as follows:

Section 8.1. All personnel of the volunteer agencies organized for and charged with duties and responsibilities in connection with civilian protection in any political subdivision, shall be regarded as employes of that political subdivision for all the purposes of the Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act as reenacted and amended, and shall be entitled to receive compensation in case of injuries received while actually engaged as members of such agencies in performing any duty provided for by this act or while going to or coming from the performance of any such duties. The political subdivision as employer shall in all such cases be deemed to have knowledge of all other employment of all such members, including self-employment and shall be liable for compensation on account of all wages and earnings resulting therefrom in all cases where an injury compensable hereunder is received by a member of any volunteer agency, who is in whole or in part a self-employer and loss of earnings results therefrom, such earnings shall be regarded as wages. The average weekly wage as so regarded shall be that most favorable to the employe computed by dividing by thirteen the total earnings of the employe in the first, second, third or fourth period of thirteen consecutive calendar weeks in the fifty-two weeks immediately preceding the accident.

Amend Sec. 3, page 10, line 16, by striking out the figure "3" and inserting in lieu thereof: "4"; Amend Sec. 3, (Sec. 9), page 1, line 7, by inserting after the

word "shall' the following "be guilty of a misdemeanor and"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 7, by inserting a bracket before the word "in"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 8, by inserting after the word "proceeding" the following "] shall"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 8, by inserting a bracket before the word "two"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 8, by inserting after the word "two" the following: "] five"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 9, by inserting a bracket before the figure "($200)"; Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 9), page 11, line 9, by inserting after the figure "($200)" the following: "] ($500)."

(During the reading of the amendments the following occurred:)

MOTION THAT AMENDMENTS BE ADOPTED

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I move that the amendments to Section 3 be adopted.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WALKER and Mr. TAYLOR, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

NAYS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

So the question was determined in the negative.

The Clerk continued to read the amendments as follows:

Amend Sec. 4, page 11, line 15, by striking out the figure "4" and inserting in lieu thereof "5".

(During the reading of the amendments the following occurred)

MOTION THAT AMENDMENT BE ADOPTED

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I move that the amendment to Section 4 be adopted.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WALKER and Mr. TAYLOR, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

NAYS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

So the question was determined in the negative.

The Clerk continued to read the amendments as follows:

Amend Sec. 5, page 12, line 3, by striking out the figure "5" and inserting in lieu thereof: "6"; Amend Title, page 2, last line of title, by inserting after the word "laws" the following: "and providing that members of certain volunteer agencies shall be eligible for workmen's compensation as employes of the respective political subdivisions."

MOTION THAT AMENDMENTS BE ADOPTED

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I move that the amendments just read by the Clerk be adopted.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALUSKA and Mr. LANE, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

NAYS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

So the question was determined in the negative.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

REQUEST THAT HOUSE BILLS Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 GO OVER IN ORDER

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 1, House Bill No. 2, House Bill No. 3 and House Bill No. 4, on third reading, go over in their order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I object.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, it appears very much that the filibuster kids must have a conference pretty soon, and if the gentlemen object to public hearings and bills going over in order, it appears very much like we will have to put into effect our old-fashioned filibuster tactics tomorrow or the next day and probably bring the boys into line a little bit.

Mr. President, we have tried to be honest by asking for a public hearing. We thought it very essential, but now they are going to run rough shod over us and now we ask that House Bill No. 1 be held over, and that House Bill No. 2, House Bill No. 3 and House Bill No. 4 be held over. It is not that important that it must be

passed today but again they object, so if we invoke our prerogatives, do not feel too much surprised.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, the gentleman may invoke his prerogatives at any time he sees fit. May we proceed with the consideration of the calendar?

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I think the gentleman is being just a little bit adamant. House Bills Nos. 2, 3 and 4 are useless without House Bill No. 1. It is part of the package. If House Bill No. 1 does not operate, House Bill No. 2, House Bill No. 3 and House Bill No. 4 are worthless. Now, if he wants to be as adamant as that, there is nothing we can do about it.

Mr. WALKER. That is right, Mr. President. May we proceed with the consideration of the calendar?

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I have one more remark. I presume now that the civilian defense setup is going to be just as nonpartisan as his attitude.

Mr. WALKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Barr, is incorrect. May we proceed with the consideration of the calendar?

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, it would be better for all of us if we had the bills all up at one time because if we vote "yes" on this legislation at the moment, we must vote "yes" on House Bill No. 1 tomorrow or we are not being honest with ourselves or the people.

Mr. President, this legislation is no good without the first bill, House Bill No. 1. Therefore, we are placed in a dilemma. So, in order for me personally to solve this dilemma, I have made up my mind what I am going to do. I am not asking anybody else to follow me. It is a personal privilege I am going to assume.

If my objections to House Bill No. 1 are as serious as I believe them to be, and if House Bill No. 1 has to pass in order that House Bill No. 2, House Bill No. 3 and House Bill No. 4 become operative, there is no recourse for me other than to vote "present" on this vote.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, the other day the Majority Floor Leader asked the Minority to agree that all the bills go over in order so that we could debate all of them at one time, and now we ask that these bills go over in order and our request has been refused.

Mr. President, we listened to a long debate here this evening and I subscribe to most everything that has been said here as far as the Minority Leader is concerned. I do not see that these bills are in the proper form. I believe that quite a few on the Majority side take the same position. Then again, they are being arbitrary and shooting these bills through. If that is the way they want it, that is the way they are going to get it in turn, because the Session is just commencing, and we have been very good boys so far and we want to cooperate. We probably will not be after while.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

NAYS—0

PRESENT—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Definitions The following words and phrases used in this act shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

"Political subdivisions" shall mean any county city borough incorporated town and township

"Local and district councils of civil defense" shall mean those established pursuant to the act approved the —— day of —— one thousand nine hundred fifty-one (P. L. ——) entitled "An act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties"

Section 2 Every political subdivision shall have the power to make appropriations for the ordinary expenses of such political subdivisions for the payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense and for protection and preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of the said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage A political subdivision in making such appropriations shall specify the amounts and purposes for which the moneys so appropriated may be used by such councils of civil defense or other agency to or for which such appropriation may be made

Section 3 (a) Where the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense is coterminous with the political subdivision making an appropiation for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense such local or district council of civil defense

shall be an agency board or commission of the political subdivision subject to all of the laws governing the makign of contracts or purchases the employment of persons or otherwise incurring financial obligations which apply to the political subdivision All bills or claims to be paid from any appropriation made pursuant to this act after first being approved by the local or district or civil defense or an appropriate officer thereof designated for the purpose shall be paid from the treasury of the political subdivision only upon the warrant or order of the officer or officers of such political subdivision designated by law to approve or countersign warrants or orders for the payment of the ordinary expenses of such political subdivision and shall be subject to audit in the same manner as other financial transactions of such political subdivision In each case the said officer or officers shall have the same power to approve or disapprove the same as they have in case of warrants for ordinary expenses of the political subdivision and no warrant or order for the payment thereof shall be issued without such approval Any gift or grant of money made to the local or distdict Council of Civil Defense or to the political subdivision for the payment of expenses incurred or to be incurred by or for the local or district council of civil defense shall be deposited in the treasury of the political subdivision and shall be appropriated by the political subdivision for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made and any bills or claims to be paid from such gift or grant shall be paid in the manner herein provided for the payment of other bills and claims against such political subdivision

(b) Where a local or district council of civil defense has jurisdiction in an area including all or parts of more than one political subdivision which does not include the whole area of any county the political subdivisions all or part of which lie within the jurisdiction of such local or district council of civil defense shall before paying any expenses of such local or district council of civil defense enter into an agreement designating one of said political subdivisions as the agent of each of them for the purpose of paying the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense The agreement shall also set forth the proportionate share of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense to be paid by each political subdivision party to said agreement and an estimate of the amount required to be appropriated by each of them for the purpose of paying such expenses The agreement shall be effective when approved by the corporate authorities of each of said political subdivisions by a majority vote and each of said subdivisions shall thereupon make an appropriation pursuant to section two of this act sufficient to pay its share of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense All bills and claims for expenses incurred by or for the local or district council of civil defense shall thereafter be paid in the first instance by the political subdivision named as agent in the aforesaid agreement in the manner provided in paragraph (a) of this section as though the local or district council of civil defense were coterminous with such political subdivision and the local or district council of civil defense shall be subject to all of the laws governing the making of contracts or purchases the employment of persons or otherwise incurring financial obligations which apply to such political subdivisions The political subdivision designated as agent shall not later than the fifteenth day of each month submit an itemized account of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense paid by it during the preceding calendar month t oeach of the other political subdivisions party to the said agreement together with a request for reimbursement of the proportionate share of such expenses agreed to be paid by each of such other political subdivisions Each political subdivision so requested to make reimbursement shall do so within thirty days after such request from the appropriation made for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense and in the event of failure to do so mandamus shall lie to compel the officers of such political subdivisions to pay the agreed upon proportionate share of the proper expenses of the local or district council of civil defense out of the first moneys thereafter in the treasury of such political subdivision and not previously pledged to any other purpose Provided That no political subdivision shall be compelled to pay for any one year an amount greater than the amount estimated in the agreement as its proportionate share The books and records of the political subdivision designated as agent in the agreement shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by an authorized agent of each other political subdivision party to the agreement and by any taxpayer who by law is entitled to inspect the books or accounts of any political subdivision party to the agreement Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to limit the power of any political subdivision to appropriate and pay out for the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense an amount greater than that set forth in the agreement herein required Provided That all such payments shall be made through the treasury of the political subdivision designated as agent in such agreement in the manner herein required Any payment made by any political subdivision to the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement for reimbursement for the payment of the expenses of the local or district council of civil defense shall be credited by such agent political subdivision to the appropriation made by it for the payment of the expenses of the local and district council of civil defense and shall be available for the payment of future expenses of the local or district council of civil defense without further appropriation or action by such agent political subdivision Any gift or grant of money made to or for the local or district council of civil defense shall if made to a political subdivision be deposited in its treasury and be appropriated by it for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made and such political subdivision shall notify the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement of such appropriation and the purpose for which is it available If such gift or grant of money is made to the local or district council of civil defense it shall be deposited in the reasury of the political subdivision named as agent in the agreement and shall be appropriated by such political subdivision for the purpose for which such gift or grant was made Provided however That any expenditure made by such agent political subdivision from any gift or grant deposited in its treasury or reimbursed from any gift or grant deposited in the treasury of any other political subdivision shall not be included in computing the reimbursement requested from any other political subdivision under the agreement

(c) Where the local or district council of civil defense has jurisdiction in an area including the whole area of one or more counties which is not coterminous with any one county before paying any expenses of the local or district council of civil defense the counties all or part of which lie within the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense shall enter into an agreement in the manner and form provided in paragraph (b) of this section and with like effect and no other political subdivision lying within the jurisdiction of the local or district council of civil defense shall be a party to such agreement For the purposes of this paragraph the city and county of Philadelphia shall be a county and the city of Philadelphia shall act for such city and county

(d) Nothing in this or any other section of this act shall be deemed to limit the power of any political subdivision to appropriate money for the purpose of paying thethe expenses of a local or district council of civil defense having jurisdiction both within and without the political subdivision even though an appropriation has been or is to be made to another local or district council of civil defense coterminous with or having jurisdiction within such political subdivision Provided That any payments on account of such appropriation shall be made pursuant to an agreement as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) hereof or in the form of a gift or grant to the political subdivision responsible in the first instance for the payment of bills and claims against the local or district council of civil defense for the payment of the expenses of which such appropriation was made

(e) No purchase or purchases shall be made no contract entered into and no expenses incurred by any civil

defense council which involves the payment of more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) out of the treasury of any second class township unless the proposed expenditure has been approved in writing by the township supervisors If any purchase or contract is made or other expenses incurred contrary to the provisions of this subsection the township shall not be responsible for the payment thereof but the person acting for the civil defense council in such transaction shall be personally liable for such payment

Section 4 Any political subdivision during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred fifty-one may borrow a sum or sums of money necessary for the purposes authorized by this act by the issuance and sale of bonds or notes in the manner provided in the Municipal Borrowing Law approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) Such bonds or notes shall mature within one year from the date of issue

Section 5 Repealer The act approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 42) entitled "An act authorizing certain political subdivisions to made appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes providing for the repayment thereof and ratifying confirming and validating appropriations heretofore made for said purposes" is hereby repealed

All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 6 Effective Date This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment and shall remain in effect until a period of six (6) months after the State Council of Civil Defense is dissolved or suspended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, for the same reason I intend to vote "present" and I do not ask anybody to follow me, but that is the way I feel about it.

And the question recurring,

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany.	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

NAYS—0

20 PRESENT

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Whereas the Congress of the United States of America has granted its consent to civil defense compacts by an act entitled "Federal Civil Defense Act of one thousand nine hundred fifty" (Public Law 920 Eighty-First Congress Second Session approved January twelfth one thousand nine hundred fifty-one) the Legislature of this State hereby ratifies a compact on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with any other State legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows

Interstate Civil Defense and Disaster Compact

The contracting States solemnly agree

Article 1 The purpose of this compact is to provide mutual aid among the States in meeting any emergency or disaster from enemy attack or other cause (natural or otherwise) including sabotage and subversive acts and direct attacks by bombs shellfire and atomic radiological chemical bacteriological means and other weapons The prompt full and effective utilization of the resources of the respective States including such resources as may be available from the United States Government or any other source are essential to the safety care and welfare of the people thereof in the event of enemy action or other emergency and any other resources including personnel equipment or supplies shall be incorporated into a plan or plans of mutual aid to be developed among the Civil Defense agencies or similar bodies of the States that are parties hereto The Directors of Civil Defense of all party States shall constitute a committee to formulate plans and to take all necessary steps for the implementation of this compact

Article 2 It shall be the duty of each party State to formulate civil defense plans and programs for application within such State There shall be frequent consultation between the representatives of the States and with the United States Government and the free exchange of information and plans including invntories of any materials and equipment available for civil defense In carrying out such civil defense plans and programs the party States shall so far as possible provide and follow uniform standards practices and rules and regulations including

(a) Insignia arm bands and any other distinctive articles to designate and distinguish the different civil defense services

(b) Blackouts and practice blackouts aid raid drills mobilization of civil defense forces and other tests and exercises

(c) Warnings and signals for drills or attacks and the mechanical devices to be used in connection therewith

(d) The effective screening or extinguishing of all lights and lighting devices and appliances

(e) Shutting off water mains gas mains electric power connections and suspension of all other utility services

(f) All materials or equipment used or to be used for civil defense purposes in order to assure that such materials and equipment will be easily and freely interchangeable when used in or by any other party State

(g) The conduct of civilians and the movement and cessation of movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic prior during and subsequent to drills or attacks

(h) The safety of public meetings or gathers and

(i) Mobile support units

Article 3 Any party State requested to render mutual aid shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by this compact in accordance with the terms hereof Provided That it is understood that the State rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such State Each party State shall extend to the civil defense forces of any other party State while operating within its State limits under the terms and conditions of this compact the same powers (except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving State) duties rights privileges and immunities as if they were performing their duties in the State in which normally employed or rendering services Civil defense forces will continue under the command and control of their regular leaders but the organizational units will come under the operational control of the civil defense authorities of the State receiving assistance

Article 4 Whenever any person holds a license certificate or other permit issued by any State evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional mechanical or other skills such person may render aid involving such skill in any party State to meet an emergency or disaster and such State shall give due recognition to such license certificate or other permit as if issued in the State in which aid is rendered

Article 5 No party State or its officers or employes rendering aid in another State pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith

Article 6 Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two or more States may differ from that appropriate among other States party hereto this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all States and nothing herein contained shall preclude any State from entering into supplementary agreements with another State or States Such supplementary agreements may comprehend but shall not be limited to provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical fire police public utility reconnaissance welfare transportation and communications personnel equipment and supplies

Article 7 Each party State shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the civil defense forces of that State and the representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid pursuant to this compact in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within such State

Article 8 Any party State rendering aid in another State pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the party State receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid and for the cost incurred in connection with such requests Provided That any aiding party State may assume in whole or in part such loss damage expense or other cost or may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party State without charge or cost and Provided further That any two or more party States may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those States The United States Government may relieve the party State receiving aid from any liability and reimburse the party State supplying civil defense for the compensation paid to and the transportation subsistence and maintenance expenses of such forces during the time of the rendition of such aid or assistance outside the State and may also pay fair and reasonable compensation for the use or utilization of the supplies materials equipment or facilities or utilized or consumed

Article 9 Plans for the orderly evacuation and reception of the civilian population as the result of an emergency or disaster shall be worked out from time to time between representatives of the party States and the various local civil defense areas thereof Such plans shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees the number of evacuees to be received in different areas the manner in which food clothing housing and medical care will be provided the registration of the evacuees the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or friends and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials supplies and all other relevant factors Such plans shall provide that the party State receiving evacuees shall be reimbursed generally for the out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for such evacuees for expenditures for transportation food clothing medicines and medical care and like items Such expenditures shall be reimbursed by the party State of which the evacuees are residents or by the United States Government under plans approved by it After the termination of the emergency or disaster the party State of which the evacuees are resident shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support or repatriation of such evacuees

Article 10 This compact shall be available to any State territory or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia The term "State" may also include any neighboring foreign country or province or state thereof

Article 11 The committee established pursuant to Article 1 of this compact may request the Civil Defense Agency of the United States Government to act as an informational and coordinating body under this compact and representatives of such agency of the United States Government may attend meetings of such committee

Article 12 This compact shall become operative immediately upon its ratification by any State as between it and any other State or States so ratifying and shall be subject to approval by Congress unless prior Congressional approval has been given Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall at the time of their approval be deposited with each of the party States and with the Civil Defense Agency and other appropriate agencies of the United States Government

Article 13 This compact shall continue in force and remain binding on each party State until the Legislature or the Governor of such party State takes action to withdraw therefrom Such action shall not be effective until 30 days after notice thereof has been sent by the Governor of the party State desiring to withdraw to the Governors of all other party States

Article 14 This compact shall be construed to effectuate the purposes stated in Article 1 hereof If any provision of this compact is declared unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid the constitutionality of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby

Section 2 Duly authenticated copies of this act shall upon its approval be transmitted to the Governor of each State to the President of the Senate of the United States to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives to the Federal Civil Defense Administration to the Secretary of State of the United States and to the Council of State Governments

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, House Bill No. 4 deals with a compact between States, and there is absolutely no objection whatsoever to this Act and it ought to have been passed long ago. I would have rather had it amend the Act of 1941 in order that it would be operative immediately. However, this bill must be passed sooner or later, and I personally am going to vote "aye" and not ask anybody to follow me.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

AMENDMENTS OFFERED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 12 as follows:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto regulating and restricting the manufacture purchase sale possession consumption importation transportation furnishing holding in bond holding in storage traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures providing for local option and repealing existing laws

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ARTICLE I

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Section 101 Short Title This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Liquor Code"

Section 102 Definitions The following words or phrases unless the context clearly indicates otherwise shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

"Alcohol" shall mean ethyl alcohol of any degree of proof originally produced by the distillation of any fermented liquid whether rectified or diluted with or without water whatever may be the origin thereof and shall include synthetic ethyl alcohol but shall not mean or include ethyl alcohol whether or not diluted that has been denatured or otherwise rendered unfit for beverage purposes

"Association" shall mean a partnership limited partnership or any form of unincorporated enterprise owned by two or more persons

"Board" shall mean the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board

"Bonded warehouse" shall mean and include all places and warehouses legally established under the provisions of the acts of Congress and the administrative provisions of the internal revenue laws of the Government of the United States of America for the storage concentration distribution and holding in bond (a) of whiskey and any other potable distilled spirits except ethyl alcohol when used in Article VII entitled "Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificates" and (b) of alcohol or liquor when otherwise used

"Club" shall mean any reputable group of individuals associated toegther not for profit for legitimate purposes of mutual benefit entertainment fellowship or lawful convenience having some primary interest and activity to which the sale of liquor or malt and brewed beverages shall be only secondary which if incorporated has been in continuous existence and operation for at least one year and if first licensed after June sixteenth one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven shall have been incorporated in this Commonwealth and if unincorporated for at least ten years immediately preceding the date of its application for a license under this act and which regularly occupies as owner or lessee a clubhouse or quarters for the use of its members Continuous existence must be proven by satisfactory evidence The board shall refuse to issue a license if it appears that the charter is not in possession of the original incorporators or their direct or legitimate successors The club shall hold regular meetings conduct its business through officers regularly elected admit members by written application investigation and ballot and charge and collect dues from elected members and maintain such records as the board shall from time to time prescribe but any such club may waive or reduce in amount or pay from its club funds the dues of any person who was a member at the time he was inducted into the military service of the United States or was enrolled in the armed forces of the United States pursuant to any selective service act during the time of the members' actual service or enrollment

"Container" shall mean and include any receptacle vessel or form of package tank vat cask barrel drum keg can bottle or conduit used or capable of use for holding storing transferring or shipment of alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages

"Corporation" shall mean a corporation or joint-stock association organized under the laws of this Commonwealth the United States or any other state territory or foreign country or dependency

"Denatured alcohol" shall mean and include all alcohol or any compound thereof which by the admixture of such denaturing material or materials is rendered unfit for use as a beverage

"Denaturing plant" shall mean and include the premises of a distillery used exclusively for the denaturization of alcohol either specially or completely by the admixture of such denaturing materials as shall render the alcohol or any compound in which it is authorized to be used unfit for use as a beverage

"Distillery" shall mean and include any premises or plant wherein alcohol or liquor is manufactured made and distilled from raw materials blended or rectified or any place wherein alcohol or liquor is manufactured made and distilled from raw materials blended or rectified or any place wherein alcohol or liquor is produced by any method suitable for the production of alcohol The term shall not include a "winery" where alcohol is derived from by-products of wine production by distillation for the sole purpose of adding to the fermented products to fortify the same

"Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificate" shall mean a certificate receipt contract or other document given upon the storage of whiskey or any other potable distilled spirits except ethyl alcohol in a bonded warehouse and evidencing the ownership of such whiskey or other potable distilled spirits

"Distillery certificate broker" shall mean and include every person who engages directly or through an agent in selling purchasing exchanging offering for sale or delivery or entering into agreements for the purchase sale or exchange or soliciting subscriptions to or orders for or undertaking to dispose of or dealing in any manner in distillery bonded warehouse certificates

"Distributor" shall mean any person licensed by the board to engage in the purchase only from Pennsylvania manufacturers and from importing distributors and the resale of malt or brewed beverages except to importing distributors and distributors in the orginal sealed containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture but not for consumption on the premises where sold and in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more

"Eating place" shall mean a premise where food is regularly and customarily prepared and sold having a total area of not less than three hundred square feet available to the public in one or more rooms other than living quarters and equipped with tables and chairs accommodating thirty persons at one time

"Hotel" shall mean any reputable place operated by responsible persons of good reputation where the public may for a consideration obtain sleeping accommodations and meals and which in a city has at least ten and in any other place at least six permanent bedrooms for the use of guests a public dining room or rooms operated by the same management accommodating at least thirty persons at one time and a kitchen apart from the public dining room or rooms in which food is regularly prepared for the public

"Importing distributor" shall mean any person licensed by the board to engage in the purchase from manufacturers and other persons located outside this Commonwealth and from persons licensed as manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages and importing distributors under this act and the resale of malt or brew beverages in the original sealed containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture but not for consumption on the premises where sold and in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more

"Liquor" shall mean and include any alcoholic spirituous vinous fermented or other alcoholic beverage or combination of liquors and mixed liquor a part of which is spirituous vinous fermented or otherwise alcoholic including all drinks or drinkable preparations or mixtures and reused recovered or redistilled denatured alcohol usable or taxable for beverage purposes which contain more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol by volume except pure ethyl alcohol and malt or brewed beverages

"Malt or Brewed Beverages" means any beer lager beer ale porter or similar fermented malt beverage containing one-half of one per centum or more of alcohol by volume by whatever name such beverage may be called

"Manufacture" when the term is applied to malt or brewed beverages shall mean and include all means methods and processes used employed and made use of to produce make and manufacture for commercial purposes malt or brewed beverages from raw materials when applied otherwise it shall mean and include all means methods and processes used employed and made use of to produce and make alcohol or liquor from raw

materials and shall mean and include rectification and blending of alcohol and liquor the production recovery or reuse of alcohol in the making developing using the process of manufacture denaturing redistilling or recovering of any alcohol or liquor in distilleries denaturing plants and wineries

"Manufacturer" shall mean any person association or corporation engaged in the producing manufacturing distilling rectifying or compounding of liquor alchool or malt or brewed beverages in this Commonwealth or elsewhere

"Manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages" shall mean any person holding a license issued by the board to engage in the manufacture transportation and sale of malt or brewed beverages also any person engaged in the legal manufacture of malt or brewed beverages within the territorial limits of the United States outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

"Municipality" shall mean any city borough incorporated town or township of this Commonwealth

"Official Seal" shall mean and include any insignia approved by the board that is required to be affixed to a package as herein defined

"Original container" shall mean all bottles casks kegs or other suitable containers that have been securely capped sealed or corked by the manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages at or shipped from the place of manufacture with the name and address of the manufacturer of the malt or brewed beverages contained or to be contained therein permanently affixed to the bottle cask keg or other container or in the case of a bottle or can to the cap or cork used in sealing the same or to a label securely affixed to a bottle or can

"Package" shall mean any container or containers or receptacle or receptacles used for holding liquor or alcohol as marketed by the manufacturer

"Person" shall mean a natural person association or corporation Whenever used in a clause prescribing or imposing a fine of imprisonment or both the term "person" as applied to "association" shall mean the partners or members thereof and as applied to "corporation" shall mean the officers thereof except as to incorporated clubs the term "person" shall mean such individual or individuals who under the by-laws of such club shall have jurisdiction over the possession and sale of liquor therein

"Population" shall mean the population as determined by the last preceding decennial census of the United States

"Potable distilled spirits" shall mean and include any distillate from grains wine fruits vegetables or molasses except ethyl alcohol capable of being used for beverage purposes

"Regulation" shall mean any regulation prescribed by the board for carrying out the provisions of this act

"Restaurant" shall mean a reputable place operated by responsible persons of good reputation and habitually and principally used for the purpose of providing food for the public the place to have an area within a building of not less than four hundred square feet equipped with tables and chairs accommodating at least thirty persons at one time

"Retail dispenser" shall mean any person licensed to engage in the retail sale of malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the premises of such licensee with the privilege of selling malt or brewed beverages in quantities not in excess of one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a single sale to one person to be carried from the premises by the purchaser thereof

"Sale" or "Sell" shall include any transfer of liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages for a consideration

"Whiskey" shall mean and include any alcoholic distillate from a fermented mash of grain capable of being used for beverage purposes

"Winery" shall mean and include any premises and plants where any alcohol or liquor is produced by the process by which wine is produced or premises and plants wherein liquid such as wine is produced And shall include the manufacture by distillation of alcohol from the by-products of wine fermentation when the alcohol so derived is used solely to fortify the fermented products under such regulations as are or may be promulgated by the proper agency of the United States Government and such olcohol for that purpose only may be sold or exchanged between wineries holding permits in this Commonwealth without restriction

Section 103 Saving Clause The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as those of existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws and not as new enactments The repeal by this act of any act of Assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repealed laws All regulations and rules made and all licenses and permits issued pursuant to any act repealed by this act shall continue with the same force and effect as if such act had not been repealed

Section 104 Interpretation of Act (a) This act shall be deemed an exercise of the police power of the Commonwealth for the protection of the public welfare health peace and morals of the people of the Commonwealth and to prohibit forever the open saloon and all of the provisions of this act shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of this purpose

(b) The provisions of this act are severable and if any of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional the decision of the court shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions of this act It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that this act would have been adopted had such unconstitutional provisions not been included herein

(c) Except as otherwise expressly provided the purpose of this act is to prohibit the manufacture of and transactions in liquor alcohol and malt or brewed beverages which take place in this Commonwealth except by and under control of the board as herein specifically provided and every section and provision of the act shall be construed accordingly The provisions of this act dealing with the manufacture importation sale and disposition of liquor alcohol and malt beverages within the Commonwealth through the instrumentality of the board and otherwise provide the means by which such control shall be made effective This act shall not be construed as forbidding affecting or regulating any transaction which is not subject to the legislative authority of this Commonwealth

(d) Any reference in this act to the provisions of law on any subject shall apply to statutes becoming effective after the effective date of this act as well as to those then in existence

(e) Section headings shall not be taken to govern or limit the scope of the sections of this act The singular shall include the plural and the masculine shall include the feminine and neuter

ARTICLE II

PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

Section 201 Appointment of Members Terms Salaries An independent administrative board to be known as the "Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board" is hereby created The board shall consist of three members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate Of the original members one shall be appointed for a term of two years one for a term of four years and one for a term of six years from the date of his appointment and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified Thereafter all appointments shall be for terms of six years or until successors are appointed and qualified Each member of the board shall receive an annual salary as fixed by law

Section 202 Qualifications of Members Each member of the board at the time of his appointment and qualification shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall have been a

qualified elector in the Commonwealth for a period of at least one year next preceding his appointment and shall be not less than thirty years of age

No member of the board during his period of service as such shall hold any other office under the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States

Section 203 Chairman of Board The board shall elect one of its members as chairman The chairman shall when present preside at all meetings and in his absence a member designated by the chairman shall preside

Two members of the board shall constitute a quorum and any action or order of the board shall require the approval of at least two members

Section 204 Secretary of Board The board may appoint a secretary to hold office at its pleasure The secretary if appointed shall have such powers and shall perform such duties not contrary to law as the board shall prescribe and shall receive such compensation as the board with the approval of the Governor shall determine The secretary shall have power and authority to designate from time to time one of the clerks appointed by the board to perform the duties of the secretary during his absence and the clerk so appointed shall exercise for the time so designated the powers of the secretary of the board

Section 205 Bonds Required of Members and Secretary Before entering upon the duties of their respective offices or positions each member of the board and the secretary shall execute and file with the State Treasurer a bond in such penal sum as shall be fixed by the Executive Board of this Commonwealth upon recommendation of the Governor but the amount of any such bond shall not be less than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) Bonds in such penal sums as shall be fixed by the Executive Board likewise shall be executed and filed with the State Treasurer by such employes of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board as the head of such board shall with the approval of the Executive Board prescribe Such bonds shall be payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be conditioned for the faithful performance of the members' secretary's or employes' duties imposed by law or by lawful authority and that the person bonded will not knowingly violate the provisions of this act All bonds required to be given under this section shall before being accepted by the State Treasurer be approved by the Department of Justice and unless the Commonwealth shall establish its own indemnity fund all such bonds shall be given with security approved by the Department of Justice If the Commonwealth shall establish its own indemnity fund the Executive Board may nevertheless require any bond given hereunder to be executed by a surety or sureties satisfactory to the Department of Justice The cost of such bonds require to be executed by a surety or sureties shall be borne by the board as part of its operating expense

Section 206 Board Subject to Administrative Code Except as otherwise expressly provided by law the board shall be subject to all the provisions of The Administrative Code of one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine as amended which apply generally to independent administrative boards and commissions

Section 207 General Powers of Board Under this act the board shall have the power and its duty shall be

(a) To buy import or have in its possession for sale and sell liquor and alcohol in the manner set forth in this act

Provided however That all purchases shall be made subject to the approval of the Auditor General or his designated deputy

(b) To control the manufacture possession sale consumption importation use storage transportation and delivery of liquor alcohol and malt or brewed beverages in accordance with the provisions of this act and to fix the wholesale and retail prices at which liquors and alcohol shall be sold at Pennsylvania liquor stores Provided That in fixing sale prices the board shall not give any preference or make any discrimination as to classes brands or otherwise except where special sales are deemed necessary to move unsaleable merchandise The board shall require each Pennsylvania manufacturer and each nonresident manufacturer of liquors other than wine selling such liquors to the board which are not manufactured in this Commonwealth to make application for and be granted a permit by the board before such liquors not manufactured in this Commonwealth shall be purchased from such manufacturer Each such manufacturer shall pay for such permit a fee which in the case of a manufacturer of this Commonwealth shall be equal to that required to be paid if any by a manufacturer or wholesaler of the state territory or country of origin of the liquors for selling liquors manufactured in Pennsylvania and in the case of a nonresident manufacturer shall be equal to that required to be paid if any in such state territory or country by Pennsylvania manufacturers doing business in such state territory or country In the event that any such manufacturer shall in the opinion of the board sell or attempt to sell liquors to the board through another person for the purpose of evading this provision relating to permits the board shall require such person before purchasing liquors from him or it to take out a permit and pay the same fee as hereinbefore required to be paid by such manufacturer All permit fees so collected shall be paid into the State Stores Fund The board shall not purchase any alcohol or liquor fermented distilled rectified compounded or bottled in any state territory or country the laws of which result in prohibiting the importation therein of alcohol or liquor fermented distilled rectified compounded or bottled in Pennsylvania

(c) To determine the municipalities within which Pennsylvania Liquor Stores shall be established and the locations of the stores within such municipalities

(d) To grant issue suspend and revoke all licenses and permits authorized to be issued under this act and the regulations of the board

(e) Through the Department of Property and Supplies as agent to lease and furnish and equip such buildings rooms and other accommodations as shall be required for the operation of this act

(f) To appoint fix the compensation and define the powers and duties of such managers officers inspectors examiners clerks and other employes as shall be required for the operation of this act subject to the provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 and the Civil Service Act

(g) To determine the nature form and capacity of all packages and original containers to be used for contining liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages

(h) Without in any way limiting or being limited by the foregoing to do all such things and perform all such acts as are deemed necessary or advisable for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder

(i) From time to time to make such regulations not inconsistent with this act as it may deem necessary for the efficient administration of this act The board shall cause such regulations to be published and disseminated throughout the Commonwealth in such manner as it shall deem necessary and advisable or as may be provided by law Such regulations adopted by the board shall have the same force as if they formed a part of this act

Section 208 Specific Subjects on Which Board May Adopt Regulations Subject to the provisions of this act and without limiting the general power conferred by the preceding section the board may make regulations regarding

(a) The equipment and management of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and warehouses in which liquor and alcohol are kept or sold and the books and records to be kept therein

(b) The duties and conduct of the officers and employes of the board

(c) The purchase as provided in this act of liquor and alcohol and its supply to Pennsylvania Liquor Stores

(d) The classes varieties and brands of liquor and alcohol to be kept and sold in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores

(e) The issuing and distribution of price lists for the

various classes varieties or brands of liquor and alcohol kept for sale by the board under this act

(f) The sealing and labeling of liquor and alcohol sold under this act and of liquor and alcohol lawfully acquired by any person prior to January first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

(g) Forms to be used for the purposes of this act

(h) The issuance of licenses and permits and the conduct management sanitation and equipment of places licensed or included in permits

(i) The place and manner of depositing the receipts of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and the transmission of balances to the Treasury Department through the Department of Revenue

(j) The solicitation by resident or nonresident vendors of liquor from Pennsylvania licensees and other persons of orders for liquor to be sold through the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and in the case of nonresident vendors the collection therefrom of license fees for such privilege at the same rate as provided herein for importer's licenses

Section 209 Officers and Investigators of the Board to be Peace Officers Powers Such employes of the board as are designated "enforcement officers" or "investigators" are hereby declared to be peace officers and are hereby given police power and authority throughout the Commonwealth to arrest on view except in private homes without warrant any person actually engaged in the unlawful sale importation manufacture transportation or having unlawful possession of liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages contrary to the provisions of this act or any other law of this Commonwealth Such officers and investigators shall have power and authority upon reasonable and probable cause to search for and to seize without warrant or process except in private homes any liquor alcohol and malt or brewed beverages unlawfully possessed manufactured sold imported or transported and any stills equipment materials utensils vehicles boats vessels animals aircraft or any of them which are or have been used in the unlawful manufacture sale importation or transportation of the same Such liquor alcohol malt or brewed beverages stills equipment materials utensils vehicles boats vessels animals or aircraft so seized shall be disposed of as hereinafter provided

Section 210 Restrictions on Members of the Board and Employes of Commonwealth (a) A member or employe of the board shall not be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any other business or undertaking dealing in liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages whether as owner part owner partner member of syndicate shareholder agent or employe and whether for his own benefit or in a fiduciary capacity for some other person

(b) No member or employe of the board nor any employe of the Commonwealth shall solicit or receive directly or indirectly any commission remuneration or gift whatsoever from any person having sold selling or offering liquor or alcohol for sale to the board for use in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores

ARTICLE III

PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR STORES

Section 301 Board to Establish State Liquor Stores The board shall establish operate and maintain at such places throughout the Commonwealth as it shall deem essential and advisable stores to be known as "Pennsylvania Liquor Stores" for the sale of liquor and alcohol in accordance with the provisions of and the regulations made under this act When the board shall have determined upon the location of a liquor store in any municipality it shall give notice of such location by public advertisement in two newspapers of general circulation and no other advertisement of any kind or description shall be required any law to the contrary notwithstanding If within five days after the appearance of such advertisement fifteen or more taxpayers residing within a quarter of a mile of such location shall file a protest with the court of quarter sessions of the county averring that the location is objectionable because of its proximity to a church a school or to private residences the court shall forthwith hold a hearing affording an opportunity to the protestants and to the board to present evidence The court shall render its decision immediately upon the conclusion of the testimony and from the decision there shall be no appeal If the court shall determine that the proposed location is undesirable for the reasons set forth in the protest the board shall abandon it and find another location The board may establish operate and maintain such establishments for storing and testing liquors as it shall deem expedient to carry out its powers and duties under this act

The board may lease the necessary premises for such stores or establishments but all such leases shall be made through the Department of Property and Supplies as agent of the board The board through the Department of Property and Supplies shall have authority to purchase such equipment and appointments as may be required in the operation of such stores or establishments

Section 302 Selection of Personnel Officers and employes of the board except as herein otherwise provided shall be appointed and employed subject to the provisions of the Civil Service Act

Section 303 Management of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall be conducted by a person appointed in the manner provided in the Civil Service Act who shall be known as the "manager" and who shall under the directions of the board be responsible for carrying out the provisions of this act and the regulations adopted by the board under this act as far as they relate to the conduct of such stores

Section 304 When Sales May Be Made at Pennsylvania Liquor Stores Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall be open for business week days except legal holidays or any day on which a general municipal special or primary election is being held during such hours as the board in its discretion shall determine but shall not be open longer than fourteen hours in any one day nor later than eleven o'clock post-meridian The board may with the approval of the Governor temporarily close any store in any municipality

Section 305 Sales by Pennsylvania Liquor Stores (a) Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall keep in stock for sale such classes varieties and brands of liquor and alcohol as the board shall prescribe If any person shall desire to purchase any class variety or brand of liquor or alcohol which any such store does not have in stock it shall be the duty of such store immediately to order the same upon the payment of a reasonable deposit by the purchaser in such proportion of the approximate cost of the order as shall be prescribed by the regulations of the board The customer shall be notified immediately upon the arrival of the goods

Unless the customer pays for and accepts delivery of any such special order within five days after notice of arrival the store may place it in stock for general sale and the customer's deposit shall be forfeited

(b) Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall sell liquors at wholesale to hotels restaurants clubs and railroad pullman and steamship companies licensed under this act and under the regulations of the board to pharmacists duly licensed and registered under the laws of the Commonwealth and to manufacturing pharmacists and to reputable hospitals approved by the board or chemists The board may sell to registered pharmacists only such liquors as conform to the Pharmacopoeia of the United States the National Formulary or the American Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia All other sales by such stores shall be at retail No liquor shall be sold except for cash except that the board may by regulation authorize the acceptance of checks for liquor sold at wholesale The board shall have power to designate certain stores for wholesale or retail sales exclusively

(c) When any checks issued in payment of liquor or alcohol purchased from State Liquor Stores by persons holding wholesale purchase permit cards issued by the board shall be returned to the board as dishonored the board shall charge a fee of five dollars per hundred dollars or fractional part thereof plus all protest fees to the

maker of such check submitted to the board Failure to pay the face amount of the check in full and all charges thereon as herein required within ten days after demand has been made by the board upon the maker of the check shall be cause for revocation or suspension of any license issued by the board to the person who issued such check and the cancellation of the wholesale purchase permit card held by such person

(d) No liquor or alcohol shall be sold to any purchaser except in a package bearing the official seal of the board required by this act which package shall not be opened on the premises of a Pennsylvania Liquor Store No manager or other employe of the board employed in a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall allow any liquor or alcohol to be consumed on the store premises nor shall any person consume any liquor or alcohol on such premises

(e) The board may sell tax exempt alcohol to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to persons to whom the board shall by regulation to be promulgated by it issue special permits for the purpose of such tax exempt alcohol

Such permits may be issued to the United States or any governmental agency thereof to any university or college of learning any laboratory for use exclusively in scientific research any hospital sanitorium eleemosynary institution or dispensary to physicians dentists veterinarians and pharmacists duly licensed and registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to manufacturing chemists and pharmacists or other persons for use in the manufacture or compounding or preparations unfit for beverage purposes

(f) Every purchaser of liquor or alcohol from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall receive a numbered receipt which shall show the brand of liquor and alcohol the price paid therefor and such other information as the board may prescribe Copies of all receipts issued by a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall be retained by and shall form part of the records of such store

(g) The board is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and enforce appropriate rules and regulations to insure the equitable wholesale and retail sale and distribution through the Pennsylvania Liquor stores of available liquor and alcohol at any time when the demand therefor is greater than the supply

Section 306 Audits by Auditor General It shall be the duty of the Department of the Auditor General to make all audits which may be necessary in connection with the administration of the financial affairs of the board and the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores operated and maintained by the board

At least one audit shall be made each year of the affairs of the board and all collections made by the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores shall be audited quarterly

Special audits of the affairs of the board and the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores maintained and operated by the board may be made whenever they may in the judgment of the Auditor General appear necessary and shall be made whenever the Governor shall call upon the Auditor General to make them

Copies of all audits made by the Department of the Auditor General shall be promptly submitted to the board and to the Govrenor

Unless the Department of the Auditor General shall neglect or refuse to make annual quarterly or special audits as hereinabove required it shall be unlawful for the board to expend any money appropriated to it by the General Assembly for any audit of its affairs except for the payment of the compensation and expenses of such auditors as are regularly employed as part of the administrative staff of the board

ARTICLE IV

LICENSES AND REGULATIONS LIQUOR ALCOHOL AND MALT AND BREWED BEVERAGES

(A) Liquor and Alcohol (Not Including Manufacturers)

Section 401 Authority to Issue Liquor Licenses to Hotels Restaurants and Clubs (a) Subject to the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated under this act the board shall have authority to issue a retail liquor license for any premises kept or operated by a hotel restaurant or club and specified in the license entitling the hotel restaurant or club to purchase liquor from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store and to keep on the premises such liquor and subject to the provisions of this act and the regulationes made thereunder to sell the same and also malt or brewed beverages to guests patrons or members for consumption on the hotel restaurant or club premises Such licenseees other than clubs shall be permitted to sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises where sold in quantities of not more than one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a single sale to one person Such licensee shall be known as hotel liquor licenses restaurant liquor licenses and club liquor licenses respectively No person who holds either by appointment or election any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or the penal laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be issued any hotel or restaurant liquor license nor shall such a person have any interest directly or indirectly in any such license

(b) The board may issue to any club which caters to groups of non-members either privately or for functions a catering license and the board shall by its rules and regulations define what constitutes catering under this subsection

Section 402 License Districts License Year Hearings The board shall be regulation divide the State into convenient license districts and shall hold hearings on applications for licenses and renewals thereof as it deems necessary at a convenient place or places in each of said districts at such times as it shall fix by regulation for the purpose of heaering testimony for and against applications for new licenses an drenewals thereof The board may provide for the holding of such hearings by examiners learned in the law to be appointed by the Governor who shall not be subject to the "Civil Service Act" Such examiners shall make report to the board in each case with their recommendations The board shall by regulation fix the license year for each separate district so that the expiration dates shall be uniform in each of the several districts but staggered as to the State

Section 403 Applications for Hotel Restaurant and Club Liquor Licenses (a) Every applicant for a hotel liquor license restaurant liquor license or club liquor license shall file a written application with the board in such form and containing such information as the board shall from time to time prescribe which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars the prescribed license fee and the bond hereinafter specified Every such application shall contain a description of that part of the hotel restaurant or club for which the applicant desires a license and shall set forth such other material information description or plan of that part of the hotel restaurant or club where it is proposed to keep and sell liquor as may be required by the regulations of the board

(b) If the applicant is a natural person his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and has been a resident of this Commonwealth for at least two years immediately preceding his application

(c) If the applicant is a corporation the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania that all officers directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States and that the manager of the hotel restaurant or club is a citizen of the United States

(d) Each application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation by the owner if a natural person or in the case of an association by a member or partner thereof or in the case of a corporation by an extcutive officer thereof or any person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application to which shall be attached written evidence of his authority

(e) If the applicant is an association the application shall set forth the names and addresses of the persons constituting the association and if a corporation the names and addresses of the principal officers thereof Every club applicant shall file with and as a part of its application a list of the names and addresses of its members directors officers agent and employes together with the dates of their admission election or employment and such other information with respect to its affairs as the board shall require

(f) The board shall refuse to issue licenses to clubs when it appears that the operation of the licensed business would inure to the benefit of individual members officers agents or employes of the club rather than to the benefit of the entire membership of the club

(g) Every applicant for a new license or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed shall post for a period of at least fifteen days beginning with the day the application is filed with the board in a conspicuous place on the outside of the premises for which the license is applied a notice of such application in such form of such size and containing such provisions as the board may require by its regulations Proof of the posting of such notice shall be filed with the board

(h) If any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application the affiant shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article

Section 404 Issuance of Hotel Restaurant and Club Liquor Licenses Upon receipt of the application the proper fees and bond and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application that the applicant is the only person in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed and that no other person will be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license except as hereinafter permitted and that the applicant is a person of good repute that the premises applied for meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the board that the applicant seeks a license for a hotel restaurant or club as defined in this act and that the issuance of such license is not prohibited by any of the provisions of this act the board shall in the case of a hotel or restaurant grant and issue to the applicant a liquor license and in the case of a club may in its discretion issue or refuse a license Provided however That in the case of any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location the board may in its discretion grant or refuse such new license or transfer if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church hospital charitable institution school or public playground or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place where the principal business is the sale of liquid fuels and oil And provided further That the board shall not issue new licenses in any license district more than twice each license year effective from specific dates fixed by the board and new licenses shall not be granted unless the application therefor shall have been filed at least thirty days before the effective date of the license

Section 405 License Fees (a) License fees for hotel and restaurant liquor licenses shall be graduated according to the population of the municipality as determined by the last preceding decennial census of the United States in which the hotel or restaurant is located as follows

In municipalities have a population of less than fifteen hundred inhabitants one hundred fifty dollars ($150.00)

In municipalities except townships having a population of fifteen hundred and more but less than ten thousand inhabitants and in townships having a population of fifteen hundred and more but less than twelve thousand inhabitants two hundred dollars ($200.00)

In municipalities except townships having a population of ten thousand and more but less than fifty thousand inhabitants and in townships having a population of twelve thousand and more but less than fifty thousand inhabitants three hundred dollars ($300.00)

In those having a population of fifty thousand or more but less than one hundred thousand inhabitants four hundred dollars ($400.00)

In those having a population of one hundred thousand and more but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants five hundred dollars ($500.00)

In those having a population of one hundred fifty thousand and more inhabitants six hundred dollars ($600.00)

(b) Every applicant for a club liquor license shall pay to the board a license fee of fifty dollars ($50.00) except clubs to which catering licenses are issued in which cases the license fees shall be the same as for hotels and restaurants located in the same municipality

(c) All license fees authorirzed under this section shall be collected by the board for the use of the municipalities in which such fees were collected

Section 406 Sales by Liquor Licensees Restrictions Every hotel restaurant or club licensee may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass open bottle or other container and in any mixture for consumption only in that part of the hotel or restaurant habitually used for the serving of food to guests or patrons and in the case of hotels to guests and in the case of clubs to members in their private rooms in the hotel or club No club license nor its officers servants agents or employes other than one holding a catering license shall sell any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person except a member of the club No club holding a catering license nor its officers servants agents or employes shall sell on Sunday to nonmembers any liquor or malt or brewed beverages In the case of a restaurant located in a hotel which is not operated by the owner of the hotel and which is licensed to sell liquor under this act liquor and malt or brewed beverages may be sold for consumption in that part of the restaurant habitually used for the serving of meals to patrons and also to guests in private guests rooms in the hotel

Hotel restaurant and public service liquor licensees their servants agents or employes may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages only after seven o'clock antemeridian of any week day and until two o'clock antemeridian of the following week day, and shall not sell on Sunday or after two o'clock antemeridian on any day on which a general municipal special or primary election is being held until one hour after the time fixed by law for closing the polls No club licensee or its servants agents or employes may sell liquor or malt or brewed beverages between the hours of three o'clock antemeridian and seven o'clock antemeridian on any day

Section 407 Sale of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Liquor Licensees Every liquor license issued to a hotel restaurant club or a railroad pullman or steamship company under this subdivision (A) for the sale of liquor shall authorize the lciensee to sell malt or brewed beverages at the same places but subject to the same restrictions and penalties as apply to sales of liquor except that licensees other than clubs may sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption cff the premises where sold in quantities of not more than one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a singlge sale to one person No licensee under this subdivision (A) shall at the same time be the holder of any other class of license except a retail dispensers license authorizing the sale of malt or brewed beverages only

Section 408 Public Service Liquor Licenses (a) Subject to the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated under this act the board upon application shall issue retail liquor licenses to railroad or pullman companies permitting liquor and malt or brewed beverages to be sold in dining club or buffet cars to passengers for consumption while en route on such railroad and may issue retail liquor licenses to steamship companies permitting liquor or malt or brewed beverages to be sold in the dining compartments of steamships or vessels wherever operated in the Commonwealth except when standing or moored in stations terminals or docks within a municipality wherein sales of liquor for consumption on the premises are prohibited Such licenses shall be known as public service liquor licenses The board may issue a master

license to railroad or pullman companies to cover the maximum number of cars which the company shall estamate that it will operate within the Commonwealth on any one day Such licensees shall file monthly reports with the board showing the maximum number of cars operated in any one day during the preceding month and if it appears that more cars have been operated than covered by its license it shall forthwith remit to the boards the sum of twenty dollars for each extra car so operated

(b) For the purpose of considering an application by a steamship company for a public service liquor license the board may cause an inspection of the steamship or vessel for which a license is desired The board may in its discretion grant or refuse the license applied for and there shall be no appeal from its decision except that an action of mandamus may be brought against the board in the manner provided by law

(c) Every applicant for a public service liquor license shall before receiving such license file with the board a surety bon as hereinafter prescribed pay to the board for each of the maximu mnumber of dining club or buffet cars which the applicant estimates it will have in operation on any one day an annual fee of twenty dollars ($20.00) and for each steamship or vessel for which a license is desired an annual fee of one hundred dollars ($100.00)

(d) Unless previously revoked every license issued by the board under this section shall expire and terminate on the thirty-first day of December in the year for which the license is issued Licenses issued under the provisions of this section shall be renewed annually as herein provided upon the filing of applications in such form as the board shall prescribe but no license shall be renewed until the applicant shall file with the board a new surety bond and shall pay the requisite license fee specified in this section

(e) Sales of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the aforesaid public service company licensees shall be made in accordance with and shall be subject to the provisions of this act relating to the sale of liquors by restaurant licensees

Section 409 Sacramental Wine Licenses Fees Privileges Restrictions (a) Subject to the provisions of this act in general and more particularly to the following provisions of this section the board shall issue sacramental wine licenses to qualified applicants

(b) Every applicant for a sacramental wine license shall file a written application with the board in such form as the board shall from time to time prescribe which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars a license fee of one hundred dollars and a bond as hereinafter prescribed Every such application shall contain a description of the premises for which the applicant desires a license and shall set forth such other material information as may be required by the board

(c) If the applicant is a natural person his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth If the applicant is an association or partnership each and every member of the association or partnership must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth If the applicant is a corporation the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania and that all officers directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States

(d) Holders of such licenses may purchase from manufacturers or bring or import into this Commonwealth wine to be used for sacramental or religious purposes only and bottle and sell the same to priests clergymen and rabbis for use in the cathedral church synagogue or temple or for sustaining members of the congregation or members of the faith who attend religious services duly certified by such priest clergymen or rabbis The sale and use of wine for sacramental or religious purposes shall be subject to and in accordance with the regulations of the board

(e) Any wine purchased under the authority of this section shall not be used for any other than sacramental or religious purposes Sacramental wine may not be sold by any person except the holder of a sacramental wine license All original containers from which sacramental wine is dispensed shall bear the official seal of the board

(f) Every sacramental wine licensee shall maintain on the licensed premises such records as the board may prescribe No deliveries of sacramental wine shall be made unless and until an order therefor is on file at the principal place of business in Pennsylvania All shipments into Pennsylvania of wine to be used for sacramental or religious purposes shall be consigned to the principal place of business maintained by the licensee

(g) Any such license may be suspended or revoked by the board upon proof satisfactory to it that the licensee has violated any law of this Commonwealth or any regulation of the board relating to liquor and alcohol The procedure in such cases shall be the same as for the revocation and suspension of hotel restaurant and club licenses

Section 410 Liquor Importers' Licenses Fees Privileges Restrictions (a) Subject to the provisions of this act in general and more particularly to the following provisions of this section the board shall issue liquor importers' licenses to qualified applicants

(b) Every applicant for an importer's license shall file a written application with the board in such form as the board shall from time to time prescribe which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars a license fee of one hundred dollars and a bond as hereinafter required Every such application shall contain a description of the principal place of business for which the applicant desires a license and shall set forth such other material information as may be required by the board

(c) The holder of an importer's license may have included in such license one warehouse wherein only his liquor may be kept and stored located in the same municipality in which his licensed premises is situate and not elsewhere unless such licensee secures from the board a license for each additional storage warehouse desired The board is authorized and empowered to issue to a holder of an importer's license a license for an additional storage warehouse or warehouses located in this Commonwealth provided such licensed importer files with the board a separate application for each warehouse in such form and containing such information as the board may from time to time require accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars a license fee of twenty-five dollars and a bond of an approved surety company in the amount of ten thousand dollars Such bond shall contain the same provisions and conditions as are required in the other license bonds under this article

(d) If the applicant is a natural person his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth If the applicant is an association or partnership each and every member of the association or partnership must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth If the applicant is a corporation the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania and that all officers directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States

(e) Importers' licenses shall permit the holders thereof to bring or import liquor from other states foreign countries or insular possessions of the United States and purchase liquor from manufacturers located within this Commonwealth to be sold outside of this Commonwealth or to Pennsylvania Liquor Stores within this Commonwealth or when in original containers of ten gallons or greater capacity to licensed manufacturers within this Commonwealth

All importations of liquor into Pennsylvania by the licensed importer shall be consigned to the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board or the principal place of business or authorized place of storage maintained by the licensee

(f) Every importer shall maintain on the licensed

premises such records as the board may prescribe Any such license may be suspended or revoked by the board upon proof satisfactory to it that the licensee has violated any law of this Commonwealth or any regulation of the board relating to liquor and alcohol The procedure in such cases shall be the same as for the revocation and suspension of hotel restaurant and club licenses

Section 411 Interlocking Business Prohibited (a) No manufacturer and no officer or director of any manufacturer shall at the same time be a holder of a hotel restaurant or club liquor license nor be the owner proprietor or lessor of any place covered by any hotel restaurant or club liquor license

(b) No manufacturer importer or sacramental wine licensee and no officer or director of a manufacturer importer or sacramental wine licensee shall own any stock or have any financial interest in any hotel or restaurant license under this act

(c) Excepting as herein provided no manufacturer or officer director stockholdere agent or employe of a manufacturer shall in any wise be interested either directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against the same for which a hotel restaurant or club license is granted nor shall a manufacturer importer or sacramental wine licensee or officer director stockholder agent or employe of a manufacturer importer or sacramental wine licensee either directly or indirectly lend any moneys credit or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof to or guarantee the payment of any bond mortgage note or other obligation of any hotel restaurant or club licensee his servant agent or employe for equipping fitting out or maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part a hotel restaurant or club licensed for the selling of liquor for use and consumption upon the premises

(d) Excepting as herein provided no hotel licensee restaurant licensee or club licensee and no officer director stockholder agent or employe of any such licensee shall in any wise be interested either directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against the same used by a manufacturer in manfacturing liquor or malt or brewed beverages nor shall any hotel restaurant or club licensee or any officer director stockholder agent or employe of any such licensee either directly or indirectly lend any moneys credit or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof to any manufacturer for equipping fitting out or maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part an establishment used for the manufacture of liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(e) Except as herein provided no hotel restaurant or club licensee and no officer director or stockholder agent or employe of any such licensee shall in any wise be interested directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortage lien against the same used by a distributor importing distributor retail dispenser or by an importer or sacramental wine licensee in the conduct of his business nor shall any hotel restaurant or club licensee or any officer director stockholder agent or employe of any such licensee either directly or indirectly lend any moneys credit or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof to any distributor importing distributor retail dispenser importer or sacramental wine licensee for equipping fitting out or maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part an establishment used in the conduct of his business

The purpose of this section is to require a separation of the financial and business interests between manufacturers and holders of hotel or restaurant liquor licenses and as herein provided of club licenses issued under this article and no person shall by any device whatsoever directly or indirectly evade the provisions of the section But in view of existing economic conditions nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the ownership of property or conflicting interest by a manufacturer of any place occupied by a licensee under this article after the manufacturer has continuously owned and had a conflicting interest in such place for a period of at least five years prior to July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred thirty-five Provided however That this clause shall not prohibit any hotel restaurant or club liquor licensee from owning land which is leased to and the buildings thereon owned by a holder of a retail dispenser's license and nothing in this clause shall prevent the issuance of a retail dispenser's license to a lessee of such lands who owns the buildings thereon

(B) Malt and Brewed Beverages (Including Manufacturers)

Section 431 Malt and Brewed Beverages Manufacturers Distributors and Importing Distributors' Licenses (a) The board shall issue to any person a resident of this Commonwealth of good repute who applies therefor pays the license fee hereinafter prescribed and files the bond hereinafter required a manufacturer's license to produce and manufacture malt or brewed beverages and to transport sell and deliver malt or brewed beverages at or from one or more places of manufacture or storage only in original containers in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more anywhere within the Commonwealth Licenses for places of storage shall be limited to those maintained by manufacturers on July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred thirty-five and the board shall issue no licenses for places of storage in addition to those maintained on July eighteen one thousand nine hundred thirty-five The application for such license shall be in such form and contain such information as the board shall require All such licenses shall be granted for the calendar year Every manufacturer shall keep at his or its principal place of business within the Commonwealth daily permanent records which shall show (1) the quantities of raw materials received and used in the manufacture of malt or brewed beverages and the quantities of malt or brewed beverages manufactured and stored (2) the sales of malt or brewed beverages (3) the quantities of malt or brewed beverages stored for hire or transported for hire by or for the licensee and (4) the names and addresses of the purchasers or other recipients thereof Every place licensed as a manufacturer shall be subject to inspection by members of the board or by persons duly authorized and designated by the board at any and all times of the day or night as they may deem necessary for the detection of violations of this act or of the rules and regulations of the board or for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the records required to be kept by licensees The books and records of such licensees shall at all times be open to inspection by members of the board or by persons duly authorized and designated by the board Members of the board and its duly authorized agents shall have the right without hindrance to enter any place which is subject to inspection hereunder or any place where such records are kept for the purpose of making such inspections and making transcripts thereof

(b) The board shall issue to any reputable person who applies therefor pays the license fee hereinafter prescribed and files the bond hereinafter required a distributor's or importing distributor's license for the place which such person desires to maintain for the sale of malt or brewed beverages not for consumption on the premises where sold and in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more and such containers to be the original containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacturer.

Such license shall authorize the holder thereof to sell or deliver malt or brewed beverages in quantities above specified anywhere within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which in the case of distributors have been pur-

chased only from persons licensed under this act as manufacturers or importing distributors and in the case of importing distributors have been purchased from manufacturers or persons outside this Commonwealth engaged in the legal sale of malt or brewed beverages or from manufacturers or importing distributors licensed under this article.

(c) The aforesaid licenses shall be issued only to reputable individuals partnerships and associations who are or whose members are citizens of the United States and have for two years prior to the date of their applications been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Such licenses shall be issued to corporations duly organized or registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania only when it appears that all of the officers and directors of the corporation are citizens of the United States and have been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a period of at least two years prior to the date of application and that at least fifty-one per centum of the capital stock of such corporation is actually owned by individuals who are citizens of the United States and have been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a period of at least two years prior to the date of application

Section 432 Malt and Brewed Beverages Retail Licenses (a) Subject to the restrictions hereinafter provided in this act and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application that the premises and the applicant meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the board that the applicant seeks a license for a reputable hotel eating place or club as defined in this act the board shall in the case of a hotel or eating place grant and issue and in the case of a club may in its discretion issue or refuse the applicant a retail dispenser's license

(b) In the case of hotels and eating places licenses shall be issued only to reputable persons who are citizens of the United States and have for two years been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the date of their application or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all of whose officers and directors are citizens of the United States In the case of incorporated clubs licenses shall be issued only to those incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania

(c) No retail dispenser's license shall be granted in any municipality in which the electors shall as hereinafter provided have voted against the licensing therein of places where malt or brewed beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises where sold

(d) The board shall in its discretion grant or refuse any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location if such place proposed to be licenced is within three hundred feet of any church hospital charitable institution school or public playground or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place where the municipal business conducted is the sale of liquid fuels and oil The board shall not issue new licenses except as herein otherwise provided in any license district more than twice each license year effective from specific dates fixed by the board and new licenses shall not be granted unless the application therefor is filed at least thirty days before the effective date of the license

(e) Every applicant for a new or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed shall post for a period of at least fifteen days beginning with the day the application is filed with the board in a conspicuous place on the outside of the premises or in a window plainly visible from the outside of the premises for which the license is applied a notice of such application in such form of such size and containing such provisions as the board may require by its regulations Proof of the posting of such notice shall be filed with the board

Section 433 Public Service Licenses The board may issue public service malt and brewed beverage licenses to a railroad pullman or steamship company permitting malt or brewed beverages to be sold at retail in dining club or buffet cars or the dining compartments of steamships or vessels for consumption on the trains steamships or vessels wherever operated in the State except when standing in stations or terminals within a municipality wherein retail sales are prohibited Such licenses shall only be granted to reputable persons and for fit places The board may issue a master license to railroad or pullman companies to cover the maximum number of cars which the company shall estimate that it will operate within the Commonwealth on any one day Such licensees shall file monthly reports with the board showing the maximum number of cars operated at any time on any day during the preceding month and if it appears that more cars have been operated than covered by its license it shall forthwith remit to the board the sum of ten dollars for each extra car so operated The board shall have the power to suspend or revoke any such licenses for cause after granting a hearing thereon to the licensee Any person aggrieved by the decision of the board in refusing suspending or revoking any such license may appeal to the court of quarter sessions of Dauphin County in the same manner as provided in this article for appeals from refusals of licenses

Section 434 License Year (a) Licenses issued under this article to distributors importing distributors and retail dispensers shall unless revoked in the manner provided in this act be valid for the license year which may be established by the board for the particular license district in which the license issues

(b) Malt or brewed beverage license issued under this article to manufacturers and public service companies shall unless revoked in the manner herein provided be valid for the calendar year for which they are issued Licenses to such manufacturers and public service companies may be issued at any time during a calendar year

Section 435 Filing of Applications for Distributors' Importing Distributors' and Retail Dispensers' Licenses Filing Fee Every person intending to apply for a distributor's importing distributor's or retail dispenser's license as aforesaid in any municipality of this Commonwealth shall file with the board his or its application All such applications shall be filed at a time to be fixed by the board for the particular license district as set up by the board under the provisions of this act The applicant shall at the time of filing the application and bond pay said board the filing fee of ten dollars as hereinafter specified

Section 436 Application for Distributors' Importing Distributors' and Retail Dispensers' Licenses Application for distributors importing distributors' and retail dispensers' licenses shall contain or have attached thereto the following information and statements

(a) The name and residence of the applicant and how long he has resided there and if an association partnership or corporation the residences of the members officers and directors for the period of two years next preceding the date of such application

(b) The particular place for which the license is desired and a detailed description thereof

(c) Place of birth of applicant and if a naturalized citizen where and when naturalized and if a corporation organized or registered under the laws of the Commonwealth when and where incorporated with the names and addresses of each officer and director all of whom shall be citizens of the United States if the application is for a distributor's or importing distributor's license and the applicant therefore is a corporation the application shall also contain a statement of facts showing the qualifications of the corporation as hereinbefore required together with the names and addresses of all stockholders

(d) Name of owner of premises and his residence

(e) That the applicant is not or in case of a partnership or association that the members or partners are not and in the case of a corporation that the officers and directors are not in any manner percuniarily interested either directly or indirectly in the profits of any other class of business regulated under this article except as hereinafter permitted

(f) That applicant is the only person in any manner

pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed and that no other person shall be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license except as hereinafter permitted

(g) Whether applicant or in case of a partnership or association any member or partner thereof or in case of a corporation any officer or director thereof has during the three years immediately preceding the date of said application had a license for the sale of malt or brewed beverages or spirituous and vinous liquors revoked or has during the same period been convicted of any criminal offense and if so a detailed history thereof

(h) A full description of that portion of the premises for which license is asked and if any other business is to be conducted concurrently with the sale and distribution of malt or brewed beverages a full history of such business relating the nature thereof the length of time it has so previously been conducted by the applicant or his predecessor at such location and such additional information as the board may require

(i) Every club applicant shall file with and as a part of its application a list of the names and addresses of its members director officers agents and employes together with the dates of their admission election or employment and such other information with respect to its affairs as the board shall require

(j) The application must be verified by affidavit of applicant and if any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application the affiant shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article

Section 437 Prohibitions Against the Grant of Licenses (a) The board shall refuse to grant any licenses unless the application therefor contains the information required by this act and the premises meet such reasonable sanitary requirements as the board by regulation shall prescribe

(b) The board shall refuse to grant a license to any club when it appears that the operation of such license would inure to the benefit of individual members officers agents or employes of the club rather than to the benefit of the entire membership of the club

(c) Licenses shall be granted by the board only to reputable individuals or to associations partnerships and corporations whose members or officers and directors are reputable individuals

(d) No person who holds either by appointment or election any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or any of the penal laws of this Commonwealth or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be issued any manufacturer's importing distributor's distributor's or retail dispenser's license nor shall such a person have any interest directly or indirectly in any such license

(e) No distributor's or importing distributor's license shall be issued for any premises in any part of which there is operated any retail license for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages

Section 438 Number and Kinds of Licenses Allowed Same Licensee (a) Any retail dispenser may be granted licenses to maintain operate or conduct any number of places for the sale of malt or brewed beverages but a separate license must be secured for each place where malt or brewed beverages are sold

(b) No person shall possess or be issued more than one distributor's or importing distributor's license

(c) No person shall possess more than one class of license except that a holder of a retail dispenser's license may also be a holder of a retail liquor license

Section 439 Malt or Brewed Beverage License Fee No public service license and no license to any manufacturer distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser shall be issued under the provisions of this subdivision (B) until the licensee shall have first paid an annual license fee as follows

(a) In the case of a manufacturer the license fee shall be one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each place of manufacture and shall be paid to the board The fee for all such licenses when applied for and issued on or after April 1 but prior to July 1 shall be three-fourths of the annual fee July 1 but prior to October 1 shall be one-half of the annual fee October 1 but prior to January 1 shall be one quarter of the annual fee

(b) In the case of a distributor the license fee shall be four hundred dollars ($400) and shall be paid to the board

(c) In the case of an importing distributor the license fee shall be nine hundred dollars ($900) and shall be paid to the board

(d) In the case of a retail dispenser except clubs the license fee shall be graduated according to the population of the municipality in which the place of business is located and shall be paid to the board as follows

(1) Less than 10,000	$100
(2) 10,000 and more but less than 50,000	$150
(3) 50,000 and more but less than 100,000	$200
(4) 100,000 and more but less than 150,000	$250
(5) 150,000 and more	$300

(e) In the case of a club the fee shall be twenty-five dollars in all cases and shall be paid to the board

(f) In the case of a public service license for cars the fee shall be ten dollars per car for the maximum number of cars operated on any one day on which malt or brewed beverages are sold to be paid to the board

(g) In the case of a public service license for the sale of malt or brewed beverages on a boat or vessel the fee shall be fifty dollars for each such vessel or boat and shall be paid to the board

(h) The fee for filing applications for licenses and for renewals shall be ten dollars which together with fees for transfers shall be paid to the board

(i) The license fees fixed by this section shall be paid before the license or renewal is issued

Section 440 Sales by Manufacturers of Malt or Brewed Beverages Minimum Quantities No manufacturer shall sell any malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the premises where sold nor sell or deliver any such malt or brewed beverages in other than original containers approved as to capacity by the board nor in quantities of less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more nor shall any manufacturer maintain or operate within the Commonwealth any place or places other than the place or places covered by his or its license where malt or brewed beverages are sold or where orders are taken

Section 441 Distributors' and Importing Distributors' Restrictions on Sales Storage Etc (a) No distributor or importing distributor shall purchase receive or resell any malt or brewed beverages except in the original containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture

(b) No distributor or importing distributor shall sell any malt or brewed beverages in quantities of less than a case of twenty-four containers each container holding seven fluid ounces or more or a case of twelve containers each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more Provided That no malt or brewed beverages sold or delivered shall be consumed upon the premises of the distributor or importing distributor or in any place provided for such purpose by such distributor or importing distributor

(c) No distributor or importing distributor shall maintain or operate any place where sales are made other than that for which the license is granted

(d) No distributor or importing distributor shall maintain any place for the storage of malt or brewed beverages except in the same municipality in which the licensed premises is located and unless the same has been approved by the board In the event there is no place of cold storage in the same municipality the board may approve a place of cold storage in the nearest municipality

Section 442 Retail Dispensers' Restrictions on Purchases and Sales (a) No Retail dispenser shall purchase or receive any malt or brewed beverages except in original

containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture The retail dispenser may thereafter break the bulk upon the licensed premises and sell or dispense the same for consumption on or off the premises so licensed Provided however That no retail dispenser may sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises in quantities in excess of one hundred forty-four fluid ounces Provided further That no club licensee may sell any malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises where sold or to persons not members of the club

(b) No retail dispenser shall sell any malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the licensed premises except in a room or rooms or place on the licensed premises at all times accessible to the use and accommodation of the general public but this section shall not be interpreted to prohibit a retail dispenser from selling malt or brewed beverages in a hotel or club house in any room of such hotel or club house occupied by a bona fide registered guest or member entitled to purchase the same

Section 443 Interlocking Business Prohibited (a) No manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages and no officer or director of any such manufacturer shall at the same time be a distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser of an officer director or stockholder or creditor of any distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser nor except as hereinafter provided be the owner proprietor or lessor of any place for which a license has been issued for any importing distributor distributor or retail dispenser or for which a hotel restaurant or club liquor license has been issued

(b) No distributor or importing distributor and no officer or director of any distributor or importing distributor shall at the same time be a manufacturer a retail dispenser or a liquor licensee or be an officer director stockholder or creditor of a manufacturer a retail dispenser or a liquor licensee or directly or indirectly own any stock of or have any financial interest in or be the owner proprietor or lessor of any place covered by any other malt or brewed beverage or liquor license

(c) No licensee licensed under this subdivision (B) of Article IV and no officer or director of such licensee shall directly or indirectly own any stock of or have any financial interest in any other class of business licensed under this subdivision

(d) Excepting as hereinafter provided no malt or brewed beverage manufacturer importing distributor or distributor shall in any wise be interested either directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or in any mortgage against the same for which a liquor or retail dispenser's license is granted nor shall any such manufacturer importing distributor or distributor either directly or indirectly lend any moneys credit or equivalent thereof to or guarantee the payment of any bond mortgage note or other obligation of any liquor licensee or retail dispenser in equipping fitting out or maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part an establishment or business operated under a liquor or retail dispenser's license excepting only the usual and customary credits allowed for returning original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were packaged for market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture

(e) Excepting as hereinafter provided no manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages shall in any wise be interested either directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or any mortgage lien against the same for which a distributor's or importing distributor's license is granted nor shall any such manufacturer either directly or indirectly lend any moneys credit or their equivalent to or guarantee the payment of any bond mortgage note or other obligation of any distributor or importing distributor in equipping fitting out or maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part an establishment or business where malt or brewed beverages are licensed for sale by a distributor or importing distributor excepting only the usual credits allowed for the return of original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were originally packaged for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture

(f) No distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser shall in any wise receive either directly or indirectly any credit loan moneys or the equivalent thereof from any other licensee or from any officer director or firm member of any other licensee or from or through a subsidiary or affiliate of another licensee or from any firm association or corporation except banking institutions in which another licensee or any officer director or firm member of another licensee has a substantial interest or exercises a control of its business policy for equipping fitting out payment of license fee maintaining and conducting either in whole or in part an establishment or business operated under a distributor's importing distributor's or retail dispenser's license excepting only the usual and customary credits allowed for the return of original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were packaged for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture

(g) The purpose of this section is to require a separation of the financial and business interests between the various classes of business regulated by subdivision (B) of this article and no person or corporation shall by any device whatsoever directly or indirectly evade the provisions of this section But in view of existing economic conditions nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the ownership of property or conflicting interest by a malt or brewed beverage manufacturer of any place occupied by a distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser after the manufacturer has continuously owned and had a conflicting interest in such place for a period of at least five years prior to the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundrel thirty-five

The term "manufacturer" as used in this section shall include manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages as defined in this act and any person manufacturing any malt or brewed beverages outside of this Commonwealth

Section 444 Malt or Brewed Beverages Manufactured Outside This Commonwealth (a) In addition to compliance with all other provisions of this act the board shall require each person desiring to sell any malt or brewed beverages manufactured outside this Commonwealth to Pennsylvania licensees and shall require each Pennsylvania licensee who desires to purchase and resell any such malt or brewed beverages to pay to the board the same fees as are required to be paid by Pennsylvania licensees or by persons or licensees in any state territory or country outside of Pennsylvania who desires to sell malt or brewed beverages manufactured in Pennsylvania to licensees in such other state territory or country of origin of such malt or brewed beverages not manufactured in Pennsylvania and to observe and comply with the same regulations prohibitions and restrictions as are required of or enforced against Pennsylvania licensees or persons who desire to purchase and resell malt or brewed beverages manufactured in Pennsylvania in such other state territory or country of origin

(b) In all cases where the board shall have issued any reciprocal regulations or orders concerning malt or brewed beverages manufactured in any state territory or country other than Pennsylvania no Pennsylvania licensee shall purchase any such malt or brewed beverages if their importation has been prohibited or if not entirely prohibited unless such regulations or orders have been observed and complied with by the Pennsylvania licensee and by the person from or through whom the Pennsylvania licensee desires to purchase

(c) Any malt or brewed beverages manufactured outside of Pennsylvania which are sold transported or possessed in Pennsylvania contrary to any such regulations or orders of the board or without the payment of the fees herein required shall be considered contraband and shall be confiscate by the board and disposed of in the same manner as any other illegal liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(d) Upon learning of the commission by a manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages whose principal place of business is outside this Commonwealth or by any servant

agent employe or representative of such manufacturer within or partly within and partly outside this Commonwealth of any violation of this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages or of any regulation of the board adopted pursuant thereto or of any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax payment of liquor or malt or brewed beverages the board shall cite such manufacturer to appear before it or its examiner not less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the date of mailing such manufacturer at his principal place of business wherever located by registered mail a notice to show cause why the further importation into this Commonwealth of malt or brewed beverages manufactured by him should not be prohibited

(e) Upon such hearing whether or not an appearance was made by such outside manufacturer if satisfied that any such violation has occurred the board is specifically empowered and directed to immediately issue an order prohibiting the importation of malt or brewed beverages manufactured by such manufacturer into this Commonwealth for a period of not less than six months nor more than three years

(f) Notice of such board action shall be given immediately to such manufacturer and to all persons licensed to import malt or brewed beverages within this Commonwealth by mailing a copy of such order to such manufacturer at its principal place of business wherever located and to such licensees at their licensed premises Thereafter it shall be unlawful for any person licensed to import malt or brewed beverages within this Commonwealth to purchase or sell any malt or brewed beverages manufactured by such outside manufacturer during the term of such prohibition

(g) Any violation of such prohibitory order shall be a misdemeanor and shall be punished in the same manner as herein provided for any other violation of this act and shall also constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of a license to import malt or brewed beverages

(h) In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order

(i) Any outside manufacturer aggrieved by the action of the board may appeal to the quarter sessions court of Dauphin County in the same manner as herein provided for appeals from refusals to grant licenses

(C) General Provisions Applying to Both Liquor and Malt and Brewed Beverages

Section 461 Limiting Number of Retail Licenses To Be Issued In Each Municipality (a) No licenses shall hereafter be granted by the board for the retail sale of malt or brewel beverages or the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages in excess of one of such licenses of any class for each one thousand inhabitants or fraction thereof in any municipality exclusive of licenses granted to hotels as defined in this section and clubs but at least one such license may be granted in each municipality except in municipalities where the electors have voted against the granting of any retail licenses Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as denying the right to the board to renew or to transfer existing retail licenses of any class notwithstanding that the number of such licensed places in a municipality shall exceed the limitation hereinbefore prescribed but where such number exceeds the limitation prescribed by this section no new license except for hotels as defined in this section shall be granted so long as said limitation is exceeded

(b) The board shall have the power to increase the number of licenses in any such municipality which in the opinion of the board is located within a resort area

(c) The word "hotel" as used in this section shall mean any reputable place operated by a responsible person of good reputation where the public may for a consideration obtain sleeping accommodations and which shall have the following number of bedrooms and requirements in each case at least one-half of the required number of bedrooms shall be regularly available to transient guests seven days weekly except in resort areas at least one-third of such belrooms shall be equipped with hot and cold water a lavatory commode bathtub or shower and a clothes closet and an additional one-third of the total of such required rooms shall be equipped with lavatory and commode

(1) In municipalities having a population of less than three thousand at least twelve permanent bedrooms for the use of guests

(2) In municipalities having a population of three thousand and more but less than ten thousand inhabitants at least sixteen permanent bedrooms for the use of guests

(3) In municipalities having a population of ten thousand and more but less than twenty-five thousand inhabitants at least thirty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests

(4) In municipalities having a population of twenty-five thousand and more but less than one hundred thousand inhabitants at least forty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests

(5) In municipalities having a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants at least fifty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests

(6) A public dining room or rooms operated by the same management accommodating at least thirty persons at one time and a kitchen apart from the dining room or rooms in which food is regularly prepared for the public

(7) Each room to be considered a bedroom under the requirements of this section shall have an area of not less than eighty square feet and an outside window

(8) The provisions of this subsection (c) shall not apply to hotel licenses granted prior to the first day of September one thousand nine hundred forty-nine or that have been granted on any application made and pending prior to said date nor to any renewal or transfer thereof or hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date In such cases the provisions of section one of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundrel thirty-nine (P. L. 806) shall continue to apply

Section 462 Licensed Places May Be Closed During Period of Emergency The board may with the approval of the Governor

(a) Temporarily close all licensed places within any municipality during any period of emergency proclaimed to be such by the Governor

(b) Advance by one hour the hours prescribed in this act as the hours during which liquor and malt or brewed beverages may be sold in any municipality during such part of the year when daylight saving time may be observed generally in such municipality

Section 463 Places of Amusement Not to be Licensed Penalty (a) No license for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any quantity shall be granted to the proprietors lessees keepers or managers of any theaters circus museum or other place of amusement nor shall any house be licensed for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages which has pasage or communication to or with any theater circus museum or other place of amusement and any license granted contrary to this act shall be null and void

(b) Any proprietor lessee keeper or manager of any theater circus museum or other place of amusement or any other person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of one hundrel dollars and to undergo an imprisonment of not less than thirty days

Section 464 Hearings Upon Refusal of Licenses Renewals or Transfers Appeals The board may of its own motion and shall upon the written request of any applicant for club hotel or restaurant liquor license or any applicant for any malt or brewed beverage license other than a public service license or for renewal or transfer thereof whose application for such license renewal or transfer has been refused fix a time and place for hearing of such application for license or for renewal or transfer thereof notice of which hearing shall be mailed to the applicant

at the address given in his application Such hearing shall be before the board a member thereof or an examiner designated by the board As such hearing the board shall present its reasons for its refusal or withholding of license renewal or transfer thereof The applicant may appear in person or by counsel may cross-examine the witnesses for the board and may present evidence which shall likewise be subject to cross-examination by the board Such hearing shall be stenographically recorded The examiner shall thereafter report to the board upon such hearing The board shall thereupon grant or refuse the license renewal or transfer thereof In considering the renewal of a license the board shall not refuse any such renewal on the basis of the propriety of the original issuance or any prior renewal of such license If the board shall refuse such license renewal or transfer following such hearing notice in writing of such refusal shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given in his application In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order and furnish a copy thereof to the applicant Any applicant who has appearel before the board or any agent thereof at any hearing as above provided who is aggrieved by the refusal of the board to issue any such license or to renew or transfer any such license may appeal or any church hospital charitable institution school or public playground located within three hundred feet of the premises applied for aggrieved by the action of the board in granting the issuance of any such license or the transfer of any such license may take an appeal limited to the question of such grievance within twenty days from date of refusal or grant to the court of quarter sessions or the county court of Allegheny County of the county in which the premises applied for is located Such appeal shall be upon petition of the aggrieved party who shall serve a copy thereof upon the board whereupon a hearing shall be held upon the petition by the court upon ten days' notice to the board which shall be represented in the proceeding by the Department of Justice The said appeal shall act as a supersedeas unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise The court shall hear the application de novo on questions of fact administrative discretion and such other matters as are involved at such time as it shall fix of which notice shall be given to the board The court shall either sustain or over-rule the action of the board and either order or deny the issuance of a new license or the renewal or transfer of the license to the applicant The parties to the proceeding may within thirty days from the filing of the order or decree of said court appeal therefrom to the Superior Court

The jurisdiction of the county court of Allegheny County conferred hereby shall be exclusive within the territorial limits of its jurisdiction

Section 465 All licensees to Furnish Bond (a) No license shall be issued to any applicant under the provisions of this article until such applicant has filed with the board an approved bond and a warrant of attorney to confess judgment payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the amount hereinafter prescribed

(b) Bonds of all such applicants shall have as surety a surety company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth or shall have deposited therewith as collateral security cash or negotiable obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the same amount as herein provided for the penal sum of bonds In all cases where cash or securities in lieu of other surety have been deposited with the board the depositor shall be permitted to continue the same deposit from year to year on each renewal of license but in no event shall he be permitted to withdraw his deposit during the time he holds said license or until six months after the expiration of the license held by him or while revocation proceedings are pending against such license All cash or securities received by the board in lieu of other surety shall be turned over by the board to the State Treasurer and held by him The State Treasurer shall repay or return money or securities deposited with him to the respective depositors only on the order of the board

(c) No such bond shall be accepted until approved by the board All such bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful observance of all the laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor alcohol and malt or brewed beverages and the regulations of the board All bonds shall be retained by the board

(d) The penal sum of the respective bonds filed under the provisions of this section shall be as follows

(1) Manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) for each place at which the licensee is authorized to manufacture

(2) Liquor importers ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) for each license

(3) Sacramental wine licensees ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00)

(4) Importing distributors of malt or brewed beverages two thousand dollars ($2,000.00)

(5) Hotel restaurant club and public service liquor licensees two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) but in the case of a railroad or pullman company such penal sum shall cover every dining club or buffet car of such company operated under such license

(6) Distributors of malt or brewed beverages one thousand dollars ($1,000.00)

(7) Retail dispensers and public service malt or brewed beverage licensees one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) for each place at which the licensee is authorized to sell malt or brewed beverages except that in the case of a railroad or pullman companies said penal sum shall be one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) irrespective of the number of licensed cars operated by the company

(e) Every such bond may be forfeited when a license is revoked and shall be turned over to the Attorney General for collection if and when the licensee's license shall have been revoked and his bond forfeited as provided in this act

Section 466 Disposition of Cash and Securities Upon Forfeiture of Bond After notice from the board that any of the aforesaid bonds have been forfeited the State Treasurer shall immediately pay into the State Stores Fund all cash deposited as collateral with such bond and when securities have been deposited with such bond the State Treasurer shall sell at private sale at not less than the pervailing market price any such securities so deposited as collateral with such forfeited bond The State Treasurer shall thereafter deposit in the State Stores Fund the net amount realized from the sale of such securities except that if the amount so realized after deducting proper costs and expenses is in excess of the penal amount of the bond such excess shall be paid over by him to the obligor on such forfeited bond

Section 467 Display of License Every license issued under this article shall be constantly and conspicuously exposed under transparent substance on the licensed premises and no license shall authorize sales until this section has been complied with

Section 468 Licenses Not Assignable Transfers (a) Licenses issued under this article may not be assigned The board upon payment of the transfer filing fee and the execution of a new bond is hereby authorized to transfer any license issued by it under the provisions of this article from one person to another or from one place to another or both within the same municipality as the board may determine but no transfer shall be made to a person who would not have been eligible to receive the license originally nor for the transaction of business at a place for which the license could not lawfully have been issued originally nor except as herein provided to a place as to which a license has been revoked Except in cases of emergency such as death serious illness or circumstances beyond the control of the licensee as the board may determine such circumstances to justify its action transfers of licenses may be made only at times fixed by the board In the case of the death of a licensee the board may transfer the license to the surviving spouse or personal representative or to a person designated by

him From any refusal to grant a transfer or upon the grant of any transfer the party aggrieved shall have the right of appeal to the proper court and therefrom to the Superior Court in the manner hereinbefore provided

(b) In the event that any person to whom a license shall have been issued under the provisions of this article shall become insolvent make an assignment for the benefit of creditors become a bankrupt by either voluntary or involuntary action the license of such person shall immediately terminate and be cancelled without any action on the part of the board and there shall be no refund made or credit given for the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year for which said license was granted Thereafter no license shall be issued by the board for the premises wherein said license was conducted to any assignee committee trustee receiver or successor of such licensee until a hearing has been held by the board as in the case of a new application for license In all such cases the board shall have the sole and final discretion as to the propriety of the issuance of a license for such premises and as to the time it shall issue and the period for which it shall be issued and shall have the further power to exact conditions under which said license shall be conducted

Section 469 Applications for Transfers Fees Every applicant for a transfer of a license under the provisions of this article shall file a written application with the board together with a filing fee of twenty dollars ($20.00) if the license to be transferred is a liquor license and ten dollars ($10.00) if the license is a malt or brewed beverage license Such applications shall be in such form and shall be filed at such times as the board shall in its regulations prescribe Each such applicant shall also file an approved bond as required on original applications for such licenses

Whenever any license is transferred no license or other fees shall be required from the persons to whom such transfer is made for the balance of the then current license year except the filing fee as herein provided

Section 470 Renewal of Licenses Temporary Provisions for Licensees in Armed Service (a) All applications for renewal of licenses under the provisions of this article shall be filed at least sixty days before the expiration date of same and not thereafter Unless the board shall have given ten days' previous notice to the applicant of objections to the renewal of his license based upon violation by the licensee or his servants agents or employes of any of the laws of the Commonwealth or regulations of the board relating to the manufacture transportation use storage importation possession or sale of liquors alcohol or malt or brewed beverages or the conduct of a license establishment or unless the applicant has by his own act become a person of ill repute or unless the premises do not meet the requirements of this act or the regulations of the board the license of a licensee shall be renewed when th applicant shall file with the board a new approved bond and shall pay the requisite filing fee and license fee specified in this act

(b) In cases where a licensee or his servants agents or employes are arrested charged with violating any of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages and where the board has on file in such cases reports of its enforcement officers or investigators or from other sources that a licensee or his servants agents or employes have violated any of the aforementioned laws and a proceeding to revoke such licensee's license is or is about to be instituted and such arrest occurs or report of violations is received or revocation proceeding instituted or about to be instituted during the time a renewal application of such license is pending before the board the board may in its discretion renew the license notwithstanding such alleged violations but such renewal license may be revoked if and when the licensee or any of his servants agents or employes are convicted of or plead guilty to violations under the previous license as aforesaid or if and when such previous license is for any reason revoked

In the event such renewal license is revoked by the board neither the license fee paid for such license nor any part thereof shall be returned to the licensee but the license bond filed with the application for such renewal of license shall not be forfeited

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section any individual who holds a restaurant or hotel liquor license or a retail dispenser (hotel or eating place) malt or brewed beverage license in effect at the time such individual enters the armed forces of the United States of America may surrender to the board for safekeeping the said license and if surrendered shall furnish the board with documentary evidence as to his entering such armed forces Upon surrender of the license the board shall without the filing of an application for renewal or surety bond the payment of filing and license fees renew the said license from year to year and hold the same in its possession for the benefit of such licensee A license so renewed by the board shall to all intents and purposes be considered as in full force and effect notwithstanding the licensee is not exercising the privileges thereunder and shall be returned to the said licensee at any time within one year from the date of his honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United States upon the filing of an application therefor surety bond and payment of the filing and license fees as hereinafter provided The said application for return of license shall be on a form prescribed by the board accompanied by a filing fee in the sum of ten dollars ($10.00) and the prescribed license fee except that when such application is filed after a portion of the then current license term has elapsed the license fee shall be prorated on a monthly basis for the balance of the license year Provided however That the said license shall not be returned if the electors of the municipality in which the licensed establishment is situate have voted against the granting of retail liquor licenses or against the granting of retail dispenser licenses as the case may be under the local option provision of this act In the event the premises originally covered by the license are not available for occupancy by the licensee at the time he files his application for return of license as hereinbefore provided he shall be permitted to file an application for transfer of the license to other premises in the same municipality Such transfer of the license shall be scbject to all of the provisions of this act pertaining to the transfer of such licenses

This subsection (c) was enacted due to conditions caused by the present war and shall remain in effect only until the termination of said war and one year thereafter

Section 471 Revocation and Suspension of Licenses Upon learning of any violation of this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages or of any regulations of the board adopted pursuant to such laws of any violation of of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax-payment of liquor or malt or brewed beverages by any licensee within the scope of this article his officers servants agents or employes or upon any other sufficient cause shown the board may within one year from the date of such violation or cause appearing cite such licensee to appear before it or its examiner not less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the date of sending such licensee by registered mail a notice addressed to him at his licensed premises to show cause why such license should not be suspended or revoked Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearings on applications for license Upon such hearing if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause the board shall immediately suspend or revoke the license notifying the licensee thereof by registered letter addressed to his licensed premises Such suspensions and revocations shall not go into effect until twenty days have elapsed from the date of notice of issuance of the board's order during which time the licensee may take an appeal as provided for in this act When a license is revoked the license's bond may be forfeited by the board Any licensee whose license is revoked shall be ineligible to have a license under this act until the expiration of

three years from the date such license was revoked In the event the board shall revoke a license no license shall be granted for the premises or transferred to the premises in which the said license was conducted for a period of at least one year after the date of the revocation of the license conducted in the said premises except in cases where the licensee or a member of his immediate family is not the owner of the premises in which case the board may in its discretion issue or transfer a license within the said year In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order In the event the person whose license was suspended or revoked by the board shall feel aggrieved by the action of the board he shall have the right to appeal to the court of quarter sessions or the county court of Allegheny County in the same manner as herein provided for appeals from refusals to grant licenses Upon appeal the court so appealed to shall in the exercise of its discretion sustain reject alter or modify the findings conclusions and penalties of the board based on the findings of fact and conclusions of law as found by the court The aforesaid appeal shall act as a supersedeas unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise The licensee or the board may within thirty days from the filing of the order or decree of said court file an appeal therefrom to the Superior Court In those cases where the board shall suspend a license the board may accept from the licensee an offer in compromise as a penalty in lieu of such suspension and thereupon rescind such suspension In the case of a manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages the offer in compromise shall be at the rate of one hundred dollars ($100) for each day of suspension in the case of a liquor importer sacramental wine licensee and a malt or brewed beverage importing distributor thirty dollars ($30) in the case of a distributor of malt or brewed beverages twenty dollars ($20) for each day of suspension and in the case of a hotel restaurant and club liquor licensee and a retail malt or brewed beverage dispenser or transporter for hire ten dollars ($10) for each day of suspension No offer in compromise may be accepted by the board in those cases where the suspension is for a period in excess of 100 days

The jurisdiction of the county court of Allegheny County conferred hereby shall be exclusive within the territorial limits of its jurisdiction

Section 472 Local Option In any municipality an election may be held on the date of the primary election immediately preceding any municipal election but not oftener than once in four years to determine the will of the electors with respect to the granting of liquor licenses to hotels restaurants and clubs or not oftener than once in four years with respect to the granting of licenses to retail dispensers of malt and brewed beverages within the limits of such municipality under the provisions of this act Provided however Where an election shall have been held at the primary preceding a municipal election in any year another election may be held under the provisions of this act at the primary occurring the fourth year after such prior election Whenever electors equal to at least twenty-five per centum of the highest vote cast for any office in the municipality at the last preceding general election shall file a petition with the county board of elections of the county for a referendum on the question of granting either of said classes of licenses the said county board of elections shall cause a question to be placed on the ballots or on the voting machine board and submitted at the primary immediately preceding the municipal election occurring at least sixty days thereafter Said proceedings shall be in the manner and subject to the provisions of the election laws which relate to the signing filing and adjudication of nomination petitions insofar as such provisions are applicable

When the question is in respect to the granting of liquor licenses it shall be in the following form

Do you favor the granting of liquor licenses for the sale of liquor in of	Yes No

When the question is in respect to the granting of licenses to retail dispensers of malt and brewed beverages it shall be in the following form

Do you favor the granting of malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser licenses for consumption on premises where sold in the of	Yes No

In case of a tie vote or if a majority of the voting electors on such question vote "yes" then liquor licenses shall be granted by the board to hotels restaurants and clubs or malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser licenses shall be granted by the board as the case may be in such municipality as provided by this act but if a majority of the electors voting on such question vote "no" then the board shall have no power to grant or to renew upon their expiration any licenses of the class so voted upon in such municipality unless and until at a later election a majority of the voting electors vote "yes" on such question

(D) Unlawful Acts Penalties

Section 491 Unlawful Acts Relative to Liquor Alcohol and Liquor Licensees

It shall be unlawful

(1) Sales of Liquor For any person by himself or by an employe or agent to expose or keep for sale or directly or indirectly or upon any pretense or upon any device to sell or offer to sell any liquor within this Commonwealth except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the regulations of the board This clause shall not be construed to prohibit hospitals physicians dentists or veterinarians who are licensed and registered under the laws of this Commonwealth from administering liquor in the regular course of their professional work and taking into account the cost of the liquor so administered in making charges for their professional service or a pharmacist duly licensed and registered under the laws of this Commonwealth from dispensing liquor on a prescription of a duly licensed physician dentist or veterinarian or selling medical preparations containing alcohol or using liquor in compounding prescriptions or medicines and making a charge for the liquor used in such medicines or a manufacturing pharmacist or chemist from using liquor in manufacturing preparations unfit for beverage purposes and making a charge for the liquor so used All such liquors so administered or sold by hospitals physicians dentists veterinarians pharmacists or chemists shall conform to the Pharmacopoeia of the United States the National Formulary or the American Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia

(2) Possession or Transportation of Liquor or Alcohol For any person except a manufacturer or the board or the holder of a sacramental wine license or of an importer's license to possess or transport any liquor or alcohol within this Commonwealth which was not lawfully acquired prior to January first one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four or has not been purchased from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store or in accordance with the board's regulations The burden shall be upon the person possessing or transporting such liquor or alcohol to prove that it was so acquired But nothing herein contained shall prohibit the manufacture or possession of wine by any person in his home for consumption of himself his family and guests and not for sale not exceeding during any one calendar year two hundred gallons any other law to

the contrary notwithstanding Such wine shall not be manufactured possessed offered for sale or sold on any licensed premises

(3) Purchase of Liquor or Alcohol For any person within this Commonwealth by himself or by an employe or agent to attempt to purchase or directly or indirectly or upon any pretense or device whatsoever to purchase any liquor or alcohol from any person or source other than a Pennsylvania Liquor Store except in accordance with the provisions of this act or the regulations of the board

(4) Liquor Packages Without Official Seal For any person except a manufacturer or the board or the holder of a sacramental wine license or of an importer's license or a priest clergyman or rabbi who has purchased wine from the holder of a sacramental wine license to have or keep any liquor within the Commonwealth unless the package (except the decanter or other receptacle containing liquor for immediate consumption) in which the liquor is contained while containing that liquor bears the official seal of the board The use of decanters or other similar receptacles by licensees shall be permitted only in the case of wines and then only in accordance with the regulations of the board but nothing herein contained shall prohibit the manufacture and possession of wine as provided in (2) of this section

(5) Failure to Break Empty Liquor Containers For any restaurant hotel or club license his servants agents or employes to fail to break any package in which liquors were contained within twenty-four hours after the original contents were removed therefrom

(6) Sales by Restaurant and Hotel Liquor Licensees For any restaurant or hotel licensee his servants agents or employes to sell any liquor or malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the licensed premises except in a room or rooms or place on the licensed premises at all times accessible to the use and accommodation of the general public but this section shall not be interpreted to prohibit a hotel licensee or a restaurant licensee when the restaurant is located in a hotel from selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any room of such hotel occupied by a bona fide guest

(7) Sales of Liquor by Manufacturers and Licensed Importers For any manufacturer or licensed importer of liquor in this Commonwealth his agents servants or employes to sell or offer to sell any liquor in this Commonwealth except to the board for use in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and in the case of a manufacturer to the holder of a sacramental wine license or in importer's license but a manufacturer or licensed importer may sell or offer to sell liquor to persons outside of this Commonwealth

(8) Importation and Sales of Alcohol For any person to import alcohol into this Commonwealth or to sell alcohol to any person except in accordance with the regulations of the board

(9) Possession of Alcohol For any person to have alcohol in his possession except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the regulations of the board

(10) Fortifying Adulterating or Contaminating Liquor For any licensee or any employe or agent of a licensee or of the board to fortify adulterate or contaminate any liquor except as permitted by the regulations of the board or to refill wholly or in part with any liquid or substance whatsoever any bottle or other container bearing the official seal of the board

(11) Importation of Liquor For any person other than the board or the holder of sacramental wine license or of an importer's license to import any liquor whatsoever into this Commonwealth but this section shall not be construed to prohibit railroad and pullman companies from selling liquors purchased outside the Commonwealth in their dining club and buffet cars which are covered by public service liquor licenses and which are operated in this Commonwealth

(12) Delivery of Liquor by Certain Licensees For a liquor licensee permitted to deliver liquor to make any deliveries except in his own vehicles bearing his name address and license number on each side in letters not smaller than four inches in height or in the vehicle of another person duly authorized to transport liquor within this Commonwealth

(13) Violation of Certain Rules and Regulations of Board For any person to violate any rules and regulations adopted by the board to insure the equitable wholesale and retail sale and distribution of liquor and alcohol through the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores

(14) Offering Commission or Gift to Members of Board or State Employe For any person selling or offering to sell liquor or alcohol to or purchasing at wholesale liquor or alcohol from the board either directly or indirectly to pay or offer to pay any commission profit or remuneration or to make or offer to make any gift to any member or employe of the board or other employe of the Commonwealth or to anyone on behalf of such member or employe

Section 492 Unlawful Acts Relative to Malt or Brewed Beverages and Licensees

It shall be unlawful

(1) Manufacturing Without License For any person to manufacture malt or brewed beverages unless such person holds a valid manufacturer's license for such purpose issued by the board

(2) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages for Consumption on the Premises For any person to sell to another for consumption upon the premises where sold or to permit another to consume upon the premises where sold any malt or brewed beverages unless such person holds a valid retail dispenser license or a valid liquor license issued by the board authorizing the sale of malt or brewed beverages for consumption upon such premises

(3) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages Not for Consumption on the Premises For any person to sell to another any malt or brewed beverages not for consumption upon the premises where sold unless such person holds a valid license permitting such sale

(4) Sunday Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Manufacturers Importing Distributors or Distributors For any manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages importing distributor or distributor or the servants agents or employes of the same to sell trade or barter in malt or brewed beverages between the hours of twelve o'clock midnight of any Saturday and two o'clock in the forenoon of the following Monday

(5) Sunday Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Hotels Eating Place or Public Service Licensees For any hotel or eating place holding a retail dispenser's license or any malt or brewed beverage public service licensee or the servants agents or employes of such licensees to sell trade or barter in malt or brewed beverages between the hours of twelve o'clock midnight of any Saturady and seven o'clock in the forenoon of the following Monday or between the hours of two o'clock antemeridian and seven o'clock antemeridian of any week day

(6) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages on Election Day by Hotel Eating Place or Public Service Licensees For any hotel or eating place holding a retail dispenser's license or any malt or brewed beverage public service licensee or his servants agents or employes to sell furnish or give any malt or brewed beverages to any person after two o'clock antemeridian or until one hour after the time fixed by law for the closing of polling places on days on which a general municipal special or primary election is being held

(7) Clubs Selling Between Three O'Clock Antemeridian and Seven O'Clock Antemeridian For any club retail dispenser or its servants agents or employes to sell malt or brewed beverages between the hours of three o'clock antemerdian and seven o'clock antemeridian on any day

(8) Transportation of Malt or Brewed Beverages For any person to transport malt or brewed beverages except in the original containers or to transport malt or brewed beverages for another who is engaged in selling either liquor or malt or brewed beverages unless such person shall hold (a) a license to transport for hire alcohol liquor and malt or brewed beverages as hereinafter provided in this act or (b) shall hold a permit issued by the board and shall have paid to the board such permit fee not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and shall have filed

with the board a bond in the penal sum of not more than two thousand dollars ($2000) as may be fixed by the rules and regulations of the Board any other law to the contrary notwithstanding

(9) Transportation of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Licensee For a malt or brewed beverage licensee to deliver or transport any malt or brewed beverages excepting in vehicles bearing the name and address and license number of such licensee painted or affixed on each side of such vehicle in letters no smaller than four inches in height

(10) Importing or Transporting Malt or Brewed Beverages Without Tax Stamps For any person to transport within or import any malt or brewed beverages into this Commonwealth except in accordance with the rules and regulations of the board or for any person to transport malt or brewed beverages into or within this Commonwealth unless there shall be affixed to the original containers in which such malt or brewed beverages are transported stamps or crowns evidencing the payment of the malt liquor tax to the Commonwealth Provided however That this clause shall not be construed to prohibit transportation of malt or brewed beverages through this Commonwealth and not for delivery therein if such transporting is done in accordance with the rules and regulations of the board

(11) Delivery of Malt or Brewed Beverages With Other Commodities For any manufacturer importing distributor or distributor or his servants agents or employes except with board approval to deliver or transport any malt or brewed beverages in any vehicle in which any other commodity is being transported

(12) Distributors and Importing Distributors Engaging in Other Business For any distributor or importing distributor or his servants agents or employes without the approval of the board and then only in accordance with board regulations to engage in any other business whatsoever except the business of distributing malt or brewed beverages

(13) Possession or Storage of Liquor or Alcohol by Certain Licensees For any distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser or his servants agents or employes to have in his possession or to permit the storage of on the licensed premises or in any place contiguous or adjacent thereto accessible to the public or used in connection with the operation of the licensed premises any alcohol or liquor

(14) Malt or Brewed Beverage Licensees Dealing in Liquor or Alcohol For any malt or brewed beverage licensee other than a manufacturer or the servants agents or employes thereof to manufacture import sell transport store trade or barter in any liquor or alcohol

(15) Selling to Persons Doing Illegal Business For any malt or brewed beverage licensee or his servants agents or employes to knowingly sell any malt or brewed beverages to any person engaged in the business of illegally selling liqour or malt or brewed beverages

(16) Distributors and Importing Distributors Failing to Keep Records For any importing distributor or distributor engaged in the sale of products other than malt or brewed beverages to fail to keep such complete separate records covering in every respect his transactions in malt or brewed beverages as the board shall by regulation require

(17) Fortifying Adulterating or Contaminating Malt or Brewed Beverages For any person to fortify adulterate contaminate or in any wise to change the character or purity of the malt or brewed beverages from that as originally marketed by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture

Section 493 Unlawful Acts Relative to Liquor Malt and Brewed Beverages and Licensees The term "licensee" when used in this section shall mean those persons licensed under the provisions of Article IV unless the context clearly indicates otherwise

It shall be unlawful

(1) Furnishing Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages to Certain Persons For any licensee or the board or any employe servant or agent of such licensee or of the board or any other person to sell furnish or give any liquor or malt or brewed beverages or to permit any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to be sold furnished or given to any person visibly intoxicated or to any insane person or to any minor or to habitual drunkards or persons of known intemperate habits

(2) Purchase or Sale of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages on Credit For any licensee his agent servant or employe to sell or offer to sell or purchase or receive any liquor or malt or brewed beverages except for cash excepting credit extended by a hotel or club to a bona fide guest or member no right of action shall exist to collect any claim for credit extended contrary to the provisions of this clause Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual price charged for original containers returned by the original purchaser as a credit on any sale or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid by such purchaser for such containers or as a deposit on containers when title is retained by the vendor if such original containers have been returned to the licensee Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a manufacturer from extending usual and customary credit for liquor or malt or brewed beverages sold to customers or purchasers who live or maintain places of business outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the liquor or malt or brewed beverages so sold are actually transported and delivered to points outside of the Commonwealth Provided however That as to all transactions affecting malt or brewed beverages to be resold or consumed within this Commonwealth every licensee shall pay and shall require cash deposits on all returnable original containers which contain not more than one hundred twenty-eight fluid ounces and all such cash deposits shall be refunded upon return of the original containers

(3) Exchange of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages For Merchandise etc For any licensee or the board or any employe servant or agent of a licensee or of the board to sell offer to sell or furnish any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person on a pass book or store order or to receive from any person any goods wares merchandise or other articles in exchange for liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(4) Peddling Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages For any person to hawk or peddle any liquor or malt or brewed beverages in this Commonwealth

(5) Failure to Have Brands as Advertised For any licensee his servants agents or employes to advertise or hold out for sale any liquor or malt or brewed beverages by trade name or other designation which would indicate the manufacture or place of production of the said liquor or malt or brewed beverages unless he shall actually have on hand and for sale a sufficient quantity of the particular liquor or malt or brewed beverages so advertised to meet requirements to be normally expected as a result of such advertisement or offer

(6) Brand or Trade Name on Spigot For any licensee his agents servants or employes to furnish or serve any malt or brewed beverages from any faucet spigot or other dispensing apparatus unless the trade name or brand of the product served shall appear in full sight of the customer and in legible lettering upon such faucet spigot or dispensing apparatus

(7) Alcoholic Strength on Label of Malt or Brewed Beverages For any licensee or his servants agents or employes to transport sell deliver or purchase any malt or brewed beverages upon which there shall appear a label or other informative data which in any manner refers to the alcoholic contents of the malt or brewed beverage or which refers in any manner to the original alcoholic strength extract or balling proof from which such malt or brewed beverage was produced This clause shall not be construed to prohibit a manufacturer from designating upon the label or descriptive data the alcoholic content of malt or brewed beverages intended for shipment into another state or territory when the laws of such state or territory require that the alcoholic content

of the malt or brewed beverage must be stated upon the package

(8) Advertisements on Labels Giving Alcoholic Content of Malt or Brewed Beverages For any manufacturer or other licensee or his servants agents or employes to issue publish or post or cause to be issued published or posted any advertisement of any malt or brewed beverage including a label which shall refer in any manner to the alcoholic strength of the malt or brewed beverage manufactured sold or distributed by such licensees or to use in any advertisement or label such words as "full strength" "extra strength" "high test" "high proof" "prewar strength" or similar words or phrases which would lead or induce a consumer to purchase a brand of malt or brewed beverage on the basis of its alcoholic content or to use in or on any advertisement or label any numeral unless adequately explained in type of the same size prominence and color or for any licensee to purchase transport sell or distribute any malt or brewed beverage advertised or labeled contrary to the provisions of this clause

(9) Retail Licensees Furnishing Free Lunch etc For any retail liquor licensee or any retail dispenser his agents servants or employes to furnish give or sell below a fair cost any lunch to any consumer except such articles of food as the board may authorize and approve

(10) Entertainment on Licensed Premises (Except Clubs) Permits Fees For any licensee his servants agents or employes except club licensees to permit in any licensed premises or in any place operated in connection therewith dancing theatricals or floor shows of any sort or moving pictures other than television or such as are exhibited through machines operated by patrons by the deposit of coins which project pictures on a screen not exceeding in size twenty-four by thirty inches and which forms part of the machine unless the licensee shall first have obtained from the board a special permit to provide such entertainment or for any licensee under any circumstances to permit in any licensed premises any lewd immoral or improper entertainment regardless of whether a permit to provide entertainment has been obtained or not The Board shall have power to provide for the issue of such special permits and to collect a fee for such permits equal to one-fifth of the annual license fee but not less than twenty-five dollars ($25) All such fees shall be paid into the State Stores Fund No such permit shall be issued in any municipality which by ordinance prohibits amusements in licensed places Any violation of this clause shall in addition to the penalty herein provided subject the licensee to suspension or revocation of his permit and his license

(11) Licensees Employed by Others For any hotel restaurant or club liquor licensee or any malt or brewed beverage licensee or any servant agent or employe of such licensee to be at the same time employed directly or indirectly by any other person engaged in the manufacture sale transportation or storage of liquor malt or brewed beverages or alcohol

(12) Failure to Have Records on Premises For any liquor licensee or any importing distributor distributor or retail dispenser to fail to keep on the licensed premises for a period of at least two years complete and truthful records covering the operation of his licensed business particularly showing the date of all purchases of liquor and malt or brewed beverages the actual price paid therefor and the name of the vendor including State Store receipts or for any licensee his servants agents or employes to refuse the board or an authorized employe of the board access thereto or the opportunity to make copies of the same when the request is made during business hours

(13) Retail Licensees Employing Minors For any hotel restaurant or club liquor licensee or any retail dispenser to employ any minor or to permit any minor to render any service whatever in or about the licensed premises except in accordance with board regulations nor shall any entertainer be employed or permitted to perform in any licensed premises in violation of the labor laws of this Commonwealth

(14) Permitting Undesirable Persons or Minors to Frequent Premises For any hotel restaurant or club liquor licensee or any retail dispenser his servants agents or employes to permit persons of ill repute known criminals prostitutes or minors to frequent his licensed premises or any premises operated in connection therewith except minors accompanied by parents guardians or under prpoer supervision

(15) Cashing Pay Roll Checks For any licensee or his servants agents or employes to cash pay roll checks except in accordance with board regulations

(16) Furnishing or Delivering Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages at Unlawful Hours For any Licensee his servants agents or employes to give furnish trade barter serve or deliver any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person during hours or on days when the licensee is prohibited by this act from selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(17) Licensees etc Interested or Employed in Manufacturing or Sale of Equipment or Fixtures For any licensee or any officer director stockholder servant agent or employee of any licensee to own any interest directly or indirectly in or be employed or engaged in any business which involves the manufacture or sale of any equipment furnishings or fixtures to any hotel restaurant or club licensees or to any importing distributors distributors or retail dispensers Provided however That as to malt or brewed beverage licensees the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to such a conflicting interest if it has existed for a period of not less than three years prior to the first day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven and the board shall approve

(18) Displaying Price of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages For any restaurant hotel or club liquor license or any importing distributor distributor or retail dispenser or the servants agents or employes of such licensees to display on the outside of any licensed premises or to display any place within the licensed premises where it can be seen from the outside any advertisement whatsoever referring directly or indirectly to the price at which the licensee will sell liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(19) Licensees Outside Advertisements For any retail liquor licensee or any retail dispenser distributor or importing distributor to display in any manner whatsoever on the outside of his licensed premises or on any lot of ground on which the licensed premises are situate or on any building of which the licensed premises are a part of a sign of any kind printed painted or electric advertising any brand of liquor or malt or brewed beverage and it shall be likewise unlawful for any manufacturer distributor or importing distributor to permit the display of any sign which advertises either his products or himself on any lot of ground on which such licensed premises are situate or on any building of which such licensed premises are a part

(20) Retail Liquor and Retail Malt or Brewed Beverages Licensee's Inside Advertisments For any retail liquor or retail malt or brewed beverages licensee to display or permit the display in the show window or doorways of his licensed premises any placard or sign advertising the brands of liquor or malt or brewed beverages produced by any one manufacturer if the total display area of any such placard or sign advertising the products of any one manufacturer exceeds three hundred square inches Nothing herein shall prohibit a licensee from displaying inside his licensed premises point of sale displays advertising brand names of products sold by him other than a window or door display Provided That the total cost of all such point of sale advertising matter relating to products of any one manufacturer shall not exceed the sum of twenty dollars ($20) at any one time and no single piece of advertising shall exceed a cost of ten dollars ($10) All such advertising material including the window and door signs may be furnished by a manufacturer distributor or importing distributor

(21) Refusing The Right of Inspection For any licensee or his servants agents or employes to refuse the board

or any of its authorized employes the right to inspect completely the entire licensed premises at any time during which the premises are open for the transaction of business or when patrons guests or members are in that portion of the licensed premises wherein either liquor or malt or brewed beverages are sold

(22) Allowance or Rebate to Induce Purchases For any licensee or his servants agents or employes to offer pay make or allow or for any licensee or his servants agents or employes to solicit or receive any allowance or rebate refunds or concessions whether in the form of money or otherwise to induce the purchase of liquor or malt or brewed beverages or any other commodity manufactured or sold by the licensee

(23) Money or Valuables Given to Employes to Influence Actions of Their Employers For any licensee or any agent employe or representative of any licensee to give or permit to be given directly or indirectly money or anything of substantial value in an effort to induce agents employes or representatives of customers or prospective customers to influence their employer or principal to purchase or contract to purchase liquor or malt or brewed beverages from the donor of such gift or to influence such employers or principals to refrain from dealing or contracting to deal with other licensees

(24) Things of Value Offered as Inducement For any licensee under the provisions of this article or the board or any manufacturer or any employe or agent of a manufacturer licensee or of the board to offer to give anything of value or to solicit or receive anything of value as a premium for the return of caps stoppers corks stamps or labels taken from any bottle case barrel or package containing liquor or malt or brewed beverage or to offer or give or solicit or receive anything of value as a premium or present to induce the purchase of liquor or malt or brewed beverage or for any other purpose whatsoever in connection with the sale of such liquor or malt or brewed beverage or for any licensee manufacturer or other person to offer or give to trade or consumer buyers any prize premium gift or other similar inducement except advertising novelties of nominal value which the board shall define Provided however That this section shall not apply to the return of any monies specifically deposited for the return of the original containers to the owners thereof

(25) Employment of Females in Licensed Places For any licensee or his agent to employ or permit the employment of any female at his licensed hotel restaurant or eating place to mix or serve liquor or malt or brewed beverages behind the bar or to employ any female for the purpose of enticing customers or to encourage them to drink liquor or make assignations for improper purposes Provided That nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the employment of any female waitress who regularly takes orders for food from serving food liquor or malt or brewed beverages at tables also that nothing shall prevent any such licensees from employing any female stenographer hotel secretary clerk or other employe for their respective positions Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the wife of any such licensee or agent from mixing or serving liquor or malt or brewed beverages behind the bar of any such license place

Any person violating the provisions of this clause shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction of the same shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each and every female so employed or undergo an imprisonment of not less than three (3) months nor more than one (1) year or either or both at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of the case The board shall have the power to revoke or refuse licenses for violation of this clause.

Section 494 Penalties (a) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this article except as otherwise specifically provided shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than three hundred dollars ($300) and on failure to pay such fine to imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than three months and for any subsequent offense shall be sentenced to pay a fine or not less than three hundred dollars ($300) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) and to undergo imprisonment for a period not less than three months nor more than one year

(b) The right of the board to suspend and revoke licenses granted under this article shall be in addition to the penalty set forth in this section

Section 495 Miners' Identification Cards Licensees Saved From Prosecution (a) The statement of registration signed and issued to any registered elector by a Registrar Commissioner or Clerk under the provisions of any permanent personel registration law of this Commonwealth shall for the purpose of this act be and accepts as an identification card

(b) Such identification card shall be presented by the holder thereof upon request of any State Liquor Store or any licensee or the servant agent or employe thereof for the purpose of aiding such store licensee or the servant agent or employe to determine whether or not such person is twenty-one years of age and upwards when such person desires alcoholic beverage at a State Liquor Store or licensed establishment

(c) In addition to the presentation of such identification card the agent of the State Liquor Store or the licensee or his servant agent or employe shall require the person whose age may be in question to fill in and sign a card in the following form

.....195....

I ..... hereby represent to .....a State Store or licensee of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board that I am of full age and discretion and over the age of 21 years having been born on .....19... at ..... This statement is made to induce said store or licensee above named to sell or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages to the undersigned Serial Number of Registration Card

I understand that I am subject to a fine of $100.00 and thirty days imprisonment for any misrepresentation herein

.....
(Name)

.....
(Address)

Witness
Name .....
Address .....

Such statement shall be printed upon a 3 inch by 5 inch or 4 inch by 5 inch file card which card shall be filed alphabetically by the State Liquor Store or licensee at or before the close of business on the day of which said certificate is executed in a file box containing a suitable alphabetical index and which card shall be subject to examination by any officer agent or employe of the Liquor Control Board at any and all times

(d) It shall be unlawful for the owner of an identification card as defined by this act to transfer said card to any other person for the purpose of aiding such person to secure alcoholic beverage Any person who shall transfer such identification card for the purpose of aiding such transferee to obtain alcoholic beverage shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars ($100) or undergo imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days Any person not entitled thereto who shall have unlawfully procured or have issued or transferred to him as aforesaid identification card and any person who shall make any false statement on any card required by subsection (c) hereof to be signed by him shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars ($100) or undergo imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days

(e) The signed statement in the possession of a licensee may be offered as a defense in all civil and criminal prosecutions for serving a minor and no penalty shall be imposed if the Liquor Control Board or the courts are satisfied that the licensee acted in good faith.

ARTICLE V

DISTILLERS WINERIES BONDED WAREHOUSES BAILEES FOR HIRE AND TRANSPORTERS FOR HIRE

Section 501 License Required Except as otherwise provided in this article and except as otherwise provided in article four as to malt and brewed beverages it shall be unlawful for any person without a license obtained under provisions of this article to hold in storage as bailee for hire or transport for hire any malt or brewed beverage or to manufacture produce distill develop or use in the process of manufacture denature redistill recover rectify blend reuse hold in bond hold in storage as bailee for hire or transport for hire within this Commonwealth any alcohol or liquor except that a person may manufacture wine out of grapes grown in Pennsylvania by fermentation only and with no alcohol or alcoholic product added thereto by way of fortification and sell the same to a licensed winery

Section 502 Exemptions No license hereunder shall be required from any registered pharmacist or a physician licensed by the State Board of Medical Education and Licensure or any person who makes and sells vinegar nonalcoholic cider and fruit juices or any person who manufactures stores sells or transports methanol propanol butanol and amanol or any person who conducts a wholesale drug business or any person who manufactures alcoholic preparations not fit for use as a beverage other than denatured alcohol or for beverage purposes any person engaged in the manufacture possession or sale of patent patented or proprietary medicines toilet medicinal or antiseptic preparations unfit for beverage purposes or solutions or flavoring extracts or syrups unfit for beverage purposes or any person who manufactures or sells paints varnishes enamels lacquers stains or paint or varnish removing or reducing compounds or wood fillers or any person who manufacturers any substance where the alcohol or any liquor is changed into other chemical substances and does not appear in the finished product as alcohol or liquor or any common carrier by railroad which is subject to regulation by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or scheduled common carriers by air of mail and passengers or any person who sells stores or transports alcohol or liquor completely denatured as specified by the board

Section 503 Qualifications for License No license shall be issued under the provisions of this article to any person unless (a) in case of individuals he or she is a citizen of the United States of America (b) in case of companies or unincorporated associations of individuals each and every one is a citizen of the United States of America (c) in case of corporations each and every stockholder thereof is a citizen of the United States of America.

Section 504 Applications Filing Fees (a) Every applicant for a license under this article shall file with the board a written application in such form as the board shall from time to time require Every such application shall be accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars ($10) the prescribed license fee and the bond hereinafter specified and shall set forth

1. The legal names of the applicant and of the owner of the place where business under the license will be carried on with their residence addresses by street and number if a partnership of each separate partner and if a corporation of each individual officer thereof

2 The exact location of said place of business and of every place to be occupied or used in connection with such business the productive capacity of each plant where any alcohol or liquor is to be manufactured produced distilled rectified blended developed or used in the process of manufacture denatured redistilled recovered reused the capacity of every warehouse or other place where such alcohol or liquor or malt or brewed beverage is to be held in bond or stored for hire or the equipment to be used where a transportation business is to be carried on under the license

3 That each and every one of the applicants is a citizen of the United States of America

4 Such other relevant information as the board shall from time to time require by rule or regulation

(b) Each application must be verified by affidavit of the applicant made before any officer legally qualified to adminster oaths and if any false statement is wilfully made in any part of said application the applicant or applicants shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and up conviction shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article

Section 505 Iicenses Issued Upon receipt of the application in the form herein provided the proper fees and an approved bond as herein designated the board may grant to such applicant a license to engage in (a) the operation of a winery or (b) the manufacturing producing distilling developing or using in the process of manufacturing denaturing redistilling recovering rectifying blending and reusing of alcohol and liquor or (c) the holding in bond of alcohol and liquor or (d) the holding in storage as bailee for hire of alcohol liquor and malt or brewed beverages or (e) the transporting for hire of alcohol liquor and malt or brewed beverages

Section 506 Bonds Required (a) No license shall be issued to any such applicant until he has filed with the board an approved bond duly executed payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with a warrant of attorney to confess judgment in the penal sum herein set forth All such bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful observance of all the laws of this Commonwealth and regulations of the board relating to alcohol liquor and malt or brewed beverages and the conditions of the license and shall have as surety a duly authorized surety company or shall have deposited therewith as collateral security cash or negotiable obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the same amount as herein provided for the penal sum of bonds

(b) In all cases where cash or securities in lieu of other surety have been deposited with the board the depositor shall be permitted to continue the same deposit from year to year on each renewal of license but in no event shall he be permitted to withdraw his deposit during the time he holds said license or until six months after the expiration of the license held by him or while revocation proceedings are pending against such licensee

(c) All cash or securities received by the board in lieu of other surety shall be turned over by the board to the State Treasurer and held by him The State Treasurer shall repay or return money or securities deposited with him to the respective depositors only on the order of the board

(d) After notice from the board that such a bond has been forfeited the State Treasurer shall immeditely pay into the State Stores Fund all cash deposited as collateral with such bond and when securities have been deposited with such a bond the State Treasurer shall sell at private sale at not less than the prevailing market price any such securities so deposited as collateral with any such forfeited bond The State Treasurer shall thereafter deposit in the State Stores Fund the net amount realized from the sale of such securities except that if the amount so realized after deducting proper costs and expenses is in excess of the penal amount of the bond such excess shall be paid over by him to the obligator on such forfeited bond

(e) The penal sum of bonds required to be filed by applicants for license shall be as follows

In the case of a distillery (manufacturer) the bond shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) in the case of a bonded warehouse a bailee for hire and a transporter for hire each shall be in the amount of three thousand dollars ($3000) and in the case of a winery shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars ($5000) Such bonds shall be filed with and retained by the board

(f) Every such bond shall be turned over to the Department of Justice to be collected if and when the licensee's license shall have been revoked and his bond forfeited as provided in this act

Section 507 Hearings Upon Refusal of Licenses The board may of its own motion and shall upon the written request of any applicant for license or for renewal thereof whose application for such license or renewal has been refused fix a time and place for hearing of such applica-

tion or renewal notice of which hearing shall be sent to the applicant by registered mail at the address given in his application Such hearing shall be before the board a member thereof or an examiner designated by the board At such hearing the board shall present its reasons for its refusal or withholding of such license or renewal thereof The applicant may appear in person or by counsel may cross-examine the witnesses for the board and may present evidence which shall likewise be subject to cross-examination by the board Such hearing shall be stenographically recorded The examiner shall thereafter report to the board The board shall thereafter grant or refuse the license or renewal thereof If the board shall refuse such license or renewal following such hearing notice in writing of such refusal shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given in his application In all cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order

Section 508 License Fees The annual fee for every license issued to a winery shall be two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) The annual fee for every license issued to a distillery (manufacturer) shall be twenty-five hundrel dollars ($2500) per annum if the annual production is five hundred thousand (500,000) proof gallons or less and an additional fee of one hundred dollars ($100) for each one hundred thousand (100,000) proof gallons or fraction thereof in excess of five hundred thousand (500,000) proof gallons but for the purpose of determining the amount of the fee payable by a distillery the annual production of alcohol that is denatured by the manufacturer thereof during the license year in Pennsylvania and not elsewhere shall be excluded but alcohol or liquor used by the manufacturer thereof during the license year in rectification or blending shall not be excluded except that no fee for a distillery shall be less than twenty-five hundred dollars ($2500) per annum The annual fee for all other licenses shall be one hundred dollars ($100) The fee for any license when applied for and issued on or after April first but prior to July first shall be three-fourth of the annual fee July first but prior to October first shall be one-half of the annual fee October first but prior to January first one-fourth of the annual fee

For the purpose of this section the term "proof gallon" shall mean a gallon liquid which contains one-half its volume of alcohol of a specific gravity of seven thousand nine hundred thirty-nine ten thousandths (.7939) at sixty degrees Fahrenheit

Section 509 License Must Be Posted Business Hours Licenses shall be issued by the board under its official seal Every license so issued must at all times be posted in a conspicuous place where the business is carried on under it and said place of business must be kept open during general business hours of every day in the year except Sundays and legal holidays

Section 510 Containers To Be Labeled All persons except as exempted by section five hundred two hereof manufacturing producing distilling developing or using in the process of manufacture denaturing redistilling recovering rectifying blending reusing holding in bond holding in storage as bailee for hire or transporting for hire of alcohol or liquor under the provisions of this article shall securely and permanently attach to every container ready for shipment thereof as the same is manufactured produced distilled developed denatured redistilled recovered rectified blended reused a label stating the name of the manufacturer kind and quantity of alcohol or liquor contained therein and the date of its manufacture together with the number of the license authorizing the manufacture thereof and all persons possessing such alcohol or liquor in wholesale quantities shall securely keep and maintain such label thereon

Section 511 License To Specify Each Place Authorized For Use Every license issued under the provision of this article shall specify by definite location every place to be occupied or used in connection with the business to be conducted thereunder It shall be unlawful for the holder of any license to occupy or use any place in connection with any business authorized under a license other than the place or places designated therein

Section 512 Records To Be Kept Every person holding a license issued under the provisions of this article shall keep on the licensed premises daily permanent records which shall show (a) the quantities of any alcohol or liquor manufactured produced distilled developed denatured redistilled recovered reused stored in bond stored as bailee for hire received or used in the process of manufacture by him and of all other material used in manufacturing or developing any alcohol or liquor (b) the sales or other disposition of any alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages if covered by said license (c) the quantities thereof if any stored in bond stored for hire or transported for hire by or for the licensee and (d) the names and addresses of the purchasers or other recipients thereof Provided however That persons holding licenses issued under the provisions of this article for the transportation for hire of any alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages shall not be required to keep the above records but shall keep daily permanent records showing the names and addresses of the persons from whom any alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverage was received and to whom delivered and such other permanent records as the board shall prescribe

Section 513 Premises and Records Subject To Inspection Every place operated under license secured under the provisions of this article where any alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverage covered by the license is manufactured produced distilled developed or used in the process of manufacture denatured redistilled rectified blended recovered reused held in bond stored for hire or in connection with a licensee's business shall be subject to inspection by members of the board or by persons duly authorized and designated by the board at any and all times of the day or night as they may deem necessary (a) for the dection of violations of this act or of the rules and regulations of the board promulgated under the authority of this act or (b) for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the records required by this act to be kept by licensees and the books and records of licensees and the books and records of their customers in so far as they relate to purchases from said licensees shall at all times to be open to inspection by the members of the board or by persons duly authorized and designated by the board for the purpose of making inspections as authorized by this section Members of the board and the persons duly authorized and designated by the board shall have the right without fee or hinderance to enter any place which is subject to inspection hereunder or any place where records subject to inspection hereunder are kept for the purpose of making such inspections

Section 514 Suspension and Revocation of Licenses (a) Upon learning of any violation of this act or of any rule or regulation promulgated by the board under the authority of this act or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax payment of alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages by the holder of a license issued under the provisions of this article or upon other sufficient cause the board may within one year from the date of such violation or cause appearing cite such licensee to appear before it or its examiner not less than ten (10) nor more than fifteen (15) days from the date of sending such licensee by registered mail a notice addressed to his licensed premises to show cause why the license should not be suspended or revoked Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearings on applications for license And upon such hearing if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause the board shall immediately suspend or recoke such license notifying the licensee thereof by registered letter addressed to his licensed premises or to the address given in his application where no licensed premises is maintained in Pennsylvania

(b) When a license is revoked the licensee's bond may be forfeited by the board Any licensee whose license is revoked shall be ineligible to have a license under this act or under any other act relating to alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages until the expiration of three (3) years from the date such license was revoked In

the event the board shall revoke a license no license shall be granted for the premises or transferred to the premises in which said license was conducted for a period of at least one (1) year after the date of the revocation of the license conducted in said premises except in cases where the licensee or a member of his immediate family is not the owner of the premises in which case the board may in its discretion issue or transfer a license within said year. In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order

Section 515 Appeals Any licensee aggrieved by any decision of the board refusing suspending or revoking a license under the provisions of this article may appeal within twenty (20) days from the date of refusal suspension or revocation to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the licensed premises or the premises to be licensed are located In the event an applicant or a licensee shall have no place of business established within the Commonwealth his appeal shall be to the court of quarter sessions of Dauphin County Such appeal shall be upon petition of the applicant or licensee as the case may be who shall serve a copy thereof upon the board The said appeal shall act as a supersedeas unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise The court shall hear the application de novo at such time as it shall fix of which notice shall be given to the board The court shall in the case of a refusal by the board either sustain such refusal or order the issuance of the license to the applicant The parties to such proceeding may within thirty (30) days from the filing of said court order or decree appeal therefrom to the Superior Court

Section 516 Compromise Penalty In Lieu of Suspension In those cases where the board shall suspend a license the board may accept from the licensee an offer in compromise as a penalty in lieu of such suspension and shall thereupon rescind its order of suspension In the case of a distillery licensee the offer in compromise shall be at the rate of one hundred dollars ($100) for each day of suspension in the case of a bonded warehouse bailee for hire and transporter for hire licensees twenty-five dollars ($25) for each day and in the case of a winery licensee fifty dollars ($50) for each day No offer in compromise may be accepted by the board in those cases where the suspension is for a period in excess of one hundred (100) days

Section 517 Expiration of Licenses Renewals All licenses issued under this article shall expire at the close of the calendar year but new licenses for the succeeding year shall be issued upon written application therefor duly verified by affidavit stating that the facts in the original application are unchanged and upon payment of the fee as hereinafter provided and the furnishing of a new bond without the filing of further statements or the furnishing of any further information unless specifically requested by the board Provided however That any such license issued to a corporation shall expire thirty (30) days after any change in the officers of such corporation unless the name anl address of each such new officer of such corporation shall within that period be reported to the board by certificate duly verified Applications for renewals must be made not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days before the first day of January of the ensuing year All applications for renewal received otherwise shall be treated as original applications

Section 518 Unlawful Acts (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport any illegal alcohol liquor or malt or brewed beverages

(b) Whenever any person withdraws or removes any alcohol or liquor which has not been denatured from any distillery denaturing plant winery or bonded warehouse for the purpose of denaturing the same it shall be unlawful for any such person to use sell or conceal or attempt to use sell or conceal or be concerned in the sale use or concealment of any such alcohol or liquor unless before such sale or use the said alcohol or liquor shall be denatured by adding thereto denaturing material or materials or admixtures thereof which render it unfit for beverage purposes

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to recover and reuse or attempt to recover and reuse by redistillation or by any other process or means whatsoever any alcohol or liquor from denatured alcohol or from any other liquid or to knowingly use sell conceal or otherwise dispose of alcohol or liquor so recovered or redistilled

Section 519 Penalties Any person or persons who knowingly violate any of the provisions of this article or any person who shall violate any of the conditions of any license issued under the provisions of this article or who shall falsify any record or report required by this article to be kept or who shall violate any rule or regulation of the board or who shall interfere with hinder or obstruct any inspection authorized by this article or prevent any member of the board or any person duly authorized and designated by the board from entering any place which such member of the board or such person is authorized by this article to enter for the purpose of making an inspection or who shall violate any other provision of this article shall be guilty of a disdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5000) or undergo imprisonment of not more than three (3) years or both at the discretion of the court

ARTICLE VI

PROPERTY ILLEGALLY POSSESSED OR USED FORFEITURES NUISANCES

(A) Forfeitures

Section 601 Forfeiture of Property Illegally Possessed or Used No property rights shall exist in any liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage illegally manufactured or possessed or in any still equipment material utensil vehicle boat vessel animals or aircraft used in the illegal manufacture or illegal transportation of liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages and the same shall be deemed contraband and shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth No such property when in the custody of the law shall be seized or taken therefrom on any writ or replevin or like precess

Section 602 Forfeiture Proceedings (a) The proceedings for the forfeiture or condemnation of all property shall be in rem in which the Commonwealth shall be the plaintiff and the property the defendant A petition shall be filed in the court of quarter sessions verified by oath or affirmation of any officer or citizen containing the following (1) A description of the property so seized (2) a statement of the time and place where seized (3) the owner if known (4) the person or persons in possession if known (5) an allegation that the same had been possessel or used or was intended for use in violation of this act (6) and a prayer for an order of forfeiture that the same be adjudged forfeited to the Commonwealth unless cause be shown to the contrary

(b) A copy of said petition shall be served personally on said owner if he can be found within the jurisdiction of the court or upon the person or persons in possession at the time of the seizure thereof Said copy shall have endorsed thereon a notice as follows

"To the Claimant of Within Described Property You are required to file an answer to this petition setting forth your title in and right to possession of said property within fifteen (15) days from the service hereof and you are also notified that if you fail to file said answer a decree of forfeiture and condemnation will be entered against said property"

Said notice shall be signed by petitioner or his attorney or the district attorney or the Attorney General

(c) If the owner of said property is unknown or outside the jurisdiction of the court and there was no person in possession of said property when seized or such person so in possession can not be found within the jurisdiction of the court notice of said petition shall be given by an advertisement in only one newspaper of general circulation published in the county where such property shall

have been seized once a week for two (2) successive weeks No other advertisement of any sort shall be necessary any other law to the contrary nothwithstanding Said notice shall contain a statement of the seizure of said property with a description thereof the place and date of seizure and shall direct any claimants thereof to file a claim therefor on or before a date given in said notice which date shall not be less than ten (10) days from the date of the last publication

(d) Upon the filing of any claim for said property setting forth a right of possession thereof the case shall be deemed at issue and a time be fixed for the hearing thereof

(e) At the time of said hearing if the Commonwealth shall produce evidence that the property in question was unlawfully possessed or used the burden shall be upon the claimant to show (1) that he is the owner of said property (2) that he lawfully acquired the same and (3) that it was not unlawfully used or possessed

In the event such claimant shall prove by competent evidence to the satisfaction of the court that said liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage or still equipment material utensil vehicle boat vessel container animal or aircraft was lawfully acquired possessed and used then the court may order the same returned or delivered to the claimant but if it appears that the property was unlawfully possessed or used the court shall order it destroyed delivered to a hospital or turned over to the board as hereinafter provided

Section 603 Disposition of Forfeitel Property If upon petition as hereinbefore provided and hearing before the court of quarter sessions it appears that any liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage was so illegally possessed or property so used in the illegal manufacture or transportation of liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage such liquor alcohol malt or brewed beverage or property shall be adjudged forfeited and condemned and shall be disposed of as follows

(a) Upon conviction of any person of a violation of any of the provisions of this act the court shall order the sheriff to destroy all such condemned liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage and property seized or obtained from such defendants except that the court may order the liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages or any part thereof to be delivered to a hospital for its use and make return to the court of compliance with said order and any vehicle container boat vessel animals or aircraft seized under the provisions of this act shall be disposed of as hereinafter provided

(b) In any case in which the defendant is acquitted of a violation of this act and denies the ownership or possession thereof or no claimant appears for same or appearing in unable to sustain claim thereof the court shall order all such condemned liquor alcohol and malt or brewed beverages and property (except vehicles boats vessels containers animals and aircraft) publicly destroyed by the sheriff except that the court may order the liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages or any part thereof to be delivered to a hospital for its use Return of compliance with said order shall be made by the sheriff to the court

(c) In the case of any vehicle boat vessel container animal or aircraft seized under the provisions of this act and condemned the court shall order the same to be delivered to the board for its use or sale or disposition by the board in its discretion Notice of such sale shall be given in such manner as the board may prescribe The proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the State Stores Fund

Section 604 Motor Vehicle Licenses to be Revoked In addition to the foregoing provisions the court may in its order of condemnation and in every conviction under this act where it shall appear that liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages were unlawfully transported in a motor vehicle declare that the license issued by the Department of Revenue for any motor vehicle so forfeited and condemned or issued to any defendant convicted of transporting liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages in any motor vehicle shall be forfeited and revoked and it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which such conviction is had and order of condemnation made to certify such conviction to the Secretary of Revenue who shall suspend or revoke the license issued for such motor vehicles Provided That a license may be issued for such motor vehicle to the board or to any purchaser of the vehicle after the sale thereof as above provided

Section 605 Application of Subdivision The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to the disposition of any liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage or property in the custody of the law or of any officer at the time of the passage of this act

(B) Nuisances

Section 611 Nuisances Actions to Enjoin (a) Any room house building boat vehicle structure or place except a private home where liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverages are manufactured possessed sold transported offered for sale bartered or furnished or stored in bond or stored for hire in violation of this act and all such liquids beverages and property kept or used in maintaining the same are hereby declared to be common nuisances and any person who maintains such a common nuisance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to the same penalties provided in section four hundred ninety four of this act

(b) An action to enjoin any nuisance defined in this act may be brought in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the Attorney General or by the district attorney of the proper county Such action shall be brought and tried as an action in equity and may be brought in any court having jurisdiction to hear and determine equity cases within the county in which the offense occurs If it is made to appear by affidavit or otherwise to the satisfaction of the court that such nuisance exists a temporary writ of injunction shall forthwith issue restraining the defendant from conducting or permitting the continuance of such nuisance until the conclusion of the proceedings If a temporary injunction is prayed for the court may issue an order restraining the defendant and all other persons from removing or in any way interfering with the liquids beverages or other things used in connection with the violation of this act constituting such nuisance No bond shall be required in instituting such proceedings It shall not be necessary for the court to find the property involved was being unlawfully used as aforesaid at the time of the hearing but on finding that the material allegations of the petition are true the court shall order that no liquor alcohol or malt or brewed beverage shall be manufactured sold offered for sale transported bartered or furnished or stored in bond or stored for hire in such room house building structure boat vehicle or place or any part thereof

(c) Upon the decree of the court ordering such nuisance to be abated the court may upon proper cause shown order that the room house building structure boat vehicle or place shall not be occupied or used for one year thereafter but the court may in its descretion permit it to be occupied or used if the owner lessee tenant or occupant thereof shall give bond with sufficient surety to be approved by the court making the order in the penal and liquidated sum of not less than five hundred dollars ($500.00) payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of the county in which said proceedings are instituted and conditioned that neither liquor alcohol nor malt or brewed beverages will thereafter be manufactured sold transported offered for sale bartered or furnished or stored in bond or stored for hire therein or thereon in violation of this act and that he will pay all fines costs and damages that may be assessed for any violation of this act upon said property

ARTICLE VII

DEALING IN DISTILLERY BONDED WAREHOUSE CERTIFICATES

(A) Preliminary Provisions

Section 701 Definitions and Interpretation (a) When used in this article the following words or phrases unless the context clearly indicates otherwise shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

"Agent" shall mean and include every person employed by a distillery certificate broker to sell offer for sale or delivery to purchase exchange or to enter into agreements for the purchase sale or exchange or to solicit subscriptions to or orders for or to undertake to dispose of or to deal in any manner in distillery bonded warehouse certificates

"Fraud" "fraudulent" and "fraudulent practice" shall include any misrepresentation in any manner of a relevant fact not made honestly and in good faith any promise or representation or prediction as to the future not made honestly and in good faith or an intentional failure to disclose a material fact the gaining directly or indirectly through the purchase sale or exchange of distillery bonded warehouse certificates of any promotion fee or profit selling or managing commission or profit so gross and exorbitant as to the unconscionable and fraudulent and any scheme device artifice or investment plan to obtain such an unconscionable profit Provided however That nothing herein shall limit or diminish the full meaning of the terms "fraud" and "fraudulent" as applied or accepted in courts of law or equity

(b) Nothing contained in this article shall be construed as permitting the holder or owner of a distillery bonded warehouse certificate as defined in this act to secure possession of the whiskey or other potable distilled spirits named or designated in such certificate except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the laws of this Commonwealth hereafter enacted relating to alcohol or alcohol beverages and the regulations of the board adapted and promulgated thereunder

(B) Permits

Section 702 Unlawful to Act as a Distillery Certificate Broker or to Buy or Sell Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificate Without a Permit It shall be unlawful for any person except as hereinafter exempted directly or through an agent to sell purchase exchange offer for sale deliver enter into agreements for the purchase sale exchange solicit subscriptions to orders for undertake to dispose of deal in any manner in distillery bonded warehouse certificate without first having obtained a permit to act as a distillery certificate broker as provided in this article

Section 703 Authority to Issue Permits to Distillery Certificate Brokers Subject to the provisions of this article and regulations promulgated under this act the board shall have authority to issue to any reputable financially responsible person whose plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates is not deemed by the board to constitute "fraudulent practice" as defined herein a permit to act as distillery certificate broker

Section 704 Application for Permit Filing Fee Every applicant for a distillery certificate broker permit shall file a written application with the board outlining his plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates in such form and containing such other information as the board shall from time to time prescribe which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of ten dollars ($10) and the prescribed permit fee If the applicant is a natural person his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and if a corporation the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania The application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation of the applicant if a natural person or in the case of an association by a member or partner thereof or in the case of a corporation by an executive officer thereof or any person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application to which shall be attached written evidence of his authority If the applicant is an association the application shall set forth the names and addresses of the persons constituting the association and if a corporation the names and addresses of all the officers thereof All applications must be verified by affidavit of applicant and if any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application the signer shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon indictment and conviction shall be subject to penalties provided by this article

Section 705 Issuance of Permits receipt of the application and proper fees and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application and being also satisfied that the applicant's plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates does not constitute "fraudulent practice" as defined in this article and that the applicant is a person of good repute and financially responsible the board may issue to such applicant a permit authorizing the permittee to sell purchase exchange pledge and deal in distillery bonded warehouse certificates

Section 706 Office or Place of Business to be Maintained Every applicant for a distillery certificate broker permit under this article and every person to whom such a permit is issued shall maintain an office or place of business within the Commonwealth

Section 707 Permit Fee Permits Not Assignable or Transferable Display of Permit Term of Permit Every applicant for distillery certificate broker permit shall before receiving such permit pay to the board an annual permit fee of one hundred dollars ($100) Permits issued under this act may not be assigned or transferred and shall be conspicuously displayed at the place of business of the permittee All permits shall be valid only during the year for which issued and shall automatically expire on the thirty-first day of December of each calendar year unless suspended revoked or cancelled prior thereto

Section 708 Records to be Kept Every person holding a permit issued under this act shall keep daily permanent records containing a complete record of all transactions in distillery bonded warehouse certificates within this Commonwealth in such form and manner as the board may from time to time prescribe Such records shall be available for examination by the board's officers at the broker's principal place of business or office in Pennsylvania

Section 709 Renewal of Permits Upon the filing of an application and the payment of the prescribed filing fee and permit fee in the same amount as herein required on original applications for permits the board may renew the permit for the calendar year beginning January first provided such application for renewal is filed and fee paid on or before December fifteenth of the preceding year unless the board shall have given previous notice of objections to the renewal of the permit based upon violation of this article or the board's regulations promulgated thereunder or unless the applicant has by his own act become a person of ill repute or ceases to be financially responsible

Section 710 Permit Hearings Appeals from Refusal of the Board to Issue or Renew Permits The board may of its own motion and shall upon written request of any applicant for distillery certificate broker permit or for renewal thereof whose application for such permit or renewal has been refused fix a time and place for hearings of such application for permit or for renewal thereof notice of which hearing shall be sent by registered mail to the applicant at the address given in his application Such hearing shall be before the board or a member thereof At such hearing the board shall present its reasons for its refusal or withholding a permit or renewal thereof The applicant may appear in person or by counsel cross-examine the witnesses of the board and may present evidence which shall be subject to cross-examination by the board Such hearings shall be stenographically recorded The board shall thereupon grant or refuse the permit or renewal thereof If the board shall refuse such permit or renewal following such hearing notice in writing of such refusal shall be sent by registered mail to the applicant at the address given in his application In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order and furnish a copy thereof to the applicant Any applicant who has appeared before the board at any hearing as above provided who is aggrieved by the refusal of the board to issue or to renew a distillery certificate broker permit may appeal within twenty days from the date of refusal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County

Section 711 Procedure of Appeal Record to be Certified

Cost of Preparing Record Appeal to Supreme Court Such appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County shall be upon petition of the applicant against the board officially as defendant alleging therein in brief detail the action and decision complained of and praying for a reversal thereof Upon service of a summons upon the board returnable within ten days from its date the board shall on or before the return day file an answer in which it shall allege by way of defense the grounds for its decision It shall also on or before the return day of such summons certify to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County the record of the proceedings to which the petition refers Such record shall include the testimony taken therein the findings of fact if any of the board based upon such testimony a copy of all orders made by the board in the proceedings and a copy of the action or decision of the board which the petition calls upon the court to reverse The cost of preparing and certifying such record shall be paid to the board by the petitioner and taxed as part of the costs in the case to be paid as directed by the court upon the final determination of the case

Upon the filing of the board's answer the case before the court of common pleas of Dauphin County shall be at issue without further pleadings and upon application of either party the case shall be advanced and heard without delay Mere technical irregularities in the procedure of the board shall be disregarded

The case shall be heard upon the record certified to the court by the board Additional testimony shall not be taken before the court but the court may in proper cases remit the record to the board for the taking of further testimony

From the decision of the court of common pleas of Dauphin County an appeal may be taken by either party to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania as in other cases

Section 712 Revocation and Suspension of Permit Upon learning of any violation of this act or regulations of the board promulgated thereunder or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America by the permittee his officers servants agents or employes or upon any other sufficient cause shown the board may cite such permittee to appear before it or a member thereof not less than ten or more than fifteen days from the date of sending such permittee by registered mail a notice addressed to him at the address set forth in the application for permit to show cause why such permit should not be suspended or revoked When such notice is duly addressed and deposited in the post office it shall be deemed due and sufficient notice Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearing on application for permit Upon such hearing if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause the board shall immediately suspend or revoke the permit notifying the permittee thereof by registered letter addressed to the address set forth in the application for permit Any permittee whose permit is revoked shall be ineligible to have a permit under this act until the expiration of three years from the date such permit was revoked In all such cases the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order In the event the person whose permit was suspended or revoked by the board shall feel aggrieved by the action of the board he shall have the right to appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County in the same manner as herein provided for appeals from refusals to grant permits

(C) Permittees' Registered Agents

Section 721 Unlawful to Act as Agent or to Employ Agents Without Registration It shall be unlawful for a distillery certificate broker to employ any person to act as agent or for any person to act as agent for any distillery certificate broker in purchasing exchanging offering for sale delivering entering into agreements for the purchase sale exchange soliciting subscriptions to orders for undertaking to dispose of dealing in any manner in distillery bonded warehouse certificates without such person first having been registered as an agent as provided in this article

Section 722 Registered Agents Every person holding a distillery certificate broker permit under this article who desires to employ an agent or agents in the operation of his business under the permit shall make application to the board for registration of such agent or agents Every such permittee's application shall set forth the name of the permittee and the address of his main office or principal place of business in Pennsylvania and the full address where complete records are maintained covering the permittee's operations in Pennsylvania With each such permittee's application there shall be filed an agent's application for each agent to be registered Permittees' applications for agents and agents' applications shall contain such information as the board shall from time to time require and shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation of the agent Each application shall be accompanied by two unmounted photographs of the agent

Section 723 Registration Fee Every application for the registration of agents filed by a permittee shall be accompanied by a registration fee in the amount of ten dollars ($10) for each agent to be registered which shall cover the agent's registration from date of approval until December thirty-first of the year in which approved Registrations may be renewed for a period of one calendar year upon the filing of a new application and payment of the same registration fee as herein provided for original registration together with agent's new applications and photographs of each agent Applications for renewal of registration shall be filed not later than December fifteenth of each year

Section 724 Registration and Issuance of Identification Card Upon receipt of the application the proper fees and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application and that the applicant is a person of good reputation and the applicant seeks a registration as defined in this act the board may register such agent and issue to him an identification card

Section 725 Hearings Upon Refusal of the Board Appeals In the event that the board shall refuse to issue or to renew an agent's registration a hearing shall be had and an appeal from the board's order may be taken to the same court and in the same manner as herein provided in the case of refusal of the board to issue or renew distillery certificate broker permits

Section 726 Revocation and Suspension of Agents' Registrations Upon learning of any violation of this act or regulation of the board promulgated thereunder or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America by a registered agent the board may revoke or suspend the agent's registration in the same manner as provided herein for the revocation and suspension of distillery certificate broker permits In the event the agent whose license was suspended or revoked by the board shall feel aggrieved by the action of the board he shall have the right to appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County in the same manner as herein provided for appeals in the case of suspension or revocation of distillery certificate broker permits.

Section 727 Identification Cards Upon approval by the board of the application for registration of an agent there shall be issued to such registered agent an identification carl containing the name and address of the distillery certificate broker the name address and physical description of the agent There shall also be affixed to the identification card a photograph of the agent and no identification card shall be valid until signed by both the distillery certificate broker and the agent and countersigned by a representative of the board.

Before any agent's registration can be changed from one distillery certificate broker to another the identification card of such agent shall either be returned to the board by the broker under whom he is registered or such broker shall file with the board a notice in writing that he has knowledge of and consents to the employment of such agent by the other broker

When the employment of any agent is terminated the

broker shall immediately notify the board and the identification card issued to the agent shall be surrendered to the board

(D) Exemptions

Section 731 Bank and Trust Companies and Other Persons Banks and trust companies and other persons duly authorized within this Commonwealth to engage in the business of lending money to licensed distillers rectifiers importers and distillery certificate brokers may without a permit required under the provisions of this act accept distillery bonded warehouse certificates as security or collateral for any loan made in the regular conduct of their business and such banks and trust companies and other persons may liquidate such security or collateral by sale only to licensed distillers rectifiers importers or distillery certificate brokers

Section 732 Distillers Rectifiers and Importers Duly licensed distillers rectifiers and importers may without a permit required under the provisions of this article deal in distillery bonded warehouse certificates but only with other duly licensed distillers rectifiers importers and with distillery certificate brokers

Section 733 Certificate Owned Since July 24 1939 Persons other than licensed distillers rectifiers importers and distillery certificate brokers holding distillery bonded warehouse certificates on and since the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine may dispose of same without a permit required under the provisions of this act but only to or through distillery certificate broker holding a permit from the board

(E) Administration and Enforcement

Section 741 Duties of the Board It shall be the duty of the board to see that the provisions of this article are at all times properly administered and obeyed and to take such measures and make such investigations as will detect the violations of any provisions thereof In the event it shall discover any violation it shall in addition to revoking any permit or registration of an agent take such measures as may be necessary to cause the apprehension and prosecution of all persons deemed guilty thereof

(F) Fines and Penalties

Section 751 Penalties Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this article or who shall engage in any fraud or fraudulent practice as defined herein shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of not less than one thousanl dollars ($1000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5000) or undergo imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than five years or both at the discretion of the court

ARTICLE VIII

DISPOSITION OF MONEYS COLLECTED UNDER PROVISIONS OF ACT

Section 801 Moneys Paid Into Liquor License Fund and Returned to Municipalities (a) The following fees collected by the board under the provisions of this act shall be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue into a special fund to be known as the "Liquor License Fund"

(1) License fees for hotel restaurant and club liquor licenses

(2) License fees for retail lispensers' (malt and brewed beverages) licenses

(b) The moneys in the Liquor License Fund shall on the first days of February and August of each year be paid by the board to the respective municipalities in which the respective licensed places are situated in such amounts as represent the aggregate license fees collected from licenses in such municipalities during the preceding period

(c) The board shall have the power to appropriate moneys in the Liquor License Fund for the payment of claims for funds allowed and approved by the board for moneys paid into the Liquor License Fund because of the over-payment or overcharge on license fees In the event that the moneys in the Liquor License Fund have been distributed to the respective municipalities the board shall have the authority to deduct from the next semi-annual payment to the respective municipalities the amount of any over-payment previously refunded by the board to any person on account of an overcharge or overpayment on a license fee

Section 802 Moneys Paid Into the State Stores Fund for Use of the Commonwealth All moneys except fees to be paid into the Liquor License Fund as provided by the preceding section collected received or recovered under the provisions of this act for license fees permit fees filing fees and registration fees from forfeitures sales of forfeited property compromise penalties and sales of liquor and alcohol at the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores shall be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue into a special fund to be known as "The State Stores Fund"

All moneys in such fund shall be available for the purposes for which they are appropriated by law

Section 803 Alcohol Tax Moneys Paid Into General Fund All taxes collected or received by the board on sales of taxable alcohol under the provisions of this act shall be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue into the General Fund

ARTICLE IX

REPEALS

Section 901 Acts anl Parts of Acts Repealed The following acts and parts of acts and all amendments thereof are hereby repealed to the extent hereinafter specified

Section five of the act passed in one thousand seven hundred five (1 Sm L 25) entitled "An act to restrain people from labour on the first day of the week" absolutely

The act passed in one thousand seven hundred five (1 Sm L 43) entitled "An act for selling beer and ale by wine-measure" absolutely

The act passed the thirty-first day of May one thousand seven hundred eighteen (1 Sm L 104) entitled "An act empowering the justices to settle the prices of liquors in public houses and provendor for horses in public stables" absolutely

The act passed the twenty-sixth day of August one thousand seven hundred twenty-one (1 Sm L 126) entitled "A supplementary act to a law of this province entitled "An act that no public house or inn within this province be kept without license' " absolutely

Section twenty of the act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws 145) entitled "An act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" absolutely

The act approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (Pamphlet Laws 100) entitled "An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors" absolutely

Sections one two three and four of the act approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (Pamphlet Laws 286) entitled "An act to prevent the disturbance of meetings held for the purpose of religious worship" absolutely

The act approved the eight day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (Pamphlet Laws 91) entitled "An act altering the mode of issuing tavern licenses" absolutely

The act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (Pamphlet Laws 171) entitled "A supplement to the act entitled "An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors' passed the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen and for the prevention of fraud in the purchase or sale of flour or whiskey" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 133) entitled "An act to regulate inspections" absolutely

The act approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 244) entitled

"An act laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandize" in so far as it relates to wine or distilled liquors

Section two of the act approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (Pamphlet Laws 226) entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled "An act relative to habitual drunkards' " absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws 10) entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors' " absolutely

Section one of the act approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (Pamphlet Laws 247) entitled "An act more effectually to secure the collection of the revenue from tavern licenses and for other purposes" absolutely

The act approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty (Pamphlet Laws 352) entitled "An act to regulate inns and taverns" absolutely

The act approved the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-two (Pamphlet Laws 73) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to regulate inns and taverns' passed April seventh eighteen hundred and thirty" absolutely

Section one two three four five ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of the act approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws 117) entitled "An act relating to Inns Taverns and retailers of vinous and spirituous liquors" absolutely

Sections one hundred twenty-three one hundred twenty-four one hundred twenty-five one hundred twenty-six one hundred twenty-seven one hundred twenty-eight one hundred twenty-nine one hundred thirty one hundred thirty-one one hundred thirty-two one hundred thirty-three one hundred thirty-four one hundred thirty-five one hundred thirty-six one hundred thirty-seven one hundred thirty-eight one hundred thirty-nine and one hundred forty of the act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 384) entitled "An act relating to inspections" absolutely

Section sixty-six of the act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (Pamphlet Laws 589) entitled "An act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards" absolutely

Section twenty-two of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred forty (Pamphlet Laws 548) entitled "An act to erect the town of South Easton in the county of Northampton into a borough and for other purposes" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 121) entitled "An act supplementary to the various acts relating to Tavern Licenses" absolutely

Section forty-four of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (Pamphlet Laws 192) entitled "An act to appoint Commissioners to Re-survey and mark that portion of the county line which divides the township of Bristol in the county of Philadelphia from the township of Cheltenham in the county of Montgomery and for other purposes" absolutely

Section four of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (Pamphlet Laws 431) entitled "An act to authorize the voters of Mifflin county to decide the question of tavern license therein and to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks within specified limits in certain counties" absolutely

Sections twenty twenty-one twenty-two twent-three thirty-one thirty-two and thirty-three of he act approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 570) entitled "An act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the commonwealth" absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 657) entitled "An act to change the mode of granting tavern licenses in the city and county of Philadelphia" absolutely

Sections five six and eight of the act approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (Pamphlet Laws 634) entitled "An act regulating the hunting of deer in the county of Warren and relative to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Carbon Butler and Union authorizing the Philadelphia Germantown and Norristown railroad company to become stockholders in the Chester Valley Railroad Company relative to the sale of spirituous and vinous liquors in Washington county and to the licensing of inn-keepers in this commonwealth to the estate of John Claar deceased legitimating John Diffenbach of Lancaster county and authorizing the sale of the real estate of Darius Grimes of Fayette county deceased" absolutely

Section eight of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (Pamphlet Laws 569) entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Bear Mountain Railroad Company' and for other purposes passed July thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and forty-two and relative to roads streets and alleys in the borough of Pottsville in Schuylkill county to hawkers and pedders in Armstrong and Carbon counties to the Bethany and Dingman's choice turnpike road to the district of West Philadelphia to the bottling of cider and malt liquors licensing billard rooms and bowling saloons to the district of Moyamensing and to authorize Charles B. Mench to sell certain real estates" absolutely

Sections one two three six seven and eight of the act approved the eight day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (Pamphlet Laws 663) entitled "An act to protect certain domestic and private Rights and prevent abuses in the Sale and Use of Intoxicating Drinks" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-sixth day of January one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (Pamphlet Laws 53) entitled "An act to prevent the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors on the First Day of the Week commonly called Sunday" absolutely

Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five thirty thirty-two thirty-three and thirty-four of the act approved he thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (Pamphlet Laws 200) entitled "An act to regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors" absolutely

Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-three and twenty-four of the act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (Pamphlet Laws 365) entitled "A supplement to an act to Regulate the Sale of Intoxicating liquors approved the thirty-first of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (Pamphlet Laws 393) entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to the inspection of Liquors" absolutely

Section two of the act approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 167) entitled "An act relating to Trustees of Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania" absolutely

The act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 653) entitled "An act relating to the granting of Licenses to Hotel Inn or Tavern Keepers" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (Pamphlet Laws 346) entitled "An act to prevent Recovery for the Sale of Adulterated Liquors" absolutely

The act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (Pamphlet Laws 480) entitled "An act relating to the inspection of domestic distilled spirits" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 40)

entitled "A further supplement to an act to regulate the granting of licenses to hotels and eating houses approved March thirty-first one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 95) entitled "A supplement to an act 'An act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday' approved February twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five" absolutely

Sections two and four of the act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws 566) entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of mercantile appraisers in the city of Philadelphia defining the duties of the same and constituting a board of appeal" absolutely

Sections two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven and twelve of the act approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (Pamphlet Laws 40) entitled "An act to repeal an act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors and to restrain and regulate the sale of the same" absolutely

Section one of the act approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (Pamphlet Laws 48) entitled "An act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors and for the preservation of order at soldiers' encampments or re-unions" absolutely

The act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (Pamphlet Laws 43) entitled "An act to prevent the use of poisonous or deleterious drugs or chemicals or impure or injurious materials or those prejudicial to the public health in the brewing or manufacture of ale beer or other malt liquors or in the fermentation distillation or manufacture of any vinous or spirituous liquors and to provide for the punishment of any persons using the same" absolutely

The act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (Pamphlet Laws 162) entitled "An act to prohibit the granting of a license for the sale of liquors to proprietors lessees keepers or managers of theaters or other places of amusement" absolutely

Section four of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws 27) entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to protect children from neglect and cruelty and relating to their employment protection and adoption' approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine providing for the further protection of minors and regulating the boarding and maintaining of infant children for hire" in so far as it relates to premises for which a hotel restaurant or club liquor license or a retail dispenser's license is held

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 194) entitled "An act providing for the licensing of wholesale dealers in intoxicating liquors" absolutely

The act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (Pamphlet Laws 173) entitled "An act to permit the growers of grapes in this Commonwealth to manufacture wine from grapes of their own raising that are not first-class or marketable and sell such wine to licensed dealers without taking out or paying a license for such manufacture or sale" absolutely

The act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (Pamphlet Laws 257) entitled "An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by wholesale" absolutely

The act approved the twentieth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws 474) entitled "An act authorizing distillers of spirituous or vinous liquors to sell such liquors of their own manufacture in original packages of not less than forty gallons without being required to take out a license as is now required by existing laws" absolutely

Section one of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 93) entitled "An act relating to the prosecutions of licensed dealers and their employes on the charge of furnishing intoxicating liquors to minors and prescribing the penalty therefor" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 176) entitled "An act providing that the manufacturers who shall pay a certain sum annually into the Treasury of the Commonwealth shall sell only malt or brewed liquors of their own manufacture to dealers only who have been licensed by the court" absolutely

The act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 464) entitled "An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" absolutely

Section one of the act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (Pamphlet Laws 162) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof' approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" absolutely

The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (Pamphlet Laws 572) entitled "An act authorizing the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth to grant licenses to sell intoxicating liquors at retail wholesale or by brewers for a longer or shorter period than one year in certain cases but only for the purpose of changing the date from which annual licenses shall thereafter run and take effect" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 257) entitled "An act to amend the second section of an act entitled 'An act to protect certain domestic and private rights and prevent abuses in the sale and use of intoxicating drinks' approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four in relation to the penalties and fines therein prescribed and giving the court discretionary power in relation thereto" absolutely

Section one of the act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 259) entitled "An act providing for the payment of liquor license money to school districts in townships in which the roads shall be made and repaired by taxpayers pursuant to the act of twelfth of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and its supplements" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 265) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof' approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 317) entitled "An act amending section three of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers whosesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders store-keepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases an by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors' approved the thirtieth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by providing that in counties having a population of more than five hundred thousand (500,000) and less than one million (1,000,000) the cost of publishing the list of applicants for liquor licenses shall be paid out of the general funds of the county and not deducted from the fees paid

by such applicants for expenses connected therewith" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 38) entitled "An act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors' approved the thirtieth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by changing the time when the treasurers of the respective counties shall pay all license funds to the State Treasurer and to the treasurers of the respective municipalities" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 122) entitled "An act authorizing licensed wholesale liquor sellers and dealers to purchase vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors in kegs barrels or otherwise in bulk and to transfer the same into bottles or smaller packages and to sell the same in such bottles or smaller packages in certain quantities and fixing the annual license fee of such dealers in cities of the first class second class third class and in boroughs and townships" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 307) entitled "An act regulating the payment of retail liquor license fees in this Commonwealth" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (Pamphlet Laws 136) entitled "An act regulating the payment of brewers' wholesale and bottlers' license fees in this Commonwealth" absolutely

The act approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 32) entitled "An act permitting any wholesale or retail licensed liquor dealer or bottler to keep such licensed place of business open during the pendency of any application for transfer of license" absolutely

The act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 203) entitled "An act to provide and fix fees and compensation to be received by constables in this Commonwealth for visiting places where liquors are sold or kept" absolutely

The act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pampqhlet Laws 490) entitled "An act prohibiting the offering or giving of premium by any person, partnership or corporation licensed to sell vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors at wholesale or retail for the return of caps stoppers corks stamps or labels taken from any bottle case keg barrel or package containing such vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors and providing a penalty for the violation thereof" absolutely

Section one of the act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 914) entitled "An act authorizing any person firm or corporation owning or operating distilleries producing only denatured alcohol for industrial purposes and not for use as a beverage or for medicinal purposes to operate such distillery without a license regulating the taxation of such corporations requiring certain reports to be made to the Auditor General and providing penalties" in so far as it exempts any person firm or corporation owning or operating a distillery from the necessity of obtaining a license under the provisions of this act to operate such distillery

The act approved the seventeenth day of July one thousand nine hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws 1020) entitled "An act amending an act entitled 'An act prohibiting the offering or giving of premium by any person partnership or corporation licensed to sell vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors at wholesale or retail for the return of caps stoppers corks stamps or labels taken from any bottle case keg barrel or package containing such vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors and providing a penalty for the violation thereof' approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen prohibiting the offer or gifts or premiums or presents as an inducement for the purchase of liquors or for any other purpose" absolutely

The act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws 1071) entitled "An act amending section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled 'An act to provide and fix fees and compensation to be received by constables in this Commonwealth for visiting places where liquors are sold or kept'" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-sixth day of February one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 9) entitled "An act to amend section one of an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 464) entitled 'An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors'" absolutely

The act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 167) entitled "An act providing for the refunding of liquor license fees and additional taxes to wholesale and retail dealers brewers distillers rectifiers compounders bottlers agents and other persons prevented from engaging in business by order or regulation of the President or Secretary of War providing for the return of the proportions thereof paid to municipalities and the Commonwealth and making an appropriation" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 673) entitled "An act permitting wholesale or retail dealers brewers distillers rectifiers compounders bottlers agents or other persons licensed to deal in or sell any vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors to surrender licenses heretofore granted and issued authorizing county treasurers to refund a proportionate amount of the annual license fee and additional license tax where such licenses have been surrendered or where the licensees have been prevented from selling thereunder by any State or Federal laws or regulation and requiring the State Treasurer and the municipalities to contribute to the amount so refunded and making an appropriation" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 1069) entitled "An act to provide for the manufacture or distillation and sale of ethyl alcohol for medicinal scientific mechanical commercial and other lawful purposes and the issuance of licenses therefor and providing a penalty for violation of the provisions hereof" absolutely

Section forty-two of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 869) entitled "An act providing for the organization government discipline maintenance and regulation of the armed land forces of this Commonwealth" in so far as it relates to liquor or malt or brewed beverages.

The act approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws 34) entitled 'An act concerning alcoholic liquors prohibiting the manufacture advertising furnishing traffic in and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and articles and substances designed or intended for use in the manufacture thereof defining intoxicating liquor providing for penalties forfeitures and the abatement of nuisances and repealing existing alcoholic liquor laws and alcoholic liquor license laws' providing for the registering of federal permits also

regulating under permit through a Pennsylvania Alcohol Permit Board created in the Department of Welfare the manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture denaturization redistillation recovery reuse holding in bond holding in storage by bailees for hire sale at wholesale and transportation for hire of any alcohol or alcoholic liquid by certain persons also providing for fees and the disposition thereof also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol or alcoholic liquid also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement also providing penalties and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" absolutely

The act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252) entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt brewed and vinous and fruit juice beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon county treasurers the Department of Revenue quarter sessions courts district attorneys proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 13 (1933-34)) entitled "An act creating an independent administrative board to be known as the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 (1933-34)) entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the sale importation and use of certain alcoholic beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of license fees and imposing penalties" absolutely

The act approved the eighth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 57 (1933-34)) entitled "An act to amend the title and certain sections of the act approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16) entitled 'A supplement to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws 34) entitled "An act concerning alcoholic liquors prohibiting the manufacturing advertising furnishing traffic in and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and articles and substances designed or intended for use in the manufacture thereof defining intoxicating liquor providing for penalties forfeitures and the abatement of nuiances and repealing existing alcoholic liquor laws and alcoholic liquor license laws' providing for the registering of Federal permits also regulating under permit through a Pennsylvania Alcohol Permit Board created in the Department of Welfare the manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture denaturization redistillation recovery reuse holding in bond holding in storage by bailees for hire sale at wholesale and transportation for hire of any alcohol or alcoholic liquid by certain persons also providing for fees and the disposition thereof also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol or alcoholic liquid also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for the abatement also providing penalties and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" by providing that the act shall be administered by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board making the act consistent with the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment changing definitions and exemptions bringing rectifiers and blenders within the act allowing appeals to the courts providing for the abatement of nuisances and increasing fees" absolutely

The act approved the twentieth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 75 (1933-34)) entitled "An act to amend the title and certain sections of the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Act number 92) entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt brewed and vinous and fruit juice beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof destricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of electors to prevent the licensing therein if places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon county treasurers the Department of Revenue quarter sessions courts district attorney proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' by limiting the provisions of the act to malt liquors as defined therein and clarifying certain provisions of the act" absolutely

The act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1217) entitled "An act to reenact and amend the title and the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252) entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed and vinous and fruit juice beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon county treasurers the Department of Revenue quarter sessions courts district attorneys proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' as amended by providing for the issue by the county treasurer of retail dispensers' licenses and by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board of distributors' importing distributors' and manufacturers' licenses regulating the business of manufacturers of malt and brewd beverages and providing for the issue of public service licenses and special permits relating to entertainment and transportation for hire by said board changing fixing and providing for the fixing of permit and license fees and providing for the disposition thereof providing for the abatement of nuisances providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses by the court of quarter sessions and the board further regulating the manufacture sale transportation and traffic in malt and brewed beverages prescribing penalties and repealing inconsistent acts" absolutely

The act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1246) entitled "An act to reenact and amend the title and the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 (1933-34)) entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale importation and use of certain alcoholic beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on the premises forbidding importation or

bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connections with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others making disposition of the receipts from State Stores and of license fees and imposing penalties' by extending the provisions of said act to the manufacture and possession of alcohol alcoholic beverages and malt or brewed beverages permitting licensees to sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off premises providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses by the board and the court of quarter sessions and conferring additional powers and imposing additional duties on the board incluling power to fix the form and capacity of packages and containers and the duty to require certain manufacturers and other persons to secure permit and pay permit fees conferring power on agents of the board to arrest on view without warrant and to confiscate property unlawfully used and providing for the destruction and disposition thereof providing for the disposition of license and filing fees providing that fines and penalties collected shall be for the use of counties legalizing the home manufacture and possession of wine extending the civil service provisions of this act further regulating the manufacture sale and traffic in alcohol alcoholic beverages and malt and brewed beverages prescribing penalties and repealing existing laws" absolutely

The act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1283) entitled "An act to amend clause (i) and (1) of section two and section three of the act approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand nine hundred and twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16) entitled as amended 'An act regulating under permit through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board the manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture denaturization redistillation rectification blending recovery reuse holding in bond holding in storage by bailees for hire and transportation for hire of any alcohol alcoholic liquid or alcoholic beverage by certain persons requiring the registration of Federal permits also proviling for fees and the disposition thereof and for appeals to the courts also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol alcoholic liquid and alcoholic beverages also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement also providing penalties and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act' as amended further defining distilleries and wineries and and providing for the licensure and rights of manufacturers of wine" absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1762) entitled "An act to reenact and further amend the title and the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 (1933-34)) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State Stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' further regulating the manufacture sale importation use and traffic in liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages conferring adlitional powers and imposing additional duties on the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board further regulating those licensed under this act imposing additional filing fees and increasing fees for certain permits and providing for the disposition thereof further regulating the establishment of State liquor stores and the employment and use of personnel by the board regulating and providing the procedure for the grating transfer revocation and suspension of licensese and for compromises in certain cases and the disposition of moneys arising therefrom providing for the forfeiture of certain property regulating the jurisdiction of courts and local option procedure prohibiting certain interlocking business and providing penalties" absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred therity-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1811) entitled "An act to reenact and amend the act approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16) entitled as amended 'An act regulating under permit through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board the manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture denaturization redistillation rectification blending recovery reuse holding in bond holding in storage by bailees for hire and transportation for hire of any alcohol alcoholic liquid or alcoholic beverage by certain persons requiring the registration of Federal permits also providing for fees and the disposition thereof and for appeals to the courts also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol alcoholic liquid and alcoholic beverages also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement also providing penalties and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act' further regulating the manufacture sale use and traffic in alcohol and alcoholic liquids conferring additional powers and imposing additional duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board further regulating those licensed under this act imposing filing fees changing the method of calculating certain license fees providing for the use of the word "license" instead of "permit" regulating and providing the procedure for the granting suspension and revocation of licenses and for compromises in certain cases providing for the disposition of fees compromise penalties and forfeitures regulating the jurisdiction of courts and providing penalties" absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1827) entitled "An act to reenact and further amend the title and the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon county treasurers the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions courts district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' defining and further defining and regulating licensees application for licenses and sales by licensees and fixing fees for amusement permits regulating the granting suspension revocation and transfer of licenses and the procedure therefor and conferring jurisdiction on certain courts providing for the granting of licenses by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board instead of the county treasurer and prescribing the powers and duties of said board providing for compromises where licenses are suspended and for the disposition of application license permit fees forfeitures and penalties and providing penalties" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2073) entitled "An act to amend section five of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (One thousand nine hundred thirty-three one thousand nine hundred thirty-four P. L. 13) entitled 'An act creating an independent administrative

board to be known as the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board' by making further provision with respect to the fidelity bonds of the members secretary and employes of the board" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 764) entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the sale purchase exchange pledge and dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificate for whiskey or any other potable distilled spirits except ethyl alcohol conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board authorizing the granting of permits and registration of agents to deal in such certificates and the suspension and revocation of such permits and registration of agents providing for hearings and appeals to the court of common pleas forbidding transaction in such certificates in this State except as herein provided prescribing and imposing penalties and providing for the disposition of filing registration and permit fees" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 802) entitled "An act to further amend clause (a) of section four hundred and seven of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State Stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' changing the fees for hotel and restaurant liquor licenses in certain cases" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 804) entitled "An act to amend clause (e) of section six hundred and nine of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' as reenacted and amended permitting hotel restaurant and club licensees to own land but not the buildings thereon where such land is leased and the buildings owned by a holder of a retail dispenser's license under the beverage license law" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 806) entitled "An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor malt or brewed beverages or malt and brewed beverages to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board defining hotels and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities" except insofar as the provisions of section one as amended shall apply to hotel licenses granted prior to the first day of September one thousand nine hundred forty-nine or granted on any application made and pending prior to said date or to any renewal or transfer of such licenses or to hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date

The act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 408) entitled "An act relative to the employment of females in hotels taverns saloons and eating houses for the mixing or sale of alcoholic drinks and the penalty for violation thereof" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 480) entitled "An act to further amend section two of the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions courts district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' by permitting clubs to waive or reduce or pay dues payable by members in military service" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 483) entitled "An act to further amend section two of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales of practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by permitting clubs to waive or reduce or pay dues payable by members in military service" absolutely

The act approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 60) entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred ten of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 15 one thousand nine hundred thirty-three and thirty-four) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided pro-

hibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by postponing the time for the taking effect of orders of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board suspending or revoking licenses for a period of twenty days during which time the licensee may take an appeal" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 332) entitled "An act to further amend subsection fourteen of section six hundred two of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales of practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' exempting certain coin operated motion picture machines from provisions of the act requiring special permits" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 374) entitled "An act to further amend section sixteen of the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and township by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions courts district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' by providing for the surrender by persons in military service of licenses granted to them the renewal thereof by the board during the licensee's continuance in such service and the renewal thereof thereafter" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 401) entitled "An act to amend section four hundred nine of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposisng penalties' by providing for the surrendering by persons in military service of licenses granted to them the renewal thereof by the board during licensee's continuance in such service and the renewal thereof thereafter" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 403) entitled "An act to further amend section two three hundred five section six hundred two and section six hundred three of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by defining "Official Seal" authorizing the designation of wholesale or retail stores authorizing the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board to adopt and enforce rules and regulations to insure the equitable wholesale and retail sale and distribution of liquor and alcohol through the Pennsylvania liquor stores during times of shortage and making it unlawful to violate any such rules and regulations" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 688) entitled "An act to further amend sections four hundred four and four hundred ten of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' conferring jurisdiction on the county court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals from the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 694) entitled "An act to further amend sections seven and thirteen of the act approved the third day of Many one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such

beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions courts district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' conferring jurisdiction on the county court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals from the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 287) entitled "An act providing that the statement of registration issued to electors and his signed declaration of age shall be sufficient proof of age for the purchase of alcoholic beverages prohibiting transfers thereof and false statements imposing penalties and saving from prosecution licenses serving holders of such statements making such declarations" absolutely

The act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P L 481) entitled "An act to further amend section five of the act approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (P. L. 16) entitled as amended 'An act regulating under permit through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board the manufacture production distillation development use in manufacture denaturization redistillation rectification blending recovery reuse holding in bond holding in storage by bailees for hire and transportation for hire of any alcohol liquid or alcoholic beverage by certain persons requiring the registration of Federal permits also providing for fees and the disposition thereof and for appeals to the courts also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol alcoholic liquid and alcoholic beverages also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement also providing penalties and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act' by exempting scheduled common carriers by air of mail and passengers from license requirement" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 764) entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred twelve and subsections (9) and (10) of section six hundred two of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholc and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales of practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by further regulating advertisements allowed on and about licensed premises and increasing the quantity of malt or brewed beverages which may be sold in a single sale by certain licensees for consumption off premises" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 769) entitled "An act to further amend the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townshps by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions courts district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' by providing the quantity of malt or brewed beverages to be sold by any manufacturer distributor importing distributor or retail dispenser further regulating advertisements allowed on and about licensed premises" absolutely

The act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 896) entitled "An act to further amend subsection fourteen of section six hundred two of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State Government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by exempting television exhibitions from provisions of the act requiring special permits" absolutely

The act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 964) entitled "An act to amend section one of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 806) entitled 'An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor malt or brewed beverages or malt and brewed beverages to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board defining hotels and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities' changing the requirements necessary for a hotel to qualify under said act" except in so far as it shall apply to hotel licenses granted prior to September first one thousand nine hundred forty-nine or granted on any application made and pending prior to said date or to any renewal or transfer of such licenses or to hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date.

The act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1482) entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred fifteen of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-34) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by permitting holders of importers licenses to sell liquor when in original containers of ten

gallons or greater capacity to licensed manufacturers within this Commonwealth" absolutely

The act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1546, entitled "An act to amend the act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages as herein defined providing for the licensing of the manufacture transportation sale and distribution of such beverages imposing license and permit fees and providing for collection and distribution thereof restricting ownership and interest in licensed places permitting municipalities and townships by vote of the electors to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises and regulating elections for this purpose imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board quarter sessions court district attorneys the Department of Justice proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State and election officers providing penalties and repealing existing acts' by further defining the parties who may appeal and the powers of courts in certain appeals from the board and providing for certain appeals to the Superior Court" absolutely

The act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty nine (P. L. 1551) entitled "An act to amend the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15 1933-1934) entitled as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture possession transportation importation traffic in and use of alcohol and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents the Department of Public Instruction other officers of the State government courts and district attorneys authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises and the granting of licenses subject to local option to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided prohibiting certain sales or practices in connection with and transactions in such beverages by licenses and others providing for the forfeiture of certain property making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees and imposing penalties' by further defining the parties who may appeal and the powers of courts in certain appeals from the board and providing for certain appeals to the Superior Court" absolutely

Section 902 General Repeal Clause All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is always a pleasure, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Allegheny, is it the consensus of the caucus that there will be no amendments accepted for this bill also?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I do not want to avoid the question. We discussed this matter with the Chairman of the Law and Order Committee so that we would be properly guided in the interpretation of this somewhat voluminous statute, and I am advised by Senator Letzler that this bill is just a compilation or codification of the existing law without any new matter whatsoever.

Therefore, Mr. President, we would rather not have this code amended at this point. I think that is a correct interpretation of the situation, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, the amendment I intended to offer is composed of only one line and the purpose of the amendment is to do by law that which was done by custom until Governor Arthur James became Governor. The custom was followed by both the Republican and Democratic Governors in that it provided for minority representation upon the Liquor Control Board. However, because of the political setup under Governor James, the Minority was deprived of its representation, and may I say to you Members of the Senate that although we are the minority numerically here in the Senate of Pennsylvania, there are twenty Democratic Senators here, but they represent over fifty-two per cent of the people in Pennsylvania, and although we may be the voting minority in the Senate, in reality we represent more people in Pennsylvania than the thirty Republican Senators because of the past performances of the committees that have gerrymandered the Legislative and Senatorial Districts. We find ourselves with the majority vote in the State but a minority vote in the Senate. I feel, with the majority vote in the State, that it is imperative to good government to have minority representation on a board such as the Liquor Control Board. However, the only way that I can present this amendment is by unanimous consent. I see nothing wrong with it and I do not think that any decent citizen sees anything wrong with a principle that was set up under Governor Pinchot and followed by Governor Earle.

Mr. President, I think that it is a good principle of government and I would like to present this amendment, and ask unanimous consent to present the amendment at this time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have absolutely no objection to the presentation of the amendment by the gentleman from Westmoreland for consideration. I appreciate the fact that it is only one line, but I want to warn the gentleman from Westmoreland that even the change of one little word from "no" to "yes" can cause an awful lot of trouble.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I agree and if they would change that word on the other side more often, we would get better legislation.

Mr. President, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, am I to understand then that there will be thirty votes against the amendment?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I cannot answer that. I have no objection to it being considered. I am assuming that the gentlemen of the Senate will exercise their own intelligent conclusions on that.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, that is what I am waiting for.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend Senate Bill 12, Printer's No. 8, page 25, Section 201 by inserting in line 15 after the word "Senate" and before the word "of" in said line the following: "not more

than two of whom shall be members of the same political party."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I might say that due to certain convictions I propose to vote "no" on this amendment. I am not asking anybody to follow me on it.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

MOTION THAT AMENDMENT BE ADOPTED

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I move that the amendment to Senate Bill No. 12 be adopted.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

(A voice vote having been taken the question was determined in the negative.)

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, as follows:

An Act to amend Sections 31 and 32 of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427) entitled "An act to Consolidate Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings" by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Sections 31 and 32 of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427) entitled "An act to Consolidate Revise and Amend the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 31 The courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery shall have power

I To inquire by the oaths and affirmations of good and lawful men of the county of all crimes committed or triable in such county

II To hear determine and punish the same and to deliver the jails of such county of all prisoners therein according to law

III To try indictments founds in the quarter sessions and certified by the said court according to law and the said courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction and power to try and punish all persons charged with any of the crimes herein enumerated which shall be committed within the respective county to wit

1 All persons charged with any murder [or manslaughter] voluntary manslaughter or other homicide except involuntary manslaughter when such crime is the only homicide with which a person is charged and all persons charged with being accessory to any such crime

2 All persons charged with treason against the Commonwealth

3 All persons charged with sodomy buggery rape or robbery their counsellors aiders and abettors

4 All persons charged with the crime of voluntarily and maliciously burning any building or other thing made punishable in the same manner as arson

5 All persons charged with mayhem or with the crime of cutting off the tongue putting out the eye slitting the nose cutting off the nose outting off a lip cutting off or disabling any limb or member of a person by lying in wait or with malice aforethought and with intent in so doing to maim or disfigure such person and their aiders and abettors and counsellors

6 All persons charged with burglary

7 Every woman who shall be charged with having endeavored privately either by herself or the procurement of others to conceal the death of any issue of her body male or female which if it were born alive would be by law a bastard so that it may not be known whether such issue was born dead or alive or whether it was murdered or not

8 All persons charged with the second or any subsequent offence of receiving harboring or concealing any robber burglar felon or thief or with the crime of receiving or buying any goods or chattels which shall have been feloniously taken or stolen knowing the same to be so taken or stolen

Section 32 The courts of quarter sessions of the peace shall have jurisdiction and power within the respective counties

I To inquire by the oaths or affirmations of good and lawful men of the county of all crimes misdemeanors and offences whatsoever against the laws of this Commonwealth which shall be triable in the respective county

II To inquire of hear determine and punish in due form of law all such crimes and misdemeanors including involuntary manslaughter when such crime is the only homicide with which a person is charged and offences whereof exclusive jurisdiction is not given as aforesaid to the courts of oyer and terminer of such county

III To take in the name of the Commonwealth all manner of recognizances and obligations heretofore taken and allowed to be taken by any justice of the peace and they shall certify such as shall be taken in relation to any crime not triable therein to the next court of oyer and terminer having power to take cognizance thereof

IV To continue or discharge the recognizance and obligations or persons bound to keep the peace or to be of good behaviour taken as aforesaid or certified into such court by any justice of the peace of such county and to inquire of hear and determine in the manner hitherto practiced and allowed all complaints which shall be found thereon

V The courts of Quarter Sessions shall also have jurisdiction in cases of fines penalties or punishments imposed by any act of assembly for offences misdemeanors or delinquencies except where it shall be otherwise expressly provided and enacted

VI The said courts shall also have and exercise such other jurisdiction and powers not herein enumerated as may have been heretofore given to them by law

Whenever any indictment shall be found in any court of quarter sessions for any crime or offence not triable therein it shall be the duty of said court to certify the same into the court of oyer and terminer next to be holden in such county there to be heard and determined in due course of law

The judges of the county courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions and every of them shall have power to direct their writs or precepts to all or any of the sheriffs or other officers of any of the counties cities boroughs or towns corporate of this Commonwealth to arrest and bring before them persons indicted for felonies and other offences and amenable to the respective court each of said courts shall have power to award process to levy and recover such fines forfeitures and amercements as shall be imposed taxed or adjudged by them respectively each of the said courts shall have full power and authority to establish such rules for regulating the practice thereof respectively and for expediting the determination of suits causes and proceedings therein as in their discretion they shall judge necessary or proper provided that such rules shall not be inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth each of the said courts is empowered to issue writs of subpoena under their official seal into any county of this Commonwealth to summon and bring before the respective court any person to give testimony in any clause or matter depending before them under the penalties hitherto appointed and allowed in any such case by the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448) entitled "An act relating to fish and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth" by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 30 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448) entitled "An act relating to fish and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth" as last amended by the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 834) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 30 Legal Sizes No person shall have in possession except as in this article otherwise provided any

(a) Charr commonly called brook trout or any species of trout except lake trout less than six inches in length

(b) Black bass or small mouth bass or large mouth bass otherwise called Oswego green or yellow bass less than nine inches in length

(c) Pike-perch otherwise called wall-eyed pike or Susquehanna salmon less than twelve inches in length.

(d) Pickered less than [twelve] fifteen inches in length

(e) [Muscallonge] Muskellunge western and northern pike less than twenty-two inches in length

(f) Rockfish or striped-bass less than twenty inches in length

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McMenamin.		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, as follows:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects and for the other purposes" approved August ninth one thousand nine hundred and fifty and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvaia Fish Commission

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby assents to the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects and for other purposes" approved August ninth one thousand nine hundred and fifty (Public No 681 81st Congress) and the Pennsylvania Fish Commission is hereby authorized empowered and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative fish restoration projects as defined in said act of Congress in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of the Interior thereunder.

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 714 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating ant changing the law relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 714 Transporting Big Game It is unlawful for any person or for any common carrier or his or its agents to ship or transport big game of any kind unless the carcass shall in all instances have attached thereto a card or marker bearing in English the name and address of the owner his license and county number if the license bears such number with the name of the county wherein the same was killed

It is unlawful for any person to cut up big game and ship [transport carry or convey] any part thereof or for any common carrier or his or its agent to transport any such part unless each division thereof shipped uncovered or each package container or baggage of every description containing any part of such game shall have attached a card or marker bearing in English the name of the owner of such game with his home address his license and county number if the license bears such number and the character of the contents of such package so that such contents may be determined by an outside inspection thereof

Any individual may possess trransport carry or convey an unmarked part of a big game carcass that has been cut up but such person shall upon request of any game protector or his deputy furnish the name and address of the person killing the big game animal and any other information required to properly establish legal possession in such person

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 45, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by prohibiting certain acts relating to hunting trapping and the discharge of weapons in cemeteries and burial grounds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, enttiled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 239, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled, "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 240, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled, "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 241, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled, "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

MOTION TO READ BILLS FOR THE FIRST TIME

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I object to that motion.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I interrogate the gentleman from Washington?

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Lane, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LANE. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, do I understand that the gentleman from Washington is desirous of having the bills appear on the first reading calendar tomorrow?

Mr. LANE. Yes, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The bill will appear on tomorrow's First Reading Calendar.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 7, 1951.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 7:26 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, March 7, 1951, at 9:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, March 6, 1951

The House met at 12:00 noon.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

O Thou Who art the life of all that lives, the strength of the weak, and the hope of those that be cast down, inform our minds with Thy truth, we beseech Thee, and enlarge our hearts with righteousness; strengthen our wills that they may choose the good, and refuse the evil; help us to bear each other's burdens, to forgive one another's faults, and to forbear with every defect of judgment, and of temper in those with whom we live and work, and who daily help us, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, March 5, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 513.

An Act to amend section 2 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1340) entitled "An act relating to the financial responsibility of operators and owners of motor vehicles; and to make unifor mthe law with reference thereto; requiring owners and operators in certain cases to furnish proof of financial responsibility; providing for the suspension of operator's licenses and motor vehicle registration certificates in certain cases; regulating insurance policies which may be accepted as proof of financial responsibility; imposing duties upon the Secretary of Revenue; the State Treasurer and prothonotaries; and prescribing penalties," by providing that certain appeals may be taken to the court of common pleas of the county in which the aggrieved person resides.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 514.

An Act to amend the act, approved the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 298) entitled "An act authorizing the creation of, and providing for, and regulating the maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fourth class, imposing certain charges on counties, and fixing penalties," by further providing for the retirement of county employes upon completing twenty years of total service and attaining fifty years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. GEER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 515.

An Act to further amend subsection (c) of section three hundred twenty of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by further regulating retirement benefits of county employes in counties of the second class, heretofore or hereafter entering the military service of the United States and payments by the county of the employes contribution to the county employes' retirement fund and authorizing such counties and county institution district to make additional appropriations therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. REAGAN. HOUSE BILL No. 516.

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate on certain contracts between the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and Authorities.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. GOODLING and PITZER. HOUSE BILL No. 517.

An Act creating the Pennsylvania State Apple Board and defining its powers and duties, providing for the registration and regulation of persons engaged in the growing, producing and harvesting of apples for profit and prescribing fees therefor, prescribing penalties, creating a special fund in the State Treasury to be known as the Apple Promotion Fund and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. VERONA. HOUSE BILL No. 518.

An Act prohibiting the sale or serving of liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any uniformed enforcement officer, fireman or policeman of the Commonwealth, or of any political subdivision thereof, and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. VERONA and PAUL F. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 519.

An Act to amend Section 10 of the act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 926), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health by regulating the conduct and operation of public eating and drinking places within this Commonwealth; requiring their licensing; imposing certain duties on the Department of Health of this Commonwealth and on local health authorities; and providing penalties," by requiring toilets and water-closets to be not less than twenty-five feet from the bar in any drinking place.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. VERONA and PAUL F. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 520.

An Act requiring that all hotel windows shall be equipped with suitable screens or guards as a safety measure; and prescribing penalties for violations.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. MADDEN. HOUSE BILL No. 521.

An Act to further amend Section 12 of the act, approved the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 758), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health by regulating the possession, control, dealing in, giving away, delivery, dispensing, administering, prescribing, and use of certain drugs, and keeping records thereof; by regulating the use of drugs in the treatment of the drug habit; by providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses of physicians, dentists, veterinarians, pharmacists, druggists, and registered nurses for certain causes, and by providing for the enforcement of this act, an dpenalties," by increasing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUS EBILL No. 522.

An Act to further amend Section 3 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 129), entitled "An act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund, to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same," by providing for the refund of contributions upon the death of any pensioner when such contributions exceed beneficiary payments made to such pensioner.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 523.

An Act providing for the compulsory attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books papers records and other evidence before the administrative departments boards and commissions of the Commonwealth and their subordinate units and conferring jurisdiction upon the several courts of common pleas and repealing inconsistent acts

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. ROBERT K. HAMILTON and GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 524.

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions; permitting defendants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the ground that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. MORAN (by request). HOUSE BILL No. 525.

An Act to further amend Section 303 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by providing that a nonresident's hunting license shall be invalid for hunting during the first week of any deer season.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. PENGLASE. HOUSE BILL No. 526.

An Act to further amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 566), entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof, and out of the treasury of said cities; and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by providing for the refund of contributions upon the death of any pensioner when such contributions exceed beneficiary payments made to such pensioner.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. SARRAF and KAMYK. HOUSE BILL No. 527.

An Act providing for the protection of the public safety by prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale at retail and the use of air rifles; defining air rifles; authorizing cities, boroughs, and townships to issue permits for licensing, an dto regulate target ranges; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania State Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. SARRAF, SCHMIDT and PAUL F. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 528.

An Act to amend clause (4) of section 2501 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further providing for minimum subsidies in school districts of the first class A.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GUTENDORF. HOUSE BILL No. 529.

An Act requiring State-aided hospitals to make provisions fo rthe emergency treatment of alcoholics; exceptions and character of treatment.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. HARRY W. PRICE, Jr. HOUSE BILL No. 530.

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles; tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing the operation or movement of ambulances and police vehicles with a red light displayed to the front thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 531.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 344, No. 284), entitled "An act relating to husband and wife, enlarging her capacity to acquire and dispose of property, to sue and be sued, and to make a last will, and enabling them to sue and to testify against each other in certain cases," clarifying the prohibition against a married woman's right to sell real estate without the joinder of her husband.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 532.

An Act to reenact Section 802 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 289), entitled "An act relating to nonprofit corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon them and their officers and members; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the first class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which

foreign nonprofit corporations may be admitted or may continue to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, prothonotaries of such courts, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain local public officers and State departments to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," relating to approval of joint plans of merger or consolidation of nonprofit corporations by the members thereof, in order to clarify effect of prior amendments.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. BUCCHIN. HOUSE BILL No. 533.

An Act providing for and legalizing a State monopoly for the regulation of horse racing with wagering on the results thereof, subject to a State tax and under the mutuel or pari-mutuel system; creating the Pennsylvania Racing Commission as an independent administrative commission and defining the powers and duties of the commission; providing for the establishment and operation of State racing plants, subject to local option by the commission and for their construction by the General State Authority; disposing of all moneys received by the commission; making an appropriation; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. BREISCH. HOUSE BILL No. 534.

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approve the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the provisions relating to admission of beginners.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GLEASON. HOUSE BILL No. 535.

An Act to further amend section 701 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by eliminating certain restrictions on the possession of game and other birds and animals.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 536.

An Act relating to the sale, disposition of, and control through licensing and otherwise, of prophylactics.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. LOVETT. HOUSE BILL No. 537.

An Act to add Section 1605.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring boards of school directors of high schools to make available to high school students courses in practical nursing.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. HAROLD G. MILLER and BANKER. HOUSE BILL No. 538.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. McCONNELL and YOUNG. HOUSE BILL No. 539.

An Act requiring approval of the interested electorate to initiate housing projects.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and HELM (by request). HOUSE BILL No. 540.

An Act to further amend Section 615 of the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgeses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for mandatory suspension of operating privileges in cases involving reckless driving or speed violations.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. LIGHT, SWOPE, BREISCH and BEAVER. HOUSE BILL No. 541.

An Act to further amend Section 511 and Section 610 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1005), entitled "An act relating to and regulating tractors and trailers and their operation; providing for their registration, and the licensing of certain operators by the Oepartment of Revenue upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of tractors and trailers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, and townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of tractors and trailers; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation, and providing for refunds," by extending the time and increas-

ing the fees for the issuance of special hauling and excessive size permits and increasing size for which permits may be issued.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. HOGGARD, PETTIGREW, GRANVILLE E. JONES, and SCHMIDT, Mrs. MONROE, Mrs. VARALLO, Messrs. PAUL F. JONES and VERONA and Mrs. COYLE. HOUSE BILL No. 542.

An Act prohibiting certain practices of discrimination by employers, employment agencies, labor organizations, and others, as herein defined, because of race, color, religious creed, ancestry, or national origin; creating the Pennsylvania Fair Employment Practice Commission; defining its functions, powers and duties; providing for the procedure and enforcement; providing for formulation of an educational program to prevent prejudice; providing for judicial review and enforcement; imposing penalties; and making appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. MORAN and BEECH. HOUSE BILL No. 543.

An Act to amend Section 321 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for compensation for school directors.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. FLACK. HOUSE BILL No. 544.

An Act to add subsection (e) to section 306 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except for the first and second class and second class A, borough town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second Class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and ajudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims; the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemptinn of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture of certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens of such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustes at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by providing that tax collectors shall be entitled to a commission on taxes returned to the county bureau and collected under said act.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 545.

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302, of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by providing that employers reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes.

Referred to the Committee on Workmens' Compensation.

By Mr. WESTRICK. HOUSE BILL No. 546.

An Act to further amend Section 11 of the act, approved the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 298), entitled "An act authorizing the creation of, and providing for, and regulating the maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fourth class, imposing certain charges on counties, and fixing penalties," by extending service allowance to include certain periods of employment.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. VARNER. HOUSE BILL No. 547.

An Act to amend section 1515 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring regular courses of instruction in constitutional law, and government in public, private and parochial schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. McNALLY and FENRICH. HOUSE BILL No. 548.

An Act to amend Subsection (c) of Section 823, and to add Section 823.1 and 823.2 to the act, approved, the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims, registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject mater of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admisible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing that certificates of inspection shall contain a description of the vehicle including the manufacturer's serial number and providing penalties for counterfeiting, theft, removal or transfer of certificates of inspection.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. MORAN and MIKULA.

HOUSE BILL No. 549.

An Act to further amend clause (d) of Section 401 of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered b ythe Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," clarifying certain existing and adding new qualifications required to receive compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. ANDREWS. RESOLUTION No. 16.

In the House of Representatives, March 5, 1951.

Whereas, Pennsylvania, as an employer should set an example to all employers, by dealing justly with its employes, and

Whereas, wages and salaries in all brackets should be from time to time adjusted in keeping with the times, and

Whereas, in seeking wage adjustments there are always groups in the employ of the Commonwealth who are less vocal than other groups, and

Whereas, it frequently happens that wage and salary readjustments are launched for the benefit of those in the higher salary and wage brackets, while those in the lower wage and salary brackets are forgotten, therefore be it

Resolved, that the Appropriations Committee be requested to make a study of the Commonwealth's wage and salary structure for the purpose of determining whether employes in the lower wage and salary brackets are, or are not being adequately compensated, paying particular attention to the wage status of those who are employed to keep the Capitol buildings clean, to run their elevators, and perform similar services, and report its finding to this House.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. CLAPPER. (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 17.

In the House of Representatives, March 5, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That the Pennsylvania Game Commission be directed to establish and maintain a turkey farm at Ravens Gap, Bedford County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

It is fitting that the long and distinguished career of the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor in business life, civic affairs, and legislative activities be duly recognized.

His faithful and constructive services have had a most beneficient influence on the welfare and the prosperity of the Commonwealth; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the bridge over the Susquehanna River connecting the State highway system in Cumberland County with the system of State highways in Dauphin County, at Forest Street in the City of Harrisburg, be designated as the M. Harvey Taylor Bridge; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Highways shall erect along said bridge suitable tablets or markers to perpetuate this resolution.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Ronald L. Thompson for Mr. COOPER because of illness.

STUDENTS OF NEWPORT HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the House one hundred ten students of the Junior and Senior History Classes of the Newport High School. They are accompanied by their teachers, Earl S. Kipps, W. L. Cressler and Stanley P. Houser. They are the guests of the gentleman from Perry, Mr. Toomey.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. LEDERER from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres, for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital, and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

Mr. GOODLING from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 301 and 302, and to amend Sections 304 and 408 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges, abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the membership and organization of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, the Pennsylvania Fish Commission, the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and the State Council of Education.

Mr. KENT from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 24, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 304 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof, and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the board of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments boards commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by increasing the membership of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission.

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 703 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing the compensation paid to township commissioners.

Mr. PENGLASE from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School, with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction, to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected no the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Mr. ROSE from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 60, entitled:

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity, to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests, and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted.

Mr. KOHL from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive, of the act approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class, and parts thereof, to cities and boroughs, and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto," by making the same applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending.

Mr. READINGER from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights, obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them, and amending, revising, changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

Mr. CORR from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth.

Mr. SAX from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, House Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act to amend section 733 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by providing for an alternative procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases.

Mr. LOPRESTI from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and the act, approved the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age, or older, to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created, and saving and relieving parents, guardians, and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor, unless joining therein," by extending the provisions thereof to include certain, adults and empowering the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts; and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contracts under certain conditions.

Mrs. VARALLO from the Committee on Welfare, reported as amended, House Bill No. 262, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board," by permitting earnings or other income to supplement public assistance in certain cases.

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1001 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by increasing the compensation of the township auditors.

Mr. ROYER from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 330, entitled:

An Act defining and providing for the licensing of water well drillers conferring powers and imposing duties on the Water and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters prescribing penalties and an appropriation.

Mr. SCHUSTER from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, House Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by authorizing the production and performance of civic opera between certain hours on Sundays.

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

Mr. GIBSON from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for purpose of reimbursement between school districts.

Mr. SCHMIDT from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes.

Mr. KOHL from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293), entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase, condemnation or gift of lands for the establisment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park; providing for the control, management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission; authorizing the commission to make and to enforce rules and regulations for its preservation, development and visitation; and making appropriations," empowering the commission to deputize special constables.

Mr. GUARNIERI from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any departmental administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

Mr. VARNER from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Mr. WOOD from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

Mr. KENT from the Committee on Workmen's Compensation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

Mr. LYONS from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

Mr. AMARANDO from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

Mr. TOOMEY from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

BLIND PENSIONS

Mr. SNIDER presented the following report from the Joint State Government Commission:

March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with Blind Pensions in Pennsylvania.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectfully submitted,

Baker Royer, Chairman

BR:mf

(For Report see Appendix.)

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. EDWIN F. THOMPSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

Mr. SMITH announced a caucus of the Republican Members in the new House Caucus Room during the recess.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 1:00 p. m. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILL ON SECOND READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 111, Printer's No. 20

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

(A panoramic photograph of the House was taken.)

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 193, as follows:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197) entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The act approved the twenty-eight day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 197) entitled "An act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class' is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Goodling,	Maxwell,		

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 194, as follows:

An Act to repeal the act approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174) entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The act approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 174) entitled "An act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Markley,	Madigan,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Banker,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Bear,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Berkstresser,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hall,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Smith,
Bolton,	Harney,	Metz,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Bower,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hocker,	Mills,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Swope,
Byrne,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toomey,
Costa,	Jump,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Needham,	Varner,
Davis,	Kent,	Olsen,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kline,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Welsh,
Erb,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leisey,	Polen,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filo,	Leven,	Readinger,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Light,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Flack,	Limper,	Reese,	Wood,
Frost,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gleason	Lyons,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Good,	Madden,	Rose,	Sorg,
		Rosen,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 238, Printer's No. 31

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochcial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1401 Definitions As used in this subdivision of this article the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings

* * * * *

(4) "Medical Examiner" means a physician legally qualified to practice medicine [in] and surgery within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments within the Commonwealth who has been appointed or approved by the Secretary of Health

Section 1421 Medical Examiners for Special Purposes In addition to medical and dental examinations required under the provisions of subdivision (a) of this article every school district of the first second and third class shall also annually appoint medical examiners whose duties shall include the vaccination of children of indigent parents official re-vaccination of children having temparary vaccination certificates physical examination of children incident to the issuance of employment certificates as requqired by the provisions of the Child Labor Act conducting routine classroom inspections incident to the control of contagious diseases approve the return of pupils who have been absent due to a contagious disease or suspected contagious disease and such other duties as may be required by the board of school directors or the Secretary of Health They shall anually make a sanitary survey of the building and grounds Such medical examination shall be made in the presence of the parent or guardian of the pupil when so requested by parent or guardian All such medical examiners shall be physicians legally qualified to practice medicine [in] and surgery within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments within this Commonwealth Where additional examination of the eyes is recommended by the medical examiners and desired by the school boards such additional examinations may be made by ophthalmologists or optometrists as shall be determined by the medical examiner The physicians ophthalmologists and optometrists making such examinations shall be paid such amounts as the board of school directors may determine Health officers of municipalities may be appointed as medical examiners in school districts

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Royer,
Banker,	Greer,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sax,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beech,	Hall,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hocker,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hoggard,	Mills,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hunter,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Goodling,			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, as follows:

An Act to amend Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "physician"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 101 Definitions The following words and phrases when used in any law hereafter enacted unless the context clearly indicates otherwise shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

* * * * *

(80) "Osteopath" [an individual] a physician licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to practice osteopathy

(81) "Osteopathic surgeon" [an individual] a physician licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to practice osteopathy and osteopathis surgery

* * * * *

(87) "Physician" an individual licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of medicine and surgery in any or in all of its branches within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or in the practice of osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,

DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Goodling,	Maxwell,		

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 337, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 991) entitled "An act to promote elimination of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth by declaring acquisition sound replanning and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promoption of health safety convenience and welfare creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private corporate or governmental developers for their redevelopment providing for the organization of such authorities defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the leasing and selling property including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities providing for notice and hearing supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions the governing bodies of cities and counties and on certain State officers boards and departments" by increasing the number of Urban Authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 991) entitled "An act to promite eliminattion of blighted areas and supply sanitary housing in areas throughout the Commonwealth by declaring acquisition sound replanning and redevelopment of such areas to be for the promotion of health safety convenience and welfare creating public bodies corporate and pjolitic to be known as Redevelopment Authorities authorizing them to engage in the elimination of blighted areas and to plan and contract with private corporate or governmental redevelopers for their redevelopment providing for the organization of such authorities defining and providing for the exercise of their powers and duties including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the leasing and selling of property including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor restricting the interest of members and employes of authorities providing for notice and hearing supplying certain mandatory provisions to be inserted in contracts with redevelopers and prescribing the remedies of obligees of redevelopment authorities conferring certain duties upon local planning commissions the governing bodies of cities and counties and on certain State officers boards and departments" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 Appointment and Qualifications of Members of Authority Upon certification of a resolution declaring the need for an Authority to operate in a city or county the mayor or board of county commissioners thereof respectively shall appoint as members of the Authority five citizens who shall be resident of the city or county in which the Authority is to operate except that in cities of the first class the Governor shall appoint as members of the Authority seven citizens who shall be resident of the city in which the Authority is to operate

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in order to perhaps shorten the period of agony we will crave permission to discuss House Bills 337 and 340 at one and the same time. I do not propose to go into any details in what I shall say. I shall leave the discussion of the technical details of this bill to the Members from Philadelphia.

I arise principally to express admiration for a technique unusually effective, but one which I myself have never been able to perfect. I find on the other side of the House twelve Members from Philadelphia, and I gaze into the interesting and intelligent and lively countenances of some one hundred and eight Members that do not come from Philadelphia.

My admiration arises from this source. Any group of twelve Members, either on this side of the House or the other side of the House, that can induce one hundred and eight Members to pull their political chestnuts out of the fire have something. I confess that I would like to know the details of the method that enables these twelve fine Members from Philadelphia to hold the supposedly intelligent and progressive delegation from the rural communities in such complete subjection. It is a marvelous demonstration of power and I'd like to know the secret, because over here we have rural Members and I've never been able to cow them, our Philadelphia delegation cannot cow them, but over there you have a method that's perfect, and sometime during the session or after the session, I'd like to have the Majority Leader or some other leader from Philadelphia tell me how they perform the trick.

I want to read into the record a little contribution made to current political thought by that great reactionary and sometimes progressive newspaper, the Republican bible, the Philadelphia Inquirer. It may or may not have pertinence for our discussion although I think it's something that those twelve Members with a valuable technique should bear in mind. This little contribution to current political thought runs as follows:

"Republican ward leader reaction to the defeat suffered by their Organization in Philadelphia on November 7th, second and successive years, makes an interesting contribution to the study of political

science. It can be summarized as follows: 'It couldn't be helped, so why do anything about it?'

Having been buried by two landslides, one of them by more than one hundred thousand votes, the other of nearly eighty thousand, the organization, one would think, might well be pondering the problems of digging themselves out."

And incidentally and parenthetically, instead of pondering how to dig itself out, the organization seems to be pondering ways of digging itself deeper in; but there is a hope.

"A radical revision in its leadership and policies, for instance,, might be considered.

But that would entail self-criticism. And ward politicians, of whatever party, rarely find fault with their own political sagacity. One leader who lost his ward by 4900 votes consoled himself with the thought that it might have been 7,000. Another who was defeated by 500 votes this year preened himself because last year the margin had been 3800. He thought he should be congratulated for picking up 3300 votes.

"Conditions," the Nation-wide "trend," the labor vote these, were blamed for the Republican losses in Philadelphia. The ward leader consensus appear to be that it could have been worse, and would have been under different leadership.

A Committeeman in the Northeast takes the defeatist view that no Republican ward leader will "do good up here" because there is "so much labor." Another explained the set back in his ward with the comment that it is "terrific labor" territory.

Are they handing the labor vote in a package to the Democratic party?"

That parenthetically the Inquirer didn't say—that was a jest derived from my own fount of wisdom.

"Plenty of union members have voted for Republican candidates elsewhere in Pennsylvania, and in other States, too, as Senator Taft's huge plurality in Ohio attests."

You know the Democrats don't have a mortgage that they can foreclose on the labor vote in Pennsylvania or any other part of the United States. Where there has been an effective Republican leadership, there has been some Union support, Labor support for the Democrat party.

"The attitude taken by these ward leaders is enough in itself to call for their removal.

The organization ward chiefs have only one solution to the difficulties in which their party finds itself here: give the committeemen more jobs. Don't reorganize the City Committee, don't inject new blood in the leadership, don't take measures to gain public confidence—just secure more and better political jobs for themselves. As a prescription for curing what ails the Republican Organization in Philadelphia, that sounds like a fatal dose. The Democrats could wish nothing better."

And that is exactly true when you fathom the purposes of the two pending bills now before the House. There is nothing more behind it than an anchor to windward. They want to be in a position to control the particular type of patronage "as, if and when." As if and when, when the Democrats win in Philadelphia .

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, it is important that we all understand what the Philadelphia Housing Authority is. The Authority is a public corporation managed by five non-paid citizens, who in the name of the Authority borrow money, employ an executive directorate staff and contract for the building of houses. The staff manages these houses when completed.

Since it is a public corporation it is not run for profit. The main purpose is to keep rents low, and to insure this, the United States Government agrees to contribute funds annually. The Authority is organized under state law but is created by an ordinance of city council. Its five citizen members are appointed: two by the Mayor, two by the City Controller and the fifth one selected by the other four.

You can readily see that there are great possibilities for political favoritism in the running of such a tremendous enterprise as building 10,000 houses and spending a hundred million dollars. Already there are 450 employes of the Authority just to manage its 10,000 existing housing units. There will be even more jobs to come. If the affairs are not openly conducted, there could be temptations to buy from friends some of the 40 new tracts of land which will be needed; to engage architects by favoritism; to place the insurance on these houses with brokers who can some how return the favor and to give other work and opportunities to political cohorts.

You can see what I mean when I say that politics in public housing cannot be tolerated. To play politics with public housing is to trifle with our most fundamental needs.

This, gentlemen, is the story behind this vicious piece of ripper legislation. It is an effort by the Philadelphia Republic organization to control the members of this Authority so that they and their friends will be favored in the purchase of land, the hiring of architects and in the placing of insurance on those houses. It is an affront to this legislative body that its time should be wasted by the Philadelphia Republican city organization solely for the reason that it desires to inject politics into the housing program where today no politics exists. The people of Philadelphia will long remember the betrayal of their interests by the Republican members of this Assembly if this bill becomes law. The resentment will be shown in a very definite way in the next election. I ask you to vote against this bill.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say that the Republican Members of this Legislature throughout the State of Pennsylvania are extremely and fervently interested in the veterans, the heroes of World War II and also the low income families who are deserving of comfortable living quarters for their very fine families, and that is the reason the Members on the Republican side of this House have seen the wisdom in supporting these worthwhile bills which are not for any political purposes as far as pulling the chestnuts out of the fire for the Republican party in Philadelphia is concerned.

When I was much younger, in the year 1936, we lost the election to a Presidential candidate in Philadelphia by a majority of 210,000, if I remember the figure correctly. Beginning the following year we started a gradual comeback, a successful comeback, because the people of Philadelphia saw the wisdom of the Republican party's policies in our great city. I'm not a prophet or the son of a prophet but to the Members of this House on both sides I would like to say that it isn't impossible for the Republican party to win the entire city election

this coming November. As a matter of fact it is very probable.

I, too, would like to say to the Minority Leader that I hope we can be brief today, and as he so aptly phrased it, cut down the agony.

The Housing Authority Act of 1937 provided various methods of appointing members of the Authority. The Governor with the Mayor jointly, the county commissioners and other systems were used according to that act. As a matter of fact in the great County of Delaware the Governor appoints all members of the Housing Authority. There is a very strong possibility the Governor, having seven members to appoint under House Bill 337 and 340, will take into consideration the need of minority representation if that is a vital question; but the biggest and most important fact in these bills is that veterans, the men who fought for you and me, and the low income families, they have no room for them in the Inn, because there has been quite a lot of dissention in the Housing Authority in recent months and the dual appointive authority has brought that about.

I would like to give some facts concerning the present Housing Authority to the Members of this House. Recently a tract of ground was approved for purchase by the Housing Authority. I understand twenty-six and a half acres were purchased by the Housing Authority at a cost of $50,000 per acre, which means the land for this particular project when it is erected, and just for the land, will cost over $1,300,000. With $200,000,000 to be spent under the contemplated program of the Philadelphia Housing Authority, it is my considered judgment that if we have one appointive power there will be a harmonious spirit existing, and the veterans, the heroes of World War II, and other low income families will get the break which they are entitled to, because at the present time, with such a large waiting list, there is no room for them in the Inn.

Yesterday the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rose, referred to a letter written to my distinguished colleague, the Honorable Herman J. Tahl, by the co-chairman of the Greater Philadelphia Movement, Mr. William Fulton Kurtz. I hold in my hand the copy of that letter and on the letter head there are the names of twenty-five directors. The only statement written in this letter is the question of Home Rule. Mr. Kurtz did not say "in the interest of veterans, in the interest of low income families, who deserve low rent housing;" he didn't plead their cause. He pleaded Home Rule, and the gentleman from Philadelphia elaborated upon Home Rule with great emphasis. There are twenty-five directors in the Greater Philadelphia Movement on this letter head. There are fifteen of those gentlemen who do not reside in the City of Philadelphia. In other words, 60 per cent for various and sundry reasons have a burning desire to control the affairs of the City of Philadelphia but they just won't live with us. They want to control our people in Philadelphia but they won't rub shoulders with the rank and file of Philadelphia. They would rather live beyond the confines of our great city. If any one would care to check those addresses you may get the names and addresses from this letterhead.

In addition to that, Mr. Rose referred to a telegram that he received, or a communication that he received from Mr. William W. James, President of the Philadelphia Housing Association. Mr. James is a non-resident of the City of Philadelphia. Mr. James has an ulterior motive for the communication that he sent to the distinguished gentleman from Philadelphia.

Mr. James is interested in securing the eight thousand dollar a year position with the Philadelphia Housing Authority, but he doesn't want to live in our city. I am sure that if there are eight thousand dollar positions to be handed out for the Housing Authority in the city of Philadelphia, there are members in the distinguished Philadelphia Democratic delegation who are just as capable of holding this kind of a position at eight thousand dollars a year as a man who says, "I won't live with you, but I want to work with you for a profit." Here is the letter and the application which he sent to the Housing Authority of Philadelphia.

As to home rule, they want to control the affairs of our city, but they just won't live with us and walk down the streets of Philadelphia shoulder to shoulder. I would like to convey to this House another example of home rule. Recently the members of the Philadelphia Housing Authority decided it was necessary to secure an assistant to the Executive Director. They approved the appointment of a man named Drayton S. Bryant, of Los Angeles, California. The Philadelphia Housing Authority in order to secure an eight thousand dollar assistant to the Executive Director of the Philadelphia Housing Authority went out to sunny California; whereas I know and the members from Philadelphia know that in the distinguished Democratic delegation there are many citizens of Philadelphia who would be equally as competent in filling such a job as someone from sunny California. I wondered why the members of the Housing Authority did not select and approve the appointment of a man or woman from sunny South Philadelphia or Northwest Philadelphia or Northeast Philadelphia or some other corner of Philadelphia. No, we had to go to the extreme end of the United States and bring a man here from three thousand miles away to work at a salary of eight thousand dollars a year. I wouldn't call that home rule when a man comes here, and it would take him several years to become acquainted with our fair city.

On this letterhead of the Greater Philadelphia Movement there are two members of the present Philadelphia Housing Authority. They advocate home rule in that letter, but they do not bring out any question whether the veterans and the low income families can live in comfortable quarters.

The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scanlon, referred to the selection of architects. Toward the latter part of 1950 the members of the Philadelphia Housing Authority selected a man named Mr. Robert B. Mitchell and gave him a special assignment to select architects for the contemplated housing program in Philadelphia. One member of that Board said the members of the Board can select the architects, why go on the outside for assistance. He was overruled. The report was brought in by Mr. Robert B. Mitchell recommending certain architects. One of those architects is a very close relative (I believe he is a brother-in-law) of the present chairman of the Philadelphia Housing Authority. I also understand that the

personal architect of one of the members, whose name is on the letterhead of the Greater Philadelphia Movement, is also being considered, or has been chosen as one of the architects of the Philadelphia Housing Authority.

Mr. Speaker, it is very plain that these gentlemen who shout home rule to the stars until the cows some home have an ulterior motive why they do not want the Governor to name two additional members, and that just might be the case of just naming two additional members to the Housing Authority and have one appointment rather than a dual appointment.

Home rule was the chief topic of discussion yesterday, but it is obvious the leaders of this Greater Philadelphia Movement preach home rule but they do not practice it by living with us in Philadelphia and walking the streets with us in Philadelphia, except for a profit. And when it comes time to handing out very important appointments with substantial salaries, the majority of them, so far, get consideration because they live outside of Philadelphia, and they bring a man all the way from the State of California. For these and various other reasons, Mr. Speaker, I would ask for the passage of House Bills 337 and 340.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I am somewhat amazed to see the gentleman from the majority party from Philadelphia express such a great and deep interest in the plight of the veterans and the underprivileged individuals in Philadelphia that need low rent housing.

When we look at the history of the majority party in Philadelphia, we certainly don't see any evidence of their interest in such groups. Some years ago, because of the great interest that they have in the underprivileged, the majority party turned down a grant of nineteen million dollars that was offered by the Federal government for the purpose of erecting low cost rental projects in the city of Philadelphia. At that time they didn't care too much about the fact that people that needed low cost rental units were not getting them because of their action.

In the few years that the Housing Authority has attempted to bring to the citizens of Philadelphia worthwhile projects, I didn't see any interest on the part of the Republican members of the City Council in the plight of the veterans or the underprivileged. As a matter of fact, and I think this can be proven very easily, the programs that were set forth by the Housing Authority, particularly the Authority as it is presently constituted, with W. Blair Lee as the Chairman, as a result of study had by the Bureaeu of Municipal Research, has brought forth a considerable number of projects that would certainly meet the needs of the veterans and those underprivileged persons that need low cost rental projects.

But we know just what has happened in Philadelphia. Anyone who is at all familiar with the workings of the City Hall gang in Philadelphia knows who has stopped developments for veterans and for other people who want low cost housing projects. The gentleman well knows the Republican Ward Leaders in Philadelphia at this very moment are circulating petitions opposing projects that have been offered to the citizenry of Philadelphia by the Housing Authority. They are circulating petitions and telling their people in their respective wards "you're going to have a low type individual move into your area—you're going to have members of minority groups—you're going to have other undesirables." Now, the gentleman also knows that Republican ward leaders have appeared at meetings of the Housing Authorities and have condemned projects that are designed to alleviate the requirements of veterans and of people that want low cost rental projects. It is absolutely the most inane remark I have ever heard on the floor of this House to say that the Republican party by the introduction of this bill is attempting to aid veterans or other peoples who need low cost rental projects.

The gentleman was speaking about ulterior motives. I, too, am interested in the ulterior motive displayed by the Republicans in Philadelphia by the introduction of this bill. I think it has been generally conceded that this bill was introduced with the blessing of Bill Morrow, the Republican City Chairman, and after consultation probably with Austin Meehan, Billy Meade and the gentleman's own brother, who is an able leader of the Republican party in Philadelphia. They are the ones that had this bill brought forth in this House and they've done so with an ulterior motive in mind.

He was discssing the fact that the Authority determined to select someone who is competent and efficient, and they found someone who was living in California. Why the very Home Rule Charter that we're going to vote for in Philadelphia next month, and which has incidentally been approved, on the surface at least, by the Republican City Chairman and by other so-called Republican leaders in Philadelphia, gives the authorities in Philadelphia the opportunity to employ competent men that live outside of Philadelphia. I know just what has happened in the Housing Authority. They probably recommended someone that wasn't competent.

The reason this bill has been introduced, and I charge this here today, is that the Authority as it is presently constituted has not been playing politics with the boys. The Republican ward leaders have been recommending for posts, not only men in executive capacities, but the more menial tasks, men who are supposed to be plumbers and carpenters and bricklayers for work to be done on the projects—individuals who are politically sponsored that are not equipped to do the job. And the mere fact that the Authority has set up the merit system as a result of the study made by the groups that are interested in improving the work of the Authority and have turned down these political recommendations, is what turned the City Hall gang that is behind this bill against it.

Let me tell you this, there's profit in this thing. The gentleman mentioned profit; he said that the members of the Authority are interested in profit. I don't see any reflection cast upon the five members that are now members of that Housing Authority. As I said here yesterday, the majority of those members are not members of our party, and we are the first to concede that they are competent individuals who are public spirited and have a sincere desire to render service to the citizens of Philadelphia. I haven't seen anyone accuse them of engaging in their activities for the Authority, not for the public good, as they are, but for some profitable deal they have in mind.

The gentleman is a little bit disturbed about the possibility of other individuals being employed by the au-

thority who don't live in Philadelphia and he said that even members of the Greater Philadelphia Movement are not residents of Philadelphia. We are happy to see an organization such as the Greater Philadelphia Movement arise in the Philadelphia area. I hope we never reach the stage where we are going to deny the advice given to us by people who live in the greater Philadelphia area, who are interested in improving the plight of Philadelphia and interested in building up Philadelphia.

Philadelphia in the next twenty-five years will face a tremendous period of growth. Some of the large steel mills are moving into the Philadelphia area. Other large industries have come to Philadelphia, and I think these public spirited citizens who have joined these organizations with the view to improving the lot of Philadelphia and of the government of Philadelphia certainly are to be commended. I don't want to deny to those residing in the suburban areas of Philadelphia the right to join us in contributing to the growth of Philadelphia. We welcome them, we will heed their advice, we will recognize them, and particularly when they have a contribution to offer to the welfare of the city I think that we of the Democratic Party as well as all decent, righteous thinking people and the Republican party want their aid and assistance.

The gentleman might also point out that the majority of the members of the Greater Philadelphia Movement are members of the majority party. We don't hold that against them. There is room for reasonable differences of opinion but I think that so far as the welfare of the city is concerned we want to be joined by those on the opposite side that are interested aiding the growth of Philadelphia.

The Governor of Pennsylvania, incidently, does not reside in Philadelphia. We understand that he has been visiting there quite often and we welcome his visits. I think if he visited there more often than he has he would be able to see behind the racket and the smoke screen that is being directed by the ward leader clique that the Minority Leader discussed so ably a little while ago. Perhaps he will take the initiative and go ahead and try to rectify some of the shortcomings that have been created by this group that are absolutely possessed of feeling wherein they show that they have no confidence or faith in the ability of Philadelphians to conduct their own affairs. If he were really so interested in aiding Philadelphia and if he felt that the principles of home rule should be followed he certainly would feel that Philadelphians are able to carry out their own affairs rather well. We feel that we ought to have the opportunity to rule our own destiny, whether we are controlled by a government which is controlled by one party or another, but we feel that Philadelphians themselves are certainly capable of conducting their own affairs and actually this bill is, as has been mentioned before, a politically devised measure to go ahead and possibly protect them.

As the Inquirer pointed out in the editorial that Mr. Andrews read, the mere piling on to the public payroll of a group of incompetents and misfits is not going to strengthen the confidence of the people of Philadelphia in the Republican party. If they continue this sort of activity not only here in the Legislature but down in City council, wherein they are disregarding the wishes and the voices of the civic organizations and of the people of Philadelphia, they are going to have another rude awakening and possibly they will be coming up here and begging the other members of the majority party to assist them. As Mr. Andrews pointed out, it is rather an anomalous situation to find the tail wagging the dog, but it amazes me to find that the other members of the majority party here have succumbed to the blandishments of the political leaders of Philadelphia and have yielded to their wishes in a matter which is not only not beneficial to the citizenry of Philadelphia, but is actually harmful and inimical to the interests of the party itself.

However, I am not going to try to aid the Republican party here. If they are willing to go ahead and deprive themselves of the support of the majority of the citizens of Philadelphia by actions such as go on here it is their own grave and we will not try to pull their chestnuts out of the fire. When you look at the arguments that have been advanced in support of this bill I think anyone of you who is really thinking about the welfare of the people not only in Philadelphia but throughout the state will realize that there is absolutely no merit to this measure. There has been no intellectual honesty displayed here today in the arguments in favor of this bill. I wish they had come out and said point blank that they expect the Democratic party to win the election next fall and that they are trying to save a little bit of patronage. Its rather complimentary to the Democratic leaders in Philadelphia that the Republicans now concede defeat because certainly if they did not they would never have introduced such a measure that will not be of any assistance to any one other than the politicians and those who benefit by dealing with the politicians in Philadelphia.

I say in conclusion, that we of the Democratic party in Philadelphia have had one thing in mind in the last few years. We don't want to see, and we know that the people of Philadelphia don't want to see the substitution of one gang for another. The people of Philadelphia have shown in the last two elections that they are fed up with the type of government they are getting. They have shown that they are interested in men and women who when elected to public office will consider their needs, their aspirations and their hopes. I am convinced that the passage of this legislation will impel the people even further to realize that the City Hall gang is as selfish as they have ever been, and that they don't have any interest in the citizenry of Philadelphia, that they are going to deprive the citizens of Philadelphia of the rights to govern themselves if the citizens can be dragged in and bludgeoned into supporting their party.

I call upon the Members of this House who are really interested in establishing good government for a large segment of the population of Pennsylvania that lives within the confines of our city limits, to vote down this measure and to send the bill back again where it rightfully belongs.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Hamilton do you believe that

there is virtue and principle in the two bills that you proposed?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I do.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Do you believe there is political wisdom therein?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. They are non-political.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Do you believe there is governmental wisdom in such legislation?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. They are non-political because the Governor of Pennsylvania may appoint the two additional members to these respective boards regardless of their political faith and he also can appoint the present membership of the board and they will be seven citizens of the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Do you believe, in other words, Mr. Hamilton that it is good governmental policy, let's put it that way?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I firmly believe and it is my conviction that it will be splendid governmental policy for the veterans and the low income families of Philadelphia who are seeking living quarters for their families.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Hamilton, I understood your previous statement as your position, and I wanted a reiteration at this time to preface some other questions that I may ask.

I have taken into consideration that you are sincere in this matter of opposing these amendments as a matter of good governmental policy; at least every man is presumed to be honest and sincere in opposing legislation on the floor of this House, as we are all under oath bound to do.

Assuming the virtue of your governmental proposition, we won't call it political, we'll call it governmental proposition, would not such virtue also attach and extend to other municipal subdivisions, localities and counties throughout the breadth and width of the state of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HAMILTON. I can't speak for the other counties. I can only say that for the people of all stations in life in Philadelphia if these two bills are enacted they are going to be greatly benefited.

Mr. GUARNIERI. But, Mr. Hamilton, we have conceded the virtue, the wisdom of your principle of government here. If it be a wise principle, then why should it not be extended to all municipal subdivisions, of the state of Pennsylvania? Why should we single out just Philadelphia?

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, involved in the financial program of these measures and since their enactment, funds belonging to people all over the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are being invested in the respective housing authorities and it is being invested for the benefit of those people who need, desire and would like to have a place in which to reside for their families. That is the purpose of these bills, and as far as Philadelphia is concerned, the Governor will appoint seven citizens from our city guaranteeing virtue and home rule.

Mr. GUARNIERI. That, I appreciate, but again if there be virtue or any particular merit in such appointments does the gentleman believe that appointment should be made by the Governor and that where appointments are made by the Governor thereby is assured a more efficient and a better administration for the housing authority, with greater benefit to the low income groups and veterans, is it not equally so true as appertaining to other areas throughout the state?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia that Pennsylvania is a very large state. I am not familiar with other areas and I am recommending the passage of these bills for the benefit of the people of Philadelphia who are entitled to what the bills offer.

Mr. GUARNIERI. But then the gentleman has not taken time out, I take it, to find out whether the people in the rest of the state should be so benefited as the people of Philadelphia shall be so beneficially blessed as a result of this type of legislation.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. The people of Philadelphia, the people of the state of Pennsylvania and the people of the United States of America should be benefited by these bills and any other similar bills that will help the veterans and low income families.

Mr. GUARNIERI. It would seem to me then that such virtuous legislation should in all fairness to the great people of the Commonwealth be made applicable statewide. That's the conclusion I must arrive at as a matter of logic, and I will ask you whether you would not seem impelled as a matter of reason, assuming and accepting the virtue and wisdom of your initial principle, to make it statewide. Is that not a rational conclusion?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I sincerely hope and pray that every person in Pennsylvania will be aided by this legislation.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Speaker, I've heard considerable concerning the benefits which shall be placed upon the veterans or the low income groups as a result of this type of legislation which we are about to pass upon at the present time. Speaking of the veterans' group I would asked the gentleman to make known what evidence you have, written or otherwise in your possession from various veterans' groups in Philadelphia and in the state of Pennsylvania demanding and requesting that this legislation be passed.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Very recently in my home I had several veterans come with their wives and families, and I am quite sure that every Member of this House has had a similar experience. They have been on the waiting list of the Housing Authority for a long, long time and there is no room for them in the Inn, and if we can have harmony and if we get the right spirit, we can go forward with this $200 million program and take care of our veterans and take care of the low income families who are certainly entitled to every consideration that we can give them as Members of this Legislature.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Does the gentleman have any specific requests; was any specific request made to him by the American Legion or any American Legion Post in Philadelphia, naming such if any for the American Legion of Pennsylvania? Does the gentleman have any specific requests for this legislation in his files?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I am a member of the American Legion Post in Roxborough, Philadelphia. I receive and read various pamphlets, magazines and papers, and the Legion are certainly striving to secure proper housing facilities for their members and some of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and other veterans' groups.

In any way that I can possibly help the veterans' groups as groups or individuals I want to do it. I am quite sure that if we have harmony and the right spirit in the Housing Authority, we will get action and it will be accomplished.

Mr. GUARNIERI. I appreciate the gentleman's solicitude for the veterans, but I asked him a question that he has not answered. Does the gentleman have any specific resolutions, memorials, requests, in writing from organized veterans' or from local groups which have come to him and said "We want the Governor of Pennsylvania to appoint the members of the Philadelphia Housing Authority." Because thereby we believe that only in that manner shall we obtain housing. Does the gentleman have that evidence with him?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I would like to say to the gentleman from Philadelphia that I hope I do not receive any memorials from the veterans' groups in this respect. They would be rather sad as far as the survivors of their families are concerned, but I wish to assure him from the bottom of my heart I have had many veterans ask me to help them with housing and he knows there is not a veterans magazine that goes forward either from national headquarters, state headquarters, or county headquarters, that does not express the need for housing for veterans and low income groups. I believe, under this $200 million program, my suggestions in this bill will accomplish action and achieve what those people desire and need.

Mr. GUARNIERI. The gentleman has expressed his personal conviction. I must insist Mr. Hamilton that you have not presented this House or me with any answer to the question that I have asked as to any specific requests made in writing whereby groups ask for this particular type of legislation to better veterans. I appreciate the fact that all veterans' groups want more housing. I want more and better housing for veterans and low income groups and so does the gentleman. We all do and I sincerely believe every man in this House wants that but the gentleman has not answered my question. Where is this great wave of demand that Governor Fine must appoint these men to insure this program? Where is the evidence? The gentleman has not shown me and I will not repeat the question because I shall only receive an evasive answer.

Is the gentleman acquainted with Mr. Walter Allasandroni, the Executive Secretary of the Philadelphia Housing Authority?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I know the gentleman, yes.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Allasandroni, you realize is a Past Commander of the American Legion of Pennsylvania. Is that correct, sir?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. That is correct.

Mr. GUARNIERI. And Mr. Allasandroni is at present one of the National Vice Commanders of the American Legion. Is that correct?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. That is correct.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Allasandroni has played a prominent part in the activities of the Philadelphia Housing Authority. Is that correct?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. He is the Executive Director of the Philadelphia Housing Authority and I understand his salary is approximately twelve thousand dollars annually.

Mr. GUARNIERI. In other words, he is associated with the Authority.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. He is the paid Executive Director of the Philadelphia Housing Authority.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Has Mr. Allasandroni indicated to the gentleman, either personally or in his official capacity, as American Legion Vice Commander or as a former Commander of the Pennsylvania American Legion, that the Philadelphia Housing Authority should be constituted of members appointed exclusively by the Governor of Pennsylvania?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Every Member of this House has been approached by veterans and their families for housing. Mr. Walter Allasandroni or anyone else does not have to acquaint us with that situation; but I do wish that the members of the Housing Authority and their paid staff of assistants would really get down to business for the veterans in the low income groups in Philadelphia.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Again the gentleman's answer was not responsive. I asked a specific question and asked for a specific answer.

Mr. Allasandroni is the Executive Director of the Housing Authority, as the gentleman admits, and yet it would seem to me, being very active in Legion affairs, he would certainly have an interest, either personally or at least officially, in this type of legislation. Yet the gentleman has not told me whether Mr. Allasandroni himself, who occupies such a high position in Legion matters, has told him or requested him personally to propose this type of legislation. The gentleman need not answer the question, because again I shall receive some evasive answer.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Mr. Allasandroni has made speeches and written articles which I have read as a member of the American Legion and I know that Mr. Allasandroni is acquainted with a large waiting list of veterans who are seeking homes and so are the other low income families in Philadelphia on that waiting list.

Mr. GUARNIERI. May I further interrogate the gentleman, Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman desire to further interrogate or does he desire to debate the bill?

Mr. GUARNIERI. I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Hamilton, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Does the gentleman not believe that in line with his proposal, accepting the basic theory that it is wiser to have the Governor appoint all members of this Authority, would it not be wiser to make an addition thereto that all members of the Authority in Philadelphia shall be veterans or otherwise they are not qualified to be members of the Housing Authority? Would that not thereby insure such better results for veterans by the Housing Authority being constituted totally of veterans, for the benefit of the veterans. Would the gentleman not go that step further then?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. We have many able veterans who could do this job in a very competent

manner, but the veterans are broad minded and if they can get assistance from other conscientious individuals who might be equally as qualified to serve on this board, I know that the veterans would welcome all the support and aid and assistance that could be given to them, and there are many, many able veterans, in fact, there are quite a number in the Philadelphia Democratic delegation in this House.

Mr. GUARNIERI. This Housing Authority was passed in 1937. Is that correct?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes sir.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Since only after 1939 or thereabouts is it not true that the majority control in this House of Representatives and, as a matter of fact, the Senate has been in the hands of the Republican party.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. In 1937, if my memory serves me correctly, the Democratic party was in control of the Legislature, and the Senate was in control of the Republican party, and at that time we had a Democratic Governor in the State Capitol.

Mr. GUARNIERI. But for a number of years prior to this, the Republicnas had been in control of both Houses. Is that not correct?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. It had shifted back and forth prior to that time.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Were not the Republicans in control of this House in 1945?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes.

Mr. GUARNIERI. In 1947?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. Yes.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Yet at that time, it is true that this special type of legislation was not brought forth by the majority party.

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. It has been in the last couple of years where we have had so many changes in the membership of the Philadelpiha Housing Authority brought about change in administration which has caused dissension, disunity and turmoil in the Philadelphia Housing Authority and consequently the veterans and the low income families haven't gotten too much action by virtue of those changes and dissension that has existed for a year, or a year and a half.

Mr. GUARNIERI. What guarantee is there under these proposed measures that the members of the Housing Authority appointed by the Governor will not go outside of Philadelphia, that is, appoint architects or others who are non residents of Philadelphia? By the face of the proposed bills there is no written guarantee or prohibition against these newly constituted members appointed by the Governor to appoint members of various capacities to the Authority who are not Philadelphians. That is correct, is it not?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I believe that the seven Philadelphia citizens that the Governor will appoint will absolutely adhere to a strong home rule policy in their Housing Authority.

Mr. GUARNIERI. The gentleman is putting it on belief, but does he not think it would be wiser to write it into the law? If you have such concern about appointments of non-Philadelphians, why do you not write it into the body of the law?

Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. I don't believe that it will be necessary because I think the seven citizens will make sure that home rule is a very important factor in the Housing Authority.

The SPEAKER. Has the gentleman concluded his interrogation?

Mr. GUARNIERI. Yes, Mr. Speaker, but I desire to speak on the bill. Mr. Speaker, we'd like to assume and we want to assume, in fact, we are duty bound to assume, the sincerity of any Member of this House who proposes any piece of legislation. The presumption is one of innocence, to borrow a term which is oftentimes used in the criminal courts. The presumption is one that each Member should be and is motivated by a sincere desire to benefit the public interest. That is the presumption. I have put certain specific questions, factual questions, to the gentleman from Philadelphia, and the answers received have been largely matters of credo—"I believe this," "it would appear to be that," "I ask such and such"—"you believe and I believe." I say in the realm of constitutional government we are not dealing with credo. We aren't dealing with theology; we are dealing with necessary expressed powers and limitations. The credo given by the gentleman from Philadelphia, "I believe this" and "I believe that" is evidence of the basic lack of factual necessity or background for this legislation. No amount of protestation, of words, can eliminate or whitewash the fact that there is no factual background or compelling necessity or urgency for legislation of this type.

Since we don't have the facts, then what do we do? We look for the motive. Where facts are lacking, we draw inferences, and there is one, only one inference to be drawn under the evidence. The inference is that the gentleman from Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Republican organization must remain convicts at this point. For it was motivated, as we must conclude, it was motivated solely by the desire to deprive the local governmental officials of Philadelphia of the power to insure bi-partisan administration of the Housing Authority in Philadelphia.

This is purely ripper legislation, and I say to every gentleman here that I fear it is the harbinger of other types of ripper legislation to come in the future for Philadelphia. It appears that the Republican organization is about to be defeated in the coming election in Philadelphia. Thereby the local Republican organization in Philadelphia is seeking this method of insuring its continued patronage in Philadelphia come the day when their power, political power in Philadelphia shall be ended. I say it is a dangerous precedent. Let us remove the mask, let us remove the cloak, let us pierce the iron curtain, the iron curtain which separates the two bodies here. Let us appeal to reason. Let us see what the true facts are.

In concluding, I want to make this assertion, I think it is criminal, I think it is dastardly, I think it is scandalous that the veterans, those who fought in the last war as I did and many others did, that veterans should be used at this time as a fall boy, as a football for the Republican organization. This is an act and it is about to die, and it uses the name of the veteran and wraps a flag around itself. I think it is criminal when men are dying in Korea, where I would not want to be myself, to think that a dying, corrupt political organization has

been using the holy name of a veteran to justify this scandalous legislation.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I hope this will be the closing statement. I just want to comment that the gentleman from Philadelphia who sponsored the bill, Mr. Wilbur H. Hamilton, made the remark that an achitect was employed by the Philadelphia authority. I don't think Mr. Hamilton gave you the right picture. This gentleman was a specialist in housing; he was hired by the Authority to make a survey of the qualified architectural firms in Philadelphia and then they were appointed by the Authority, and it was a Philadelphia architect.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken.

A verification of the roll was requested by Messrs Rose, Williams and Rovansek.

The roll was verified and was as follows:

YEAS—114

Banker,	Geer,	Madigan,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Gibson,	Markley,	Shoemaker,
Baumunk,	Gleason,	Mazza,	Shotwell,
Bear,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Smith,
Beech,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Bloom,	Greer,	McInroy,	Stoner,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Swartz,
Bomberger,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Tahl,
Boorse,	Hall,	Metz,	Thompson, E. F.,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Mikula,	Thompson, R. L.,
Breisch,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Tompkins,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	Toomey,
Cella,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	VanSant,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Varner,
Clendening,	Johnson,	Murray,	Wachhaus,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Waterhouse,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Naugle,	Watkins,
Davis,	Keller,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Dowling,	Kline,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Reagan,	White,
Dunn,	Kratz,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wilt,
Erb,	Lafore,	Rigby,	Wood,
Ewing,	Leisey,	Riley, R. L.,	Yeakel,
Ferster,	Leonard, W. C.,	Robertson,	Young,
Firmstone,	Light,	Royer,	Ziegler,
Flack,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Sorg,
Frost,	Madden,		Speaker

NAYS—80

Amarando,	Headlee,	McDermit,	Rose,
Andrews,	Hersch,	McGee,	Rosen,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Mihm,	Sarraf,
Boies,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Scanlon,
Bucchin,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Schmidt.
Byrne,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Schuster,
Conway,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Coyle,	Kolankiewicz,	Needham,	Stank,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Penglase,	Swope,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Peta,	Taylor,
Fenrich,	Lederer,	Petrosky,	Toll,
Filip,	Leonard, L.,	Pettigrew,	Varallo,
Filo,	Leven,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Gaffney,	Limper,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Good,	Lopresti,	Polen,	Westrick,
Guarnieri,	Lovett,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Hagerty,	Lutty,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hamilton, R. K.,	Maxwell,	Reese,	Yetzer,
		Reidenbach,	Yester,

NOT VOTING—13

Breth,	Hewitt,	Monroe,	Stimmel,
Cochran,	Loftus,	Olsen,	Verona,
Cooper,	Miller, H. G.,	Scott,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 340, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955) entitled as amended "An act to promote public health safety morals and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance and to undertake projects to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income providing for the organization of such housing authorities defining their powers and duties providing for the exercise of such powers including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the renting and selling of property and including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities authorizing housing authorities to enter into agreements including agreements with the United States the Commonwealth and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof defining the application of zoning sanitary and building laws and regulations to projects built or maintained by such housing authorities exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation and imposing duties and conferring powers upon the State Planning Board and certain other State officers and departments" by increasing the number of members of housing authorities in cities of the first class and vesting the power of appointment of such members in the Governor.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 5 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 955) entitled as amended "An act to promote public health safety morals and welfare by declaring the necessity of creating public bodies corporate and politic to be known as housing authorities to engage in slum clearance and to undertake projects to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income providing for the organization of such housing authorities defining their powers and duties for the exercise of such powers including the acquisition of property by purchase gift or eminent domain the renting and selling of property and including borrowing money issuing bonds and other obligations and giving security therefor prescribing the remedies of obligees of housing authorities authorizing authorities to enter into agreements including agreements with the United States the Commonwealth and political subdivisions and municipalities thereof defining the application of zoning sanitary and building laws and regulations to project built or maintained by such housing authorities exempting the property and securities of such housing authorities from taxation and imposing duties and conferring powers up on the State Planning Board and certain other State officers and departments" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 Appointment of Members of an Authority (a) The board of county commissioners for any county commissioners for any county upon issuing a certificate declaring the need for an Authority to operate in such county or upon receiving notice of the issuance of such certificate by the Governor shall appoint five citizens residents of the county to be members of the housing authority which is to operate within such county except that in counties of the third class the governing body of the county shall appoint two members of the housing authority of such county and the Governor shall appoint three members of the housing authority of such county

Such members shall be citizens residing within the county for which the Authority is created

(b) The governing body of any city upon issuing a certificate declaring the need for an Authority to operate in such city or upon receiving notice of the issuance of such certificate by the Governor shall promptly notify the mayor of such certification Upon receiving such notice the mayor shall appoint five citizens residents of the city to be members of the housing authority of such city (1) that in cities of the first class the [mayor shall appoint two members the city controller shall appoint two members and the four members thus appointed shall select a fifth member of] Governor shall appoint seven members to such Authority (2) that in cities of the third class the mayor shall appoint two persons to be members of the housing authority of such city and the Governor shall appoint three persons of the housing authority of such city such members shall be citizens residing within the city for which the Authority is created

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finallyl?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—114

Banker,	Geer,	Madigan,	Shoemaker,
Barkdoll,	Gibson,	Markley,	Shotwell,
Baumunk,	Gleason,	Mazza,	Smith,
Bear,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Sollenberger,
Beech,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Spencer,
Blair,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Stoner,
Bloom,	Greer,	McInroy,	Swartz,
Bolton,	Gutendorf,	McKinney,	Tahl,
Bomberger,	Guthrie,	McMillen,	Thompson, E. F.,
Boorse,	Hall,	Metz,	Thompson, R. L.,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Mikula,	Tompkins,
Breisch,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Toomey,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Mintess,	VanSant,
Cella,	Helm,	Moore, C. E.,	Varner,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Wachhaus,
Clendening,	Johnson,	Murray,	Waterhouse,
Costa,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Watkins,
Dalrymple,	Jump,	Naugle,	Weidner,
Davis,	Keller,	Pichney,	Wescott,
Dennison,	Kent,	Pitzer,	Whalley,
Dowling,	Kline,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	White,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Dunn,	Kratz,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Erb,	Lafore,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Ewing,	Leisey,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Ferster,	Leonard, W. C.,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Firmstone,	Light,	Royer,	Sorg,
Flack,	Lyons,	Rubin,	Speaker
Frost,	Madden,	Sax,	

NAYS—80

Amarando,	Headlee,	McDermit,	Rose,
Andrews,	Hersch,	McGee,	Rosen,
Beaver,	Hoggard,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Berkstresser,	Hunter,	Mihm,	Sarraf,
Boies,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Scanlon,
Bucchin,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Schmidt,
Byrne,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Schuster,
Conway,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Seyler,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Snider,
Coyle,	Kolankiewicz,	Needham,	Stank,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Penglase,	Swope,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Peta,	Taylor,
Fenrich,	Lederer,	Petrosky,	Toll,
Filip,	Leonard, L.,	Pettigrew,	Varallo,
Filo,	Leven,	Pfaff,	Wargo,
Gaffney,	Limper,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Good,	Lopresti,	Polen,	Westrick,
Guarnieri,	Lovett,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Hagerty,	Lutty,	Readinger,	Williams,
Hamilton, R. K.,	Maxwell,	Reese,	Yester,
		Reidenbach,	Yetzer,

NOT VOTING—13

Breth,	Hewitt,	Monroe,	Stimmel,
Cochran,	Loftus,	Olsen,	Verona,
Cooper,	Miller, H. G.,	Scott,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 363, as follows:

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828) entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians committees trustees and other fiduciaries except personal representatives and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made retained by such fiduciaries" by further prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by fiduciaries

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Table of Contents of the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1828) entitled "An act concerning the investment powers and duties of guardians committees trustees and other fiduciaries except personal representatives and prescribing the nature and kind of investments which may be made and retained by such fiduciaries" is hereby amended to read as follows

Table of Contents

* * * * *

Section 8 Fractional [Interest in Mortgages] Interests

(a) Mortgages

(b) Government Obligations

* * * * *

Section 2 Section 8 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Fractional [Interest in Mortgages] Interests

(a) Mortgages A fractional interest in an obligation naming the fiduciary as the obligee secured by one or more mortgages shall be an authorized investment for an estate of which the fiduciary is sole fiduciary or co-fiduciary if the whole of the obligation would be an authorized investment under the provisions of section seven of this act Appraisement of the real estate subjece to the lien of such mortgage or mortgages need not be made concurrently with the acquisition of such fractional interest if (1) it is a fractional interest in a mortgage referred to in clauses (1) and ()2) of section seven of this act or (2) an appraisement has been made within three years immediately preceding the acquisition in accordance with the requirements of clause (3) of section seven of this act and if a person qualified at the time of the acquisition to serve as an appraiser of the real estate shall certify in a writing to be preserved among the fiduciary's records that at the date of the acquisition the unpaid principal amount of the obligation does not exceed two-thirds of the fair value of the real estate

(b) Government Obligations A fractional interest in a government obligation the whole of which would be an authorirzed investment under section three of this act whether it be in bearer form or names the fiduciary as the obligee shall be an authorized investment for an estate of which the fiduciary is sole fiduciary or co-fiduciary

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Bower,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stoner,
Breisch,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Swope,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Goodling,	Maxwell,		

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 94, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Acknowledgment within the State The acknowledgment of any instrument may be made in this State before

(1) A judge of a court of record

(2) A clerk prothonotary or deputy prothonotary or deputy clerk of a court having a seal

(3) A recorder of deeds or deputy recorder of deeds

(4) A notary public

(5) A justice of the peace magistrate or alderman

Section 2 All acknowledgments of written instruments heretofore made before and certified by any deputy recorder of deeds are hereby validated All such instruments in writing so acknowledged and certified may be offered in evidence without further proof If such instrument so acknowledged and certified conveys or relates to or concerns any interest in lands it may be recorded in the recorder's office of the county or counties where such lands lie and the record of same made before or after the passage of this act shall be constructive notice of all matters contained therein and such record or exemplification of same duly certified shall be legal evidence in all cases in which the original would be competent evidence

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bomberger,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sorg,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker
Goodling,	Maxwell,		

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Breth,	Hewitt,	Scott,	Stimmel,
Cooper,	Monroe,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

ANNOUNCEMENTS BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. A meeting of First Term Members with the Parliamentarian will be held in the New House Caucus Room on the first floor of this building, immediately following adjournment of the House today.

It is appropriate that the Honorable Robert E. Woodside, Attorney General designate, a former Member and a former Majority and Minority Leader in the House, who has administered the oath of office to so many Members of the House, will take his oath of office in this Hall at 9:50 tomorrow morning.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, yesterday I introduced a resolution. Since the Members of the House probably never read resolutions, and sometimes I have serious doubt whether the Rules Committee ever reads resolutions, I crave the privilege of outlining the purpose of the resolution I introduced yesterday.

It has come to my notice that employes of the Commonwealth engaged in humble duties around this building in some instances have not received an increase in their compensation for the last eight years. Now it is true that these people do not perform a distinguished function, it's true that not all of them are over worked, it is true that in the beginning some of them were undoubtedly placed on the payroll pretty much as pensioners. But in the last eight years pensions even have dwindled in their purchasing power. There are women employed in the capitol getting $14 a week for which at the time they were employed doubtless was adequate compensation. Since they were employed many of them have been called upon to support families. The men who run the elevators have never been in the class where they could qualify for social security; some of them are bachelors, some of them have independent incomes and some are supporting families, so the import of my resolution was to request the Appropriation Committee to make inquiry concerning the salaries paid to the humble employes here on the hill in Harrisburg and find out whether or not the stipend paid them was in line with the tenor of the times.

We have raised compensations at the top and I think that in all fairness we should ascertain whether the largess of the Commonwealth extended in the top brackets should not be permitted to trickle down in some measure to those who are employed in the humblest of all of the salaried brackets.

I certainly want to call that resolution to the attention of the House because I believe that in justice it is an inquiry that should be made. In many instances these people are in no position to speak for themselves; they have no lobby and they have no powerful advocates, unless the distinguished Chairman of the Appropriations Committee would consent to become their advocate, and in that case their cause would indeed be in able hands.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. BANKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 7, 1951 at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3:11 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

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SENATE

WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1951.

The Senate met at 9:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

We thank Thee, Lord, for a moment in the busyness of our day, when we may pause in humble acknowledgement of Thy power and glory, and consciously commune with Thee in our deliberations. It is so easy to lose sight of the high privilege that is ours, to become so concerned with little things that the greater things are left undone. Forbid it, Lord.

Our wisdom, without Thy counsel and blessing, is impotent. We seek it. May we learn to subordinate our wills to Thine. Bless us and all who are in authority. Preserve this Commonwealth and this Nation. May they increase in strength and favor. May we serve them well.

Hear us, Lord, we pray, Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. BANE, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. WALKER and DENT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue, with respect thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. WATKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 317, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one P. L. 485), entitled "An act to provide for the better protection of life and health of the citizens of this Commonwealth by requiring and regulating the examination, licensure, and registration of persons and registration of corporations, engaging in the care, preparation, and disposition of the bodies of deceased persons; and providing penalties," by further defining the qualifications of applicants for examination for licensure.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WALKER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the sevententh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation of taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Watkins read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 320, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 621.1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties and repealing existing laws," by further defining and regulating group accident and health insurance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
BLIND PENSIONS IN PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. SCARLETT, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report which was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION
Of the General Assembly
P. O. Box 61
Room 450—Capitol Building
Harrisburg

March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith, A Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with Blind Pensions in Pennsylvania.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the Office of the President pro tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,
(s) BAKER ROYER

Baker Royer, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in the Appendix.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 1, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

go over in its order, temporarily.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An Act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1401 Continuance of Game Fund Appropriation All license fees fines permit fees and other moneys received and collected (a) under the provisions of any law repealed and replaced by this act and now held in the State Treasury as the Game Fund or (b) that may be hereafter paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of any act so repealed or replaced or (c) that may be paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of this act shall be placed in the separate fund known as "The Game Fund" and shall be held separately and apart solely for the following purposes

* * * * *

(i) For the purchase of such furniture furnishings stationery supplies materials fuel motor vehicles tractors trucks boats horses and other equipment as may be necessary for the conduct of the work of the commission and for the maintenance of equipment and for the payment of premiums on bonds for such officers or employes of the commission as may be required also to furnish them policies of Workmen's Compensation Insurance and policies of liability insurance covering the aforesaid motor vehicles and the person operating same also to purchase policies of insurance of any kind which the commission may desire to carry on buildings contents of buildings furniture machinery and equipment under its control or in its custody and to pay the requisite premiums which bonds or insurance policies shall have been contracted for by the Department of Property and Supplies as agent of the commission

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 45, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by prohibiting certain acts relating to hunting trapping and the discharge of weapons in cemeteries and burial grounds

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled, "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 412), page 3, lines 16 and 17, by striking out "] respective auditors of the counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 412. 412), page 3, line 18, by inserting after the word "moneys" the following: "] controller or auditors of the county."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 1, last line of title, by inserting after the word "by" the following: "controllers or"

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 239, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2403), page 3, line 15, by striking out "] respective auditors of cities of the third class"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2403), page 3, line 16, by inserting after the word "moneys" the following:

] controller of the city

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 1, line 6 of title, by striking out the word "auditors" and inserting in lieu thereof:

controllers

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 240, on second reading,

go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure, and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 3, lines 2 and 3 by striking out "] respective auditors of cities of the first class second class and second class A

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 3, line 4, by inserting after the word "moneys" the following:

] controller of the city

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. WOLFE offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 2, line 1 of title, by striking out the word "auditors" and inserting in lieu thereof:

controllers

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 241, on second reading,

go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

FIRST READING CALENDAR

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section providing for absentee voting

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating investments of insurance companies

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 140, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance for the purpose of further study.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188) entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking institutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection B of section one thousand nine of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trusties shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any

liability therefor unless joining therein" authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenue for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513) entitled "An act regulating the construction equipment maintenance operation and inspection of boilers granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry providing penalties for violations of this act and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" by providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147) entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serve as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth" by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors and authorizing the payment of mileage

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restricting payments to firemen and their dependents

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am about to make a motion that the Senate do now take a recess to permit the gentlemen of the Senate to participate in the ceremonies in which the Honorable Robert E. Woodside will be sworn in as the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Due to the deep interest that the Senators have in that department, I would like to give the Members an opportunity to attend these ceremonies.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 10:30 o'clock a.m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Banking.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Local Government.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, House Bil No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WAGNER, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bil No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PEELOR read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to establish as a State Highway certain sections of public road in the Counties of Westmoreland and Indiana.

Which was committed to the Committee on Hifhways.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. SILVERT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, I ask for unanimous consent to say a few words in connection with a bill I am about to present.

The PRESIDENT. There being no objection, the gentleman may proceed.

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, some six months ago the City of Philadelphia and particularly the residents of Oak Lane were terrorized by a series of shootings by some maniacal individual. Some six persons were shot in their homes in the evening, either in their homes or while they walked out of their doors. It finally terminated in the shooting of a woman while she was washing dishes in her own home by a shot through the window, a young woman, the mother of two young children.

Mr. President, there has been great agitation in the City of Philadelphia and particularly in the Oak Lane section for some amendment to our Firearms Act to minimize the possibility of guns getting into the hands of maniacs. This individual became known as the "Philadelphia Sniper" and was never apprehended. The agitation was not only amongst the people of Philadelphia and Oak Lane, but the press joined in it and the Director of Public Safety of Philadelphia County also clamored for some strengthening of our Firearms Law.

Mr. President, this bill was prepared after consultation with Colonel Wilhelm in an effort to get some practical suggestions from him. He suggested that we first lengthen the period of investigation for any applicant for carrying a gun from two to seven days so as to give the proper authorities sufficient time to make a real investigation. He also suggested that every applicant for a license to carry a gun be fingerprinted. He further stated there would be no sense in complicating this measure in any other way so as not to inconvenience the law-abiding citizens.

Mr. President, his suggestions have been incorporated in this bill.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SILVERT, read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 322, entitled:

An Act to further amend Clauses (f) and (h) of Section 628 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws

of the Commonwealth," by requiring the application for a firearms license to contain the fingerprints of the applicant and increasing the waiting period from two days to seven days for investigation of applicants purchasing firearms.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WADE, read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act to further amend Clause 9 of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State Employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending the time within which State employes may become "original members."

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

HOUSE BILL No. 1 CALLED UP

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the Calendar House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 61, which went over in its order temporarily earlier in the morning, and ask that it be considered for third reading and final passage.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, as follows:

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Short Title This act shall be known and may be cited as the "State Council of Civil Defense Act of 1951"

Section 2 Establishment of State Council of Civil Defense The Governor is hereby authorized and empowered in time of emergency or public need in the nation or the State to create by proclamation a State Council of Civil Defense hereinafter designated as the "Council" for the general purpose of assisting in the coordination of the State and local activities related to national and State civil defense Whenever he deems it expedient the Governor may by proclamation dissolve or suspend such Council or reestablish it after any such dissolution or suspension

Section 3 Organization of Council

(a) The Council shall consist of the Governor ex officio the Adjutant General the Auditor General the Secretary of Internal Affairs the Speaker of the House of Representatives the President Pro Tempore of the Senate The Minority Leader of the Senate the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives their respective successors in office and five citizens of Pennsylvania to be appointed by the Governor The Speaker of the House of Representatives the President Pro Tempore of the Senate the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives may authorize a member of their respective branches of the General Assembly to serve in their stead on said Council The Council shall elect a chairman from the membership and five members of the Council shall constitute a quorum The terms of the members appointed by the Governor shall expire with the terms of the Governor appointing them

(b) The Council may employe a Director of Civil Defense and such technical clerical stenographic and other personnel fix their compensation and may make such expenditures within the appropriation therefor or other funds made available to it as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this act

(c) The members of the Council shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary traveling and other expenses incurred in connection with attendance upon meetings of the Council

(d) The Council shall be provided with appropriate office space furniture equipment supplies stationery and printing in the same manner as other State agencies are supplied

(e) The Council shall be subject to the provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 the Act of April ninth one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) as amended except as in this act otherwise provided

Section 4 Powers and Duties The Council shall have the following powers and duties

(a) To prepare a comprehensive plan and program for the civil defense of this Commonwealth such plan and program to be integrated into and coordinated with the civil defense plans of the Federal Government and of other States to the fullest possible extent and to coordinate the preparation of plans and programs for civil defense by the political subdivisions of this State such plans and programs to be integrated into and coordinated with the civil defense plan and program of this Commonwealth to the fullest possible extent

(b) To cooperate with the Federal Civil Defense Administration or with any other similar Federal Civil Defense agencies hereafter created and with any departments or other Federal agencies engaged in civil defense activities

(c) To supervise and direct investigations and report to the Governor with recommendations for legislation or other appropriate action as deemed necessary in connection with the purposes of this act

(d) To create committees either within or without its membership to aid it in the discharge of its powers and duties

(e) To require and direct the cooperation and assistance of State and local governmental agencies and officials

(f) To do all acts and things not inconsistent with law for the furtherance of civil defense activities

(g) To undertake supervise or direct the making of studies and surveys of all activities matters and things which are or may be related to civil defense but not limited to the nature extent location and vailability for use within the State of industrial materials and facilities production and manufacturing facilities transportation facilities agriculture food and water supply and land use labor supply and training labor relations and human resources professions trades and skills housing and related facilities hospitals clinics and other health and sanitation facilities educational facilities recreational areas and facilities consumers and consumer protection welfare finance mobilization and coordination of the police firefighting health medical and welfare forces of the State for the protection of the people against air raid shelling or other enemy action fire flood famine violence riot insurrection disaster the protection of civil liberties and maintenance of law and order and any and all other subjects and matters deemed by the Council to be relevant or germane to civil defense

(h) To cooperate with agencies established by or pursuant to the laws of the several states to promote civil defense and to cooperate with and coordinate the work and activities of all local Councils of the State and of all other agencies having substantially similar objects and purposes

(i) To create or designate agencies of the Council to aid and assist under this act and to grant authority to such agencies as may be deemed necessary for the effective accomplishment of any of its functions powers and duties

(j) To adopt promulgate and enforce rules and orders not inconsistent with rules or orders of the United States Army or Navy or of the Federal Civil Defense Administration with respect to the organization recruiting training maintenance and operation of aircraft warning services observation and listening posts information and control centers and such other services and facilities as may be necessary for the prompt reception and transmission of air raid warnings and signals

(k) To prescribe and direct activities to the extent related to civil defense in connection with not limited to the following Salvage and prevention of waste of strategic materials conservation of transportation facilities training and supply of labor utilization of industrial plants health and medical care nutrition housing including the use of existing public and private facilities rehabilitation education welfare childcare recreation for industrial workers and members of the armed forces and other civilian programs in furtherance of civil defense

Section 5 Mobile Support Units (a) The Council is authorized to create and establish such number of Mobile Support Units as may be necessary to reinforce civil defense organizations in stricken areas and with due consideration of the plans of the Federal Government and all other states To appoint a Commander for each Mobile Support Unit who shall have primary responsibility for the organization administration and operation of such support unit Mobile Support Units shall be called to duty upon orders of the Governor and shall perform their functions in any part of the State or upon the conditions specified in this section in other states

All personnel of Mobile Support Units shall while on duty be subject to the operational control of the authority in charge of civil defense activities in the area in which they are serving and shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses

All personnel of Mobile Support Units shall be regarded as employes of the State for all the purposes of the Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act as last reenacted and amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 520) and its subsequent amendments and shall be entitled to receive compensation in case of injuries received while actually engaged as members of a Mobile Support Unit in performing any duty provided for by this act or while going to or coming from the performance of any such duties the State as employer shall in all such cases be deemed to have knowledge of all other employment of all such members including self-employment and shall be liable for compensation on account of all wages and earnings resulting therefrom in all cases where an injury compensable hereunder is received by a member of a Mobile Support Unit who is in whole or in part a self-employer and loss of earnings results therefrom such earnings shall be regarded as wages the average weekly wage as so regarded shall be that most favorable to the employe computed by dividing by thirteen the total earnings of the employe in the first second third or fourth period of thirteen consecutive calendar weeks in the fifty-two weeks immediately preceding the accident

(c) The State shall reimburse a political subdivision for the actual and necessary travel subsistence and maintenance expenses of employes of such political subdivision while serving as members of a Mobile Support Unit and for all payments for death disability or injury of such employes incurred in the course of such duty and for all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of such political subdivision resulting from the operation of such Mobile Support Unit

(d) Whenever a Mobile Support Unit of another state shall render aid in this State pursuant to the orders of the Governor of its home state and upon the request of the Governor of this State the personnel thereof shall have the powers duties rights privileges and immunities of civil defense employes of this State except compensation and this State shall reimburse such other state for the compensation paid and actual and necessary travel subsistence and maintenance expenses of the personnel of such Mobile Support Units while rendering such aid and for all payments for death disability or injury of such personnel incurred in the course of rendering such aid and for all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of such other state or a political subdivision thereof resulting from the rendering of such aid Provided That the laws of such other state contain provisions substantially similar to this section

(e) No personnel of Mobile Support Units of this State shall be ordered by the Governor to operate in any other state unless the laws of such other state contain provisions substantially similar to this section

Section 6 Utilization of Existing Services and Facilities In order to avoid duplication of services and facilities the Council and the local and district councils of civil defense established under the authority of this act are directed to utilize the services and facilities of existing officers offices departments commissions boards bureaus institutions and other agencies of the Commonwealth and of the political subdivisions thereof All such officers and agencies shall cooperate with and extend their services and facilities to the Council and to the local and district councils of civil defense as they shall request

Section 7 Local Organizations for Civil Defense Each political subdivision of this State is hereby authorized and directed to establish a local organization for civil defense in in accordance with the State Civil Defense plan and program Each local organization for civil defense shall have a Director who shall be appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the executive officer or governing body of the political subdivision The Director shall be responsible for the organization administration and operation of such local organization for civil defense subject to the direction and control of such executive officer or governing body

Upon the failure of the executive officer or governing body of a political subdivision to make a recommendation to the Governor of a person for Director within the time fixed by the Governor the Governor is authorized to appoint a Director without any recommendation Each local organization for civil defense shall perform civil defense functions within the territorial limits of the political subdivision within which it is organized and in addition shall conduct such functions outside of such territorial limits as may be required pursuant to the provisions of Section 8 of this act

In carrying out the provisions of this act each political subdivision shall have the power to enter into contracts and incur obligations necessary to combat such disaster protecting the health and safety of persons and property and providing emergency assistance to the victims of such disaster Each political subdivision is authorized in the event of an extreme emergency as proclaimed by the Governor for the entire State or one or more political subdivisions to exercise the powers vested under this section in the light of the exigencies of the extreme emergency situation without regard to time-consuming procedures and formalities prescribed by law (excepting mandatory constitutional requirements) pertaining to the performance of public work entering into contracts the incurring of obligations the employment of temporary workers and the rental of equipment the purchase of supplies and materials the levying of taxes and the appropriation and expenditure of public funds The proclamation or proclamations herein referred to shall be in addition to the proclamation mentioned in section two of this act

It shall be the duty of every local council of civil de-

fense to execute and enforce such rules and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate under the authority of this act Each local council of civil defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense

Section 8 District Councils of Civil Defense In cooperation with local officials the Council is authorized to establish district councils of civil defense in critical areas of the Commonwealth of special importance in defense activities Such district councils shall act as coordinating agencies under the supervision and direction of the Council and in cooperation with local governmental agencies

It shall be the duty of every district council of civil defense to execute and enforce such rules and orders as the State Council of Civil Defense shall adopt and promulgate under the authority of this act Each district council of civil defense shall have available for inspection at its office all rules and orders adopted by the State Council of Civil Defense

Section 9 Authority to Accept Services Gifts Grants and Loans (a) Whenever the Federal Government or any agency or officer thereof shall offer to the State or through the State to any political subdivision thereof services equipment supplies materials or funds by way of gift grant or loan for purposes of civil defense the State acting through the Governor or such political subdivision acting with the consent of the Governor and through its executive officer or governing body may accept such offer and upon such acceptance the Governor of the State or executive officer or governing body of such political subdivision may authorize any officer of the State or of the political subdivision as the case may be to receive such services equipment supplies materials or funds on behalf of the State or such political subdivision and subject to the terms of the offer and the rules and regulations if any of the agency making the offer

(b) Whenever any person firm or corporation shall offer to the State or to any political subdivision thereof services equipment supplies materials or funds by way of gift grant or loan for purposes of civil defense the State acting through the Governor or such political subdivision acting through its executive officer or governing body may accept such offer and upon such acceptance the Governor of the State or executive officer or governing body of such political subdivision may authorize any officer of the State or of the political subdivision as the case may be to receive such services equipment supplies materials or funds on behalf of the State or such political subdivision and subject to the terms of the offer

(c) All equipment supplies and materials referred to in (a) and (b) hereof shall when accepted by the Commonwealth be treated as the property of the State and shall be subject to the relevant provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 unless the General Assembly shall otherwise direct

Section 10 Mutual Aid Arrangements (a) The Director of each local organization for civil defense may in collaboration with other public and private agencies within this State and in accordance with the authority conferred upon the State by the "Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950" (Public Law 920 Eighty-first Congress 2d Session approved January 12 1951) develop or cause to be developed mutual aid arrangements for reciprocal civil defense aid and assistance in case of disaster too great to be dealt with unassisted Such arrangements shall be consistent with the State Civil Defense plan and program and in time of emergency it shall be the duty of each local organization for civil defense to render assistance in accordance with the provisions of such mutual aid arrangements

(b) The Director of each local organization for civil defense may subject to the approval of the Governor enter into mutual aid arrangements with civil defense agencies or organizations in other states for reciprocal civil defense aid and assistance

Section 11 Immunity Neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof nor other agencies nor except in cases of wilful misconduct the agents employes or representatives of any of them engaged in any civil defense activities while complying with or attempting to comply with this act or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be liable for the death of or any injury to persons or damage to property as a result of such activity The provisions of this section shall not affect the right of any person to receive benefits to which he would otherwise be entitled under this act or under the Workmen's Compensation Law or under any pension law nor the right of any such person to receive any benefits or compensation under any act of Congress

Section 12 Civil Defense Personnel No person shall be employed or associated in any capacity in any civil defense organization established under this act who advocates or has advocated a change by force or violence in the constitutional form of government of the United States or in this State or the overthrow of any government in the United States by force or violence or who has been convicted of or is under indictment or information charging any subversive act against the United States Each person who is appointed to serve in an organization for civil defense shall before entering upon his duties take an oath in writing before a person authorized to administer oaths in this State which oath shall be substantially as follows

> "I ———————— do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Pennsylvania
> against all enemies foreign and domestic that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter
>
> "And I do further swear (or affirm) that I do not advocate nor am I a member or an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence and that during such time as I am a member of the (name of civil defense organization) I will not advocate nor become a member nor an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence"

Section 13 Penalties Any person violating any of the rules and orders adopted and promulgated under Section 4 by the State Council of Civil Defense shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) or imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) days or both for the first offense and a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment not exceeding ninety (90) days or both for each subsequent offense

Section 14 Separability of Provisions If any provisions of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held inavlid the remainder of the act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby

Section 15 Repealer The act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 6) entitled as amended "An act relating to National and State defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of defense and of local and district councils of defense prescribing the powers and duties thereof and providing penalties" is hereby repealed all other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 16 Effective Date This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is always a pleasure, Mr. President.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, on Page 9 of Senate Bill No. 1, under Section (c), we note where the mobile units and their employees shall be responsible for any damage done to any equipment of a political subdivision. Can the Senator tell me whether or not they are responsible for any damage done to civilian property; in case they are going to a disaster and a mobile unit should crack up with a civilian, are they responsible for the damage done?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, the clause referred to by the gentleman from Cambria in no way changes the negligence laws of Pennsylvania with regard to who should be liable in case of an automobile accident. It is only to see to it that political subdivisions that would furnish equipment or material to the mobile units would be reimbursed in case it is dissipated by the emergency situation involved.

Mr. HALUSKA. Thank you, Senator Walker.

Mr. President, I am going to vote for this bill, probably, but with my tongue in my cheek. We are more or less compelled to go along with the bill but I am wondering whether we realize what we are doing. We are setting up the greatest "Frankenstein" ever set up in Pennsylvania and, gentlemen, it is going to haunt us in years to come.

Mr. President, I recall back in 1937 we set up the Earle Emergency Tax Bill. We have it and it will stay with us forever, I am afraid, and these defense programs we are putting through today will be with us for years and years to come. I state right here that eventually we will create a chaos and bankrupt every political subdivision in Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, I am informed that although the bill has not passed, that yesterday morning someone without authority had placed fifteen men on the pay roll. My informant tells me that thirteen of them, if you please, were out of State, two of them Pennsylvanians.

Now, Mr. President, where are we going to? What are we doing? Don't we have sufficient men in this great Commonwealth who are qualified to take these positions? Must we go to Colorado, Arizona and elsewhere? Are we setting up a campaign for 1952 for someone? I am informed that the smallest job pays five thousand dollars. Oh, I know of many a man on this Hill and many girls who are working for eighteen hundred and twenty-one hundred, and here out of a clear sky you set up a salary schedule from five thousand dollars to fifteen thousand dollars for a group of political drones that will stay with us for years to come.

Mr. President, just recently we talked in committee about giving some thought to increasing the salaries of the Members of the General Assembly, and the holler went up, "We must have economy in government. We cannot raise their salaries, we cannot give more expense money, we must preach and practice economy in government." If this is economy in government, it is too bad for the balance of this generation.

Mr. President, this is a bad bill. It is going to haunt us, but to be patriotic we must wave the flag and vote for it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to assure the gentleman from Cambria that if the rumor that his informant brought to him is an actual fact, we certainly would be surprised.

Mr. President, I want to assure the gentleman also, if he will recall, that in House Bill No. 1 there is a procedure set up for the selection of the Council that will have the right to employ all the personnel that this new Council will have.

I would respectfully suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate if you will take a look at the individuality of the various members of this Council, I think that we can all agree within the privacy of this Senate Chamber that not one of them are individuals who are not blessed with sufficient political sagacity to see to it that the people who are employed to defend Pennsylvania will be Pennsylvanians. I want to assure the gentleman from Cambria that under no circumstances would this new Council ever countenance going to Colorado, or California or Missouri for their appointees.

May I say to the gentleman that I, too, always get a little twinge of conscience when I see the salaries that are paid on Capitol Hill, whether Capitol Hill is here or elsewhere, and realize that, in my opinion, fifty of the most gallant energetic and intelligent gentlemen of Pennsylvania sit here and labor far into the night, start early in the morning and repeat that performance day in and day out, for the magnificant sum of fifteen hundred dollars a year—not five thousand, not three thousand, not twenty-five hundred but fifteen hundred dollars a year—I, too, feel that no sacrifice is too great to make in the name of patriotism.

Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman from Cambria, if we catch any Coloradans on the pay roll in Pennsylvania, we are going to see to it that they are eliminated forthwith, because that would just make us as unhappy as Republicans as it would make you as Democrats.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I certainly appreciate the kind answer made by the gentleman from Allegheny County, and I have every right to believe that he is sincere in his remarks. I am told that one of the gentlemen is from Brooklyn. I do not know whether that is in Pennsylvania or not. If we do find, as I understand from the gentleman from Allegheny County, that the pay roll is loaded with men from Brooklyn and New York and Colorado and elsewhere, then I am led to believe that the gentleman from Allegheny County will definitely be opposed and as a Member of the Council will do his part, as I understand him to have them removed.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman, I am not a Member of the Council. I am depending entirely upon the gentleman from Westmoreland, the Minority Floor Leader, who is a Member of the Council, to take care of me.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, he will take care of the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, all right. There is no question about that.

Mr. President, I am serious about this. I was so told by my informant, and I have no reason to disbelieve him, and if we do wake up next Monday morning and find that we have on the pay roll as of yesterday fifteen per-

sons, fifteen new persons on the pay roll, I would like to know who gave them authority to hire them, who hired these fifteen people and if they are out of state people, certainly I think it behooves all of us to get together and determine what right they have on the pay roll of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, national defense is national defense. If these men are qualified or talented and they come from Colorado or Brooklyn, let them go back. I say again, we have qualified men in Pennsylvania and Senator Walker agrees. We may have a few in Pittsburgh; I doubt it. We have some bright men in Pennsylvania who could take these jobs. Now, while I realize that they may be Republicans, that makes no difference. I still insist that every man who is hired in this program should be a Pennsylvanian.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, this I hope will not be the last time that we will have a chance to discuss civilian defense during this Session of the Legislature, because I honestly believe that when the Governor has the opportunity to have his staff study this legislation, there will be some changes made.

Mr. President, I said yesterday that I objected to the contents of the bill because of the indeterminate features. Just this week or just last week, rather, there appeared in the Philadelphia Inquirer an editorial and it is headed, "Time to Curb Swollen Civilian Defense Payroll." It deals with the cost, the extreme cost, as they put it, of the defense pay rolls in the Federal Government.

So, I made some inquiries by 'phone and I received some astounding information. A great deal of it was about like the information that Senator Haluska has just transmitted to the Senate. You wake up some morning and you have thirty-five or forty new employees and they have to look for chairs to accommodate them, and after accommodating them they go out and get more employees and then they need more chairs. The problem they are faced with is that they may run out of chairs. That seems to be the identical situation here.

Mr. President, the reason that you have a swollen pay roll in your Federal setup is because this is an indeterminate item. That is exactly what is happening in Pennsylvania. It is an indeterminate item and no matter whom the members of the Council may be if the director who is personally liable and responsible for the administration of this act comes in and says, "We need fifteen employees, we need fifty employes," there is not a thing we can do about it, because the very thing that is now compelling the Senate to pass this legislation, without the process of a public hearing, which I think is necessary, and without a little more consideration to the details that we have discovered are contained in the bill, that fear of criticism of doing something that may be said to stop or interfere with public defense is the same fear that will permeate the Council and the same motivating factors that will allow them to vote willy-nilly, and I say that honestly. I have sat on many boards and the first thing that you know you have a tremendous organization built up, and how are you going to say to the director, "You cannot employ sixty-seven or a hundred and thirty-four or two hundred and sixty-eight? You cannot hire that many persons to be liaison officers when the bill itself says in Section 8,"—these are the things I am trying to get the Senate to be convinced of.

Mr. President, in Section 8 it says and I quote from the bill:

"District councils of civil defense. In cooperation with local officials the council is authorized to establish district councils of civil defense in critical areas of the Commonwealth of special importance in defense activities. Such district councils shall act as coordinating agencies under the supervision and direction of the state council."

Now, Mr. President, let us say that we set up an agency in Podunk Center. It is a civilian defense unit, and then the school board comes along, the school board of Podunk Center. It says we are going to set up a civilian defense unit of our own because the cousin of the chairman of the council, he is the boss of that one, and we are going to pu on the brother-in-law of the chairman of the school board, and he is going to be the boss of ours.

Now, Mr. President, those are practical things that happen in the political administration of government, let alone of an agency with the all powerful control that this has. So, they set up this thing and they get at loggerhead. So, the first thing you have got to do, you have got to name a coordinator, don't you see? Well, the coordinator is based in Harrisburg so you have got to give him a car, and the privilege to drive, and an expense account, and he goes out and he talks to the chairman of civilian defense of council of Podunk Center. Then he talks to the head of civilian defense of the school board of Podunk Center, and they agree then that while he is there they will coordinate their efforts and they cooperate, but in the meantime how many of these coordinators are going to be named? You say, "Well, it is in the hands of the Defense Council."

Now, Mr. President, I am not going to state to this Senate that I am going to be able to come back here, if I am a Member of this Board and I am still the Minority Floor Leader when the Session is over, which is doubtful, but if I am still the Minority Floor Leader when the Session is over, and I am a Member of this Council, I will have one vote out of twelve and I can rave and rant. If I have twenty votes here and I cannot stop an obvious wrong, how can I stop something when I have one out of twelve? It may be that when I make a motion, my good friend Hy Andrews will second it, and that would give us two out of twelve, but don't you see the position in which we are putting ourselves, the members of this Senate? We are putting ourselves in the position where we will not have anything to say over this swollen expense in civilian defense.

Mr. President, I have before me the report submitted by General Mellon and I have also the statement by Governor Duff in which the Governor said, and I want to quote from the Governor's statement in order that you do not get the idea that we are working on the basis of a Minority position. We are working on the basis of the instructions, if you please, left by former Governor Duff, and I quote from his speech made to the Members of the General Assembly:

"The threat of a third world war demands that civilian defense have top priority. Our best efforts must be put into that work. The Military and Civil Defense Commission for this State, established last August, has this program well under way. Utilizing the plans that have been made by the Pennsylvania Commission for Civil Defense, which was appointed in December, 1949, the Commission

has pushed forth this vital work in a most satisfactory manner.

"I urge all of you to read General Mellon's report attached hereto . . ."

Now, Mr. President, this is General Mellon's report. I wish the Members of the Senate would take five minutes of their time and read it. If you read that report, I am convinced that you will come up with a reactivation of the civilian defense legislation that is now upon the books, with an amendment to allow the coordination between states and joint compacts. Incidentally, House Bill No. 4 which was passed yesterday takes care of that. That is why we voted "aye" because that is the key to the so-called mobile unit defense which some experts believe is necessary in the type of war that we may be visited with. You will come up with that legislation because that legislation does not allow the thing to happen that John Haluska talked about right now. According to General Mellon's report and according to the plan that was submitted which is herein contained, and which incidentally I have cleared with the Federal Agencies, they say that this will be entirely to their liking.

Mr. President, if we pass the legislation that we passed yesterday allowing state compacts, there is no other restriction or no other recommendation that the Federal Government has made to any of the States.

In this report General Mellon clearly states the activities to date, what has gone on up until now and he urges the continuation of the same, and for the information of the members of the Senate, do not be misled by the opinions of certain persons. We have in Pennsylvania today one of the very best, and I do not hesitate to say the very best defense setup on a state-wide basis in the entire United States. There are some people in Pennsylvania who believe that unless we pass this bill today we will not have civilian defense. The only things we do not have here are the items of coordination or compacts between states and an appropriation and the right to name some high priced men to a lot of jobs. I mean that, and I say to you Members of the Senate on the other side, it is supposed to be your Party's banner flag that talks economy. I am supposed to belong to the Party of spenders, and yet we are trying to cooperate in an effort to see to it that we do not write upon the statute books a monstrosity, and I call it that by its name.

Mr. President, you do not need under any set of circumstances the situation now existing in Pennsylvania. You do not need a fifteen thousand dollar a year head, you do not need a twelve thousand dollar assistant and you do not ned a ten thousand dollar assistant for the simple reason that the field work has been done, the spade work has been done, the seeds have been sown and the hard work has already been accomplished. To prove that, in conjunction with the letter of General Mellon, he makes a statement and I quote:

"Paralleling these primary objectives, active planning programs either have been or are about to be undertaken in the important fields of emergency welfare services, medical and health services and training of service personnel."

Mr. President, right here is a bulletin from your Welfare Department in which it states that the Welfare Department has already set up its civilian defense survey. It takes care of the medical, nursing and the rest of the details that you are now allocating in this Act of the Legislature. It has already been done and after it has been done we come along and we name twenty-seven thousand dollars worth of extra office holders who pick up the papers, have new printings made with a new heading, sign them all over again and send them out to the various agencies all over the State of Pennsylvania. That is exactly what is going to be done.

Mr. President, I know and every man in this Senate knows that is what is going to be done. Someone said to me last night, some fellows that I met after we left here, "How can you afford to vote against that Civilian defense bill," and I gave them an honest answer. I said, "How can I afford to vote for it?"

The indeterminate features are the bugaboo in all legislation. One of the greatest fights that we ever had in Pennsylvania was the fight to get Workmen's Compensation on the basis of known cost. Over the years the one thing that cropped up every time we tried to increase the benefits or benefit periods was the question of interminate features, and if you will take and examine your Workmen's Compensation history in Pennsylvania you will find that the greater part of the premiums paid by industry was paid for indeterminate features.

Now, Mr. President, mind you, it is a set policy established by this Defense Council that is already set up by the Pennsylvania Defense Council, printed in their own pamphlet, that plant protection is of no interest to the State in so far as expense or training is concerned. They say that plant protection, plant defense training and all of the expenses inherent thereto are the expenses to be carried by the owners of the industries themselves, and when you take the industrial protection out of it, you ought to have, from all reasonable thinking, the major portion of the expensive high cost preparation.

The other preparation is, as I have said before and repeat again, a question of mental attitude. If we can get the people of Pennsylvania to believe in their minds that they are reasonably safe, that we have taken reasonable measures to protect their lives and their properties, that is the biggest and greatest civilian defense measure that we can pass. It is a question of mental attitude.

Mr. President, my young daughter had a young child righ before Christmas, and it was right at the moment when the local newspapers, the Allegheny County and the Pittsburgh Urban papers, the metropolitan papers were publishing full pages of the dangers and the devastation that could be visited upon us by an A-bomb. That young girl, who incidentally is not old enough to vote yet, has two children, and with the attendance of the second birth these papers, publishing all these scarehead articles, made here almost a nervous wreck. All she could think about was how can I get these two babies to lie upon the floor, which they said was essential. Why, I have a little grandson whom you couldn't keep down on the floor, to save your life, for not more than five minutes unless you set on him.

So, Mr. President, I talked it over with my wife and I said to her, "Now, there is only one thing we have got to do. We have got to resolve this thing into a matter of mental attitude on the part of our daughter, Patty," and here is what we did. I had a box that I had used for camp equipment, that I used to take to camps when I

was strong enough to go to camp, and we took that box over to her basement. We put in it a couple of my camp cots, and camp blankets, and a little gas stove that we used in camp to cook on, and I went down town and spent thirty-seven dollars and I bought canned baby food, some canned milk, some canned corn and all the stuff that would not spoil. We put it in her basement and now that girl does not care if a bomb falls or not. She thinks she is safe. That is the answer. You have got to make people think mentally that they are safe, and you do not have to spend untold millions of dollars to do it.

Mr. President, I know the Majority Floor Leader said that you are going to do it for two hundred fifty thousand dollars a biennium and that is very good. That is very, very good, and I think that you have room in the bill to put a provision that it shall cost two hundred fifty thousand dollars a biennium but mind you, you cannot put on a restriction of two hundred fifty thousand dollars and then put all these indeterminate features in the act nor can you pay seventy-five thousand dollars a biennium for the top three men. You cannot do that, that is out.

Now, Mr. President, we either have too many assistants or too much directorship. You do not need, and I say this emphatically, that if the Governor assumes his position under the law as Commander-in-Chief and does not have to depend for his appointment upon the goodness of the men named to the Commission, but puts it in the act as it should be, and the Governor assumes Commander-in-Chief of the entire defense mobilization, and we pass and give an authority the right to spend any amount of money that is required for the disaster, we limit the number of employees and we name a director, experienced in the field, I say to you that it will not cost any more than what the gentleman thinks it ought to cost, but I am willing to state here and now, that is not more than fifty per cent right and I do not think it is one per cent right if the plans now being formulated are put into effect. You cannot run a patriotic venture with a dollar tag.

Mr. President, I do not want to take time to read it, but I would advise every Member of the Senate to get the Legislative Journal of January 2, 1951, turn to page 83 and read the second paragraph on the left-hand column on page 83 and the third paragraph on the right-hand column, and in there the former Governor of this State calls for a reactivation of that spirit that was developed and was part of America in the early days, that spirit of personal sacrifice and that spirit of a commanding respect for the rights of others and a commanding respect for this Nation of ours and a willingness to give, if necessary, our very lives to protect it. We do not have to, in following the words of Governor Duff, Senator Duff at the moment, and following the dictates of our own conscience, look up to the early pioneers of America; we can stand on the same level with them.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, if that grandson of his is hard to handle and has to be sat on occasionally, I know from whom he inherited that.

Mr. President, I also want to say to the gentlemen of the Senate that since the discussion with the gentleman from Cambria, I took occasion, as have others, to call the State Civil Defense Headquarters, and I am advised that there has been one new employe put on the pay roll in the last ten days. That one new employee is a resident and a registered voter in the great County of Lancaster. I was further advised by my informer, Mr. Wymard, who was perhaps the piece de resistance in all of this backstage maneuvering, that several out-of-state workers were there when he went on the pay roll and that there have not been any placed there except this gentleman from Lancaster since he became an employee of the Council.

Mr. President, may I also say this. I have said repeatedly on and off the floor of the Senate that in my opinion the administrative costs of operating this State Council of Defense should be in the neighborhood of two hundred fifty thousand dollars. I hope that would be the ceiling and not the floor. I was predicating it on the appropriations which this General Assembly made during the years of the Second World War for our State Council of Defense and I would like to refresh the memory of the gentlemen of the Senate to the fact that this Council that will have charge and control of the organization, the management, the direction, the planning and expenditures of this Council are all set up in this House Bill No. 1. Of course, if the gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, and the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Taylor, go hog-wild and spend a lot of money after we put them on this Council, that is something they will have to answer to us for when we come back in here. We have given them the benefit of our suggestions and we have tried to set the suggestion in their minds of two hundred fifty thousand dollars. Now, of course, if the gentleman from Westmoreland has other ideas, he will have to at least give them to the Council so that they can have the benefit of them.

Mr. President, I do not want to be repetitious. We have gone over this bill inch by inch. I have no hope of getting in the last word in this discussion, but I would like to call the gentleman's attention to the fact, and this is with specific reference to the duplication of local units, that under Section 7 which appears on page 11 of this bill, it is impossible for any of the political subdivisions to set up a local civilian defense project unless it is set up in accordance with the State civil defense plan and program.

If, for example, the borough that was mentioned by the gentleman from Westmoreland has a local civilian defense program which has been approved and established under the plan of the Council of which he will be a member, and along comes a school district and they want to set one up, if that would be within the plan that is set up by this Council then that would be reading into the operation of this Council certainly something never contemplated by the individuals involved or by the Members of the General Assembly.

Finally, Mr. President, there have been repeated statements made on the floor of the Senate that this is a bad bill, and that we vote for it in fear and trembling. At the expense again of being repetitious, I want to say in all seriousness to the gentlemen of the Senate, one of the most sincere, hardest working and honestly intellectual members of this General Assembly is the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, who is the Democratic Leader in the House. Mr. Andrews is one of the co-sponsors of this bill. I have known that gentleman for a good many years, Mr. President, and I have never in my life had an experience where he would lend his name, his aid or

his support to a bad bill. He has had this bill with his name on it, he has supported it, he voted for it, he talked for it, he has cooperated with the gentlemen of the Senate in trying to get their suggestions for amendments, and when this bill passed the House ,Mr. President, it passed the House unanimously and not once was there ever a statement made by either of the sponsors or by either side of the political aisle that this was a bad bill.

This bill is a good bill, Mr. President, and if the individual Members of this Council are half as sincere in discharging the obligations of this bill, as are the Members of the General Assembly in putting this machinery into operation, we are going to have a good defense program in Pennsylvania.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I listened to the remarks of the Majority Floor Leader and they dovetail in with what I am about to say. He stated that any defense unit that is in existence or that is put into existence must comply and meet with the approval of the State Council of Defense.

Now, Mr. President and Members of the Senate, we have had active civilian defense work in Pennsylvania since August of 1950, under the direction of Colonel Miller. I wish I had fifty copies of this program and plan that was sent out by the State Council. Under this program, Mr. President, the chief defense cor-ordinator of the county is appointed by the Governor and the President Judge has original jurisdiction. In the event he fails to take over or is too busy, the next in line is the county superintendent of schools, and if he cannot handle the job then it goes to the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners.

Now, Mr. President, looking at this program which is in existence today in Pennsylvania, there are eight divisions and all this State work that has been done in the past is going out the window unless it meets with the approval of the newly elected State Council of Defense and, incidentally, Mr. President, there is not any great amount of pay roll in connection with this defense setup. This defense setup provides that the local public officials take over those duties, and they are doing it in the counties of the Commonwealth today, and now we have thirty-seven thousand dollars worth of pay roll to start with right here in the Capitol. What is going to happen later on when this new Act goes into effect?

Now, Mr. President, I noticed the weaknesses in this Act. One in particular is this. I do not like the idea that we should go off base and require that the State Council of Defense should require the cooperation and assistance of State and local government agencies and officials. Now, the phraseology used there is very questionable. We do not know what is going to happen in the future, but I say we should have a public hearing on this bill in order to bring in the men who have worked for civilian defense in the State since last August and give us their views because we are wasting all this effort.

Mr. President, I know in my own County of Washington it is highly organized today under this setup, and it may not meet with the approval of the new State Council of Defense so all this work has been in vain.

Mr. President, I still say and I still contend that no matter what happens we should have a public hearing on this bill and bring these experts in and let them give us the benefit of their thoughts and experiences.

I am willing to vote for this bill, yes. I am not going to be tagged as one individual who is going to oppose the enactment of any legislation that is necessary to the people of the Commonwealth, but it is our duty here today regardless of the time to point out what can happen, because in my opinion I do believe that this legislation is the most important legislation that will come upon the floor of this Senate during this Session of the Legislature.

Mr. McMENAMIN. Mr. President, before voting for this bill I would like to make a few remarks just to make my own position clear on the record if the Senate will indulge.

Mr. President, as a Member of the Minority Party here I believe that we must vote for this bill because the people of Pennsylvania must have a civilian defense setup. One of the things that we should have in this discussion here today—whether or not this is a good or bad bill is irrelevant, but what we should have is the best possible bill. This is not the best possible bill, I believe for these reasons.

First of all, Mr. President, the civilian defense in Pennsylvania should be completely apart from politics. This bill does not do to that. Second, there is no chain of command. This is going to be in a sense—the work officially is going to have to be built on military organization and it will not build up or set up a chain of command so that there is a clear definition of the duties and a clear channeling of authority from the Chief Executive, the Governor, down to the air raid wardens in each neighborhood. Thirdly, the financial features of it are such, although I have complete confidence in the thirty-nine municipalities in Lackawanna County and their school boards, their councilmen, burgesses, mayors and so forth, the financial features of this local taxing authority granted under this bill are such that there is a great danger, in my opinion, if we pass it in its present form.

As I say, Mr. President, we must have a civilian defense setup and I feel that I am duty bound to vote for this particular bill, although as somebody has said here, in years to come it may come back to haunt us.

Mr. President, I do believe we should have had some public hearings. If we had the people from Lackawanna County down here, they would have told you, and, incidentally, I do not believe any county has gone further on civilian defense so far than our County. We have thirty-nine municipalities who have had practice air raids in the past few weeks. They have now got their efficiency to the point where they have alerted every single municipality from a central control center on an average of nine seconds. Practically all of this has been done at very little or no cost whatsoever yet to the taxpayers. We have trained in Lackawanna County more than ten thousand people already in Red Cross first aid courses and they expect within the next few months to get that up to thirty thousand people. They have tied in radio ham operators and they have done all kinds of things.

Mr. President, that is the type of testimony we could have had if we would only have a public hearing on this bill, but with these few remarks I only want to say again that I am going to vote for it for the reason that we do need a bill and Pennsylvania does need some civilian defense. I wish it were a little bit better, but I guess this is the one we are going to have.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, Senator Walker said that we could look to Senator Dent in this new Council of State Defense, but I think we had better look to Senator Taylor because I am afraid that Senator Dent's words will be wasted on this Council like they are on the floor of this Senate, because the vote there will be as usual, twelve to two.

Mr. President, there appeared under the caption "Capitol Penn Poynters," in the Harrisburg paper yesterday, an article in which they said, "United States Senator James H. Duff, who declaimed a short time ago about too much 'fat' in the Truman budget, also warned before he went to Washington against letting State expenditures for defense get out of control." Right before he left for Washington I saw an appointment being made by pounds and not by ability. He is getting twelve thousand dollars a year, and is probably the highest paid office boy in government any place in the Country.

Then, Mr. President, it went on to say, "As Governor, Duff advised chairmen of the various defense units not to countenance unnecessary expenditures."

Mr. President, my thought is that when these local defense councils see what is going on in Harrisburg, naturally they are going to try to get their fingers in the cracker barrel also.

Mr. President, the article continues, "Senator Duff, while Governor, initiated the State defense effort."

Before I quote the next paragraph, I want to say something more about big Jim Duff's speech about "fat" in the budget. Last year, during the last days of the Senate, he needed a job for "Butch" McGovern, who was having some trouble on the Liquor Control Board, and there happened to be a vacancy for a workmen's compensation referee through the death of a colored referee out in Allegheny County. So Duff, being a pretty good politician, appointed McGovern. I was over in the Governor's office during the closing Session of the Legislature and I said, "Don't you think now that it is done"—I wasn't going to tell him before he had done it—"that you have made a political error?" He said, "No, I looked up the bill. I can create workmen's compensation referees at will."

Mr. President, previous to the election last year there was a great feeling among the public, the colored people, about this appointment and he took and appointed two referees, and as you know the appointment of a workmen's compensation referee costs twenty-five thousand dollars a year. It is not just the salary of the referee; it is the salary of the court reporter and the necessary office expense and secretarial help. In other words, Mr. President, for political expediency, during the biennium that costs one hundred thousand dollars a year. So, I think he is a man qualified to talk about "fat" in budgets.

Now, Mr. President, the article went on to say, "Pennsylvania had a costly experience in defense expenditures during World War I. A safety committee was authorized in 1917. It became a political football, with the Republican factions of that period fighting for control of the gravy train. No itemized list of the expenditures was made public, although it was alleged to have built up a considerable payroll." Unfortunately, Mr. President, we have not been able to get the pay roll over from the Auditor General's office of the employees presently in this defense.

Now getting back to the Federal end, I think that probably you gentlemen, namely Mr. Taylor and I think the Lieutenant-Governor is going to serve on the State Council from here, could take a point or two from what is going on down in Washington. They have not made a political football out of the emergency existing in the Nation today. I have noticed the President of the United States has gone out and hired men, and asked men to come down regardless of their political affiliation. I think we are all familiar with the job that Charlie Wilson is doing down there. I think we are all familiar with the job Eric Johnston is doing down there, and by no stretch of the imagination can it be said of the young gentleman who is in the White House from Missouri that they are of the same political faith. Then, on the United Nations there is Dulles, who was the Republican candidate for President last time, to be his Secretary of State and his adviser on international politics and international affairs. There is the new Commander-in-Chief, General Eisenhower, who has been appointed to head our military forces in Europe.

Mr. President, it appears to me that this monstrosity that we are going to have to vote on is nothing but boondoggling and a political football for the boys in the front office on the other side of the Capitol.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I just want to state this item. The Members of the Senate on this side are just as anxious to do the right thing as I know the Members of the Senate on the other side are. The only difference is that the Members of the Senate on the other side are convinced that this thing is right and, therefore, in full clear conscience can vote for this legislation. I do not know how many on my side, but I for one am not sure that this is right and I cannot in clear conscience vote for it.

Mr. President, I do not want to be put in the position of voting against it. However, there is just one question. If I could convince the Members of the Senate on the other side on this one particular item, I am wondering whether they would then take time to look into the matter. Is there any Member of the Senate who can tell me at this moment what the expense is at the moment of your administrative cost of this temporary setup of civilian defense? Is there any Member of the Senate who has any idea of who makes up the personnel of this particular setup?

Now, Mr. President, I do not believe every rumor that comes along, but I have been informed from rather unimpeachable sources that there are two newspapermen, one at fifty dollars a day and another one at thirty-five dollars a day, on this defense setup and yet they are in the employment of their daily newspapers.

Now, gentlemen, I know that it is nice to take care of the press. It is just as nice to take care of ward healers and probably just as nice to take care of Senators, but there are things that are morally wrong. Now, if that is true would the Members of the Senate still vote for this legislation without looking into it, if that were true? That is the question that I propound to you Members of the Senate on the other side.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have no hope at all that this will be the last word and I faithfully promised my guardian angel, Senator Taylor, when I sat down that I would not take this microphone again on this bill.

Now, Mr. President, let me say this bill was prepared by the experts in Washington when they set up the National Defense Council. They can talk all they please about bipartisanism but, Mr .President, I have not heard

of the National Defense Council in Washington calling up the Republican State Chairman and asking him if he would like to put a couple people on their pay roll, and I want to say in all seriousness to the gentleman from Westmoreland, there is no more authenticity to the rumors dropped in his lap than there were to the rumors dropped in the lap of the gentleman from Cambria.

Mr. President, the minute this bill is signed by the Governor it becomes law. The minute this bill becomes a law, this quasi-setup that we now have in Pennsylvania, headed by Doctor Distler, will cease to exist and it is up to the new Council created by this bill to decide who they want to hire and for how much.

Now, Mr. President, let us keep this record straight. These things we have been over and over and over; they debated them in the House, we discussed them in committee meetings, talked about them in the cloak room, discussed them in the barrooms. Everybody knows what is in this bill and the attempt to kick it around in the hope that we will eventually come up with something that might be better is absolutely wasted effort.

Mr. President, the people in Washington who are the experts are convinced that this is the best bill that you can have, and so are the gentlemen who lent their names to it when they sponsored it. So were two hundred and seven Members of the House when they were glad to vote for it, and I think it is about time we vote for it and if there are any inequities or any questions about the present setup, they can be corrected later.

Mr. President, I have all the confidence in the world in the Council that is set up here in this bill, and I want to say to the gentleman from Allegheny, do not be worried about the gentleman from Westmoreland. I have served with him in the General State Authority and due to the wording of the Act, the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Taylor, is also a Member of the General State Authority, and every time a roll is called Senator Taylor always follows Senator Dent and votes the way Senator Dent votes. He has tremendous influence and I know he will exert that same influence in the Council of Defense.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I want the gentleman from Allegheny to know one thing. There is no one on this side who doubts his convictions on this legislation. I do not think that it is that at all. I do not think that there is any question that the Members on this side are convinced that the Members of the House thought it right. That is a prerogative of the House, and if we are to definitely follow the House in all measures then we could do away with this type of legislative setup and propose a unicameral legislature and let the House pass everything and forget it, but that was not in the minds of the framers of this legislative setup of ours.

Now, Mr. President, I want to just make another statement. It is not true, and I want the gentleman from Allegheny to know that it is not true, that this is the best bill nor is this the last word nor did it come from Washington, D. C. They did recommend, yes; they had to have a model bill. There are absolutely no strings attached to the model bill, and I am again reliably informed that this legislation was drafted by Charles J. Margiotti, not that that makes any difference because I have a great deal of respect for his ability, and I do not say that because it was drafted by him but just to keep the record straight.

Now, Mr. President, if I am wrong in the statement that I made and if the gentleman from Cambria is wrong in his statement, then it is a very simple matter to find out. I would suggest to the Members of the Senate that we right now recess for a few minutes and send over a request to the Auditor General's office for a copy of this pay roll. This will tell us whether we are right or wrong. There is nothing wrong with that suggestion, and if as I have said they have a couple sneakers and feather-bed riders on the pay roll, the people ought to know. If there is feather-bedding on the pay roll, let us know about it. I do not think there is anything wrong in that. There have been questions of the morals of the Senators here because they represent some concerns as lawyers that may have a piece of legislation. There is no concern in Pennsylvania that is not interested in some legislation, and lawyers are entitled to a living whether they are Members of the Senate or not. I have always defended the right of any Member of the Senate to do business, the banker, and anybody else, even my good friend the hospital superintendent here. We are all entitled to a living but if that is true we ought to know that, Senator Walker.

Mr. President, there is not anything in this argument, I want you to clearly understand, there is not a thought in the minds of any of the Senators on this side that questions the integrity of you or any Member of the Republican Caucus in this matter. I think you are voting your convictions. Mine do not happen to be the same as yours. I cannot conscientiously find any recourse for me except to do what I had started to do yesterday.

Mr. President, I intend to vote "present" and I want to say to the Members of the Senate, I hope for the good of the people of Pennsylvania that you are right and I am wrong.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would just like to read a letter to the gentlemen of the Senate that was given to me by the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth. It is dated February 20, 1951, addressed to the Honorable John S. Fine, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

"Dear Governor Fine:

"Thank you for your prompt notification to me of the appointment of Doctor Theodore A. Distler, President of Franklin and Marshall College at Lancaster, as Chairman and Director of the Civil Defense Commission of Pennsylvania.

"May I express my appreciation of the excellent and effective cooperation which you are giving my office, and congratulate you upon the evident progress you are making in the organization of Civil Defense in Pennsylvania.

"Sincerely,

"Millard Caldwell"

Mr. Caldwell is the former Governor of the State of Florida and the Head, the National Head of the Civil Defense Unit in Washington, appointed by that distinguished son of Missouri who is now the Chief Executive of this great Republic.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Majority Floor Leader how true is that letter?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I answer the gentleman and say—

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, the letter is from one ex-governor to a present Governor.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, it proves at least there is one Democrat that thinks we are doing all right.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would like to correct the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker. It is a Dixiecrat he is talking about, and if he calls him a Democrat he is mistaken.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, we are going to get far afield from civilian defense, but may I say that when the Democratic Party holds their National Convention they are happy to have those Dixiecrats, and the day they do not want them we will take them.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, you had them and you couldn't get enough.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would just like to say—

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, there is only one thing that I would like to tell the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker. He is complimenting the Governor on the work that Colonel Miller and General Mellon have done, and on how far they have progressed up to date. He is not complimenting him on the work of Mr. Distler because he was just notified that he was appointed, but he is complimenting him on the work of General Mellon and Colonel Miller and I would like to correct the gentleman from Allegheny. Do not ever read a Dixiecrat letter from a Dixiecrat Governor that has been playing with the Republicans all his life to a good Democrat.

Mr. NEFF. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I have sat here for two months and have not had occasion to address this Body because, although I did not agree at all times with the position taken by the Majority, I could rest assured that my position would be ably defended by the distinguished Minority Leader or others of my colleagues on this side. However, today I find that I may be in a unique position. I must speak for myself as an individual.

Mr. President, I am not going to vote for this bill. I cannot vote for it with good conscience. I do not believe if this bill is defeated here today that we will not have a civil defense program and in time. As I read it, and I have heard the discussion here on the Floor for a number of days, I find there are a number of inequities present.

Mr. President, as pointed out by Senator Lane yesterday, there is an inequity in the matter of workmen's compensation that could have well been corrected here on the Floor as of yesterday and still have had the bill passed on third reading today. It was an honest omission, I believe, on the part of the Members of the House but it was not corrected because of an arbitrary, arrogant attitude on the part of the Majority, something that had been missing this Session but it was here in force yesterday, and as a result the auxiliary nurses, doctors and policemen in this great State of ours who may volunteer to work on this program will be denied the same workmen's compensation benefits paid those workers in the mobile units.

Mr. President, I think it is unfair, it is unjust. It could have been corrected here. I do not want anyone to suppose that I am in any way considering the action of the gentlemen in the House as inadequate or to suppose that I do not believe that they were sincere to a degree that we would hope them to be here in passing this package of civil defense bills unanimously. But, in the rush and bustle to get a program through and in the ensuing debate, ofttimes portions of measures that should be included in bills such as this are overlooked and I believe they overlooked this.

Furthermore, Mr. President, a point has been raised as to how one can afford to vote against this measure, but I believe I can a:ord to vote against this measure because I do not believe it is a good measure. I do not believe the sincerity that is becoming the Senate of Pennsylvania is written into this package, and I believe it should and can be corrected here.

Mr. President, I do not quarrel about the expense. If one life is lost in the State of Pennsylvania due to enemy action, because we have thought of the monetary obligations on the State, I believe we will have been derelict in our duty to our contitutents and I believe my position is much the same as others here. I have my circle of loved ones, as well as my constituents, and if it costs ten million dollars a year to provide protection and safeguard their lives, I am for spending it but I believe this a political boon-doggle.

Mr. President, we had a defense program enacted by the Legislature of 1942 that served us in an emergency certainly that I believe, at this stage of the game at least, was as grave as the position faced by America today and which certainly served us almost entirely free gratis. But, today we find we are going to write a blank check to someone and to say that it is not going to mean a political boon-doggle, that they are not going to play politics, I think would just not be according to the facts.

Mr. President, already before the measure has been passed we have three people appointed to administrative positions. One of them is an administrative assistant. I do not know his qualifications in a matter of civil defense or the military, and I do not think anyone else in this Senate can speak on his behalf in those matters.

Another thing, Mr. President, that I believe is of prime importance, and which has been deleted from this measure with respect to the defense bill of 1942, is that the Senate had the right to agree and confirm appointees to the top administrative posts.

Now, Mr. President, in the matter of the man who has been appointed director, Mr. Distler, I wonder how many of us here know his qualifications and background. I am wondering if it would not be a good idea for the Senate of Pennsylvania to have an opportunity to review this man's background, the associations and organizations of which he is a member. Under this measure we have been denied that right, but I would like to bring to the attention of the Members of the Senate an article that was handed to me by my distinguished colleague, Senator Holland, from Allegheny, just a few moments ago in regard to Mr. Distler's background and past affiliations.

Just last Friday, Mr. President, Mr. Distler resigned as president of an organization known as Freedoms Foundation. Now, what is Freedoms Foundation? Well, in this note that was handed to me I find a statement by William F .Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, that may shed some light on this organization, its aims and purposes, and on those people who contribute to its financing and the matter of energy and activity.

Mr. President, Mr. Green and his publication, "The American Federationist," a monthly AFL magazine, was awarded a self-styled "Freedoms Foundation Award" of fifteen hundred dollars. It was refused by President Green and here is what he has to say about this organization, and the award and I quote:

"After consultation with my colleagues, I arrived at the conclusion that it would be inadvisable to accept first place Freedoms Foundation award for The American Federationist or sum of $1,500, which you advised would be presented.

"I therefore request," and this wire was sent to Mr. W. C. "Tom" Sawyer, Director of the Awards Program of the Freedoms Foundation.

"I therefore request you to eliminate American Federation of Labor and/or its publication, The American Federationist, from consideration in any way whatsoever in making the awards of Freedoms Foundation at Valley Forge on Feb. 22.

"J Scott Milne, secretary-treasurer International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, rejected a $300 award for the union publication, 'The Electrical Workers Journal.'

"L. O. Thomas, editor 'The Machinists Journal,' said his organization would also decline the $200 to his publication.

"The 3 publications were included in a list of 9 union publications selected for awards for their Americanism. They occupied one-half of one page among 29 pages of awards.

"Freedoms Foundation is a front for some of the most reactionary, big business interests fighting and opposing every attempt by workers to improve their standards of living by union organization or legislation.

"Labor Press Association reported that it is 'anti-union, anti-labor, anti-liberal, anti-democratic and is the line peddled by the National Association of Manufacturers, U. S. Chamber of Commerce and groups like the Committee for Constitutional Government."

It seems to me as in the appointment of Distler we are starting on a new honeymoon. The Grundy-Fine group seem to be getting along quite well, inasmuch as I understand Distler is a protege and sponsored by Mason Owlett of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers Association.

Now, Mr. President, for those reasons, whatever the price may be, the price of sincerity, the price of courage of your convictions, I am going to vote against this measure today and would request if my colleagues could see fit to pay the price that they vote the same.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, it appears that my good friend and colleague, Senator Walker, may have been a little peeved with me a little while ago because I said it was a bad bill, and he said it was a good bill and that it had been kicked around. I see no reason why it has been kicked around. He also informed me that after I made my previous talk that I was wrong with regard to making the statement that fifteen persons were hired and most of them out-of-state. He told us that he had called his informant and had been advised that one person had been hired since that time.

Mr. President, my good friend from Westmoreland County, Senator Dent, has made a remark that he has heard that two newspaper men were hired, one receiving fifty dollars a day and the other one thirty-five. So, I wish to concur and go along with the thought of my good friend from Westmoreland County by asking for a recess to determine from the Auditor General's Department just who is on the pay roll. Are we wrong or are we right and are they Pennsylvanians or Brooklynites? He said they were Pennsylvanians; we should know. This is an important measure.

Now, Mr. President, if they wish to be fair on this important measure, they will take a recess and determine for this Body who is hired, who hired them, what they are being paid and where they are from.

And the queston recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34

Berger,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Taylor,
Crowe,	Lane,	Propert,	Wade,
Diehm,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Wagner,
DiSilvestro,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Walker,
Fleming,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins
Freed,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Watson,
Haluska,	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Hare,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,	Yosko,
Kephart,	Pechan,		

NAYS—1

Neff,

PRESENT—10

Bane,	Byrne,	Leader,	Ruth,
Barr,	Dent,	McCreesh,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REASONS FOR VOTE

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, my reason for voting "present" was the fact that I believe the bill was passed in a hurry for an unknown reason for which I have not been able to find out.

Mr. President, I think that the people of Pennsylvania had a right to send to Harrisburg our volunteers, and to bring the different heads of the civilian defense here to give us their opinions.

Mr. President, I want to correct the statement that we made all through this discussion that it is a nonpartisan bill. It is not a nonpartisan bill. It is true that a Democrat and a Republican were responsible for it, but I am always suspicious when a Republican lets a Democrat get on a bill. It is generally for other motives besides high elevating motives.

Mr. President, I believe that General Mellon, Colonel Miller and especially Mr. Distler should be here to explain the different organizations they have belonged to in the past just the same as people in Washington are asked to explain what organizations they belong to when up for any type of job that requires public trust and I would like to know a little more about his background and the many organizations he has belonged to, and I understand one or two of them are now being investigated by the Buchanan Committee.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate

do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution, giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame, adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, and providing the procedure therefor; imposing certain restrictions, limitations and regulations; imposing duties upon city councils, city officers, county boards of elections, courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities; and imposing penalties," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotariee, recorders of deeds, and certain State Departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, March 12, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agred to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:37 o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, March 12, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1951

The House met at 10:00 a. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Charles F. Trunk, Jr., Pastor of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Help us, O God, to see in Thee the balance for our smallness and the Light for our ignorance. Keep us ever mindful that nothing is done fully and right until it is pleasing to Thee. Therefore, may Thy will be made clear to us, so that we can please Thee rather than men. Give us convictions that are sound and just first; and then give us the courage to live by them, with the help of Him who alone pleased Thee. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, March 6, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. DALRYMPLE and READINGER.
HOUSE BILL No. 550.

An Act to further amend section 33 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vocational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors, courts and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by changing the salaries of the tax collector in cities of the third class.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Mr. HEADLEE. HOUSE BILL No. 551.

An Act to further amend Section 20 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by changing the times when fishing is not allowed.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and PETROSKY.
HOUSE BILL No. 552.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1168), entitled "An act to protect the right of emmployes to organize and bargain collectively; creating the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board, officers of the State government, and courts; providing for the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively; declaring certain labor practices by employers to be unfair; further providing that representatives of a majority of the employes be the exclusive representatives of all the employes; authorizing the board to conduct hearings and elections, and certify as to representatives of employes for purposes of collective bargaining; empowering the board to prevent any person from engaging in any unfair labor practice, and providing a procedure for such cases, including the issuance of a complaint, the conducting of a hearing, and the making of an order; empowering the board to petition a court of common pleas for the enforcement of its order, and providing a procedure for such cases; providing for the review of an order of the board by a court of common pleas on petition of any person aggrieved by such order, and establishing a procedure for such cases; providing for an appeal from the common pleas court to the Supreme Court; providing the board with investigatory powers, including the power to issue subpoenas and the compelling of obedience to them through application to the proper court; providing for service of papers and process of the board; prescribing certain penalties," by redefining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board; redefining "labor dispute"; the right of employers and certain unfair labor practices by employers and employes; further changing the provision for designation and selection of representatives for the purpose of labor bargaining; changing the practice and procedure before the board; further prescribing the qualifications for and increasing the salaries of members of the board; eliminating the provision making the rules and regulation of the board subject to the approval of the Secretary of Labor and Industry and eliminating certain forfeiture of rights.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 553.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-five of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the minimum salaries of teachers holding only emergency certification.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. HELM and SOLLENBERGER.
HOUSE BILL No. 554.

An Act authorizing political subdivisions other than cities of the first and second classes, and school districts of the first class and first class A, to appoint and pay the compensation of employes to make an assessment list of all inhabitants or residents thereof, over twenty-one years of age, for taxation purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. HELM and SOLLENBERGER.
HOUSE BILL No. 555.

An Act to amend Section 1764 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. BARKDOLL. HOUSE BILL No. 556.

An Act to amend Section 625 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by authorizing municipalities to grant special permits for the discharge of flobert rifles and other types of firearms in such municipalities for particular purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.

HOUSE BILL No. 557.

An Act to further amend Section 233.1 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing appointment of a solicitor by the register of wills.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. HELM and GUTHRIE.

HOUSE BILL No. 558.

An Act to further amend the definition of "County Employe" in section 1 of the act, approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 803), entitled as amended "An act providing for the creation, maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth class; imposing certain charges on counties, and prescribing penalties," by including employes whose compensation is paid from fees collected in the county office where he is employed.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. WOOD, BOORSE, FLACK, WHEELER and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 559.

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vicational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors, courts and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assessment lists and tax duplicates.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. LOPRESTI. HOUSE BILL No. 560.

An Act to further amend Section 4408 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by making political activity by police grounds for discharge.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Mr. LOPRESTI. HOUSE BILL No. 561.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordnance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and the Supreme Court and Superior Court," prohibiting the levy, assessment and collection of taxes on wages, salaries and earned income of nonresidents; and authorizing the levy, assessment and collection of such taxes upon residents of certain political subdivisions, including counties, institution districts and townships of the second class, for limited purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. LOPRESTI and ROVANSEK.

HOUSE BILL No. 562.

An Act relating to Commonwealth liens tax liens and municipal claims; providing for an index in the prothonotarys office; declaring such index to constitute notice of such liens and claims; providing for the time of attachment and expiration of tax liens and the liens of municipal claims.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. LOPRESTI. HOUSE BILL No. 563.

An Act to further amend clauses (6) and (7) of Section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender, or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations, or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by excluding busses owned by, or under contract with private or parochial schools for the transportation of school children and children to Sunday school from the definition of common carrier by motor vehicle and contract carrier by motor vehicle

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. LOPRESTI. HOUSE BILL No. 564.

An Act to further amend part of Section 102 of the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine

hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by including within the definition of "Commercial Motor Vehicle" and excluding from the definition of "Motor Omnibus" buses transporting pupils of private and parochial schools and Sunday school children.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. WESCOTT and FLACK.

HOUSE BILL No. 565.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health for the purpose of providing vaccine for certain persons assumed to be in danger of hydrophobia or rabies except in cities where dog license fees are paid into the city treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. HELM and SOLLENBERGER.

HOUSE BILL No. 566.

An Act to amend Subsection (b) of Section 2503 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for payments by the Commonwealth on account of tuition of pupils attending all joint schools and the schools of merged and union school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. EDWIN F. THOMPSON, PICHNEY, MINTESS and WILBUR H. HAMILTON.

HOUSE BILL No. 567.

An Act providing for the exemption, not to exceed a valuation of four thousand dollars ($4,000), from all taxation on real estate owned and occupied by any honorably discharged soldier, sailor, or marine, and their widows during widowhood, who have served in the armed forces of the United States, who have reached the age of sixty years, and who have resided in the State of Pennsylvania for one whole year; providing for similar exemption for totally disabled veterans irrespective of age; and providing the procedure for claiming such exemption.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. COSTA and McCORMACK.

HOUSE BILL No. 568.

An Act to further amend section one, of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (P. L. 129), entitled "An act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund, to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same," by further prescribing for the management, administration, application and regulation of such fund in cities of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. COSTA and McCORMACK.

HOUSE BILL No. 569.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (P. L. 129) entitled "An act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund, to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same," by providing a method of paying service increments from the retirement fund in cities to members of the police force after retirement.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. FILO. HOUSE BILL No. 570.

An Act to further amend the title and the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 522), entitled, as amended "An act relating to dogs, and the protection of live stock, poultry, and game birds raised in captivity from damage by dogs; providing for the licensing of dogs by the Secretary of Agriculture; providing for the enumeration of dogs by assessors; regulating the keeping of dogs, and authorizing their destruction in certain cases; providing for the protection of licensed dogs, and for dogs temporarily imported for trial, show, and breeding purposes; prescribing certain privileges for hunting dogs and dogs owned or used by the Board of Game Commissioners; providing for the assessment of damages done to live stock, poultry, and game birds by dogs, and for live stock killed by, or dying from, rabies and for the illegal killing of licensed dogs, and the payment of such damages by the Commonwealth; imposing powers and duties on certain State, county, city, borough, town, and township officers and employes, directing the payment of all moneys collected into the State Treasury; and providing penalties," by providing reimbursement for medical expenses to persons bitten by dogs in certain cases; and requiring that dogs be inoculated against rabies in order to be licensed.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. FILO. HOUSE BILL No. 571.

An Act prohibiting the collection of a fee in excess of one dollar for innoculating a dog against rabies; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Mr. NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 572.

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Highways to erect, construct and maintain a free bridge over the Susquehanna River in or near Nanticoke, Luzerne County; and to provide the necessary approaches and connections with State highways; providing for the acceptance of Federal aid empowering counties to pay certain damages; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. GAFFNEY and BUCCHIN.

HOUSE BILL No. 573.

An Act to add Section 828.1 to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act fo rthe protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and darage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refund," by establishing the requirements for the marking of certain buses as to route and destination and providing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. ZIEGLER and DOWLING.

HOUSE BILL No. 574.

An Act relating to supersedeas on appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. ZIEGLER and DOWLING.

HOUSE BILL No. 575.

An Act to further amend Section 4 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 67), entitled "An act regulating the practice, bail, costs, and fees on appeals to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by changing and making uniform the time within which appeals may be allowed from courts of inferior jurisdiction and from administrative agencies, and the time within which they may operate as a supersedeas.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. KUBACKI and READINGER.

HOUSE BILL No. 576.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by permitting certain districts to make their own enumeration for per capita tax purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. JOHNSON. HOUSE BILL No. 577.

An Act to amend the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by further regulating the security required for depositors of State moneys and to permit the designation of additional banks or trust companies as active depositories.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. WESCOTT and KENT.

HOUSE BILL No. 578.

An Act to add Clause (9) to Subsection (b) of Section 1002 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposin gpenalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing the establishment of speed zones with a sixty miles an hour speed limit.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 579.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-three of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for payment of salaries of teachers when schools are closed.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. EDWIN F. THOMPSON and PICHNEY.

HOUSE BILL No. 580.

An Act to further amend Section 10, of the act, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 710), entitled "An act allow-

ing and regulating boxing, sparring, and wrestling matches and exhibitions; establishing a State Athletic Commission; making an appropriation therefor; and appropriating moneys received for monument and memorial purposes; and prescribing penalties," by limiting boxing to six rounds except in a wind up or championship bout.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. PICHNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 581.

An Act requiring every person registering a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth to furnish proof of financial responsibility with respect to liability for personal injury or death arising from the ownership, operation or use of such motor vehicle on the ways of the Commonwealth by the registrant or by any other person with his express or implied consent; providing the nature of public liability policy which may be used as such proof; providing for the regulation of the risk, calssifications, underwriting, rules, premiums, rates and schedule of merit rating plans of insurance companies issuing such policies; providing penalties and repealing all inconsistent acts and parts of act.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. PETROSKY and MILLS.
HOUSE BILL No. 582.

An Act to amend Section 625 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by prohibiting the discharge and sale for use in this Commonwealth of flobert rifles and similar implements.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. KUBACKI. HOUSE BILL No. 583.

An Act to add section 2 to the act approved the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 89, 1933-34), entitled "An act appropriating the moneys in The State Stores Fund," by appropriating certain of the moneys in the State Stores to cities of the third class.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. MILLS and PETROSKY.
HOUSE BILL No. 584.

An Act to further amend Section 511 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," authorizing magistrates to issue temporary registration plates or markers.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. MILLS and MAXWELL.
HOUSE BILL No. 585.

An Act to amend clause (a) of Section 204 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 853), entitled "An act relating to taxation; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for all local purposes; providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation of persons, property and subjects of taxation for county purposes, and for the use of those municipal and quasi-municipal corporations which levy their taxes on county assessments and valuations; amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto; and repealing existing laws," by including church parsonages within the exempt classes of property.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GAFFNEY. HOUSE BILL No. 586.

An Act relating to weapons owned or used by minors under the age of eighteen (18) years; prohibiting certain sales and delivery of weapons; providing for the registration of such weapons; imposing duties on parents, guardians, sheriffs and the police departments of political subdivisions; imposing civil liability for injury in certain cases; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 301 and 302 and to amend Sections 304 and 408 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the membership and organization of the Pennsylvania Game Commission the Pennsylvania Fish Commission the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and the State Council of Education.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 24, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 304 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by increasing the membership of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 703 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by changing the compensation paid to township commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 60, entitled:

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive of the act approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class and parts thereof to cities and boroughs and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto" by making the same applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act to amend section 733 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend ad revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" by providing for an alternative procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases.

And said bill havnig been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include certain adults and empowering the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contracts under certain conditions.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, Te be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 262, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as depenedent children aged persons blind persons and other persons requiring relief providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with and to accept and disburse moneys received from the United States Government for assistance to such persons providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance pensions for the blind old age assistance and the State Emergency Relief Board" by permitting earnings or other income to supplement public assistance in certain cases.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1001 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by increasing the compensation of the township auditors

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 330, entitled:

An Act defining and providing for the licensing of water well drillers conferring powers and imposing duties on the Water and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters prescribing penalties and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" by authorizing the production and performance of civic opera between certain hours on Sundays

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for purpose of reimbursement between school districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and to enforce and visitation and making appropriations" empowering rules and regulations for its preservation development the commission to deputize special constables

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties" by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County, and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851), entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses," by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 94.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490), entitled "An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments, and to make uniform the law with relation thereto," by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments, and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 5, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11, providing for SHUT-IN'S Day, be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 2.

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws

HOUSE BILL No. 3.

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof.

HOUSE BILL No. 4.

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. SPENCER and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 587.

An Act providing a method for the reestablishment of townships of the first class from any city to which they have been annexed and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 588.

An Act to amend section 2 of the supplement to the act entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled 'An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof, establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties,' permitting certain State employes, who during the war were loaned to the United States Government and who have now returned to State employment, to pay into the retirement fund the amount of the contributions they would have made during such period, with interest, and prescribing how the Commonwealth shall build up the necessary State annuity reserves," approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 377), by extending the time within which certain employes may join the said retirement system.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. FERSTER and CLAPPER.

HOUSE BILL No. 589.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating therto" by further providing for additional increments for holders of college certificates or Masters' Degrees.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. CLAPPER and FERSTER.

HOUSE BILL No. 590.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for increments for professional employes holding a Master's Degree or its equivalent.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WACHHAUS. HOUSE BILL No. 591.

An Act to add Section 830 to the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the celrgs thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon the owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring all motor vehicles to carry first aid kits; imposing additional duties on Department of Revenue and Department of Health relative thereto, and providing for semi-annual inspections.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

BILL ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 238, Printer's No. 31

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for concurrence Nos. 12, 47, 83, 215, 217 and 237.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, March 12, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:53 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 12, 1951. No. 20.

SENATE

MONDAY, March 12, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Give unto us, O Lord, a true sense of proportion and propriety that we may not esteem ourselves greater or more important than we ought, that we may recognize our dependence upon and our need of Thy power and help, that we may work with Thee and Thine.

We know that that nation is great whose God is the Lord. Be Thou our God, our help, our strength. Help us to consider and to be considerate in all we do. May we never forget that we are servants. Grant us the grace to serve well. May we do nothing that will mar our own integrity, or that will bring harm or suffering to anyone. For Thy blessing we commend those who seek to guide the destinies and welfare of this Commonwealth and Nation. May it please Thee to hear our prayer and to grant our request, we humbly pray. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. LEADER, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

COMMUNICATION

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

HEADQUARTERS 28TH INFANTRY DIVISION
Camp Atterbury,
Indiana

Office of the
Commanding General

February 24th, 1951

Hon. Lloyd H. Wood,
Lt. Governor's Office,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Lloyd:

Mrs. Strickler told me about the lovely gift presented to her by the members of the Senate. I assure you it will be a permanent reminder of my association with the Senate as presiding officer during my term as Lieutenant Governor.

I am so sorry that I could not personally be present to help receive the silver service set. Please extend to the members who so generously made possible the gift my sincere thanks.

Respectfully yours,
Daniel B. Strickler,
Major General, Commanding.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL NO. 3
PRINTER'S NO. 30

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 3, Printer's No. 30, entitled "An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 3) entitled 'An act relating to officers and employes of the General Assembly fixing the number qualifications compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the Senate and of the House of Representatives providing for their election or appointment term of office or of service removal and manner of filling vacancies and making appropriations to the Senate House of Representatives and Legislative Reference Bureau' by changing the compensation of certain officers and employes and of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau and making appropriations."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL NO. 4,
PRINTER'S NO. 23

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 4, Printer's No. 23, entitled "An Act to reenact in part and to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty (seven (P. L. 1333), entitled 'An act concerning elections including general municipal special and primary elections the nomination of candidates pri-

mary and election expenses and election contests creating and defining membership of county boards of elections imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth courts county boards of elections county commissioners imposing penalties for violation of the act and codifying revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections' by further regulating elections authorizing and providing a procedure for the voting of qualified electors serving in the armed forces of the United States or any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veterans imposing additional duties upon the various county boards of elections and election officers chairmen of political parties or committees and officers and employes of certain political subdivisions placing costs upon the Commonwealth authorizing appropriations by cities of the first class and counties further regulating the last days for filing and circulating nomination petitions and nomination papers the withdrawal of nominated candidates the payment of fees by persons nominated at primary elections the filing of substitute nomination certificates to fill vacancies caused by the withdrawal of candidates and the date of the primary election."

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 12, 1951.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Leah Greenberg, Pittsburgh, 1409 Reedsdale St.
Mrs. Hilda M. O'Neill, Pittsburgh, 6018 Harvard St.
Mrs. Freda E. Walker, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh (28).
Robert E. Wiese Jr., Pittsburgh, 339 Lehigh St.

BERKS COUNTY

William M. Stottlemyer, Reading.

DELAWARE COUNTY

James H. Sloan, Ridley Twp., Crum Lynne.

ELK COUNTY

Thos. J. Skok, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

C. F. Spanbauer, Erie.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Isabel Carey Durkin, Scranton.
Nicholas Kuzmick, Mayfield.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Fernely Hildebrand, Hazelton.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Clyde E. Baltzer, Williamsport.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Merrill G. Hartzell, Palmer Twp., Easton.
Miss Nellie C. Hughes, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

David E. Longacre, 402 Pa. Stock Yard Bldg.
Frederick A. Meyers, 1414 McKean St.
Mrs. Nettie Silverstein, Rm. 909 Market St. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Joseph A. Wintz, Jr., 1618 Sellers St.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Samuel B. Reyburn, Latrobe.
Mrs. Ruth A. Woomer, Greensburg.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George W. Brown, 1609 Federal St., 3-9-51.
A. M. Blanche, 201 N. Broad St., 3-10-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Emma M. Odenwelder, Easton, 3-13-51.

PHILALELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Lily M. Stern, 701 Bailey Bldg., 3-13-51.
Mrs. Ruth B. Smith, 1316 Arch St., 3-15-51.
George L. Parker, Jr., N. E. Cor. 17th & Wallace Sts., 3-16-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Frances T. McDonnell, Easttown Twp., Berwyn, 3-23-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Arthur K. Clemens, Harrisburg, 3-23-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss B. Leona Quinn, Bethlehem, 3-24-51.
Miss Kathrine L. Vannatta, Bethlehem, 3-24-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Regina L. Strain, Chester, 3-26-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mary M. Moore, Pittsburgh, 902 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., 3-29-51.

MCKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Victoria M. Thomas, Keating Twp., East Smethport, 3-31-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BIRTHDAY FELICITATIONS EXTENDED TO SENATOR DENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, last Saturday a very special birthday was celebrated by the distinguished gentleman from Wesmoreland and inasmuch as conditions beyond our control prohibited us from participating in the family celebration, I have taken the liberty of having prepared for the gentleman from Westmoreland a slight memento of the deep appreciation which the other forty-nine gentlemen of the Senate have for the distinguished gentelman from Westmoreland. On behalf of the Senate of Pennsylvania, Senator Dent, we would like to wish you a very merry and happy birthday and hope you will be with us for centuries to come.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I wish to thank the Members of the Senate for this splendid remembrance of a memorial day in my life. I notice that this beautiful cake represents a book and it seems to me to be pretty well divided down the middle. I was forty-three years of age on Saturday, the year of our Lord nineteen hundred fifty-one, on March 10. I know that it would give me a great deal of consolation if I knew my life was right in the middle just the same as this cake is right now, and I hope that in the next forty-three years I may have the privilege of knowing and meeeting, being friendly to as fine a group of men as I have met in my terms here in the Senate and of all the people I have met, none were greater nor more dear to me than the Members of the Senate at this moment.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I believe the Senate might be interested in the reaction of some of the papers to our passage of the civil defense bills. First, I would like to read an editorial from the Pittsburgh Press:

"CIVIL DEFENSE SQUABBLE

"HARRISBURG seems to be having more trouble over Civil Defense than over any other topic on its agenda.

"This probably won't hold up until the end of the Legislature's session—but it's the situation to date.

"The Governor, for some inexplicable reason, superimposed one Civil Defense boss on top of another.

"Now, the man who built the original plan and who has a reputation as a man who knows how, has gone off to Washington on a temporary assignment.

"He says he'll come back, when he completes his Washington task, 'if the State wants me.' But only if he can have a 'free hand' in developing the Civil Defense program.

"Well, he can't have a 'free hand' very well if there are two or three bosses over him.

"So this is a confused and disheartening situation, not designed to attract volunteers into the Civil Defense setup, or to enspirit those already signed up.

"Then Senate Republicans jammed through the Fine Administration's Civil Defense bills—the measures to make the whole thing legal—over the protests of Democrats who demanded public hearings.

"Why not public hearings? Public hearings are in order on any issue. And on this one they might develop some facts as to just where Civil Defense is going, and why. Also, how much?"

This appeared in the Pittsburgh Press last Friday.

Mr. President, another one appeared in the Pittsburgh Post-Gazette:

"THE CIVIL DEFENSE MUDDLE

"The people of Pennsylvania will learn with more regret than surprise that Colonel Alton C. Miller, assistant to the director of Civil Defense, has taken a 30-day leave of absence that probably means a permanent end to his services.

"Regret stems from the knowledge that of all the many people who have fingers in the State's Civil Defense setup, Colonel Miller is generally conceded to be the best qualified technician. His standing in this field is attested by his mission to Washington to do a special emergency job for the Federal Civil Service Defense Administration.

"The want of surprise can be attributed to the fact that Colonel Miller must have been a most frustrated and unhappy man. Consider the discouraging monkeyshines in which he has been involved in the last few months.

"Last September, Colonel Miller left a Federal job paying $13,000 a year to accept appointment by then Governor Duff as director of Civil Defense at a salary of $10,000. As head man, he directed the preliminary Civil Defense planning and organizational work.

"When the Fine Administration came in, Colonel Miller was kicked downstairs. Dr. Theodore Distler was appointed Civil Defense director at a salary of $15,000. N. L. Wymard was appointed administrative assistant at a salary of $12,000. Colonel Miller was dropped to third place in the heirarchy at his same old salary, giving the whole program a rather complex and costly administrative setup.

"Small wonder, then, that the Colonel has had his fill of political plum picking, which obviously has no place in any program so vital as Civil Defense. Despite the formal statement put out from the Governor's office to the effect that the Colonel might return to the job when his leave is up, competent observers are convinced that he is through.

"That is truly a deplorable situation, not because Colonel Miller is by any stretch of the imagination an indispensable man but because of the political sickness of which his departure is a symptom. It means that patronage has been put above professional qualification. Unless we are badly mistaken—and we earnestly hope that we are—this will do much to shake faith in the whole Civil Defense program."

This was out of the Pittsburgh Post-Gazette of last Friday.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

MEMBERS OF THE BLAIR COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Blair County Board of Assistance:

Rabbi Nathan Kaber (Democrat), 3004 Union Avenue, Altoona, to serve until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Eugene O'M. Bradley, Altoona, resigned.

Mrs. Sara Mitterling (Republican), Hollidaysburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John J. McMurray (Republican), Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

RECORDER OF DEEDS, CAMBRIA COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate D. Thomas Evans, 340 Highland Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County, for appointment as Recorder of Deeds in and for the County of Cambria, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Clark Powell, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 102 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by defining "monotrailer," and extending to apply to monotrailers the provisions of said act applicable to trailers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. TAYLOR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital, to sell and convey certain land used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act requiring goods placed in warehouses be insured against fire; imposing duties upon warehousemen and fire insurance companies; imposing liabilities upon warhousemen and granting them right of lien on goods on which they pay premiums for fire insurance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 327, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause four of subsection A of Section 1001 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation; association, or persons, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the making of installment loans.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 328, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 35 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vocational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors, courts and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by fixing the compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships of the second class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 202), entitled "An act providing for the licensing and regulation of motor boats operated or navigated upon any public stream, artificial or natural body of water, or non-tidal waters of any river within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain police officers and the Board of Fish Commissioners, including the enforcement of certain existing laws; and prescribing penalties," by directing the Department of Revenue to authorize local agents, which may be county officers, to issue motor boat licenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. KEPHART (By Request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 330, entitled:

An Act prohibiting examinations and prescribing for ocular conditions in conjunction with or on the premises of business establishments; and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses for violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (17) of subdivision (4) of subsection (1) of section four of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" including services of industrial insurance agents within the definition of employment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. McMENAMIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 333, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, and townships to abate certain interest charges and penalties added to municipal claims, imposed or assessed for certain improvements; prohibiting the sale of real property for the nonpayment of such claims for a certain period; preserving the liens of such claims and providing for the extension thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. NEFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 334, entitled:

An Act to establish a separate orphans' court for the County of Beaver.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Messrs. LANE, DIEHM, and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 335, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 14 of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1625), entitled "An act providing for the creation, maintenance and operation of a county employes retirement system in counties of the third class; and imposing certain charges on counties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. LANE and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by permitting candidates for school director to be nominated by more than one political party.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. LEADER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XX of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by establishing scholarships for room and board at State Teachers' Colleges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE GOVERNOR TO ISSUE PROCLAMATION, URGING THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA TO OBSERVE GOOD FRIDAY

Mr. McCREESH offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 12, 1951.

Good Friday is a meaningful day in the Christian Calendar. Nearly two thousand years ago Christ, resigned to the cruelties of his fellowmen, painfully journeyed the Via Dolorosa to His martydom at Calvary. For Him the burgeoning of Spring with its re-animation of life on earth brought not a renewed hope and strength for His ministry, but marked, instead, the agony of a humilating death.

From this supreme sacrifice of the Son of God at a time when nature and man mingle their moods of gayety

after a winter of somber inaction, we should derive an earnest inspiration to express in thought and performance on behalf of a world of doubt and disension, the irresistible beauty and appeal of the Christian concept; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania pause to contemplate the profound significance of Good Friday and its spiritual message of hope to anyone caught in the toils of despair, that a glorious triumph can transcend the bitterness of frustration and death; and be it further

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania respectfully request the Governor to issue a Proclamation, urging the people of Pennsylvania to observe Good Friday by participating in the services of the churches of their own selection, and to deport themselves otherwise with the reverence and the dignity that become a deeply religious occasion.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. WATKINS, offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 12, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 19, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E.S.T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 19, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock p. m., E.S.T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatixes for concurrence.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of fthe nominations reported at today's Session.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. CROWE,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

RECORDER OF DEEDS, CAMBRIA COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate D. Thomas Evans, 340 Highland Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County, for appointment as Recorder of Deeds in and for the County of Cambria, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Clark Powell, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF THE BLAIR COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Blair County Board of Assistance:

Rabbi Nathan Kaber (Democrat), 3004 Union Avenue, Altoona, to serve until December 31, 1951, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Eugene O'M. Bradley, Altoona, resigned.

Mrs. Sara Mitterling (Republican), Hollidaysburg, from January 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

John J. McMurray (Republican), Altoona, from September 1, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I would like to ask that the nomination of D. Thomas Evans, as Recorder of Deeds in and for the county of Cambria, be laid upon the table at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The nomination of D. Thomas Evans, as Recorder of Deeds in and for the county of Cambria, will be laid upon the table.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING POSTPONED CALENDAR CALLED UP

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 80, on third reading postponed, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled

as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldier Orphans' School" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 80, as follows:

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Orphans' School the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171) entitled as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School and the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School" as amended by the act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 267) is hereby further amended to read as follows

An Act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection equipment management and operation of the [Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children the maintenance of children admitted thereto and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said [Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children

Section 2 Section 1 9 and 11 of said act are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That there shall be erected at some point within the State easily accessible a building or buildings to be known as the [Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children

Section 9 The per capita rate of the appropriation for the education and maintenance of the children admitted [in the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School] to the Scotland School for Veterans' Children shall not exceed the sum of two hundred ($200) dollars per annum

Section 11 The [said commission] Board of Trustees of the Scotland School for Veterans' Children shall [on or before the third Wednesday in January of each year present to the Legislature under oath a detailed report of the financial transaction of the preceding year] at every regular session of the General Assembly present to the Legislature under oath a report setting forth in detail the amount of all moneys or other property received on account of such [Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children and an itemized statement of the disbursements thereof

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of June one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.			

NAYS—1

Kephart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

BILL ON THIRD READING POSTPONED CALENDAR CALLED UP

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 82, on third reading postponed, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 82, as follows:

An Act to further amend Sections 202 401 and 1311 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating re-

organizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 As much as applies to the Department of Public Instruction of Section 202 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Depart thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal School or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" as last amended by the acts approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1003) the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1289) and the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1717) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 202 Departmental Administrative Boards Commissions and Offices The following boards commissions and offices are hereby placed and made departmental administrative boards commissions or offices as the case may be in the respective administrative departments mentioned in the preceding section as follows

* * * * *

In the Department of Public Instruction
State Council of Education
State Real Estate Commission
Pennsylvania State Board of Censors
Public School Employes' Retirement Board
Board of Trustees of Thaddeus Stevens Trade School
Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State Oral School for the Deaf
Board of Trustees of [Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children
Board of Trustees of West Chester State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Millersville State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Kutztown State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of East Stroudsburg State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Mansfield State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Bloomsburg State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Shippensburg State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Lock Haven State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Indiana State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of California State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Slippery Rock State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Edinboro State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Clarion State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Cheyney Training School for Teachers
State Board of Medical Education and Licensure
State Board of Pharmacy
State Dental Council and Examining Board
State Board of Optometrical Examiners
State Board of Osteopathic Examiners
Osteopathic Surgeon's Examining Board
State Board of Examiners for the Registration of Nurses
State Board of Cosmetology
State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners
State Board of Chiropractic Examiners
State Board for the Examination of Public Accountants
State Board of Examiners of Architects
State Registration Board for Professional Engineers
Public Service Institute Board
State Board of Private Academic Schools
State Board of Private Business Schools
State Board of Private Trade Schools
State Board of Private Correspondence Schools

* * * * *

All of the foregoing departmental administrative boards and commissions shall be organized or reorganized as provided in this act

Section 2 Sections 401 and 1311 of said act at last amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 187) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 401 Boards of Trustees of State Institutions The boards of trustees of each of the State institutions hereinafter mentioned shall consist of nine members and the head of the department having supervision over the institution ex officio

The terms of the members of each such board shall be four years and until their successors are qualified

Five members of any such board shall constitute a quorum

Each such board shall annually elect a president and vice-president from among its members and a secretary and treasurer who need not be members of the board The secretary and treasurer may be the same person

This section shall apply to

Board of Trustees of Thaddeus Stevens Trade School
Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State Oral School for the Deaf
Board of Trustees of [Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children
Board of Trustees of West Chester State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Millersville State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Kutztown State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of East Stroudsburg State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Mansfield State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Bloomsburg State Teacher's College
Board of Trustees of Shippensburg State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Lock Haven State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Indiana State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of California State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Slippery Rock State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Edinboro State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Clarion State Teachers' College
Board of Trustees of Cheyney Training School for Teachers
Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home
Board of Trustees of Eastern State Penitentiary which upon the establishment of the Medium Security Prison

at Graterford shall thereafter be known as the Board of Trustees at Graterford

Board of Trustees of Western State Penitentiary

Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Institution for Defective Delinquents And upon the establishment of the Medium Security Prison at Huntingdon shall thereafter be known as the Board of Trustees at Huntingdon

Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Industrial School at Camp Hill Cumberland County Pennsylvania

Board of Trusteees at Rockview

Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Training School for Girls

Board of Trustees of State Industrial Home for Women

Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Training School at Morganza

Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Training School at Kis-Lyn Luzerne County Pennsylvania

Board of Trustees of Allentown State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Danville State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Farview State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Harrisburg State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Norristown State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Wernersville State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Torrance State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Ashland State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Blossburg State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Coaldale State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Connellsville State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Hazleton State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Locust Mountain State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Nanticoke State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Philipsburg State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Scranton State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Shamokin State Hospital

Board of Trustees of Laurelton State Village

Board of Trustees of Pennhurst State School

Board of Trustees of Polk State School

Board of Trustees of Selinsgrove State Colony for Epileptics

Board of Trustees of such institutions as are acquired by the Commonwealth from any county city or institution district and are used as State mental hospitals under the provisions of act number twenty-one approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight

Provided That from and after the third Tuesday of January one thousand nine hundred and forty-three the terms of the first three members to be appointed by the Governor to each of the following boards of trustees shall expire on the third Tuesday of January one thousand nine hundred and forty-five and the terms of the next three members to be appointed shall expire on the third Tusday of January one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and the terms of the next three members shall expire on the third Tuesday of January one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine the successors to each of the above mentioned members shall be appointed for terms of six years and all appointments thereafter shall be for terms of six years except those to fill vacancies created prior to the end of any term which shall be only for the duration of the unexpired term

Board of Trustees of Thaddeus Stevens Trade School

Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State Oral School for the Deaf

Board of Trustees of [Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children

Board of Trustees of West Chester State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Millersville State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Kutztown State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of East Stroudsburg State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Mansfield State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Bloomsburg State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Shippensburg State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Lock Haven State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Indiana State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of California State Teachers' College

Board of Trustes of Slippery Rock State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Edinboro State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Clarion State Teachers' College

Board of Trustees of Cheyney Training School for Teachers

Section 1311 Boards of Trustees of State Institutions Within the Department The boards of trustees of the several State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges the Board of Trustees of the Cheyney Training School for Teachers the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State Oral School for the Deaf the Board of Trustees of [Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School] Scotland School for Veterans' Children and the Board of Trustees of Thaddeus Stevens Trade School shall have general direction and control of the property and management of their respective institutions Each of the said boards of trustees shall have the power and its duty shall be

(a) Subject to the approval of the Governor to elect a president principal or superintendent of the institution who shall subject to the authority of the board administer the institution and if deemed advisable a business manager

(b) On nomination by the president principal or superintendent from time to time to appoint such officers and employes as may be necessary

(c) To fix the salaries of its employes in conformity with the standards established by the Executive Board

(d) Subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to make such by-laws rules and regulations for the management of the institution as it may deem advisable

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of June one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to th provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany.	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—1

Kephart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 37, on scond reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of th Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section providing for absentee voting.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill No. 45, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to add Section 808.1 to the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by prohibiting certain acts relating to game in cemeteries and burial grounds.

be recommitted to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considerd in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considerd in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act approved the thirty--first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188) entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking institutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considerd in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection B of section one thousand nine of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considerd in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-sever (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the lay relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considerd in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513) entitled "An act regulating the construction equipment maintenance operation and inspection of boilers granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry providing penalties for violations of this act and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" by providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147) entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serve as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth" by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors and authorizing the payment of mileage

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to offer the following amendments to the title of the bill, and I would like to call the attention of the gentlemen of the Senate to the fact that when the committee reported the bill out of committee, they struck out "payment of mileage" in the bill but inadvertently forgot to strike the same subject matter out of the title. These amendments merely strike out the "payment of mileage" from the title in order to make it conform with the body of the bill.

Mr. WALKER offered the following amendment:

Amend Section 1 (Sec. 1) page 2, line 14 by striking out the word "shall."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. WALKER offered the following amendment:

Amend Title Page 1, lines 5 and 6 by striking out the words "and authorizing the payment of mileage."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of counties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the third class.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class, second class, and second class A to make appropriations for the support, maintenance, discipline, and training of units of the National Guard; providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations; and repealing existing laws," by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by auditors of cities of the first class, second class and second class A.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to offer the following amendment to the bill and for the information of the Senate this amendment merely puts an effective date in the act.

Mr. WALKER offered the following amendment:

Amend Bill Page 2, by inserting after line 12 the following: "Section 2. The provisions of this Act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 244, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 245, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restricting payments to firemen and their dependents

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 13, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. FREED. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:27 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, March 13, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, March 12, 1951

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Dr. Robert M. Tignor, Pastor of the Yeadon Presbyterian Church, Yeadon, Pennsylvania, guest and pastor of the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. William C. Leonard, offered the following prayer:

O God, bless the men and women gathered here today as representatives of the people. In this hour of severe testing may each one of us be conscious of the importance and value of the individual. May we never permit pressure, no matter how strong, to make us violate what is our clear duty to Thee and all the people. Help all of us, whether in local movement or state government or national government, to keep bright and alive the truth that government of the people, by the people and for the people shall not perish from the earth.

We thank Thee, O God, for this hour when free government, is on trial. We have taken for granted, O Lord, those elements of our nation which have been our common heritage. It is only in great strain and tension that we are able to see wherein they belong to our good. We seek now the sacrifice which would enable us to take up again the good of our fathers, the discipline to cast off those weaknesses which have hindered us, and the humility to se that we have not always been right.

May we truly place Thee first as we begin this day, as we make our plans for the future. We need Thee as our invocation and our benediction. This prayer we ask in the name of Christ our Saviour. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, March 7, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 12.

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in, and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores; for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships; for the abatement of certain nuisances; and in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

SENATE BILL No. 47.

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

SENATE BILL No. 83.

An Act to amend Section 31 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 427), entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to Penal Proceedings and Pleadings," by permitting the trial of cases of involuntary manslaughter in quarter sessions courts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 215.

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

SENATE BILL No. 217.

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

SENATE BILL No. 237.

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possesion and transportation of big game.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

COMMUNICATION

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION M—NORTH DAKOTA

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication from the Department of State of North Dakota submitting House Concurrent Resolution M memorializing Congress to amend the Federal Highway Act so as to prohibit the diversion of revenue received from federal motor-user taxes and to provide for an increased federal matching ratio so that all such revenues be returned to the states and used for road development.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Appropriations to meet during the session of the House.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 2.

An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled as amended "An act relating to air raid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties" by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

HOUSE BILL No. 3.

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

HOUSE BILL No. 4.

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 12, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 19, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvenes on Monday, March 19, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Bolton for Mr. LAFORE for today because of illness in the family.

Mr. Murray for Mr. BOMBERGER for the remainder of the week because of illness.

Mr. Polen for Mr. HEADLEE.

SENATE MESSAGES

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for concurrence, Nos. 80 and 82.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. SARRAF from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act requiring owners and operators of tourist camps having heated cabins to provide adequate chimneys or escape vents for harmful gases; and imposing penalties.

Mr. HEWITT from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

FORMER MEMBERS WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, now a Judge in the Allegheny County courts, Judge L. Kenneth Harkins.

The Chair is also pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, now a Register of Wills of Philadelphia County, Hon. Joseph D. Burke.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquistiion by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital and ceding jurisdiction to the United States

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 60, entitled:

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive of the act approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class and parts thereof to cities and boroughs and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto" by making the same applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth

The I article was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I call the attention of the House to the omission of two very essential words in Section 602, Page 60. If it is the intention to make this Act operative as far as slot machines are concerned, the language the Act carries is simply a gesture. Without the words "repairs and possession" in the Act, the matter of its enforcement is problematical, and enforcement is practically removed from the province of the local law enforcement authorities. I simply wanted to inquire whether it was the purpose of those who are sponsoring this bill to enact a measure which is in this particular simply a gesture.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to concur in the remarks of the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, and to make this explanation. Due to the size of the bill and the printing cost that would be involved, we have had a gentlemen's agreement that substantial amendment or amendments would not be made in the House, but that amendments to the bill would be made in the Senate, passed finally, and then the amendments to the bill itself will be amendments to the 1951 Code for the purpose of trying to clarify certain matters, concerning which there was confusion.

I wish to assure the gentleman that I will cooperate with him, and get all of his suggestions incorporated into the bill in the Senate and do everything I can to carry it along with those words inserted.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, would there be, in the opinion of the gentleman from Cameron, an outside chance that in the event the Senate does not incorporate in the bill the views that he has just expressed, that later perhaps a new bill amending this bill might, perchance, be introduced into the House?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. Speaker, I should be very glad to co-sponsor such a bill with the gentleman from Cambria.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the article?

It was agreed to.

The II to XII articles inclusive and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act to amend section 733 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" by providing for an alternate procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustmen Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liaison therefor unless joining therein" by extending the provisions to of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults include certain adults and empowering the minor spouses in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contracts under certain conditions

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 262, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children aged persons blind persons and other persons requiring relief providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with and to accept and disburse moneys received from the United States Government for assistance to such persons providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance pensions for the blind old age assistance and the State Emergency Relief Board" by permitting earnings or other income to supplement public assistance in certain cases

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. GEER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 330, entitled:

An Act defining and providing for the licensing of water well drillers conferring powers and imposing duties on the Water and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters prescribing penalties and making an appropriation

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certification of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for purpose of reimbursement between school districts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and enforce rules and regulations for its preservation development and visitation and making appropriations" empowering the commission to deputize special constables

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. JOHNSON offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 3, line 4, by inserting after the word "riots" the following: "and"

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act providing for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer

fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fire attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 43

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of American for use in the military defense of the United States of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns, and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties,"by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 238, Printer's No. 31,

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 11, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" as last amended by the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 398) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That from and after the time this act takes effect the pay of jurors in this Commonwealth shall be [five dollars ($5)] seven dollars ($7) per day together with mileage at the rate of [six cents (6c)] seven cents (7c) for each mile going to and returning from the county seat

Section 2 Effective Date The provisions of this act shall become effective as of January 1 1952

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—204

Amarando,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,

Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—3

Bomberger,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the arffirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 1.

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district councils of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 7, page 12, line 5, by inserting after the word "authorized" the following: "in the event of an extreme emergency as proclaimed by the Governor for the entire state or one or more political subdivisions"; page 12, line 15, by inserting after the word "funds" the following: "the proclamation or proclamations herein referred to shall be in addition to the proclamation mentioned in section two of this act."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the House do concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I wonder whether the Sergeant-at-arms could draw the drapes on that particular window. The sun shines exactly in my eyes, and since I am reading from manuscript at this time—

The SPEAKER. The Chair will assure the gentleman that it is not a frameup. The Sergeant-at-arms has been so instructed.

The Chair will also observe that it has very much the appearance of a halo.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I am quite sure that some of the sentiments that I have expressed concerning House Bill No. 1 have certainly not earned me a halo throughout the entire General Assembly. I desire to speak concerning the amendments; I desire to speak somewhat concerning the history of House Bill No. 1 and to make some references to criticisms that have been made concerning this amendment.

In one sense I speak on the question of personal privilege. In a broader sense, I desire to reorient our thinking regarding House Bill No. 1. Senate amendments to this measure are now pending.

House Bill No. 1 has been kicked around quite a lot. Most of those who have been doing the kicking have been discussing a measure that simply does not exist.

In the course of debate concerning House Bill No. 1 that measure has been termed a blank check. It has been denounced as a monstrosity, and has been termed a Frankenstein, that will return to haunt us.

I find myself in a unique position. It happens I cosponsored House Bill No. 1. I would be very much perturbed, indeed, if I felt that directly or indirectly I had helped spawn a legislative monstrosity, had helped concoct a legislative Frankenstein, or had unknowingly handed any group of free-spenders a blank check.

It is my impression that House Bill No. 1 has been accorded only superficial consideration in some quarters. In matters of legislation, it sometimes happens that a little knowledge is a dangerous thing. There are occasions when it is better to be ignorant to the end that one may be the more positive.

Over the weekend one Dr. Ralph C. Hutchinson has emerged with a blast in which he terms civil defense legislation now pending and civil defense legislation already enacted "sheer folly."

Dr. Hutchinson is evidently a member of the school which termed House Bill No. 1 a Frankenstein, a monstrosity, a blank check, and as an attempt to create a patronage mill.

Dr. Hutchinson either speaks because of malice, or because he has taken his stand upon sketchy misinformation.

Let's face the blank check allegation. I do not find any check, blank or otherwise, in the bill. As a matter of fact, House Bill No. 1 does not appropriate even one thin dime for civil defense.

House Bill No. 1 creates a State Council of Civil Defense. How much can that State Council spend? It can spend whatever amount the General Assembly appropriates for its use—that much and no more.

Neither does House Bill No. 1 place any mandatory burdens, financial burdens that is, upon local communities. The fact is that the more vocal critics of House Bills 1, 2, 3, and 4 have gotten off on the wrong foot, have become inebriated by the exhuberance of their own verbosity, and have found it difficult to regain their own mental equilibrium.

It is perhaps not to be wondered at that civil defense legislation should cause a stir. There are jittery members

of my party who profess to see a deep, dark political plot back of every measure which the present administration supports.

The Fine administration will indeed be committed to a program of folly if it directly or indirectly attempts to play politics with civil defense.

I expect the present administration to do, or attempt to do, many things which, from my point of view, are plain "dumb," but as for playing politics with civil defense—I actually do not expect that the administration will be that "dumb."

The very fact that there has been occasion for suspicion should cause administration leaders to become increasingly circumspect insofar as civil defense is concerned.

While there are jittery members of my party when civil defense legislation is pending, it is also true there are various Republican statesmen, some of them perhaps Members of this House, whose fears can detect a Russian bomb-carrying plane back of every cloud and who profess to imagine it is possible to combat atomic bombs by means of a stuffed civil defense payroll.

However, House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 are actually designed to calm the fears of jittery Democrats and curb the activities of patronage-minded, free-spending Republicans.

Now it is true that we have a civil defense organization in being, an organization formed under the provisions of legislation enacted some ten years ago. The Act of 1941, as amended, is still in full force and effect. It will remain in effect until Governor Fine signs House Bill No. 1, which repeals the 1941 Act—which wipes the slate clean and permits a modern approach to whatever civil defense problems may arise.

The Act of 1941 created a State Council of Defense and provided for the creation of local and district Councils of Defense. That is exactly what House Bill No. 1 does.

The 1941 legislation empowered the Governor to create his State Council, to dissolve it, or to reactivate it. If you will recall, Governor Duff, in his final message to the General Assembly, said that in his opinion Pennsylvania had a civil defense program and that the program was a going concern.

Governor Fine could have operated under the 1941-42 Act as far as Pennsylvania was concerned. Why didn't he do just that? There are a number of reasons.

First of all, the Pennsylvania statute didn't fit into the Federal picture. It wasn't geared to what has come to be known as the atomic age. There is an overall Federal civil defense plan.

Incidentally, the Federal civil defense group has been handed an appropriation by the Congress of some $3 billion. Just what it will do with the money remains to be seen.

If all of the communities that want underground bomb shelters constructed at federal expense were to get them, the Federal Civil Defense executives would need $300 billion, not just $3 billion.

The Civil Defense organization at Washington quite correctly recognized the fact that an enemy air raid which resulted in the atomic bombing of an American city could not be treated as a purely local problem.

In the event of an air raid it would be necessary that the Federal government cooperate with the various states and that the states cooperate with each other, and that within a given state communities be geared to render mutual aid.

Legislation was needed which would enable the various states to enter into mutual aid compacts. In order that there might be the greatest possible degree of uniformity in civil defense legislation, the Civil Defense organization at Washington drew up a series of model bills which the states were at liberty to enact as drawn, or to amend to suit their peculiar needs.

The Pennsylvania bills provide for the largest possible amount of uncompensated volunteer service.

There have been newspaper stories to the effect that the General Assembly would be required to appropriate at least $25 million for civil defense. The appropriation for the administration, the administration mind you, of the civil defense program in Pennsylvania should not exceed $300,000.

Big money will not be needed for civil defense unless Pennsylvania communities, or communities in neighboring states are actually bombed.

So much for the blank check charge!

House Bill No. 1 authorizes the Governor to create a State Council of Civil Defense. The State Council is authorized, in turn, to create local civil defense councils, whose business it would be to operate locally and also to create Mobile Defense Units.

It is these Mobile Defense units which would be rushed to the assistance of any stricken community in Pennsylvania, or in any state with which Pennsylvania had a mutual aid compact.

It is to be presmued that the new State Council of Civil Defense, members of which should possess at least ordinary intelligence, will not scrap the local civil defense organizations which are already functioning, but will include them in the general operating plan.

Pennsylvania and its political subdivisions are already rich in potential civil defense personnel. There is the Highway Department personnel, the Health Department personnel, the Public Assistance Department personnel, the Department of Forests and Waters personnel, State Police personnel.

House Bill No. 1 authorizes their use in Pennsylvania or in any other state with which we have a mutual aid compact.

Political payrollers are already on a payroll and they would continue on that payroll if ordered into action as members either of defense units or as members of a local civil defense group.

The townships, boroughs, cities and counties have payroll personnel. House Bill No. 1 authorizes these local political subdivisions to use their employes for civil defense purposes while continuing them on their respective payroll,—and, of course, there would be volunteers who would not be on any political payroll.

Of course, the state, under the terms of House No. 1 pays the travel and subsistence costs of Mobile Defense Units while they are on active service.

House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 do not provide any state salaries for local defense organizations. If such executives are paid it is because the local communities want to pay them.

House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 must stand or fall on the

theory it is not fitting that the Commonwealth should pay communities for taking steps to defend themselves.

It is true that House Bill No. 1 invests communities with emergency powers. If there were an air raid on any city and that city wanted to buy cots, medicines, or food it would be foolish to advertise for bids, or confront it with the City Charter and say the city couldn't buy food or medicine for its citizens.

The Federal Government, the Commonwealth, and the local communities, if they are to deal with emergencies, must have emergency powers.

You just cannot operate anything on the theory that all our public officials are crooks. And so, when Governor Fine organizes his civil defense council, how much money can it spend? It can spend all the money the General Assembly appropriates and no more.

Now, it so happens that Governor Fine is under fire, perhaps properly so, because he permitted the civil defense organization now functioning—and which will become a part of the new set-up when House Bill No. 1 becomes a law—to accumulate an unnecessary payroll at the top executive level.

Much has been made of the fact that Governor Fine placed one of his former Attorney General's proteges on the civil defense payroll, and that he hired a college president as a civil defense director.

The Board to be created under the terms of House Bill No. 1 is charged with the responsibility of selecting a Civil Defense Director and Governor Fine would be in error if he confronted the Board with a fact accomplished in that particular.

Be that as it may, and speaking with reference to the general situation, as far as House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 are concerned, the text of the measures furnishes the evidence that they are not monstrosities, that they are not Frankensteins, that they are not blank checks, but are, instead, bills which have been soberly devised for the purpose of meeting a sobering situation.

If civil defense becomes in any sense a nesting place for decrepit politicians it will either be because the General Assembly or the local political subdivisions vote the money.

I believe the General Assembly can be relied upon to see to it that civil defense does not develop a state-wide political payroll.

As for the members of civil defense councils, the local governing bodies select them and the Governor commissions them.

House Bills Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 represent local autonomy coordinated on a state-wide basis.

It was my privilege to help rewrite Pennsylvania's present civil defense program and it is a program which up to this time I am prepared to defend.

We have tried to take the profit and the patronage out of civil defense.

If the governing bodies in the local communities voluntarily create political civil defense organizations, and hire local executives at high salaries, there isn't much the Commonwealth can do about it.

I favor the approval of the amendments which the Senate has made to House Bill No. 1 which are simply clarifying amendments. I thank the House for its attention.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—204

Amarando,	Goodling,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—3

Bomberger,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION SERIAL No. 11

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 7, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor in inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Concurrent Resolution recalling from the Governor House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11, providing for SHUT-IN'S DAY, for the purpose of amendment.

Accordingly, the original resolution is herewith returned.

JOHN S. FINE.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11 was adopted on February 25 be reconsidered.

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. How did the gentleman from Allegheny Mr. Moran vote on the adoption of the resolution?

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I voted in the majority.

The SPEAKER. How did the gentleman from Allegheny Mr. Hunter vote on the adoption of the resolution?

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. Speaker, I voted in the majority.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RECOMMITTED

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 11, be recommitted to the Committee on Rules for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The SPEAKER. The meeting of the first term Members with the Parliamentarian, which was postponed last week, will be held to-morrow morning, Tuesday, March 13, at 10:30 A. M. in the New House Caucus Room. Members who have committee meetings scheduled for the same hour are requested to attend their committee meetings first.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. YEAKEL from the Committee on Rules reported as committed Senate Concurrent Resolution, Serial No. 118.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Game and Forestry, Mr. Goodling, Chairman, Room Number 331, Tuesday, March 13, at 10:00 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room Number 520, Tuesday, March 13, at 11:00 a.m.

Municipal Corporations, Mr. Boorse, Chairman, Room Number 521, Tuesday, March 13, at 11:00 a.m.

Professional Licensure, Mr. Flack, Chairman, Room Number 325, Tuesday, March 13, at 11:00 a.m.

There will be a Public Hearing before the Committee on Cities and Counties—Second Class on House Bills No. 98, 256 and 398, Democratic House Caucus Room, third floor.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. CELLA. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 13, 1951 at 12:00 o'clock noon.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 5:58 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 1951. No. 21.

SENATE

TUESDAY, March 13, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Gracious Lord and Father of us all, we unite our hearts and minds in a common purpose and brotherhood. By Thy grace our Nation was brought into being, and Thou hast made her great. We thank Thee. Day by day we invoke Thy presence and counsel, that we may continue to build upon those foundations that have been laid—of justice and equity for all.

These are days of great trial and testing for our Nation. Many of our young men and women are facing danger and death for the things we treasure and believe to be right. May their sacrifices not be in vain. May Thy presence and blessing be with them and with the leadership both of our Nation and of our great Commonwealth.

May we be free from unreasonable pride, from selfishness and all unworthy motives. May we be true to the high trust that has been committed to us. Give us wisdom and guidance in the performance of our tasks. May our labors be blessed, is our prayer in Thy name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. MALLERY, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Rawlin B. Voorhies, Third Avenue, Rouseville, Venango County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Rouseville, Venango County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Warren W. Lamm, R. D. No. 1, Sinking Spring, Berks County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Lower Heidelberg, Berks County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 13, 1951.

Mr. DIEHM. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Ann E. Buckley, Pittsburgh, 1308 Farmers Bank Bldg.

Frank O. Gardner, Pittsburgh, 1051 W. Negley Ave.

Mrs. Anna M. Hawkins, Pittsburgh, 1600 Arrott Bldg.
George H. House, Braddock.
Anthony W. Kavel, Jr., Springdale.
Henry T. Miklas, Pittsburgh, 314 Bakewell Bldg.
George E. Murrie, Pittsburgh, 14 Wood St.
Mrs. Roberta Durrett White, Pittsburgh, 2332 Centre Ave.

BEAVER COUNTY

Loyd O. Spires, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY

Ralph C. Hitch, Reading.
Miss Kathleen A. Sylvester, Reading.

BUCKS COUNTY

Raymond C. Reed, Wrightstown Twp., Penns Park.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred A. Woge, West Mead Twp., Meadville

ERIE COUNTY

John L. Corapi, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

J. LeRoy Goff, South Union Twp., Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Betty J. Potter, Chambersburg.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Stanley Fiejdasz, New Castle.
Toney J. Straw, Ellwood City.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Miss Margaret V. Wharton, Williamsport.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Stephen C. Urdzik, Ralpho Twp., Paxinos.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward H. Ginn, 1603 E. Erie St.
Miss Elizabeth Joseph, 1902 Fidelity-Phila. Trust Bldg.
Raymond R. Leibovitz, 326 E. Girard Ave.
Miss Ethel A. Pierson, 2210 Packard Bldg.
David Platt, 1410 E. Cliveden St.
A. V. Shearman, 5149 Walnut St.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Gertrude M. Nasky, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

R. L. Kimberland, Washington.

WAYNE COUNTY

Mrs. Maud Howe Swingle, Lake Twp., Lake Ariel.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

W. S. Boocock, Jr., New Kensington.

YORK COUNTY

Ray B. Swartz, Hanover.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

YORK COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret L. Robertson, York, March 17, 1951.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Elwood H. Rodenboh, Newtown Twp., Newtown Square, March 19, 1951.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Elmer E. Neish, North Franklin Twp., P. O. Box 483, Washington, March 19, 1951.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Edith H. Fluesco, Allentown, March 22, 1951.

ERIE COUNTY

Val A. Keller, Erie, March 24, 1951.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Leila Mack, Warren, March 25, 1951.

ERIE COUNTY

Leo J. Brugger, Erie, March 26, 1951.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Helen E. Swanson, Warren, March 26, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Wayne G. Koons, 415 Reading Terminal, March 28, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

C. C. Phillips, Mount Lebanon Twp., 19, Iroquois Dr., Pittsburgh, April 1, 1951.

ERIE COUNTY

L. E. Cushman, North East, April 1, 1951.
Miss Mary A. Scouller, North East, April 1, 1951.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Walter A. Smith, Bethlehem, April 1, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George Ulrich, 5306 N. 15th St., April 2, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Robert J. Forsyth, McCandless Twp., R. D. 1, Allison Park, April 5, 1951.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

O. W. Glass, Sunbury, April 7, 1951.

YORK COUNTY

Samuel E. Miller, Hanover, April 7, 1951.

CENTRE COUNTY

William E. Markley, Bellefonte, April 9, 1951.

CLINTON COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret H. McGhee, Lock Haven, April 9, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Howard G. Rice, Pittsburgh, 5929 Broad St., April 12, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary E. Benintend, Pittsburgh, 535 Aidyl Ave.
Giuseppe Cuda, Pittsburgh, 2433 Valera Ave.

Miss Loretta H. Galvin, Pittsburgh, 5633 Baum Blvd.
Roy N. Kallstrand, Pittsburgh, 3420 Fifth Ave.
Miss Jennie Levitske, Snowden Twp., Library.
Thomas J. Lewis, McKeesport.
Charles S. Perlman, Pittsburgh, 7 Wood St.
George H. Shreve, Jefferson Twp., Large.
Mrs. M. R. Tippett, Homestead.
John A. Walsh, Pittsburgh, 632 Smithfield St.
Miss Edna K. Weixel, Pittsburgh, 5222 Powhattan St.
Howard S. Wilcox, Bridgeville.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Ruby G. Collins, Reading.
Mrs. Verna Grabert, Boyertown.
R. B. White, Reading.

CENTRE COUNTY

William M. Tarman, Snow Shoe Twp., Clarence.

CHESTER COUNTY

Roy D. Holden, Phoenixville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Jean R. Geer, Harrisburg.
Calvin E. Rogers, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

John H. Bennett, Marcus Hook.
Percival S. Gerhard, Ridley Twp., Folsom.
C. Russell Peck, Chester.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Greno D. Salvo, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

E. William Diehl, Chambersburg.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Mary M. Bennie, Scranton.
Miss Wanda T. Dende, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. June A. Carpenter, Manheim Twp., Lancaster.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Leroy K. Honeywell, Plymouth.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Horace S. Furman, Jr., Abington Twp., Abington.
Wm. A. Whiteside, Conshohocken.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edmund Backman, 812 Fox Bldg.
Miss Marjorie H. Clarkson, 425 Walnut St.
John W. Firefile, 2203 E. Washington Lane.
Miss Lucille Holiman, 5522 Haverford Ave.
Mrs. Mamie E. Johnson, 1419 N. 13th St.
John F. O'Riordan, 514 W. Berks St.
Ralph E. Ridolfi, 1943 E. Passyunk Ave.
Miss Helen Shegda, St. Christopher's Hospital.
George F. Shinehouse, 5017 Walton Ave.
Mrs. Margaret A. Smith, 5119 Arch St.
James H. Twist, 3403 Kensington Ave.
Gerard A. Zulli, 818 S. 10th St.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Irene M. Stephens, Lenox Twp., Lenoxville.

WARREN COUNTY

Miss Ethel B. Baldensperger, Warren.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

John F. Haser, New Kensington.
Miss Mary M. McFarland, South Greensburg.
Milton Poster, Mount Pleasant.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Mattie P. Snyder, York.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Harold P. Kepner, Pottstown, March 16, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Lawrence G. Horowitz, 328 Walnut St., March 21, 1951.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Mrs. Eleanor B. Mullin, Lower Merion Twp., Ardmore, March 22, 1951.

YORK COUNTY

H. E. Starner, New Freedom, March 22, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Charles L. Kolesar, Pittsburgh, 134 S. 19th St., March 23, 1951.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Mary A. Finn, Connellsville, March 23, 1951.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Edward P. DeHaven, Salisbury Twp., Kinzer, March 25, 1951.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Huldah M. Honeywell, Plymouth, March 30, 1951.

YORK COUNTY

William A. Salsgiver, York, March 30, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John G. Saul, Pittsburgh, Lawyers Title Co. Agency, 4th Ave. & Grant St., March 31, 1951.

CHESTER COUNTY

Mrs. Fanny C. Ludwick, Honeybrook, April 1, 1951.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

W. C. Hessinger, Scranton, April 1, 1951.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Genevieve G. Moll, Warren, April 1, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Richard A. Withum, Penn Twp., Verona, March 2, 1951.

INDIANA COUNTY

Miss M. Lucille Fulmer, White Twp., Indiana, April 2, 1951.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Mary E. Ressler, Strasburg, April 2, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Agnes B. Cochrane, Pittsburgh, 1307 Oliver Bldg., April 3, 1951.
Nick Levitske, Snowden Twp., Library, April 5, 1951.
Vincent T. Doyle, Sr., Pittsburgh, 205 City-County Bldg., April 6, 1951.
Robert F. Burkhardt, Pittsburgh, 1015 Berger Bldg., April 7, 1951.
Mrs. Viola Curti, Pittsburgh, O'Toole Mtr. Sales, Crafton Blvd. & Stratmore Ave., April 7, 1951.
R. C. Fisher, Pittsburgh, 615 Gross St., April 7, 1951.
Miss Eileen Marshall, Homestead, April 7, 1951.
John C. McGinnis, Pittsburgh, 304 Ross St., April 7, 1951.

Arthur A. Oesterling, Wilmerding, April 7, 1951.
Miss Jane L. Sivits, Pittsburgh, 505 Union Trust Bldg., April 7, 1951.
Louis Steinbach, Pittsburgh, 615 Berger Bldg., April 7, 1951.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Benjamin A. Arnold, Kittanning, April 7, 1951.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

S. R. Butler, Meadville, April 7, 1951.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Alfred V. Stiscia, Chester, April 7, 1951.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Mrs. Margaret D. Johnston, Brownsville, April 7, 1951.
Miss Betty Martin, Connellsville, April 7, 1951.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Mrs. Gismonda S. Johnson, Waynesboro, April 7, 1951.

LANCASTER COUNTY

J. Russell Graul, Lancaster, April 7, 1951.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. Sadie Bartholomew, Allentown, April 7, 1951.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Robert J. Wright, West Hazleton, 4-7-51.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Harry E. Butson, Williamsport, 4-7-51.

MONROE COUNTY

Mrs. Jane S. Lenington, Stroudsburg, 4-7-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

O. R. Kurtz, Bethlehem, 4-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Nathaniel Budin, 2000 Packard Bldg., 4-7-51.
Jacob Feldman, 2113-29 South St., 4-7-51.
Charles M. Frankel, 1637 W Susquehanna Ave., 4-7-51.
Miss Mada Franz, 422 Walnut St., 4-7-51.
Miss Alma A. Guoth, 1062 Drexel Bldg., 4-7-51.
Mrs. Beatrice S. Hood, 1700 W. Diamond St., 4-7-51.
P. J. McFarland, 2409 E. Allegheny Ave., 4-7-51.
Miss Loretta R. Miller, 433 W. Tabor Rd., 4-7-51.
John J Nahrgang, Jr., 6329 Frankford Ave., 4-7-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mrs. Virginia Koch, Schuylkill, Minersville, 4-7-51.

WARREN COUNTY

Mrs. Marion B. Chaddock, Warren, 4-7-51.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Florence L. Washington, Cresson, 4-8-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss F. Evelyn Curtis, 1500 Walnut St., 4-8-51.

ADAMS COUNTY

Roger J. Keefer, Littlestown, 4-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

C. E. Field, Pittsburgh, 700 Brookline Blvd., 4-9-51.
Mrs. Winifred M. Merhaut, Pittsburgh, Asso. Grocers' Inc., Magnolia & Said Sts., 4-9-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Virginia M. Ganter, Reading, 4-9-51.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Vincent P. Decker, Towanda, 4-9-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Catherine H. Yarwood, Harrisburg, 4-9-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Katherine J. Laffen, Narberth, 4-9-51.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Emily L. Waldron, Milton, 4-9-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Henry M. Black, 360 Drexel Bldg., 4-9-51.
George Gornish, 620, S. Broad St., 4-9-51.
John J. Hayes, 5323 Walnut St., 4-9-51.
Mrs. Rose B. Pichney, 1851, N. 7th St., 4-9-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

Albert B. Ruhe, Beaver Falls, 4-10-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary C. Farmer, Pittsburgh, 1411 Saw Mill Run Blvd., 4-11-51.
Sebastian D'Epiro, Pittsburgh, 812 Wylie Ave., 4-12-51.
Miss Agnes Lubbers, Pittsburgh, 440 Diamond St., 4-12-51.
Mrs. Anne Ross Rubino, Pittsburgh, 1507 Sheffield St., 4-12-51.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Miss Harriett E. Weed, Radnor Twp., Wayne, 4-12-51.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Russell H. Frantz, Chambersburg, 4-12-51.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Gordon Dimock, Scranton, 4-12-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Helen Plisko, Wilkes-Barre, 4-12-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Elizabeth P. Hidalgo, 4007 Chester Ave., 4-12-51.
Mrs. Blanche T. Walker, 402 Liberty Trust Bldg., 4-12-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 13, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

John F. Donley, Jr., Pittsburgh, 751 Bellaire Ave.
Miss Hazel Hood Grace, Pittsburgh, 665 Union Trust Bldg.
Miss P. M. O'Connor, Bellevue.
Mrs. Aileen E. Sawyer, Pittsburgh, 2519 Webster Ave.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Jane E. Huck, Reading.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Ida T. DiFilippo, Easttown Twp., Devon.

DELAWARE COUNTY

W. Allen Roney, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Frank E. Wolfington, Lansdowne.

GREENE COUNTY

John T. McMinn, Jefferson.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Daisy V. Diamondstein, Scranton.
Ernesto M. Lettieri, Dunmore.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Samuel W. DeMedio, Conshohocken.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Charles E. Duncan, Jr., Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Carl W. Berner, 2312 Fairmount Ave.
Fred H. Ebinger, 448 Richmond St.
Jack I. Gevurtz, 300 S. 4th St.
James J. Grady, 1500 Porter St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Walter G. Ream, Windber.

VENANGO COUNTY

Mrs. Agatha Beck, Oil City.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Donald C. Bush, Vandergrift.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Ralph O. Rising, Pittsburgh, 43 Estella St., 3-15-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Charles H. Davis, Upper Providence Twp., Yerkes, 3-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harold D. Townsend, 117 W. Duval St., 3-19-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

James E. Burr, Pottsville, 3-19-51.

WARREN COUNTY

Henry A. Shipe, Youngsville, 3-27-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred Hoppy Stone, Lemoyne, 3-30-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Albert Harris, Pittsburgh, 5301 Baum Blvd., 3-31-51.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Miss Helen F. Snyder, Kittanning, 3-31-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anna M. Dornan, 1000 Provident Tr. Bldg., 4-1-51.
Miss Margaret W. Unruh, 123 S. Broad St., 4-1-51.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Miss Freda G. Shingledecker, New Castle, 4-5-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Harold Barr, 1518 Locust St., 4-6-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Ruth Adams, Pittston, 4-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Thompson, 1201 Chestnut St., 4-9-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. DIEHM, that the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

URGING THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS TO NAME THE NEW NORTH BRIDGE AT HARRISBURG THE M. HARVEY TAYLOR BRIDGE

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

It is fitting that the long and distinguished career of the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor in business life, civic affairs, and legislative activities be duly recognized.

His faithful and constructive services have had a most beneficent influence on the welfare and the prosperity of the Commonwealth; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the bridge over the Susquehanna River connecting the State highway system in Cumberland County with the system of State highways in Dauphin County, at Forster Street in the City of Harrisburg, be designated as the M. Harvey Taylor Bridge; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Highways shall erect along said bridge suitable tablets or markers to perpetuate this resolution.

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, March 12, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur),

That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 19, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 19, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE CONCURS IN ADMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL No. 1

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bil No. 1, entitled:

An Act, relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 48

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 50

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 99

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 111

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 112

He also return to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL No. 139

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres, for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital, and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School, with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction, to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

House Bill No. 60, entitled:

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity, to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests, and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive of the act approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class, and parts thereof, to cities and boroughs, and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto," by making the safe applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights, obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them, and amending, revising, changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conewingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

House Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act to amend section 733 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "The Penal Code," by providing for an alternative procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and the act, approved the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age, or older, to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created, and saving and relieving the parents, guardians, and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor, unless joining therein," by extending the provisions thereof to include certain, adults and empowering the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts; and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contract under certain conditions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for purpose of reimbursement between school districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293), entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase, condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park; providing for the control, management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission; authorizing the commission to make and to enforce rules and regulations for its preservation, development and visitation; and making appropriations," empowering the commission to deputize special constables.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

BILLS SIGNED

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act, relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing aid compacts, and providing penalties.

House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the title of, and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to air raid precautions, including blackouts; conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense, local and district Councils of Defense, political subdivisions, members of certain municipal and volunteer agencies and civilians necessary for the safety, defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth; providing for the mobilization, coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer

agencies, including their personnel and equipment; providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances, and providing penalties," by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws.

House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district councils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health, welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids, blackouts or sabotage; regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense; authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes; and providing for the repayment thereof.

House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster.

Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137), entitled "An act providing for the appointment, powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police, and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city, borough, town and township," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital, certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg, County of Dauphin, and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris, his wife, to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever.

Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the township of Donegal, Washington County, Pennsylvania, with the approval of the Governor.

Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor, to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America; authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134), entitled "An act relating to fireworks; defining fireworks; prohibiting the sale, offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks, except in certain cases; authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays, and to regulate the same; imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police, sheriffs, police officers and constables; and providing penalties," by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Whereupon,

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

PRESENTATION OF PUPILS FROM BRATTON-McVEYTOWN-OLIVER JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Mr. WADE. We are honored, Mr. President, by a visit from pupils of the Bratton-McVeytown-Oliver Joint School District, the Junior and Senior Classes from this school district, and in particular the class of social studies, and Mr. Robert H. Fleck and Mrs. Steel, their instructors.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would ask the guests of Senator Wade to please rise.

PRESENTATION OF MEMBERS OF SENIOR CLASS OF MYERSTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. KESSLER. Mr. President, on behalf of my colleague, Senator Diehm, I would like to present to the Senate the members of the Senior Class of the Myerstown High School, Lebanon County, Pennsylvania, who were brought here by Frederick W. Lantz, the Class Advisor, and Harvey L, Nitrauer, the Supervising Principal. They are in the gallery.

The PRESIDENT. Will the guests of Senators Diehm and Kessler please rise in place?

PRESENTATION OF MEMBERS OF SENIOR CLASS OF PINE GROVE HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, might I interrupt the order of business just long enough to follow in the train of what has gone before. We seem to be very fortunate today in having a number of fine groups of young Americans present in the gallery, and I just find that we have some visitors from Schuylkill County this afternoon, sixty-nine seniors of the Pine Grove High School, under the leadership of Mr. Werley, their Supervising Principal, and Mrs. Ruth Christ, their guidance teacher.

The PRESIDENT. Will the guests of Senator Wagner please rise in place and take a bow?

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, when Senator Sordoni's name was submitted for confirmation to the Senate as the Secretary of Commerce, I stated on this floor that

although I would vote for Senator Sordoni, I was voting because I had confidence in his executive ability.

Senator Sordoni is a man who, by hard work and by efficiency in his business, has established an enviable name for himself as a successful businessman.

It certainly was no surprise to me that a man of his type who is accustomed to giving a full day's work, found that he was given an empty title and that the Department that he was to head would not require very much attention.

So, in keeping with the way that Senator Sordoni has lived and worked, he refused to accept money for work not done. I believe that the position he has taken has confirmed my statement that this Department is unnecessary and is merely a place where a political party functions for the benefit of the party instead of the State.

I repeat, that it is time for us to cut out all unnecessary expenditures and that should be our first step before we consider new taxes.

This State is overly burdened with taxes and something should be done to bring efficiency and economy back into our State Government.

I also wish to read and place on the record an editorial in the Pittsburgh Press on Monday, March 12, 1951, pertaining to the same subject.

"IS THIS NECESSARY?

"ANDREW J. SORDONI, new head of the State Commerce Department, let some kind of cat out of the bag the other day. He announced he won't draw his $15,000-a-year pay for his State job.

"That's because he isn't going to spend full time on the job.

"Mr. Sordoni is a busy man. He controls 14 companies with 5000 employes and a daily payroll of $50,000. His contracting firm has 127 contracts in seven states and he's a director of a charitable foundation with 80 million dollars.

"He undoubtedly is an able man, and a good choice for the job. But if Mr. Sordoni can run the Commerce Department as a sideline to his many other activities, that raises the question of how important the department is, as an agency of the State Government.

"The Commerce Department was established by Governor Arthur H. James (1939-43) to advertise and 'sell' Pennsylvania to industrialists looking around for a place to build plants.

"Curiously, the first advertising campaign featured Governor James more than it did Pennsylvania. And Mr. James showed up shortly thereafter as a candidate for the Republican nomination for President.

"Mr. James' first Commerce Secretary quit over the matter of what agency handled the State's lush advertising contracts.

"Later administrations have been more peaceful. But the department's payroll usually contains some high-priced personnel whose duties might be construed as more political than governmental.

"Governor Fine's Administration now is casting around for ways and means of raising another 100 or 150 million dollars, on top of the billion dollars the State Government needs every two years.

"One way to cut down the bite on the taxpayer is to cut down on spending. In this connection, we note that the Commerce Department got an appropriation last time of $1,200,000 plus another $225,000 for the State Planning Board. Total: Nearly 1½ million dollars.

"Maybe we ought to have an agency to 'sell' Pennsylvania and make more jobs here. Also, maybe the Commerce Department, like the rest of us, can get along with less, in these days of national emergency.

"It's worth looking into."

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I certainly would like to suggest to the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that if he wants to cooperate in cutting down expenses he might look into the cost of printing long-winded editorials in the Legislative Journal. I understand that we do not get that for nothing. May I also suggest to the gentleman from Allegheny that he go down and talk to Senator Sordoni, whose praises he has eulogized here on the floor of the Senate so effectively, and find out what that Department is doing.

Mr. President, may I suggest, in all deference to the gentleman of the Senate, that Senator Sordoni, as we all well know, is not the type of man who would occupy a position merely to be a window dressing for anybody, any group or any political party. Senator Sordoni is convinced that the Department of Commerce makes a real, a genuine and a sincere contribution to the industrial and intellectual development of Pennsylvania, and he feels that his years of experience, his ability and his knack of getting things done will in a way make that Department far more effective and far more of a contributory measure than it has ever been before. I think, Mr. President, that before the gentleman from Allegheny starts to criticize what Senator Sordoni is not doing in the Department of Commerce, he should go down and find out what the gentleman really is doing and whether or not the Department is producing.

I have seen reports, Mr. President, from the Department of Commerce, and I have seen some of them since the gentleman from Luzerne, Senator Sordoni, has taken charge of that Department, and really it is amazing the things that he has contributed already to the industrial development of this great Commonwealth. By his contacts, through the hundreds of companies that he personally owns and which are interlocked with the great Sordoni empire, he has been able to attract already into Pennsylvania a great number of industries where employment is those industries will help the people of Pennsylvania and he is doing that. He can do more in a day, Mr. President, than a lot of people that we have had in high public offices can do in a week, and because of the fact he has been so liberally rewarded by some omnipotent being and that he has accumulated unto himself so much of the worldly goods, he feels that he is again helping Pennsylvania if he can make a slight gesture toward, perhaps, Sordoni scholarships to help poor people receive an education, and I am sure nobody would complain about that. I would say in all seriousness, before you eliminate even mentally the Department of Commerce under Senator Sordoni, it would pay you to go down two flights and find out what he is doing.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would suggest to the Majority Leader that his long-winded statements, too, cost a lot of money.

Mr. President, I am not attacking Senator Sordoni. I am complimenting Senator Sordoni, but I know that the

Department of Commerce which the gentleman from Allegheny is praising is not a necessary part of this government. The work that is done there is all duplicated by the Department of Internal Affairs. The Secretary of Internal Affairs does the work and the Department of Commerce gets the records from there, and may I say that I know a little bit more about the Department of Commerce than the Majority Leader does. I have the pay roll of the Department of Commerce and I shall talk on that at length very shortly. After all, you cannot finance campaigns by hiring people in the Commerce Department to do all the political writing for your Party.

ANNUAL ST. PATRICK'S DAY DINNER

Mr. MAHANY. Mr. President, I would like to take this opportunity of advising the Members of the Senate of the Annual St. Patricks' Day Dinner that we are going to hold at the Penn-Harris Hotel on Tuesday Evening, March 27. The Committee, composed of Members of the House and Members of the Senate, has worked hard in order to get a good entertainment program and a good dinner for you. We are going to have Howard Lanning's Orchestra and several acts of entertainment. I am quite sure that all of you will have a good time.

The tickets are now on sale and they may be procured from any of the Irish Members of the Senate.

Thank you very much.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

He also, from the Committee on Highways, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidence of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

Mr. WOLFE, from the Committee on Highways, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections Fifteen and Seventeen of the act approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715), entitled "An act empowering, authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania; providing the procedure therefor, and prescribing certain duties of the Governor, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith; conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas; authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges; providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition, providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions, and for their control and maintenance after acquisition; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges.

Mr. MEADE, from the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

He also from the Committee on Constitutionl Changes and Federal Relations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

Mr. WADE, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital, to sell and convey certain land used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital.

He also from the Committee on Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act authorizing, in certain cases, the renewal of motor vehicle operators' licenses for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith, without a learner's permit, examination or additional fee; and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license; and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same.

Mr. PEELOR, from the Committee on Highways, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (d) of Section 4

and Section II of the act approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 604), entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the leasing of certain projects upon their being opened to public use.

He also from the Committee on Highways, reported as committed, House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence, imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles.

Mr. DIEHM, from the Committee on Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out, open, construct and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County.

Mr. PECHAN, from the Committee on State Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

Mr. YOSKO, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferenes with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency.

Mr. CROWE, from the Committee on Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. FLEMING read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 20 of the act approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 900), entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by means of certificates of birth and death, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health; and, in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths, and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses, and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages, and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act, entitled 'An act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties,' approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five, and providing penalties for violations of this act," by increasing fee of registrars of vital statistics from fifty cents to one dollar, and providing that registrars shall receive a minimum of one hundred dollars a year.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 685) entitled "An act designating certain life insurance companies as limited life insurance companies, and further describing the powers thereof," further describing the powers of limited life insurance companies.

Which was committed to the Committe on Insurance.

Mr. WATSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1209), entitled "An act to authorize the acquisition, by purchase or condemnation, of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the river Delaware, and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act," authorizing the commission to establish and maintain a museum or museums for the preservation and display of relics and reproductions relating to Washington's Crossing of the Delaware.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. PECHAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eleven of the act approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043) entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system creating a retirement board for the administration thereof establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payment therefrom and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes exempting annuities allowances returns benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process and providing penalties" by extending service allowance of certain employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health for use in research and demonstration work dealing with the improvement of nutritional status of civilians, including children and elderly people, as well as family groups, industrial workers and others.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 345, entitled:

An Act to add Section 14.1 to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties" by changing the provisions thereof as to contributors eligible for retirement but who die while in State service.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. MAHANY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the thirty-fifth judicial district.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BARRETT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Highways, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission, to acquire a tract of land in Allegheny County, to be added to the Pennsylvania highways systems; and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1520 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring teaching in the public and private schools of principles of democratic government and patriotism; and imposing certain duties on the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. YOSKO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 349, entitled:

An Act to provide State scholarships for the medical education of a limited number of persons; providing for competitive examination of applicants; fixing the qualifications of applicants; requiring medical students so subsidized to agree to serve in State institutions for a specified number of years; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Governor, the Secretary of Welfare, the Department of Public Instruction and State-aided medical schools, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. RUTH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause two of section 1709 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class, amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing an annual tax for the purchase and maintenance of fire apparatus and suitable places for the maintenance thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Messrs. RUTH and WATSON read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and removal of county fire marshals in counties of the third to eighth class, inclusive, and prescribing their powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. RUTH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 352, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 17 of the act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149) entitled as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation" by exempting from such tax liquid fuels used for the operation fire apparatus other than on the highways and providing refunds paid on such liquid fuels.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 353, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Washington Hospital, Washington, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. LANE and NEFF real in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act to amend section 15 of the act, approved the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 298) entitled "An act authorizing the creation of, and providing for, and regulating the maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fourth class, imposing certain charges on counties and fixing penalties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

They also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 355, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 14 of the act, approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 803), entitled as amended "An act providing for the creation, maintenance, and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fifth, sixth, seventh, and eighth class; imposing certain charges on counties, and prescribing penalties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. MEADE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. MEADE. Mr. President, within the last several weeks there has come to public attention in the City of Philadelphia, and, no doubt, anyone with a historic mind throughout the Nation knows there have been several disastrous fires within the vicinity of our National Shrine, Independence Hall. I am concerned about this not only because I represent the district wherein Independence Hall is situated, but I am concerned as a citizen of not only the Commonwealth but also of America. I feel that such hazard and chance for destruction of a citadel such as we have in the Third Senatorial District should not be endangered by the fact that it may be destroyed by a disastrous fire.

Therefore, Mr. President, I am presenting this resolution not only on behalf of myself but also on behalf of Senator Chapman and Senator Stiefel.

SENATE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING SECRETARY OF FORESTS AND WATERS TO SUBMIT A REPORT ON PROGRESS TOWARD THE CREATION OF THE INDEPENDENCE HALL MALL

Messrs. MEADE, CHAPMAN and STIEFEL offered the following resolution which was twice read as follows:

Whereas, twice during the last month, raging fires from adjacent buildings threatened to engulf and consume our greatest National Shrine—The Independence Hall in the City of Brotherly Love, and

Whereas, the approaching celebration of the One Hundred Seventy-fifth Anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence will again focus the eyes of the Nation on Independence Hall and bring streaming thereto pilgrims from all over the land, and

Whereas, the Independence Hall had been in the past and still is exposed to fire hazards abounding in its surrounding tinderbox area of deteriorating buildings and abandoned lots, and

Whereas, one of the impelling reasons for the creation of the contemplated Independence Hall Mall comprising the area of Philadelphia lying between Fifth and Sixth Streets and extending north of the Independence Hall from Chestnut Street to the Delaware River Bridge Plaza, was the elimination of the fire hazards which in the past have repeatedly threatened the Shrine, and

Whereas, the aforesaid fire hazards as well as the squalid buildings surroundings the Independence Hall are a blemish on the escutcheon of Pennsylvania, and

Whereas, the funds appropriated in the past by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania have sufficed for the acquisition of only a part of the area of the contemplateed Independence Hall Mall, namely the block lying between Chestnut and Market Streets and Fifth and Sixth Streets, and

Whereas, any further delays in the asquisition of the remaining area north of Market Street and the ensuing construction of the Independence Hall Mall will endanger the entire project, and

Whereas, the Federal Government is making rapid strides in the creation of the Independence Hall Park that will adjoin at a right angle the Independence Hall Mall and will extend eastward to the Delaware River,

Now Therefore, be it resolved:

(a) That the Secretary of Forests and Waters submit at once to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania a detailed report as to the progress made by his Department toward the creation of the Independence Hall Mall specifying inter alia the approximate date of the completion of the clearance of the block already acquired,

(b) That the Secretary of Forest and Waters submit at once to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania a detailed statement covering the plans of his Department for the possible completion of the Independence Hall Mall during the 1951-1953 Biennium,

(c) That the Joint State Government Commission be instructed to initiate at once an intensive study of the problem of the completion of the Independence Hall Mall in order that suggested appropriate enabling legislation may accompany its reports to be submitted in time for enactment during the current Session of the General Assembly.

RULE 39 SUSPENDED

Mr. MEADE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended and the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 156, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 Filing and Distribution of Proposed Charters or Amendments Framing of Ballot Question The new charter proposed by the commission or the proposed amendments which the city council of the city shall have provided by ordinance for submission to the qualified electors of the city for their approval or disapproval as provided in section six of this act shall be filed with the city council which shall thereupon cause said proposal or proposals together with the form of the question or questions hereinafter provided for to be printed in pamphlet form in sufficient number for general distribution The said pamphlets shall be made ready for distribution at least twenty-eight days before the election at which the proposals aforesaid are to be voted upon by the electors and the said proposals together with the said ballot questions shall also be published [once a week for three weeks in at least two] not less than once or more than three time as city council shall determine in three newspapers of general circulation in the city Such publications shall appear during the three weeks immediately preceding the election at which the vote is to be taken upon said proposals Each ballot question shall be framed in brief form of not more than seventy-five words by the commission proposing the new charter or by the city council of the city in the case of amendments The said questions shall be stated in the report of the commission or in the ordinance of the city council whenever a proposed new charter or amendments shall propose any change in the manner of selection of elected city officers such proposal and the necessary ballot question shall be stated separately from the remainder of the proposed new charter in the report or ordinance as the case may be and in the publications herein required The commission may require that

its proposed charter be submitted in two or more parts so arranged that corresponding parts of the existing charter shall remain in effect if one or more of such parts are not adopted and may also submit alternative charters or alternative provisions to supersede designated portions of the proposed charter if adopted In such case the commission shall prescribe the form of questions in such a manner as will clearly indicate the effect of the approval of such questions All amendments to the chater shall be separately submitted The clerk of the city council shall within five days after the filing of a new charter proposed by a charter commission or within five days after final enactment of an ordinance by the city council as aforesaid providing for submission of amendments to its charter certify an exact copy of the text of such new charter or amendments together with the necessary ballot questions to the county board of elections of the county wherein such city is situate The county board of elections shall cause the said ballot questions to be properly printed on the ballots or ballot labels

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 170, as follows:

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188) entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking stitutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Sections one and two of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188) entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" as last amended by the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 128) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That the following days and half days namely the first day of January commonly called New Year's Day the twelfth day of February known as Lincoln's Birthday the twenty-second day of February known as Washington's Birthday Good Friday the thirtieth day of May known as Memorial Day the fourtheenth day of June known as Flag Day the fourth of July called Independence Day the first Monday of September known as Labor Day the twelfth day of October known as Columbus Day the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November Election Day the eleventh day of November known as Armistice Day the twenty-fifth day of December known as Christmas Day and every Saturday after twelve o'clock noon until twelve o'clock midnight each of which Saturdays is hereby designated a half holiday and any day appointed or recommended by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as a day of thanksgiving or fastings and prayer or other religious observance and in the event of a financial crisis in the State or Nation any day or days appointed by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as a bank holiday and in the event of public calamity in any part of the State through fire flood famine violence riot insurrection or enemy action any day of days appointed by the Governor of this State as a bank holiday for banking institutions affected by such public calamity shall for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange checks drafts and promissory notes made after the passage of this act be treated and considered as the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and as public holidays and half holidays and all such bills checks drafts and notes otherwise presentable for acceptance or payment on any of the said days shall be deemed to be payable and be presentable for acceptance or payment on the secular or business day next succeeding such holiday or half holiday except checks drafts bills of exchange and promissory notes payable at sight or on demand which would otherwise be payable on any half holiday Saturday shall be deemed to be payable at or before twelve o'clock noon of such half holiday Provided however That for the purpose of protesting or otherwise holding liable any part to any bill of exchange check draft or promissory note and which shall not have been paid before twelve o'clock noon of any Saturday designated a half holiday as aforesaid a demand for acceptance or payment thereof shall not be made and notice of protest or dishonor thereof shall not be given until the next succeeding secular or business day And provided further That when any person firm corporation or company shall on any Saturday designated a half holiday receive for collection any check bill of exchange draft or promissory note such person firm corporation or company shall not be deemed guilty of any neglect or omission of duty nor incur any liability in not presenting for payment or accpetance or collection such check bill of exchange draft or promissory note on that day And provided further That in construing this section every Saturday designated a half holiday shall until twelve o'clock noon be deemed a secular or business day and the days and half days aforesaid so designated as holidays and half holidays shall be considered as public holidays and half holidays for all purposes whatsoever as regards the transaction of business except that any day or days appointed as a bank holiday shall be regarded as secular or business days for all other purposes than those mentioned in this act And provided further That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent or invalidate the entry issuance service or execution of any writ summons confession of judgment or other legal process whatever on any of the holidays or half holidays herein designated as holidays nor to prevent any banking institution from keeping its doors open or transacting its business on any Saturday afternoon if by a vote of its directors it shall elect to do so unless such Saturday is appointed as a bank holiday under the provisions of this act And provided further That any banking institution may by a vote of its directors or in the case of a private bank

by action of the private banker or bankers notice of which shall have been posted in its banking house for not less than fifteen days before the taking effect thereof observe any Saturday throughout the year as a full holiday with like effect hereunder as though such day had been designated as a full holiday by the provisions of this act

Section 2 (a) Whenever the first day of January the twelfth day of February the twenty-second day of February the thirtieth day of May the fourteenth day of June the fourth day of July the twelfth day of October the eleventh day of November or the twenty-fifth day of December shall any of them occur on Sunday the following day (Monday) shall be deemed and declared a public holiday All bills of exchange checks drafts or promissory notes falling due on any of the Mondays so observed as holidays shall be due and payable on the next succeeding secular or business day and all Mondays so observed as holidays shall for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange checks drafts and promissory notes made after the passage of this act be treated and considered as if the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

(b) Nothing in any law of this Commonwealth shall in any manner whatsoever affect the validity of or render void or voidable the payment certification or acceptance of a check or other negotiable instrument or ay other transaction by a banking institution in this State because done or performed or transacted on any Saturday between twelve o'clock noon and midnight provided such payment certification acceptance or other transaction would be valid if done or performed on or before twelve o'clock on Saturday

(c) Nothing in any law of this Commonwealth shall in any manner whatsoever affect the validity of or render void or voidable the payment certification or acceptance of any bill of exchange check draft promissory note or other negotiable instrument or any other transaction by a banking institution in this State bebecause done or performed or transacted on any of the following legal holidays the twelfth day of February the twenty-second day of February Good Friday the fourteenth day of June the twelfth day of October October the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November or the eleventh day of November or whenever any of said days shall occur on Sunday done or performed or transacted on the following day (Monday) provided such payment certification acceptance or other transaction would be valid if done or performed on a secular or business day Provided further however That for the purpose of protesting or otherwise holding liable any party to any bill of exchange check draft promissory note or other negotiable instrument which shall not have been paid on any of said holidays a demand for acceptance or payment thereof shall not be made and notice of protest or dishonor thereof shall not be given until the next succeeding secular or business day Nothing herein shall be construed to require any banking institution to keep open for the transaction of business on any of said holidays or to require any banking institution which elects to be open for business on all or any part of any of said holidays to do or perform any act or transaction on such holiday but all acts and transactions done or performed on any such holiday shall be at the option of such banking institution

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 171, as follows:

An Act to further amend subsection B of section one thousand one hundred nine of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection B of section one thousand one hundred nine of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers impos-

ing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" as last amended by the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 998) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1109 Common TrustFunds

* * * * *

B If the instrument under which a trust company or bank and trust company acts as fiduciary whether such fiduciary capacity arose before or is created after this act takes effect shall limit or restrict the investment of moneys of the estate in assets of the class authorized by law as legal investments the trust company or bank and trust company may in its capacity as sole fiduciary or with the consent of any person acting with it in a fiduciary capacity invest and reinvest moneys of the estate in any such common trust fund maintained by the trust company or bank and trust company provided the assets composing such fund consist solely of assets of the class authorized as legal investment for funds held by fiduciaries

If the instrument under which a trust company or bank and trust company acts as fiduciary whether such fiduciary capacity arose before or is created after this act takes effect shall authorize the investment of moneys of the estate in a common trust fund or in investments other than those designated by law as legal investments or shall authorize the trust company or bank and trust company either alone or in conjunction with any person acting with it in a fiduciary capacity to exercise its or their discretion with respect to the investment of moneys of the estate of the trust company or bank and trust company may in its capacity as sole fiduciary or with the consent of any person acting with it in a fiduciary capacity invest and reinvest moneys of the estate in any such common trust fund maintained by the trust company or bank and trust company Any such common trust fund consisting solely of moneys of estates contributed thereto by the trust company or bank and trust company pursuant to authority contained in any such instruments creating the fiduciary capacity to invest moneys of the estates in a common trust fund or in investments other than such legal investments or pursuant to such discretionary power with respect to the investment of moneys of the estates as contained in any such instruments creating fiduciary capacity may be composed of investments other than those of the class designated by law as legal investments for funds held by fiduciaries including common and preferred stocks

Bonds secured by mortgages and securities of the class authorized by law as legal investments for fiduciaries shall be deemed proper investments for any such common trust funds Provided however That no investment for a common trust fund shall be made or maintained in bonds secured by mortgages which would cause the total amount of investment for such fund in bonds secured by mortgages to exceed forty per centum of the value of all the assets comprising such fund

No moneys of any one estate in excess of [fifty] one hundred thousand dollars shall be invested in any one or more of such common trust funds as may be maintained by a trust company or bank and trust compay In applying this limitation if two or more trusts are created by the same settlor or settlors and as much as one-half of the income or principal or both of each trust is presently payable or applicable to the use of the same person or persons such trusts shall be considered as one

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Tcole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins.
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence,

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 179, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1 of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving parents guardians and trustes of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" as amended by the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1069) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Any minor who is at least seventeen years of age and who is eligible for guaranty or insurance of a loan pursuant to the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" as amended and supplemented is hereby authorized and empowered not withstanding such minority to enter into any contract in this Commonwealth for any loan or loans guaranteer by the United States or any agency thereof in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress as amended and supplemented and the rules and regulations promulgated from time to time pursuant thereto or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and such minor is also authorized and empowered to execute and acknowledge all documents deeds mortgages and other or similar papers necessary and incident to such contracts The minor spouse of any such [minor] service man eligible for guaranty or insurance of a loan pursuant to the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" irrespective of age is hereby authorized and empowered notwithstanding such minority to join in the execution of any such contract In the event such a [minor] person obtains such a loan or loans neither he nor his minor spouse despite any law or decision of any court to the contrary shall be permitted to avoid the contract of such loan or loans because of his or her age nor shall [he] they be permitted to interpose the defense that he or she is a minor in any action or actions based upon such contract or contracts or arising out of any loan or loans

authorized herein nor shall the parent or parents or guardian or guardians or trustee or trustees of such minor be liable in any way whatsoever because of or on account of such contract or contracts or loan or loans which may be entered into by such minor pursuant hereto unless expressly a party thereto

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question wass determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby resolves as follows

Section 1 The following amendment to the Constiution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 18 All proceeds from gasoline and other motor fuel excise taxes motor vehicle registration fees and licenses taxes operators license fees and other excise taxes imposed on products used in motor transportation after providing therefrom for (a) cost of administration and collection (b) payment of obligations incurred in the construction and reconstruction of public highways and bridges and in the acquisition by purchase condemnation or otherwise of bridges and toll bridges shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to agencies of the State or political subdivisions thereof and used solely for construction reconstruction maintenance and repair of and safety on public highways and bridges and air navigation facilities the acquisition by purchase condemnation or otherwise of bridges and toll bridges and costs and expenses incident thereto and for the payment of obligations incurred for such purposes by the State or agencies of the State or political sub divisions thereof and shall not be diverted by transfer or otherwise to any other purpose except that loans may be made by the State from the proceeds of such taxes and fees for a single period not exceeding eight (8) months but no such loan shall be made within the period of one (1) year from any preceding loan and every loan made in any fiscal year shall be repayable within one (1) month after the beginning of the next fiscal year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreedto,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question wass determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend bill, page 5, by inserting after line 9, the follow-

ing: "Section 2. The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 199, on third reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513) entitled "An act regulating the construction equipment maintenance operation and inspection of boilers granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry providing penalties for violations of this act and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" my providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513) entitled "An act regulating the construction equipment maintenance operation and inspection of boilers granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry providing penalties for violations of this act and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Initial Inspection [During Construction] Every boiler destined for use in this Commonwealth shall be inspected during its construction by an inspector who shall have been commissioned by this Commonwealth to perform such service Every such boiler which has been so inspected shall upon completion have placed upon it in the presence of the said inspector a stamp bearing a symbol and number authorized by the department for this purpose Provided however That in any case in which a boiler has not heretofore been inspected during construction as required by this section application may be made to the department for initial inspection and if upon such inspection by the department or its agents it shall be found that the boiler has been so constructed and is in such condition as to conform to the rules regulations and specifications of the department prescribed pursuant to this act the department shall authorize the use and operation thereof in Pennsylvania Any such boiler so inspected shall have an appropriate stamp placed thereon by the inspector bearing a symbol and number authorized by the department

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 209, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147) entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serve as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth" by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147) entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serve as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth" as amended by the act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 757) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be is enacted &c That all persons hereafter summoned or notified to serve as coroner's jurors in the Commonwealth shall be entitled to receive as compensation the sum of [two dollars] four dollars ($4) per day and no mileage these fees to be paid in the same manner that the fees of coroner's jurors are now paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 239, as follows:

An act to further amend Section 412 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second third fourth fifth sixth seventh and eighth classes and revising amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto" by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers or auditors of counties

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 412 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second third fourth fifth sixth seventh and eighth classes and revising amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto" as amended by the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 42) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 412 Appropriation Toward Maintenance of Units of the National Guard The board of commissioners may appropriate from any moneys in the county treasury not otherwise appropriated annually a sum not exceeding seven hundred and fifty dollars for the support and maintenanace discipline and training of any dismounted company or similar unit of the National Guard and a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars for the support and maintenance discipline and training of any mounted or motorized troop or similar unit of the National Guard Where such units are organized as a battalion regiment or similar organization the total amount due may be paid to the commanding officer of the battalion regiment or similar organization

Any moneys so appropriated shall be paid by warrant of the commissioners drawn to the order of the commanding officer of such company battalion regiment or similar organization only when it shall be certified to the commissioners by the Adjutant General of the State that such unit or units have satisfactorily passed the annual inspection provided by law The moneys so appropriated shall be used and expended solely and exclusively for the support and maintenance discipline and training of the said company battalion regiment or similar organization and the commanding officer shall account by the proper vouchers to the said county each year for the expenditure of the money so appropriated and no appropriation shall be made for any subsequent year until the expenditure of the previous year is duly and satisfactorily accounted for

The accounts of such expenditures shall be subject to the inspection of the Department of Military Affairs and shall be audited by the [Auditor General in the manner provided by law for the audit of accounts of State moneys] controller or auditors of the county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 240, as follows:

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers of cities of the third class.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act approved the twenty-third of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" as amended by the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 41) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2403 Specific Powers In addition to other powers granted by this act the council of each city shall have power by ordnance

* * * * *

35 Support of National Guard Units To appropriate annually a sum not exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars for the support and maintenance discipline and training of any dismounted company or similar unit of the National Guard and a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars for the support and maintenance of any mounted or motorized troop or similar unit of the National Guard Where such units are organized as a battalion regiment or similar organization the total amount due may be paid to the commanding officer of the battalion regiment or similar organization Any moneys so appropriated shall be paid by warrant drawn to the order of the commanding officer of such company battalion regiment or similar organization only when it shall be certified to the city by the Adjutant General of the State that the said company or companies have satisfactorily passed the annual inspection provided by law The moneys so appropriated shall be used and expended solely and exclusively for the support and maintenance discipline and training of the said company battalion regiment or similar organization and the commanding officer shall account by the proper vouchers to the said city each year for the expenditure of the money so appropriated and no appropriation shall be made for any subsequent year until the expenditure of the previous year is duly and satisfactorily accounted for

The accounts of such expenditures shall be subject to the inspection of the Department of Military Affairs and shall be audited by the [Auditor General in the manner provided by law for the audit of accounts of State moneys] controller of the city

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators ahaving voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39) entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class second class and second classA to make appropriations for the support maintenance discipline and training of units of the National Guard providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations and repealing existing laws" by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers of cities of the first class second class and second class A

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 2 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39) entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class second clas and second class A to make appropriations for the support maintenance discipline and training of units of the National Guard providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations and repealing existing laws" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The moneys so appropriated shall be used and expended solely and exclusively for the support maintenance discipline and training of said company battalion regiment unit or similar organization The commanding officer shall account by proper vouchers to the city for the expenditure of the moneys so appropriated and no appropriation shall be made for any subsequent year until the expenditure of the previous year shall have been duly and satisfactorily accounted for

The accounts of such expenditure shall be subject to the inspection of the Department of Military Affairs and shall be audited by the [Auditor General in the manner provided by law for the audit of accounts of State moneys] controller of the city

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 243, as follows:

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Whenever any nonprofit corporation of this Commonwealth incorporated under or now subject to the provisions of the Nonprofit Corporation Law has heretofore executed and delivered in good faith for value received any deed of conveyance bond and mortgage or trust indenture without first having received authority for the execution thereof from the membership of such corporation in strict compliance with the provisions of section six hundred six of said act in that some of the members thereof voted by proxy or by writing and not in person such deed bond and mortgage or trust indenture is hereby ratified confirmed and validated unless a proceedings in law or equity attacking the validity of such deed bond and mortgage or trust indenture shall be instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction within one year after the execution of such instrument or within one year after the effective date of this act

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 37, on second reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section providing for absentee voting.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions.

The first section was read and agreed to.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WADE offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 1), page 4, lines 12 and 13, by striking out "fund and accounts receiving disbursements from said amount" and inserting in lieu thereof: "funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount and the Department of the Auditor General shall make such audits of the funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount. Any and all sums of said allocation not utilized in making said audits shall be returned to the surplus fund of the foreign casualty insurance tax fund."

It was agree to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The third section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WADE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 1.2), page 4, line 18, by striking out "a reasonable time" and inserting in lieu thereof: "one year"; amend Sec. 3 (Sec. 1.2), page 5, line 2, by inserting after the word "surplus" the following: "in the Foreign Casualty Insurance Tax Fund."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. WADE offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 2, line 6 of title, by striking out the word "reasonable" and inserting in lieu thereof: "certain."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 244, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restricting payments to firemen and their dependents.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WADE offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 3, lines 11 and 12, by

striking out the words "fund and accounts receiving disbursements from such amount" and inserting in lieu thereof "funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount and the Department of the Auditor General shall make such audits of the funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount. Any and all sums of said allocation, not utilized in making said audits, shall be returned to the surplus fund of the foreign fire insurance tax fund"; amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 4, line 10, by striking out the word "or"; amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 4, line 11, by inserting after the word "disability" the following "or death"; amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2), page 5, by inserting after line 16, the following: "All moneys distributed under the terms hereof, that are not used for the purposes set forth herein within one year after receipt thereof by the treasurers of the several cities, boroughs, towns and townships, shall be returned to the Department of the Auditor General and shall be forthwith applied to surplus in the foreign fire insurance tax fund by the Auditor General."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agreed to the title?

Mr. WADE offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 2, 4th line of title, by inserting after the word "for" the following: "the return of funds if not used within a certain time by the political subdivisions, for."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said billi having been read at length the second time, as amended.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 245, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. FREED asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. FREED. Mr. President, I would like to suggest to the Senators that over the weekend they check on their abattoirs, butchers and hamburger stands within the State. I have correspondence here that indicates that we are selling in this State horseburgers, not hamburgers, and if we are selling any amount of horseburgers in this State, I think according to the law—the Act is No. 147—definitely says it is not for human consumption. I have in mind one particular place in Bucks County that has had something over nine thousand dollars worth of sales last year for horseburgers. In our town we have it through our public schools. Just two weeks ago a butcher's daughter came in and tried to find out what they must do to stop them from getting horse meat in their butcher shops which they have marked beef and put up in small chunks and sold as of a certain uniform weight.

Mr. President, I believe if we check over our districts at home we may find some horse meat, and let's kick it out of this particular State. Thank you.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. McCREESH. Mr. President, I second the motion,

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictment and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of War or National emergency.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs

upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the Welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out, open, construct, and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 15 and 17 of the act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715) entitled "An act empowering authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania providing the procedure therefor and prescribing certain duties of the Governor the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions and for their control and maintenance after acquisition and making an appropriation" by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County, Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (d) of Section 4 and Section 11 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any projects hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" by authorizing the leasing of certain projects upon their being opened to public use.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act authorizing, in certain cases, the renewal of motor vehicle operators' licenses for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith, without a learner's permit, examination or additional fee; and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license; and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital, to sell and convey certain land used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 14, 1951, at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:33 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, March 14, 1951, at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, March 13, 1951.

The House met at 12:00 o'clock noon.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

We pray, O Lord, for all those Thy servants who are responsible for our civic welfare, health and security. May Thy Holy Spirit guide our Councillors that they will have a care only for what will promote good government; and to all others in positions of responsibility give such a sense of duty that no self-interest shall turn them from it. We also remember before Thee those who are employed in our service in dangerous or lowly work, for we are all members one of another and all labour is honorable in Thy sight. Help us each one, to do well the work we have to do, for the good of all, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, March 12, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. SEYLER. HOUSE BILL No. 592.

An Act to add subsection (h) to section one thousand one hundred three of the act, approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An Act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors. burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by exempting fire and police vehicles, ambulances and other vehicles of the municipality or public service corporations designated as emergency vehicles by the Mayor from the resolutions of one-way traffic highways in Third Class Cities.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 593.

An Act concerning the retirement of Chief Justices and Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Superior Court, Courts of Common Pleas, Orphans' Courts, Municipal Court of Philadelphia and County Court of Allegheny County and Judges of the Juvenile Court of Allegheny County, and providing for payments by way of pensions to be made as a result thereof.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 594.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the eleventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 37), entitled "An act relating to the keepers of junk shops, and second hand dealers, in cities of this Commonwealth," by making compliance with certain provisions evidence of innocence in prosecutions for receiving stolen goods.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 595.

An Act to amend the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1237), entitled "An act affecting marital relations; prescribing grounds and regulating proceedings for divorce and the annulment of bigamous marriages; and amending revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by further defining insane respondent.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHMIDT. HOUSE BILL No. 596.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 75), entitled "An act authorizing the courts of common pleas to change the name of persons; prescribing the procedure, and the effect of the decree therein," by reducing the time in which the petition shall be heard.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 597.

An Act to further amend Section 205 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for an reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determiner," by fixing the compensation of members of the State Police Force up to and including the rank of lieutenant.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. WEIDNER (By Request). HOUSE BILL No. 598.

An Act providing for the conservation of natural resources; creating the State Forestry Commission as a department administrative board within the Department of Forests and Waters and prescribing its powers and duties; providing for District Forestry Boards; providing fora ppeals from the orders of such boards and the commission establishing limitations upon the use of woodlands; providing for licenses and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. TOLL. HOUSE BILL No. 599.

An Act to permit any person entitled to vote to absent himself from any service or employment in which he is then engaged or employed for a period of two hours in certain cases, without deduction in salary or wages.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. LEVEN and TOLL. HOUSE BILL No. 600.

An Act to further amend and reenact Section 17 of the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149), entitled as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth, which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax, and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation," by providing for reimbursement of taxes paid on liquid fuels consumed in the operation of certain tractors and machinery for agricultural purposes, motor boats; providing penalties and making appropriations from the Motor License Fund for the payment of such reimbursements and expenses in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. EWING and HAUDENSHIELD. HOUSE BILL No. 601.

An Act providing for the payment of salary, wages, medical, and hospital expenses of employes of a jail, prison, workhouse, penitentiary, penal, reformatory, or correctional institutions, hospitals for the insane, or any institution for the feeble minded, or epileptic persons; for inebriates or for juvenile delinquents and dependents maintained in whole or in part by the Commonwealth, or any county within the Commonwealth, who are injured in the performance of their duty; and providing that absence during such injury shall not reduce any usual sick leave period; and, also providing for recourse to pension privileges in the event of permanent disability.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. EWING and BEECH. HOUSE BILL No. 602.

An Act to reenact and amend the title and the act, approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer, of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies, to the treasurers of the several cities, boroughs, towns and townships, and for the payment thereof into police pension funds, and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System, and for Pension Annuity Contracts, and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund, for certain purposes," by extending the benefits of the act to certain county police pension funds.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 603.

An Act making an appropriation to the City of Philadelphia for repairing Penn Treaty Monument, and improving the grounds thereof located in the Eighteenth Ward of said City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 604.

An Act making it unlawful to sell ice cream in bulk at retail except by weight.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. ERB and HAROLD G. MILLER. HOUSE BILL No. 605.

An Act to add Section 1035 to Article X of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by prohibiting the use of highways by truck tractors and commercial trailers during certain periods.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. DOUGHERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 606.

An Act regulating the payment of wages or compensation for labor or service in certain private employments establishing regular pay days imposing certain duties upon employes conferring powers and duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry imposing additional powers and duties on the Secretary of the Department of Labor and Industry for the civil collection of wages imposing civil and criminal penalties for the violations of the act and providing for their collection and disposition and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Mr. DOUGHERTY. HOUSE BILL No. 607.

An Act to amend the first paragraph of Section 3 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 538), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of rates for insurance which may be written by stock or mutual casualty insurance companies, associations or exchanges, including fidelity, surety and guaranty bonds and all other forms of motor vehicle insurance, and title insurance; to rating and advisory organizations; conferring on the Insurance Commissioner the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies and corporations, and of enforcing the provisions of this act; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before the commissioner, and procedure for review by the courts; giving the Court

of Common Pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties and providing for enforcement thereof, and repealing inconsistent acts," by providing that insurance rates be uniform throughout the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Messrs. GOOD and STIMMEL.

HOUSE BILL No. 608.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 947), entitled "An act relating to the annual salaries of certain county officers of counties of the fourth class," by increasing the salaries of certain county officers.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. VERONA and FENRICH.

HOUSE BILL No. 609.

An Act to further amend Sections 10 and 15 of the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 207), entitled "An act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, for the removal of nuisances, and for water rents or rates, sewer rates, and lighting rates; for the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened; the distribution of the proceeds of such sales, and the redemption of the property therefrom; for the lien and collection of certain taxes heretofore assessed, and of claims for municipal improvements made and nuisances removed, within six months before the passage of this act; and for the procedure on tax and municipal claims filed under other and prior acts of Assembly," by providing that tax and municipal claims and the revivals thereof in counties of the second class must be signed by or have stamped thereon a facsimile signature of the county controller.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 610.

An Act providing for additional vacation leave for time spent on official duties in courts of record by members of the fire and police departments and uniformed officers and men employed as park guards in cities of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN. HOUSE BILL No. 611.

An Act prohibiting the operation of elevators unless the same are equipped with folding seats for use of operators thereof and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

Mr. LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 612.

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairmount Park Commission of Philadelphia, for repairing Penn Treaty Mounment, and improving the grounds thereof located in the Eighteenth Ward of said City of Phila.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. CLENDENING and ROBERTSON.

HOUSE BILL No. 613.

An Act to amend Article VIII of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners, of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring overhead exhaust outlets for motor buses.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and CLENDENING.

HOUSE BILL No. 614.

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred nine of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for qualifications of principals.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. MORAN and HAUDENSHIELD.

HOUSE BILL No. 615.

An Act to amend Article II of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees, of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by designating the days on which State employes shall be paid; and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. HERSCH and PENGLASE.

HOUSE BILL No. 616.

An Act to amend Section 457 of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, com-

missions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the qualifications of members of The State Board of Private Trade Schools.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 617.

An Act to add Section 2.1 to Article XIV of the act, approved the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 20), entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class," by providing for minority party representation in council.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. DUNN. HOUSE BILL No. 618.

An Act to amend Section 722 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds,' by providing for the issuance without fee of operator's license to persons who operate fire fighting equipment and ambulances for volunteer fire companies.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. TOMPKINS and CLARENCE E. MOORE. HOUSE BILL No. 619.

An Act providing for the payment to the respective counties of a portion of moneys derived from the sale, lease, or disposition of natural products of State owned lands within the county.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. KENT and JOHN M. REILLY. HOUSE BILL No. 620.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 201 of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importas herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices tion or bringing of such beverages into the State except in connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees or others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by further providing for the fixing of sale prices for Pennsylvania liquor stores.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. JOHN M. REILLY and KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 621.

An Act to add Section 8.1 to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employe's retirement system and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain fund from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof, and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which state employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by increasing contributions and benefits of certain members by fifteen per centum.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. JOHN M. REILLY and KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 622.

An Act limiting the hours of employment of employes of State institutions within the Department of Welfare.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. KENT and STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL No. 623.

An Act to amend subsection (f) of section two of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 788), entitled as amended "An act relating to and regulating the purchase and sale of securities providing for the registration and regulation of certain individuals and entities selling contracting to sell or dispose of attempting or offering to dispose of soliciting offers to buy or inducing holders thereof to exchange securities defined herein including securities issued by them or engaging in the business of inducing holders of securities to effect the sale thereof in order to produce funds to pay for other investments sold by them or in the business of buying securities directly from individuals who are not registered hereunder or in the business of advising others as to the value or investment qualifications of securities and the management of investment accounts and the solicitors of such investment advisors providing for the revocation and suspension of registrations conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Securities Commission and otherwise providing for the administration of this act providing for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County and to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania conferring jurisdiction upon the several courts of common pleas to issue injunctions against violators of this act and to ap-

point receivers and prescribing fees and penalties" by changing the exemptions of certain corporations the number of whose stockholders does not exceed twenty-five to companies the of whose security holders does not exceed twenty-five by exempting certain offerings to directors officers and employees of the issuing company and certain private offerings by companies without any selling commission or fee by extending to companies certain exemptions now available only to corporations by eliminating the requirement that certain exemptions are not available until five days after a claim therefor is mailed or filed and by exempting dealers from filing prospectuses offering securities registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

By Messrs. KENT and STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL No. 624.

An Act to amend subsections (b) and (c) of section one thousand two hundred three of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association, and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," and to add thereto new subsections (d) and (e) so as to except therefrom the transfer of stock not subject to the transfer inheritance tax owned by deceased residents of an area listed by the Department of Revenue as entitled by law to such exemption and stock formerly owned by the entireties by resident spouses, one of whom shall have died, and to require the Department of Revenue to list such areas.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 625.

An Act to fix the number of Representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into representative districts as provided by the Constitution.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 626.

An Act to fix the number of Representatives in the General Assembly from the City of Philadelphia, and to apportion the city into representative districts.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Messrs. JOHN C. MILLER and ROBERT K. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 627.

An Act empowering cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships and school districts to levy, assess and collect for general revenue purposes an annual tax on trailer coach parks and prohibiting the imposition of certain other taxes by them relating or incident to the same subject; providing and authorizing machinery therefor; and providing and permitting penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. JOHN C. MILLER and ROBERT K. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 628.

An Act regulating the operation of trailer coach parks; requiring their licensing; imposing duties on the Department of Health of this Commonwealth; providing for liens and the enforcement thereof against the property of tenants of such parks; and for the right of disposition by the licensee; and fixing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. JOHN C. MILLER and ROBERT K. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 629.

An Act to establish a separate orphans' court in and for the county of Beaver.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. BYRNE and KOLANKIEWICZ. HOUSE BILL No. 630.

An Act to add clause (d) to Section 105 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring certain traffic signals in cities of the first and second class to be operated in colors twenty-four hours a day, and providing for the synchronization of certain traffic signals in such cities.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. KENT and STIMMEL. HOUSE BILL No. 631.

An Act to repeal an obsolete act relating to transfer of stock standing in the name of a decedent, or in the joint names of a decedent and one or more other persons, or in trust for a decedent.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. DOWLING and ZIEGLER.

HOUSE BILL No. 632.

An Act to add Section 522 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revision, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by authorizing school districts to appropriate funds to certain historical societies.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. McMILLEN. HOUSE BILL No. 633.

An Act to amend Sections 3 and 4 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 1184) entitled "An act requiring all employable persons receiving public assistance, with certain exceptions, to perform certain work, or be refused further assistance; conferring powers and imposing duties on county boards of assistance, and on certain State and local officers and employes; and on charitable institutions, persons, copartnerships, associations, corporations, and Satte and Federal employment officers; and requiring payments to the Commonwealth on account of certain work performed," by extending the provisions thereof to include nonprofit cemetery associations and organizations supported totally or partially by public subscriptions, donations or gifts and changing the requirements for furnishing transportation.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. JOHN M. REILLY and KENT.

HOUSE BILL No. 634.

An Act to amend the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 701 entitled "An act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth," by providing for paydays every two weeks.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. KENT and JOHN M. REILLY.

HOUSE BILL No. 635.

An Act to amend section 215 of the act, approved the nineth day of Aprirl, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganziation of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by providing for the payment of additional compensation to employes obliged to work overtime.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. KENT and JOHN M. REILLY.

HOUSE BILL No. 636.

An Act limiting the hours of employment of employes of State institutions within the Department of Health.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 637.

An Act to further amend the title and act, approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458), entitled as amended, "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first, second, second A and third classes; prescribing the rights, powers and duties of such authorities; authorizing such authorities to acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate parking projects; to conduct research of the parking problem, and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities, and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor; providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof; conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities; empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with, and to accept grants from, the Federal Government, State, political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof; exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates," by extending the provisions of said act to boroughs and towns.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Messrs. WATKINS and WACHHAUS.

HOUSE BILL No. 638.

An Act to further amend the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the maximum rates, periods, total amounts, and aggregate of compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. WATKINS and WACHHAUS.

HOUSE BILL No. 639.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566) entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry, the Workcal board to determine controverted medical issues; es-Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medimen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation tablishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Wrkmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," by changing maximum and minimum rates, periods, total amounts, and aggregate of compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 640.

An Act to amend the act approved the sixth day of June, 1893 (P. L. 326), entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act in relation to the imprisonment,

government and release of convicts in the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon,' approved the twenty-eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven," by correcting the name of said institution and of the governing board thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare

By Mr. McGEE. HOUSE BILL No. 641.

An Act to further amend clause (f) of Section 201 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by requiring enforcement officers and agents to identify themselves and give immediate notice to licensees of unlawful acts found on licensed premises.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. McGEE. HOUSE BILL No. 642.

An Act to add Section 664.1 to the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by making it a misdemeanor to fail to erect and maintain fences along certain dangerous rights of way of railroads.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railways.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 643.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by transferring the supervision and control of State medical and surgical hospitals and supervised medical and surgical homes and hospitals from the Department of Welfare to the Department of Health.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 644.

An Act to add Section 682.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by making it a misdemeanor for any elected constable to sell his office.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES. HOUSE BILL No. 645.

An Act to amend Section 402 and Section 502 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred dtwenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain cocts upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for the issuance of special registration plates to officers of the State, its political subdivisions, members of the General Assembly, and judges of any court; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 80

An Act to further amend the title and to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 171),, entitled, as amended "An act providing for the acquisition of land and the erection, equipment, management, and operation of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School; the maintenance of children admitted thereto, and regulating the admissions to and discharges from the said Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' School," by changing the name of the Pennsylvnia Soldiers Orphans' School.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

SENATE BILL No. 82

An Act to further amend Sections 202, 401 and 1311 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and ad-

ministrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. TOMPKINS and CLARENCE E. MOORE.

(Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 18.

In the House of Representatives, March 12, 1951.

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is the owner of many acres of land from which natural resources including but not limited to oil, gas, minerals and wood products are obtained; and

Whereas, The Commonwealth has granted leases and operating rights and privileges to others to develop, produce, cut, mine, quarry and carry away said resources; and

Whereas, The Commonwealth proposes to grant additional leases and operating rights and privileges for the aforesaid purpose; and

Whereas, The action and proposed action of the Commonwealth has and will produce considerable revenue; and

Whreas, It is to the best interest of the Commonwealth and the local communities where said resources are located that the greatest amount of good should proceed to them from these operations and should therefore be investigated by the General Assembly; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) that the Joint State Government Commission is hereby directed to immediately investigate this matter and report on the following:

1. Leases and operating rights granted to others on Commonwealth lands;
2. Protection afforded to the Commonwealth by reason of operations on adjoining lands;
3. Conservation of natural gas in the field to prevent unusual drainage and encroachment of salt water.
4. Use of abandoned gas fields on Commonwealth land as storage reservoirs;
5. The practice of cutting and removal of timber and other wood products, from Commonwealth owned lands;
6. The stripping and mining of coal, clay and other minerals and resources on Commonwealth owned lands;
7. Earmarking of revenue derived from all of the above operations for educational and scholarship purposes; mental health and other welfare projects;
8. Return to the county from which said resources are produced a portion of the revenue derived therefrom;
9. Any other matter germane and relative thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 1.

An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense, providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense, local and district councils of civil defense, Mobile Support Units, prescribing the powers, duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel, authorizing mutual aid compacts, and providing penalties.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House from Pike County, Hon. Gaylord Carpenter.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Ronald L. Thompson for Mr. COOPER because of illness.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. HAROLD G. MILLER from the Committee on Professional Licensure, reported as committed, House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act relating to and defining chiropractic and the right to practice chiropractic, requiring licensure, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, providing for the granting, suspension, and revocation of licenses issued by the board, conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, and prescribing penalties.

Mr. HAGERTY from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

Mr. SAX from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence, and the proof of official records, documents and proceedings, both domestic and foreign, and of copies thereof, and extracts therefrom, and certificates in reference thereto.

Mr. TOLL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth; providing for trial without jury, and for the filing of agreements therefor; providing for the payment of jury fees.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 235, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provision for the taxation of private forest reserves.

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district.

Mr. MINTESS from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458), entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first, second, second A and third classes; pre-

scribing the rights, powers and duties of such authorities; authorizing such authorities to acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate parking projects; to conduct research of the parking problem, and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities, and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor; providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof; conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities; empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with, and to accept grants from, the Federal Government, State, political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof; exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates," by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class.

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time; fixing the time from which priorities extend; and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes.

Mr. GOOD from the Committee on Game and Forestry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 125), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild anmils; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game, predators and unprotected birds.

Mr. MOORE from the Committee on Game and Forestry, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. MUSTO asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 195, entitled

An Act requiring owners and operators of tourist camps having heated cabins to provide adequate chimneys or escape vents for harmful gases and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 160, entitled

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminals causes and suits for penalties; granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. GEER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the second reading postponed calendar.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 161, entitled

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. GEER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the second reading postponed calendar.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare and the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 43

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, as follows:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital and ceding jurisdiction to the United States

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 The consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby granted in accordance with the seventeenth clause eighth section of the first article of the Constitution of the United States to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land lying in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital bouned and described as follows

Beginning at a point on the West line in Campania Avenue at the intersection of said West line with the center line of Fishel Street thence leaving said Avenue South 45° 23′ 07″ West a distance of 932.73 feet to a point in the center line of an unnamed street at its intersection with the Northerly line of East Chester Street thence along the center line of said unnamed street North 20° 15′ 46″ West a distance of 734.13 feet to a point thence continuing along the center line of said street North 30° 19′ 38″ West a distance of 198.08 feet to a point thence South 45° 26′ 07″ West a distance of 471.51 feet to a post said post being at St Peter's Lutheran Cemetery property corner thence by land of St Peter's Lutheran Cemetery and land of the City of Pittsburgh North 02° 29′ 29″ West a distance of 1545.57 feet to a point thence along the Northerly line of land of the City of Pittsburgh North 77° 12′ 40″ West a distance of 1814.73 feet to a point on land of the Pennsylvania Railrroad Company thence along the Easterly line of said Railroad Company land North 01° 20 ′ 51″ East a distance of 1345.25 feet to a point thence along the Southerly line of said Railroad Company land the following courses and distances South 88° 37′ 09″ East 978.74 feet South 00° 07′ 09″ East 165.00 feet South 88° 37′ 09″ East 692.59 feet South 02° 28′ 10″ East 78.01 feet South 80° 52′ 09″ East 1437.15 feet and North 07° 37′ 51″ East 418.18 feet to the Southerly right of way line of Allegheny River Boulevard thence along said right of way line South 79° 32′ 31″ East a distance of 1209.74 feet to a point thence leaving said right of way line and along the Westerly line of Pnnsylvania Railroad Company land South 08° 07′ 51″ West a distance of 173.22 feet thence along the Southerly line of said Railroad Company land the following courses and distances South 78° 51′ 09″ East 330.00 feet South 76° 52′ 09″ East 237.60 feet South 69° 07′ 09″ East 190.00 feet South 83° 09′ 09″ East 271.00 feet thence along the Easterly line of said Railroad Company land North 21° 27′ 51″ East a distance of 132.00 feet thence along the Southerly line of said Railroad Company land South 75° 17′ 09″ East a distance of 40.00 feet to a common corner of said Railroad Company land and land now or formerly of P A Caslin thence along adjoining land now or formerly of said Caslin the following courses and distances South 19° 12′ 10″ West 796.62 feet South 88° 21′ 08″ West 280.98 feet South 19° 12′ 10″ West 530.80 feet South 64° 57′ 10″ West 89.61 feet South 58° 27′ 10″ West 165.00 feet South 51° 58′ 20″ West 162.13 feet and South 41° 43′ 12″ East 355.65 feet to the center line of Verona Boulevard a proposed street thence along said center line and along adjoining land now or formerly of Mrs S. Rockstein Barrett Heirs and Sister of Divine Providence the following courses and distances South 46° 10′ 16″ West 1439.91 feet North 33° 38′ 12″ West 13.40 feet and South 56° 21′ 48″ West 6.18 feet to the Easterly line of Ebel Street thence along the Easterly line of Ebel Street Noarth 25° 16′ 12″ West a distance of 382.65 feet and North 00° 49′ 14″ East a distance of 147.17 feet thence leaving the Easterly line of Ebel Street North 89° 10′ 46″ West a distance of 145.85 feet thence South 64° 47′ 14″ West a distance of 10.15 feet to the center line of Keen Way thence North 12° 10′ 46″ West a distance of 51.34 feet thence South 64° 47′ 14″ West a distance of 139.90 feet to the Easterly line of Campania Avenue thence along the Easterly line of Campania Avenue South 25° 12′ 47″ East a distance of 277.46 feet to the Northerly line of Fishel Avenue thence South 45° 23′ 07″ West a distance of 53.02 feet to the Westerly line of Campania Avenue thence along the Westerly line of Campania Avenue South 25° 12′ 47″ East a distance of 26.51 feet to the point of beginning

Section 2 Exclusive jurisdiction in and over the aforesaid parcel of land is hereby ceded to the United States of America by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the erection of forts magazines arsenals dock yards and other needful buildings to be used by the United States for military and other public purposes with the exception of roads abutting on the said land which are not already under the jurisdiction of the United States

Section 3 The jurisdiction so ceded to the United States is granted upon the express condition that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall retain concurrent jurisdiction with the United States in and over the land and buildings aforesaid in so far that civil process in all cases and such criminal process as may issue under the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania against anyone charged with crime committed outside said land may be executed thereon in the same manner as if this jurisdiction had not been ceded The United States shall retain such jurisdiction so long as the said land shall be used for the purposes for which jurisdiction is ceded and no longer

Section 4 The jurisdiction so ceded to the United States shall be upon the further condition that the Commonwealth reserves to itself and its political subdivisions whatever powr of taxation it may constitutionally reserve to levy and collect all taxes now or hereafter imposed by the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions upon property persons and franchises within the boundaries so ceded

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Banker,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Scott,
Beech,	Hall,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Mihm,	Smith,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bolton,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,

Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling.	Mazza,	Royer,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Board of Trustes of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction is hereby authorized and empowered to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the stone amphiatheater erected upon the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School at Scotland Franklin County Pennsylvania by the American Legion

Section 2 Such acceptance shall be made in such manner and in such form as is approved by the Department of Justice

Section 3 Upon acceptance the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School shall have full control supervision and management thereof for use in connection with the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling.		Rovansek,	Sorg,
			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 60, as follows:

An Act authorizing the court in any proceeding to establish paternity to order the parties therein to submit to blood grouping tests and prescribing the conditions under which such evidence may be admitted

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 In any proceeding to establish paternity the court on motion of the defendant shall order the mother her child and the defendant to submit to one or more blood grouping tests by a duly qualified physician to determine whether or not the defendant can be excluded as being the father of the child and the results of such tests may be received in evidence but only in cases where definite exclusion of the defendant is established

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,

Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg,
			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 96, as follows:

An Act to reenact sections one to nine inclusive of the act approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class and parts thereof to cities and boroughs and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto" by making the same applicable in counties of the second class and repealing inconsistent laws excepting as to proceedings now pending

The General Assembl of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Sections one to nine inclusive of the act approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2803) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of townships of the first class and parts thereof to cities and boroughs and regulating the proceeding pertaining thereto" are hereby reenacted to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted &c That whenever electors equal to at least ten per centum of the highest vote cast for any office in any township of the first class continguous to a city or borough at the last preceding general election or whenever ten per centum of the qualified electors residing within any part of a township of the first class contiguous to a city or borough shall petition the council of such city or borough for the annexation of the township of the first class or part thereof to the contiguous city or borough and for a referendum on the question of such annexation the council shall cause a question to be submitted at the primary election occurring at least sixty days thereafter by certifying a resolution duly adopted to the county commissioners of the county or counties in which any part of the city or borough or the township of the first class is located for submission of such question on the ballot or on voting machines at such election both in such township and in the city or borough to which annexation is desired in the manner provided by the election laws of this Commonwealth

Such question shall be in the following form

Do you favor the annexation of the township of ..... (or the part of the township briefly described) to the city (or borough) of .....?	Yes No	—— ——

If a majority of the persons voting on such question in the entire township and a majority of the persons voting on such question in the city or borough shall vote "yes" then the township of the first class or part thereof as the case may be shall on the first Monday of January next following be and become a part of the city or borough

All petitions shall be accompanied by a plot or plots of the territory to be annexed showing all streets and highways municipal improvements and public buildings and all petitions for the annexation of a part of a township of the first class shall include a description of the part of the township sought to be annexed

Section 2 Until changed in the manner provided by law the township of the first class or part theretof if not divided into wards shall constitute a separate new ward of the enlarged city or of the enlarged borough if such borough is at the time divided into wards and if the township or part of a township at the time of the annexation was divided into wards then each ward of the township or part of a township shall constitute a separate new ward of the enlarged city or borough (if divided into wards) and shall be numbered by the council of the city or borough consecutively beginning with the next highest number after the existing highest numbered ward of the city or borough Until changed in the manner provided by law all election districts in the township of the first class or part thereof shall remain as constituted at the time of the annexation and shall become election districts of the enlarged city or borough All election and other officers of such election districts in office at the time of the taking effect of the annexation shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms unless sooner removed as provided by law

Section 3 In the case of the annexation of an entire township of the first class all the indebtedness of the township as well as the indebtedness of the city or borough to which the same is annexed shall be paid by the city or borough as enlarged by such annexation and all territory included within the limits of the same shall be liable for the payment of the floating and bonded indebtedness and the interest thereon of all the territory included within such enlarged city or borough All taxes thereafter levied therefor shall be uniform throughout the territorial limits of the enlarged city or borough

All of the public property owned by any such township shall become and remain the public property of the city or borough to which it is annexed

Section 4 Where any part of any township of the first class is annexed to any city or borough the township officers of that part of the township not annexed and the city or borough council shall make a just and proper adjustment and apportionment of all public property owned by the township at the time of annexation both real and personal including funds as well as of indebtedness if any to and between the township and the city or borough In making such adjustment and apportion-

ment of the property and indebtedness the township and the city or borough shall be entitled respectively to share in a division of the property and indebtedness in the proportion that the assessed valuation of the land remaining in the township bears to the assessed valuation of the land annexed The adjustment and apportionment as made shall be reduced to writing in proper form and duly executed and acknowledged by the proper officials and filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions in the county in which said city is located

Section 5 In case the council of the city or borough and the township authorities cannot make such amicable apportionment and adjustment of their property and indebtedness in compliance with this act within six months after any such annexation then the council or any officer of the township may present a petition to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the city or borough is located whereupon the court shall appoint three disinterested commissioners residents and taxpayers of the county not residing in the city or borough nor in the township who after hearing notice of which shall be given to the city or borough and township interested as the court shall direct shall make report to the court making an apportionment and adjustment of all the property as well as indebtedness if any to and between the city or borough and the township said report to state the amount if any that shall be due and payable from the city or borough to the township or from the township to the city or borough as well as the amount of indebtedness if any that shall be assumed by the city or borough or by the township or both of them

Section 6 The commissioners shall give the city or borough and the township at least five days notice of the filing of their report and unless exceptions are filed thereto by the city or borough or by the township within thirty days after filing thereof the same shall be confirmed by the court absolutely and any sum awarded by said report to the city or borough or to the township shall be a legal and valid claim in its favor against the city or borough or township charged therewith and the amount of debt if any apportioned to any city or borough or township shall be a legal and valid claim against such city or borough or township charged therewith and any property real or personal given and adjudged to the city or borough or the township shall become and be the property of the city or borough or the township to whichever one the same is given and adjudged and upon such report being confirmed such claim or indebtedness charged against any city or borough or against any township may be collected in the same manner as a judgement is collected against any city or borough or township Such commissioners shall be allowed five dollars per day for each day actually spent by them in the performance of their duties together with their actual necessary expenses All costs and expenses of such proceedings shall be apportioned by the court to and between the township as it shall deem proper

In case exceptions are filed to the report of such commissioners the court shall dispose of the same taking testimony therein if deemed advisable and the decision of the court thereon shall be final and binding on the several cities boroughs and townships unless an appeal is taken within thirty days to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases

Section 7 In cases in which such cities boroughs or townships of the first class are situated in two or more counties the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the city or borough is located shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the matter but the same shall be heard by a judge not a resident of either of the judicial districts affected who shall be called to preside specially in the matter and in such case the court shall appoint the commissioners hereinbefore provided for them both or all of such counties

Section 8 When an election is held on the question of annexation under the provisions of this act and the township of the first class proposed to be annexed or in which the territory proposed to be annexed is located votes against such annexation the question of such annexation shall not again be voted upon for a period of two years from the date of such election

Seciton 9 All proceedings for the annexation of a township of the first class or a part thereof to any city or borough under the provisions of any existing law that are pending and not finally disposed of on the effective date of this act shall in the discretion of the courts before which they are pending or if not pending in any court upon petition of any city borough or township affected to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the township is located be discontinued and vacated and all proceedings for the annexation of any township of the first class or part thereof to any city or borough shall thereafter be had only under the provisions of this act

Section 2 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 430) entitled "An act providing a method of annexation of parts of townships of the first class in counties of the second class not in excess of twenty per centum of the assessed value of any such township in counties of the second class to contiguous cities of the second class boroughs or other contiguous townships of the first class and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto" and all other acts and parts of the acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed except as to proceedings new pending

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
		Rigby,	Yeakel,

Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority requqired by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 131, as follows:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto

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The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

ARTICLE I

Preliminary Provisions

Section 101 Short Title This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Landlord and Tenant Act of 1951"

Section 102 Definitions As used in this act

(1) "Person" shall include natural persons copartnerships associations private and public corporations authorities fiduciaries the United States and any other country and their respective governmental agencies the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any other state and their respective political subdivisions and agencies

(2) "Justice of the peace" shall include justices of the peace aldermen and magistrates

(3) "Real property" shall include messuages lands tenements real estate buildings parts thereof or any estate or interest therein and shall include any personalty on real property which is demised with the real property

(4) "Personal property" shall include goods and chattels including fixtures and buildings erected by the tenant and which he has the right to remove agricultural crops whether harvested or growing and livestock and poultry

Section 103 Provisions Excluded from Act Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to include or in any manner repeal or modify any existing law

(1) Providing for preference of rent in case personal property liable to distress is taken and sold by virtue of any execution and providing for the payment of such rent from the proceeds of such execution

(2) Denying to a plaintic the right to stay an execution without the consent of the landlord having a preference for rent due payable from the proceeds of such execution

(3) Providing that a sale on distress shall be stayed where the personal property distrained upon is levied upon by a sheriff or where a receiver or a trustee or receiver in bankruptcy is appointed for the person whose property was distrained and providing for a lien for the rent or the proceeds of the sale of such personal property by such officer and the payment of such rent together with the costs of executing the landord's warrant from the proceeds of such sale

(4) Providing for preference of rent in cases of insolvency and assignment for the benefit of creditors and in bankruptcy proceedings

(5) Providing for preference of rent in the settlement of estates of decedents

(6) Fixing the liability of the tenant to pay taxes assessed against real property occupied by him and permitting the tenant to recover the amount of the tax so paid from the landlord or to defalcate such amount against rent due or becoming due

(7) Providing for the issuing of writs of estrepement to stay waste committed by a tenant or by others allowed by a tenant to commit waste and for the procedure in such cases

(8) Fixing the duties and liabilities of tenants and the right of landlords in connection with actions of ejectment brought by third parties

(9) Prescribing special proceedings for the obtaining of possession of real property purchased at tax or judicial sales and providing for and defining the rights remedies duties and liabilities of such purchasers and tenats affected thereby

(10) Except as herein specially provided fixing fees of justices of the peace aldermen magistrates sheriffs or constables in any proceedings affecting the relationship of landlord and tenant

Section 104 Rights of Persons Acquiring Title by Descent or Purchase Any person who acquires title to real property by descent or purchase shall be liable to the same duties and shall have the same rights powers and remedies in relation to the property as the person from whom title was acquired

Section 105 Sublessees Any person who is a sublessee shall be subject to the provisions of the lease between the lessor and the lessee

ARTICLE II

Creation of Leases Statute of Frauds

Mortgaging of Leaseholds

Section 201 Leases for Not More Than Three Years Real property including any personal property thereon may be leased for a term of not more than three years by a landlord or his agent to a tenant or his agent by oral or written contract or agreement

Section 202 Leases for More Than Three Years Real property including any personal property thereon may be leased for a term of more than three years by a landlord to a tenant or by their respective agents lawfully authorized in writing Any sech lease must be in writing and signed by the parties making or creating the same otherwise it shall have the force and eeffct of a lease at will only and shall not be given any greater force or effect either in law or equity notwithstanding any consideration therefor unless the tenancy has continued for more than one year and the landlord and tenant have recognized its rightful existence by claiming and admitting liability for the rent in which case the tenancy shall become one from year to year

Section 203 Assignment Grant and Surrender of Leases to be in Writing Exception No lease of any real property made or created for a term of more than three years shall be assigned granted or surrendered except in writing signed by the party assigning granting or surrendering the same or his agent unless such assigning granting or surrendering shall result from operation of law

Section 204 Mortgaging of Leasehold sEvery tenant of real property may mortgage his lease or term in the demised premises together with all buildings fixtures and machinery thereon and appurtenant thereto belonging to the tenant

Any such mortgaging of the tenant's interest and title shall have the same effect with respect to lien notice evidence and priority of payment as is provided by law in the case of the mortgaging of a freehold interest and title

Any such mortgage shall be acknowledged and placed on record in the proper county together with the lease as in the case of mortgages on freehold interests If the lease is recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the proper county at or before the time of the recording of the mortgage such recording shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this section if full and distinct reference is made in said mortgage to the book and page where the lease is recorded

Any such mortgage of a tenant's interest and title may be enforced in the same manner as mortgages on freehold interests

No such mortgage shall in any wise interfere with the landlord's rights priority or remedies for rent

ARTICLE III

Recovery of Rent by Assumpsit and Distress

Section 301 Recovery of Rent by Assumpsit Any landlord may recover from a tenant rent in arrears in an action of assumpsit as debts of similar amount are by law recoverable In any such action interest at the legal rate on the amount of rent due may be allowed if deemed equitable under the circumstances of the particular case

Section 302 Power to Distrain for Rent Notice Personal property located upon premises occupied by a tenant shall unless exempted by article four of this act be subject to distress for any rent reserved and due Scch distress may be made by the landlord or by his agent duly authorized thereto in writing Such distress may be made on any day except Sunday between the hours of seven ante meridan and seven post meridan and not at any other time except where the tenant through his act prevents the execution of the warrant during such hours

Notice in writing of such distress stating the cause of such taking specifying the date of levy and the personal property distrained sufficiently to inform the tenant or owner what personal proyerty is distrained and the amount of rent in arrears shall be given within five days after making the distress to the tenant and any other owner known to the landlord personally or by mailing the same to the tenant or any other owner at the premises or by posting the same conspicuously on the premises charged with the rent

A landlord or such agent may also in the manner above provided distrain personal property located on the premises but only that belonging to the tenant for arrears of rent due on any lease which has ended and terminated if such distress is made during the continuance of the landlord's title or inerest in th eproperty

Section 303 Collection of Rent in Special Cases

(a) The following persons shall have the right to collect all rent due by assumpsit or by distraint on personal property located on the real property subject to such rent

(1) The owner of a ground rent

(2) The personal representative of a deceased landlord or deceased tenant for life who has demised the real property subject to his estate or a deceased landlord whose real property has escheated to the Commonwealth whether such rent accrued prior to or after the death of the decedent and until the termination of the administration of the estate

(3) The escheator appointed for the purpose of collecting rents

(4) The spouse of a deceased landlord to whom real property has been set aside as his or her allowance by law and

(5) A widow who is the party named in a deed agreement or decree of court under which a charge is made upon such real estate for the payment of instalments of dower

(b) Any person given the right by this section to collect and distrain for rent shall be deemed for the purposes of this article to be a landlord

Section 304 Collection of Rent by Purchasers at Sheriff's and Judicial Sales In the case of a tenant whose right of possession is not paramount to that of the purchaser at a sheriff's or other judicial sale the latter shall have the right as a landlord to collect by assumpsit or to distrain for rent from the date of the acknowledgment of his deed except for such fractional part of a quarter as the tenant if a farmer or one engaged in raising crops or produce or such fractional part of a month in other cases as the tenant may in accordance with the terms of his letting

have paid as an advance payment prior to the date of the acknowledgment of said deed In the case of a tenant whose right of possession is paramount to that of such purchaser advance rent paid prior to the date of acknowledgment of the purchaser's deed shall be deemed properly paid though paid prior to its due date unless it is so paid with the actual notice of the pendency of the proceeding resulting in the sale or with intent to defeat the rights of a purchaser thereat

The right of possession of a tenant for years shall not be deemed paramount to that of a purchaser at a tax sale

The right of possession of a tenant shall be deemed paramount to that of a purchaser at a judicial sale if and only if the letting to him shall precede in point of date the entry of the judgment order or decree on which such sale was had and also shall precede the recording or registering of the mortgage deed or will if any through which by legal proceedings the purchaser derives title and shall not be paramount if the letting is made with actual notice to such tenant of the contemplated entry of such judgment order or decree or of the fact of the execution of such mortgage deed or other instrument of writing and with intent to avoid the egect thereof

Section 305 Distress of Property Fraudulently Removed In case any tenant of any real property shall fraudulently or clandestinely remove from the demised premises his personal property with intent to prevent the landlord from distraining the same for arrears of rent it shall be lawful for the landlord or his agent within the space of thirty days next ensuing such removal to take and seize such personal property wherever the same may be found in distress for said arrears of rent and to proceed to sell the same as hereinafter provided as if the personal property had actually been distrained upon on the demised premises

Section 306 Replevin by Tenant or Owner The tenant or owner of any personal property distrained on may within five days next after notice of such distress replevy the same All proceedings in replevin shall be conducted in accordance with general law and applicable rules of procedure governing actions of replevin

Section 307 Proceeding by Tenant to Determine Set-Off Any court of record or court not of record having jurisdiction in civil actions at law may entertain an action to defalcate by a tenant against a landlord where the landlord has distrained for arrears of rent to compel the landlord to set-off any account which the tenant may have against the landlord No such court shall entertain any such action where the rent or set-off claimed is in excess of its civil jurisdiction Proceedings in such actions shall be the same as in actions of assumpsit

The court shall determine the amount of rent in arrears and the amount of the set-off if any and enter judgment in favor of the proper party for the balance due

If such judgment is in favor of the landlord he may in lieu of issuing execution thereon proceed with his distress for the amount of such judgment If the landlord shall sell more personal property than necessary to satisfy such judgment and costs and fail to pay the overplus to the tenant he shall be liable in trespas sto double the amount of the sum so detained together with the costs of suit If the landlord shall proceed to sell any personal property after notice of any such proceeding to defalcate and before judgment in his favor thereon he shall be liable in trespass to double the amount by which the sum realized from such sale exceeds the sum to which he shall be found to be tntitled by the final judgment in the defalcation proceeding if such judgment be in his favor

If the landlord proceeds with the distress he shall satisfy the judgment to the extent of the amount realized on the sale less the costs of the distress or on his failure to do so the tenant may proceed by rule to have such satisfaction entered

Section 308 Appraisement of Property Levied Upon If the tenant or owner of the personal property distrained upon fails to replevy the same within said five days next after distress and notice thereof the person distraining may with the sheriff or his deputy or any constable or his deputy which officer upon demand of the landlord shall aid and assist cause the personal property so distrained to b eappraised by two disinterested and competent persons appointed by said officer

The appraisers shall each take the following oath or affirmation to be administered by the assisting officer

"I .....do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will well and truly according to my understanding appraise the personal property of ..... distrained on for rent by ....."

Each appraiser shall receive two dollars ($2) per diem for his services in making the appraisement to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale

Section 309 Sale and Notice Thereof Distribution of Proceeds After the appraisement has been completed the sheriff deputy sheriff constable or deputy constable shall fix a day time and place of sale of which at least six days public notice in writing shall be given by handbills The notice of sale shall specify the personal property to be sold sufficiently to inform the tenant or owner and to induce bidders to atend the sale On the day and at the time fixed for the sale or on any day and time to which said sale may be adjourned the sheriff deputy sheriff constable or deputy constable shall publicly sell the personal property so distrained for the best price that can be obtained for the same

The proceeds of the sale shall be paid out in the following order First for the payment of any wages due by the tenant which by law are given preference and to the same extent and upon the same conditions of notice being given as required by the wage preference law and notice of the claim to the officer executing the landlord's warrant second for the payment of the charges and costs for making the distress appraisement and sale third for the satisfaction of the rent for which the personal property was distrained fourth any overplus for the use of the owner

Section 310 Rights of Purchasers of Growing Agricultural Crops The purchaser of any growing agricultural crops at a sale on distress for ren shall at all times have free ingress and egress to and from the premises where the same may be growing and the right to repair fences He shall have the right to dig cut gather lay up and thresh the same in the same manner as the tenant might legally have done and thereafter to carry the same away from the premises

Section 311 Damages for Removal of Property Distrained On Any landlord having distrained upon personal property for rent due who is aggrieved by the unlawful removal thereof shall in an action of trespass recover treble damages together with the costs of suit against the offender or against the owner if it be afterwards found that the personal property has come into his use or possession

Section 312 Remedy in Cases of Improper Distress The Landlord and his agent shall be liable to the tenant or the owner of the personal property distrained on in an action of trespass (1) If the distress is for more rent than is due (2) or if the amount of personal property distrained is unreasonably great (3) or if made after a proper tender of the rent due was rejected (4) or if the distress is conducted irregularly or oppressively (5) or if any personal property taken in distress was to the knowledge of the landlord or his agent not distrainable (6) or if the distress is made at an improper time (7) or if the landlord or his agent receives notice after the distress from the owner or his agent or from the tenant having possession of the property that the personal property distrained on was not subject to distress and nevertheless proceeds with the sale without affording the owner a five day period after such notice to replevy such personal property

Section 313 Remedy Where Distress and Sale Made and No Rent Due In case any distress and sale of personal property shall be made for rent when no rent is due to the person distraining or to the person in whose name the distress has been taken then the owner of the personal property shall by action of trespass brought against the person distraining recover double the value of the per-

sonal property so distrained and sold together with the costs of suit

ARTICLE IV

Exemptions from Distress and Sale

Section 401 Tenant's Exemption Appraisement Unless the right of exemption has been waived by the tenant in writing personal property to the value of three hundred dollars ($300) in addition to any other personal property specifically exempted by this article shall be exempt from levy and sale by distress for rent

The officer charged with the execution of any landlord's warrant shall if requested by the tenant summon two disinterested and competent persons who shall be sworn or affirmed by such officer to appraise personal property including bank notes money stocks judgments or other indebtedness due the tenant to the valce of three hundred dollars ($300) which the tenant may elect to retain and the property so elected and appraised shall be exempt from levy and sale in such distress proceedings

Each appraiser shall be entitled to receive two dollars ($200) for his services

Section 402 Wearing Apparel Bibles School Books Sewing Machines and Military Accoutrements to be Exempt All wearing apparel of the tenant and his family all sewing machines belonging to seamstresses or used and owned by private families and all uniforms arms ammunition and accoutrements of any commissioned officer or enlisted man of the National Guard or of the armed forces of the United States shall be exempt from levy and sale on any landlord's warrant Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to exempt sewing machines kept for sale or hire

Section 403 Exemption of Property on Premises Under Lease or Conditional Sale Contract The following personal property loaned to or leased or hired by any person or conditionally sold to any such person under a contract of sale reserving title in the vendor until paid for shall be exempt from levy and sale on distress for rent so long as the title thereto remains in the owner lessor or conditional vendor if written notice specifically describing the personal property leased hired or conditionally sold shall be given to the landlord or his agent at the time the said personal property is placed upon the demised premises or within ten days thereafter which notice shall contain a statement of the respective amounts due on each article named in the notice and when so given shall be effective as to such landlord and any future owner or owners of said premises that is to say

(1) All pianos melodeons and organs

(2) All soda water apparatus and the appurtenances thereto

(3) All sewing machines and typewriting machines

(4) All electric motors electric fans and dynamos

(5) All ice cream cabinets and ice cream containers and the appurtenances thereto

(6) All household furniture and household goods

(7) All patented shoe repairing machinery and tools

(8) All beauty and barber shop furniture and equipment

(9) All cigarette vending machines

In the case of personal property enumerated in clauses (2) and (5) of this section notice may be given in the manner above provided or in lieu thereof the name and address of the owner lessor or conditional vendor may be marked on or attached to said property in a conspicuous part thereof

Upon request at any reasonable time the owner lessor or conditional vendor of any personal property enumerated in this section shall advise the landlord or his agent as to the status of his account with the tenant. In default of such advice it shall be conclusively presumed no balance is due on said account

Any landlord may levy upon and sell on distress for rent any right or interest of the tenant in any personal property mentioned in this section subject to the rights therein of the owner lessor or conditional vendor

Section 404 Exemption of Other Property Located on Premises—The following personal property located on premises occupied by a tenant shall be exempt from levy and sale on distress for rent i e personal property

(1) Necessarily put in possession of the tenant in the course of his business by those with whom the tenant deals or by those who employ the tenant

(2) Actually held by the tenant for someone else in the course of trade as agent or as consignee

(3) Sold for a valuable consideration by the tenant before distress to any bona fide purchase not privy to any fraud

(4) Of any guest at an inn or hotel or of a boarder at a boarding house where such property is in the exclusive use of such boarder

(5) Of a decedent

(6) Of the United States and its governmental agencies or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any political subdivision thereof

(7) Of any public service company essential to the performance of its public functions or

(8) Cattle or stock taken by the tenant to be fed or cared for on the leased premises for a consideration to be paid by the owner

ARTICLE V

Recovery of Possession

Section 501 Notice to Quit—A landlord desirous of repossessing real property from a tenant may notify in writing the tenant to remove from the same at the expiration of the time specified in the notice under the following circumstances namely (1) Upon the termination of a term of the tenant (2) or upon forfeature of the lease for breach of its conditions (3) or upon the failure of the tenant upon demand to satisfy any rent reserved and due where there is not personal property on the premises adequate to satisfy the rent in arrears except such property as is by this act exempt from levy and sale on distress for rent

In case of the expiration of a term or of a forfeiture for breach of the conditions of the lease where the lease is for any term of less than one year or for an indeterminate time the notice shall specify that the tenant shall remove within thirty days from the date of service thereof and when the lease is for one year or more then within three months from the date of service thereof In case of failure of the tenant upon demand to satisfy any rent reserved and due the notice if given on or after April first and before September first shall specify that the tenant shall remove within fifteen days from the date of the service thereof and if given on or after September first and before April first then within thirty days from the date of the service thereof

The notice above provided for may be for a lesser time or may be waived by the tenant if the lease so provides

The notice provided for in this section may be served personally on the tenant or by leaving thet same at the principal building upon the premises or by posting the same conspicuously on the leased premises

Section 502 Complaint If the tenant shall fail to remove from the real property in compliance with such notice the landlord or his agent may complain in writing under oath or affirmation to any justice of the peace in the county in which the real property is situated

The landlord's complaint shall set forth with particulars dates and amount (1) that he was quietly and peaceably possessed of the real property from which the tenant was notified to remove (2) that he demised the same for a specified or indeterminate term to the tenant or to some other person under whom the tenant claims of the lease (4) that the term for which the same was (3) that due notice to remove has been given to the tenant or that no notice was required under the terms demised is fully ended or that a forfeiture has resulted by reason of a breach of the conditions of the lease or that any rent reserved and due has upon demand remained unsatisfied as the case may be (5) that the tenant retains the real property and refuses to give up possession of the same and (6) the amount of rent if any which remains due

and unpaid and the amount of damages claimed for unjust detention of the real property if any

Section 503 Summons and Service Upon the filing of the complaint the justice of the peace shall issue his summons reciting substantially the complaint and directed to any constable or the sheriff of the county commanding him to summon the tenant to appear before such justice of the peace to answer said complaint on a day not less than five nor more than eight days from the date of the summons and at a time fixed therein

Such summons may be served personally on the tenant or by mailing the same to the tenant or by posting the same conspicuously on the leased premises

Section 504 Hearing Judgment Writ of Possession Payment of Rent by Tenant On the day and at the time appointed or on any day to which the case may be adjourned the justice of the peace shall proceed to hear the case If it shall appear that the complaint has been sufficiently proven the justice of the peace shall enter judgment against the tenant that the real property be delivered up to the landlord and for damages if any for the unjust detention of the demised premises as well as for the amount of rent if any which remains due and unpaid and for costs of the proceeding

At the request of the landlord he shall after the fifth day after the rendition of such a judgment issue a writ of possession directed to the constable or sheriff commanding him forthwith to deliver actual possession of the real property to the landlord and also to levy the costs and amount of judgment for damages and rent if any on the tenant in the same manner as judgments and costs are levied and collected on writs of execution

If however it shall appear that the said complaint is vexatious and unfounded then the justice of the peace shall dismiss the case and assess the costs against the landlord

At any time before any writ of possession is actually executed the tenant may in any case for the recovery of possession solely because of failure to pay rent supersede and render the writ of no effect by paying to the constable or sheriff the rent actually in arrears and the costs

Section 505 Return of Constable or Sheriff The constable or sheriff shall make return of said writ of possession to the justice of the peace within ten days after receiving the same He shall be answerable in default of executing said writ according to its terms and for failure to pay over the amount received by him in satisfaction of the judgment or the rent and costs paid to him by the tenant in the same manner as such officers are now by law answerable on other writs of execution

Section 506 Appeal Certiorari Within five days after the rendition of judgment either party may appeal to the next court of common pleas upon filing in that court a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned for the payment of all costs and rent that have accrued or may accrue up to the time of final judgment and for damages assessed if any in case the judgment shall be affirmed Any such appeal shall be tried in the same manner as other suits are tried Such appeal shall not be a supersedeas to the writ of possession in any case except upon special allowance of the court to which the appeal is taken

If upon the appeal the jury shall find in favor of the tenant they shall also assess any damages which he may have sustained by reason of his removal from the premises costs and that the tenant shall retain or recover posand judgment shall be entered for such damages and session of the demised real estate as the case may be The tenant shall have the necessary writ or writs of execution to enforce said judgment

A writ of certiorari to remove the proceedings before the justice of the peace may be had as in other cases and the court of common pleas shall review the same de novo

Section 507 Proceeding Where Title to Real Property Is in Dispute If in any such proceeding by a landlord to repossess real property the tenant shall declare in writing on oath or affirmation that the title to the real property is disputed and claimed by some other person named by the tenant by virtue of a right or title accruing since the commencement of the lease by descent from or deed or will of the landlord and if the person so named and claiming does not forthwith appear voluntarily then the justice of the peace shall immediately issue asummons reutrnable in six days commanding such person to appear before him

If the person so summoned fails to appear the justice of the peace shall proceed to give judgment as though no such dispute or claim had been made

If the person so summoned shall declare in writing on oath or affirmation that he verily believes that he is entitled to the real property in dispute and shall give bond as hereinafter provided then the justice of the peace upon notice of the filing of such bond shall not enter judgment

Any such bond shall be filed in the court of common pleas of the county shall be in such sum as the court shall fix shall have thereon one or more sufficient sureties and shall be conditioned that the person claiming title to such real property shall prosecute his claim by ejectment at the next term of the court of common pleas If said claim is not so prosecuted the bond shall be forfeited to the landlord and the justice of the peace shall proceed to give judgment and cause the judgment to be executed as hereinbefore provided

Section 508 Proceedings Where Tenant Claims Title as Joint Tenant or Tenant in Common If in any such proceeding by a landlord to repossess real property the tenant or person in possession shall declare in writing on oath or affirmation that the real property in dispute is held and claimed by him as joint tenant or tenant in common with the landlord and that he verily believes that the real property so held does not exceed in quantity or value the just proportion of the tenant's share as joint tenant in common and shall file a bond in the court of common pleas with one or more sufficient sureties in such sum as the court shall fix conditioned to prosecute his claim by ejectment at the next term of court of common pleas then the said justice of the peace upon notice of the filing of such bond shall not enter judgment If the said claim is not so prosecuted the bond shall be forfeited to the landlord and the justice of the peace shall proceed to give judgment and cause the judgment to be executed as hereinbefore provided

Section 509 Return Where Tenant Retains Forcible Possession Notice to Tenant that Alias Writ Will be Issued Required Use of Force and Service Thereof In any case brought by a landlord before a justice of the peace for the recovery of the possession of real property if there is no supersedeas to the writ of possession and the tenant or occupant forcibly detains the real property against the officer serving the writ of possession the constable or sheriff shall make return of the writ as follows "Unserved because the tenant or occupant forcibly details possession of the real property"

Whereupon after the expiration of ten days from the rendition of judgment by the justice of the peace as in this article provided and the issuing of the writ of possession to the officer such officer shall notify in writing the tenant or occupant that an alias writ of possession will be issued setting forth his duty to use such force as may be necessary by the breaking in of any door or otherwise to enter upon the real property for the purpose of executing a writ of possession in accordance with the judgment obtained

Any such notice may be served personally on the tenant or occupant or by leaving same at the principal building upon the premises or by posting the same conspicuously on the leased premises

Section 510 Alias Writ of Possession Forcible Ejection of Tenant or Occupant If the tenant or occupant fails to deliver up possession of the real property within ten days after the service of the notice as provided in the last preceding section the justice of the peace shall issue an alias writ of possession and the officer shall thereupon use such force as may be necessary by the breaking in of any door or otherwise to enter upon the real property and to eject the tenant or occupant and shall deliver

possession of the real property to the landlord or his agent

Section 511 Remedy to Recover Possession by Ejectment Preserved Nothing contained in this article shall be construed as abolishing the right of any landlord to recover possession of any real property from a tenant by action of ejectment or from instituting any amicable action of ejectment to recover possession of any real property by confessing judgment in accordance with the terms of any written contract or agreement

ARTICLE VI

Repeals

Section 601 Specific Repeals The following acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed as respectively indicated

Sections 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 13 and 14 of the act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two (1 Smith Laws 370) entitled "An act for the sale of goods distrained for rent and to secure such goods to the persons distraining the same for the better security of rents and for other purposes therein mentioned" absolutely

Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two (1 Smith Laws 389) entitled "An act for prevention of frauds and perjuries" in so far as it applies to leases

Section 20 of the act approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 208) entitled "An act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled 'An act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of con constables and for other purposes" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen (P. L. 179) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the sale of goods distrained for rent and to secure such goods to the persons distraining the same for the better security of rents and for other purposes therein mentioned'" absolutely

Sections 1 and 2 of the act approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 187) entitled "An act relative to landlord and tenant" absolutely

Sections 119 and 120 of the act approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six (P. L. 755) entitled "An act relating to executions" absolutely

Section 6 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (P. L. 524) entitled "A supplement to an act relative to the venders of mineral waters and an act relative to the Washington coal company to sheriffs' sales of real estate to the substitution of executors and trustees when plaintiffs to partition in the courts of common pleas and for other purposes" absolutely

Sections 1 and 2 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (P. L. 533) entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

Section 8 of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five (P. L. 368) entitled "An act to amend certain defects of the law for the more just and safe transmission and secure enjoyment of real and personal estate" absolutely

The act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven (P. L. 170) entitled "A supplement to the act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on executions and distress for rent approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine (P. L. 425) entitled "An act relative to the exception of three hundred dollars and to the widows and children of decedents" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (P. L. 181) entitled "A supplement to an act passed the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty relating to landlords and tenants" absolutely

The act approved the fourteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three (1864 P. L. 1125) entitled "An act relative to landlords and tenants" absolutely

The act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (P. L. 97) entitled "Supplement to an act relating to landlords and tenants" absolutely

The act approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven (P. L. 30 No. 10) entitled "A supplement to an act relative to landlords and tenants approved December fourteen one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three extending the provisions thereof to cases of descent and purchase" absolutely

The act approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight (P. L. 57 No. 25) entitled "An act relative to mortgages of lease hold estates" obsolutely

The act approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (P. L. 69, No. 44) entitled "An act to exempt sewing machines belonging to seamstresses in this Commonwealth from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy (P. L. 35, No. 13) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to exempt sewing machines belonging to seamstresses in this Commonwealth from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent'" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (P. L. 22, No. 9) entitled "An act in relation to landlord and tenant proceedings under the act of December fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three" absolutely

The act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six (P. L. 160) entitled "A supplement to an act to amend certain defects of law for the more just and safe transmission and secure enjoyment or real and person estate approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anna Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five declaring how mortgages and leases provided for in the eighth section of said act shall be recorded" absolutely

The act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six (P. L. 171, No. 134) entitled "An act to exempt pianos melodeons and organs leased or hired from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (P. L. 282) entitled "An act to exempt sewing machines and type writing machines leased or hired from levy on sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine (P. L. 117, No. 94) entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to exempt pianos melodeons and organs leased or hired from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent' approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and five (P. L. 87) entitled "An act to provide for notice in the recovery of possession of premises by a landlord in all cases where the tenant holds for a term less than one year either by license or lease for an indeterminate time" absolutely

The act approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (P. L. 135) entitled "An act for the better enforcement of the service of writs of possession in landlord and tenant cases where the premises are forcibly detained by the occupant" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine (P. L. 197) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same' approved May second one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (P. L. 66) providing for the collection of rent by escheators in all cases where lands or tenements have escheated or may hereafter escheat to the Commonwealth" absolutely

The act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (P. L. 407) entitled "An act to exemept electric motors electric fans or dynamos leased or hired from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (P. L. 423) entitled "An act exempting soda-water apparatus and appurtenances thereto leased hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thriteen (P. L. 238) entitled "An act relating to the services of notices and summons in landlord and tenant cases" absolutely

The act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 351) entitled "An act exempting ice cream cabinets ince cream containers and the appurtenances thereto leased loaned hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 1417) entitled "An act exempting household furniture and household goods leased hired or conditionally sold from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent under certain conditions" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 1419, No. 304) entitled "An act exempting shoe repairing machinery and tools and the appurtenances thereto leased loaned hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred and forty-three (P. L. 643) entitled "An act exempting beauty and barber shop furniture mechanical appliances and equipment leased hired or conditionally sold from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent under certain conditions" in so far as it applies to distress for rent

The act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 1355) entitled "An act exempting cigarette vending machines leased loaned hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent" in so far as it applies to distress for rent.

Section 602 General Repeal All other acts and parts of acts general local and special inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed It is intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system in itself

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority requqired by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 148, as follows:

An Act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth

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Section 609 Tramps
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Section 611 Shooting on Grounds of Hospitals Parks etc
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Section 613 Sale or Lease of Weapons and Explosives to Minors
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Section 626 Employment and Use of Minors
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Section 638 Railroad Employe Abandoning Train
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Section 702 Voluntary and Involuntary Manslaughter
Section 703 Robbery
Section 704 Aggravated Robbery
Section 705 Larceny from Depositories by Force Threats or Menace
Section 706 Stopping a Common Carrier to Commit a Felony
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Section 710 Pointing Deadly Weapons
Section 711 Abortion
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Section 1102 Civil Rights and Remedies Preserved ..
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Article XII Acts of Assembly Repealed

Section 1201 Repeals .....

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Article I

Preliminary Provisions

Section 101 Short Title

This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Crimes Act"

Section 102 Effective Date

This act shall become effective on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifty-two

Section 103 Felonies and Misdemeanors

All crimes which are punishable by imprisonment of more than three (3) years are felonies all other crimes are misdemeanors

Section 104 Definitions

When used in this act the following words and phrases shall be construed as defined in this section except where a different intent is plainly set forth in the provisions to be construed or the context clearly indicates otherwise

"Another' is coextensive with "person"

"Appointed officer" is any officer selected in any way other than by the voters of the Commonwealth or of any of its political subdivisions

"Armed forces of the United States" includes the United States Army Navy Marine Corps Air Force and Coast Guard and all the components thereof

"Assignation" shall mean the making of an appointment or engagement for prostitution or any act in the furtherance of such appointment or engagement

"Association" is any combination of persons acting together as an organization

"Banking institution" includes any national state or private bank bank and trust company trust company saving fund society federal savings and loan association and any building and loan association

"Crime" is any act or omission which is indicatable or which may be proceeded against by information except summary offenses

"Elected officer" is any officer selected by the voters of the Commonwealth or of any of its political subdivisions

"Horse" includes any member of the Equidae faimly

"Machine gun" is any firearm which fires two or more pellets successively by a single application of the trigger or other firing device

"Magistrate" includes justice of the peace alderman and any other officer having by law the powers of a committing magistrate

"Mental hospital" includes any state semi-state or licensed hospital institution school or place public or private for the care of mental patients

"Night time" is the period between sunset and sunrise

"Offense" is any act or ommission which is indicatable or which may be proceeded against by information or by summary proceeding

"Peace officer" includes sheriff deputy sheriff constable member of the Pennsylvania State Police or other police officer invested with authority to arrest

"Person" includes any idividual association corporation partnership society union political entity or any subdivision thereof and any entity which is recognized by law When the word "person" is used in connection with other words enumerating specific forms of persons included within this definition such enumeration shall not be construed to diminish the meaning of the word "person" as herein defined unless such diminution is expressly declared to be intended thereby

"Property" includes real and personal property all written and printed instruments which are evidences of debts or contracts ro personal property or will create rights and privileges or things growing upon or attached to and included within real property and anything of value to a "person"

"Prostitution" is the offering or using of the body for sexual intercourse for hire

"Public conveyance" is any vehicle which is principally used to transport the public or the public's property from place to place

"Transportation company" is a person engaged in the business of transporting persons or property from place to place

"Vehicle" includes any article which is or may be used for the transportation or movement of persons or property on land water or in the air

Section 105 Offenses Committed Prior to Effective Date

The provisions of this act shall not apply to offenses committed before the effective date hereof but such offenses shall be prosecuted and the prosecutions concluded under the provisions of law in force at the time the offense

was committed For such purposes the laws repealed by this act shall remain in effect

Section 106 Interpretation

Each lettered paragraph in a section shall be considered as disjunctive

Article II

Offenses Against Government

Section 201 Treason

Whoever owing allegiance to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania levies war against the same or against the United States or adheres to the enemies of either giving them aid or comfort within the Commonwealth or elsewhere upon conviction thereof on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act of the treason whereof he stands indicted or upon a plea of guilty shall be imprisoned for a term of years not exceeding the life of the offender or fined not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or both

Section 202 Misprison of Treason

Whoever has knowledge of any treason punishable by the laws of this Commonwealth and conceals or does not disclose and make known the same as soon as possible to the Governor or Attorney General of the Commonwealth or to the district attorney or a judge of the county in which said person lives shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 203 Levying War and Assisting Enemies of the Commonwealth or the United States

Whoever owing allegiance to or residing in this Commonwealth and under the protection of its laws takes a commission from any enemy of the Commonwealth or of the United States or aids or assists any enemy in open war against this Commonwealth or the United States in any manner or who carries on traitorous correspondence with an enemy of the Commonwealth or of the United States or is in anywise concerned in forming any combination for betraying this Commonwealth or the United States into the hands or power of any enemy or knowingly furnishes any intelligence to the enemies of this Commonwealth or the United States or does any act with the intent to oppose or subvert the government of this Commonwealth or the United States in recruiting and maintaining armed troops in times of war shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

This section does not prohibit the taking or receiving of civil commissions for the acknowledgment of deeds and other instruments in writing

Section 204 Privateering Against the United States

Whoever in any manner furnishes alters fits out or constructs any vehicle for the purpose of privateering or making war against the United States or to resist by force or otherwise the execution of the laws of the United States shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 205 Serving on Vehicle Carrying Contraband of War

Whoever within this Commonwealth or while owing allegiance to this Commonwealth serves within or without this Commonwealth in any capacity on any vehicle carrying any contraband of war designed for conveyance to or delivery at any place within any state or country with which the United States is at war with knowledge of such unlawful traffic shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 206 Enlisting Troops for Any Other State or Country

Whoever recruits or enlists any person to serve in the armed forces of any state or country other than this Commonwealth or the United States or in any way procures any person to leave this Commonwealth for the purpose of enlisting in the armed forces of any state or country other than this Commonwealth or the United States shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or both

Section 207 Sedition

Whoever with intent to accomplish political reform or change in or the overthrow of the government of this Commonwealth

(a) Engages or attempts to engage in violence or any form of terrorism

(b) Damages or destroys or attempts to damage or destroy any public property or the property of any public official because the owner or occupant is in an official position

(c) Injures or attempts to injure any officer of this Commonwealth because of his official position

(d) Commits any overt act with the view of bringing the government of this Commonwealth into hatred or contempt

(e) Advocates or teaches in any manner whatever the duty necessity or propriety of engaging in violence or any form of terrorism as a means of accomplishing political reform or change in or the overthrow of the government of this Commonwealth

(f) Sells gives away or distributes or prints any publication document or written matter in any form which advocates or teaches such acts as a means of accomplishing political reform or change in or the overthrow of the government of this Commonwealth

(g) Organizes or helps to organize any assembly society or group which has as one of its policies or purposes the use or advocacy of violence or any form of terrorism as a means of bringing about the political reform or change in or the overthrow of the government of this Commonwealth or with knowledge that any such assembly society or group has as one of its policies or purposes the use or advocacy of violence or any form of terrorism as a means of bringing about the political reform or change in or the overthrow of the government of this Commonwealth becomes or remains a member thereof

shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Setcion 208 Display of Flag at Public Meetings

Whoever being directly or indirectly in charge of any public gathering in any place fails at such gathering to display publicly and visibly the flag of the United States reasonably clean and in good repair shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

This section does not apply to gatherings for religious worship

The provisions of this section do not prohibit the exhibition of torn soiled or worn flags of the United States which have historical significance when exhibited in conjunction with the type of flag herein required

Section 209 Red Flag in Public Processions or Public Gatherings

Whoever carries or displays a red flag in or in connection with any public procession or public gathering shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 210 Insults to National or State Flag

Whoever maliciously takes down defiles injures removes or in any manner damages insults or destroys any American flag or the flag of this Commonwealth which is displayed anywhere shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 211 Desecration of Flag

Whoever in any manner

(a) For exhibition or display places any marks writing or design of any nature or any advertisement upon any flag

(b) Exposes to public view any such marked or defiled flag

(c) Manufactures sells exposes for sale gives away or has in his possession for any of such purposes any article

which uses the flag for the purposes of advertisement sale or trade

(d) Publicly or privately mutilates defaces defiles or tramples upon or casts contempt in any manner upon any flag

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or both

The word "flag" as used in this section shall include any flag standard color ensign or any picture or representation of any thereof made of any substance or represented on any substance and of any size purporting to be a flag standard color or ensign of the United States or of this Commonwealth or a picture or a representative of any thereof upon which shall be shown the colors or any color or any combination of colors or either the stars or the stripes or the stars and the stripes in any number of either thereof or anything which the person seeing the same may reasonably believe the same to represent the flag colors standard or ensign of the United States or of this Commonwealth

This section does not apply to any act permitted by the statutes of the United States or by the regulations of the armed forces of the United States nor in a acse where the government of the United States has granted the use of such flag standard color or ensign as a trade mark nor does it apply to any writing or instrument or stationery for use in correspondence on any of which shall be printed painted or placed said flag disconnected from any advertisement for the purpose of sale or trade nor does it apply to any patriotic or political demonstration or decorations

Section 212 Discrimination on Account of Uniform

Whoever being the proprietor manager or employe of a theatre hotel restaurant or other place of public entertainment or amusement discriminates against any person wearing the uniform of the armed forces of the United States because of that uniform shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or both

Section 213 Refusal to Obey Legislative Subpoena

Whoever wilfully neglects or refuses to appear and testify before any commitee or either branch of the General Assembly or before any joint committee thereof after being duly served with a subpoena to so appear or is in contempt by reason of any such neglect or refusal so to appear and testify or either shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Article III

Offenses Against Public Justice and Administration

Section 301 Procuring Unlawful Arrest or Prosecution

Whoever with knowledge that the charge is false procures another to be complained of arrested or indicted for a crime shall be subject to the same term of imprisonment but not exceeding five (5) years or to the same fine but not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both as prescribed for the crime of which such other person is falsely charged

Section 302 Bribery and Extortion

Whoever

(a) By threat intimidation or promise or by the gift or offer of any property influences or endeavors to influence any public officer or employe of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof or any juror referee or arbitrator in any matter or thing whatesoever relating to the duties imposed upon him

(b) Being a public officer or employe of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof or any juror referee or arbitrator receives or agrees to receive demands or solicits any promise or property other than the compensation allowed by law by color of his office or for the performance or nonperformance of any duty imposed upon him

(c) Solicits demands or receives any promise or property for the purpose or under the pretext of corruptly influencing the official action of any public officer or employe of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof

(d) Violates section 29 or 30 of Article III of the Constitution of this Commonwealth

shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 303 Corrupt Solicitation

Whoever

(a) Directly or indirectly by offer or promise of money office appointment employment testimonial or other thing of value or by therats or intimidation endeavors to influence any member of the General Assembly State county election municipal or other public officer in the discharge performance or nonperformance of any act duty or obligation pertaining to such office

(b) Follows the occupation or practice of soliciting members of either House of the General Assembly or public officers of the State or of any political subdivision thereof to corruptly influence their official action

shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 304 Barratry

Whoever vexes others with unjust and vexations suits shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 305 Compounding Felonies

Whoever compounds a felony shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Whoever with intent to influence corruptly any juror arbitrator referee auditor or master selected or appointed according to law with respect to the discharge of his duty either before or after he is selected summoned appointed or sworn endeavors in any manner to bias his mind or judgment shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 307 Prison Breach

Whoever

(a) Being in lawful custody or lawfully detained in any place for any reason other than a commitment following a plea or verdict of guilty in a criminal action or a judgment of conviction by a criminal court breaks such place of detention although no escape is actually made or who escapes from such place of detention or custody shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

(b) Being in lawful custody or imprisoned in any prison or jail upon commitment following a plea or verdict of guilty in a criminal action or upon summary conviction or a judgment of conviction by a criminal court breaks prison although no escape is actually made or who escapes from such jail or prison or custody shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years and the sentencing judge may designate in which institution the unserved portion of sentence and the additional sentence shall be served

Section 308 Furnishing Contraband Articles to Inmates

Whoever without the permission of the person in charge of such institution furnishes to any person confined in any official place of detention or in any mental hospital or either directly or indirectly disposes of in such a manner or in any place any weapon or implement readily adaptable as a weapon or any intoxicating liquids or any drug medicine or poison except the ordinary hospital supply of the place of detention or mental hospital with the intent that it be secured by any person confined in the official place of detention or mental hospital shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 309 Taking Articles Into or Out of Institutions

Whoever in violation of the rules of any official place of detention or mental hospital brings anything into or takes anything out of such institution shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 310 Voluntary Escape

Whoever having lawful custody of any person convicted or accused of crime voluntarily permits or suffers such person to escape shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 311 Negligent Escape

Whoever having lawful custody of any person convicted or accused of crime through gross negligence permits or suffers such person to escape shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000)or both

Section 312 Failure to Arrest

Whoever being required by lawful process directed to him to apprehend or confine any person wilfully and without reasonable cause refuses or omits to execute such process shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 313 Obstructing an Officer

Whoever

(a) By means of threat menace or evidence deters or prevents any officer agent or employe of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof knowing him to be such from performing any duty imposed by law upon such officer agent or employe shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

(b) Atfer having been required by any officer agent or employe of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof knowing him to be such officer agent or employe negelects or refuses without reasonable cause to assist such officer agent or employe in the performance of his duty in any criminal case or in the preservation of the peace or in apprehending or securing any person for a breach of the peace shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 314 Aiding Escape from Institution

Whoever in any manner knowingly aids or assists any person confined in any official place of detention or any mental hospital or any institution where persons are lawfully restrained of their liberty to make or attempt to make an escape therefrom shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 315 Aiding Escape from Custody

Whoever in any manner knowingly aids or assists any person to escape from the custody of any person having lawful custody of such person shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 316 Impersonating an Officer

Whoever knowing himself not to be such falsely assumes to act as or falsely represents himself to be an elective or appointive officer or peace officer of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 317 Impersonating Persons and Officers Privately Employed

Whoever without authority pretends to be or holds himself out to anyone as an employe of any person for the purpose of gaining access to any premises shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 318 Perjury and False Swearing

Whoever

(a) Upon oath or affirmation legally administered wilfully and corruptly gives false testimony or wilfully and corruptly makes false written statements upon matters material to any issue in any lawfully constituted judicial or legislative proceeding before any person tribunal committee or body empowered by law or appointment of any court to receive or require oral testimony or written statement under oath or affirmation or in the taking of an oath or affirmation required by any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or wilfully and corruptly procures or suborns another to do the same shall be imprisoned not exceeding seven (1) years or fined not exceeding seven thousand dollars ($7000) or both and upon conviction thereof shall except as otherwise provided by law be disqualified thereafter from being a witness

(b) Under circumstances other than as provided in clause (a) herein upon oath or affirmation legally administered and authorized or required by law wilfully and corruptly makes false statements shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 319 Hindering Witnesses

Whoever knoginly dissuades hinders or prevents any witness from obeying the mandate of any lawful subpoena lawfully served shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 320 Absconding Witness

Whoever having been lawfully subpoenaed to testify before any person tribunal committee or body wilfully and wrongfully refuses to appear and testify or wilfully conceals himself or departs from this Commonwealth or the jurisdiction of such person tribunal committee or body to avoid appearing and testifying shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars $1000) or both

This section shall not apply to subpoenas issued by a tribunal having the power to punish for contempt

Article IV

Offenses Against the Public Peace

Section 401 Unlawful Assembly and Affray

Whoever participates in any unlawful assembly rout riot or affray shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 402 Resistance to Authority

Whoever participates in any unlawful assembly rout riot or affray the purpose of which is directly to resist the immediate enforcement of the laws of the United States or of this Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 403 Forcible Entry or Expulsion

Whoever by force threats or menacing conduct unlawfully enters upon or into any lands or buildings or after entering peaceably turns out by force or by threats or by menacing conduct the person in possession shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 404 Forcible Detainer

Whoever by force threats or menacing conduct unlawfully holds and keeps possession of any lands or buildings or any part thereof whether the possession was obtained peaceably or otherwise shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both and shall make restitution of the lands and tenements unlawfully detained

No person shall be adjudged guilty of this crime if such person by himself or by those under whom he claims has been in peaceable possession for three (3) years next preceding such alleged forcible detention

Section 405 Disturbing Public Assemblies

Whoever without lawful authority wilfully disturbs any assembly parade or procession shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 406 Disorderly Conduct

Whoever wilfully disturbs the public peace shall upon

conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding twenty dollars ($20) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) days

Where such disturbance of the peace occurs in a public conveyance the person in charge thereof may arrest on view any person so disturbing the peace and shall deliver such person into the custody of a peace officer for a hearing

Section 407 Duelling

Whoever engages in a duel with any deadly weapon or in any manner challenges another to fight such duel shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 408 Libel

Whoever writes prints publishes or exhibits any malicious or defamatory libel tending either to blacken the memory of any person who is dead or the reputation of any person who is alive thereby exposing such person to public hatred or ridicule shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both No person shall be indicted for the same libel in more than one county

Section 409 Furnishing False or Libelous Statements

Whoever maliciously states delivers or transmits by any means whatever to the manager editor publisher reporter or agent of any newspaper magazine publication periodical or to the writer or author of any editorial or article for publication therein any false or libelous statement shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 410 Furnishing False or Libelous Matter for Broadcasting

Whoever maliciously states delivers or transmits by any means whatever to the owner agent or employe of a radio television or facsimile broadcast station or studio or to any person intending the same for broadcasting any false or libelous statement view scene or matter shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 411 Anonymous Communications

Whoever sends to another any written or printed communication or matter which fails to disclose his identity and which is either defamatory scurrilous approbrious or threatening shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 412 Unsponsored Statements Relating to Candidates

Whoever publishes any printed or written matter designed or tending to injure or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to public office by reflecting upon his personal character or political actions unless such matter is published in a newspaper avowedly responsible therefor or unless there appears upon such matter in a conspicuous place the names of at least two officers of the political or other organization issuing or sponsoring such matter or the name of a duly registered elector with the description of his election district as responsible therefor shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 413 Carrying Deadly Weapons

Whoever carries any deadly weapon on his person or in a vehicle with the intent to commit an assault on any other person shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

The jury trying the case may infer such intent where they find from the evidence that the defendant carried such weapon concealed on his person

Section 414 Carrying Explosives and Noxious Substances

Whoever carries on his person or in a vehicle any explosive substance or any noxious gas or corrosive substance with the intent to use the same unlawfully against the person or property of another shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 415 Loitering and Prowling at Night Time

Whoever at night time maliciously loiters or maliciously prowls around a dwelling house or any other place used wholly or in part for living or dwelling purposes belonging to or occupied by another shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Article V

Offenses Against Public Morals and Decency

Section 501 Sodomy

Whoever carnally knows in any manner any animal or bird or carnally knows any male or female person by the anus or by or with the mouth or whoever voluntarily submits to such carnal knowledge shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Any sexual penetration however slight shall be sufficient to complete the offense of sodomy

Section 502 Bigamy

Whoever having a husband or wife living marries another person whether they cohabit thereafter as man and wife or not shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Such marriages shall be void and the clerk of the court in which such conviction shall be had shall certify the same to the Bureau of Vital Statistics

The above section does not apply to a person whose lawful husband or wife has been absent for five (5) years successively then last passed without being known to him or her within that time to be living and believed by him or her to be dead

Section 503 Single Person Marrying Spouse of Another

Whoever being unmarried marries a married person knowing such person to be married whether they cohabit thereafter as man and wife or not shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Such marriage shall be void and the clerk of the court in which such conviction shall be had shall certify the same to the Bureau of Vital Statistics

Section 504 Adultery

Whoever being married has carnal knowledge of a person of the opposite sex not his lawful spouse shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 505 Fornication

Whoever being unmarried has carnal knowledge of a person of the opposite sex shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100)

Section 506 Incest

Whoever knowingly has carnal knowledge of or marries another with the degrees of consanguinity as defined in the following table shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars $5000) or both

Degrees of Consanguinity

(a) A man and his mother his father's sister his mother's sister his sister his daughter and the daughter of his son or daughter

(b) A woman and her father her father's brother her mother's brother her brother her son and the son of her son or daughter

Section 507 Seduction

Whoever by promise of marriage or by a fraudulent representation that he is married to her seduces any unmarried female of good repute and under the age of twenty-one shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

The promise of marriage shall not be deemed established unless the testimony of the female seduced is corroborated

The subsequent marriage of the parties shall be a bar to a prosecution for a violation of this section

Section 508 Prostitution and Assignation

Whoever commits prostitution or uses any premises or vehicle for such purposes or knowingly permits any premises or vehicle owned by him or under his control to be used for prostitution or assignation or directs takes transports or offers or agrees to direct take or transport any person to any premises or vehicle knowing that the purpose of such directing taking or transporting is prostitution or assignation shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

In the trial of any person charged with the violation of any of the provisions of this section testimony concerning the reputation of the defendant the premises or vehicle and of the person or persons who reside in or frequent the same shall be admissible

Section 509 Prostitution of Female Child

Whoever takes any female under the age of eighteen (18) years from the custody of her parent or other person charged with her care for the purpose of prostitution shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars $10,000) or both

Section 510 Permitting Female Child in Places of Vice

Whoever being a parent or other person charged with the care of any female under the age of eighteen (18) years knowingly permits such female to be or remain in any place of prostitution or assignation or in any place wherein narcotics or other drugs are used unlawfully shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

No person shall be incompetent as a witness or his testimony rendered inadmissible by reason of marriage to any person prosecuted under this section

Section 511 Forcing Wife in House of Prostitution

Whoever by force fraud intimidation or threat places his wife or procures any other person to place such wife in a place of prostitution shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

No person shall be incompetent as a witness or his testimony rendered inadmissible by reason of marriage to any person prosecuted under this section

Section 512 Inducing and Fostering Prostitution

Whoever

(a) Solicits procures or induces or receives any consideration for attempting to procure or induce by any means whatsoever any female to become a prostitute within this Commonwealth or to enter or to leave this Commonwealth for such purpose

(b) For no consideration receives levies or appropriates any of the earnings of any prostitute or the proprietor of any house of prostitution

(c) Knowingly detains or attempts to detain any female in any house of prostitution because of a debt she has contracted or is said to have contracted while living in such house

(d) Knowingly for personal gain transports by any vehicle into through or across this Commonwealth any female for the purpose of prostitution

shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 513 Forced Marriage

Whoever by force or threats of bodily injury compels a person to marry shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 514 Disorderly House

Whoever keeps and maintains a disorderly house to the common nuisance or disturbance of the neighborhood or orderly citizens shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 515 Loitering in Disorderly or Bawdy House

Whoever having no trade or occupation stays frequents or loiters in any house of prostitution or assignation or disorderly house shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 516 Indecent Assault

Whoever commits an indecent assault upon the person of any child of either sex under the age of sixteen (16) years shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 517 Contributing to Child's Delinquency

Whoever encourages causes or contributes to the delinquency of any child of either sex under the age of eighteen (18) years shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 518 Public Indecency

Whoever wilfully and publicly does any act of lewdness or indecency shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 519 Public Exhibition of Defective Person

Whoever publicly exhibits in any place for any consideration any deformed or mentally unsound person shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 520 Removal of Body from Tomb

Whoever wilfully and unlawfully opens any tomb grave or other place wherein human bodies are interred and removes any boy or remains therefrom shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 521 Blasphemy

Whoever wilfully and premeditately blasphemes God Jesus Christ the Holy Spirit or the Holy Scriptures shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 522 Obscenity

Whoever

(a) Uses or has control of any premises or equipment and knowingly permits another to use such premises or equipment for the production or reproduction of any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent matter

(b) Produces or reproduces any obscene lewd sacriligious or indecent matter

(c) Sells publishes advertises or distributes or possesses for sale publication advertisement or distribution any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent matter knowing the matter to be of such character

(d) Publishes or advertises information as to where any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent article matter show or other representation can be purchased obtained seen heard or otherwise had knowing it to be of such character

(e) Makes any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent writing drawing or other representation in any public place

(f) Gives or participates in or being the owner of any premises or having control thereof permits within such premises any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent theatrical performance motion picture pictorial or auditory representation

(g) In any manner exhibits any obscene lewd sacrilegious or indecent article or matter

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 523 Information Concerning Unlawful Medical Practices

Whoever prints publishes advertises sells distributes or possesses for sale or distribution any information concerning or uses or having control of any premises knowingly permits another to use such premises for the printing publication advertisement sale or distribution of information concerning

(a) Any drug nostrum medicine or instrument purporting to be for the use of females to prevent conception or to procure abortion

(b) Any treatment or cure for the diseases of the generative organs

(c) Any treatment or cure for diseases peculiar to females

(d) Any treatment or cure for venereal disease or sexual weakness or impotency

(e) Any treatment or cure for drug addiction or sexual malhabits

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

The above section shall not apply to the lawful practice of medicine or instructions or publications incidental thereto

Article VI

Offenses Against
Public Policy Economy and Health

Section 601 Lotteries etc

Whoever

(a) Sets up or maintains any lottery or numbers game

(b) Manufacturers or prints or sells exposes for sale or has in his possession with intent to sell any lottery or numbers ticket or share or any writing token or other device purporting or intending to entitle the holder or bearer or any other person to any prize to be drawn or obtained in any lottery or numbers game

(c) Publishes any advertisement of any lottery or numbers game

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

The purchaser of any such ticket or device shall not be liable to any prosecution or penalty arising out of this crime and shall in all respects be a competent witness to prove the offense

All lotteries or numbers games are hereby declared to be common nuisances Every transfer of property which shall be in pursuance of any lottery or numbers game is hereby declared to be invalid and void

Section 602 Gambling Devices Gambling etc

Whoever

(a) Willfully or knowingly makes assembles sets up maintains sells lends leases gives away or offers for sale loan lease or gift any punch board drawing card slot machine or any device to be used for gambling purposes except playing cards

(b) Allows persons to collect and assemble for the purpose of gambling at any place under his control

(c) Solicits or invites any person to visit any gambling place for the purpose of gambling

(d) Engages in gambling for a livelihood

(e) Is without any fixed residence and is in the habit or practice of gambling

(f) Being the owner tenant lessee or occupant of any premises knowingly permits or suffers the same or any part thereof to be used for the purpose of gambling

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 603 Pool-Selling and Book-Making

Whoever

(a) Engages in pool-selling or book-making

(b) Occupies any place for the purpose of receiving recording or registering bets or wages or of selling pools

(c) Receives records registers forwards or purports or pretends to forward to another any bet or wager upon the result of any political nomination appointment or election or upon any contest of any nature

(d) Becomes the custodian or depository for gain or reward of any property staked wagered or pledged or to be staked wagered or pledged upon any such result

(e) Being the owner lessee or occupant of any premises knowingly permits or suffers the same to be used or occupied for any of such purposes

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 604 Opium Joints etc

Whoever

(a) Sets up establishes maintains keeps or exhibits any apparatus device or instrument whereby any narcotics opiates or habit forming drugs may be used unlawfully in any manner by other persons

(b) Procures permits suffers or allows any person to be at a place under his control for the purpose of using unlawfully any narcotics opiates or habit forming drugs in any manner

(c) Solicits invites or prevails upon any person to visit any place kept for the purpose of using unlawfully any narcotics opiates or habit forming drugs

(d) Being the owner tenant lessee or occupant of any premises leases hires or rents the same or any part thereof to be used and occupied for the purpose of using unlawfully any narcotics opiates or habit forming drugs in any manner

shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 605 Using Drugs in Opium Joints

Whoever uses narcotics opiates or habit forming drugs in any place set up or established for the unlawful use thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 606 Public Nuisances

Whoever erects sets up establishes maintains keeps up or continues any public or common nuisance shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Where the nuisance is in existence at the time of the conviction and sentence the court in its discretion may direct either the defendant or the sheriff of the county at the expense of the defendant to abate the same

All obstructions to private roads laid out according to law shall be nuisances which would be nuisances in cases of obstructions to public roads or highways

Section 607 Excessive Sports etc

Whoever participates in any athletic contest or exhibition for more than twelve hours in any calendar day or promotes or manages any such contest or exhibition in which any contestant so participates shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 608 Bribery in Athletic Contests etc

Whoever

(a) Gives promises or offers or conspires to give promise or offer to anyone who participates or expects to participate in any professional or amateur game contest match race or sport or to any owner manager coach or trainer of or to any relative of or to any person having any direct indirect remote or possible connection with any team or individual or participant or prospective participant in any such professional or amateur game contest match race or sport any bribe present money or property whatsoever or any promise contract or agreement whatsoever with intent to influence him or them to lose or cause to be lost any game contest match race or sport or to limit his or their or any person's or any team's margin of victory in any game contest match race or sport or to fix or throw any game contest match race or sport

(b) Participates or expects to participate in any professional or amateur game contest match race or sport or any owner or manager or coach or tariner of or any relative of or any person having any direct indirect remote or possible connection with any team or individual or participant or prospective participant in any such professional or amateur game contest match race or sport and in any way solicits or receives or accepts or agrees to receive or accept or who conspires to reecive or accept any bribe present money or property whatsoever or any promise contract or agreement whatsoever with intent to lose or cause to be lost any game contest match race or sport or to limit his or their or any person's or any team's margin of victory in any game contest match race

or sport or to fix or throw any game contest match race or sport
shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 609 Tramps

Whoever goes about from place to place begging asking or subsisting upon charity and for the purpose of acquiring money or a living and who has no fixed place of residence or lawful occupation in the county or city in which he is arrested shall be deemed to be a tramp and shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

This section does not apply to any minor under the age of sixteen (16) years nor to any blind deaf or dumb person nor to any maimed or crippled person who is unable to perform manual labor

Section 610 Tramps Entering Buildings etc

Whoever being a tramp

(a) Enters any premises against the will or without the permission of the owner or occupant thereof

(b) Kindles any fire on the highway or on the premises of another without the owner's consent

(c) Is found carrying any firearm or other dangerous weapon with intent unlawfully to do injury to or intimidate any person such intent may be inferred where it is found from the evidence that the defendant is a tramp and is so armed

(d) Does or threatens to do any injury not amounting to a felony to any person or to the property of another
shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

This section does not apply to any minor under the age of sixteen (16) years nor to any blind deaf or dumb person nor to any maimed or crippled person who is unable to perform manual labor

Section 611 Shooting on Grounds of Hospitals Parks etc

Whoever discharges a firearm of any description except in defense of person or property or with the written consent of the owner or person controlling the same upon the fenced and posted grounds belonging to or connected with and controlled by those operating a public or private hospital or sanitarium or park or resort set apart to the use of the public and upon which human beings congregate shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25) for the first offense and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days For each subsequent offense the offender shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in dfault of payment thereof shall be imprisoned noe exceeding thirty (30) days Such lands shall be deemed fenced and posted if surrounded by a fence or single wire designating the boundaries thereof and posted with printed or painted notices not more than one hundred (100) yards apart along the line of the fence or wire stating the purpose for which the lands are set apart and that shooting on the lands is prohibited No privilege to hunt for game on such land shall be given by the owner or operator thereof to any person

Eevery peace officer and game protector shall arrest on view without warrant any person found violating any provision of this section

Section 612 Implements Discharging Pellets in Cities or Boroughs etc

Whoever without lawful excuse discharges within the limits of any city borough town or in the built-up portion of any township an implement wihch impels with force a pellet or pellets of any kind shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

This section shall not apply to the discharge of such implements upon properly constructed pistol or rifle ranges

Section 613 Sale or Lease of Weapons and Explosives to Minors

Whoever sells or exposes for sale or leases to any person under the age of sixteen (16) years any deadly weapon cartridge gun powder or other similar dangerous explosive substance shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both provided that the provisions of the section shall not be construed to prohibit hunting by minors under sixteen (16) years of age permitted under provisions of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 115) and its amendments

Section 614 Uniform Firearms Act

(a) Definitions as Used in This Section

"Forearm" means any pistol or revolver with a barrel less than twelve inches any shotgun with a barrel less than twenty-four inches or any rifle with a barrel less than fifteen inches

"Crime of violence" means any of the following crimes or an attempt to commit any of the same namely Murder rape aggravated assault and battery assault with intent to kill assault with intent to commit a crime robbery burglary felonious entry and kidnapping

(b) Crimes Committed with Firearms If any person shall commit or attempt to commit a crime of violence when armed with firearm contrary to the provisions of this section he may in addition to the punishment provided for the crime be punished also as provided by this section

(c) Former Convict Not to Own a Firearm etc No person who has been convicted in this Commonwealth or elsewhere of a crime of violence shall own a firearm or have one in his possession or under his control

(d) Firearms Not to be Carried Without a License Exceptions No person shall carry a firearm in any vehicle or concealed on or about his person except in his place of abode or fixed place of business without a license therefor as hereinafter provided

The provisions of subsection (d) shall not apply (I) to constables sheriffs prison or jail wardens or their deputies policemen of the Commonwealth or its political subdivisions or other law-enforcement officers (II) or to members of the armed forces of the United States or of the national guard or organized reserves when on duty (III) or to the regularly enrolled members of any organization duly authorized to purchase or receive such weapons from the United States or from this Commonwealth (IV) or to the members of any organization incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth engaged in target shooting with rike pistol or revolver provided such members are at or are going to or from their places of assembly or target practice (V) or to officers or employes of the United States duly authorized to carry a concealed firearm (VI) or to agents messengers and other employes of common carriers banks or business firms whose duties require them to protect moneys valuables and other property in the discharge of such duties (VII) or to any person engaged in the business of manufacturing repairing or dealing in firearms or the agent or representative of any such person having in his possession using or carrying a firearm in the usual or ordinary course of such business (VIII) or to any person while carrying a firearm unloaded and in a secure wrapper from the place of purchase to his home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his home or place of business or in moving from one place of abode or business to another (IX) or to perosns licensed to hunt or fish in this Commonwealth provided that such persons are actually hunting or fishing or going to the places where they desire to hunt or fish or returning from such places or to persons training dogs Provided That such persons are actually training dogs during the regular training season Provided however That before any such exemption shall be granted to any person licensed to hunt or fish or who desires to train dogs such person shall at the time of securing his hunting or fishing license or any time after any such license has issued register with the county treasurer the make of the firearm he desires to carry and the caliber and number theerof on a blank to be furnished by the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police The original registration shall be delivered to the person registering such firearm and a copy thereof shall be forwarded by the county treasurer to the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police The county treasurer shall be entitled to collect a fee of fif-

teen (15) cents for each such registration of a firearm The registration of a firearm as herein provided shall be good only for the year for which the hunting or fishing license in connection with which it is garnted is issued

Any such registration of a firearm may be revoked by the county treasurer issuing the same upon written notice to the holder thereof and any person aggrieved by the action of a county treasurer in revoking such registration may appeal from such action in the manner provided by subsection (j) of this section

(e) Police Heads in Cities and Sheriffs in Counties May Issue Licenses in Triplicate Fee Revocation The chief or head of any police force or police department of a city and elsewhere the sheriff of a county may upon the application of any person issue a license to such person to carry a firearm in a vehicle or concealed on or about his person within this Commonwealth for not more than one (1) year from date of issue if it appears that the applicant has good reason to fear an injury to his person or property or has any other proper reason for carrying a firearm and that he is a suitable person to be so licensed The license shall be in triplicate in form to be prescribed by the commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police and shall bear the name address description and signature of the licensee and the reason given for desiring a license The original thereof shall be delivered to the licensee the duplicate shall within seven days be sent by registered mail to the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police and the triplicate shall be preserved for six years by the authority issuing said license The fee for issuing such license shall be fifty (50) cents which fee shall be paid into the county treasury except that if the applicant exhibits a resident hunter's license issued to him for the current license year the fee shall not be charged

Any such license to carry firearms may be revoked by the perosn issuing the same at any time upon written notice to the holder thereof

(f) Persons to Whom Delivery Shall Not Be Made No person shall deliver a firearm to any person under the age of eighteen or to one he has reasonable cause to believe has been convicted of a crime of violence or is a drug addict an habitual drunkard or of unsound mind

(g) Time and Manner of Delivery Statement to be Signed by Purchaser Sales at Wholesale No seller shall deliver a firearm to the purchaser thereof until forty-eight (48) hours shall have lapsed from the time of the application for the purchase thereof and when delivered said firearm shall be securely wrapped and shall be unloaded At the time of applying for the purchase of a firearm the purchaser shall sign in triplicate and deliver to the seller a statement containing his full name address occupation color place of birth the date and hour of application the caliber length of barrel make model and manufacturer's number of the firearm to be purchased and a statement that he has never been convicted in this Commonwealth or elsewhere of a crime of violence The seller shall within six hours after such application sign and attach his address and forward by registered mail one copy of such statement to the chief or head of the police force or police department of the city or the sheriff of the county of which the seller is a resident the duplicate duly signed by the seller shall within seven (7) days be sent by him with his address to the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police the triplicate he shall retain for six (6) years This subsection shall not apply to sales at wholesale

(h) Retail Dealer Required to be Licensed No retail dealer shall sel or otherwise transfer or expose for sale or transfer or have in his possession with intent to sell or transfer any firearm without being licensed as hereinafter provided

(i) Issuance of Licenses Form to be Prescribed by the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police Conditions Display of Firearms Prohibited License Fee Revocation The chief or head of any police force or police department of a city and elsewhere the sheriff of the county shall grant to reputable applicants licenses in form prescribed by the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police effective for not more than one (1) year from date of issue permitting the licensee to sell firearms direct to the consumer subject to the following conditions in addition to those specified in subsection (g) hereof for breach of any of which the license shall be forfeited and the licensee subject to punishment as provided in this section

I The business shall be carried on only in the building designated in the license

II The license or a copy thereof certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed on the premises where it can easily be read

III No firearm shall be sold (a) in violation of any provision of this section nor (b) shall a firarm be sold under any circumstances unless the purchaser is perosnally known to the seller or shall present clear evidence of his identity

IV A true record in triplicate shall be made of every firearm sold in a book kept for the purpose the form of which may be prescribed by the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police and shall be personally signed by the purchaser and by the person effecting the sale each in the presence of the other and shall contain the date of sale the caliber make model and manufacturer's number of the firearm the name address occupation color and place of birth of the purchaser and a statement signed by the purchaser that he has never been convicted in this Commonwealth or elsewhere of a crime of violence

One copy shall within six (6) hours be sent by registered mail to the chief or head of the police force or police department of the city or the sheriff of the county of which the dealer is a resident the duplicate the dealer shall within seven (7) days send to the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police the triplicate the dealer shall retain for six (6) years

V No firearm or imitation thereof or placard advertising the sale thereof shall be displayed in any part of any premises where it can readily be seen from the outside The fee for issuing said license shall be ten dollars ($10) which fee shall be paid into the county treasury

VI Any license granted under this subsection may be revoked by the person issuing the same upon written notice to the holder thereof

(j) Petition to Court of Quarter Sessions for Reversal Any applicant aggrieved by the refusal of his application for a license to carry a firearm or for a dealer's license or any person or retail dealer whose license has been revoked may file within thirty (30) days thereafter in the court of quarter sessions of his county a petition against the official who refused his application as defendant alleging therein in brief detail the refusal complained of and praying for reversal therof Upon service of a copy of the petition upon the defendant returnable within ten (10) days from its date the defendant shall on or before the return day file an answer in which he may allege by wa yof defense the reason for his refusal and such other reasons as may in the meantime have been discovered Upon application of either party the cause shall be heard without delay The court may either sustain or reverse the action of the defendant If the defendant's action is reversed he shall forthwith issue the license upon payment of the fee A judgment sustaining a refusal to grant a license shall not bar after one (1) year a new application nor shall a judgment in favor of the petitioner prevent the defendant from thereafter revoking or refusing to renew such license for any proper cause which may therafter occur The court shall have full power to dispose of all costs

(k) Loans on or Lending or Giving Firearms Prohibited No person shall make any loan secured by mortgage deposit or pledge of a firearm nor shall any person lend or give a firearm to another or otherwise deliver a firearm contrary to the provisions of this section

(l) False Evidence of Identity No person shall in purchasing or otherwise securing delivery of a firearm or in applying for a license to carry the same give false information or offer false evidence of his identity

(m) Altering or Oblitering Marks of Identification No person shall change alter remove or obliterate the name

of the maker model manufacturer's number or other mark of identification on any firearm Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed altered removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed altered removed or obliterated the same

(n))) Antique Firearms This section shall not apply to antique firearms unsuitable for use and possessed as curiosities or ornanments

(o) Violation Penalty Whoever violates any of the provisions of this section shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

(p) Short Title This section may be cited as the "Uniform Firearms Law"

(q) Uniformity This section shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

Section 615 Traffic in Machine Guns

Whoever sells gives transfers purchases owns or has in his possession any machine gun shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit the manufacture for and sale or gift of machine guns to the armed forces of the United States or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to any police department of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof nor shall prohibit the purchase or possession of machine guns by such governments and departments nor shall prohibit any organization branch camp or post of veterans or any veteran in any war in which the United States was engaged from owning and possessing a machine gun as a relic providing the same has been rendered useless as a weapon and a permit for such ownership or possession has been obtained from the shmeriff of the county which permit is at all times attached to such machine gun Any sheriff upon application and the payment of a fee of one dollar ($1) to be paid into the count ytreasury may issue a permit for the ownership and possession of a machine gun by any veteran or any organization branch camp or post of veterans upon production to the sheriff of such evidence as he may require that such organization branch camp or post is a bona fide organization of veterans or that such veteran applicant is a veteran of good moral character and reputation and that the ownership and possession of such machine gun is actually desired as a relic and that the same has been rendered useless as a weapon The license shall be in triplicate in form t obe prescribed by the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police and shall bear the name address description and signature of the licensee and the reason given for desiring a license the orignal thereof shall be delivered to the licensee the duplicate shall within seven (7) days be sent by registered mail to the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police and the triplicate shall be preserved for six (6) years by authority issuing said license

Section 616 Commission of Crime when Armed with Machine Gun

Whoever commits or attempts to commit any crime while armed with a machine gun shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20 years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both

The punishment imposed under this section shall be in addition to any punishment imposed for the crime committed or attempted while so armed and shall not run concurrently with such sentence

Section 617 Unlawful Firecrackers Fireworks etc

Whoever manufactures sells or offers for sale or has in his possession with intent to sell any firecracker or fireworks containing picric acid or picrates dynamite or other high exploisive or any blank cartridge pellet or tablet composed of dynamite or other high explosive to be used in pistols hollow canes or any toy for explosive purposes or any firecrackers containing gunpowder or any other explosive material over six inches in length or any firecracker from thre and onelhalf inches to six inches in length which shall be more than three-quarters o fan inch in diameter or any firecracker to the length of three and one-half inches which shall be more than one inch in diameter or any species of pyrotechnics fireworks tablets pellets or cartridges containing picric acid or picrates dynamite or any other high explosive shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 618 Fire Balloons

Whoever sells or exposes for sale or buys or exchanges or gives away or has in his possession any balloon made or intended to contain fire for the purpose of ascension or sends up or causes to ascend any balloon containing in or about it any fire shall be imprisoned not exceeding sixty (60) days or fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or both

This section does not apply to a balloon in which a human being ascends

Section 619 Dealing in Minors

Whoever trades barters buys or sells a minor shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 620 Out-of-State Convict-Made Goods

Whoever knowingly sells or exchanges on the open market any goods wares or merchandise prepared or manufactured wholly or in part by convicts or prisoners of other statse except convicts or prisoners on parole or probation shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 621 Unwholesome and Adulterated Provisions Liquors and Medicines—

Whoever knowingly sells or exposes for sale any unwholesome adulterated or diseased food drink or medicine and whoever adulterates any food drink or medicine for th purpos of sale shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or both

Section 622 Dressed Carcasses of Lamb and Sheep—

Whoever imports or sells any dressed carcasses of lamb or sheep without first removing from each carcass all hoofs shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days

Section 623 Methyl and Wood Alcohol in Preparations—

Whoever knowingly sells or offers or exposes for sale or has in his possession with intent to distribute or sell any food drug preparation or mixture of any kind intended for internal use which contains methyl or wood alcohol or knowingly sells or offers or exposes for sale or has in his possession with intent to sell or distribute or use upon or apply to the body of another any drug hair tonic bay rum or similar preparation intended for use which contains methyl or wood alcohol shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

This section does not apply to veterinary remedies containing methyl or wood alcohol when such remedies are painly and distinctly labeled in such manner as to indicate that they are intended solly for external use on animals nor does this section apply to medicated liniments for external use

Section 624 Sale of Poisons—

Whoever sells or disposes of by retail any morphia strychnia arsenic prussic acid carbolic acid or corrosive sublimate except upon the prescription of a physician or upon the personal application of some respectable inhabitant of full age of the town or place in which such sale shall be made and without carefully and legibly marking or placing upon the label package bottle or other vessel or thing in which such poison is contained the word "poison" and unless when sold or disposed of otherwise than under the prescription of a physician the apothecary druggist or other person selling or disposing of

the same notes in a register kept for that purpose the name and residence of the person to whom such sale was made the quantity sold and the date of such sale shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 625 Polution of Drinking Water—

Whoever poisons or pollutes water intended for drinking purposes shall be imprisoned not exceeding (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 626 Employment and Use of Minors

Whoever being a parent or other person charged with the care of any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years permits such minor to be employed or used in and whoever employs or uses such minor in

(a) Any exhibition or vocation dangerous to life or limb

(b) Any place where obscene indecent or illegal exhibition takes places

(c) Any street road or highway for the purpose of singing playing of musical instruments or begging

(d) Any pjlace where wines or spiritous liquors are sold or given away or in any place connected by a passageway or entrance therewith

(e) Any mine or other underground works shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 627 Employment and Use of Minors in Theatres etc

Whoever employs or uses any minor under the age of sixteen (16) years in any dance hall theatre or place of entertainment shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 628 Employment of Minors Without Consent of Parents or Other Person Charged With the Care Thereof—

Whoever employs or uses any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years for the purpose of taking part in any theatrical performance athletic exhibition or for singing or playing on musical instruments without the consent of such minor's parent or other person charged with the care of such minor shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 629 Admission of Minors to Theatres

Whoever being in charge of any theatre permits any minor under the age of (16) years to attend any performance in such theatre during the term of compulsory attendance of public schools as fixed by the Board of School Directors of the school district in which such theatre is situate and during the hours said schools in such district are in actual session unless the minor be accompanied by his parent or other responsible adult or unless such minor presents a permit by his teacher allowing him to be absent from school during school hours and permitting attendance at the theatre shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifteen (15) days

Section 630 Sale or Furnishing of Cigarette Papers or Tobacco to Minors

Whoever sells gives or furnishes cigarette papers or tobacco in any form to any minor under the age of sixteen (16) years shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 631 Pawn Brokers Dealing with Minors

Whoever being a pawn broker or employe of a pawn broker makes a loan to a minor under the age of eighteen (18) years or receives property from such minor in pledge for loans made or to be made to such minor or to any other person shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 632 Pool and Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys

Whoever being a proprietor of or person in chrage of any pool room billiard room bowling saloon or tenpin alley permits such place to remain open between the hours of one o'clock Ante Meridian an six o'clock Ante Meridian on any week day or during any part of Sunday or knowingly allows any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years unless accompanied by his parent or other person charged with the care of such minor to be present in such places except for purposes of employment as provided by law shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 633 Discrimination on Account of Race Creed Color or Nationality

All persons within the jurisdiction of this Commonwealth shall be entitled to the full and equal accommodations advantages facilities and priviliges of any place of public accommodation resort or amusement subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to all persons

Whoever acting in any capacity directly or indirectly refuses withholds from or denies to any person any of the accommodations advantages facilities or privileges of any place of public accommodation resort amusement or means of transportation or directly or indirectly publishes circulates issues displays posts or mails any written or printed communication notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations advantages facilities and privileges of any such places shall be refused withheld from or denied to any person on account of race creed color religious sect denomination or nationality or that the patronage or custom thereof of any person belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race creed color religious sect denomination or nationality is unwelcome objectionable or not acceptable desired or solicited shall be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days or fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) or both

The production of any such written or printed communication notice or advertisement purporting to relate to any such place and to be made by any person being the owner lessee proprietor superintendent or manager thereof shall be evidence in any civil or criminal action that the same was authorized by such person

A place of public accommodation resort amusement or means of transportation shall be deemed to include inns taverns roadhouses and hotels whether conducted for the entertainment of transient guests or for the accommodiation of those seeking health recreation or rest all places where food or beverages of any kind are retailed for consumption on the premises and all places to which the public resort or are invited for amusement pleasure education health transportation or business and to include all facilities thereof

Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to include any institution club or place of accommodation resort or amusement which is in its nature distinctly private or to prohibit the mailing of a private communication in writing sent in response to a specific written inquiry

Section 634 Distribution of Samples of Candy Medicine Dyes etc

Whoever distributes or deposits any package parcel or sample of any medicine candy dyeing ink color or polishing compounds in any form of preparation upon the ground sidewalks porches yards or into or under doors or windows so that children may get possession of or secure the same shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit such distribution to adult persons only

Section 635 Vending Machines and Mechanical Devices for Distribution of Drugs etc

Whoever offers for sale or sells or distributes by means of any vending machine or other mechanical device or uses any vending machine in or for the sale or distribution of any medicine drug poison or article intended for external or internal use in the cure mitigation treatment or prevention of disease in man or animal shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thosuand dollars ($1000) or both

The term "drug" as used in this section shall mean all medicinal substances and preparations recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary or any supplements thereto and all substances and preparations intended for external or internal use in the cure mitigation treatment or prevention of disease in man or animal and all substances and preparations that contain medicinal or quasi-medical prepartions such as those sold or produced primarily for their vitamin content intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animal

Section 636 Carrying Explosives on Public Conveyance

Whoever enters into or upon any public conveyance used for the carrying of freight or passengers having in his possession or on his person any nitro-glycerine dynamite or explosives of the character thereof other than as freight regularly shipped as such shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

The conductor or person having charge and control of such public conveyance may arrest any person found violating the provisions of this section and detain such person until reaching a place where such person may be delivered to a peace officer

Section 637 Shipping Explosives

Whoever knowingly delivers to any transportation company any explosive material under any false or deceptive invoice or description or without informing such company at or before the time when such material is so delivered of the true nature of the same and without having its container plainly marked with the name of the explosive material therein contained together with the word "dangerous" shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both and shall be responsible for all damages to persons or property directly or indirectly resulting from any explosion of any such material

Any transportation company upon affidavit made of the fact that any container tendered for transportation not in compliance with the provisions of this section is believed to contain explosive material may require such container to be opened and refuse to receive any such container unless such requirements is complied with If such container is opened and found to contain any explosive material the container and its contents shall be forthwith removed to any lawful place for the storing of explosives After conviction of the offender or after (3) months from such removal the container with its contents shall be sold at public sale after ten (10) days notice of the time and place of such sale such notice shall be published once in one (1) newspaper in the county where such seizure shall have been made The proceeds of such sale after deducting therefrom the expenses of removal storage advertisement and sale shall be paid into the treasury of the county

Section 638 Railroad Employe Abandoning Train

Whoever being a railroad employe engaged in any strike or with a view to incite others to such strike or in furtherance of any combination or preconcerted arrangement with any other person to bring about a strike abandons a passenger or freight train at any place other than the end of his scheduled run or refuses or neglects to continue to discharge his duty or to proceed with such train to the end of his scheduled run shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or both

Section 639 Railroad Employe Refusing to Remove Car

Whoever being a railroad employe for the purpose of furthering the object of or lending aid to any strike or strikes organized or attempted to be maintained on any other railroad refuses or neglects in the course of his employment to aid in the movement over and upon the tracks of the company employing him of the cars of such other railroad company received therefrom in the course of transit shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or both

Section 640 Interfering with Railroad Employe

Whoever in aiding or furtherance of the objects of any strike upon any railroad interferes with molests or obstructs any railroad employe engaged in the discharge and performance of his duty as such shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or both

Section 641 False Fire Alarm

Whoever knowingly gives turns in or raises a false alarm of fire or falsely gives any common or recognized alarm of fire shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 642 Soliciting or Receiving Property to Secure Employment

Whoever being an officer or employe of any employer of labor solicits demands or receives from any person any property for the purpose actual or alleged of obtaining for such person employment in the service of said employer or the continuing of such person in employment shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 643 Corruption of Agents Servants Employes and Fiduciaries

Whoever

(a) Offers or gives to any agent employe fiduciary or servant of another or to a member of his family or to anyone for his use or benefit any property without the knowledge and consent of the principal employer beneficiary or master as an inducement or reward for doing or omitting to do any act or for showing or forebearing to show any favor or disfavor by such agent employe fiduciary or servant or relation to the affairs or the business of his principal employer beneficiary or master

(b) Being an agent employe fiduciary or servant solicits accepts receives or takes any property as an inducement or reward for doing or omitting to do any act or for showing any favor or disfavor in relation to the affairs or the business of his principal employer beneficiary or master shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Nothing contained in this section shall apply to transactions between a principal employer beneficiary or master and his agent employe fiduciary or servant nor to that practice which is commonly known as "tipping"

Evidence shall not be admissible in any prosecution under this section to show that a gift or acceptance of any property is customary in any business trade or calling nor shall the customary nature of such transactions be any defense in any such proceeding or prosecution

Section 644 Using False Document with Intent to Defraud Employer

Whoever with intent to defraud

(a) Uses or gives to any agent employe or servant of another any receipt account invoice or other document in respect of which such other is interested which contains any statement which is false erroneous or defective in any material particular or which omits to state fully the fact of any property having been given or agreed to be given to such agent employe or servant

(b) Being an agent employe or servant of another approves or certifies such receipt account invoice or other document shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 645 Coercion of Employes

Whoever being an employer or an officer agent or employe of any employer

(a) Coerces any employe of such employer by discharging him from employment because of his connection with any lawful labor organization

(b) Exacts from any applicant for employment by such employer any promise or agreement not to form or belong to a lawful labor organization

(c) In any way prevents or endeavors to prevent any employe from forming joining or belonging to a lawful labor organization

(d) Intimidates or threatens any employe with the loss of employment for failing or refusing to affix his signature to any petition which such employe has been solicited or requested to sign

(e) Interferes by any means direct or indirect with an employe's free and untrammeled connection with a lawful labor organization

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 646 Discontinuing Water Supply for Fire Protection

Whoever has undertaken to supply any city borough town or township with water for the purpose of fire protection and for any reason cuts off or otherwise refuses to continue the supply of water for such purposes unless and until water for such purposes is available from other sources without first having secured the approval of the Public Utility Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania evidenced by its certificate of public convenience authorizing discontinuance of such service shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) for each day of such discontinuance

Section 647 Withholding and Destroying Papers of Service Personnel

Whoever having possion or control of the commission or discharge papers of any officer or former member of the armed forces of the United States

(a) Withholds the same from the party named in such commission or discharge when he demands possession thereof

(b) Wilfully destroys mutilates or makes away with such commission or discharge to the prejudice of the owner thereof

(c) Delivers the same to any person other than the owner thereof without the written request of such owner

(d) In case of the death of the party named in such commission or discharge fails or refuses to deliver up the same on the written request of the widow or the legal representative of such officer or former member of the armed forces of the United States

shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) or both

Section 648 Unlawful Conferring of Degrees and Granting of Diplomas etc

Whoever

(a) Confers upon any person any academic or like degree or knowingly signs any diploma or other instrument proporting to confer any such degree honorary or otherwise when the same is not nauthorized by law

(b) Being an officer agent or employe of any university college school institution or person empowered to confer degrees honorary or otherwise or grant diplomas or other instruments certifying that a standard of proficiency has been attained confers any such degree upon or grants any such diploma or other instrument to any person who has not fulfilled the requirements for such or in consideration of the payment or promise of payment by any person of property other than proper fees costs and tuition charges

(c) Being an officer agent or employe of any university college school institution or person empowered to confer degrees honorary or otherwise or grant diplomas or other instruments certifying that a standard of proficiency has been attained knowingly signs a diploma or other instrument purporting to confer any such degree or certify the attainment of any such standard if the same has not been met or such property has been paid or promised to be paid

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 649 Misrepresentation of Age by Minor to Secure Liquor

Whoever knowingly and falsely represents himself or another to be twenty-one (21) years of age or over for the purpose of procuring any intoxicating liquor shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 650 Loan of Public Money

Whoever being an officer of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof lends other than as provided by law with or without interest or return therefor any property received by him or which may be in his possession or under his control by virtue of his office shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both and as a part of the judgment of the court shall be removed from office and the office declared vacant

Section 651 Deposit of Public Money for Gain

Whoever being an officer of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof enters into any agreement by which said officer is to derive any benefit gain or advantage from the deposit with any person or banking institution of any property held by him or which may be in his possession or under his control by virtue of his office shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both and as a part of the judgment of the court shall be removed from office and the office declared vacant

Section 652 Payment of Public Money Without Authority

Whoever

(a) Being the State Treasurer pays any money out of the State Terasury except in accordance with the provisions of an Act of Assembly

(b) Being an officer of this Commonwealth authorizes the payment of any money by warrant or otherwise out of the State Treasury in excess of the amount specifically appropriated shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both and as a part of the judgment of the court shall be removed from office and the office declared vacant

Section 653 Prohibited Acts by Public Officers

Whoever being a councilman burgess trustee manager or director of any public or quasi-public corporation municipality or public institution or an officer or member other than ex officio of the board of managers of an instiution receiving State money from legislative appropriations

(a) Receives a salary from such corporation municipality or public institution as treasurer secretary or other officer subordinate to the president and directors thereof

(b) Acts as surety of any such treasurer secretary or other subordinate officer

(c) Is in any wise interested in any contract for the sale or furnishing of any supplies or materials to be furnished to or for the use of such corporation municipality or public institution

(d) Receives any remuneration or gratuity from any person interested in such contract or sale

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both and as a part of the judgment of the court shall be removed from office and the office declared vacant

Section 654 Interest of Certain Architects and Engineers in Public Works Contracts

Whoever

(a) Being an architect or engineer in the employ of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof and engaged in the preparation of plans specifications or

estimates bids on any public work at any letting of such work

(b) Being any such architect or engineer is in any way interested in any contract for public work or receives any remuneration or gratuity from any person interested in such contract

(c) Being an officer of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof charged with the duty of letting any public work knowingly awards a contract to any such architect or engineer shall upon conviction be removed from office and the office declared vacant and shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 655 Restrictions Upon Cashiers or Treasurers of Banking Institutions

hoever being the cashier or treasurer of any bank trust company or bank and trust company engages directly or indirectly in the business of buying or selling stock real estate or insurance shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars $1000) or both

Nothing contained in this section shall prevent such cashier or treasurer from being a member of the board of directors or board of trustees of the institution of which he is a cashier or treasurer

Section 656 Disclosure of Telegraphic and Telephonic Communications by Officers and Employes of Telegraph and Telephone Companies

Whoever being a servant agent employe or officer of a telegraph or telephone company uses or makes known the contents of any message or conversation which may be sent or received over any line of telegraph or telephone without the consent of the sender of receiver of the same shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 657 Unlawful Advertising of Insurance Business

Whoever

(a) Prints publishes or broadcasts any advertisement or notice setting forth the advantages of insuring with or soliciting insurance business for any person not authorized to do such business in this Commonwealth

(b) Accepts for publication printing or broadcasting any such advertisement or notice unless the printer publisher or broadcaster has in his possession a true and attested or photostatic copy of a certificate of authority from the Insurance Department authorizing the advertiser to do such business in this Commonwealth

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

A photostatic copy of such certificate shall be issued by the Insurance Department to any person applying therefor

Section 658 Intoxicated Persons Driving Animals

Whoever being under the influence of intoxicating liquors rides drives or leads any beast of burden on the public highways of this Commonwealth shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 659 Marrying Intoxicated Persons

Whoever performs the marriage ceremony between persons when either of said person is visibly intoxicated shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 660 Throwing Articles on Highways or Upon Land of Another Interference With Contents of Containers

Whoever

(a) Throws any waste paper sweepings ashes household waste glass metal refuse or rubbish or any dangerous or detrimental substance into or upon any road street highway or alley or upon the land of another

(b) Interferes with scatters or disturbs the contents of any receptacle containing ashes garbage household waste or rubbish

shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 661 Steam Engine Without Spark Arrester

Whoever operates any steam engine within three hundred (300) feet of any building unless such engine is equipped with an efficient spark arrester shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days

Section 662 Playing for Drinks

Whoever being the proprietor lessee or manager of any place of resort or entertainment keeps or permits to be placed upon his premises any game upon which shall be staked intoxicating drinks shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 663 Fraud in Securing Professional Licenses

Whoever

(a) or the purpose of misrepresenting the qualifications of any person to any department of this Commonwealth or any professional examining board within said department buys sells or fraudulently or illegally makes or alters gives issues or obtains any literary scientific professional or other degree or license or certifies to the completion in whole or in part of any course of study in any unicersity college high school academy or other educational institution

(b) Personates or offers to personate another person in taking or offering to take any examination held by the examining board of any public agency within this Commonwealth

(c) Without lawful authority has in his possession question papers copies or parts thereof which are to be used in any such examination at any time prior to the dates set for such examination

(d) Prior to such examination sells or offers to sell question papers copies or parts thereof prepared for use in said examination

(e) Uses in or preparation for such examination any question papers copies or parts thereof obtained without lawful authority prior to the dates set for such examination

(f) Transmits to the examining board of any public agency within this Commonwealth answers to questions used in any such examinations which are prepared or written outside of the period of examination or alters any such matter after such period is closed

(g) Secures any credential regularly issued by any examining board of any public agency within this Commonwealth which is based upon examinations or credentials approved by such examining boards which he has not actually passed or completed

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 664 Bucket Shops

Whoever

(a) Keeps or knowingly permits to be kept maintained or operated in any premises owned leased controlled or operated by him any bucket shop

(b) Transmits communicates receives exhibits or displays in any manner any statement or quotation or the price of any property mentioned in the definition of "Bucket Shop" with a view of entering into any contract agreement trade or transaction of the nature described in such definition or with a view of aiding others so to do

(c) Enters into any such contract agreement trade or transaction either for himself or as agent or broker for any other person

shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

If a corporation is convicted hereunder its charter shall be forfeited in a proceeding in quo warranto instituted at the relation of the Attorney General or the District Attorney

A "Bucket Shop" for the purpose of this section is a place where contracts agreements trades or transactions respecting the sale or purchase of stocks bonds securities grains provisions or other commodities are made or offered to be made to be closed adjusted or settled upon the basis of public market quotations on a board of trade or exchange without a bona fide transaction on such board of trade or exchange

Section 665 Wordly Employment or Business on Sunday

Whoever does or performs any worldly employment or business whatsoever works of necessity and charity only excepted on the Lord's Day commonly called Sunday or uses or practices any game hunting shooting sport or diversion whatsoever on the same day not authorized by law shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined four dollars ($4) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned six (6) days

Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the dressing of victuals in private families bake houses lodging houses inns and other houses of entertainment for the use of sojourners travelers or strangers or to hinder watermen from landing their passengers or ferrymen from carrying over the water travelers or persons removing with their families on the Lord's Day commonly called Sunday nor to the delivery of milk or the necessities of life before nine (9) of the clock in the forenoon nor after five (5) of the clock in the afternoon of the same day

Section 666 Racing Animals

Whoever races or runs any animal for any property or prints or sets up any advertisement mentioning the time and place for the racing or running of such animal or knowingly permits any such advertisement to be attached to or remain upon his property shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

All wagers and bets laid on any such racing or running shall be null and void and any property lost on the same or the value thereof may be recovered from the winner by action at law

Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as applying to racing at exhibitions of agricultural societies and associations nor to trials of speed in any incorporated driving park nor to races given by regularly incorporated trotting associations

Section 667 Undersized Lobsters

Whoever takes or has in his possession any lobster measuring less than three and one-eighth (3⅛) inches from the rear of the eye socket along a line parallel to the center of the body shell (carapace) to the rear end of the body shell (carapace) shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Article VII

Offenses Against the Person

Section 701 Murder of the First and Second Degree

All murder which shall be perpetrated by means of poison or by lying in wait or by any other kind of wilful deliberate and premeditated killing and all unlawful homicides which shall be committed in the perpetration of or attempt to perpetrate any arson rape sodomy robbery burglarly or kidnapping shall be murder of the first degree All other kinds of murder shall be murder of the second degree The jury before whom any person indicted for murder shall be tried shall if they find such person guilty thereof ascertain in their verdict whether the person is guilty of murder of the first or second degree If such person pleads guilty the court shall proceed by examination of witnesses to determine the degree of the crime and to give sentence accordingly

Whover commits murder of the first degree shall suffer death in the manner provided by law or shall be imprisoned for life at the discretion of the jury trying the case which shall in the manner hereinafter provided fix the penalty In the trial of an indictment for murder the court shall inform the jury that if they find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree it will be their further duty to fix the penalty therefor after hearing such additional eviednce as may be submitted upon that question Whenever the jury shall agree upon a verdict of murder of the first degree they shall immediately return and render the same which shall be recorded and shall not thereafter be subject to reconsideration by the jury or any member thereof After such verdict is recorded and before the jury is permitted to separate the court shall proceed to receive such additional evidence not previously received in th trial as may be relevant and admissible upon the question of the penalty to be imposed upon the defendant and shall permit such argument by counsel and deliver such change thereon as may be just and proper in the circumstance The jury shall then retire and consider the penalty to be imposed and render such verdict respecting it as they shall agree upon A failure of the jury to agree upon the penalty to be imposed shall not be held to impeach or in any way affect the validity of the verdict already recorded and whenever the court shall be of opinion that further deliberation by the jury will not result in an agreement upon the penalty to be imposed it may in its discretion discharge the jury from further consideration theerof in which event if no retrial of the indictment is directed the court shall sentence the defendant to life imprisonment upon the verdict theretofore rendered by the jury and recorded as aforesaid The court shall impose the sentence so fixed as in other cases In cases of pleas of guilty the court where it determines the crime to be murder of the first degree shall at its discretion impose sentence of death or imprisonment for life Where a sentence of death is imposed the clerk of the court wherein conviction takes place shall within ten (10) days after such sentence of death transmit a full and complete record of the trial and conviction to the Governor Whenever the court sentences a person to death it may at any time after he has been committed to await execution of the sentence order his transfer from the prison to which he shall have been committed to a suitable penitentiary or in the case of a woman to the State Industrial Home for Women at Muncy for safekeeping pending any appeal or application to the Board of Pardons for clemency or his final transfer and delivery to the lawfully designated place for the execution of the sentence

Whoever committs murder of the second degree shall for the first offense be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both and for the second offense shall be imprisoned for life and fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

Section 702 Voluntary and Involuntary Manslaughter

Whoever commits voluntary manslaughter shall be imprisoned not exceeding twelve (12) years or fined not exceeding twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or both

Whoever commits involuntary manslaughter shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3,000) or both

A count for involuntary manslaughter may be joined in any indictment with counts charging murder or voluntary manslaughter After indictment the district attorney may with leave of court enter a nolle prosequi as to any count or counts therein and proceed to trial on the remaining counts

Section 703 Robbery

Whoever robs any person or assaults any person with intent to rob or by force or threat of force demands any property of any person with intent to steal the same is guilty of robbery and shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 704 Aggravated Robbery

Whoever commits or attempts to commit robbery

(a) And in furtherance thereof at the same time or immediately after such robbery or attempted robbery beats strikes or ill-uses anyone in connection therewith

(b) While being armed with an offensive weapon or instrument

(c) Together with one or more persons
shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both

Section 705 Larceny from Depositories by Force Threats or Menace

Whoever by force threats or menace compels another to surrender the key or other appliance or to divulge the combination secret or other means used to open any bank vault safe or other depository of property or administers to another any stupefying drug matter or thing for the purpose of obtaining such key or other appliance with intent to steal any property therein shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both

Section 706 Stopping a Common Carrier to Commit a Felony

Whoever by any means or in any manner whatever stops or attempts to stop any vehicle operated by a transportation company for the purpose of committing any felony therein shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifteen (15) years or fined not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or both

Section 707 Assault and Battery

Whoever commits an assault or an assault and battery shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars $2000) or both

Section 708 Aggravated Assault and Battery

Whoever in committing an assault and battery inflicts upon another either with or without any weapon or instrument any grevious bodily harm is guilty of aggravated assault and battery and shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 709 Assault with Intent to Commit a Crime

Whoever commits assault and battery or aggravated assault and battery upon another with intent himself to commit any other crime or with intent to aid abet facilitate or promote the commission of a crime by another or with intent to interfere with hinder or obstruct any other person from deterring or precenting the commission of a crime by a third person shall be imprisoned or fined or both not to exceed the maximum penalty prescribed by law for such other crime or for assault and battery or aggravated assault and battery whichever be the greater provided that if the jury trying any person for an offense defined by this section shall find the accused guilty of an assault and battery or an aggravated assault and battery but not guilty of having committed the same with intent as aforesaid he shall be punished in the same manner as provided for said offenses of assault and battery or aggravated assault and battery in this act and provided further that no imprisonment in excess of fifteen (15) years or fine in xecess of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) shall be imposed

The words "assault and battery" and "aggravated assault and battery" as used in this section shall include the use or attempted use in upon or against the person of another of any thing or substance of any kind or nature whatsoever capable of and intended to promote facilitate or in any way contribute to the successful commission of any crime

A count charging assault and battery or aggravated assault and battery with intent to commit a crime may be joined in any indictment charging the commission or attempted commission of such crime

Section 710 Pointing Deadly Weapons

Whoever playfully or wantonly points or discharges a gun pistol or other firearm at any other person shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 711 Abortion

Whoever unlawfully administers to any woman pregnant or believed to be pregnant any drug poison or other substance or unlawfully uses any instrument or other means with intent to procure the miscarriage of such woman shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both and whenever such action results in the death of such woman or any child with which she may be quick shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand ($10,000) or both

Section 712 Concealing Death of Child

Whoever endeavors to conceal the death of any child for the purpose of preventing the discovery of whether it was born alive or dead or whether it was murdered or not shall be imprisoned not exceeding one 1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 713 Rape

Whoever has unlawful carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will or whoever being of the age of sixteen (16) years and upwards unlawfully and carnally knows and abuses any female under the age of sixteen (16) years with or without her consent is guilty of rape and shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifteen (16) years or fined not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or both

Upon the trial of any defendant charged with the unlawful carnal knowledge and abuse of a female under the age of sixteen (16) years if the jury shall find that such female was not of good repute and that the carnal knowledge was with her consent the defendant shall be acquitted of rape and be convicted of fornication

Section 714 Kidnapping

Whoever

(a) Takes or carries away or decoys or entices away or secretes any person with intent to demand or exact property for the release restoration or return of such person

(b) Either by force or fraud leads takes or carries away or decoys or entices away any minor under the age of fourteen (14) years from his parent or other person charged with his care or custody with intent to conceal or detain him or with intent to steal any property on or about his person

(c) Knowingly conceals harbors or detains any person who has been kidnapped by another in violation of clauses (a) and (b) hereof

is guilty of kidnapping and shall for violation of clause (a) be imprisoned for a period of years up to and including life or fined not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or both and shall for violation of clause (b) or (c) be imprisoned not exceeding fifteen (15) years or fined not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or both

Section 715 Abandoning Infants

Whoever being a parent or other person charged with the care or custody of any child under the age of ten (10) years leaves or places such child in any place with intent to wholly abandon it shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 716 Neglect to Maintain Child Abandonment

Whoever being a parent or other person charged with the care or custody of any child under the age of sixteen (16) years abandons the child in destitute circumstances or wilfully omits to furnish necessary and proper food clothing or shelter for such child shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

In case a fine is imposed the same may be applied in the discretion of the court to the support of such child

The jury may infer from proof of the abandonment of such child in destitute circumstances and the omission to furnish necessary and proper food clothing or shelter that such abandonment and omission was wilful

Any provision of law prohibiting disclosure of confidential communications between husband and wise shall not apply to prosecutions under this section

Section 717 Cruelty to Minors

Whoever ill-treats abuses or inflicts cruel punishment

upon any minor shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days

Section 718 Tattooing Minors

Whoever tottoos any minor shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 719 Wilful Separation or Nonsupport

Whoever being a husband or fother separates himself from his wife or from his children or from wife and children without reasonable cause or wilfully neglects to maintain his wife or children who is or are destitute or dependent wholly or in part on their earnings for adequate support shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or both Such fine if any may be paid or applied in whole or in part to the support of the wife or children as the court may direct

No such conviction payment of fine or undergoing imprisonment shall in any manner affect the obligation of any order for support theretofore made against the defendant in any competent court In any case the court may suspend sentence upon and during compliance by the defendant with any order for support as already made or as thereafter modified

If no such order shall have been made then the court trying the defendant may make such order for the support by the defendant of his wife and children or either of them which order shall be subject to modification by the court on cause shown and may suspend sentence upon and during the compliance by defendant with such order upon entry of bond by defendant with or without surety approved by the court conditioned on compliance with such order In any proceedings under this section the wife or any person having the care custody or control of minor children shall be a competent witness such order

In any proceedings under this section the wife or any person having the care custody or control of minor children shall be a competent witness

As used in this section the world "children" shall be limited to mean children under eighteen (18) years of age and also such children over eighteen (18) and under twenty-one (21) years of age as by reason of infirmity are incapable of supporting themselves "Seperation" or "nonsupport" shall include every case where a husband has caused his wife to leave him by conduct on his part which would be ground for divorce or where a father has neglected to provide for maintenance support and care of his wife or children or wife and children

Section 720 Neglect of Children Born out of Wedlock

Whoever becomes the father of a child born out of lawful wedlock whether within or without this Commonwealth shall be ordered to pay the expenses incurred at the birth of such child and if such child is born dead or shall die during the continuance of an order for maintenane of said child shall also pay the reasonable funeral expenses and shall give such security in such sum and on such basis as the court shall direct and in default of such payment shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year

Whoever being a parent wilfully neglects or refuses to contribute reasonably to the support and maintenance of a child born out of lawful wedlock whether within or without this Commonwealth shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

All prosecutions under this section must be brought within two (2) years of the birth of the child except where the reputed father shall have voluntarily or by court order contributed to the support of the child or shall have acknowledged in writing his paternity in within two (2) years of any such contribution or acknowledgment by the reputed father

Before the trial with the consent of the defendant indorser on the bill of indictment as now provided by law or at the trial on entry of a plea of guilty or after conviction instead of imposing the fire herein provided or in addition thereto the court having regard to the circumstances and to the financial capacity of the defendant may make an order subject to change from time to time as circumstances may require directing the defendant to pay a certain sum periodically for such time and to such person as the court may direct The court shall have the power to suspend the sentence herein provided and release the defendant from custody on probation in the manner provided in cases of desertion and nonsupport provided that the defendant has entered into a recognizance in such sum with or without surety as the court shall direct for compliance with such order

Whenever a parent is paying for the support of a child under an order of court made in any other proceeding civil criminal or quasi-criminal said parent shall not be subject to proceedings for support for the same child under this section unless he has failed to obey such order of court

For the purpose of this section referring to the child the use of the term "bastard" or "illegitimate" is prohibited in any public record or public document Instead the term "born out of wedlock" shall be used

Section 721 Desertion and Nonsupport

In any husband or bother being within the limits of this Commonwealth separates himself from his wife or from his children or from wife and children without reasonable cause or neglects to maintain his wife or children any magistrate upon information made before him under oath or affirmation by his wife or children or either of them or by any person may issue his warrant for the arrest of the person against whom the informatio nshall have been made and bind him over with one sufficient surety to appear at the court of quarter sessions or other court of record having jurisdiction there to answer the said charge of desertion

The said court after hearing in a summary proceeding may order the person against whom complaint has been made being of sufficient ability to pay such sum as said court shall think reasonable and proper for the comfortable support and maintenance of the said wife or children or both and to commit such person to prison there to remain until he shall comply with such order or give security with or without surety to the Commonwealth and in such sum as the court shall direct for the compliance theerwith The court may also issue the appropriate writ of execution against any property belonging to the defendant and its writ of attachment execution against whether under what is known as a spendthrift trust or any property to which he may be in any way entitled otherwise which shall not exceed fifty per centum thereof and shall remain a continuing levy until the order has been paid in full with costs The person against whom an order is made shall not be entitled to the benefits of any exemption law now in force or hereafter passed

The provisions of this section shall apply to any trust whether it is known as a spendthrift trust or otherwise whether such trust was created or came into existence before or after the passage of this act Where an attachment execution is issued the further proceedings thereon shall be in the manner provided in the case of foreign attachments

Any wife so deserted shall be a competent witness on the part of the Commonwealth and the husband shall also be a competent witness

Should any such person abscond remove or be found in any other county of the Commonwealth than the one in which said warrant issued he may be arrested by the said warrant being backed by any magistrate of the county in which such person may be found Whenever the court of quarter sessions of any county or other courts of records having jurisdiction in the Commonwealth commits the person complained of to the county prison there to remain until he complies with their order or give security et cetera the court may at any time after three (3) months if it shall be satisfied of the inability of such

person to comply with the said order and give such security discharge him from imprisonment

Nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal the powers and jurisdiction granted the Municipal Court of Philadelphia County or the County Court of Allegheny County

Article VIII

Offenses Against Personal Property And Fraudulent Dealing Therewith

Section 801 Blackmail

Whoever by means of any communications which threatens

(a) To accuse another person of a crime or other unlawful act

(b) To injure kidnap or cause the death of any person

(c) To injure or destroy the property business or reputation of any person

(d) To expose or impute to any person any deformity or disgrace

(e) To publish any libel

extorts or gains any property from another or induces any person to commit o rassist another person in the commission of any unlawful act shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifteen (15) years or fined not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or both

Section 802 Larceny

Whoever commits larceny shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

The subjects of larceny shall include

(a) All money and other personal property

(b) All written or printed instruments which are evidences of debts or contracts or concern real or personal property or commercial or business transactions or which create or will create rights and privileges

(c) All property of any kind whatsoever growing or being upon the land

(d) All fixtures or other property attached to or a part of any real property

(e) All coal iron or other minerals in or on the ground

(f) Any other valuable thing

Section 803 Additional Penalties for Larceny of Minerals

Whoever commits larceny of coal iron or other minerals shall in addition to the penalties otherwise provided by law be liable to pay to the owner double the value of the minerals so removed or in the case of the conversion of the same to the use of such offender treble value thereof to be recovered with the cost of suit by an action at law

Section 804 Receiving Stolen or Fraudulently Disposed of Property

Whoever buys has or receives any property made a subject of larceny which shall have been stolen or feloniously taken or which shall have been so fraudulently obtained converted or disposed of as to render the party obtaining converting or disposing thereof guilty of a crime knowing or having reasonable cause to know the same to have been stolen or feloniously taken or to have been so fraudulently obtained converted or disposed of shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

It shall be lawful to prosecute and punish any buyer or receiver of stolen property as well before as after the principal felon shall be taken and convicted and whether such principal felon is amenable to justice or otherwise The conviction and sentence of any such buyer or receiver shall exempt him from being prosecuted as accessory after the fact in case the principal felon shall be afterwards convicted

Section 805 Bringing Stolen Property into the State

Whoever brings into this Commonwealth any property knowing or having reasonable cause to know the same to have ben stolen in any other state or country shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000) or both

Section 806 Professional Thieves

Whoever being a professional thief burglar or pickpocket frequents or attends any public place for an unlawful purpose shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days or in the discretion of the magistrate be required to enter security for his good behavior for a period not exceeding one (1) year

Section 807 Fraudulent Conversion of Property

Whoever having received or having possession of in any capacity or by any means or manner any property of or belonging to any other person or which any other person is entitled to receive and have fraudulently withholds converts or applies the same or any part thereof or the proceeds or any part of the proceeds derived from the sale or other disposition thereof to and for his own use and benefit or to and for the use and benefit of any person other than the person entitled to receive and have the same shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars $10,000) or both

The crime specified in this section may be joined in the same indictment with any other crimes arising out of the same transaction and there may be included in the same indictment as many counts as there are separate and distinct crimes hereunder committed against the same person

Section 808 Fraudulent Conversion by Associates

Whoever being a member of an association without the consent of his associates fraudulently converts takes or secrets with intent to convert to his own use or to the use of another or withholds or appropriates or otherwise fraudulently applies or makes use of any property belonging to such association and which may have come into his possession or under his care or fraudulently uses or pledges the name of the association for any purpose other than the bona fide use of said association shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 809 Rehypothecation of Securities

Whoever repledges or rehypothecates any stocks bonds or other securities received from money lent and borrowed during the continuance of the contract of hypothecation or pledging of such securities without the written consent of the party pledging or hypothecating the same shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both This section shall not be construed to prevent brokers from repledging or rehypothecating stocks bonds or other securities which they have purchased in whole or in part with their own money or credit for others and for which they have not been wholly reimbused by the parties for whom such stocks bonds or other securities have been purchased

Section 810 Misapplication of Public Moneys Collected for Special Purposes

Whoever being the treasurer of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth applies any moneys collected according to law for any special purpose to any purpose other than that for which such moneys shall have been collected shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 811 Refusal to Pay over Money Collected on Legal Process

Whoever being a constable or deputy constable receives money by virtue of an execution or other process and neglects or refuses upon request to pay the amount thereof to the party entitled to receive the same or to his agent or legal representative shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and shall stand committed until the fine and costs and the money so withheld shall be paid together with interest and shall for seven (7) years thereafter be incapable of holding the office of constable or the appointment of deputy constable

Section 812 Cheating by False Pretense

Whoever by any false pretense obtains the signature of any person to any written instrument or obtains any property from any other person with intent to cheat and defraud any person shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 813 False Statements Concerning Financial Condition

Whoever for the purpose of securing any property for the benefit of himself or another

(a) Knowingly makes or causes to be made any false statement in writing intending that it be relied upon respecting the financial condition or means or present ability to pay for himself or any other person

(b) Knowing that a statement in writing has been made respecting the financial condition or means or present ability to pay of himself or any other person reports subsequently in writing that such statement theretofore made if again made would still be true when in fact such statement if then made would be false

shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 814 False Statements Concerning Financial Institutions

Whoever makes utters or publishes any statement or rumor untrue in fact in reference to the solvency or derogatory to the financial condition of any banking institution surety company guarantee company insurance company or other financial institution in this Commonwealth shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 815 False Statements and Entries by Officials or Agents of Financial Institutions

Whoever being a director officer agent or employe of any banking or other financial institution with intent to injure or defraud such banking or other financial institution or any director officer agent employe creditor or member thereof

(a) Fraudulently draws any order or bill of exchange makes any acceptance signs any note bond draft bill of exchange mortgage judgment or other instrument in writing

(b) Makes any false statement in any book report or statement concerning such banking or other financial institution or deceives any officer of such banking or other financial institution or any bank examiner or other person legally authorized to examine the affairs of any such banking or other financial institution

shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 816 Fraudulent Accounts

Whoever being an officer director receiver employe agent attorney broker or member of any body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation receives or possesses himself of any property of such body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation otherwise than in payment to him of a just debt or demand and with intent to defraud omits or fails to cause or direct to be made a full and true entry thereof in the books and accounts of such body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation shall bei mprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 817 False Statements by Corporate Officials Agents

Whoever being an officer director receiver employe agent attorney broker or member of any banking institution or other body corporate public company or muinicapl or quasi-municipal corporation makes utters or publishes any written or printed statement or account which he knows to be false with intent to receive or defraud any member shareholder or creditor of such body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation or with intent to induce any person to become a shareholder or partner or to acquire an interest therein or advance any property to such body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation or to enter into any security for the benefit thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 818 False Financial Statements

Whoever issues or permits the issuance of any statement of the financial transactions standing or condition of any corporation association or individual business known by him to be false shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 819 False Entries by Associates

Whoever as a member of any association receives or possesses himself of any property of such association otherwise than in payment to him of a just debt or demand and with intent to defraud omits to make or cause or direct to be made a full and true entry thereof in the books and accounts of such association or withintent to defraud destroys alters multilates or falsifies any of the books papers or writings or securities belonging to any such association or concurs in making any false entry o rmaterial omission in any book of accounts or other document shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 820 Destroying or Mutilating Books of Corporations etc

Whoever with intent to defraud

(a) Destroys alters mutilates or falsifies any of the books papers writing or securities of or belonging to any banking institution body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation

(b) Makes any false entry in any book of accounts or other documents of or belonging to any such banking institution body corporate public company or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation or omits any material matter therefrom

shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 821 Fraudulent Removal of Vehicle

Whoever with intent to defraud removes or obtains by any false pretense or device any vehicle which has been placed in a garage hangar or other place for storage repair or service shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 822 Receipt of Deposits by Insolvent Institutions or Brokers

Whoever being an official or employe of any banking institution or broker receives for deposit or otherwise any property of another knowing that such institution or broker has not assets sufficient at their cash value to pay all its or his debts and liabilities shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 823 Frauds by Agents of Transportation Companies

Whoever being an employe of any transportation company fraudulently fails to cancel or return to such company or proper agent or office thereof any coupon or other ticket with the intent to permit the same to be used to the damage of such company or steals or embezzles any such coupon or other ticket or fraudulently stamps or prints or signs any such ticket shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 824 Worthless Checks and Drafts

Whoever with intent to defraud

(a) Makes draws utters or delivers any check draft or order for the payment of money upon any banking instiution or other depository and stops payment on such check draft or order or

(b) Knowing at the time of such making drawing uttering or delivering that the maker or drawer has not

sufficient funds in or credit with such banking institution or other depository for the payment of such ceck although no express representation is made in reference thereto shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

In any prosecution under this section the making drawing uttering or delivering of a check draft or order payment of which is refused by the drawee because payment has been stopped by the drawer or because of lack of funds or credit shall be prima facie evidence of intent to defraud and in applicable cases of knowledge of insufficient funds in or credit with such banking institution or other depository unless such maker or drawer shall have paid the drawee thereof the amount due thereon together with interest and protest fees within five (5) days after receiving notice that such check draft or order has not been paid to the drawee

The word "credit" as used in this section shall be construed to mean any agreement or understanding with the banking institution or other depository for the payment of such check draft or order

Section 825 False Certification of Check

Whoever certifies any check drawn upon any banking institution or other depository unless the person drawing the check has on deposit in such banking institution or other depository at the time such check is certified an amount of money not less than the amount of money specified on such check shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding tow thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 826 False or Forged Recommendations

Whoever obtains employment or appointment to any office or place of trust by the use of any false or forged writing as to his name residence previous employment or qualifications, knowing the same to be false or forged shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 827 False Representation of Blindness Deafness etc

Whoever knowingly misrepresents himself or another as a deaf dumb blind deformed or injured person in order to collect receive or otherwise obtain any property shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 828 Untrue False and Misleading Advertising

Whoever with intent to sell or in any way dispose of any service or property or with intent to increase the consumption thereof or with intent to induce the public to enter into any obligation relating thereto or acquire any interest therein makes publishes or disseminates any advertisement which is untrue deceptive or misleading and which is known or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known to be untrue deceptive or misleading shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 829 Accepting Unidentified Advertising

Whoever being the owner or employe of any newspaper or other publication accepts any advertisement for publication without obtaining the name and address of the advertiser and without making a record of the same which record shall be retained for a period of two (2) weeks and shall be subject to the examination of any duly constituted law officer of this Commonwealth shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 830 Attaching Advertisement Without Consent of Publisher

Whoever places or affixes or inserts any notice of any kind on or in or to any newspaper magazine periodical or book when such newspaper magazine periodical or book is in the possession of the owner or publisher thereof or in the possession of any news dealer distributor or carrier or of any agent or servant of such owner or publisher without the consent of the owner or publisher shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and costs for each offense

Section 831 Fraudulent Use of "Counsul" "Consulate" or Coat of Arms

Whoever in connection with any business uses the word "consul" or "consulate" or any derivative or equivalent thereof in any language or the coat of arms of any foreign nation or any simulation thereof tending to convey the impression that such business has official relation to any foreign government shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

The provisions of this section shall not apply to a consular official of a foreign nation or country duly accredited to any city

Section 832 Fraud on Automatic Machines

Whoever by any fraudulent means operates any automatic vending machine automatic telephone or any instrument machine apparatus meter or device which is operated or intended to be operated by the use or insertion thereinto of any coin or token shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 833 False Devices to Operate Automatic Machines

Whoever with intent to defraud manufactures sells or gives away any false or counterfeit coin token or other device intended to be used in any automatic machine or apparatus shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 834 Spurious Archaeological Speciments

Whoever manufacturers sells offers for sale or has in possession with intent to sell or offer for sale any object with intent to misrepresent such object to be an original or genuine archaeological specimen shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days

Section 835 False Representation of Kosher

Whoever sells or offers for sale any article intended for human consumption falsely represented as kosher or as being sanctioned by the orthodox Hebrew religious requirements as kosher or sells or offers for sale any meat meat product or preparation thereof that is not kosher in the same place of business where any meat product or preparation thereof represented as kosher is sold unless such non-kosher product is plainly marked as such shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fiined not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or both

For the purposes of this section the word "reprsented" shall mean any statement oral or in writing in any language either referring to on or in connection with any article offered for sale or on or in the place of business using the word "kosher" or any sign or mark in simulation of such word or any insignia or six-pointed star or any mark or utterance which might reasonably be calculated to deceive or lead a reasonable person to believe such article to be kosher

Section 836 Unlawful Use of Containers etc

Whoever without the permission of the owner

(a) Refills for the purpose of sale

(b) Uses in the sale exchange or delivery of any merchandise

(c) Sells deals or traffics in

(d) Wilfully detains for his own use

(e) Fraudulently obliterates multilates or conceals the name title or mark of owner on

any container having therein or thereon the name title address or mark of the owner shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or both

Section 837 Fortune Telling etc

Whoever for gain pretends to tell fortunes or predict future events by cards tokens the inspection of the head or hands of any person or by anyone's age or by consulting the movements of the heavenly bodies or in any other manner or for gain pretends to effect any purpose by spells charms necromancy or incantation or advises the taking or administering of what are commonly called love powders or potions or prepares the same to be taken or administered or publishes by card circular sign newspaper or other means that he can predict future events or for gain pretends to enable anyone to get or recover stolen property or to tell where lost property is or to stop bad luck or to give good luck or to put bad luck on a person or animal or to stop or injure the business or health of a person or shorten his life or to give success in business enterprise speculation or games of chance or to win the affection of a person or to make one person marry another or to induce a person to make or alter a will or to tell where money or other property is hidden or to tell where to dig for treasure or to make a person dispose of property in favor of another shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 838 Fraud on Hotel Boardinghouse and Inn Keepers

Whoever with intent to cheat or defraud obtains food lodging credit or other accommodation in any hotel inn or boardinghouse shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) or both

Proof that a person obtained lodging food or other accommodations by false pretense or by false show or pretense of any baggage or other property or that he gave in payment for such food lodging or other accommodation negotiable paper on which payment was refused or that he abscounded without paying or offering to pay for such food lodging or other accommodation or that he surrepitiously removed or attempted to remove his baggage shall be prima facie proof of the fraudulent intent mentioned in this section

Section 839 Marking of Gold

Whoever makes or sells or offers to sell or to dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or to dispose of any article of merchandise marked stamped branded or labeled "gold" or "solid gold" which contains less than ten (10) karats of pure gold shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 840 Marking of Gold Fineness

Whoever makes or sells or offers to sell or dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any article of merchandise marked stamped or branded with any karat of gold not less than (10) in fineness or wrapped encased or enclosed in any box package cover or wrapper or other thing having therupon any engraving label stamp imprint mark or trademark indicating or denoting by such marking stamping branding engraving or printing that such article is of any other number of karat of gold of not less than ten (10) in fineness unless the component parts of which the said article is made are in the following ratio If eighteen (18) karat then eighteen (18) parts of pure gold and six (6) parts alloy if fourteen (14) karats then fourteen (14) parts of purse gold and ten (ten) parts alloy if ten (10) karat then ten (10) parts of pure gold and fourteen (14) parts alloy and other quantities in the same proportion with twenty-four (24) karats as the standard of pure gold shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 841 Marking of Silver

Whoever makes or sells or offers to sell or dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any article of mechandise marked stamped or branded with the words "sterling" or "sterling silver" or wrapped encased or enclosed in any box package cover or wrapper or or other thing having thereupon any engraving label stamp imprint mark or trademark indicating or denoting by such marking stamping branding engraving or printing that such article is sterling or sterling silver unless nine hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths (925/1000) of the component parts of the metal of which the said article is made is pure silver shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 842 Marking of Coin Silver

Whoever makes or sells or offers to sell or to dispose of or has in his possession witn intent to sell or dispose of any article or merchandise marked stamped or branded with the words "coin" or "coin silver" or wrapped encased or enclosed in any box package cover wrapper or other thing having thereupon an engraving label stamp imprint mark or trademark indicating or denoting by such marking stamping branding engraving or printing that such article is coin or coin silver unless nine hundred one-thousandths (900/1000) of the component parts of the metal of which the said article is made is pure silver shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Ssection 843 Marking of Mounting as Sterling

Whoever makes sells or offers to sell or dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any article of merchandise comprised of any material to which is attached a metal mounting marked stamped or branded with the words "sterling" or "sterling silver" unless such attached metal mounting shall contain not less than nine hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths (925/1000) parts of pure silver shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 844 Marking of Mounting as Coin or Coin Silver

Whoever makes or sells or offers to sell or dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any article of mechandise comprised of any material to which it attached a metal mounting marked stamped or branded with the words "coin" or "coin silver" unless such attached metal mounting shall contain not less than nine hundred one-thousands (900-1000) parts of pure silver shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 845 Unpublished Dramas and Musical Compositions

Whoever publicly presents for profit without consent of the author or authors thereof any unpublished dramatic play or musical composition shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 846 Purchase of Junk

Whoever buys or receives from minors knowing them to be such or from any person unknown to the person so buying or receiving or from any person pursuing no trade labor or employment for a livelihood any junk rope emonr metal shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 847 False Regislation of Domestic Animals

Whoever by any false pretense obtains from any association for improving the breed of domestic animals the registration or transfer of registration of any animal in such association's herd register or other register or knowingly gives a false pedigree of any animal shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 848 Fraudulent Entry of Horses in Races

Whoever enters for competition or causes to compete for any purse prize premium stake or sweepstake offered or given by any association or person any horse under an assumed name or out of its proper class when such prize purse premium stake or sweepstake is to be decided

by a contest in running trotting or pacing races shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding six hundred dollars ($600) or both

Section 849 Destruction or Concealment of Written Instruments Securities and Records

Whoever mutilates conceals or destroys any deed lease will bond bill note check draft or other security for the payment of money or the delivery of goods or any certificates of the stock of any bank corporation or association or any receipt acquittance release or discharge of any debt suit or other demand or any transfer or assurance of property or any letter of attorney or other power or any day book or other book of accounts or any agreement or contract whatever with intent to defraud any person shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 850 Identifying Marks on Machines and Apparatus

Whoever removes alters defaces covers or destroys the manufacturer's serial number or any other manufacturer's number or distinguishing number or identification mark upon any machine or other apparatus except motor vehicles for the purpose of concealing or destroying the identity of any such machine or other apparatus or takes in his possession any such machine or apparatus from which the manufacturer's serial number or any other manufacturer's number or distinguishing number or identification mark has been removed altered defaced covered or destroyed for the purpose of concealing or destroying the identity of such machine or other apparatus knowing at the time of taking possession of such removal alteration defacement covering or destruction shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months or fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) or both

Section 851 Electric Storage Batteries

Whoever removes defaces alters or destroys the word "rental" or any other word mark or character printed painted or stamped upon or attached to any electric storage battery which has been so placed upon or attached to identify the same as belonging to or being the property of any other person or sells or disposes of to any person other than the owner thereof any electric storage battery marked as aforesaid for the purpose of identifying the said electric storage battery as belonging to or being the property of any other person or being engaged in buying selling or recharging electric storage batteries receives or retains in his possession or recharges except in cases of emergency any electric storage battery not owned by such person and marked as aforesaid for the purpose of identifying the said electric storage battery as belonging to or being the property of any other person or retains in his possession for a longer period than ten (10) days without the written consent of the owner any electric storage battery marked as aforesaid for the purpose of identifying the said electric storage battery as belonging to or being the property of any other person shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 852 Confession of Judgment to Defraud Creditors

Whoever with intent to defraud any creditor of himself or of any other person confesses or authorizes the confession of a judgment against himself or any person represented by him in favor of one not a bona fide creditor shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 83 Removing or Concealing Property to Defraud Creditors

Whoever with intent to defraud any creditor of himself or of any other person

(a) Removes any property out of any county

(b) Conceals any property from any officer or person duly entrusted with the execution of any writ

(c) Conveys or otherwise disposes of any property

(d) Receives purchases or otherwise acquires the property of another

(e) Is a party to any written agreement regarding any property

(f) Conceals any written instrument concerning any property

shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 854 Illegal Wearing of Uniforms and Insignia

Whoever without authority

(a) Wears or displays the uniform decoration insignia or other distinctive emblem of any branch of the armed forces of the United States or of any of the several states or of any association for the purpose of obtaining aid or profit or while soliciting contributions or subscriptions

(b) Wears an honorable discharge button issued or authorized by the United States

shall be imprisoned not exceeding six (6) months or fined not exceeding six hundred dollars ($600) or both

Section 855 Illegal Sale of Veterans' Flowers

Whoever without authority sells or offers for sale the labeled artificial flowers or any imitation thereof of any bona fide war veterans' organization or affiliate thereof shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days

Section 856 Illegal Dealing in Military Decorations

Whoever without authority purchases sells or offers for sale or accepts as a pledge or pawn any medal insignia or decoration granted by the United States for service in the armed forces shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 857 Fraud on Association Having Grand Lodge

Whoever without the authority of the grand lodge hereafter described

(a) Fraudulently uses in any manner the name or title of any secret fraternal association which has had a grand lodge having jurisdiction in this Commonwealth for at least ten years

(b) Imitates such name or title with intent to deceive

(c) Wears or uses any insigne of such association with intent to deceive

(d) Publishes or distributes in any manner any written or printed matter soliciting applications for membership in such secret fraternal association or any alleged association claiming to be known by such title or by a title in imitation or resemblance of such title

(e) Sells or gives or offers to sell or give any information as to how any alleged degree secret work or secret of such fraternal association or of any alleged association claiming to be known by such title or by a title in imitation or resemblance of such title may be obtained

shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ninety (90) days

Section 858 Unlawful Collection Practices

Whoever without being an attorney at law duly admitted to practice in any court of record in this Commonwealth

(a) Appears for or represents a creditor or other person in any proceeding or in any action or proceeding growing out of the appointment of a receiver or trustee or in connection with an assignment for the benefit of creditors presents any claim or votes on behalf of a creditor whether an assignee or transferee of such claim or by virtue of a proxy or otherwise or represents any creditor in any action or proceeding in any court or before any magistrate in this Commonwealth or solicits from any creditor any claim for any of the purposes above enumerated

(b) Offers to furnish legal services directly or indirectly or offers to render such services within or without this Commonwealth Provided however That the forwarding of such a claim to an attorney or attorneys at law for the purpose of collection shall not be construed as furnish-

(c) Represents or undertakes to render services for any ing legal service
of the affairs of such debtor whether such compromise debtor concerning the proposed settlement or adjustment ings or otherwise or demands asks for or receives any settlement or adjustment be made through legal proceed- compensation for services in connection with the settlement or collection of any claim except from the creditor for whom he has rendered lawful services

(d) Receives from or divides with an attorney any portion of any fee received by such attorney except in accordance with an established and recognized custom of division of commissions between a collection agency and an attorney at the commonly accepted rate

(e) Coerces or intimidates any debtor by delivering or mailing any paper or document simulating or intended to simulate a summons warrant writ or court process as a means for the collection of a claim which threatens legal proceedings or resorts to vexatious practices against any debtor except that no person is prohibited from advising a debtor that the claim if not paid will be referred to an attorney or attorneys

shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or both

Section 859 Fraudulent Traffic in Food Orders

Whoever furnishes or delivers

(a) Anything other than food in exchange for a food order issued by or under the authority of any public relief or assistance agency

(b) Food to any person other than the original recipient of any such food order

(c) Food in quantities or for prices other than those itemized in any such food order at the time the food is furnished or delivered

shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Article IX

Offenses Against Real Property and Malicious Mischief

Section 901 Burglary

Whoever at any time unlawfully and wilfully breaks into or enters any dwelling house with intent to commit a felony therein is guilty of burglary and shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both

Section 902 Felonious Entry

Whoever at any time unlawfully and wilfully breaks into or enters any vehicle or any building other than a dwelling house with intent to commit a felony therein shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 903 Possession of Burglary Tools

Whoever has in his possession any tool instrument or any material with intent to use the same to commit a burglary or a felonious entry shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 904 Arson

Whoever wilfully and maliciously sets fire to or burns any dwelling house or other building or structure in which human beings are or usually are present whether the property of himself or of another is guilty of arson and shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or both

Section 905 Criminal Burning

Whoever wilfully and maliciously sets fire to or burns any building or structure other than those set forth in the section in this act defining arson whether the property of himself or of another shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 906 Burning of Personal Property

Whoever sets fire to or burns any personal property

(a) Of another maliciously and without the consent of the owner

(b) Of himself or another wilfully and with intent to defraud

shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 907 Malicious Mischief

Whoever wilfully and maliciously tampers meddles or interferes with or obstructs diverts removes injures destroys or damages in any manner or by any means

(a) Any property used by any transportation company in the performance of its transportation functions

(b) Any mine or subterranean or surface property or equipment used in connection with any mine or mining operation

(c) Any river stream or stream bed canal or other water course or the banks towpaths or towtracks adjacent thereto or dam or other device used to control the flow of water therein

(d) Any property used in furnishing any public utility service

(e) Any fire-fighting apparatus or equipment or part of any fire alarm system

(f) Any property used in broadcasting by an radio television or facsimile broadcast station or studio

(g) Any property belonging to another not specifically listed in clause (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) or (f)

shall where the crime involves property listed in clause (a) be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both and where the crime involves property listed in clause (b) (c) (d) (e) or (f) be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both and where the crime involves property listed in clause (g) be imprisoned not exceednig two (2) years or fines not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 908 Malicious Mischief by Explosives

Whoever wilfully and maliciously by the explosion of any substance does bodily harm to any person or destroys or damages any property shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 909 Malicious Mischief Involving Signs Public Notices etc

Whoever

(a) Damages mutilates defaces destroys removes covers up or obliterates any advertising bill notice placard sign or poster of another wilfully maliciously and without the consent of the owner

(b) Unlawfully posts paints or attaches any advertising bill notice placard sign or poster upon any public property or upon any private property without the consent of the owner thereof

shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars ($300) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) months

Section 910 Retention of Library Property after Notice to Return

Whoever retains any book or other property belonging in or to or on deposit with the State Library or any free public library which is established or maintained under any law of this Commonwealth or any public school library or the library of any university college or educational institution chartered by this Commonwealth or any branch reading room deposit station or agency operated in connection therewith for a period exceeding thirty (30) days after such library has given written notice to return the same shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding ten dollars ($10) to be paid over by the magistrate imposing such fine to the library instituting the prosecution and costs of prosecution Any person in default of payment of such fine and costs shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days

Such notice may be given by personal service upon the

borrower or by the mailing of a registered letter to the borrower's address on file with said library The notice shall recite this section and shall contain a demand that the property be returned

Section 911 Violation of Rules Governing State Property

Whoever wilfully negligently or maliciously violates any of the lawfully promulgated rules made for the administration of State property by any department or commission of this Commonwealth shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

No conviction shall be had for any act committed in violation of this section unless it shall affirmatively appear that copies of such rules or notices were at the time of such act posted in upon or about said property

Section 912 Converted Trees or Lumber Thereof

Whoever purchases or receives any tree or shrub knowing the same to have been cut or removed without the consent of the owner thereof under circumstances not amounting to larceny or purchases or receives any logs boards shingles or other lumber knowing that the same has been made from a tree so cut or removed shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding ne hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days

Section 913 Trespass Upon Posted Land

Whoever wilfully enters upon any land which the owner lessee or occupant has caused to be prominently posted with printed notices that the said land is private property and warning all persons from trespassing thereon under the penalties provided in this section shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding ten dollars ($10) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days

Section 914 Trespassing on Grounds of State Institutions

Whoever wilfully trespasses upon the land or premises belonging or appurtenant to any State institution or whoever after notice from an officer or employe of any State institution to leave said land refuses to do so shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding ten dollars ($10) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) days

Section 915 Killing Maiming or Poisoning Domestic Animals etc

Whoever unlawfully and maliciously

(a) Kills maims or disfigures any domestic animal fowl or bird of another person

(b) Administers poison to any such animal fowl or bird

(c) Exposes any poisonous substance with intent that the same shall be taken or swallowed by any fowl bird or animal except mice rats moles and like pests

shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 916 Cruelty to Domestic Animals

Whoever wantonly or cruelly ill-treats overloads beats or otherwise abuses any animal whether belonging to himself or another or abandons any maimed sick infirm or disabled animal or keeps or uses or in any way is connected with or interested in the management of or receives money for the admission of any person to any place kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any bull bear dog cock or other creature or encourages aids or assists therein or permits or suffers any place to be so kept or used shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding for the first offense be fined not exceeding twenty dollars ($20) and for the second offense and every subsequent offense shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifty (50) days

Any prosecution for the violation of this section may be instituted by an incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals and any fine collected in a proceeding so instituted shall be paid over to such society

Whenever any person is arrested and charged with a violation of this section the person taking him into custody may take charge of the animal and of any vehicle used in connection therewith and deposit the same in some safe place of custody and upon conviction of any such person the necessary expenses which may be incurred for taking charge of and keeping such animal or vehicle shall be a lien thereon and shall be paid before either said animal or vehicle can lawfully be recovered or the said expenses or any part thereof remaining unpaid may be recovered by the person incurring the same fro mthe owner of said creature in any section therefor

Section 917 Selling or Using Disabled Horse

Whoever sells or offers for sale any horse which by reason of debility disease or lameness or for other cause could not be worked without violating the laws against cruelty to animals or leads rides or drives any such horse for any purpose except that of conveying the animal to a proper place for its humane keeping or killing or for medical or surgical treatment shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding one hundred (100) days

Any prosecution for the violation of this section may be instituted by an incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals and any fine collected in a proceeding so instituted shall be paid over to such society.

Section 918 Hours of Labor of Animals

Whoever leads drives rides or works or causes or permits any other person to lead drive ride or work any domestic animal for more than fifteen (15) hours in any twenty-four (24) hour period or for more than ninety (90) hours in any one week shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding fifty dollars ($50) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding fifty (50) days

Any prosecution for the violation of this section may be instituted by an incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals and any fine collected in a proceeding so instituted shall be paid over to such society

Section 919 Cruelty to Cow to Enhance Appearance of Udder

Whoever kneads or beats or pads the udder of any cow or wilfully allows it to go unmilked for a period of twenty-four (24) hours or more for the purpose of enhancing the appearance or size of the udder of said cow or by a muzzle or any other device prevents its calf if less than six weeks old from obtaining nourishment and thereby relieving the udder of said cow for a period of twenty-four (24) hours shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be fined not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty-five (25) days

Section 920 Cropping Ears of Dog

Whoever crops the whole or part of the ear of a dog or shows or exhibits any dog whose ear is cropped unless such person has in his possession a certificate of a duly licensed veterinarian stating that such cropping was necessary for the health of the dog shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding for the first offense be fined not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty-five (25) days and for a second or subsequent offsense shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and in default of payment thereof shall be imprisoned not exceeding sixty 60) days

Section 921 Seizure and Sale of Animals Kept for Baiting or fighting

Any agent of an incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals shall have power to seize any bull bear dog cock or other creature kept used or intended to be used for the purpose of fighting or baiting and to sell the same for the benefit of said society When any such seizure is made the creature so seized shall not be deemed absolutely forfeited but shall be held by the

agent seizing the same until a conviction of some person is first obtained for keeping or using or being connected with or interested in the management of any place used for any such purpose where the creature so seized shall have been found on the premises which are the subject of the complaint charging such offense The agent making such seizure shall make due return to the magistrate before whom such complaint is heard of the number and kind of creatures so seized by him and it shall be the duty of the magistrate hearing the complaint in case of a conviction to make the forfeiture of such creatures seized a part of the sentence

Section 922 Power to Make Arrests in Cruelty-to-Animal Cases

Any peace officer or any agent of an incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals may arrest upon view for any violation under section nine hundred fifteen (915) to nine hundred twenty-one (921) inclusive of this act and any such peace officer or agent may also arrest on warrant duly issued according to law for any such violation

Article X

Offenses Again the Coin and Forgery

Section 1001 Counterfeiting or Debasing Coinage

Whoever with respect to the coinage in use as money within this Commonwealth and with intent to defraud

(a) Counterfeits the same

(b) Debases a genuine coin by defacing impairing or diminishing it

(c) Traffics in or brings into this Commonwealth any coin knowing the same to be counterfeit or debased

(d) Utters or has in his possession with intent to utter any coin known by him to be counterfeit or debased

shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 1002 Making or Issuing Unauthorized Currency

Whoever makes or issues any note bill check ticket or order intended to be used as currency which is not authorized by law shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 1003 Forging or Counterfeiting Written Instruments

Whoever with intent to defraud

(a) Forges counterfeits or alters any written instruments of apparent legal efficacy

(b) Utters or has in his possession such intrument knowing the same to be forged counterfeit or altered

(c) Is concerned in the doing of any of the acts prohibited and made criminal by this section

shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten (10) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both

Section 1004 Making or Possession Counterfeiting Tools and Material

Whoever sells makes prepares or repairs or has in his possession any tool instrument implement machine or material with intent that the same shall be used by himself or another in forging altering counterfeiting or debasing any written instrument of apparent legal efficacy or any of the coinage in use as money in this Commonwealth shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Section 1005 Advertising Counterfeited or Forged Matter

Whoever writes prints publishes or distributes or has in his possession with intent that it be published or distributed any written or printed matter

(a) Advertising or offering to furnish or procure any counterfeited forged or debased coin token or written instrument of apparent legal efficacy

(b) Giving or purporting or offering to give information where how of whom or by what means any of the aforesaid may be procured with knowledge that any such is counterfeit forged or debased

shall be imprisoned not exceeding two (2) years or fined not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2000) or both

Section 1006 Tampering with Public Records

Whoever with intent to defraud destroys forges defaces alters falsifies secrets or carries away any minute document or record of any public office shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both If such offense be committed by a public officer it shall constitute misbehavior in office as provided for in the Constitution of this Commonwealth and as a part of the judgment of the court such officer shall upon conviction be removed from office and the office declared vacant

Section 1007 Forging Telegrams

Whoever with intent to deceive injure or defraud sends or delivers any false or forged telegram knowing the same to be false or forged shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 1008 Forging Brands

Whoever with intent to defraud counterfeits impresses alters conceals defaces or erases the trademark mark brand or stamp on any article or container shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 1009 Possession of Forged abels etc

Whoever has in his possession or custody any stamp wrapper or label or any die plate or engraving from which such stamp wrapper or label may be made with intent to defraud by aiding in any way whatever the selling of goods as the goods of another shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 1010 Selling Goods with Forged Labels

Whoever sells any goods having thereon any forged or counterfeited stamp mark wrapper or label of another knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Section 1011 Fraudulent Acknowledgment of Instruments

Whoever fraudulently and corruptly acknowledges or procures to be acknowledged any deed or any writing authorized to be acknowledged or any recognizance or judgment in the name of any other person not privy thereto or consenting to the same shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Article XI

General Provisions

Section 1101 Common Law and Other Offense Preserved

All conduct which is now criminal by either the common law or a statute of this Commonwealth not repealed by this act and not specifically provided for in this act shall continue to be criminal Whoever is convicted of a common law offense shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 1102 Civil Rights and Remedies Preserved

The provisions of this act shall not affect any civil rights or remedies now existing by virtue of the common or statute law

Section 1103 Civil Penalties not Affected

The omission to specify or affirm in this act any liability to damages penalty forfeiture or other remedy imposed by law and allowed to be recovered or enforced in any civil action or proceeding for any act or omission declared punishable herein shall not affect any right to recover or enforce the same

Section 1104 Penal Acts Strictly Pursued

In all cases where a remedy is provided or duty enjoined or any thing directed to be done by the penal provisions of any act of Assembly the direction of said act shall be strictly pursued and no penalty shall be inflicted or anything done agreeably to the provisions of the com-

mon law in such cases further than shall be necessary for carrying such act into effect

Section 1105 Principals in the Second Degree and Accessories Aiders and Abettors

Whoever aids abets counsels commands causes procures or is concerned in the commission of a crime may be charged indicted tried and convicted as a principal and unless another punishment is expressly provided by law punished in all respects as if he had actually committed the criminal act

Section 1106 Accessories After the Fact

Whoever knowing that a felony other than murder has been committed by another unlawfully receives relieves comforts or assists him in order to hinder or prevent his apprehension trial conviction sentence or punishment shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or fined not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5000) or both

Whoever is guilty of the crime defined by this section may be indicted tried convicted and sentenced for it whether or not the person committing the felony has been previously convicted or in amenable to justice

Section 1107 Accessories After the Fact in Murder

Whoever knowing that the crime of murder has been committed by another unlawfully receives relieves comforts or assist him in order to hinder or prevent his apprehension trial conviction sentence or punishment shall be imprisoned not exceeding twelve (12) years or fined not exceeding twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or both

Section 1108 Attempts to Commit Crime

Whoever attempts to commit a crime shall be guilty of a crime and shall be

(a) Imprisoned not exceeding twenty (20) years or fined not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or both if the crime which he attempted is punishable by death or imprisonment for life

(b) Imprisoned not exceeding one-half or fined not exceeding one-half or both of the maximum imprisonment and fine prescribed by law for the crime attempted except where the punishment for such attempt is specifically provided for by law

Upon the trial of any person charged with a crime the jury may convict the accused either of the crime charged or of an attempt to commit the same as the evidence may warrant

Section 1109 Solicitation

Whoever solicits another to commit a crime if such solicitation is not otherwise specifically punishable by law shall be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000) or both

Whoever is convicted of solicitation to commit the crime of perjury in addition to the penalties herein prescribed shall be disqualified thereafter from being a witness

Section 1110 Conspiracy

Whoever conspires with another person to do an unlawful act shall be imprisoned not exceeding three (3) years or fined not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3000) or both

Section 1111 Sentences

Imprisonment at separate or solitary confinement at hard labor and all modified forms thereof the hereby abolished and all sentences to imprisonment for any offense shall specify imprisonment only notwithstanding the provisions of any act prescribing any form of imprisonment hereby abolished

Any crime punishable by imprisonment by two (2) or more years shall be deemed a crime punishable by imprisonment in a state penitentiary and the sentence imposed for any such crime may be to a state penitentiary In all other respects sentence shall be imposed in the manner now or hereafter provided by law

Section 1112 Restitution

On all convictions for any crime wherein property has been stolen converted or otherwise unlawfully obtained in addition to the punishment prescribed therefor the defendant may be sentenced to restore such property to the owner thereof and in default of such restitution to pay the value of the same or so much thereof as may be restored The court shall have the power in adjudging restitution as aforesaid to fix and determine the amount to be paid in accordance with the evidence presented but no judgment of restitution shall debar the owner of his right by appropriate legal action to recover from the defendant the said property or the true value thereof less such payments as shall have been actually made by the defendant in compliance therewith

Section 1113 Second and Subsequent Offenses

(a) Second and Third Offenses

Whoever after having been convicted within or without this Commonwealth of the crime or attemp to commit the crime of treason murder voluntary manslaughter sodomy rape burglary felonious entry robbery arson kidnapping sale of narcotics perjury abortion inducing and fostering prostitution forced marriage and incest or any crime committed or attempted to be committed through the instrumentality of or with the aid of a deadly weapon or gunpowder or other explosive substance or corrosive fluid may upon conviction of any such crimes for a second offense committed within five (5) years after the conviction for the first offense or subsequent offense committed within five (5) years after the conviction for the second offense be sentenced to imprisonment for a term the maximum of which shall not be more than twice the longest term prescribed upon a first conviction of the crime in question

(b) Fourth Offenders

Whoever after having been three (3) times convicted within or without this Commonwealth of any of the crimes enumerated in subsection (a) of this section again commits any such crime within five (5) years after the third conviction may be sentenced in the discretion of the judge trying the case to imprisonment in a State penitentiary for the term of his natural life

(c) Computation of Period Between Convictions

In computing the period of time between convictions as provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section any period of servitude by a person in a penal institution within or without this Commonwealth shall not be included in the computation of any of said five-year periods It is hereby declared that the intent of said subsections is that said five-year periods shall run only during the time any such person shall be at liberty

(d) Accusation of Previous Convictions Procedure

If at any time within two (2) years either after conviction or sentence it shall appear that a person convicted of any of the crimes set forth in subsection (a) of this section has previously been convicted of any such crimes one (1) or more times it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the county in which the last conviction was had to file a complaint accusing the said person of having violated the provisions of and being amenable to the punishment provided for in subsection (a) or (b) hereof as the case may be and to serve a copy of such information upon the defendant thirty (30) days before taking any further proceedings in court as hereinafter set forth Thereupon the court in which the last conviction was had shall cause the said person whether confined in prison penitentiary or otherwise to be brought before it and shall inform him of the allegations contained in such complaint and of his right to be tried as to the truth thereof according to law and shall require such offenders to say whether he is the same person as charged in such complaint or not If he says he is not the same person or refuses to answer or remains silent his plea or the fact of his silence shall be entered on record and a jury shall be empanelled to inquire whether the offender is the same person mentioned in the several records as set forth in such complaint. If the jury finds that he is the same person or if he acknowledges or confesses in open court after being duly cautioned as to his rights that he is the same person the court may sentence him to imprisonment as prescribed in subsection (a) or (b) of this section and shall vacate any previous sentence notwithstanding that

the term of court in which the last sentence was imposed may have expired Such sentence shall be reviewable on appeal by the Supreme or Superior Courts not only as to alleged legal errors but also as to the justice thereof Where any such defendant is indigent the costs of appeal together with reasonable counsel fee shall be paid by the Commonwealth Whenever it shall become known to any warden or prison probation parole or police officer or other peace officer that any person charged with or convicted of crime has been previously convicted within the meaning of this section it shall become his duty forthwith to report the facts to the said district attorney

(e) Formal Indictment and Conviction Unnecessary

A person need not be formally indicted and convicted as a previous offender in order to be sentenced under this section

Article XII

Acts of Assembly Repealed

Section 1201 Repeals

Except as herein provided the following acts and parts of acts and their amendments are hereby repealed absolutely

Section eighteen of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 587) entitled as amended "An act to protect the public health by regulating and licensing the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat-food products and poultry and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto" The act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1364) entitled as amended "An act prohibiting the use of counterfeit or spurious coins in automatic instruments or machines and of other fraudulent methods and artifices to procure the operation of such instruments or machines and providing penalties"

The act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth"

The act approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 184) entitled "An act to prohibit the unlawful wearing of uniforms of the armed forces or branches thereof and imposing penalties for violation thereof"

Section two of the act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 426) entitled "An act to authorize certain persons to take affidavits and acknowledgments in connection with the administration of the affairs of veterans and their dependents making certain offenses punishable as perjury and imposing penalties"

Section eight of the act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 577) entitled "An act for the prevention control and cure of venereal diseases by requiring certain persons to submit to physical examination and blood tests providing for the treatment of certain persons requiring reports to be made to the State Department of Health imposing duties upon and authorizing and directing the Secretary of Health to make rules and regulations and to disseminate certain information regulating the advertisement and restricting the sale of certain drugs and remedies and imposing penalties"

All other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed except insofar as the same (a) relate to the jurisdiction to indict and try offenses or (b) fix the limitations of time within which persons charged with offenses may be indicted or (c) relate to evidence or the competency of witnesses or (d) relate to searches and seizure or (e) relate to the return of transcripts of cases or (f) relate to the form of contents of indictments

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle.	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach.	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson.	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley.	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling.		Rovansek,	Sorg,
			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, as follows:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish particularly shad and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation

Whereas prior to the construction of the Safe Harbor Dam the Holtwood Dam and the Conwingo Dam on the

lower Susquehanna River shad fishing was an important industry in Pennsylvania and

Whereas the shad industry is now virtually extinct in Pennsylvania and

Whereas the diversification of economic activity in Pennsylvania is of the utmost importance in connection with the stabilization of the Commonwealth's economy and

Whereas the Congress of the United States has authorized a study of shad and has offered to cooperate with Pennsylvania and to share the cost of a joint effort in determining the factors relevant in the migration of shad in the Susquehanna and its tributaries

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Joint State Government Commission hereinatfer termed "Commission" is hereby authorized and directed to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish particularly shad including the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam the Holtwood Dam and the Conwingo Dam

Section 2 The Commission is hereby authorized to invite and accept from the federal government cooperation and financial aid in connection with the study authorized and directed in Section 1

Section 3 The Commission is directed to report the results of the study hereby authorized and directed to the next regular session of the General Assembly

Section 4 The sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Commission for the purposes of the study as determined by the Commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 228, as follows:

An Act to amend section 733 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" by providing for an alternate procedure in desertion and nonsupport cases

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 733 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 733 Desertion and Nonsupport If any husband or father being within the limits of this Commonwealth separates himself from his wife or from his children or from wife and children without reasonable cause or neglects to maintain his wife or children (1) his wife or children may file a petition prepared by the district attorney and joined in and consented to by the husband or father in the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the wife or children reside or in the county wherein the desertion or failure to maintain took place setting forth the facts relating to the separation from or neglect to maintain his wife or children or both whereupon the court or any judge thereof in chambers shall enter an order fixing a time and place for hearing or (2) any magistrate upon information made before him under oath or affirmation by his wife or children or either of them or by any person may issue his warrant for the arrest of the person against whom the information shall have been made and bind him over with one sufficient surety to appear at the court of quarter sessions or other court having jurisdiction there to answer the said charge of desertion

The said court after hearing in a summary proceeding may order the person against whom complaint has been made or petition filed being of sufficient ability to pay such sum as said court shall think reasonable and proper for the comfortable support and maintenance of the said wife or children or both and to commit such person to prison there to remain until he shall comply with such order or give security by one or more sureties to the Commonwealth and in such sum as the court shall direct for the compliance therewith The court may also issue the appropriate writ of execution against any property real or personal belonging to the defendant and its writ of attachment execution against any money or property to which he may be in any way entitled whether under what is known as a spendthrift trust or otherwise which shall not exceed fifty per centum thereof and shall remain a continuing levy until the order has been paid in full with costs The person against whom

an order is made shall not be entitled to the benefits of any exemption law now in force or hereafter passed

The provisions of this section shall apply to any trust whether it is known as a spendthrift trust or otherwise whether such trust was created or came into existence before or after the passage of this act When an attachment execution is issued the further proceedings thereon shall be in the manner provided in the case of foreign attachments

Any wife so deserted shall be a competent witness on the part of the Commonwealth and the husband shall also be a competent witness

Should any such person abscond remove or be found in any other county of the Commonwealth than the one in which said warrant issued he may be arrested by the said warrant being backed by any magistrate of the county in which such person may be found

Whenever the court of quarter sessions of any county in the Commonwealth commits the person complained of to the county prison there to remain until he complies with their order or give security etc the court may at any time after three (3) months if it shall be satisfied of the inability of such person to comply with the said order and give such security to discharge him from imprisonment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Banker,	Greer,	McCullough,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Scott,
Beech,	Hall,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Harney,	Mihm,	Smith,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bolton,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Conway,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Light,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Limper,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,	Mazza,	Royer,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate a sponsor of the bill.

The SPEAKER. In the absence of Mr. Gibson, will the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BRETH. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, may I ask the gentleman from Clearfield what are the duties of a fish warden?

Mr. BRETH. The duties of a fish warden are principally to enforce the fish laws of the Commonwealth.

Mr. LOVETT. Does the gentleman feel that the additional protection that is asked for here is in line with the fish laws of Pennsylvania?

Mr. BRETH. I certainly do.

Mr. LOVETT. Does the gentleman have any sportsmen's organizations that have asked the passage of this particular bill?

Mr. BRETH. I have.

Mr. LOVETT. Would the gentleman mind telling the House what sportsmen's organizations throughout the State have asked for the passage of this bill?

Mr. BRETH. In reply to the gentleman, I have a letter here from the President of the Isaac Walton league of Pennsylvania wherein he says various things, but principally I think this will clear the matter up as far as this bill is concerned. He says:

> "I am glad to know that people are becoming more conscious of this situation where our 'would-be' sportsmen are taking advantage of the land owners."
>
> "Only last year eighty-five farmers on one stream of water in Greene County posted their farms to hunters and fishermen because of the . . . . lack of proper protection in that stream."

That is a letter from R. Stanley Smith, President of the Pennsylvania Division of the State Isaac Walton league.

In addition to that, just this morning I received several telegrams from Westmoreland County in particular. One of them is from the President of the Westmoreland County

unit which says "Please support House Bill 238, defeat 306."

House Bill 238 is the bill under debate. 306 is the firearms registration bill which sportsmen are opposing.

The Secretary of the Westmoreland County Sportsmen's League, Gilbert Webber King says "This organization supports the enactment of House Bill 238 into law." The delegation of Westmoreland County Sportsmen's Association, Mr. Moyer of Greensburg says "House Bill 238 should be passed." There are other communications I received from various sections and there are other communications I don't have at hand, but I think those two might influence my friend.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, I am not asking the gentleman to influence me in any way. I just wanted to know what Sportsmen's organizations were really supporting this piece of legislation.

Now he mentioned the Sportsmen's organization of Westmoreland County, which is my County and he said he received a telegram this morning. I would like to know from the gentleman whether or not since yesterday he contacted the Westmoreland County Sportsmen's organization in order to get that telegram this morning.

Mr. BRETH. I have, Mr. Speaker.

As the Members of the House know, I asked for leave of absence last week to attend the International Wildlife Conference in Milwaukee and I was absent from the House when my good friends on the Fish Committee held a meeting, discussed this particular bill and released it; it had their approval. I was not here at that time.

I did not think that this bill would come out so quickly, nor that it would receive the sentiment and the backing of so many individuals, not only in the House but in the state among the sportsmen's group. When I came back yesterday the bill had been okayed, as I understand it, by the caucuses of both sides of this House and was up for final passage.

I talked to my friend Jim Lovett from Westmoreland County and he raised a few minor objections or major objections which ever way you want to look at them, to this bill. He asked me as we talked it over yesterday whether or not I had heard from the Westmoreland County Sportsmen's organization. I said I had not, so when I went home last night I called several of them on the telephone and they said they knew of the bill, what they intended to do, but that they had not taken any action on it. I asked them would they please wire me today what their sentiments were, and they have done so. That is the entire story.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman feel that the Westmoreland County Sportsmen's Association has got into touch with the small groups throughout this County, the sportsmen's clubs and had this legislation brought before those groups in order to have their approval or disapproval of this legislation?

Mr. BRETH. Mr. Speaker, most county sportsmen's organizations operate the same. In other words sometimes they meet once a month sometimes every two months, sometimes every three months. But like any organization, they elect officers who are familiar with the situation, familiar with most of their desires. There is no suspicion on the part of any member of the club to put anything over on them or that their officers will do anything to take away any of the rights and liberties regarding game and fish laws. They more or less trust them, particularly in this matter. I will repeat what I told Mr. Moyer, I said, this is up for a third reading and final passage in the House. There is no attempt to railroad it. It is just a normal process and if we are not ready that is not the final action that will be taken on this bill. If the bill passes this House it will go to the Senate, where it has to go into committee, come out of committee and if there is any attempt or misinformation given out to put this bill across it can certainly be taken care of later on. In other words this is not final action on this bill.

Mr. LOVETT. Mr. Speaker, I think the gentleman.

I feel that this particular bill takes in a lot of territory, and I am not of the opinion that the Members of the House of Representatives should pass legislation on the grounds that it will go over to the Senate and the Senate will have the right to amend or defeat or do what they like with a particular bill. This House should give consideration to legislation before it is passed on to the Senate.

My honest opinion of this piece of legislation is that it is increasing the power of the fish warden to the extent that he would be an officer-at-large in the state of Pennsylvania to arrest without warrant. This bill does not only apply to men who carry fishing license or hunter's license. This applies to the general public throughout the state. If you should happen to go out on a picnic leave some papers or something along the stream somewhere, the warden would have a perfect right to come along and arrest you for leaving rubbish along the stream. Now these things are always passed on with very good intentions to catch the fellow that is breaking the laws and causing disturbance throughout the State. That is not always what happens because the fellow who is an habitual law breaker is very careful; he will break the law when the fish warden or any other officer is not around. It is the poor innocent fellow that they catch with this type of legislation.

I say to you that it has come to the stage again that if we are going to give police authority to the fish warden, the game warden and every other warden that we see fit, we will soon find ourselves in a police state and will not be able to turn around that there is not some officer there to arrest us. For that reason I think that this House should give some consideration to this legislation. I personally could not vote for this kind of legislation.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BRETH. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, if on a sunny day I happen to be sitting beside a limpid stream with a bottle of amber fluid in my hand and while I am contemplating the glories of nature the bottle happens to slip out of my hand into the stream, would I become liable for a ten dollar fine if some fish warden happened to come along and see the fall?

Mr. BRETH. Mr. Andrews I have two answers to that.

Mr. ANDREWS. I only want one answer, the right answer. I want the gentleman to tell the truth?

Mr. BRETH. The fish warden would arrest you, Mr. Andrews but not under this law. He would arrest you

and take you to the Sanitary Water Board for polluting the creek.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would request the gentleman from Clearfield to address his remarks to the Chair.

Mr. BRETH. Thank you Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman has not answered the question and will the gentleman please give me the privilege to finish the interrogation?

Page 3, line 10 says "leaving garbage, bottles, cans, rubbish or any other type of debris in or along streams or adjacent lands" and I asked him specifically whether if a bottle fell out of my hand into the stream and a fish warden imagined that I had thrown it into the stream, could he arrest me without a warrant and fine me ten dollars? I would like an answer to that question.

Mr. BRETH. Mr. Speaker, I think he could, under the law, if he so desired. The answer to that question, Mr. Speaker, can be found in practically every law we have in the state governing the rights and actions of individuals. Technically, under the highway laws, if any driver of an automobile were followed for a half a mile or a mile, a state policemen could probably arrest him for half a dozen things, and the same is true of this bill. Now, Mr. Speaker, this bill is not a — —

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I still have the floor and I only interrogated the gentleman. I didn't invite him to make an address. I conclude that the gentleman has answered my question and I thank him.

This is more than a facetious situation. The gentleman has admitted if for any reason: carelessness or because my pastor came along and I had a bottle of beer and I wanted to get rid of it and threw it into the stream, or for any other reason, a prowling fish warden could arrest me for tossing that bottle into the stream, and arrest me without a warrant, and fine me ten dollars.

As the gentleman from Westmoreland has correctly pointed out, this is not a matter that concerns just the people that fish; it concerns everybody that takes children out into the wilds on a Sunday afternoon outing or a weekday outing and the children leave debris around and a fish warden comes along he can operate under this act.

I say that the property owner should have some redress for any damage to his property, but that you should give the fish warden the broad powers that are given under this bill, jurisdiction over every Sunday party that goes out into the country, that it is not in line with correct legislation. For once having started out with a difference of opinion from the gentleman from Westmoreland, he has converted me to his point of view, and I consider this dangerous legislation.

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Clearfield permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BRETH. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ROSE. Is the gentleman familiar with the doctrine of law known as the doctrine of "hot pursuit."

Mr. BRETH. Not being a lawyer, no.

Mr. ROSE. I note by line 7, on page 3 that the fish warden would be permitted to arrest someone "in pursuit." Would he be enabled to go, under the terms of this provision, back to the home of an individual who left debris on the banks of a stream and arrest him without a warrant?

Mr. BRETH. That question I cannot answer. This bill was prepared in the Legislative Reference Bureau. The Bureau was told the aims of the bill or what the bill should aim at, and as far as knowing whether a fish warden could chase you in your automobile and follow you into your house, I do not know.

Mr. ROSE. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker I find myself in a position where I have to differ from my friend from Clearfield and join with the gentleman from Westmoreland and the gentleman from Cambria in opposing this measure.

While in my own district there are very few people who engage in fishing, I think we would be setting a bad precedent, in passing this measure, to allow any official such broad power. It would certainly be treading upon the civil rights of a large number of our citizenry if we permit the arrest of individuals without warrants on such minor offenses. To give them such extreme powers would I think, be going far on the road toward what the gentleman from Westmoreland refers to as a police state. For that reason I am going to oppose this measure.

The SPEAKER. The chair would inquire of the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth, whether he is aware of the temporary absence of the co-sponsor of this measure from the Hall?

Mr. BRETH. I am, Mr. Speaker, I would be willing to pass over this bill temporarily or delay it for a little while.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inquire of the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Breth, if the desires to make a motion to place the bill on the Final Passage postponed calendar.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. BRETH. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the principal sponsor, I move that this bill be placed on the final passage postponed calendar.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. ANDREWS. We will not oppose that motion provided the bill is not called up today. He will not dare call it up tomorrow because he knows what will happen to it if it does.

Mr. BRETH. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the principal sponsor of this measure, I made that motion, but I didn't make it to back out because there are many, many reasons why this bill should be approved. In other words, I am placed in a very peculiar position. I would not want the impact of what has been said to be the final impact in having the Members of this House make up their mind as to how they wish to vote. I would like to personally request every Member to please keep his mind open on this particular bill because it is a most excellent bill and one that has been needed for a long time.

The SPEAKER. Does the Chair understand also that it is agreeable to the gentleman, Mr. Breth, in accordance with the request of the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, that if the bill is placed on the final passage postponed calendar it will not be called up today.

Mr. BRETH. That is right, Mr. Speaker.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading consideration of House Bill No. 247, as follows:

An Act to amend the title and the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include certain adults and empowering the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of certain contracts and validating the actions of minor spouses of such adults in heretofore joining in the execution of any such contracts under certain conditions

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Ace of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and sawing and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless therein" is hereby amended to read as follows.

AN ACT

Authorizing and empowering certain persons including minors seventeen years of age or older to contract for and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and the minor spouses of such persons to join in the execution of Such contracts prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein

Section 2 Section 1 of said act amended by the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1096) is hereby further amended to read as follows.

Section 1 Any person including a minor who is at least seventeen years of age [and] who is eligible for guaranty or insurance of a loan pursuant to the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944' as amended and supplemented is hereby authorized and empowered nothwithstanding such minority if it exists to enter into any contract in this Commonwealth for any loan or loans guaranteed by the United States or any agency in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress as amended and supplemented and the rules and regulations promulgated from time to time pursuant thereto or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and [such minor] any such person is also authorized and empowered to execute and acknowledge all documents deeds mortgages and other or similar papers of any such [minor] persons irrespective of age is hereby authorized and empowered nothwithstanding such minority to join in the execution of any such contract In the event such a [minor] person obtains such a loan or loans neither he nor his minor spouse despite any law or decision of any court to the contrary shall be permitted to avoid the contract of such loan or loans because of his or her age nor shall he or she be permitted to interpose the defense that he or she is a minor in any action or actions based upon such contract or contracts or arising out of any loan or loans authorized herein nor shall the parent or parents or guardian or guardians or trustee or trustees of any such minor be liable in any way whatsoever because of or on account of such contract or contracts or loans which may be entered into or joined in by such minor pursuant hereto unless expressly a party thereto

Section 3 Whenever heretofore any minor spouse of any person eligible for guaranty of insurance of a loan pursuant to the act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" and its amendments and supplements has joined in the execution of any such contract loan or other papers necessary and incidents thereto such joinder is hereby validated for all purposes subject to the prohibition that no such contract or loan may be avoided nor may the defense of minority be interposed as a defense in any action based on any such contract or arising out of any such loan.

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immedilately upon final enactment.

And said bill have been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreebly to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS 203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	**Royer,**
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	**Sarraf,**
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	**Sax,**
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	**Scott,**
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	**Seyler,**
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	**Snider,**
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	**Tompkins,**
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	**Varner,**
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	**Wachhaus,**
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	**Yeakel,**
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	**Yetzer,**
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg,
			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, as follows:

An act providing for the reception as evidence of certification of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 The certification of a duly authorized representative of any administrative department board or commission attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual as shown by the required official records shall be received as evidence in all courts in this Commonwealth in the trial of any case.

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideraiton of House Bill No. 459, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by including additional items in "overhead cost per pupil" for the purpose of reimbursement between school districts.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 2561 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" as amended in part by the act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1365) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2561 Tuition Charges for Pupils of Other Districts A school district or vocational school district receiving elementary or high school pupils or vocational or other extension education pupils who are residents of another school district or another vocational school district shall compute the tuition charges as follows

(1) General Add the salaries of secretaries treasurers auditors superintendents the cost of library books the salaries of librarians lectures heal medical nurse and dental services the wages of jaintors and other comparable employes the cost of fuel water light and power telephone rentals and tolls the cost of maintenance of school plant including ordinary repairs but not including alterations or remodeling the cost of care of school grounds premiums on fire and workmen's compensation insurance the cost of attendance at teachers' institutes and the district's contribution to the retirement fund on behalf of the above listed employes and divide the sume so obtained by the total number of pupils in average daily membership in the receiving district's public schools The quoitient so obtained shall be designated the "overhead cost per pupil"

(2) Elementary Tuition Charge Add the salaries of supervisors principal clerks assistants and teachers employed in the receiving district's elementary schools the district's contribution to the retirement fund on behalf of teachers supervisors and principals employed in the district's elementary schools the cost of textbooks and supplies of the second class used in the district's elementary schools and divide the sum so obtained by the total number of pupils in average daily membership in the receiving district's elementary schools The quotient so obtained shall be designated as the "instruction cost per elementary pupil" Add to the instruction cost per elementary pupil the overhead cost per pupil and a rental charge of eight dollars ($8) per pupil for the use of the receiving district's school plant Deduct from the amount so obtained the per pupil State appropriation on account of elementary

school teaching units The cost so determined shall be the "tuition charge per elementary pupil"

(3) High School Tuition Charge Add the salaries of supervisors principals clerks assistants and teachers employed in the receiving district's high schools the district's contribution to the retirement fund on behalf of teachers supervisors and principals employed in the district's high schools the cost of textbooks and supplies of the second class used in the district's high schools and divide the sum so obtained by the total number of pupils in average daily membership in the receiving district's high schools The quotient so obtained shall be designated as the "instruction cost per high school pupil" Add to the instruction cost per high school pupil the overhead cost per pupil and a rental charge of ten dollars ($10) per pupil for the use of the receiving district's school plant Deduct from the amount so obtained the per pupil State appropriation on account of high school teaching units The cost so determined shall be the "tuition charge per high school pupil"

(4) Vocational or Other Extension Tuition Charge Add the salaries of administrators supervisors instructors clerks and custodians specifically employed in the school district's or vocational school district's annual program of Vocational or other Extension Education the cost of textbooks and supplies of the second class class issued for the program A charge of five cents ($.05) per pupil hour of instruction for the district overhead and plant usage Subtract from the sum so obtained the amount of State appropriation applicable The remainder shall be designated as the "district cost for vocational or other extension education" Determine the total pupil hours of instruction divide the "district cost for vocational or other extension education" by the total pupil hours of instruction The cost so determined shall be the "vocational or other extension tuition charge per pupil hour of instruction"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, as follows:

An Act to amend section five hundred seventeen of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of traveling expenses of certain employes

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section five hundred seventeen of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 517 Attendance of Superintendents etc at Educational Conferences and of Pupils at State Farm Show etc Expenses The board of school directors of each district may authorize the attendance of the superintendent and such other members of the teaching and supervisory staff of such districts as they may specify at any educational conference or conferences when in the opinion of the board such attendance will be conducive to the best interests of the district Each person so authorized to attend and attending shall be reimbursed for all necessary traveling and hotel expenses actually incurred The board of school directors may also authorize the transportation of pupils to the State Farm Show and to other exhibitions and places of interest when their attendance at the same is deemed of educational value to such pupils and may pay the expenses of such pupils in whole or in part from the funds of the district Such expenses shall be paid by the treasurer of the school district in the usual manner out of the school funds of the district upon the presentation of an itemized verified statement of such expenses

The board of school directors of each district may reimburse any principal supervising principal school nurse teacher or other employe for necessary traveling expenses incurred in the furthering of the educational program of the school district Provided That prior authorization to incur said expenses shall have been previously given by the board of school directors

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg,
			Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in thte affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493, as follows:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and enforce rules and regulations for its preservation development and visitation and making appropriations" empowering the commission to deputize special constables

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize thet acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and to enforce rules and regulations for its preservation development and visitation and making appropriations" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission is charged hereby with the custody control management and supervision of said park and is hereby authorized and empowered to make plans for its preservation maintenance development and improvement and to make and enforce such rules and regulations for the visitation thereof by the public as may be necessary using therefor any funds at the disposal of the said commission not otherwise specifically appropriated or allocated It shall have power to deputize one or more persons as special constables to maintain order within said park protcet the property from destruction and make arrests for riots and illegal trespasses Any such arrest shall be lawful when made beyond park limits by a constable in close pursuit of an offender

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,		Reagan,	White,

Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act provided for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act providing for the appointment powers and control members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All special fire police when on duty shall display a badge of authority and shall be subject to the control of the chief of police if any of the city borough town or township in which they are serving or if none of a member of the Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in thet affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 50, as follows:

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies is hereby specifically authorized and directed to grant and convey in fee simple to Harrisburg Hospital a non-profit Corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all that certain lot piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania consisting of one tract more fully bounded and described as follows

Beginning at a point on the eastern line of South Front Street two hundred ten (210) feet south of the southeastern corner of South Front and Chestnut Streets thence in an eastwardly direction and parallel with Chestnut Street two hundred ten (210) feet to a point on the western line of South River Street said point being two hundred ten (210) feet south of the southwestern corner of Chestnut and South River Streets thence in a southwardly direction along the western line of South River Street twenty (20) feet to a point thence in a westwardly direction again parallel with Chestnut Street two hundred ten (210) feet to a point on the eastern line of South Front Street twenty (20) feet to a point the place of beginning

This being part of the lands which were granted by the Proprietor and Founder of the City of Harrisburg John Harris and Mary Harris his wife by deed dated the sixth day of July one thousand seven hundred eighty-

five and recorded in the Recorders Office in Dauphin County in Deed Book "A" Volume one page seventy-seven to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever

Section 2 The grant or conveyance herein authorized shall be made without consideration The deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice and shall be executed by the Secretary of Property and Supplies in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 99 as follows:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Secretary of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor is hereby authorized on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to sell and convey for such consideration as may be agreed upon between the Department and the purchaser and to make and execute a deed conveying the following described tract of land situate in Donegal Township Washington County Pennsylvania

Beginning at a stake in the South edge of the United States Road and thence along the same South 77° East 12.65 poles to a stake thence South 13° West 12.65 poles to a stake thence North 77° West 12.65 poles to a stake thence North 13° East 12.65 poles to the place of beginning containing one (1) acre of land strict measure being land now owned by the Commonwealth and presently used by the Department of Highways

Being the same premises conveyed by John Valentine to Benjamin Leonard and George Craft Commissioners of the Cumberland Road in Pennsylvania and their successors in office by deed dated September 23 1837 and recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for Washington County Pennsylvania in Deed Book 2-V page 31

Section 2 The deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice and shall be executed by the Secretary of Property and Supplies in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 3 The cost of such conveyance shall be paid by the grantee The moneys derived from such sale shall be paid into the Motor License Fund

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,

Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United State of America for use in the military defense of the United State of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies is hereby authorized to sell and convey to the United States of America a certain tract of land situate in the Township of Coolbaugh County of Monroe consisting of fourteen hundred acres more or less which tract is a portion of the tract known as the Tobyhanna Military Reservation conveyed to the Commonwealth by the United States of America by quitclaim deed dated the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and recorded in the recorder's office of Monroe County in Deed Book Volume 171 page 219 on the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine for the purpose of the military defense of the United States of America for such consideration and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be approved by the Governor

The conveyance authorized by this act shall be by deed without warranty signed and acknowledged by the Secretary of Property and Supplies approved by the Governor and shall have the Great Seal of the Commonwealth impressed thereon duly attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall also be approved by the Attorney General

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective imediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 139, as follows:

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania

Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" are hereby amended to read as follows

AN ACT

Relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties

Section 5 The Pennsylvania [Motor] State Police or any sheriff police officer or constable shall seize take remove or cause to be removed at the expense of the owner all stocks of fireworks or combustibles offered or exposed for sale stored or held in violations of this act

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—203

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filip,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filo,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Firmstone,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Frost,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Gaffney,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Geer,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Good,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—4

Bomberger,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTIONS

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 5, 1951.

It is fitting that the long and distinguished career of the Honorable M. Harvey Taylor in business life, civic affairs, and legislative activities be duly recognized.

His faithful and constructive services have had a most beneficient influence on the welfare and the prosperity of the Commonwealth; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the bridge over the Susquehanna River connecting the State highway system in Cumberland County with the system of State highways in Dauphin County, at Forster Street in the City of Harrisburg, be designated as the M. Harvey Taylor Bridge; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Highways shall erect along said bridge suitable tablets or markers to perpetuate this resolution.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

Mr. FILO. I would like to interrogate Mr. Walker or Mr. Hare, one of the sponsors, or someone here who is familiar with the bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FILO. Mr Speaker, I would like to know when this bridge was built, by whom the moneys were appropriated for this bridge. Were the moneys appropriated from the State, Federal government, or what other source.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I believe that the money was appropriated from the State. I think I am right in that. I believe that it was done by the Highway and Bridge Authority . . . Thinking back, it was done by the issuance of bonds.

Mr. FILO. Mr. Speaker, I wish to interrogate the gentleman further. Is it customary that we name public buildings, bridges, after persons that are living?

Mr. SMITH. I don't believe it is customary but I don't think it is out of the ordinary, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FILO. It is my personal opinion, Mr. Speaker, that it is out of the ordinary. I wish to interrogate the gentleman further.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will proceed?

Mr. FILO. Mr. Speaker, can the gentleman guarantee, in the future, to name a bridge after me?

Mr. SMITH. If I could guarantee that, Mr. Speaker, I would like one named after me sometime in Philadelphia.

I believe, Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman would read this resolution that he would notice that the wording is not a must. It says "urging the Department of Highways." I don't believe that is carrying it to the point of twisting the Department of Highway's arm too much. It is "urging" I believe; it is a courteous gesture, and if the Department sees fit it has the privilege of doing so with the consent of the Senate and the House. It does not say that this bridge or any other bridge must be named after an individual.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the Majority Leader.

The SPEAKER. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Can the gentleman inform me concerning the vote in the Senate on this resolution.

Mr. SMITH. I believe, Mr. Speaker, I don't want to be sure of this but I think it was a 49 to 0 vote. I believe the gentleman from Dauphin County did not vote and that was the reason for the odd vote. It was 49 to 0. He refrained from voting because of having an interest probably, and according to our Constitution he should do that, or it may be a courteous gesture on his part.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the Majority Leader.

I think his information is correct, Mr. Speaker. The vote in the Senate was a unanimous vote. I have recently come under fire because I was not in complete agreement with the gentlemen in the other House, and so now perhaps as an act of reparation and repentence I must record myself in complete agreement with the unanimous decision of the Senate in this particular.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to make a comment that I think is honestly due at this time.

Yesterday when a shaft of light came in from one of the windows the Speaker facetiously said to the Minority Leader that it looked to him like a halo. Well, I've never seen a real halo and I don't know; but I've seen a lot of artists depict pictures with a shaft of light coming out of the heavens glowing on an individual. I, for some reason or other, thought a little bit last night about that. A shaft of light in an artists' mind, I believe, is trying to bring out character or holiness, if you must, or some other great attribute of an individual.

Yesterday the gentleman from Cambria made a statement. It took a little bit of courage to make that statement. He was convinced he was right. It was against some of the thinking of his own party, but he had the courage, he had the ability and he had the honesty, knowing that he was right, that he didn't want to make a political football out of something that shouldn't have been political.

The gentleman just made another statement today. And I'm not being facetious when I say this because I mean it sincerely. I think it was a courageous honest and sincere act that was done yesterday, and I think, this is carrying it a little bit further; maybe that shaft of light did come down on this gentleman for a certain reason. Coincidences happen like that. I would like to believe honestly that a man of courage, such as himself, with the ability he has to do the things that he has done for the good government of this State, might have been recognized a little bit in the way of a shaft of light. When I look at a picture from now on, believe me I'm going to think of our friend, Hi Andrews, for every halo and for every shaft of light that an artist puts in in bringing out character and courage.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr Speaker, on one occasion Vice President Marshall came to Johnstown. He was introduced by Judge McCann. Judge McCann started praising Marshall, and bragged and he praised him and praised and praised him until Marshall's status almost approached that of Deity. While McCann talked, Marshall sank lower and lower in his seat. Everybody wondered how Marshall was going to dig out from under that introduction.

When Marshall finally got the floor he said the Judge's introduction reminded him of some years back when William and Martha back on the farm went to town to do their shopping. They went in to see and shop in the drug store, and the druggist had some new contraption.

The farmer asked him what that was. "Why, that's a soda water fountain." "What's it do?" "Well, it makes soda water." "What's it cost?" "Why, it costs a nickel." "Well, come on Martha, let's have one of them new fangled soda waters." Martha was a little suspicious but her husband said: "I'll try one, I'll try one." So the druggist handed him his soda water, the farmer took a sip. He said: "Come on, Martha, have one, too; t'aint nuthin but sweetened wind."

I thank the gentleman.

Mr. FILO. Mr Speaker, I wish to have it be made known that I wasn't attacking the integrity of Senator Harvey Taylor, but I do think it's a good idea that we should not follow the statement made by Mr. Andrews, our Minority Leader, because of the fact that the Senate passed the bill 49 to 0, it should come over to this House and we should follow their procedure. If that was the case, we could all go home. I think we should look into the merits of bills, whether passed 49 to 0 or one to 0.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, now Mayor of the city of Johnstown, Hon. Walter E. Rose, Cambria County.

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Mr. MINTESS offered a resolution and asked and ob-

tained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 13, 1951.

One of the perennial landmarks of colored Philadelphia, Andrew Stevens, has been removed by death.

Throughout his eighty-two years, Mr. Andrew Stevens displayed the unusual initiative and resourcefulness that are so essential to anyone if he strives to emerge from obscurity and prejudice and take his rightful place of leadership among his people.

His full life had its usual quota of prosperity and adversity. As a pioneer banker among his colored fellowmen in Philadelphia, Mr. Stevens not only flourished for many years, but also suffered the cruel disaster of "folding up"—when insidious rumor gave voice to an unfounded financial instability that is the inevitable forerunner of a bank's collapse.

Not deterred, nor defeated by his financial reverses, Mr. Stevens directed his interest and energies to the Bureau of Recreation. As an employe of the Bureau, he was assigned to the Seger Center at 10th and Lombard streets. His ability and industry soon won for him the supervisorship of the Haddington Center, and, more recently, of larger and more active centers of recreation.

During the early twenties, 1921 to 1924, Mr. Stevens was trict of Philadelphia, in which capacity he served with elected as the representative of the 6th Legislative Diszeal and distinction.

Whereas, the death of Mr. Stevens has deprived Philadelphia of one of its most interesting and distinguished servitors and has produced an irreparable breach in the ever-dependable phalanx of colored citizenry; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives express its deep sorrow and regret at the passing of one of its former Members and extend to the citizens of Philadelphia its sympathy for their loss of a most able civic leader and worker; and be it further

Resolved, That the House of Representatives direct its Chief Clerk to transmit a copy of this resolution to Mr. Stevens' surviving widow, Mrs. Andrew Stevens, 3914 Wallace street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

RESOLUTION

Mr. FILO offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. STONER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 14, 1951 at 10.00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 1.26 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1951. No. 22.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1951.

The Senate met at 11:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. LOUIS LYTLE, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

In reverent silence we stand before Thee, O Lord our God, acknowledging Thy presence, Thy goodness and Thy power. We covet Thy blessing. We would be wise and understanding. We would do what is right. Contrary forces and opinions often perplex us. It is not always easy to make right decisions or to resolve our differences. Without Thy help we could not do it.

We have often failed to do what we would do. Forgive us our neglect and failures. Continue to bless our humble efforts. Dispatch the work of this Senate, and, as many go homeward, wilt Thou go with them?

Grant peace and unity, strength and prosperity to all our Nation. God bless and save this Commonwealth. Amen

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. McGINNIS, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

CLERK OF THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE AND CLERK OF THE COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER, LEHIGH COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Moulton L. C. Frantz, 1239½ Tilghman Street, Allentown, Lehigh County, for appointment as Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer in and for the County of Lehigh, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Robert E. Brader, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

BILL SIGNED

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665), entitled "First Class City Home Rule Act," by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

Whereupon,

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENT

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bill of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any department administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Banking.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I request the indulgence of the gentlemen of the Senate. I had the Senate called to order again to ask for a recess to permit a meeting of the Committee on Corporations. Therefore, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. KEPHART, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union, merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate, subsidiary or component part; providing for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof.

Mr. WATSON, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating insurance companies, associations and inter-insurance exchanges and their investments, policy provisions, joint policies, premium tax returns and the licensing of foreign companies and repealing existing law.

He also, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 and to amend section 29 of the act approved the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1092), entitled "An act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status; authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits to members and their beneficiaries from funds collected, and regulating such benefits and collections; providing for the organization and incorporation of such societies and for their supervision, regulation, and examination by the Insurance Commissioner, and for the admission of foreign societies; designating tables of mortality as a basis for rates of contribution, requiring all societies to make annual and other reports; and appointing the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process; providing penalties for any violations of the act; exempting such societies from taxation and certain other societies from its provisions; and requiring beneficial associations, other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner; and repealing existing laws," by regulating the transfer of excess insurance funds to the expense and other funds and providing for the consolidation of any society's funds; further regulating reports of valuation of death benefit fund obligations; regulating reserves and contributions for benefits.

He also, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act to amend subsections (d) and (f) of section 211.1, and to further amend section 212 and subsection (a) of section 301 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789), entitled as amended, "An act relating to insurance; establishing an insurance department; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating to the licensing, qualification, regulation, examination, suspension, and dissolution of insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and certain societies and orders, the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus, and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers; the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies, associations or exchanges; providing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by further regulating assessments made by the Insurance Commissioner against life insurance companies to defray certain expenses; providing for reciprocity with other states in assessing taxes and fees on insurance companies; permitting foreign companies to write workmen's compensation insurance in Pennsylvania; limiting the basis for valuation of reserve liability of life insurance companies organized in foreign countries.

He also, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act to further amend the first paragraph of subsection (b) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the issuance and delivery of group accident and health insurance policies.

He also, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act to amend Clause (8) of Section 6 and Section 9 of the act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 1210), entitled "An act relating to group life insurance; describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon, the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder; limiting the amount of such insurance; prescribing standard policy provisions; and requiring notice of conversion privileges," by limiting the amount of an individual policy issued to a person entitled thereto; and changing the premium basis and rate of interest thereon.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights,

powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

Mr. HARE on behalf of Mr. PEELOR, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue, with respect thereto.

Mr. YOSKO, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 16, entitled:

An Act to further amend clauses six, seven, twenty and twenty-three of section two of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed, or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities; and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings, conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies, and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots.

He also, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation of taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

Mr. LANE, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

He also, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions, the authorization, issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined, of bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes, and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds; regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds; imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions; imposing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Mr. BARR, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county.

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

CHILD PLACEMENT AND ADOPTION

Mr. MAHANY on behalf of Mr. FLEMING, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Joint State Government Commission
of the General Assembly

P. O. Box 61
Room 450—Capitol Building

Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with Child Placement and Adoption, Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President pro tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. KESSLER read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 356, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by removing the power of the State Council of Education to approve or disapprove change of boundaries of third and fourth class districts by reason of annexations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nomination, made by His Excellency, the Governor.

CLERK OF THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE AND CLERK OF THE COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER, LEHIGH COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Moulton L. C. Frantz, 123½ Tilghman Street, Allentown, Lehigh County, for appointment as Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, of the Peace and Clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer in and for the County of Lehigh, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Robert E. Brader, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATION

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nomination read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WADE,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nomination reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. LETZLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Properi,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. FREED. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. STEVENSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, during the Session of 1949, the General Assembly directed the Local Government Commission, among other duties, to codify the laws relating to third class cities and also relating to counties from the second to the eighth class. We have finished the first portion of this work, namely, the codification of the third class city laws.

Mr. President, I might say that our aim has been to assemble and place in orderly arrangement all the statutes and decisions affecting the laws pertaining to third class cities. We have attempted to relieve the law of all inconsistencies, obscurity and uncertainty, and we have tried to eliminates all repetitious matters. In fact, we believe that we have a readable code, the application of which will be greatly facilitated.

Mr. President, this code will contain some three hundred and forty-six pages. We intend, as an aid to the Members of the General Assembly in the consideration of this code, to prepare a statement in the way of information explaining just what has been done, article by article, in the code, which will enable the Members to take the code with this information and know exactly what has been placed in the code.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. STEVENSON, MAHANY, MALLERY and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act to reenact, revise and amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I rise to a point of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, will state his point of parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, do I understand that the volume sent up there is all one bill?

The PRESIDENT. That is correct.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire at this time to interrogate the gentleman from Clinton, Senator Stvenson.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Clinton, Mr. Stevenson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, it will be a pleasure.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to ask the gentleman from Clinton, Senator Stevenson, with regard to the printing of this bill, which will be quite substantial, if the gentleman, since he is not only a co-sponsor but as Chairman of the Committee on Local Government, would object if the Chief Sergeant-at-Arms would impound the printed copies of this bill, subject to the approval of the gentleman from Clinton, so that they do not go astray? This will be a very expensive printing job and we will only have so many copies available, and I would like to impound them in charge of the gentleman from Clinton so that the printing courtesy does not become abused.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, that is perfectly satisfactory. I might say for the edification of the gentleman from Allegheny, that it is our purpose, in case we are confronted with some amendments in this code, to try to work out some arrangement with the House of Representatives so that all amendments might be placed in it at one time, and that would relieve the printing situation somewhat and also make for more economy.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Clinton, Senator Stevenson, the purpose of my suggestion is, as he well knows, that frequently we receive requests for hundreds of copies of bills; of course, all the political subdivisions affected by this act will be interested in getting a copy but, unfortunately, the requests never come in for a single copy. They usually send in and request quite a number of copies, and I want to bring to the attention of the gentlemen of the Senate that the cost of this will be terrific, and if the Committee on Local Government will cooperate in the distribution, it will help to prevent a reprinting of the bill while it is in the bin.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I would like to further state that we have had mimeographed copies of this bill made, I believe to the extent of one hundred, which I think will be used to service the cities of the third class, outside of the requirements that we have here in the Senate, so that they will receive mimeagraphed copies of the bill as presented, and there will not be as much demand for the pink copy when it is prepared.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I further interrogate the gentleman from Clinton, Senator Stevenson?

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Clinton, Mr. Stevenson, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. STEVENSON. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would like to inquire from the gentleman if it is the intention of the Committee on Local Government to further consider the bill and then later report it out so that it will be printed in white, or could the Committee, having perused the bill in the Local Government Commission, report the bill out and eliminate the printing of the bill pink?

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, that will be perfectly satisfactory. We have made a very careful study of this, a personal study. Senator Mahany was Chairman of the Subcommittee, and Senator Haluska and Representative Swope and myself spent a great deal of time, and we personally went over each section of this act and we believe it is in very good shape.

MOTION TO SUSPEND RULE 46

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I move that Rule 46, which requires all bills when introduced in the Senate shall be printed on pink paper be suspended and that the printing of Senate Bill No. 357 be made in white.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I appreciate the interest shown by the gentleman from Allegheny County and by my colleague from Clinton County, but we are certainly departing from a procedure here that is unheard of. I realize that it is quite a bill, but I also realize the people of the third class cities are keenly awaiting publication of this bill. If we are to pass up the printing of the bill in pink, then we could do it with other bills and find a short cut and eventually keep the people back home from knowing what is going on. I agree we should have some limit, but I believe the bill should be printed in pink.

Mr. President, it is our duty to inform the people back home. This is an important piece of legislation, affecting the lives of thousand of people. We have gone through this bill from cover to cover, and any short cut is not the answer to good legislation.

Again, Mr. President, I say I think we should regulate the number of bills that go out, but we should follow the same procedure on this bill as we follow with every other piece of legislation.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Haluska, yield to the gentleman from Clinton, Mr. Stevenson?

Mr. HALUSKA. I will, Mr. President.

MOTION TO SUSPEND RULE 46 WITHDRAWN

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I am advised that we are not permitted to make this short cut, so I would

like to withdraw my motion that Rule 46, which required all bills when introduced in the Senate shall be printed on pink paper be suspended and that the printing of Senate Bill No. 357 be made in white.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I withdraw my seconding of the motion.

The PRESIDENT. Is that satisfactory to the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Haluska?

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I just want to say that I appreciate that and it answers my problem. Again, I want to agree with Senator Walker that it is expensive operation, but I hope that we do not get to the point where the people back home will not be able to get a copy. Let us decide how many copies we should have and make certain that all of our solicitors, and third class city councilmen and mayors at least can get a copy of the bill. Beyond that we can certainly save money.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, it certainly is not our desire to deprive anybody who has a direct or indirect interest in the proposed code. We have no desire to prohibit them or to interfere with them getting a copy of it. It is just merely a warning on a practice that creeps into Capitol Hill every Session. For example, on bills that were co-sponsored by Senator Barr and myself we would get telegrams or letters asking us for twenty-five hundred copies of the bills. Now, their enthusiasm is overcoming their better judgment when they wire in here asking for twenty-five hundred copies of a bill. That, of course, is not an exaggeration. It is something that actually happens to you.

Now, Mr. President, I want to say to the gentlemen of the Senate that there are certain commitments that we make on printing that we must keep. Just for example, the Cabinet and the House are entitled to so many copies of every bill and this, inconformity with the rest, will be furnished to them. However, if it is necessary to have an additional printing of a bill the size of the one that was just introduced, it is going to cost us thousands of dollars in additional printing. May I say to the gentleman that while I do not serve on the Local Government Commission or on the Local Government Committee, it is my impression that every political subdivision affected by that code has been sitting in on the drafting and the phraseology of every word of it, so that this is no surprise package to them. I am just asking for the cooperation of the Senate in seeing to it that we are not going to be subjected to double printing of a bill this size.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, as follows:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approvel the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or persons and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" as last amended by the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1227) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 201 Institution Name Change of Name A The name of an institution may be in any language but it shall be expressed in English letters or characters In the case of a bank it shall contain in English the word "bank" or "banking" in the case of a bank and trust company the words "bank" and "trust" or "bank and trust company" or "company for banking and trusts" in the case of a trust company the words "trust company" or "company for trusts" in the case of a savings bank the words "mutual savings bank" in the case of a private bank the words "private bank" or "unincorporated bank" and in the case of an employes' mutual banking association the words "employes' mutual" The name of a bank or private bank shall not contain the words "trust" or "savings" and the name of a savings bank shall not contain the word "trust" The name of an institution shall not contain any word which may deceptively lead to the conclusion that it is authorized to perform any act or conduct any business which is forbidden to it by law by its charter or otherwise The name of an institution shall not contain the words "Government" "Official" "Federal" "National" "United States" or abbreviations thereof

The name of an institution shall not be the same as or deceptively similar to that of any other corporation authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth or the name of any unincorporated body whatsoever voluntarily registered with the Department of State under any act unless such other corporation or unincorporated body is about to change its name or to cease doing business or is being wound up or in the case of a foreign corporation

is about to withdraw from doing business in this Commonwealth and the written consent of such other corporation or unincorporated body to the adoption of its name or a deceptively similar name has been given and is filed with the Department of State and with the Department of Banking

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effectively immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having ben printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill 5, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorzing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictment and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of War or National emergency

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof other than elected officers to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 34, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT BILL

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, at the request of the sponsor of the bill, I move that Senate Bill No. 37, on second reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section providing for absentee voting

be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, does this mean the end of the bill?

Mr. WALKER. No, Mr. President, we were going to put the bill over in order and the sponsor of the bill requested that it be recommitted so that they would be able to put

some amendments in. It does not mean the death of the bill. The distinguished gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Peelor, requested that it be recommitted.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Allegheny, can it not be amended on the floor?

MOTION TO RECOMMIT BILL WITHDRAWN

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I withdraw my motion that Senate Bill No. 37, on second reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I withdraw my seconding of the motion.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 37, on second reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a section providing for absentee voting

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An Act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth, creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 138, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a Constitutional convention and a vote of electors and providing for the nomination and election of delegates

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out open construct and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 15 and 17 of the act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715) entitled "An act empowering authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania providing the procedure therefor and prescribing certain duties of the Governor the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions and for their control and maintenance after acquisition and making an appropriation" by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Suplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and greed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

The Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a certain time by the various political subdivisions

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for the return of funds if not used within a certain time by the political subdivision for payment to the Department of the Audtor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restrictig payments to firemen and their dependents

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (d) of Section 4 and Section 11 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in futherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" by authorizing the leasing of certain projects upon their being opened to public use

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 290, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to Constitutional convention

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act authorizing in certain cases the renewal of motor vehicle operators' license for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith without a learner's permit examination or additional fee and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New

Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commisison and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital to sell and convey certain land used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate E. Addison Jenkins, 328 Beaver Street, Zelienople, Butler County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Zelienople, Butler County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF THE CLINTON COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the Clinton County Board of Assistance:

Mrs. Mary B. Tobias (Republican), Woolrich, Clinton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Esther M. Long, Flemington, whose term expired.

William McCoy (Republican), Renovo, Clinton County, from January 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

He also presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for apopintment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 14, 1951.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

Mrs. Anna M. Swisher, Cumberland Twp., Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

F. C. Bauer, Pittsburgh, 120 W. Ohio St. N. S.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

G. L. Riley, Meadville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Miriam F. Miller, Harrisburg.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Arlene K. Horner, Lancaster.
Clair Rollman, New Holland.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Amy E. Althouse, South Lebanon Twp., Avon.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Harry Goldberg, Wlkes-Barre.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Alton R. Hornberger, Williamsport.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George P. Darrow, Indiana Ave. & "A" St. (34).
Frank Pollard, 4545 Tacony St.
Samuel J. Taylor, Jr., 3329 Englewood St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Effie M. Caldwell, Beallsville.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Dorothy Silow, 5068 Whitaker Ave., March 15, 1951.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

M. N. Kressman, Easton, March 16, 1951.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Ida D. Powell, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, March 19, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Albert C. Toll, 332 The Bourse, March 19, 1951.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Carolyn M. Deshler, Bangor, March 30, 1951.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Fred V. Lynn, Dunmore, April 2, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

G. Milton Augenstene, Pittsburgh, 2851 Bedford Ave., April 7, 1951.
Miss Katherine Uhlinger, Springdale, April 9, 1951.
R. S. Nash, Moon Twp., Coraopolis, April 13, 1951.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Harvey C. Werst, Easton, April 13, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Victor C. Trappler, 4205 N. 6th St., April 13, 1951.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Helen F. Owings, York, April 13, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Ellwood C. Cridge, Pittsburgh, 2100 W. Liberty Ave., April 14, 1951.
William P. Geisler, Pittsburgh, 615 Penn Ave., April 14, 1951.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Harold M. Leach, New Castle, April 14, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Nellie Groves, Rm. 500 Packard Bldg., April 14, 1951.
John P. Judge, Rm. 228, City Hall Annex, April 14, 1951.
Miss Evelyn Shtendel, 6948 Ogontz Ave., April 14, 1951.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Mrs. E. G. Ream, Greensburg, April 14, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WALKER That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 16, entitled:

An Act to further amend clauses six, seven, twenty and twenty-three of section two of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers, and liabilities, and regulating the exercse, surrender or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act, and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervsion and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed, or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies, and cor-

porations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act," by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating insurance companies associations and inter-insurance exchanges and their investments policy provisions joint policies premium tax returns the licensing of foreign companies and repealing existing law

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 and to amend section 29 of the act approved the seventeenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1092) entitled "An act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits to members and their beneficiaries from funds collected and regulating such benefits and collections providing for the organization and incorporation of such societies and for their supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies designating tables of mortality as a basis for rates of contribution requiring all societies to make annual and other reports and appointing process providing penalties for any violations of the act the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of exempting such societies from taxation and certain other societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws" by regulating the transfer of excess insurance funds to the expense and other funds and providing for the consolidation of any society's funds further regulating reports of valuation of death benefit fund obligations regulating reserves and contributions for benefits

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act to amend subsections (d) and (f) of section 211.1 and to further amend section 212 and subsection (a) of section 301 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789) entitled as amended "An act relating to insurance establishing an insurance department and amending revising and consolidating the law relating to the licensing qualification regulation examination suspension and dissolution of insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and certain societies and orders the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies associations or exchanges providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating assessments made by the Insurance Commissioner against life insurance companies to defray certain expenses providing for reciprocity with other states in assessing taxes and fees on insurance companies permitting foreign companies to write workmen's compensation insurance in Pennsylvania limiting the basis for valuation of reserve liability of life insurance companies organized in foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act to amend the first paragraph of subsection (b) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the issuance and delivery of group accident and health insurance policies

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 Clause (8) of Section six and Section nine of the act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1210) entitled "An act relating to group life insurance describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder limiting the amount of such insurance prescribing standard policy provisions and requiring notice of conversion privileges" by further defining policies of group life insurance limiting the amount of an individual policy issued to a person entitled thereto and changing the premium basis and rate of interest thereon.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union, merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate,

subsidiary or component part; providing for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amendnig revising consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions the authorization issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined or bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions imposing penalties and repealing existing laws" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue, with respect thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation of taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, for the information of the gentlemen of the Senate, the Senate will be in session three days next week and we will also have a session on Monday, March 26. There was some question as to whether or not we would met on Easter Monday. In conformity with the usual practice of the General Assembly, we will have a session on Monday, March 26.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, March 19, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:53 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, March 19, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1951

The House met at 10:00 a. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Reverend Charles F. Trunk, Jr., Pastor of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Who hast given us a land in which we are free to read and hear Thy Word, to worship Thee, and to work to-gether for the coming of Thy kingdom: Grant that the liberty given to us may be continued to our children and to their children by our wise use of Thy gift. Keep us free from false philosophies, foolish decisions, and careless actions. May we govern with Thy guidance so that the people of this Commonwealth may be led always to a knowledge of Thy governance in the Name of the Prince of Peace. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, March 13, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. NAUGLE. HOUSE BILL No. 646.

An Act to amend Section 13 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 389), entitled "An act to regulate and control the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, giving away, and use of weights and measures and of weighing and measuring devices in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for the approval and disapproval of such weights, measures, and devices by the Bureau of Standards; and prescribing penalties," by providing for the inspection of new, second-hand or repaired weighing or measuring devices.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. CELLA and RUBIN.
HOUSE BILL No. 647.

An Act to further amend Section 4, to amend subsection (d) of Section 4.1, to add Sections 4.2 and 4.3 and to amend paragraph (1) of Section 14 of the act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 556), entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof, and out of the treasury of said cities; and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by clarifying the amount of contributions by certain pensioners, and the method of computing lesser pensions; changing date of completing certain payments and the age to which pension increments may be computed; fixing minimum pensions and providing benefits for surviving spouse.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. ERB. HOUSE BILL No. 648.

An Act making an appropriation to the Hollidaysburg Volunteer Fire Company, and the Duncansville Volunteer Fire Company, for the protection of State property.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. NAJAKA and PENGLASE.
HOUSE BILL No. 649.

An Act to further amend section 205 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by increasing the maximum aggregate number of officers and men in the Pennsylvania State Police Force.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. KRATZ. HOUSE BILL No. 650.

An Act to further amend clause (e) of Section 2402 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by requiring the employment of registered engineers and architects and inspectors to supervise and inspect the construction, repairing, altering, adding to and improving State buildings, utilities and property in all cases; and providing for fixing their compensation.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. DUNN, FILIP and MUSTO.
HOUSE BILL No. 651.

An Act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors on fuel oil used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth; providing for the collection and lien of the tax; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to give security, to file reports and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. FILO and BOIES. HOUSE BILL No. 652.

An Act authorizing the Department of Highways, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission, to acquire a tract of land in Allegheny County, to be added to the Pennsylvania highways system; and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

By Mr. KOLANKIEWICZ (By Request). HOUSE BILL No. 653.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Military Affairs for the payment of expenses incurred by certain veterans' organizations in the establishment and maintenance of service offices in Veterans Administration Regional Offices.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 654.

An Act to further amend Section 2518 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further postponing the enforcement of penalties on school districts for employing teachers with emergency certificates.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 655.

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. FERSTER. HOUSE BILL No. 656.

An Act to add Section 1709 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L.), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for traveling expenses of members of joint school boards and joint school committees in attending meetings of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. YOUNG. HOUSE BILL No. 657.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 998), entitled "An act for the prevention and treatment of mental diseases, mental defect, epilepsy, and inebriety; regulating the admission and commitment of mental patients to hospitals for mental diseases and institutions for mental defectives and epileptics; governing the transfer, idscharge, interstate rendition, and deportation of mental patients; providing for the payment by individuals, counties, or the Commonwealth of the cost of the admission, care, and discharge of mental patients; and imposing penalties," by further defining "qualified physician" and "medical practitioner."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BAUMUNK. HOUSE BILL No. 658.

An Act to amend Section 1301 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by increasing the maximum millage, of the annual tax levy for general borough purposes and eliminating provisions for the levy of additional millage for such purposes by order of court.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 659.

An Act to further amend subsection nine of section eight of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employs, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by permitting additional persons to change from the one one-hundred-sixtieth (1-160) to the one one-hundredth (1-100) class; providing for obtaining full benefits by contributors heretofore or hereafter making such change.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. BAUMUNK. HOUSE BILL No. 660.

An Act to further amend Sections 807 and 850 of the act, approved the fuorth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by authorizing boroughs to appoint or elect tax collectors.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Mr. COSTA and Mrs. VARALLO. HOUSE BILL No. 661.

An Act to further amend the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by regulating the authority or certain school districts to purchase supplies and to perform and contract for construction reconstruction repairs and work of any nature.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 662.

An Act to further amend rule five of Article XXV of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756) entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring motormen and operators of portable mining machines to have an attendant and an assistant, and prohibiting the use of such machines unless equipped with standard permissible lighting systems.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 663.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of Article IX of the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756) entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" by prescribing the required ventilation in mines using mechanical mining and loading machinery.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 664.

An Act to add Article XII.I to the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for the inspection and approval of mechanical mining and leading machinery.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 665.

An Act to add Section 4 to Article XVI of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by prescribing the location of powder and cap storage houses in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 666.

An Act to further amend the fourth paragraph of Section 9, of article 4, of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for rock dusting at the face after each shift.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 667.

An Act to add Section 9 to Article III of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for the installation of water sprinklers on all mechanized mining and loading machinery and for the use thereof, and imposing duties on mine superintendents and mine foreman.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 668.

An Act to add Rule 86.1 to Section 7, of Article XI of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for the installation of certain lighting system in mines using mechanical mining and loading machinery.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 669.

An Act to add Section 4 to Article XVI of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by prescribing the use of masonry shelters in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 670.

An Act to amend Rules 55 and 56 of Section 3 of Article XI of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by further prescribing requirements and examinations of trailing cables for portable machines.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 671.

An Act to add Rule 77.1 to Section 6 of Article XI of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by limiting the use of electric locomotives fed from open trolley wires.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 672.

An Act to add Article 13.1 to the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring mines using mechanical mining and loading machinery to provide fire equipment and apparatus.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 673.

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by defining "Effective day" and a "week" to include seven consecutive days of each accumulation of four "effective days" and further regulating ineligibility for compensation.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 674.

An Act to repeal the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 848), entitled "An act providing that every mine foreman, assistant mine foreman and fire boss, under the Bituminous Mining Laws and the Anthracite Mining Laws of the Commonwealth, represents and is an officer of the Commonwealth in the mine in which employed, for the suspension or cancellation of the certificates of such officials as shall hold same, and for the disqualification of such as are uncertificated by the Secretary of Mines after or prior to hearing, for failure or refusal ot perform his respective duties; defining the procedure in such hearing and the powers of the Secretary of Mines with respect thereto, and providing for a review of his decisions by courts of common pleas and the Superior Court; providing for re-examination by the examining board o any person whose certificate has been cancelled; and for reinstatement of such as are uncertificated; and prohibiting the employment by any operator in such capacity of any mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire boss not possessing the requisite certificate or whose certificate is suspended or who has been disqualified."

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. VARNER, HARVEY A. MOORE and BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 675.

An Act creating a State Teachers College Planning Commission to develop a long-range teacher training program for the Commonwealth and to make a report thereon; defining the powers and duties of the commission; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 676.

An Act prohibiting the sale of tickets in excess of senting capacity by all places of amusement or entertainment, allowing a certain margin of tolerance; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 677.

An Act prescribing the quantity of power to be furnished certain consumers by electric power companies; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. TOMPKINS and BRETH. HOUSE BILL No. 678.

An Act to further amend Section 1803 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boads, commissions and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions, defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," as amended by adding subsection (h) to authorize the Department of Forests and Waters to grant certain rights of way to utility companies.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SNIDER. HOUSE BILL No. 679.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons, and other persons requiring relief; providing for the admisistration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assustance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund and Boards fo Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind, old age assistance and the State Emergency Relief Board," by establishing the amount of assistance to aged persons and providing for uniformity in payment.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Messrs. SARRAF, KAMYK and BEECH. HOUSE BILL No. 680.

An Act to further amend Sections 4 and 5 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen, (P. L. 596), entitled "An act requiring cities of the second class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by increasing the amount of pension in certain cases, increasing the contributions required from certain employes and establishing certain minimum and maximum pensions.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. MIHM, PAUL F. JONES and HAUDENSHIED. HOUSE BILL No. 681.

An Act to further amend the title and Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 477), entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment of the salary, medical and hospital expenses of policemen and firemen by cities, boroughs, towns, and townships who are injured in the performance of their duty; and providing that absence during such injury shall not reduce any usual sick leave period," by extending the provisions thereof to park guards.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. HELM and WESCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 682.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley amnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Depart-

ment of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon the owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation; and providing for refunds," by changing the registration fee of certain motor buses and motor omnibuses; and prohibiting the use of metal or solid rubber or cushion rubber tires on such vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. HELM and WESCOTT.

HOUSE BILL No. 683.

An Act to further amend subsection (c) of section nine hundred two of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negigent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by removing certain equipment requirements pertaining to motor buses.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. FENRICH and MIKM. RESOLUTION No. 19.

In the House of Representatives, March 13, 1951.

The Sarah Heinz House located on the north side of Pittsburgh is currently celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of its founding.

During the half century of its existence, it has developed one of the best youth training programs in the United States, furnishing the youth of the north side of Pittsburgh splendid opportunities to engage in sports, games, camping, and handicrafts at a cost, to them, which is practically nominal.

The achievements of the Sarah Heinz House constitute a solid answer to the blight of juvenile and parental delinquency that clutters the headlines of our newspapers daily. This institution in the public interest run by private funds has built character over five decades and is now building character for the grandchildren of the children it began to serve.

The Sarah Heinz House has increased its worth by retaining the unsolicited interest and support of the children it fosters when they mature, and has an "alumni" association as large proportionately as any university; now therefore be it

Resolved, (by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania) That we hereby extend our congratulations to the Sarah Heinz House in Pittsburgh on its fiftieth anniversary for its many achievements over the years and to all those benefactors who have been instrumental in guiding it along its successful path; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk shall transmit copies of this resolution to Mr. A. J. Jeffrey, Sarah Heinz House, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Mr. H. J. Heinz II, Heinz Manufacturing Company, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and Mrs. Joseph Quashnock, Mt. Troy Road, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. FILO. RESOLUTION No. 20.

In the House of Representatives, March 13, 1951.

Whereas, A self-styled "Homesick Mountaineer" has left his illness blind his outlook and jaundice his reactions to the highest source of inspiration, affection, devotion and courage known to mankind, namely, Pittsburgh women in particular and Pennsylvani women generally; and

Whereas, The aforesaid homesick individual has openly expressed his displeasure with the gracious women of Pittsburgh and their lovely prototypes in other parts of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; in a letter to the editor of a Pittsburgh paper of widespread and general circulation; and

Whereas, The beauties, virtues, charms and other gracious qualities of Pittsburgh and other Pennsylvania women have long inspired along life's pathways and guided and helped through the vicissitudes of an often difficult path, their husbands, children, and many friends; and

Whereas, These women, through great enterprise in the home, in industry, in offices, and the many diverse activities known to modern womanhood, have made their marks as individuals of strong character, fitting into places of high individual responsibility and showing a knack for cooperative enterprise rarely equaled and never surpassed in ancient or modern times; and

Whereas, These great qualities have been overlooked and totally disregarded in the letter to the editor of the Pittsburgh newspaper; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House of Representatives hereby publicly proclaim its unending faith in the overlasting beauty, charm and graciousness of the women of Pittsburgh and all other parts of Pennsylvania, whose beauty, charm, and grace not only mets the eye, but springs from an inward never ending source of great versatility, courage, and resourcefulness.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

PETITION

Mr. BEAR presented a petition relating to assessors and assessments from the Assessors' Association of York County.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Graybill for Mr. FERSTER because of illness.

Mr. Kratz for Mr. BOLTON because of illness.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

CHILD REPLACEMENT AND ADOPTION

Mr. ROYER presented a communication from the Joint State Government which was read by the Clerk as follows:

March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission, dealing with Child Placement and Adoption, Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER, Chairman

BR:1jr

(For Report see Appendix.)

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 48.

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled "An act provided for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township" by correcting the same of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

SENATE BILL No. 50.

An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever

SENATE BILL No. 99.

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

SENATE BILL No. 111.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled "An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses" by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors.

SENATE BILL No. 112.

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the United States of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed.

SENATE BILL No. 139.

An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled "An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties" by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 156.

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 156.

An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled "An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties" by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLAIR from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act providing a method for the reestablishment of townships of the first class from any city to which they have been annexed and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto.

Mr. BEAVER from the Committee on Game and Forestry, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. McMILLAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, this is perhaps not a good day to address the House expecting a gallery but nevertheless the House is in session today and the subject which I expect to discuss is one of such importance that the day is neither important or necessary. I expect to discuss briefly the subject of Public Assistance in Pennsylvania.

I realize full well that this subject is perhaps a little touchy. It is one which, as Dale Carnegie would put it, is not one on which you can influence voters and win elections. However I am not one that is willing to admit that that should always be the ruling factor in the discussion of these problems.

I want to say this in starting out so that there is no misunderstanding. I am speaking as a Member of the Legislature and I am speaking for every man on the floor of this House when I say that, both Democrats and Republicans, we have done everything in our power to see to it that there are no needy, hungry, indigent people in Pennsylvania.

We have appropriated millions and millions of dollars for that purpose and those millions of dollars have come out of the pockets of the tax paying public. I stand on this statement, that this Legislature, neither Democrat or Republican, can be accused of negligence on the part of the indigent and the needy people of Pennsylvania.

I find when we get the record that our good intentions, our good desires, have been taken advantage of from two points of view. One is that we charged some individuals with the administration of this program and the expenditure of some hundred and seventy million dollars in the last biennium, and in the past biennium we find that these people charged with the administration and the handling of these funds have taken advantage of us.

We also find from the record that the people who have applied for assistance, who would take of those funds, who would use up their neighbors' taxes, have also taken advantage of the Legislature and hence of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And I say this, that we have no right to permit such a situation to continue.

Let us look at the record a little bit. We find, and I don't find too much criticism with this, but we find this to be a fact, that for a family of four people the grant has risen from 1938, $48.85 to 1950, $129.90. If this same grant had followed the cost of living index as given by the United States Department of Commerce, and I dare say that it cannot be accused of being too conservative in that matter, the rate would have been $90.38 instead of $129.90. In other words we were allowing a family of four $39.52 over and above the average cost of index living.

Now I admit that even $129.90 is not too much for a family of four. I admit that, but on the other hand assistance does not mean, in any sense of the word, an average over and above anyone else. That average for a family of four of $90.38 includes not only the people who receive relief, but you and me.

Another thing that we find in the recent investigation and the thing that I find most criticism with is the fact that on September 30, 1950 we had 15,740 eligible, able bodied men and women on the relief rolls of Pennsylvania. Of that 15,740 people only 448 were at work on useful jobs relieving the load on the tax payers in the local communities. I want to tell you this, that about a hundred of them were from my own county where I have raised particular Cain about this thing.

I happen to be the president of a school board at home. I had some of these very people stand right at the entrance to this new school building of mine and tell me, "Bill, my God, there is an election coming up"—it was only four days before the election. That is the kind of thing that we are faced with here.

The reason I find particular fault with this situation is not only the moral principle of the thing, but here is the law. The Pearson Work Relief Act which was written in 1939. It is Pamphlet Law 401 and you can get it and take it along with you. It very specifically states that the administrators of public assistance in Pennsylvania—and I shall read it to you—in section 4 it states this:

> "It shall be the duty of such governing bodies and of the persons in charge of each state district office, institution or other agency of each regularly organized organization or institution to furnish employment for as many of these employables as possible."

It goes on to state that it shall be the duty of the administrators of public assistance to see that there are work lists (that is, the number of men employable in a particular district) to be made known to the road supervisors, the school boards, the borough councils, and so forth, and that they in turn then could put these people to work.

When I started to dig into this thing I could hardly find this act. It was a difficult thing to look it up. No one seemed to know there was such a thing, but here it is.

Another thing I want to call to your attention in that particular act is this. It says that any employable, able bodied man who lives more than one mile from one of these projects has to be paid transportation charges. Nobody pays my transportation charges to my job, and I live a lot farther away from it than one mile.

Let me point out to you gentleman that the school law says that a child of one of these people must walk a mile and a half to school. We recognize the fact that a child is able to walk a mile and a half to go to school, and yet we'll send a bus around to pick up the father and haul him to work if he is slightly over a mile away. Now what kind of thinking is that?

We have found further in this report that during the year 1939 for some reason or other, call it faulty arithmetic, call it negligence, you can read into the record many things, I'll let you do whatever you wish, but we found in turning this thing inside out in the Joint State Government Commmission reports, that there was an estimated over-payment in 1949 of $7,953,000, almost eight million dollars over-payment.

I have just completed, as President of this school-board, building a new sixteen room consolidated school building

which is costing us $172,000. Do you realize how many school buildings eight million dollars would build? Over forty. If we had eight million dollars cash to pour into Indiana county for new school buildings, we would not be asking for one nickle for new school buildings of any kind for the next twenty-five years, perhaps. Yet we have poured eight million dollars down this hole. Of that amount, five million seventy-five thousand dollars was actual state tax money that you and I sat here and voted to taken away from the people of this Commonwealth. The rest of it was Federal tax, but regardless of where it comes from it is still tax money and it comes out of the peoples pockets.

Now we are willing to admit, because the record shows this situation, that these abuses have occured. They do exist, and I am going to offer some suggestions for the correction of this situation.

We are now entering upon a new administration with a new director, and in discussing this situation with the new director I am informed that procedures are now in order which will correct some of these abuses. I shall run down through these recommendations very hurriedly.

The first one is that relief rolls, the recepients of relief, should be just as much a public record as your tax record and mine. Anybody can go to the Court House and find out exactly how much tax I pay on my real estate to help support this thing. It is a community function. If they so desire it is possible that they can find out how much income tax you pay. That's no secret. So why should not those who want to abuse this privilege be recorded? I realize there are some who are absolutely needy and should have help; we don't deny that; we are not going to be stingy or tight-fisted with the thing. We don't want anybody to be hungry, but on the other hand, we certainly don't feel that we should be taken advantage of by those who can work.

The next suggestion is that the 1939 act be enforced rigidly, that these reports go to the these municipalities. I have introduced amendments to the bill to change the mileage from one mile to two and a half miles. I have introduced amendments to the act to include cemetery associations and everything that is of a semi-public nature which is supported wholly or in part by public contribution, at least be eligible to use these people. In that way there will be no community unable to provide adequate work projects. I also recommend that eighteen year olds, boys and girls, be put on a basis of their own unless they are attending the public schools of this Commonwealth. Today, throughout this country, we find a situation where a farmer can not find a boy to help him; a woman can not find a girl to do housework or anything else. If you go to some of these families with eighteen year olds and, ask some of them to go to your home and do some work, they will refuse, and I know where it has been done with the statement that it will affect their public assistance grant.

They are fighting about the question of whether we will send eighteen year olds into Korea to defend your home and mine. If they are old enough to be sent to Korea to die, they are old enough to go out here and help a farmer plow a field or milk a cow.

Number four, that grants in public assistance be kept a little more in line with the index cost of living in order that we do not create a growing situation on where it is more desirable and easier to stay on relief than it is to go to work. If a man now should draw a hundred twenty-five, a hundred fifty, or two hundred dollars for his family by sitting at home, that is certainly a lot easier than earning two hundred and twenty-five dollars going out to work. And what does he care about the moral principle involved.

Number five, we are going to have to develop some kind of control over the expenditure of relief money after it reaches the recipient. We find in many cases, where the father finds it more desirable to stick to the old adage, "What! a sack of flour and no whiskey in the house?" The father goes down and spends the money for liquor at the beer garden and the children go to school without shoes.

Now believe me, I taught school fifteen years; I know what I am talking about. I have been a school director for a long time, and I know something about it from that angle.

Number six, more stringent legislation should be placed on the books to preempt and take over the earnings of a father who finds it to his advantage to skip off and leave his family on public assistance. Let us go after this fellow and make him take his responsibilities the same as you take yours.

Number seven, and this is a touchy subject, but it is involved in this whole program and so we might as well face it. You can find on the relief rolls of Pennsylvania today many cases of women, unmarried, and yet the mother of several illegitimate children. Believe me, it has become a business. It always was a business, but this one is a profit-making business. It has become an advantage, because the more children in the family the higher the relief grant. I can point out to you many cases right in Indiana county. I do not need to go to somebody else's county, don't forget, where the father has pulled out and left the family, and children continue to come into this family regularly. They are either his or somebody else's. That is an undisputable fact. Then let us take his wages, as I suggested before and keep this family.

If this is the case of an unmarried woman, or a divorced woman being promiscuous, careless, and indifferent, then I say that after she becomes an habitual, especially at the end of the second child-birth, that woman should be institutionalized and the children she already had put into a decent home. Now she can either accept that solution or I could suggest another one, which I will leave out right now.

Number eight, the system of careful administration of public assistance should be very thoroughly studied to see if we cannot somehow reimburse the counties from the state level. Let the relief be administered back home by elected officials upon whom the taxpayers can place their finger if the thing is not being done right.

Number nine, no marriage licenses should be issued to couples who are now on the public assistance rolls. This, believe it or not, exists.

Number ten in line with the 1939 Act, if you are going to make this the perfect system of distribution of relief, this rule should be made: That every field office of public assistance have one employee, a practical individual, not

necessarily a college graduate, although that should be no deterring factor, someone who understands work projects and relief projects. It shall be the duty of that individual to do noting but contact boards of supervisors and school boards, and so forth to see that there is a backlog of work projects available at all time for these people.

Number eleven, we should check the entire setup for the administration of relief qualifications, rules, regulations—and I am speaking for the Legislature on this point, because whether you sit on the minority or majority side of this House, we still are going to have to vote the money to carry this thing out.

Another situation which I think needs some attention: If a man has worked all his life, raised a decent family, and then in the declining years of his life he finds that he has nothing left but a little home in a small community of Pennsylvania, or anywhere else, he puts up his home as collateral to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. In other words, it becomes his bank account for the remaining years of his life and his wife's. Now some people disagree as to having to put that home up. I don't, because, as the General Assembly, if we step in and take over that man's burden and the burden of his own children in taking care of him, then we, instead of the children, should receive that home. That is the end of it, at least so far as they are concerned. I agree with that principle.

Another thing that we could do is go just one step farther and take up the case of the man who needs assistance, who is granted assistance, and put a lien against him just the same, so that when he goes out and goes into the war plants and starts to make his $15 or $20 a day, let him reimburse the Commonwealth for a fraction of what he received when he was helped. The way it is now in our present setup, we are penalizing the individual in the community who has tried to develop a clean cut little home and finds that is all he has left at the end of the road.

Now the next and final point, after we have cleaned house let us see to it that the aged and the blind, and the mother with dependent children are thoroughly and adequately taken care of. You will have plenty of money to do it if you get the chiselers off the rolls.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. McMillen.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. McMillen permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McMILLEN. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. I seek information. Under existing law, who establishes the standards of relief?

Mr. McMILLEN. That is the Administrative Board's power, I believe.

Mr. ANDREWS. Who constitutes the Administrative Board?

Mr. McMILLEN. Right off hand, I couldn't answer that question.

Mr. ANDREWS. Is there an Administrative Board?

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, I understand there is. There is the Executive Director.

Mr. ANDREWS. Can the gentleman tell me how many times in the past two years the Administrative Board has met?

Mr. McMILLEN. I cannot answer that, Mr. Andrews. On this Administrative Board I understand it is the power of the Governor to appoint that Board, and he appoints the County Boards of Assistance, and so forth.

Mr. ANDREWS. Could the gentleman think I was wrong if I said that the Administrative Board, as a matter of fact, has never functioned? And it has seldom met, that it has delegated its powers to the head of the Department?

Mr. McMILLEN. Perhaps that is true. I am not positive, but perhaps that may true, and I presume like all Boards the Executive Director has a lot of authority.

Mr. ANDREWS. Then the gentleman would say that the increase in assistance over and above the index figure is the increase that has been sanctioned directly or indirectly by the controlling Board?

Mr. McMILLEN. That I do not know, but that is what I am talking about, as a Member of this Legislature representing both Democrats and Republicans. I want to know where this leak is.

Mr. ANDREWS. And then, does the gentleman agree that the responsibility now rests and has rested with the controlling board?

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, the board is appointed. I presume they have authority, Mr. Andrews.

Mr. ANDREWS. A further question. Is the Auditor General authorized under existing law to audit and check relief cases?

Mr. McMILLEN. As I understand it, there is not much check on those accounts. It is authorized, but I do not know to what extent they audit those accounts as they go through. I cannot answer that, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Would it not be the gentleman's opinion that the lamentable condition that he describes would indicate that there has been no thorough overall audit on the part of the Auditor General's Department?

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, they check them, you are aware. I wonder how definitely and how closely the Auditor General checks the payroll accounts that go from here over to him—from this Legislature over there. I understand they are auditing the accounts and checking them right now, very, very strenuously. The whole thing is being gone over, that is why I am pointing this out at this time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman not agree that had there been any semblance of audit upon the part of the Auditor General's staff, that the conditions that he has described could not have arisen, or if they arose, would have been cured?

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, I doubt very much if that would have caught many of the conditions which I have described, Mr. Andrews, because when an account comes in from an investigator or from a county office for payment, it certifies that John Jones get $25 or $35.20, the checks then go out on that basis. The abuse or whatever you want to call it, negligence perhaps, occurs out in the local areas rather than here at the central office.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman not understand that the auditors visit the local offices and that they examine the case records of the various individuals that are on relief. They do not operate from headquarters, that they operate in the field and I am again asking the gentleman if that field force has been effective, then could the situation that he talks about have been continued?

Mr. McMILLEN. I did not quite get the point of your question, Mr. Andrews, I'm sorry.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, has the gentleman ever

taken the pains to examine the personnel of the supposed auditors that have been sent into the field by the Auditor General's Department for the purpose of determining their capacity for the job?

Mr. McMILLEN. Well, I have not, but I presume that they are capable enough. After all, even though it is Republican now, it was Democratic until just recently, so I presume that both parties had competent men in there.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman.

What the gentleman from Indiana has said is in a large measure true. First of all the controlling board has not functioned. The controlling board has seldom met. The controlling board has delegated its functions and its responsibilities to the executives of the Department of Public Assistance.

The auditors who have functioned under the direction of the Auditor General's departments have in no way been fitted for their job. They have been merely decrepit politicians in many instances nesting on a public payroll.

What the gentleman has succeeded in doing is indicting, and properly indicting a system of management which first of all has developed a board of directors that have not directed.

Second, they have played politics with the auditors that were supposed to be in the field auditing. And in many of the counties of this Commonwealth, the very chiselers at which the gentlemen has pointed an accusing finger have been maintained as a political asset.

Now the problem the gentleman faces is to divorce public assistance from state politics and from local politics, and until he has done that his scheme of reform will fall to the ground. There has been an atrocious period of political control, political play for place in the Department of Public Assistance. And if it is the intention of the gentleman to cure that sort of thing we certainly will be glad to give him aid, succor and assistance.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act relating to and defining chiropractic and the right to practice chiropractic requiring licensure conferring powers and imposing duties upon the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners providing for the granting suspension and revocation of licenses issued by the board conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County and prescribing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence and the proof of official records documents and proceedings both domestic and foreign and of copies thereof and extracts therefrom and certificates in reference thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth providing for trial without jury and for the filing of agreements therefor providing for the payment of jury fees.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 235, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provision for the taxation of private forest reserves.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458) entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first second second A and third classes prescribing the rights powers and duties of such authorities authorizing such authorities to acquire construct improve maintain and operate parking projects to conduct research of the parking problem and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government State political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates" by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time fixing the time from which

priorities extend and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 704 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game predators and unprotected birds.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 43,

was passed over at the request of the Speaker.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either Department upon the advice of the Attorney General may maintain an action in the name of the Commonwealth for an injunction or other process restraining or prohibiting any person copartnership association or corporation from establishing conducting or operating without a license any private nursing home private hospital private boarding home private mental hospital or any other private institution whenever a license to engage in such activity is required by law and such licenses are issued by the department instituting suit

Section 2 Any such action shall be instituted in the court of common pleas in any county where the alleged unauthorized activity is committed The court may issue a temporary restraining order or injunction under the act but shall determine any such action on its merits as soon as possible whether in term or in vacation Appeal from any final decision of such court to the Superior or Supreme Court shall be as in similar cases.

Section 3 No bond shall be required of and no costs shall be taxed against the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department on account of any such action

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall be construed as supplementary to all other acts dealing with the same subject matter No action brought under the provisions of this act shall prevent the prosecution or institution of any civil or criminal action otherwise provided by law for violation of any licensing act or departmental rule or regulation promulgated thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—201

Amarando,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Andrews,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Banker,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Sax,
Barkdoll,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Baumunk,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Bear,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beaver,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Beech,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Boies,	Helm,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jump,	Musto,	Toll,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Varner,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
Duffy,	Lederer,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Filip,	Light,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filo,	Limper,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reagan,	White,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reese,	Williams,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Geer,	Lyons,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gibson,	Madden,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Good,	Markley,	Rose,	Young,
Goodling,	Maxwell,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Graybill,	Mazza,	Rovansek,	Speaker
		Royer,	Sorg,

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—6

Bolton,	Cooper,	Headlee,	Lafore,
Bomberger,	Ferster,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 684.

An Act providing for the observation of the 175th anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence; creating a commission to cooperate with like commissions of the government of the United States and of the City of Philadelphia in arranging ceremonies; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WHALLEY. HOUSE BILL No. 685.

An Act to further amend subsection four of Section 3 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1356), entitled "An act to regulate the sale and delivery of solid fuel, as herein defined; providing for the appointment of licensed weighmasters; prescribing their powers and duties; authorizing substitute licensed weighmasters; imposing certain duties on the Department of Internal Affairs; and providing penalties," by providing that copies of weighmaster's certificates may be seized for use as evidence by any inspector of weights and measures.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 686.

An Act to further amend clause (a) of section 407 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, P. L. 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beveragese; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by requiring clubs to pay the same license fees as required of hotels and restaurants located within the same municipality.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 687.

An Act to further amend clause (e) of section 19 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by providing that club license fees shall be the same as for retail dispensers' licenses in the same municipality.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 688.

An Act to further amend paragraph three of Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled, as amended, "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," further defining "Club" so as to require them to accompany application for renewal of licenses with statement showing sources of income and percentage of full paid members.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. SOLLENBERGER and BOWER. HOUSE BILL No. 689.

An Act to amend section nine hundred twenty-five of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine(P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for certain further powers of the county board of school directors.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. JOHNSON. HOUSE BILL No. 690.

An Act to further amend section 2 of the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 1172), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 208), entitled 'An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs, and providing penalties for the violation thereof; defining the words 'drug' and 'poison'; and providing for the appointment of a board which shall have in charge the enforcement of said law, and the power to make rules and regulations for the enforcement of said law; and providing for the purchase of samples of drugs for determining their quality, strength, and purity'; requiring permits to conduct pharmacies; providing for the revocation thereof; and prescribing penalties," by raising fees for permits to conduct a pharmacy.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. BREISCH and SNIDER.

HOUSE BILL No. 691.

An Act to further amend Section 444 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by increasing the maximum appropriation which may be made for agricultural extension work.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES HOUSE BILL No. 692.

An Act to further amend Clause (1) of Section 410, and Clause (i) of Section 420 C of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682)), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and interinsurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by requiring receipted undertaker's bill or the unpaid bill therefor as a condition of settlement and the payment thereof by the insurance company.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 170.

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 188) entitled "An act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" authorizing bank holidays in the event of public calamities and permitting banking institutions at their option to engage in banking transactions on certain holidays.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

SENATE BILL No. 171.

A nAct to further amend subsection B of section one thousand one hundred nine of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three(P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further providing for the powers and duties and limitation on powers of corporations authorized to engage in a banking or fiduciary business.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

SENATE BILL No. 179.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 164) entitled "An act authorizing and empowering minors seventeen years of age or older to contract and to make loans in accordance with the provisions of he act of Congress known as the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944" or any agency of the Commonwealth hereafter created and saving and relieving the parents guardians and trustees of such minors from any liability therefor unless joining therein" authorizing minor spouses of certain service men to join in the execution of certain contracts and prohibiting the disaffirmance of such contracts on the grounds of minority.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 195.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 204.

An Act to amend Section 4 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1513) enttiled "An act regulating the construction equipment maintenance operation and inspection of boilers granting certain authority to and imposing certain duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry providing penalties for violations of this act and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act" by providing for initial inspection of boilers not inspected during construction.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

SENATE BILL No. 209.

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 147) entitled "An act fixing the compensation of persons called to serve as coroner's jurors in this Commonwealth" by increasing the compensation of coroner's jurors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 239.

An Act to further amend Section 412 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second third fourth fifth sixth seventh and eighth classes and revising amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto" by providing for audits of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers or auditors of counties.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

SENATE BILL No. 240.

An Act to further amend clause 35 of Section 2403 of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers of cities of the third class.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

SENATE BILL No. 241.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 39) entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class second class and second class A to make appropriations for the support maintenance discipline and training of units of the National Guard providing for the paying over expenditure and accounting for of such appropriations and repealing existing laws" by providing for audit of accounts of expenditures of organizations of the National Guard by controllers of cities of the first class second class and second class A.

Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

SENATE BILL No. 243.

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to bills to be introduced by him.

Mr. MADIGAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a resolution to be introduced by him.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker I would like to say a brief word about a resolution that is reposing in the kindly keeping of the Rules Committee.

Some time back, I introduced a resolution requesting that the head of the Department of Forests and Waters be asked to furnish certain information. The head of the Department of Forests and Waters has been under fire in various directions. A candid answer to the questions which my resolution contained might have removed him from the angle of fire. I think that politically the Rules Committee and the Admiral have been just a little bit dumb in not embracing the opportunity to clear the Department and the head of the Department from the burden of accusation that has been leveled against it.

I gave the distinguished Admiral an opportunity through the rules committee, to state his side of the case. But with the customary disregard for legislative inquiring that has characterized that Department, there has been no effort upon the part of the distinguished Admiral in any way to answer the questions that the Members of the General Assembly have been asking and that the general public has been asking.

I would suggest as a matter of proper procedure that if the Admiral wants to get out from under the cloud that now envelopes him, that he request the Rules Committee to release that resolution and come clean with a clean statement.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. RUBIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, March 19, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11:09 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 19, 1951. No. 23.

SENATE

MONDAY, March 19, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. JOHN C. MOORE, Pastor of Christ Episcopal Church, Coudersport, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Lord of all power and giver of grace and wisdom, we commend to Thee all who are engaged in the government of this Commonwealth, especially this Legislature now in session. Grant to them clean hands, pure hearts and unfailing devotion to the cause of righteousness. To Thee, merciful God, we commend their work, praying that it may be such as will promote Thy work in our midst. Let all they think or speak or do be for Thy glory and for the good of Thy people. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. McPHERSON, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. LETZLER, on account of illness.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nomination for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 19, 1951.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

A. C. Brickell, Mount Lebanon Twp., Pittsburgh.
Paul E. Evers, Pittsburgh, 5539 Walnut St.
Mrs. Emma B. Plohr, Pittsburgh, 429 4th Ave.
Miss Esther A. Trasp, McKeesport.
A. W. Zahniser, Pittsburgh, Exchange Bldg.

BEAVER COUNTY

George A. Baldwin Jr., Beaver.
Jack O'Brien, New Brighton
Miss Beatrice E. Schwartz, Rochester.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Mrs. Mary M. Yingling, Sandy Twp., DuBois.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

R. B. Nelson, New Cumberland.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Arthur Frankel, Harrisburg.

ELK COUNTY

Floyd D. Roof, Ridgway.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Marguerite K. Zimmerman, Lancaster.

LEBANON COUNTY

LaVerd C. Gingrich, Palmyra.
L. F. Grimes, Lebanon.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Mrs. Ruthe N. Davis, Wilkes-Barre.
Robert T. King, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Anita C. Shea, Wilkes-Barre.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Evelyn M. Anderson, Cheltenham Twp. Glenside.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Joseph J. Weber, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Edward E. Abrams, 903 W. Dauphin St.
Charles J. Bissell, 6612 Emlen St.
Edward H. Haws, Jr., 700 Commercial Trust Bldg.
James V. Hazlett, 508 Finance Bldg.
Mrs. Betty G. Korth, 1411 Walnut St.
Miss Helen A. Metzinger, 854 N. Orianna St.
John J. Nahrgang, 7037 Ogontz Ave.
Mrs. Rose A. Pagano, 5543 Harbison Ave.
Henry Peltz, Philco Corp., C & Tioga Sts.
Patrick F. Ryan, 1515 N. Broad St.
Sidney Salkin, 1300 Market St. Nat'l. Bank Bldg.
Mrs. Nina A. Z. Straten, Adm. Bldg., S. E. Cor. Broad and Grange Sts.
Mrs. Mary N. Wershaw, Jewish Hosp., York and Tabor Rds.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

George J. Lazur, Tamaqua.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. D. A. Hondale, Windber.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Charles H. Ainey, New Milford.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Nick Moschetti, Hempfield Twp., Greensburg.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Lillian M. Richards, 2315 E. Dauphin St., 3-22-51.

CHESTER COUNTY

Alonza L. Cleaver, West Chester, 3-24-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Rose G. Fox, 1409 Finance Bldg., 3-26-51.

LACWAWANNA COUNTY

Albert M. Bronson, Scranton, 3-29-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Helene Nathanson, 1700 Bankers Securities Bldg., 4-1-51.

VENANGO COUNTY

Miss Mabel E. Witherup, Franklin, 4-1-51.

LEBANON COUNTY

Miss Sallie Kegerreis, Richland, 4-2-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Evelyn D. Moody, Pittsburgh, 401 Wood St., 4-7-51.

YORK COUNTY

S. A. Hummer, North York, 4-7-51.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Miss Cherry Y. Craven, Bridgeport, 4-9-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Marion S. Callender, Pittsburgh, 952 Union Trust Bldg., 4-12-51.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Ethel M. Mosteller, York, 4-13-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Ira W. Boyle, Pittsburgh, 305 Frick Bldg., 4-15-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Myra R. Stevens, Springboro, 4-15-51.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Miss Madeline Kohl, Ephrata, 4-15-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Angeline Ferugiari, Wilkes-Barre, 4-15-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

William C. Myers, Wilson, 4-15-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Mrs. Celia A. Mahony, 2460 76th Ave., 4-15-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Marge Owsiany, Charleroi, 4-15-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

H. H. Cochran, Greensburg, 4-15-51.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Mrs. LaRrue E. H. Luckey, Allentown, 4-16-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Bernard A. Brislin, Hazleton, 4-16-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

George W. Hamm, 1072 Public Ledger Bldg., 4-16-51.
J. E. Stimmler, 624 E. Gerhard St., 4-16-51.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

George R. Stitzel, Pottsville, 4-16-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Elmer A. Green, Pittsburgh, 524 Ivy St., 4-17-51.

BERKS COUNTY

Philip J. Auchter, Reading, 4-17-51.

BLAIR COUNTY

Robert K. Miller, Altoona, 4-17-51.
J. Albert Winter, Altoona, 4-17-51.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Charles R. Church, Titusville, 4-17-51.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Miss Helena P. Hoere, Bethlehem, 4-17-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Anthony M. Baldino, 7261 Limekiln Pike, 4-17-51.
Mrs. Esther Maser, 4053 W. Girard Ave., 4-17-51.

BEAVER COUNTY

J. C. Potts, Midland, 4-19-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Helen C. Nowak, Erie, 4-19-51.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Morris R. Davis, Warrior Run, 4-19-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Emma Goldman, 1528 Walnut St., 4-19-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. KEPHART,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, annd referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, 12TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951..

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Walter R. Sohn, 1419 North Front Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 12th Judicial District, composed of the County of Dauphin, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Hon. Robert E. Woodside, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harold A. Deterline, 88 Broadway, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, to serve until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Wilbur E. Nothstein, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate T. H. Bement, Centerville, Crawford County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Rome, Crawford County, to serve until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION SERIAL No. 101

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Concurrent Resolution directing the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House to make arrangements for postage for mailing Legislative Journal and providing that payment of postage for mailing Journal, Bills, Calendars and Histories be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 94, PRINTER'S No. 17

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 15, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 94, Printer's No. 17, entitled "An Act to amend Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 490) entitled 'An act relating to acknowledgments of written instruments and to make uniform the law with relation thereto' by empowering deputy recorders of deeds to take acknowledgments and validating acknowledgments heretofore taken by such officers."

JOHN S. FINE.

COMMUNICATIONS

The CHAIR cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communications, which were read by the Clerk:

Department of State

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

March 6, 1951.

President of the Senate
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Sir:

In compliance with the instruction of the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota, I am pleased to forward to you an attested copy of Concurrent Resolution "M" relating to certain provisions of the Federal Highway Acts.

Respectfully Submitted,

THOMAS HALL, Secretary of State.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

Department of State

To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come:

I' Thomas Hall, Secretary of State of the State of North Dakota, do hereby certify that the attached

House Concurrent Resolution M

relating to an amendment of the Federal Highway Act is an official copy of the described document, duly adopted

by the House of Representatives of the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota, and on file in my office.

Dated at Mismarck, North Dakota this the 6th day of March 1951.

THOMAS HALL, Secretary of State.

Thirty-second Legislative Assembly, State of North Dakota, begun and held at the Capitol in the City of 'Bismarck, on Tuesday, the second day of January, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION "M"

(Bubel, Holand, Jansonius and Leet)

A concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to amend the Federal Highway Act so as to prohibit the diversion of revenue received from federal motor-user taxes, and to provide for an increased federal matching ratio so that all such revenue be returned to the states and used for road development.

Whereas, in 1934, Congress, in effect, said that, since it is unfair to tax the user of the highways unless the revenue from such tax be used for road improvements, any state that diverts highway motor-user taxes will be penalized under the Federal Highway Act, and

Whereas, in order to comply with the requirements of such Federal Highway Act, North Dakota adopted, as part of its constitution, Article 56, which required that revenue from gasoline and other motor fuel excise and license taxation, after deduction of cost of administration and collection authorized by legislative appropriation only, and statutory refunds, shall be appropriated and used solely for construction, reconstruction, repair and maintenance of public highways, and payments of obligations incurred in the construction, reconstruction, repair and maintenance of public highways, and

Whereas, other states have, in similar manner or by statute, prohibited the diversion of highway motor-user taxes to other than road improvement uses, and

Whereas, the Federal Government itself now diverts about two-thirds of the income which it receives from motor-user excise taxes, having in 1949 returned to the states only about four hundred million dollars out of 1.3 billion dollars it so received, this according to an interview with Thomas H. MacDonald, U. S. Commission of Public Roads, in the December 29, 1950 issue of the United States News and World Report, and

Whereas, because of increased governmental costs, many states are unable to raise sufficient funds with which to match Federal funds allowed for highway construction, even though some states are and have been allotted additional matching aid, by reason of the inability of other states to match their allotments, and

Whereas, it appears the states are and have been unable on a fifty-fifty matching basis, to raise sufficient funds to use more than a third of the federal tax collected from motor users, so that two-thirds of the revenue received from this federal motor-user tax is being and has been diverted by the Federal Government to other uses than road improvement, this directly contrary to the requirements imposed by Congress upon the states by the Federal Highway Act, and

Whereas, there is increasingly imperative need for additional highway construction and reconstruction to bring even a small percentage of highways up to standards required by present day traffic, and to insure their military use in time of national emergency, and

Whereas, much desperately needed additional highway construction and reconstruction could be made, if the two-thirds of the federal motor-user taxes, now being diverted to other uses, could be used for the purpose for which they were intended and for which Congress has required that similar funds in the states be used,

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved By The House of Representatives Of The State Of North Dakota, The Senate Concurring Therein:

That the thirty-second legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to so amend the Federal Highway Act, and such other acts as may be necessary, as to prohibit the diverting of Federal motor-user taxes to any other purpose than that of road development, and to provide for an increased ratio of Federal funds compared with state funds, so that all federal motor-user taxes be used for the development of roads, that, instead of matching state funds, so that all Federal motor-user taxes be used Federal Government match state funds on the basis of three dollars to one dollar.

Be It Further Resolved, that a duly attested copy of this concurrent resolution be sent by the Secretary of State to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States, the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States, to the Senators and Representatives in Congress from the state of North Dakota, to the Secretary of the Interior, to the United States Commissioner of Public Roads, and to the Secretary of the Senate and to the Clerk of the House of Representatives of all other state legislative assemblies now in session.

(s) LEO STICKA,
Speaker of the House
(s) KENNETH L. MORGAN,
Chief Clerk of the House
(s) RAY CAMPBELL,
President of the Senate
(s) W. J. TROUT,
Secretary of the Senate.

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

Department of State

Pierre

Geradine Ostroot, Secretary of State — Kate P. Young, Assistant Secretary

February 20, 1951

To all Governor and Presiding Officers of the State Legislatures:

Sir:

Our State Legislature has just adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 4, a Resolution Memorializing the Legislatures of the Several States of the United States to Require Military Service of All Qualified Citizens Without Regard for Race, Creed, or Color. The enclosed copy of the Resolution is being forwarded at the direction of Honorable Hugh H. Stokes, Speaker of our House of Representatives.

Very truly yours,
(s) Geraldine Ostroot
GERALDINE OSTROOT, Secretary of State

Enc.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 4

Introduced by Mr. Indseth

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

A Concurrent Resolution Memorializing the Legislatures of the Several States of the United States to Memoralize the Congress of the United States to Require Military Service of All Qualified Citizens Without Regard for Race, Creed, or Color.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of South Dakota, the Senate concurring therein:

Whereas, in these days of pressing national emergency and undeclared war, with the prospect of general war ever present and American citizens already dying in the service of their country, the most fundamental duty of a citizen is that of military service, if mentally and physically qualified therefor; and

Whereas, certain groups refuse to perform this primary duty of an American citizen, taking refuge in their re-

ligious affiliations as justification for such refusal; and

Whereas, there are numerous necessary military tasks, sometimes dangerous, which are performed without the bearing of arms or the attendant obligation of participating in the taking of life of an enemy; and

Whereas, it is discrimination in the most vicious degree that any person should enjoy the benefits of life in these United States without assuming the primary obligations thereof while others are required to perform their full duty as citizens;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the House of Representatives of the 32nd Session of the South Dakota Legislature, the Senate concurring therein, do urge and recommend that the several states of the United States memorialize the Congress that at least general noncombatant service without exception because of race, creed, or color be required of all conscientious objectors.

Be It Further Resolved that copies of this Concurrent Resolution be forwarded to the Governors of the several states of the United States and other presiding officers of the various legislative assemblies of the several states of the United States.

(s) HUGH H. STOKES,
Speaker, House of Representatives
(c) W. J. MATSON,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives
(s) REX TERRY,
President of Senate
(s) NIELS P. JENSEN,
Secretary of Senate

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Mr. PROPERT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. PROPERT, offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 19, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 26, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 26, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p. m., E. S. T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WOLFE, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as amended, House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. SNOWDEN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, in the 1949 Session of the Legislature we adopted unanimously a resolution calling for a study of a certain of piece of road in the western part of the State of Pennsylvania, having in mind adding it onto the Turnpike Commission as a toll road. We called upon the Secretary of Highways to make a study in connection with the Turnpike Commission concerning this matter, and I now have the report from the Secretary. I would like to present and have the Clerk read the report, and at the same time I would like to have given to each Senator a mimeographed copy of this report.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways

Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, The Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Pursuant to Senate Resolution Serial No. 42 introduced by Senators Dent, Snowden and Lane on April 21, 1949, and adopted the same date, relative to a study to be made by the Secretary of Highways in conjunction with the Turnpike Commission to determine the advisability of transferring the State Highway beginning on Legislative Route 117, Traffic Route U. S. 119 near the New Stanton interchange of the Turnpike, and extending westerly through Westmoreland, Fayette and Washington Counties, by way of Belle-Vernon, Speers and Bentleyville to a point on Legislative Route 118, Traffic Route U. S. 40, southeast of the City of Washington, to the Turnpike Commission to be a part of the Pennsylvania Turnpike, with the motor license fund reimbursed from Turnpike bonds for the monies expended by the Department of Highways in designing and building said road, the Department of Highways has consulted with the Turnpike Commission.

Prior to reaching any conclusion as to costs involved in making the physical alterations which would be required if the road should become a toll road, our attention was called to the Federal Highway Act which provides in section 9 of the Act approved July 11, 1916 (Public Law No. 87, 67th Congress) "That all highways constructed or reconstructed under the provisions of this Act shall be free from tolls of all kinds."

Federal Aid funds have been used in the improvement of the subject road, and such funds were granted subject to the above quoted excerpt from the Federal Highway Law, which has been continued in all subsequent Federal Highway Legislation.

Therefore, It is respectfully submitted that the road under discussion can not become a part of the Pennsylvania Turnpike without violating the Federal Statute under which some of the funds expended thereon were appropriated.

Very truly yours

RAY SMOCK.

RAY F. SMOCK, Secretary of Highways

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. BLASS read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 358, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the sixth judicial district.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 359, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection 3 of Section 11 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858) entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement

system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by providing for a minimum retirement allowance after twenty-five years service and voluntary retirement.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus; conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas; defining procedure in all cases; authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth; providing for the imposition of costs allowing appeals; specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken; and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act establishing a Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board Officers' Retirement System; providing for payments upon retirement, death, disability, involuntary retirement, and of certain medical expenses from the State Employes' Retirement Fund under the administration of the State Employes' Retirement Board; providing for contributions by officers of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and the Commonwealth; providing for the guarantee by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; providing for the subregation of the Commonwealth to the rights of the member or dependents against certain third parties; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits and rights from taxation and judicial processes; and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379) entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such boards; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payable by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by authorizing the payment of additional compensation to subordinate assessors by the boroughs, townships and school districts in which he makes assessments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the purchase of furniture, furnishings and historical objects for Pottsgrove Mansion in the Borough of Pottstown.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare, for the maintenance of the Chestnut Hill Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporation; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon him and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by permitting the Department of State to copy and destroy or return certain documents; permitting directors to fill vacancies in the board of directors resulting from an increase in the number of directors; deleting certain requirements as to the appointment, compensation and duties of agents; providing that meetings of shareholders at which directors are to be elected may be adjourned for periods of fifteen days each; fixing the method of cumulative voting in cases where directors are elected separately by the holders of different classes of shares; providing that courts having jurisdiction over trustees who are evenly divided as to how shares shall be voted may direct the voting of such shares; deleting requirements as to the voting of shares of foreign corporations owned by other corporations; providing that articles of incorporation may be amended to eliminate the preemptive rights of shareholders, and providing for the purchase of and payment for shares of any shareholders who dissent therefrom; specifying cases of merger or consolidation of which sixty days' notice to shareholders must be given; providing that shareholders of a parent corporation shall have no right to dissent from a merger or consolidation of such parent and one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries thereof, providing the state of incorporation and relative rights and preferences of the shareholders of the parent corporation are not changed thereby; providing that foreign corporations which shall have done business in Pennsylvania without procuring a certificate of authority to do so shall be conclusively presumed to have appointed the Secretary of the Commonwealth their agent to accept service of process in cases arising out of acts of omissions of such corporation in the Commonwealth, and specifying the duties of the Secretary upon receipt of such process.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, if I may pray the indulgence of the Senate, one of the bills I am about to present to the Chair is a bill that I think the Legislature of Pennsylvania, especially those of us who have had the opportunity of going up into Canada fishing, would take a great deal of pleasure in voting for. It is a bill, Mr. President, that has been very highly recommended and advocated by one of our metropolitan papers in the Pittsburgh Press. Johnny Mock, the Outdoor Editor, has been leading the fight for years to have the fishing law in Pennsylvania amended so that our neighbors to the north, our Canadian neighbors who have been our hosts for years of very pleasant and enjoyable fishing, would have the opportunity of fishing here in Pennsylvania.

As the gentlemen of the Senate know, the present fishing law prohibits the issuance of fishing licenses to aliens, and this bill, Mr. President, would extend our non-resident fishing license privilege to our good friends to the north, so that we can reciprocate the hospitality shown by our Canadian hosts, and I know that those of us who have had the chance of fishing in Canada will be so glad that we can say to those folks up north, "Here is a chance for us to return in a small measure the marvelous hospitality you have been extending to us over all these years."

Therefore, Mr. President, in this era of brotherhood and good neighborly feeling, I would like to present this bill to the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection A of Section 221 and to amend Section 241 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by extending non-resident fishing privileges to Canadians and redefining resident.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act relating to the effect of writs of attachment, execution and foreign attachment served upon banks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 12 of Article XIV of the act, aproved the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 20) entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class," by requiring all conferences of the mayor with a quorum of council to be open to the public.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act authorizing minors to open and maintain bank accounts and fixing the rights and duties of minors, the minors' parents or guardians, and the depository bank with respect thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 370, entitled:

An Act relating to adverse claims to bank deposits, prescribing the manner in which such claims must be supported to be entitled to recognition and limiting the effect of attachments or retraining orders against banking institutions having branch offices.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. CROWE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, (P. L. 594), entitled "An act establishing certain township roads as State highways; authorizing their construction, maintenance, and improvement under certain conditions and restrictions; limiting the obligation of the Commonwealth in the construction of certain structures located on such highways; conferring certain powers upon the Department of Highways and local authorities, persons, associations and corporations for sharing the cost of the maintenance and construction of such highways; and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act," by adding a new route in Wayne County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1202 of the act approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven, (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by authorizing boroughs to appropriate money to charitable organizations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Forests and Waters for the purpose of constructing retaining walls and for flood control stream clearance in certain counties, and for necessary costs and expenses in acquiring real property easements and rights of way necessary for construction of such retaining walls.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a meeting of the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WADE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I am presenting a resolution urging the Governor to consider proceeding immediately with the building of the long delayed Executive Mansion.

I had long been of the opinion that the people of Pennsylvania were dissatisfied with the present place. I felt certain that the Governors were unhappy in it, and my recollection was that the General Assembly of Pennsylvania had made every provision and passed every law necessary to get a new one built

All of this was conclusively proved to me over the week end when I finished reading the new book, "Shelter for His Excellency," by Colonel LeRoy Greene, which tells the story of the Executive Mansion in a most interesting manner.

I feel certain that in promptly building the new mansion, for which the ground has been purchased and the plans made, the Commonwealth would actually be saving money rather than spending money. It is in the interest of economy that the new masion be built at once.

We have alreadv spent nearly two hundred thousand dollars on the new place, yet not one stone has been put upon another in its building, and we are paying interest on the money.

We have paid out more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars on the present mansion in an effort to keep up the nearly one hundred year old structure, and it is still nothing but a patchwork job. We have put nearly seventy-five thousand dollars into the Adjutant General's house at Indiantown Gap so that the Governor could use it, and we still do not have a satisfactory Executive Mansion for the Governor.

I am told that plans are under consideration to spend upwards of one hundred thousand dollars on the present mansion, in an effort to restore it and make it more livable and useful.

All of this would be stopped and we would save money if the building of the new Executive Mansion were accomplished and these other two costly and inadequate places closed out. The bill has long since been passed providing for the sale of the present mansion, and the building at Indiantown Gap could be returned to military service.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

URGING THE GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA TO CONSIDER THE ADVISABILITY OF ERECTING THE NEW EXECUTIVE MANSION

Mr. WADE offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Rules:

In the Senate of Pennsylvania, March 19, 1951.

Whereas, An historical book, entitled "Shelter for His Excellency" by Lt. Colonel LeRoy Greene, has just been published and contains a complete history of the Executive Mansion and the 100 Governors of Pennsylvania with special reference to those Governors who have lived in the Executive Mansion; and

Whereas, The book, in great detail, documents the discomfort and the inconvenience which the Executive Mansion has caused to a great number of its occupants and discloses a fact which all of its occupants have suspected, viz:—it was formerly a small house to which a twin house has been attached, with a false front to make it appear as a single house; and

Whereas, It is an architect's monstrosity into which the inordinate sum of $350,000 has been poured by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania for rebuilding and reconstruction alone, without considering the cost of continuously refurnishing and redecorating the place; and

Whereas, The book also documents the fact that this relic of 1864 is entirely inadequate to the needs of 1951 and, by the record, has not been adequate since Governor Beaver lived there when the place was known as Keystone Hall, and that the Governors subsequent to him have repeatedly pointed out said deficiencies; and

Whereas, During the administration of Governor Arthur H. James, the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, appointed a joint committee of both Houses to cause the erection of a new Mansion, and the ground was purchased by an appropriation of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania at Front and Maclay Streets, Harrisburg, for the erection thereon of a new Mansion; and

Whereas, Paul P. Cret, internationally-famed architect was hired to, and did, draw plans for the new Executive Mansion to be located at Front and Maclay Streets, and was paid for said plans by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and

Whereas, The General Assembly of Pennsylvania passed an act empowering the General State Authority to build an Executive Mansion and

Whereas, The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorized the Governor of Pennsylvania to sell the present Executive Mansion at 311-313 North Front Street; and

Whereas, All necessary action has been taken by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania to meet the needs and the specifications for a new Mansion; and

Whereas, The actual work on the new Mansion had got under way, but was halted by the critical shortages of materials and other demands of World War II, and nothing has been done since the end of World War II to resume the building program; and

Whereas, In order to escape the discomforts of the present Executive Mansion, the post-war Governors have occupied the official Indiantown Gap Military Reservation home of the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, which has resulted in the building of still another Mansion for the Adjutant General and may result in the building of additional inadequate Mansions unless the new Executive Mansion is promptly started; and

Whereas, It is understood that plans have presently been proposed and are under consideration, to spend as much as $100,000 for a further rebuilding and enlarging of the present Executive Mansion, which has already involved a greater expenditure of money than the investment could conceivably warrant; therefore be it

Resolved, That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, in session assembled urge the Governor of Pennsylvania, His Excellency, John S. Fine, to immediately consider the advisability of the erection of the new Executive Mansion, and use the ground already bought and to paid for and the plans already prepared, drawn, and paid for.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

BILL RE-REFERRED

Mr. McPHERSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committe at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McPHERSON, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 266, entitled:

An Act providing for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the state and local governments under the old-age and survivors insurance provisions of Title II

of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended; making an appropriation and repealing inconsistent acts.

which was re-referred to the Committee on State Government.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating health and accident insurance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. HOLLAND and WALKER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (b) of Section 1 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183) entitled "An act relating to strikes by public employes; prohibiting such strikes; providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment; providing for reinstatement under certain conditions; providing for a grievance procedure; and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities, and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board," by changing method of selecting panels for the adjustment of grievances of school district employes; and imposing additional duties on such panels.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LANE, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims; the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts, and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the sales made upon order of court, imposing costs upon the taxing districts in certain cases, and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, 12th JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice an consent of the Senate Walter R. Sohn, 1419 North Front Street, Harrisburg, Dauphin County, for appointment as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 12th Judicial District, composed of the County of Dauphin, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Hon. Robert E. Woodside, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate E. Addison Jenkins, 328 Beaver Street, Zelienople, Butler County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Zelienople, Butler County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE WARREN COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 6, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Otto F. Mayer (Republican), Sheffield, Warren County, for appointment as a Member of the Warren County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice C. H. Whittaker, Sheffield, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Warren W. Lamm, R. D. No. 1, Sinking Spring, Berks County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Lower Heidelberg, Berks County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF THE CLINTON COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 14, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for apointment as Members of the Clinton County Board of Assistance:

Mrs. Mary B. Tobias (Republican), Woolrich, Clinton County, to serve until December 31, 1953, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Esther M. Long, Flemington, whose term expired.

William McCoy (Republican), Renovo, Clinton County, from Juanary 13, 1950, until December 31, 1952, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 12, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Rawlin B. Voorhies, Third Avenue, Rouseville, Venango County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Rouseville, Venango County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

Donald Hugh, R. D. 1, Smithfield, Fayette County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Georges, Fayette County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Lester Smith, deceased.

Arthur Horrocks, Township Line, R. D. 3, Norristown, Montgomery County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of East Norriton, Montgomery County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Harry H. Smith, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

H. David Pitzer, Box No. 234, Biglerville, Adams County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Menallen, Adams County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

ALDERMAN

John A. Balzer, 1709 West Eighth Street, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, as Alderman in and for the Second Ward of the City of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

James J. Robinson, Box No. 32, Everson, Fayette County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Upper Tyrone, Fayette County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Earl Etling, Sr., deceased.

Charles W. Hendricks, Butler Pike, R. D. No. 4, Norristown, Montgomery County, as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Plymouth, Montgomery County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice John D. Stout, resigned.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SCARLETT,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 5, on third reading entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferenes with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

go over in its order, temporarily.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 113, as follows:

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (i) of section 4 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Purposes and Powers General

* * * * *

(i) To borrow money make and issue negotiable notes bonds and other evidences of indebtedness or obligations (herein called "bonds") of the Authority not exceeding [forty] eighty million dollars [($40,000,000)] ($80,000,000) in the aggregate and to secure the payment of such bonds or any part thereof by pledge or deed of trust of all or any of its revenues rentals and receipts and to make such agreements with the purchasers or holders of such bonds or with others in connection with any such bonds whether issued or to be issued as the Authority shall deem advisable and in general to provide for the security for said bonds and the rights of the holders thereof

* * * * *

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Bane,	Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,
Barr,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barrett,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Berger,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Blass,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Byrne,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Crowe,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,

NAYS—1

Wade,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out open construct and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County

The General Asembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Secretary of Highways is hereby authorized to lay out open construct and maintain as a part of the system of State Highways a road beginning at a point on Route 326 in Upper Makefield Township Bucks County near Bowman's Hill and extending north eastwardly to an intersection with a road in Washington Crossing State Park

Section 2 The laying out opening constructing and maintaining of the road here-in-before authorized shall be in accordance with the provisions of present or future laws governing the relocation widening constructing reconstructing and maintaining of State Highways

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, as follows:

An Act to amend Sections 15 and 17 of the act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715) entitled "An act empowering authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania providing the procedure therefor and prescribing certain duties of the Governor the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions and for their control and maintenance after acquisition and making an appropriation" by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section Fifteen and Seventeen of the act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715) entitled "An act empowering authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pensylvania providing the procedure therefor and prescribing certain duties of the Governor the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a State authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions and for their control and maintenance after acquisition and making an appropriation" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 The Secretary of Highways upon acquiring any such toll bridge is hereby directed to continue the collection of tolls and charges on such bridge or bridges or reconstructed bridges until the Commonwealth has been reimbursed to the full extent of the original cost of acquiring such bridge together with such interest thereon as shall have been expended by the Commonwealth and the cost of compensation of toll collectors and the cost of any insurance procured for such bridge All tolls and charges collected by the Secretary of Highways shall be paid into the Toll Bridge Fund and the salaries of toll collectors and any insurance premiums shall be paid therefrom on requisition of the Secretary of Highways Whenever the tolls collected from such bridge after deduction of all moneys expended for the cost of compensation of toll collectors and costs of insurance shall have become sufficient to reimburse the Commonwealth in full for the cost of acquiring such bridge with interest thereon as aforesaid then such bridge shall become and be thereafter a free bridge Provided however That any such bridge shall be maintained as a free bridge and the collection of tolls thereon shall cease if at any time the legislature shall provide for the payment out of the General Fund or from the Motor License Fund if authorized by constitutional amendment of all interest and sinking fund charges of any bonds issued for the acquisition of such bridge The Secretary of Highways is hereby authorized to adjust readjust and fix from time to time the amount of tolls and charges on such bridge as may be acquired under the provisions of this act for the purpose of paying the interest and sinking fund charges on bonds issued for the purpose of acquisition

Section 17 Whenever any such bridge is acquired by the Commonwealth as hereinbefore provided it shall be a part of the system of State highways and be designated by a number to be assigned by the Secretary of Highways and shall be under the control of the Department of Highways and shall be thereafter maintained kept in repair and rebuilt by the Department of Highways in accordance with the law relating to the State highways and bridges The Secretary of Highways in his discretion may procure insurance upon such bridge for protection against destruction of or damage to such bridge in such amounts not exceeding two times the cost of acquiring such bridge as he shall deem necessary until such bridge becomes a free bridge The Department of Highways shall take over and succeed to all all agreements with public service companies or other persons for the use and occupancy of such bridges by the facilities of such companies such use and occupancy to be governed by the law relating to the issuance of occupancy permits on bridges under the jurisdiction of the Department of Highways

The Department of Highways may take over and succeed to any agreement in effect at the time of the acquisition of any toll bridge providing for easements and licenses in respect of such bridge which in the opinion of the Secretary of Highways will not materially interfere with the use and operation of such bridge as a thoroughfare

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective imediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Tcole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Abreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Secretary of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor is hereby authorized on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to sell and convey for such consideration as may be agreed upon to make and execute a deed conveying the following described tract of land situate in Reed Township Dauphin County Pennsylvania

Beginning at an iron pin in a public road leading east from State highway Route 195 just North of the Clarks Ferry Bridge thence North thirteen degress one minute ten seconds West (N 13 degress 01 minute 10 seconds W) a distance of seventy-five (75) feet to a point thence South eighty-six degrees twenty-eight minutes ten seconds East (S 86 degress 28 minutes 10 seconds E) a distance of two hundred eleven and six tenths (211.6) feet to an iron pin at the Susquehanna River then South twenty-one degrees nine minutes fifty seconds West (S 21 degrees 09 minutes 50 seconds W) a distance of seventy-five and forty-four one hundredths (75.44) feet to a point thence North eighty-six degrees twenty-eight minutes ten seconds West (N 86 degrees 28 minutes 10 seconds W) a distance of one hundred sixty-seven and thirty-eight one hundredths (167.38) feet to the place of beginning containing three-tenths of an acre more or less

Section 2 The deed of conveyance shall be approved by the Department of Justice and shall be executed by the Secretary of Property and Supplies in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 3 All monies received from the sale of the land herein authorized shall be deposited in the Motor License Fund

Section 4 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken areeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 244, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a certain time by the various political subdivisions

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The definition of "Pension Annuity Contract" in Section 1 of the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" as added by the act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred fort-five (P. L. 160) is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1

* * * * *

"Pension Annuity Contract" means any contract made by a municipality or any Municipal Employes' Retirement Fund or Police Pension Fund of a municipality with an insurance or other authorized company to provide pension retirement or disability benefits to the policemen employed by such municipality or to the dependents of such policement All equities benefits dividends or rights under the terms of said contract shall vest in the policemen or the dependents of such policemen

Number of policemen whether of a participating mu-

nicipality or of the Pennsylvania State Police means the average number of policemen employed by any such municipality or in the Pennsylvania State Police as the case may be during the year preceding the receipt of the tax by the Commonwealth

Section 2 The eighth paragraph of Section 1 of said act as last amended by the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1901) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1

* * * * *

On and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine and annually thereafter there shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the treasurers of the several municipalities within the Commonwealth and to the State Employes' Retirement Fund for State police pension and retirement purposes the entire amount received from the two per centum tax paid upon premiums by foreign-casualty insurance companies Provided That there shall be deducted from the entire amount the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) to be allocated to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount and the department of the Auditor General shall make such audits of the funds and accounts receiving disbursements from said entire amount Any and all sums of said allocation not utilized in making said audits shall be returned to the surplus fund of the foreign casualty insurance tax fund The amounts to be distributed shall be allocated in accordance with the following formulae

Section 3 Said act is hereby amended by adding immediately following Section 1.1 thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 1.2 All moneys distributed under the terms hereof that are not used for the purposes set forth herein within one year after receipt thereof by the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships shall be returned to the Department of Auditor General and shall be forthwith applied to surplus in the Foreign Casualty Insurance Tax Fund by the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constition, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, as follows:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for the return of funds if not used within a certain time by the political subdivisions for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restricting payments to firemen and their dependents

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" as last amended by the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1825) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2 (a) On and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and annually thereafter there shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within the Commonwealth the entire net amount received from the two per centum tax paid upon premiums by foreign fire insurance companies Provided That there shall be deducted from the entire amount the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) to be allocated to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount and the Department of the Auditor General shall make such audits of the funds and accounts receiving disbursement from said entire amount Any and all sums of said allocation not utilized in making said audits shall be returned to the surplus fund for the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund The amount to be paid to each of the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and borough shall be based upon the return of said two per centum tax upon premiums received from foreign fire insurance companies doing business within the said cities towns townships and boroughs and shall be proportionate to the premiums received by such companies on account of insurance written upon property located in such city borough town or township as shown by the report made to the Department of Revenue Each city borough town or township receiving any payment from the State Treasurer hereunder shall forthwith pay the amount received to the relief fund association of or the pension fund covering the employes of the fire department or of such fire company or fire companies paid or volunteer now existing or hereafter organized in such city borough town or township as is or are engaged in the service of such city borough town or township and duly recognized as such by the council or commissioners or supervisors as the case may be of such city borough town or township Such amount paid under the terms hereof shall be used only to provide pension retirement disability or death benefits to volunteer or paid firemen or to the dependents of such volunteer or paid firemen In any borough town or township in which there is no fire department or fire company or companies the

amount received by the treasurer of the borough town or township from said tax shall be forthwith paid to the relief fund association or pension fund of the fire department or fire company or companies of any near or adjacent city borough town or township the fire department or fire companies of which afford fire protection to the inhabitants of such borough town or township Before payment of said tax to the treasurer of any such borough town or township the burgess in boroughs and the secretary of the board of supervisors in town or townships shall first certify to the Auditor General that the fire department or fire company or companies of such near or adjacent city borough town or township afford fire protection to the inhabitants of such borough town or township Provided That if the fire department consists of paid and volunteer firemen and the paid firemen shall be covered by a pension fund then the two per centum tax aforesaid shall be divided equally between the relief fund association of the volunteer firemen and the pension fund for the paid firemen Warrants for the above purposes shall be drawn by the Auditor General payable to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs in accordance with this act whenever there are sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay the same All such fire insurance companies shall instruct their agents to place upon the said policies the exact city borough town or township wherein the insured property is located

All monies distributed under the terms hereof that are not used for the purposes set forth herein within one year after receipt thereof by the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships shall be returned to the department of the Auditor General and shall be forthwith applied to surplus in the foreign fire insurance tax fund by the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 273, as follows:

An Act to amend Subsection (d) of Section 4 and Section 11 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" by authorizing the leasing of certain projects upon their being opened to public use

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (d) of Section 4 and Section 11 of the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct reconstruct improve maintain equip furnish and operate highway and bridge projects and roadside rests and to lease the same and to fix and collect fees rentals and charges for the use thereof authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority and providing for the payment of such bonds and the rights of the holders thereof and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant assign convey or lease to the Authority lands easements or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein and to acquire lands therefor authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized granting the right of eminent domain empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act and making an appropriation" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Purposes and Powers General

* * * * *

(D) To acquire under agreement with the Department of Highways with the appropal of the Governor state highways bridges easements or rights of way necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the Authority and (without limitation of the foregoing) to lease from the department any property real personal or mixed or any interest therein now owned or hereafter acquired by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor for a term not exceeding ninety-nine (99) years at a nominal rental or at such annual rental as may be determined and with the approval of the Governor to lease as lessor to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to the Department of Highways any project at any time constructed or made available for public use by the Authority and any property real personal or mixed tangible or intangible or any interest therein at any time acquired by the Authority and with the approval of the Governor to sell transfer and convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania any project at any time construed or made available for public use by the Authority and any property real personal or mixed tangible or intangible or any interest therein at any time acquired by the Authority

* * * * *

Section 11 Contracts to Lease and Leases by Department from Authority The department shall have power and authority with the approval of the Governor to enter into contracts with the Authority to lease as lessee from the Authority any or all of the projects undertaken by the Authority for a term with respect to each project constructed not exceeding thirty (30) years at such rental or rentals as may be determined by the Authority and upon the completion of the said projects or in the case of highways and bridges upon the opening of same to public use the department shall have power and authority with the approval of the Governor to lease as lessee any or all of the projects completed by the Authority or opened to public use for a term with respect to each project leased not exceeding thirty (30) years at such rental or rentals as may be determined by the Authority

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, as follows:

An Act authorizing in certain cases the renewal of motor vehicle operators' licenses for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith without a learner's permit examination or additional fee and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same

The Generaly Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Any person serving in the armed forces of the United States or in any women's organization officially connected therewith during any part of the period between the effective date of this act and the first day of September one thousand nine hundred fifty-three and who shall have had a Pennsylvania motor vehicle operator's license issued to him or her for the license year of one thousand nine hundred fifty or thereafter if for or immediately preceding the year of his or her entrance into such military service may have upon his or her honorable discharge from such service and for a period of one year thereafter a renewal of such operator's license in the same manner as annual renewals of operators' licenses are made without being required to secure a learner's permit take an examination or pay any fee other than such as may be required by law for the annual renewal of an operator's license if he or she shall satisfy the following requirements

(1) He or she shall have an honorable discharge from the service

(2) Application for the operator's license shall be made within one year after the date of such honorable discharge

(3) He or she is not physically or mentally incapacitated at the time of the application for renewal

(4) In the event that his or her certificate of honorable discharge reveals that injuries were sustained during service the application must be accompanied by the certificate of a licensed physician that the applicant is physically and mentally able to operate a motor vehicle

(5) Each application shall be sworn to before a magistrate alderman notary public or justice of the peace who shall certify thereon that he has seen and examined the applicant's certificate of honorable discharge and that it is dated less than one year before the application was made.

(6) His or her previous operator's license has not been revoked or suspended unless in case of suspensions the period of suspension has expired

Section 2 Any person while serving in the United States forces as hereinbefore described during any part of the period between the effective date of this act and the first day of September one thousand nine hundred fifty-three who shall have had a Pennsylvania motor vehicle operator's license issued to him or her for the license year of one thousand nine hundred fifty or thereafter if for the year in which he or she entered such service or if for the license year immediately preceding his or her entrance into such service which license has not been revoked or suspended shall have the right to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this Commonwealth while in this Commonwealth on leave or furlough or for any other aeason without having a renewal of such operator's license for the current year and without the payment of any fee provided such person is not physically or mentally incapacitated

Section 3 The Secretary of Revenue is hereby authorized to suspend all provisions of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" and all other acts and parts of acts in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 305, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction, operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvanian Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission; authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike; and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness; providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance, operation and repair of the turnpike; making such turnpike bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation; constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances; requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County; prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free; providing for grade separations, grade changes, relocations, restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways effected by the turnpike; providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation; granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the Commission; and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 325, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital to sell and convey certain lands used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital is hereby authorized on behalf of the Commonwealth to sell and convey for such consideration as may be agreed upon and to make execute and deliver a deed or deeds conveying any or all lands used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital which are situated on the southern side of Route No 1 Spur connecting Cameron Street and Herr Street in the City of Harrisburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania

Section 2 Any and all moneys received by the Commonwealth as consideration for the sale and conveyance of said lands or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Property and Supplies for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring additional lands for use in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital such purchase or purchases however shall be made only with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 16, entitled:

An Act to further amend clauses six seven twenty and twenty-three of section two of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053) entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities defining as public utilities certain corporations companies associations and persons providing for the regulation of public utilities including to a limited extent municipalities engagng in publc utlity business by prescribing defining and limiting their duties powers and liabilities and regulating the exercise

surrender or abandonment of ther powers privileges and franchises defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons associations companies and corporations including to a limited extent municipal corporations subject to this act and administering the provisions of this act authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued assumed or kept by persons associations companies corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act conferring upon the commission power to vary reform or revise certain contracts conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction alteration relocation protection or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities and of such facilities by or over public highways to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities imposing upon persons associations companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation the cost of administering this act prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act" by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 34, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence, imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 37, on second reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto, a section providing for absentee voting.

be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, for the purpose of further amendment.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Dr. DENT and Mr. BARR and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Mahany,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	McPherson, Jr.,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	Meade,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Pechan,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,			

NAYS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 126, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchange and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating insurance companies associations and inter-insurance exchanges and their investments policy provisions joint policies premium tax returns the licensing of foreign companies and repealing existing law

be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 127, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 15 and to amend section 29 of the act approved the seventeenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 1092) entitled "An act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate

lodges and to pay benefits to members and their beneficiaries from funds collected and regulating such benefits and collections providing for the organization and incorporation of such societies and for their supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies designating tables of mortality as a basis for rates of contribution requiring all societies to make annual and other reports and appointing the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process providing penalties for any violations of the act exempting such societies from taxation and certain other societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws" by regulating the transfer of excess insurance funds to the expense and other funds and providing for the consolidation of any society's funds further regulating reports of valuation of death benefit fund obligations regulating reserves and contributions for benefits

be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 128, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend subsections (d) and (f) of section 211.1 and to further amend section 212 and subsection (a) of section 301 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789) entitled as amended "An act relating to insurance establishing an insurance department and amending revising and consolidating the law relating to the licensing qualification regulation examination suspension and dissolution of insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and certain societies and orders the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies associations or exchanges providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating assessments made by the Insurance Commissioner against life insurance companies to defray certain expenses providing for reciprocity with other states in assessing taxes and fees on insurance companies permitting foreign companies to write workmen's compensation insurance in Pennsylvania limiting the basis for valuation of reserve liability of life insurance companies organized in foreign countries

be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 129, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the first paragraph of subsection (b) of section 621.1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 682) entitled "An act relating to insurance amending revising and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies and the regulation supervision and protection of home and foreign insurance companies Lloyds associations reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges and fire insurance rating bureaus and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies associations and exchanges including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund providing penalties and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the issuance and delivery of group accident and health insurance policies

be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 136, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 Clause (8) of Section six and Section nine of the act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1210) entitled "An act relating to group life insurance describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder limiting the amount of such insurance prescribing standard policy provisions and requiring notice of conversion privileges" by further defining policies of group life insurance limiting the amount of an individual policy issued to a person entitled thereto and changing the premium basis and rate of interest thereon.

be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 138, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate subsidiary or component part providing for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions the authorization issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined or bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions imposing penalties and repealing existing laws" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 290, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue, with respect thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 319, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the sevententh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation of taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mututal banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth:

GOVERNOR'S BUDGET MESSAGE

The CHAIR cleared his table and announced receipt of the "Fifteenth Biennial Budget of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" and "Supplement to the Fifteenth Biennial Budget of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" for the fiscal biennium June 1, 1951, to May 31, 1953, together with the "Budget Message of John S. Fine, Governor of Pennsylvania to the General Assembly, March 19, 1951," copies of which have been placed on the desks of the Senators.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

JOINT SESSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to appear before the Members in Joint Session at ten o'clock a. m., Wednesday, March 21, 1951, to comment on the Budget and to present a Tax Program.

JOHN S. FINE.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, we have just received the Fifteenth Biennial Budget Message from the Governor. However, at his request we are to meet in Joint Session on Wednesday to hear his message that will cover the budget, and, I hope, the tax program to finance the budget.

Mr. President, we believe it to be in the best interest of the people of Pennsylvania to withhold any remarks whatsoever until after the Governor's message is delivered on Wednesday of this week.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to request that the gentlemen of the Senate be given an opportunity between now and Wednesday to study the budget, and during that interim we will be glad to answer any questions either on or off the Floor that the gentlemen of the Senate might desire to ask regarding it because I appreciate the fact that some of the gentlemen, who are privileged to be serving their first term with us, might not be familiar with the make-up of the budget. We will be glad to cooperate with them and explain it to them in case they have any questions.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the sales made upon order of court and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conewingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a meeting of the Committee on Banking.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HARE, from the Committee on Banking, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks.

SENATE BIL No. 27 CALLED UP

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the Third Reading Calendar, Senate Bill No. 27, which was passed over in its order temporarily.

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I feel that it is a right of our American citizens to have an opinion, but I feel that it is a privilege to work for any political subdivision of our Commonwealth and I cannot for the life of me see why any person so employed would refuse to affirm or take this oath that is being offered as an amendment to Senate Bill No. 27.

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, on behalf of Messrs. LANE, NEFF, MALLERY and myself, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, page 1, line 3 of title, by inserting after the word "officers" the following: "and employes of State-aided colleges and schools"; Amend Sec. 1, page 2, line 13, by inserting after the word "violence" the following: "and which has been named as a subversive organization by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania"; Amend Sec. 1, page 3, line 9, by inserting after the word "means" the following: "and which has been named as a foreign subversive organization by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, line 13, by inserting after the word "kind" the following: "or of any college or school which receives State aid"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, lines 17 to 20, by striking out the words "state that he or she is not a subversive person that is any" in line 17, and all of lines 18, 19 and 20; Amend Sec. 2, page 4, lines 1 to 6, by striking out all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof "be in the following form: "I .....do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania against all enemies foreign and domestic that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter "And I do further swear (or affirm) that I do not advocate nor am I knowingly a member of an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence and that during such time as I am a member or an employe of ..... I will not advocate nor knowingly become a member nor an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence"; Amend Sec. 2, page 4, line 9, by inserting after the word "elected" the following: "as to all employes of colleges or schools which receive State aid."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of the bill reported from committee for the first time at today's session.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National

banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts, by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 20, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:41 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, March 20, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, March 19, 1951.

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we beseech Thee to look with favor upon our land and people. All undeserving, Thou hast made us great among the nations of the earth. Let us not forget that this place and this power have come of Thee, and that we have them as a trust to use in Thy service. Save us from pride and arrogance make us quick to see the need of those less fortunate than ourselves, and to be resolute in purpose to promote good will and fellowship among all men; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, March 14, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 693.

An Act to add Section 213 to the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by imposing penalties for membership in the Communist Party or similar organizations.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 694.

An Act to further amend subsection (d) of Section 801, and part of Section 976 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by prohibiting the Communist Party from appearing on any ballot and providing for rejection of nomination petitions, papers and certificates of any member of such party.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. PITZER. HOUSE BILL No. 695.

An Act providing that public employes of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any political subdivision thereof, in the absence of statutory law to the contrary, shall not be forbidden by any superior officer to exercise the privilege of participating or engaging in political activities.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 696.

An Act to further amend clause XIII of Section 702 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing supervisors to provide insurance for employes of the township and providing for payments to beneficiaries.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 697.

An Act to amend Section 1137 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by authorizing boroughs to purchase annuity or life insurance contracts for the purpose of paying pensions, annuities or disability or death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 698.

An Act to amend Section 1415 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing townships to purchase annuity contracts or life insurance policies for payment of pensions, annuities, and disability and death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 699.

An Act to further amend Section 1917 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting lands or buildings to be set aside or acquired as recreation places, and to provide for the supervision, operation and maintenance thereof without approval by the electors.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 700.

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further defining, clarifying, adding to, and otherwise changing the laws relating to the affairs of townships.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 701.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing requirements for contracts and purchases and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. WOOD, FLACK, WHEELER, BOORSE and SWOPE. HOUSE BILL No. 702.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by further regulating the affairs o boroughs, and revising, amending, and changing the law relating thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. MADIGAN, BOWER and WOOD (Concurrent) RESOLUTION No. 21.

In the House of Representatives, March 14, 1951.

Whereas, There are now on Pennsylvania farms dairy animals, poultry, and general livestock worth in the aggregate more than $412,000,000, producing approximately 75 per cent of the total annual income of Pennsylvania agriculture, or in monetary terms, about $575,000,000 a year; and

Whereas, The greatest economic losses to the dairy, poultry and general livestock industry are occasioned by the inroads of animals diseases and parasites; and

Whereas, Existing facilities for training persons qualified for the practice of veterinary medicine within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are inadequate to meet the existing and still growing need for doctors of veterinary medicine; and

Whereas, The Pennsylvania State College, by virtue of its scientific personnel, its resources for research, its close working relationship with dairy, poultry, and general livestock raisers throughout the State, and its physical location, is the appropriate institution to develop the needed facilities; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the members of the General Assembly hereby request the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College to authorize the establishment of a school of Veterinary Medicine at the Pennsylvania State College and, at the earliest possible time, to erect such buildings, employ such personnel, and establish such programs of research and instruction as in their judgment are requisite to the proper maintenance and operation of such a school of veterinary medicine; and be it further

Resolved, That if the Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College establish such a School of Veterinary Medicine, the members of the General Assembly hereby pledge their support in providing the essential financing for constructing and equipping requisite research, instructional, clinical and administrative buildings, and also for the proper operation and maintenance of such of those units as are completed and ready for use prior to June 30, 1953. Funds appropriated by the members of the General Assembly on the basis of this resolution would be in addition to the amount appropriated for the operation and maintenance of the Pennsylvania State College as it is now constituted; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of this House send a copy of this resolution to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. JOHNSON from the Committee on Rules, reported as committed, House Resolution No. 19.

Mr. HEIM from the Committee on Rules, reported as amended, House Resolution Serial No. 11 (House Resolution No. 22).

Mr. MORAN from the Committee on Workmen's Compensation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302, of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by providing that employers reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

BUDGET MESSAGE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In compliance with Article VI of the Act of April 9, 1929, P. L. 177, I have the honor to lay before the General Assembly a State Budget for the fiscal biennium from June 1, 1951 to May 31, 1953.

The two budgets Governor Duff submitted to you during his tenure called upon the General Assembly to meet the complex situations of a post-war period. Provision necessarily had to be made for many deferred demands. In many instances State facilities and services suffered during the war period and the depression which preceded it. These had to be rehabilitated and some had to be extended. State appropriations had to be greatly stepped up to meet the high costs brought about by inflation.

A sizeable program of public works was undertaken during this time both from appropriations and by the various Authorities. To the latter this Legislature must now appropriate rentals in excess of 13 billions of dollars, only a small portion of which obligation heretofore existed. While some of that program was completed in the last Administration, much of it remains to be completed by this Administration. That program is now our obligation—yours and mine. In addition, commitments were made by the Legislature approximating 100 millions of dollars for which no revenue was provided, as will be hereinafter detailed.

Moreover, in the conduct of State Government we are on a different level than that of ten years ago, or even of four years ago. We cannot today think in the same terms as then. Many State costs have doubled. Some costs such as building construction are three times what they were then. Compensation of State employes has increased. The minimum salaries of many public school teachers have been doubled and the maximum considerably more than doubled. Public assistance grants now per person are nearly two and one-half times 1940 grants.

The general cost of living stands 75 percent above that of ten years ago but for many items, particularly food and clothing, the costs are more than double.

When the budget under which the State Government is now operating was prepared in 1949 it was assumed that the level of National income would remain somewhat at the level then existing—the price level was expected to remain somewhat the same. Those assumptions were not far off the mark for most of this two-year period. But they changed rapidly and they no longer hold true. Price levels have risen higher and higher. Since the beginning of the Korean war there has been a sharp increase in the cost of living and National income has stepped up rapidly. The prospect is for still higher costs. We have a soaring economy which has not yet been fully harnessed.

Before taking up the 1951-1953 budget, let us review the General Fund finances during the biennium.

The financial program set up two years ago for this biennial period has operated successfully and as planned with the exception of expenditures for public assistance and for public school subsidies. Due primarily to strikes, public assistance expenditures have far exceeded expectations. Fortunately a $25,000,000 contingent appropriation was made. That appropriation is now nearly exhausted and there is need of a deficiency appropriation of $10,000,000 to complete the biennium.

The appropriations for school subsidies, it appears, will fall $5,342,820 below the amount estimated to be necessary when present appropriations were made. Outside of that there is need of additional deficiency appropriations amounting to $1,240,725, which deficiencies will be explained in detail later.

Total appropriations for 1949-1951 were $725,129,000 plus a contingency appropriation of $25,000,000 for public assistance. To meet these appropriations there were estimated revenues of $657,800,000, a surplus of $63,235,000, $1,650,000 transferred from special funds, and $2,800,000 of appropriations to be repaid to the General Fund. There was an unappropriated balance of $356,000.

In order to provide funds to meet the $25,000,000 public assistance contingency appropriation, a number of appropriations were curtailed as follows:

Act 75-A—1943 Session	$ 546,591.72
Act 73-A—1945 Session	5,585,199.46
Act 55-A—1947 Session	8,996,906.43
Act 56-A—1947 Session	8,138,032.48
Act 23-A—1947 Session	1,000,000.00
Act 89-A—1949 Session (World War II Veterans Compensation Sinking Fund, Excess Interest)	733,269.91
Total	$ 25,000,000.00

To secure funds for the $25,000,000 conditional appropriation for Public Assistance, it was necessary to transfer construction projects amounting to $16,154,000 to the General State Authority. These projects either have been completed or are under way.

At the end of the first year of this biennium, May 31, 1950, the estimate of revenue, $327,862,899, was realized, (excepting the sum of $361,054.36). During the second year of the biennium, due primarily to a much higher level of business activity, it now appears safe to predict that revenues will be higher than for the year ending May 31, 1950. We can therefore predict that total revenues for the present biennium will be $678,500,000. After providing for the deficiency appropriations which I am recommending in the sum of $16,583,545, there will remain an estimated surplus of $10,026,557. This will be available for use during the next biennium, 1951-1953.

As we then turn to the budget for the 1951-1953 biennium we find ourselves confronted by one of the most uncertain outlooks imaginable. Who can predict what conditions will prevail in the two-year period from next June first? Yet that is the task we have to undertake. A new function, Civil Defense, confronts us. This eventually could require a large outlay of funds. One of the great difficulties in preparing a financial program for the next two years is the uncertainty of what the Federal Government will do in this emergency, and what requirements will be imposed upon us by our National Government. We do not know what controls will be imposed or to what extend our economy will be regulated. Both revenues and expeditures are thus made most difficult to predict.

The situation four years ago, as I explained, required the undertaking during the post-war period of a vast amount of necessary work which was impossible of accomplishment during the war years. There is much of that work still to be done. But, we find a situation wherein civil defense and production required in defense of our Country must have top priority. In view of this, we should reappraise projects which have been planned but have not yet been started. All projects should meet the strictest test of necessity before being undertaken. Projects which have been started should be completed as soon as possible. We should not consider new projects or activities which will in any way interfere with the defense effort. The State Government must be conducted in such a way that maximum help will be given to the National defense.

The tremendous expenditures and huge taxation programs of the Federal Government dictate that all State expenditures should be essential and be kept to a minimum. This policy combats inflation and should be pursued on all governmental levels. Moreover, we must do everything possible to make manpower and materials available for defense and bring our State Government in line with that policy.

Necessarily for our next budget, we have to make some bold assumptions. We assume that the price level will not be less than that presently prevailing and that there will probably be considerable further increase. Correspondingly there should be a very substantial increase in National income because of the great increase in military expenditures. Business activity, even though production for civilian use is limited, is expected to be at a level higher than that presently existing. Employment should be at a peak level with very little unemployment.

The budget I am presenting to you calls for General Fund appropriations for the 1951-1953 biennium in the amount of $853,513,930 which amount includes a reserve of $20,000,000 for Civil Defense. The amount without the reserve, $833,513,930, compares with $766,094,548 for the 1949-1951 biennium, an increase of $67,419,382. However, the recommended appropriations also include $112,-

000,000 of obligations arising from actions taken before the advent of this Administration. These include $60,000,000 for bonus financing, $42,000,000 additional for school subsidies and retirement payments required under existing law, and approximately $10,000,000 additional for State Authority rentals.

If these new obligations totaling $112,000,000 were deducted from the recommended appropriations, the required appropriations for the 1951-1953 biennium would be $741,513,930, or a reduction of $24,580,618, below the amount of appropriations including deficiencies, required for the 1949-1951 biennium.

In the total of $853,513,930 of appropriations which we recommended for the next biennium, it must be remembered there are included not only 112 millions of dollars prior commitments for which no revenues were provided, but also included are, $20,000,000 additional for public schools beyond the present requirements of law, $20,000,000 reserve for civil defense and provisions for salary increases granted during the present biennium. In this total recommended is, also, an increase of $9,310,570 for universities, colleges, and other State-aided institutions.

Our chief aim has been to keep the budget for the operating costs of the State Government at its lowest possible level, and at the same time provide adequately for civil defense for health and for education. An examination of the budget will show how well this intention has been carried out.

The appropriations recommended for the support of the public schools is an increase of $47,000,000 from $203,000,000 to $250,000,000 or 23 percent. The appropriation recommended for teachers retirement is an increase of $10,804,000 from $26,640,000 to $37,444,000, an increase of 41 percent. The amount recommended for appropriation for higher education represents an increase of 39 percent.

The appropriation recommended for the promotion of health appear in a number of places in the budget. Provisions are made for an increased patient population at the tuberculosis sanitoria and the Crippled Children's Hospital, for continuing stream pollution elimination, health examination of school children, care and treatment of mental patients, support of the medical hospitals, both State-owned and State-aided, and adequate provision for all the other functions of the Department of Health.

Civil Defense

Civil Defense is a most vital function. We must carry it out to the fullest extent required. The amount of funds needed for the next two years is difficult to predict especially because much depends on the fluid program of the Federal Government which, of necessity, is our guide. I am recommending an appropriation of $20,000,000. This appropriation is to be considered in the nature of a reserve to be used only in case of absolute necessity. The amount to be allotted for administrative purposes should be limited to a maximum of $1,200,000. Other purposes for which funds may be needed are for stockpiling medical supplies and other materials and for such other purposes as may be deemed necessary by Federal and State authorities.

It appears that in case of an actual war emergency requiring greater expenditures than provided the Constitution would allow us to borrow funds immediately.

Public Instruction

The amount recommended to be appropriated to the Department of Public Instruction is $368,688,687. This is $70,483,187 more than the present appropriations and recommended deficiencies.

This increase is explained by the fact that under existing law $27,000,000 additional is required for support of the public schools, $4,000,000 additional for transportation subsidies, and $10,804,987 for payments to the School Employes' Retirement Fund. I also, am recommending $20,000,000 for the support of public schools beyond existing law, and $11,204,120 additional for universities and colleges including Teachers' colleges and other educational institutions.

The $27,000,000 increase in the amount recommended for the support of public schools is due to several causes, the increase in the minimum appropriation provided in Act 536 of the 1949 Session, the special plan established for reimbursing school districts which operate high schools jointly, and the change in the formula for reimbursing school districts on account of tuition.

The increase of $4,000,000 required for reimbursement for transportation is due to the provision in Act 443 of the 1947 Session which mandated additional transportation effective for 1949-1950 and thereafter. It also is due to the fact that one-room schools are constantly being closed in rural areas resulting in an increase in the number of pupils being transported, and further due to inflationary costs bringing about an increase in the unit cost in connection with transportation.

The increase of $10,804,987 in the recommended appropriation to the School Employes' Retirement Fund is due to salary increases required by Act 542 of the 1949 Session, to greatly increased benefits at the time of retirement as provided in Act 185 of the 1949 Session, to additional liabilities caused by the admission of new members, to the payment of withdrawn contributions authorized by Act 275 of the 1949 Session, to a regular guaranteed annual allowance of $1200 for an employe having forty or more years of service as required by Act 541 of the 1949 Session, and to the interest deficits for the years ending June 30, 1950 and June 30, 1951.

The increase of $9,304,120 for universities and colleges and other state aided educational institutions is necessary because of loss of income to those institutions due to an expected decline in enrollment arising from military demands and because of increased costs since the last appropriation was made.

The increase of $1,900,000 recommended for the teachers' colleges is due in large part to the expectation that there will be a considerable decrease in receipts to those institutions, estimated to be $1,897,000, due to a considerably smaller number of veteran students and an anticipated decline in enrollment from students leaving for military service.

The appropriation of $20,000,000 which I am recommending for the support of the public schools beyond the requirements of present law is being made available with the intention that it will be applied in the best way possible to help our schools. Whether it can best be used to raise the reimbursement level, to increase teachers' salaries, or perhaps a combination of both, or in some other manner, requires the serious study of the Legisla-

ture. I shall be glad to give you my full cooperation in dealing with that important problem.

Under Act 557 of the 1949 Session, the State assumed an obligation of helping to pay rentals for school buildings built by the Public School Building Authority for school districts. The appropriation for 1949-1951 was $500,000, none of which has been used. But. it is expected that some buildings will be completed and that some districts will begin paying rentals in the next two-year period. The amount needed is quite uncertain, particularly in view of the emergency defense situation. I am recommending that an appropriation of $1,000,000 be established for that purpose. This should be sufficient in addition to the $500,000 unused appropriation.

Public Assistance

The amount appropriated for Public Assistance for the present biennium was $161,100,000, and a conditional appropriation of $25,000,000. The $161,100,000 appropriation has been expended and the Department started spending the $25,000,000 conditional appropriation, about the middle of December, 1950. The Department estimates that an additional appropriation of $10,000,000 will be needed to complete the biennial period after the $25,000,000 appropriation has been exhausted. The amount I recommend for the next biennium is $136,300,000.

Since the beginning of the Korean War the employment situation has greatly improved in the State, and there has been a great drop in the number of persons dependent upon Public Assistance. With the great increase in defense production ahead, it is reasonable to believe there will be a further reduction in the Public Assistance caseload. This assumption motivates my recommendation of an appropriation of $136,300,000. Also we intend stricter supervision to keep off the Public Assistance rolls, any who do not properly belong on them.

Health

The appropriation I am recommending for the institutions under the jurisdiction of the Deparatment of Health —the three sanatoria and the Crippled Children's Hospital is $11,650,000 as compared with $10,650,000 in the present biennium. This represents an increase of $1,-000,000 or 9.4 per cent. That amount will permit a very considerable increase in the number of patients in these institutions, if sufficient personnel can be obtained to minister to them.

I am recommending an appropriation og $6,000,000 for school health examinations so that this important work can be continued.

I am also including a recommendation for appropriations for cancer research and for rheumatic fever treatment in the Department of Health in the same amounts as those of the present biennium. A further appropriation of $300,000 is recommended to help finance the work of the Cancer Research Laboratory at Fox Chase.

I am recommending an appropriation of $150,000 for the establishment of alcoholic clinics. This is a step in a field which needs more attention.

It is proposed to reorgnize the State Health Department increasing its efficiency at no appreciable increased cost.

Welfare

For the institutions under the jurisdiction of the Department of Welfare, I am recommending an appropriation totaling $102,523,000. This compares with $91,870,000 for the present biennium, an increase of $10,653,000. Of this increase 9,183,000 is recommended for the mental institutions. This increase is due primarily to increased patient population and for improved care and treatment of those patients in many new institutional buildings which will be completed and in operation in the next two-year period, and, further, to increased costs of operation.

The Department of Welfare is requesting an appropriation of $250,000 to aid in establishing psychiatric services in private institutions, and an appropriation of $300,000 to aid in establishing psychiatric wards in general hospitals. The present Mental Hospital Appropriation act permits use of that appropriation for these worthy purposes. The requested $550,000 has been included in the appropriation recommended for mental hospitals.

The appropriation I am recommending for the State-aided hospitals—$15,365,000—is an increase of $1,000,000 over the appropriation in the present biennium and is recommended to help meet increased costs at these hospitals. I have recommended an approximate increase of another $1,000,000 for state-owned hospitals.

At the last Session of the Legislature an appropriation of $500,000 was made for the first time to promote nurses training in private hospitals. Under that appropriation, 89 hospitals received aid in nurses training courses. The appropriation was not sufficient, and was exhausted last July. I am recommending a deficiency appropriation of $440,000 to complete the biennium. As it is tremendously important to increase our nursing corps, I recommend an appropriation of $940,000 for this purpose.

Mines

The Department of Mines, during the last two bienniums, has undertaken important work of sealing abandoned coal mines. This is done to prevent acid water contaminating the streams. In a recent report, the Secretary of Mines showed that 989 seals had been made.

This is much more work of this nature to be done, and it seems to me that this work should be continued. I am recommending an appropriation in the amount of $1,-407,000 which is the same amount as for the present biennium.

State Police

The total appropriation recommended for the Pennsylvania State Police is $20,368,350. This compares with $19,440,000 in the present biennium, or an increase of $928,350.

The increase is due, in part, to salary increases which have been made during the past two years and, also, to the fact that the force was increased 400 men during the two-year period. However, all 400 did not serve the whole two-year period.

My recommendation is that the General Fund and the Motor License Fund carry the same proportions of appropriations for the next two years as they carried in the present biennium. This would result in an appropriation of $6,118,350 from the General Fund, and the balance from the Motor License Fund.

Property and Supplies

The appropriation for salaries and expenses recommended for the Department of Property and Supplies, $4,500,000, is less than the 1949-1951 appropriation of $3,702,000 plus $833,000 spent by the Construction Bureau of that Department and charged to projects undertaken. In the next biennium, all expenditures will be made from the $4,500,000 appropriation recommended.

An appropriation of $13,194,000 to the Department of Property and Supplies, is recommended for State Authority rentals. This is an increase of $9,444,000 over the appropriation for that purpose in the present biennium. The $13,194,000 is the amount estimated by the General State Authority and the Department of Property and Supplies to be sufficient for rentals for projects to be completed in the next two-year period. A detailed explanation of the request will be furnished to the Appropriation Committees along with the explanation of the other appropriations requested by the Department.

Military Affairs

The appropriation needed for the Department of Military Affairs is difficult to predict in view of the uncertainty with respect to the National Guard in the next two years. If the remainder of the National Guard should be called into Federal Service the Department has completed plans to establish and finance a State Guard of three regiments.

During this two-year period in order to help finance the administrative cost of paying the Veterans Bonus, the Department had to eliminate considerable repair work which had been planned at the armories. The department estimates the amount of such work eliminated at $498,000. During the next two years, the Department plans to undertake those repairs along with others as they become necessary.

These are the chief reasons for the increase requested by this department.

Department of State

(A) State Employes' Retirement Fund

The appropriation recommended for the State Employes' Retirement Fund is $6,755,000, which compares with $4,642,000 in the present biennium—an increase of $2,113,000 for 1951-1953 biennium.

There are a number of causes for this increase, chief of which are the laws, (1) The Act which admitted State per diem workers to the Retirement System, (2) the law which permitted transfers from the Public School Employes' Retirement System to the State Employes' Retirement System, (3) the law permitting transfers from the 1/160th class to the 1/100th class, retroactively, and, also, for the salary increases which were given since the last appropriation was made. Still another reason is the failure of the Fund to earn the required four per cent interest because of continuing low interest rates.

(B) Soldiers' Absentee Voting

A new appropriation becomes necessary to make effective Act 1, 1951, known as the Soldiers' Absentee Voting Law. The amount estimated for this purpose is $383,000 and I recommend that amount be appropriated.

Public Works

As stated previously, there are large construction programs underway which this Administration is obligated to complete. As of March 1, 1951, there was a total of $11,416,033 in projects uncompleted and being financed from General Fund construction appropriations in the Department of Property and Supplies. This uncompleted program can be classified as follows:

Welfare Institutions:		
Mental Hospitals, Feeble-Minded and Epileptics	$3,660,093	
Penal and Correctional Institutions	843,750	
Medical and Surgical Hospitals	289,000	
		$4,792,843
Educational Institutions:		
Teachers Colleges and Other State-owned Institutions	$831,000	
Pennsylvania State College	1,950,614	
		$2,781,614
Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission		33,576
Health Institutions		1,619,000
State Police Barracks		512,000
Miscellaneous—State-owned Institutions, State Parks, Et Cetera		1,677,000
Total		$11,416,033

As of March 1, 1951 the General State Authority had a total program of $148,364,194 in uncompleted projects. That program is as follows:

Welfare Institutions:		
Mental Hospitals, Feeble-Minded and Epileptics	$88,003,221	
Medical and Surgical Hospitals	5,455,345	
Penal and Correctional Institutions	2,527,019	
Welfare Institutions—Equipment	4,624,910	
		$100,610,495
Educational Institutions:		
Teachers Colleges and Other State-Owned Institutions	$22,427,896	
Pennsylvania State College	12,169,785	
Educational Institutions—Equipment	1,063,651	
		$35,661,332
Health Institutions		2,945,045
State Police Barracks		2,852,577
Forests and Waters:		
Stream Clearance, Flood Control, and State Parks		6,115,822
Miscellaneous		178,923
Total		$148,364,194

Requests are now on hand for a large amount of additional major public works, primarily at Welfare Institutions and Teachers Colleges.

Despite increased costs, many of these projects are necessary and urgent and should be undertaken as soon as possible. One of the many things which need special

attention is provision for additional facilities for the care of youthful offenders. It appears that a new institution may be necessary for this purpose, and this should have your serious consideration.

In my General Fund appropriation recommendations in this budget, there is no provision for construction or other major public works. If a program of public works is economically feasible and is undertaken, I shall recommend that the borrowing limit of the General State Authority be raised and that the program be prosecuted by that agency.

But, as I stated previously, I am not in favor of any activity that will in any way interfere with the defense effort or further disturb our present economy. We should approach construction programs with extreme caution. I suggest that we study the situation during the Session and decide later, in the light of defense developments, the course we should pursue. I may need to communicate with you again on this subject at a later date.

Forests and Waters

The appropriation recommended for operation of the Department of Forests and Waters is $6,845,000. In the present biennium the Department has made expenditures from three appropriations for the work of the Department —the appropriation for salaries and expenses in the general bill, appropriation under Act 83-A of the 1945 Session, and appropriation under Act 23-A of the 1947 Session, estimated to be a total amount of $11,583,682 by the end of the biennium. Therefore, the appropriation recommended for the next two years is a reduction of $4,738,682.

The Department estimates that $1,000,000 will be needed for dredging of the Auburn, Tamaqua, Kernville, and Felix desilting basins in the Schuylkill River project, in accordance with the agreement with the Federal Government, and for maintaining and repairing the 23 silt impounding basins. I recommend an appropriation in that amount.

An appropriation of $2,000,000 is recommended to continue the development of the Independence Mall in Philadelphia. The properties in the block between Chestnut and Market Streets and between Fifth and Sixth Streets have been purchased and demolition is underway. The $2,000,000 appropriation recommended for the next two years would continue the project by allowing purchase of the properties or part of the properties in the block north of Market Street.

An appropriation of $1,500,000 is recommended to continue the development of Point Park in Pittsburgh. All of the properties have been acquired for that project and about half of the demolition completed. This appropriation recommended is for the purpose of completing demolition and for grading and surfacing for temporary, revenue-producing parking facilities.

Salaries of State Employes

During the present biennium a general salary increase was granted in the sum of $200 per employe for those receiving $3,000 or less. No general increase was given for those with salaries above $3,000. However, there have been a number of meritorious increases for some employes receiving above that amount.

The appropriations I am recommending for the departments will permit some adjustments to be made where past salary increases have not been sufficient. The cost of living poses a serious question whether salary increases, beyond those now possible under recommended appropriations for the departments ought not to be made. I suggest that we consider this situation during the Session when we will have more information on the trend in cost of living and on the yield of our revenue sources. Then we can decide whether some provision not now included in the budget, should be made for increasing State employes' salaries.

Deficiency Appropriations Recommended

The budget includes a schedule of the deficiency appropriations I am recommending. Of the $16,583,545 total, $10,000,000 is for public assistance to complete this biennium when the $25,000,000 appropriation is exhausted. The Department of Public Assistance estimates that the $25,000,000 appropriation will be exhausted early in April and that $10,000,000 will be required to May 31.

Of the $16,583,545 total, $5,342,820 is for deficiencies in public school subsidies. These amounts represent the differences in actual payments under existing law as compared with the estimates set up two years ago.

A deficiency of $750,000 is requested for financially handicapped school districts. The $750,000 appropriation for this purpose for this biennium has practically all been obligated on applications received for the school year 1949-1950. The Department of Public Instruction found that in general the financial situation in districts investigated during 1949-1950 was more acute than in the previous year due to higher mandated teachers' salaries and to the fact that most of the financially distressed school districts are already levying the maximum tax on real estate permitted by law. Applications for assistance for 1950-1951 are being received by the Department at about the same rate as during 1949-1950 which makes the request for a deficiency appropriation of $750,000 imperative.

The deficiency of $312,650 requested for Legislative printing, is explained by the fact that it has been the practice to carry over certain expenses of a Session, particularly printing expenses, for payment under the appropriation immediately following the Session. The deficiency of $7,275 requested for printing and distributing service organization convention reports, is due to an underestimate two years ago of the amount that would be required.

The amount requested for the Department of Labor and Industry is due to the fact that the appropriation for this biennium provided practically no margin for salary increases and other higher operational costs.

The amount requested for the Department of Justice, $200,000, is due to expenditures incurred by that Department for salary increases not contemplated at the time the appropriation was made, for expenses incurred in trials and Grand Jury investigations in the City of Philadelphia and in Allegheny County.

The deficiency appropriation of $440,000 requested for training of student nurses is necessary to make the payments required for the two-year period since the $500,000 originally appropriated was exhausted last July.

I have specifically referred in this message only to the appropriations of those departments which required further explanation and clarification. The recommended ap-

propriations of other departments present no unusual factors and are clearly set forth in the budget.

A detailed statement of the requests of all of the departments will be furnished the Appropriation Committee of the General Assembly.

Motor License Fund

The estimated total of funds available in the Motor License Fund for the 1951-1953 biennium, is $385,407,372, assuming the present gasoline taxes are maintained. This total consists of an estimated unobligated cash balance of $22,763,972, June 1, 1951, and $362,643,400 of estimated receipts, including Federal aid, for the 1951-1953 biennium. This total of $385,407,372 compares with $402,098,200 estimated for the 1949-1951 biennium, a decrease of $16,690,828.

For the 1951-1953 biennium the estimate of receipts from Federal aid is $46,000,000. Receipts from sources other than Federal aid, are estimated at $316,643,400 for 1951-1953 compared with $307,619,900 for 1949-1951.

The estimate of funds available for 1951-1953, $385,407,372, will permit the Department of Highways to have a budget of $300,000,000 for the 1951-1953 biennium. This will permit the following expenditures during the two-year period compared with those estimated for the present biennium:

	Estimated 1949-1951	Estimated 1951-1953
Construction	$207,556,000	$188,805,000
Resurfacing	16,390,000	14,100,000
Overhead Engineering, Equipment, etc.	38,373,000	37,095,000
Maintenance	54,681,000	60,000,000
Totals	$317,000,000	$300,000,000

Other Appropriations for Motor License Fund

An appropriation of $10,000,000 is recommended for cities, boroughs, and first class townships and $10,000,000 for townships of the second class. These are the same as the appropriations for the present biennium.

The allocation recommended for the Pennsylvania State Police, $14,250,000, is an increase of $610,000. This, as explained earlier in this message, is due primarily to salary increases which have occurred during the present two-year period and to the fact that the force was gradually increased by 400 men in the present biennium, whereas in the next biennium full provision is made for the two-year period for this increased force.

An allocation of $12,000,000 is recommended for the Department of Revenue, an increase of $1,337,500 over the amount expected to be spent in the present two-year period. This increase is explained chiefly by increases granted during this biennium, by greatly increased work, particularly in the Bureau of Motor Vehicles, and by increased costs of materials, postage and printing in that bureau, and for increased cost of the Highway Safety Program.

Revenue

It is estimated $680,000,120 will be raised from certain existing taxes. This amount plus the $10,026,557 surplus is less than the recommended appropriations for 1951-1953 by $163,487,253, which must be raised by additional taxes. How these respective revenues will be raised will be detailed in a special message to the Legislature on Wednesday of this week.

Conclusion

As there is a large amount of carry-over obligations to be financed because of legislative mandates prior to this Administration, and being conscious of the tremendous Federal and local tax loads and substantial State taxes now carried by the people of this Commonwealth, my aim in making this budget has been to cut requested appropriations to an irreducible minimum.

I have shown that when these carry-over obligations are deducted from my recommended appropriations, the remaining amounts requested from the Legislature are considerably less than those in the present biennium.

This budget shows that we estimate it will cost $741,513,930 to operate the State Government for the 1951-1953 biennium with the aforesaid deductions. This is $24,580,618 less than the appropriations, including deficiencies, required for the past two years. Moreover, without deducting the $112,000,000 mandated obligations, over which we have no control, from our recommended budget, there is only a difference between the 1949-1951 and 1951-1953 budgets of $1,240,843.88 for the whole State Government, all funds.

A further illustration of how this budget has been pared may be gathered from the fact that the amount we now recommend for running the State's business during the next two years is less than the amount the departments had available in the present two-year period.

Still further evidence of the fact that this budget has been severly pruned is that $35,000,000 has been cut from normal departmental requests for appropriations not including requests for construction.

The two years ahead of us will not be ordinary years. They will be abnormal years and will impose extraordinary demands on everyone of us and upon our State Government. To project State financing into the vagaries of the next two years is as hazardous as it now becomes necessary. There will be many serious and unusual problems which can only be solved through mutual cooperation. I pledge you my full support and the support of this Administration in this task.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN S. FINE, Governor.

(For 15th Biennial Budget see Appendix.)

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

The Administration has given birth to a budget. The overdue accouchment was attended by many learned political doctors. As to whether or not the protracted period of labor has been justified, will undoubtedly depend upon future events.

The most that can be said, at this time, for the budget child that has been born, is that it is unusually large for its age. A sizable creature, one would say. A creature tipping the financial scales at a record weight.

Concerning the maternity of this budget child that has been laid upon our legislative doorstep, we have no comment at this time.

Perhaps it can be said that mother and child are doing well.

At this time however there is perhaps occasion for doubt as to who or what sired this budget child.

There even may be occasion for doubt as to just who will claim this infant as their very own. It is even possible it will be listed for adoption.

In the midst of the scene there is perhaps only one tragic figure. That tragic figure is the Pennsylvania Taxpayer who undoubtedly will ultimately be cast in the role of a sugar-daddy.

When the parents of the budget child that has just been born desert it, forget it, regard it only with averted eye, the Pennsylvania Taxpayer must serve it as a foster parent.

Curiously enough, while the foster parents of our precious budget child are free to come and go their smiling way, it is the potential foster father, the Pennsylvania Taxpayer, who finds himself upon the operating table.

The gentle Chinese have an instrument of reform known as "The death of a thousand cuts." The procedure under the Death of a Thousand Cuts formula is designed to lead the patient to accept any solution to any pending problem—and end the agony.

Just now the Pennsylvania Taxpayer is in the position of a patient in a hospital, strapped on the operating table, without having been given the benefit of an anaesthetic, and surrounded by surgeons who are discussing the case.

"Let's cut off a few fingers," says one surgeon.

"No, no, no," says another surgeon, "not just a few fingers. Let's cut off the left leg."

"Hardly sufficient, that," counters another surgeon, "let's cut off both legs."

Another surgeon suggests that they dig out the patient's liver.

The discussion continues within the hearing of the patient, until the poor, unfortunate pleads with the surgeans to do something, to do anything, anything that will end the agony.

That, perhaps, is the point we are rapidly approaching, the point where the patient will accept any treatment the political doctors may elect if only it will terminate the agony.

We have all read the story, in part, of what the political doctors have been proposing.

"A flat income tax," says one.

"Not a flat income tax, but a tax upon a tax," says another.

"Out with both suggestions," counters political doctor number three. "What the situation calls for is a sales tax."

"No, no, no, not a sales tax," pleads political doctor number four. "Let's have a tax on the gross receipts of business, big and little."

Doctor number five files a dissent to all the suggestions made—"What we should do," he says, "is boost corporate net income tax, retain the 'pop' tax, boost the utility gross receipts tax, and load cigarettes with another penny."

And so the discussion has raged and undoubtedly continues to rage, and quite likely the scene has been plotted for the purpose of so alarming and confusing the patient—the Pennsylvania Taxpayer—that he will soon be shrieking "Do something, do anything, only end the agony."

It is not our purpose to discuss a non-existent tax program. This is, however, an historic occasion—the birthday of a record-breaking state budget. A birthday which foreshadows a revision, to some extent at least, of the Commonwealth's tax structure.

The present Administration admits that either old taxes must be increased or new taxes imposed.

This admission is long overdue and it must be considered in the light of statements made by administration spokesmen during the recent campaign.

On September 9, 1950 the Pennsylvania State Republican Committee, in convention at Pittsburgh, adopted a Platform.

The concluding paragraphs of that document read: "This Platform represents the honest and sincere intent of the Republican Party of Pennsylvania. With God's help, we will conform to its precepts."

The taxation plank in the Platform duly adopted by the Pennsylvania State Republican Committee, in convention assembled, contains a paragraph which reads: "We propose to eliminate the soft drink tax. We are mindful that new obligations have to be financed, but we anticipate that the increase in revenue and the decrease in expenditures arising from a changed situation, coupled with strict economy and good management, will be sufficient to avoid any additional taxes."

It is, of course, true that the paragraph quoted does not contain a clear cut, definite promise, but it was a paragraph which undoubtedly served to deceive a portion of the people, a paragraph which served to deceive many honest Republican campaigners.

If the present Governor did not run on the party plank contained in the platform, there were a great many pepole who thought he did. Spokesmen for the party now in power created an atmosphere of confidence—a feeling that if it were returned to power it would confine tax levies within the scope of the existing tax structure.

It wasn't until after the people had returned their verdict at the polls that spokesmen for the party now in power began, timidly, to suggest that perhaps, perhaps, it would be necessary to increase taxes.

The "perhaps" was sheer deception, conscious or unconscious.

The Democratic Party and its candidates faced the situation in quite a different fashion. Democratic Party spokesmen said repeatedly that in their opinion it would be necessary for the General Assembly, when it organized on January 2, 1951, to find at least $150 million in new tax money.

Republican spokesmen said they anticipated it wouldn't be necessary to increase the tax burden.

The Democratic spokesmen said they anticipated it would be necessary to increase taxes.

It is barely possible the people said to themselves: "Republican Party spokesmen say no new tax will be needed—Democratic Party spokesmen say that a considerable sum in new taxes will be needed. The Republicans, therefore, are the better party. They'll keep taxes within the limits of existing tax structure."

What was the Democratic Party's tax plank? Its tax plank read: "We pledge the creation of a non-partisan

expert commission to recommend an equitable system of taxation, based upon ability to pay, to provide revenue for the legitimate needs of the Commonwealth."

The position taken by the present Minority Party, the Democratic Party, during the recent campaign, was that Pennsylvania's present tax structure was a crazyquilt affair, that it was the result of a patchwork system, a patch here and a patch there, until the point has been reached where there isn't any place for any more patches.

We proposed a non-partisan, scientific approach to Pennsylvania's tax problem. There have been innumerable tax commissions appointed in the past, but the end to which the past commissions have devoted themselves was not the reconstruction, the revision of the existing tax structure, but rather the shifting of a tax burden from one taxpayer's shoulder to the shoulder of some other taxpayer to the end that the taxpaying goose might be plucked in such manner as would occasion a minimum of squawking.

That end, it would seem, is still being served. The paramount question being asked among the political doctors who are now operating, or planning to operate, upon the taxpayer, is not "What sort of a tax structure will most equitably divide the tax load?" but rather "What sort of a tax structure, what sort of new taxes, what sort of increases in existing taxes, will do the least damage to the party in power?"

And so, we await with interest the final verdict of the political tax doctors and we already can detect the murmurings upon the part of the potential taxpayer—"In the name of Allah the Merciful, trot out your political tax package—and end the agony!"

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman's remarks that he has just made, when he is condemning us for putting the cost of government on John Q. Public, I do not know who pays the cost of government in a democratic type of government except John Q. Public and I hope the public always pays the debts of the Commonwealth. If we get into any other kind of payment of debts it certainly would not be a democracy, and that is what we have existed on up until now.

The gentleman quoted from the Republican platform. It is not quite fair just to quote from one part. It should be construed in its entirety. I would like to make a quotation also from the platform. In the taxation clause, it states

> "Taxes needed to provide for the internal security of the Commonwealth and for the general welfare of all the people of Pennsylvania will be levied without placing undue burdens upon any group or class."

I do not believe on September 9th, 1950 when this platform was written, that it was any secret that there would be new revenues needed.

I have a letter here, a copy rather, that is dated June 9th. This letter came from the defeated candidate for Governor and was addressed to His Excellency, Governor James H. Duff. In this letter, the defeated candidate states "that we shall be faced with a substantial deficit at the end of this biennium and that the next administration will have to raise not just a hundred and fifty million dollars, but more like three hundred million in new tax money for the 1951 and 1953 biennium." At the time that letter was sent to Governor Duff because he quoted what Governor Duff said about added costs of government, that a hundred and fifty million dollars will be needed in new tax money. That was in June. The Democratic candidate for Governor at that time realized that inflation would increase the amount of dollars needed to defray the cost of government, but, he was incorrect to the tune of one hundred and fifty millions.

> One of the things in just going over this budget that I have noticed is that the appropriations to the Departments are approximately the same if not a little bit less than allowed during the last biennium.

I think we have kept our promise that the cost of government would not increase.

The additional revenues that have been asked for,—and let me just give them to you approximately, school subsidies approximately $27 million; the soldiers' bonus for retirement of the bonds and interest, approximately $54 million; the teachers retirement fund approximately $11 million, and the General State Authority rentals approximately $10 million. That could fluctuate either way because of the amount of construction that would be done.

Remember one thing, every one of those items that I have just read were mandated by you gentlemen in this House. We have to pay that over and above last biennium. All of those are over last year's budget.

We say in the budget that we are recommending $20 million for Civil Defense. I do not believe on September 9th, before a so-called police action in Korea went into a full-fledged war, that we could tell how much money we would need for Civil Defense, so we have appropriated or rather recommended to the General Assembly $20 million to be applied to Civilian Defense.

We have also recommended that school subsidies be increased by another $20 million.

This is also a platform pledge, and I would like to read from the platform where it says that our children are entitled to the best educational facilities available, maintained at the highest standards, by the most capable, best paid teachers.

We have also recommended in this budget that universities and teachers colleges for maintainance be given another $12 million.

I would like to read from the platform in that respect where we say the Republican party recognizes its responsibility to continuously elevate the state's educational system.

Also there is being recommended an $11 million increase in Welfare and Health. That is also a platform pledge—we say we pledge in Pennsylvania the finest public health program in the nation and we pledge expansion of the current administration's outstanding mental health program with continued emphasis on prevention, care and treatment.

Keep in mind that the mandated recommendations are over one hundred million dollars. We in the Legislature ordered that. One hundred million dollars of this budget is what we have told the public must be spent. I am sure that since September 9th there has been considerable change in our government. As I said before, that was prior to the Korean incident going into a full-fledged war—regardless of what we want to call it, it is war.

The cost of living since September 9th has increased greater than at any time in our history. We all know that by the cost of food that we are buying. A good part of this has been due to the Federal government's failure to put a price ceiling on a lot of our commodities.

I feel that this budget with due respect, applies to our platform. We are protecting our people, and I am sure that the gentlemen on the other side of the House will agree that all of these extra funds that we are asking for are definitely needed for the welfare of the citizens of our state.

Mr. ANDREWS. May I have the privilege of asking the Majority Leader just one question?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I will grant that one question privilege.

Mr. ANDREWS. I have not, at this time at least, been quarreling with the total amount of the budget. I did not attack the budget, and it was not necessary for the gentleman to defend it.

The question I want to ask is this, is he prepared at this time to end the agony and tell us just what kind of tax or taxes we will be asked to swallow in order to finance this great and glorious budget?

Mr. SMITH. I am sure Mr. Speaker, that in due time it will not be as much agony as the gentleman thinks. The tax program will be submitted to the House and we will be asked to vote on it and approve it very shortly.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, is the gentleman telling me at this hour of agony that he actually does not know?

Mr. SMITH. I would say Mr. Speaker, that I have been told that the tax program will be introduced in the House on Wednesday of this week, at 10:00 o'clock in the morning.

Mr. ANDREWS. I accept the gentleman's apology.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

REQUEST TO ADDRESS JOINT SESSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governors Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to appear before the Members in Joint Session at ten o'clock a. m., Wednesday, March 21, 1951, to comment on the Budget and to present a Tax Program.

JOHN S. FINE.

SENATE MESSAGES

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate:

Senate Bills for concurrence Nos. 113, 141, 152, 199, 216, 244, 245, 273, 304 and 325.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. WATERHOUSE asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Workmen's Compensation to meet during the session of the House.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. SCHMIDT asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. ROBERTSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

Mr. GOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act providing a method for the reestablishment of townships of the first class from any city to which they have been annexed and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possession and transportation of big game.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 18, Printer's No. 42,

was temporarily passed over at the request of Mr. ANDREWS.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act relating to and defining chiropractic and the right to practice chiropractic requiring licensure conferring powers and imposing duties upon the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners providing for the granting suspension and revocation of licenses issued by the board conferring jurisdiction upon the Court and Common Pleas of Dauphin County and prescribing penalties.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WATERHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Professional Licensure for the purpose of further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence and the proof of official records documents and proceedings both domestic and foreign and of copies thereof and extracts therefrom and certificates in reference thereto.

The first to seventh sections inclusive were separately read and agreed to

The eighth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROBERTSON offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 8, page 4, line 13, by inserting after the word "governor" the following: "or secretary of state or chancellor or keeper of the seal of the state."

Amend Sec. 8, page 4, line 15, by striking out the entire line.

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The ninth to twentieth sections inclusive and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act requiring owners and operators of tourist camps having heated cabins to provide adequate chimneys or escape vents for harmful gases and imposing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth providing for trial without jury and for the filing of agreements therefor providing for the payment of jury fees.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 235, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provision for the taxation of private forest reserves.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time fixing the time from which priorities extend and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 699.4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by authorizing the production and performance of civic opera between certain hours on Sundays.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SCHMIDT offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1, (Sec. 699.4) page 3, line 5, by striking out the word "municipalities" and inserting lieu thereof "political subdivisions."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 699.4), page 3, line 6, by inserting after the part-word "sion" the following: "if the question of the production and performance of such civic opera is first submitted to the electors of the political subdivision within which such production and performance is proposed, and approved by the affirmative vote of the electors."

It was agreed to.

Mr. SCHMIDT offered the following amendments:

Amend Bill, page 3, by inserting after line 9, the following:

Section 2. The governing body of any political subdivision upon resolution duly adopted, or electors equal to at least two per centum of the highest vote cast for any candidate in the political subdivision at the last preceding municipal election may petition the country board of elections of the proper county to have a question concerning the production and performance of civic opera as prescribed in the preceding section, submitted to the electors of the political subdivision, and the county board of elections shall cause a question to be placed on the ballots or on the voting machines and submitted to the electors of the political subdivision at the first general or municipal election occurring at least sixty (60) days thereafter, in the manner provided by the election laws of the Commonwealth. If a majority of the persons voting on such question vote "yes," then civic opera may be produced and performed by nonprofit corporations and political subdivisions on Sundays between the hours of two o'clock post meridian and twelve o'clock midnight within the political subdivision voting thereon, with the

right to charge admission. If a majority of the persons voting on the question vote "no," such right shall be denied, and the same question shall not be voted upon again prior to the election occurring approximately two years thereafter.

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

They were agreed to.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SCHMIDT offered the following amendment:

Amend title, page 1, last line of title, by inserting after the word "Sundays" the following: "upon approval of the electors."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BEECH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary for the purpose of further study.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Beech.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BEECH. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, as I understand the purpose for the recommittal of this bill to the Judiciary Committee, it is for the purpose of holding it up until final disposition has been made of the penal code. Is that correct?

Mr. BEECH. That is correct, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker would the gentleman object to this bill's going through this House and then lodging in the appropriate Committee in the Senate, to be held up until final disposition of the penal code has been made? My reason for asking that is this: In the event something should happen that the penal code should not be passed in the Senate, that then this bill could properly proceed through the Senate.

Mr. BEECH. Mr. Speaker, I do object to the gentleman's request. I would rather this bill be recommitted to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, when the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Beech spoke with me prior to the session this afternoon, he did suggest to me that this bill be recommitted to the Judiciary Committee following its amendment, so that it would be held up pending the final disposition of the penal code in the Senate.

Following my talk with him it occurred to me that in the event the penal code should for some reason not come out of committee in the Senate then I would find myself in a position where my bill would be lodged in a committee of the House, and there may be some difficulty there.

I fell that the merits of the bill, although I may not discuss it on this motion, are such that it should finally pass both houses, I believe that under the amendments that took place here just prior to this motion, this bill will meet the objections of all groups throughout the state.

I would, therefore, ask the House to defeat this motion, permit this bill to pass in the House, go to the Senate and then if necessary remain in committee in the Senate until some final disposition has been made of the penal code.

Mr. BEECH. Mr. Speaker, I ask the House to send this bill back to the Judiciary Committee as per my agreement with the sponsor of the bill.

Mr. SCHMIDT. I would like to make this statement; if the gentleman from Allegheny understood or feels that I have an agreement with him that this bill shall be recommitted by reason of the fact that I did have this discussion with him, I will remove my objection and ask that the bill be recommitted to the Judiciary Committee in the House, if he has that understanding.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. ANDREWS. That is what I wanted to inquire, Mr. Speaker, as to whether there was an agreement concerning the bill.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 43,

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILLS ON SECOND READING POSTPONED

Agreeably to order,

The bill having been called up from the postponed calendar, by Mr. COOPER.

The House resumed the consideration on second reading of House Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminal causes and suits for penalties granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COOPER offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 6), page 2, line 1, by striking out the figure "6" and inserting in lieu thereof: "5"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 6), page 2, line 5, by inserting after the word "thereof" the following:

is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 5. (a) The prothonotary and the clerk of courts of Allegheny County shall be the [clerk] clerks of the court hereby created, and each shall assume and perform all of the duties of [clerk] clerks thereof to the same extent and in the same manner as is now required for the court of common pleas and the court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the county, respectively, or as directed by the judges of the court. At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office, in charge of a clerk, or clerks, appointed by the prothonotary or the clerk of courts, who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept at such place, as well as of the docket of the court, and of all papers pertaining to the particular business of the court at such place. All other necessary clerks and assistants shall be appointed by said court; and their compensation shall be fixed and paid out of the treasurey of Allegheny County, in the manner in which other county expenses are now fixed and paid by law, and the duties of such assistants (except as in this act set forth) shall be determined by a majority of the judges of such court.

(b) All fees received by the prothonotary and the clerk of courts from the business of the County Court, may, as in the case of other fees received by them, be applied to the payment of the salaries of said officers respectively, their clerks and assistants, and any other expenses in connection with the discharge of their duties.

All fees or other sums received by any clerk or employe of said court shall be paid into the treasury of Allegheny County.

(c) The president judge of the court may appoint such tipstaves and officers, or employes, as are reasonably necessary to perform the duties usually pertinent to such officers in and about the court-rooms or elsewhere. Their number and compensation shall be determined, from time to time, by a majority of the judges of the court.

The court shall appoint such official stenographers as shall be necessary. Said stenographers shall be appointed, and discharge theor duties, and be paid compensation under and subject to the stenographers' act of one thousand nine hundred and seven, its amendments and supplements.

Section 2. Section 6 of said act

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

Mr. COOPER offered the following amendment:

Amend Bill, page 6, by inserting after line 19, the following:

Section 3. Section 8 of said act as last amended by the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 535), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Section 8. (a) In any case brought in this court in which the parties are entitled by the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth to a trial by jury, the plaintiff, if he desires a trial by a jury, shall, at the time of filing his statement, indorse thereon, or file separately, a written demand for a jury trial, in substantially the words, "Jury trial demanded," signed by himself or his counsel, and, if no such demand is made by the plaintiff, but a trial by jury is desired by the defendant, he shall in like form, at the time of filing his answer, demand a trial by jury (except a municipality, not being required to file an answer, shall, when defendant, make ias demand at least three days exclusive of Sunday before the time fixed for the hearing by the writ). If neither party shall make a demand in writing for a trial by jury, he shall be deemed to have waived his right to trial by jury, and the court shall proceed to try the case without a jury. The party making demand for trial by jury may withdraw the same with the written consent of the other side, filed in the case, and the parties shall be deemed to have waived their right to trial by jury, and the court or any judge thereof may proceed to try the case without a jury the same as if the demand had never been made.

(b) Cases tried by the court without a jury shall be tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe: Provided, That at the trial in the county court of cases before a judge, without a jury, either party may present to the trial judge such requests for findings of law or fact as he may desire, which requests shall be answered by the trial judge; to which answer either party may, within the time prescribed by the court, except; and thereupon such requests for findings and the answers of the court thereto shall become part of the record. The testimony shall be taken stenographically at the expense of the county, and transcribed at the expense of the party desiring such transcript, or at the expense of the county, if the court so orders; and such testimony, when transcribed and certified by the trial judge, shall also become part of the record.

(c) When a jury trial is demanded by either party, the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law, [the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county: Provided, further, That when a jury trial is demanded the court] and shall make a separate list of such cases, from time to time, as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county-seat. It shall be the duty of the proper officers of Allegheny County to provide such jurors for service in the County Court as may from time to time be requested by order of the president judge, or as may be fixed by general order of the president judge. Jurors shall be summoned as provided by law, and shall receive the same compensation and be subject to the same duties and liabilities as jurors summoned to serve in the courts of common pleas of said county.

They were agreed to.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COOPER offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 2, page 7, line 1, by striking out the figure "2" and inserting in lieu thereof: "4."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The third section was read.

Amend Sec. 3, page 8, line 4, by striking out the figure "3" and inserting in lieu thereof: "5."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

Mr. COOPER offered the following amendment:

Amend Bill, page 8, by inserting after line 12, the following:

Section 6. The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

It was agreed to.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. COOPER offered the following amendment:

Amend title, page 1, last line of title, by inserting after the word "suits" the following: "conferring powers and imposing duties on the clerk of courts of Allegheny County, and providing for the disposition of fees, the appointment of officers and employes and for jurors."

It was agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The bill having been called up from the postponed calendar, by Mr. COOPER.

The House resumed the consideration on second reading of House Bill No. 161, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections, the Chair will return to page 2 of today's calendar, bills on second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 301 and 302 and to amend Sections 304 and 408 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the membership and organization of the Pennsylvania Game Commission the Pennsylvania Fish Commission the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and the State Council of Education.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ANDREWS. I desire to discuss the bill and also to offer an amendment. First I would like to comment on the bill.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will proceed.

Mr. ANDREWS. This bill, House Bill 18, is perhaps one of the most significant measures that has yet appeared upon our calendar. It proposes a basic, fundamental change in our method of conducting the affairs of our Commonwealth. I understand that it was the decision of the majority caucus that if I offered amendments to this bill, that the majority would fight the amendments. It would be very unfortunate if a measure of this kind should be resolved upon the basis of party affiliations. There are members of my caucus who are opposed to this measure as a matter of principle.

At past sessions members of the minority party have held that there should be a distinct line of demarcation between the functions of the administrative branch, of our Government, and of the legislative branch of our Government, and these members, on what they term constitutional grounds, said that it was our business to legislate and it was the business of the various Departments and Commissions to administer.

Now, for quite a number of years I have been one of those who have believed that the General Assembly should by means of observers seek to oversee the Commissions and the Departments which in many instances have resolved themselves into what are in effect legislative agencies. Our commissions and our departments frequently by their rules and regulations and their methods of procedure actually legislate. No member of the majority group has a monopoly of the idea that it would be a good plan if the General Assembly as far as our Commissions are concerned has what might be termed listening posts. Now it is particularly true that the Fish and Game Commissions should be, and pride themselves that they are nonpolitical organizations.

Some members of the Commissions and some persons very active in the realm of sportsmen have asked me to oppose this bill on the ground that if we created listening posts in these two Commissions it would be a step in the direction of plunging the Fish Commission and the Game Commission into politics. The only way to clear ourselves of the suspicion that we are attempting a political move is to be nonpolitical in our approach to the problem of establishing listening posts. And in order that our effort might of itself testify that we have no political intent, I am, Mr. Speaker, offering the following amendment to House Bill 18.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 301), page 4, line 8, by inserting after the word "Pennsylvania" the following: "In each case one member shall be chosen from each of the two major political parties."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, it is within the power of the majority group in this House to proceed in this matter from the partisan standpoint and to regard the listening out-posts in these two Commissions as part and parcel of party patronage. I say to you that if you desire to stamp your representatives who would serve the purpose of listening posts in these two organizations, if it is your purpose to stamp those places as part and parcel of political patronage, you have the votes to do it. I question its wisdom. I question the value of this bill if it passes with the partisan angle the controlling factor. If we are going to have two Members of the House to listen in on what these two Commissions are doing, I say that the way that we will have the least repercussions is to have one member from one party and the other member

from the other party, and in the same manner as far as the Senate is concerned.

However, if you want to regard it as party patronage, I repeat, that is your privilege; you have the votes to do it. I do not think it is wise; I do not think it is reasonably smart, and I do not think it is going to gain you any support among the sportsmen of this Commonwealth, who would be inclined to resent what they would term legislative intrusion into their affairs.

Mr. McMILLEN. Mr. Speaker, at this time I would like to review the operation of this type of legislation as it has existed in Pennsylvania for some time. I think it is all apropos and fits into the arguments that go along with this bill.

Some ten years ago this idea was proposed and was adopted and Members of the House and Senate were placed on the Aeronautics Commission of Pennsylvania. Since that time these men have served without pay; they have given of their time and efforts in order to produce what is considered in the United States today the outstanding aeronautics commission. At that time there was no indication, no argument of any kind of a political nature. The question of whether a man would be a Democrat or Republican who might be appointed to this Commission was not raised. The Governor was given the authority to appoint, and has since that time continued to appoint, and at no time in the history of the operation of this piece of legislation have I ever heard a partisan argument in the Commission.

At that time when the Governor appointed the members of this Commission, he took into consideration the minority, and at that time appointed four people, three Republicans and a Democrat. It happens at this particular time that Senator Dent, Westmoreland County, the Minority Floor Leader in the Senate was a representative of the minority party.

I also want to point out, that this has produced a very healthy situation, the very thing that we are trying to develop in this particular legislation right now.

If you gentlemen will go back over the years you will recall that in the ten years there has never been a "no" vote on a piece of aeronautics legislation; never been a "no" vote in the House or Senate. That is due to the fact that the difficulties that a bill might encounter in the House and the Senate were ironed out before the bill was introduced. That in itself is worth thinking about.

It is also interesting to note that because of this close functioning, this cooperative attitude, the Aeronautics Commission came in at the last session with a request for an appropriation of approximately ten thousand dollars less than the preceding year. I defy any other Department on the hill to show an operating budget like that.

I would like to go on and point out that the gentleman by his very arguments, by his very insistence on the floor of this House that we have a division of these people spelled out in this bill makes it political. His own argument smacks of politics; he brings up a political argument right here.

Let me point out to you that on the other boards and commissions that have been established by this Legislature,—let us look at the Local Government Commission for instance. The legislation says merely that the Governor shall appoint five House Members and five Senate Members. In the appointments the Governor has been cognizant of the minority's place in government, and he has appointed three Republicans and two Democrats of the House, and three Republicans and two Democrats of the Senate. The Joint State Government Commission, a creation of this body, has on it a representation of eleven Republicans and three Democrats in the House, and eleven Republicans and three Democrats in the Senate. The Interstate Commission on Cooperation merely states that the Governor shall appoint five Members of the House and five of the Senate. Again the Governor took into consideration the minority and appointed four Republicans and a Democrat of the House, four Republicans and one Democrat of the Senate.

I think that is conclusive proof in itself that the minority gets its representation, it is recognized and if we tie this bill down to any particular number from either party I would like to point out that the condition can arise where we may have on either side of this House a dozen or twenty-five, and if you go around these Commissions you are going to be over-working a few and others will have nothing to do. It would be an impractical situation.

If you want to keep this thing out of politics, if you want to have none of these arguments, then I say give the appointing power to the Governor and, be he Democrat or Republican, let him make these appointments.

I would like to point out another thing Mr. Speaker, that these boards and commissions are creations of the Legislature. We give to them legislative powers in fact, by, at the end of the bill, saying that they shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry into effect the foregoing.

I realize that there is some repercussion on this bill. I realize too that the Members of this House have been labeled as political snoopers. I want to take this opportunity to point out that there is no intention on the part of the Members of this legislature to try to run these boards and commissions. In the first place, we are here only two, three, or four months out of every two years. We do not have the opportunity, nor the time to get beneath the problems that these boards and commissions have. By putting legislative representation or listening posts, as the gentleman from Cambria wants to call them, on these boards, then we have a perfect liaison between the commissions and the Legislature. We have someone to whom we can go and ask our questions, to whom we can direct our inquiries when a board or commission brings in its legislative program. It is the intent and the purpose of this Legislature to be useful and helpful, not a hindrance. And the intent and the purpose of this bill is to place the Legislature in a more knowing position, a more intelligent position when it comes to voting on legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I urge that these amendments be rejected in the interest of this non-partisan legislation.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I could hardly agree with the gentleman from Indiana that the evidence of nonpolitical intent was an eleven-to-three division on any body which was an arm of this General Assembly.

The gentleman from Indiana runs true to form; he believes that to the majority party, to the victor belongs the spoils. Doubtless he already has selected the per-

sonnel from the House in the event that this bill passed.

I shall desire a roll call on this amendment, because the roll call will reveal perhaps the strength that this measure has. I say very frankly unless we can have a fair, above-board approach, non-partisan approach I am opposed to this bill. I hope in the event that these amendments fall that all of the Members on this side of the House, in response to the protests that this measure has aroused, will vote against it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Readinger and were as follows:

YEAS—80

Amarando,	Hersch,	McNally,	Rovansek,
Andrews.	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Moran,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Muldowney,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, G. E.,	Munley,	Schuster,
Bucchin,	Jones, J. M.,	Musto,	Seyler,
Byrne,	Jones, P. F.,	Needham,	Snider,
Cochran,	Kamyk,	Olsen,	Stank,
Conway,	Kolankiewicz,	Penglase,	Swope,
Corr,	Kornick,	Peta,	Taylor,
Coyle,	Lederer,	Petrosky,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Leonard, L.,	Pettigrew,	Varallo,
Fenrich,	Leven,	Pfaff,	Verona,
Filip,	Limper,	Polaski,	Wargo,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Polen,	Welsh,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Price, R. A.,	Westrick,
Good,	Lutty,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Hagerty,	Maxwell,	Reidenbach,	Williams,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McDermit,	Rose,	Yester,
Headlee,	McGee,	Rosen,	Yetzer,

NAYS—115

Banker,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Shoemaker,
Barkdoll,	Gleason,	Markley,	Shotwell,
Baumunk,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Smith,
Bear,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Beech,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Blair,	Greer,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Bloom,	Gutendorf,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Bolton,	Guthrie,	Metz,	Swartz,
Boorse,	Hall,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Breisch,	Harney,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Brown,	Helm,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Cella,	Hewitt,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Clendening,	Johnson,	Murray,	Varner,
Cooper,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Costa,	Jump,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Davis,	Kent,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kline,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kohl,	Reagan,	Whalley,
Dunn,	Kratz,	Reilly, J. M.,	White,
Erb,	Lafore,	Rigby,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lelsey,	Riley, R. L.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leonard, W. C.,	Robertson,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Light,	Royer,	Young,
Flack,	Loftus,	Rubin,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Lyons,	Sax,	Sorg,
Geer	Madden,	Scott,	Speaker

NOT VOTING—12

Boies,	Duffy,	Kubacki,	Mihm,
Bomberger,	Guarnieri,	Mazza,	Mills,
Dennison,	Haudenshield,	McInroy,	Reese,

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ANDREWS. As far as the Majority members are concerned I would appreciate less soft soap and more votes.

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, the gentleman from Delaware, Hon. Adie S. Rush.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 19, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 26, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Reprsentatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, March 26, 1951 at four thirty o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Celrk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

BILLS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 61, entitled "An Act relating to the civil defense of this State and its coordination with national defense providing for the establishment of a State Council of Civil Defense local and district council of civil defense Mobile Support Units prescribing the powers duties and immunities thereof and of their personnel authorizing mutual aid compacts and providing penalties."

JOHN S. FINE.

March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 2, Printer's No. 9, entitled "An Act to amend the title of and to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 37) entitled 'An act relating to air arid precautions including blackouts conferring certain powers and duties upon the State Council of Defense local and district Councils of Defense political subdivisions members of certain municipal and volunteer

agencies and civilians necessary for the safety defense and protection of civilians and property in the Commonwealth providing for the mobilization coordination and use of certain municipal agencies and volunteer agencies including their personnel and equipment providing for immunity from liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property under certain circumstances and providing penalties' by changing the name of the State Council of Defense and the reference to certain laws."

JOHN S. FINE.

March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 3, Printer's No. 10, entitled "An Act authorizing certain political subdivisions to make appropriations for the payment of expenses of local or district counsils of civil defense within said political subdivisions and for the protection or preparation for the protection of the health welfare and safety of the civilian population of said political subdivision during emergencies resulting from air raids blackouts or sabotage regulating the manner of payment of expenses of local and district councils of civil defense authorizing such political subdivisions to borrow money under certain conditions for such purposes and providing for the repayment thereof."

JOHN S. FINE

March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 4, Printer's No. 4, entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a compact with any other state for mutual helpfulness in meeting any civil defense emergency or disaster."

JOHN S. FINE

RESOLUTION

CONDOLENCE

Messrs. COOPER, RONALD L. THOMPSON, EWING and HAUDENSHIELD offered a resolution which was read, considered and unanimously adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 19, 1951.

Death came to Dr. Joseph G. Steedle on March 8th, 1951. Unlike the lot of many men, it fell to Dr. Steedle to become an acclaimed leader in three important fields of human activity—medicine, fraternalism and civics.

After graduation from the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, he came to McKees Rocks where he practiced his profession faithfully and well for many years. In rendering medical service to his community, Dr. Steedle early became affiliated with the staff of the Ohio Valley Hospital.

Although his professional work was demanding, yet his reserve of energy and interest was such as to find expression in the exciting arena of politics. As a legislator, and later as a burgess, Dr. Steedle served his State and community in accordance with the best tenets and traditions of civic performance.

As one who loved his fellowmen, Dr. Steedle sought every opportunity to mingle with men and women, to enjoy their moments of happiness, to share their hours of trial, and always to give of his wisdom and counsel when his timely guidance would point the way to a resolution of a vexing question.

The Eagles and the Elks embraced him fraternally and awarded to him their certificates of commendation for constructive services to their respective organizations.

McKees Rocks has sustained a grievous loss of one of its distinguished civic and medical leaders in the passing of Dr. Steedle; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives express its deep sympathy upon the death of one of its former Members, who was also a towering personage in the civic and scientific activities of his beloved community; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the House be directed to transmit a copy of this resolution to the only surviving relative of Dr. Steedle—his niece, Mrs. Elizabeth R. Rousseau of Crestmont Pines, Perrysville, Pennsylvania.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Boroughs, Mr. Baumunk, Chairman, Room 324, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:00 a. m.

Cities-County—Second Class, Mr. Ewing, Chairman, Room 521, Tuesday, March 20, at 10:00 a. m.

Cities—Third Class, Mr. Dalrymple, Chairman, Room 521, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:00 a. m.

Education, Mr. Sollenberger, Chairman, Room 324, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:30 a. m.

Fisheries, Mr. Gibson, Chairman, Room 331, Tuesday, March 20, at 10:00 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room 520, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:00 a. m.

Law and Order, Mr. Ray L. Riley, Chairman, Room 325, Tuesday, March 20, at 10:30 a. m.

Military Affairs, Mr. McMillen, Chairman, Room 323, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:45 a. m.

Professional Licensure, Mr. Flack, Chairman, Room 325, Tuesday, March 20, at 11:15 a. m.

Public Health and Sanitation, Mr. Frost, Chairman, Room 329, Tuesday, March 20, at 10:00 a. m.

Townships, Mr. Reagan, Chairman, Room 522, Tuesday, March 20, at 10:30 a. m.

There will be a Public Hearing before the Senate and House Committees jointly on Insurance on Senate Bills No. 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 140, 320, 341, and others in the Senate Insurance Committee, in the Senate Caucus Room, Tuesday, March 27, at 10:00 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WILLIAM C. LEONARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 20, 1951 at 12:00 o'clock noon.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:45 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1951. No. 24.

SENATE

TUESDAY, March 20, 1951

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. JOHN C MOORE, Pastor of Christ Episcopal Church, Coudersport, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Lord God Almighty, guide, we pray Thee, all those to whom Thou hast committed the government of this State and the General Assembly, and grant to them at this time special gifts of wisdom and understanding, of counsel and strength, that upholding what is right and following what is true they may obey Thy holy will and fulfill Thy divine purpose unto Thee. We present these our humble petitions in the name of the Triune God. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. MALLERY, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 20, 1951.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 20, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointments as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ADAMS COUNTY

M. H. Nichols, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Dorothy J. Brannan, Pittsburgh, 108 Jones Law Bldg.
Robert M. Constantin, Pittsburgh, 5180 Baum Blvd.
Charles E. Tumminello, Jr., Pittsburgh, 714 E. Ohio St.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Ray E. Hoyt, West Franklin Twp., Worthington.

BEAVER COUNTY

Walter R. Evans, New Sewickley Twp., New Brighton.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Anna A. Butz, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Ruth E. Miller, Altoona.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Helen E. Crowley, Penndel.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Charles W. Lines, DuBois.
Miss Margaret M. Nemeth, Clearfield.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Ed. G. Demsey, Lansdowne.
Miss Anne C. Englebert, Lansdowne.
Mrs. Pauline Kereszi, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn F. Erskine, Union City.
J. Leonard Ostrow, Erie.
Miss Nancy M. Walter, Fairview.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY

Mrs. Irma H. Mains, Warriorsmark Twp., Warriors Mark.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

William J. Murphy, Scranton.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Madeline M. Curran, Allentown.
Mrs. Dolores D. Miller, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss Ann P. McLane, Pittston.
Mrs. Helen Murphy, Wilkes-Barre.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Carrie I. Shultz, Milton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Anne T. Conway, 6245 State Road.
George J. Good, Magee Realty Co., N. E. Cor. Castor Ave. & Sherman St.
Miss Elizabeth V. Martin, 936 Commercial Trust Bldg.
Marshall Mousley, 5301 Large St.
Charles E. Seese, 2633 W. Allegheny Ave.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Mary Kathleen Reihner, Washington.

To compute from dates set opposite their names

CLARION COUNTY

F. W. Richardson, Knox, March 31, 1951.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Francis W. Daugherty Jr., Allentown, March 31, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss B. N. Remington, Braddock, April 1, 1951.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Archie E. Britton, Scranton, April, 1, 1951.

BUCKS COUNTY

Z. Markovich Jr., Warminster Twp., Hatboro, April 2, 1951.
Mrs. Betty L. Morgan, Doylestown, April 2, 1951.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Alphonso Santangelo, Norristown, April 2, 1951.

SOMERSET COUNTY

G. N. Zeigler, Windber, April 2, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ray Reynolds, 5912 Torresdale Ave., April 7, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Albert P. Dible, Penn Twp., Haffey, April 9, 1951.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

H. S. Mehring, 111 N. 49th St., April 9, 1951.

BUCKS COUNTY

A. Marlyn Moyer, Jr., Lower Southampton Twp., Trevose, April 12, 1951.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss E. R. Auslander, McKeesport, April 16, 1951.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Miss M. Eleanor Grisco, Shickshinny, April 16, 1951.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. SNOWDEN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

YEAS—49

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,			

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Cleark of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, March 19, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvenes on Monday, March 26, 1951, at three o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvenes on Monday, March 26, 1951, at four thirty o'clock P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

SENATE CONCURS IN HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House, which was twice read as follows, considered and agreed to:

"SHUT-INS DAY"

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Governor of this Commonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits flowers messages gifts and other acts of solicitude and kindness therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That Pamphlet Laws Concurrent Resolution No. 3 approved the 5th day of April, 1949 (P. L. 2136) is hereby amended to read as follows

Resolved (if the Senate concurs) That the Governor of this Commonwealth is hereby requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th [this year and annually thereafter] every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" and to call upon the people of this State to observe the day by remembering the sick and disabled through personal visits flowers messages gifts and other acts of kindness and to make of the same a fitting occasion to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and the disabled throughout the state and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Earl Rutter, Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania the founder of "SHUT-IN'S DAY"

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House, which was twice read as follows, considered and agreed to:

JOINT SESSION

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session Wednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House, which was twice read as follows, considered and agreed to:

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT GOVERNOR

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), that a committee of three on the part of the Senate, (if the Senate shall appoint such committee), be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives to escort His Excellency, the Governor, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session on Wednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. pursuant to a concurrent resolution already adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair announces the appointment as a committee to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House, the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Diehm; the gentleman from Lycoming, Mrs. Snowden, and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. DiSilvestro.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 47

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence, and the proof of official records, documents and proceedings, both domestic and foreign, and of copies thereof, and extracts therefrom, and certificates in reference thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth; providing for trial without jury, and for the filing of agreements therefor; providing for the payment of jury fees.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 235, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provisions for the taxation of private forest reserves.

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

House Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the Act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "Fish Law of 1925," by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

House Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time; fixing the time from which priorities extend; and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL SIGNED

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

PRESENTATION OF PUPILS OF WILSON HIGH SCHOOL, SPRING TOWNSHIP, BERKS COUNTY

Mr. RUTH. Mr. President, I would like to present

to the Senate and to the President one hundred ten pupils of the Wilson High School, Spring Township, Berks County, under the leadership of their principal, B. Anton Hess, and their teachers, Lloyd Miller, Aaron Miller and Samuel Clauser. They are in the balcony.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Will the Wilson High School students please rise?

We are very happy to have you here, I am sure.

I would like to recognize at this time the principal, B. Anton Hess, and the teachers, Lloyd Miller, Aaron Miller and Samuel Clauser.

PRESENTATION OF STUDENTS OF SPRING CITY HIGH SCHOOL, CHESTER COUNTY

Mr. SCARLETT. Mr. President, we are honored today by a delegation of students from the Spring City High School, Chester County, accompanied by Doctor Rothermel.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Will the students please stand up?

We are pleased to recognize Doctor Rothermel, the Principal. We are very happy to have you here. I hope you will benefit by observing the statesmen that are seated in the Senate chamber.

THE HONRABLE WILLIAM S. RAHAUSER PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I would like to present a very distinguished alumnus of this institution and presently the District Attorney of the great County of Allegheny, former Senator Rahauser. Will he stand please and take a bow? Those of you who have had the privilege of serving with Senator Rahauser know that he is up to his old tricks. He was always absent when the roll was called. Will you come in please and take a bow? We heard his speeches early and often. If he will limit himself, we would like to have him say "hello" to one of the greatest clubs in the United States.

Mr. RAHAUSER. This is one of the greatest pleasures of my life, to get back here and say "hello" to all my old friends in the Senate. I assure you it is a great pleasure, indeed, to be here. I certainly thank you, Mr. President, for the privilege of addressing this body from this rostrum. It is an honor I will not forget. Thank you.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Chair at this time invites the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Kephart, to the rostrum to preside.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (A. Evans Kephart) in the Chair.

PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, for the information of the Senate, I do not intend to take up a complete summarization of the budget nor the Budget Message at this time. However, I do want to call attention to one pertinent fact that the Senate ought to keep in mind when they go home over the week end and consider the budgetary message.

Mr. President, first of all, for a good many years there have been some of us in the legislative halls who have fought for a continuance and a broadening of the powers of the Joint State Government Commission. Many of us have felt that this particular Commission was an agent and a direct arm of the legislative branch. Every two years we have presented to us a budget, and it is difficult for the Members of the Senate, particularly the new Members who are sworn in sometime in the early part of January and then called upon within the next thirty or sixty days, to pass upon an expenditure of over a billion dollars, and to pass upon this expenditure with little or no knowledge of the effect of the expenditure upon the economy of the State or the soundness of the program of financing the expenditure. Therefore, many of us have fought for years to have the Joint State Government Commission become a strong, determined, independent group, working for and with the legislative branch of government.

Mr. President, as all of us know, we are in the position of being puppets, as it were, when it comes to the question of administrative expenditures. We must take the recommendations of a person who is supposed to give us some insight into the spending of the Commonwealth. However, I venture to say that out of the fifty Members of the Senate, including myself, there are not ten per cent of us who have had the time, the energy or the inclination to dissect the complete Budget Message and the raft of figures contained therein and come up with a reasonably right answer.

Mr. President, I notice in the 1951-53 Budget Message, under Appropriations and Allocations for the Legislative Department, an appropriation item of four thousand three hundred dollars for the Joint State Government Commission. I know I have been told by some of the Members that perhaps if we wait a little longer, a little later in the Session a bill will be passed that will call for a larger appropriation for that particular body, and we would again be able to function and operate, but if you take the Governor's message in which he says that he has a total, a rough total of six hundred eighty odd millions of dollars of foreseeable income as against eight hundred sixty-five million dollars of income for the past biennium, then he finds himself in a position of needing one hundred sixty-three odd millions of dollars more for the Commonwealth's purposes.

No, Mr. President, if that message is to be construed as a message for the Legislature to use as a guide, then we must, of necessity, curtail all expenditures not called for within the Budget Message. Anything that we add to the expense of government by special resolution will put us into the position of demanding more than what the Governor has said he has available.

Mr. President, I say to the Members of the Senate that it would do well for each and every Member to get a copy of last night's Pittsburgh Press, and it is not often that a newspaper takes time out to compliment a department of government. The usual purpose of a newspaper, at least in my young lifetime, has been to destroy the departments of government by criticism rather than give credit when something good has been accomplished. I do not say newspaper men particularly take that attitude. It is just their editors. However, there is an editorial entitled "Watchdog Needed" and in this editorial it goes on to explain the duties of the Joint State Government

Commission, and the wonderful work that group has performed. I think it justifies the faith that some of us have had in that group for the past sixteen years. However, it calls attention to the fact that this particular group is the only agency on Capitol Hill that has an independent viewpoint of the expenditures of government, and it was through the working of this agency that we discovered an eight million dollar shortage or eight million dollar waste in the administration of public relief in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, if we allow this group to be destroyed now, we are derelict in our duties, because I frankly admit it is impossible for me, and I have been here quite a few sessions, to fully determine the needs of this Commonwealth from January 2 until March 19, and then stand upon the floor and vote for a biennium appropriation of over a billion dollars. That may have been all right, Mr. President, in the days when the total budget of Pennsylvania was less than a hundred million dollars, but we are big business now. We are bigger business than the Members of this Senate realize. The entire budget of your Federal Government was sixty-five billions of dollars, including your total expenditures for European and Asiatic relief, for your Army and Navy and Air Force, for your preparedness, for your civilian defense and for the other expenditures of government, and we here in Pennsylvania are spending one billion two hundred and twenty million dollars in a period of two years, without expenditures for Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Air Corps, without foreign commitments of any kind and with the aid and assistance of the Federal Government to the tune of fifty-two odd millions of dollars. We are too big a corporate interest now to do without the Joint State Government Commission.

Mr. President, I have pleaded with the Majority on many an occasion to have them make that group a bipartisan group, to give to that group the same number of Senators from one side as they do from the other, the same number of House Members from one side as they do from the other, and then allowing the Speaker of the House and the President pro tempore of the Senate to be the deciding vote which would give the majority ruling party at the moment the deciding vote on questions that must be determined when they are close by a majority vote.

Mr. President, if we allow this budget to stand as it now is before us, we will destroy the only branch of government on Capitol Hill that has no ties to the administrative branch. I have also been told that the Governor can, out of the general fund, keep the Joint State Government Commission in existence. That would be utter folly. That would be worse than dropping them right here and shutting the office down because then they, too, would become part of the Administrative branch rather than the Legislative branch. In the days when we had Democratic Auditor Generals, Democratic State Treasurers, there was some check upon the expenditures of the Administrative Branch of government through the Chief Executive, but now you have in Pennsylvania the Administrative, the Legislative and the Judicial, all of one particular political party, and although the facts prove that the Republican Party has a majority in the Senate, the majority in the Senate of thirty votes still represents only forty-nine per cent of the vote of the people of Pennsylvania, and that the twenty members on the Democratic side represent fifty-one per cent of the people of Pennsylvania. That does not help the people when a vote is before us, because we can only cast the twenty votes that we are here entitled to, but it does do this. It gives one particular party the complete running of the entire government without any check whatsoever upon expenditures, without any check whatsoever upon the rights of the departments to expand beyond their legal limits, the piling of one particular duty upon another in various departments of government under different sections of government, with the money being spent for the same purposes by different groups of people.

Mr. President, these things are true, and although I have heard a great deal of talk by the former Governor of Pennsylvania, Jim Duff, about the fat in the Federal budget, I want to say to the Members of the Senate that after a seven hour study last night, I did not find any fat in the Pennsylvania Governor's budget, but I assure you by next Monday I will show you a great deal of milk and water.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to assure the gentleman of the Senate that this is not the last speech they will hear on the budget of Pennsylvania before we adjourn sine dine. I do not know what there is about a budget that prompts a difference of opinion, but unfortunately it does, and we will discuss that in detail so that the forty-nine percent represented by the Majority in the Senate will at least have an opportunity of giving full expression to the budget.

Now, Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, I am sorry that the information which he should have had was not given to him earlier. For the four years under Governor Duff, he generally was tipped off as to what was going to happen in the front office before I was, and I just assumed he knew what was going on.

I want to again point out to the gentleman from Westmoreland that this bipartisan relationship that he is discussing is bending over backwards just a little. I have noticed with a great deal of interest that all of the boards, bureaus and commissions that we are creating on Capitol Hill always very carefully say that the Minority Leader of the House and the Minority Leader of the Senate must be members of that particular board, or bureau or commission on Capitol Hill. Up to this point, no drafter of that legislation has seen fit to open the door just a little wider so that the Majority Leaders' in the House and the Senate, who represent only forty-nine per cent of the people, can get in and find out what is going on. Now, that, of course, is bipartisanship in the highest sense.

Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland with regard first to the budget for the Joint State Government Commission, the Governor of the Commonwealth recognizes the Joint State Government Commission as a branch of the Legislature. It is staffed by the Legislature, it is controlled by the Legislature and the Governor is firmly of the opinion that the Legislature should determine how much money they need to operate their fact-finding body, and when they

have determined that, that will be placed in the appropriation bill and that is the sum that he will approve. He does not feel that the Executive Department should dictate to the Legislative Department on a matter that is so peculiarly of a legislative character, and the gentleman from Westmoreland, who is a member of the Joint State Government Commission, knows that during the last biennial period that is now coming to a close, the Joint State Government Commission, because of additional responsibilities placed upon it, was obliged to ask for a deficiency appropriation, and we were just a little embarrassed because we had to ask for a deficiency appropriation for one of our own children. However, in the forthcoming biennial period it is the desire of the Governor that the Members of the Joint State Government Commission advise their colleagues who are serving in the House and Senate with them, so that they can put into the appropriation bill the money that they feel the Joint State Government Commission will need.

Mr. President, there is no desire to freeze it out. It is just a desire on the part of the Governor to see to it that we set our own standards of expenditure for our own fact-finding body.

Now, Mr. President, lastly, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, he and I agree a thousand per cent that we are one of the few big corporations that try to forecast their fiscal policy for a twenty-four month period, and I know that the gentleman from Luzerne, Senator Wood, will be very happy to know that the gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, has joined in his crusade for an amendment to the Constitution so that we can have annual sessions. I think that would be a splendid thing, and I think we will be a little happier if we can be charged with the responsibility of having a fiscal prognostication for a twelve month period rather than a twenty-four month period. I agree with him that it is hazardous and dangerous, and I do hope that he will help Senator Wood eliminate that hazardous condition from the fiscal picture of this great Commonwealth.

Mr. President, I want to say further to the gentleman from Westmoreland that I want him to peruse the budget with a great deal of care. I know that he will seek the best fiscal advice that is available, and I know that in the days to come he and I will have a great many really pleasant discussions here on the floor of the Senate regarding the milk and honey or the water or the 'fat' in the Executive budget, and if there is any way that I can assist him in eliminating any of that, if he happens to find it in there, I am sure he will find the Majority just as anxious to save the forty-nine per cent of the taxpayers as he is to save the fifty-one per cent.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, in order that we keep the record somewhere near on the straight and narrow, I think the gentlemen will realize that the only reason that the Minority Leader is represented upon the various commissions that have been created during this past biennium is because of the fact that prior to this, prior to the 1949-1951 biennium, the Minority was always represented on the Commissions by elected officials, known as the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, and the minute they were defeated at the polls, the proper thing to do then on all the important commissions was to find some permanent officer of the Minority and put that person on the standing commissions of the Commonwealth. The only two permanent officers that they could find, unless the day comes when we will not have a minority in the Senate or House, until that unhappy day comes, while there are minority leaders, whether they are Hiram Andrews and Johnny Dent, or others, they will be on the Commissions, and if you will notice, it specifically says, the Minority Leader and not Senator John H. Dent.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout, regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

He also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any departmental administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

Mr. WADE, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of, and to add Section 2802-A to, the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Historical Preservation Fund; providing for the payment of certain moneys into it; and making an appropriation therefor.

He also, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343), entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government; providing for the settlement, assessment, collection, and lien of taxes, bonus, and all other accounts due the Commonwealth, the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale, the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth, and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth, the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts, refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth, auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof, of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties; affecting every department, board, commission, and officer of the State government, every political subdivision of the State, and certain officers of such subdivisions, every person, association and corporation required to pay, assess, or collect taxes, or to make returns or reports under the laws dating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, imposing taxes for State purposes, or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth, or any agency thereof, every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth," by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

Mr. McPHERSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights, obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them, and amending, revising, changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

Mr. DiSILVESTRO, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus; conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas; defining procedure in all cases; authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth; providing for the imposition of costs; allowing appeals; specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken; and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions.

He also, from the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner"

He also, from the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "Physician"

Mr. LANE, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolitown, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims, the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the giving of notice of sale, the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act, and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation.

Mr. HOLLAND, from the Committee on State Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982), entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies, as defined, to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency, parks, playgrounds, streets and other improvements and facilities; and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor; by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties," by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth and State public bodies, to dedicate, sell, convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority; and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth; and validating dedications, sales, conveyances and leases heretofore made.

Mr. MAHANY, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act to reenact, revise and amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

RESOLUTION REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. McCREESH from the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, to which was referred resolution offered

by Messrs. Yosko and Freed, on February 6, 1951, reported the same without amendment as follows:

COMMENDING AND APPLAUDING BLOOD TYPING PROJECT OF THE AMVETS

In the Senate, February 6, 1951.

Whereas, The AMVETS are sponsoring and promoting a program for blood typing, designed to exercise a salutary part in the recovery and the rehabilitation of those who are wounded or sick; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concurs), That the Senate commend and applaud said project of the AMVETS for its humane and sympathetic motive, and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Health and other departments of the State Government be urged to encourage and to cooperate with the AMVETS in a successful prosecution of their worthy program of blood typing.

which was laid over for one day under the rules.

PRESENTATION OF STUDENTS FROM ORWIGSBURG HIGH SCHOOL, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, we are always very happy to have visiting groups of students from our high schools attend Sessions of the Senate. We have had two such groups introduced this afternoon, and there is another group now present in the gallery that comes from Schuylkill County, a fine group of boys and girls, as we find from all of these schools, with this addition; in this group are two girls from Germany who have been permitted to come to this Country, stay here for a year or more, starting last August, and these two German girls, whose trips are sponsored by a church group at home and who have been received in the homes of Orwigsburg citizens, will graduate this year from Orwigsburg High School.

I have the pleasure of calling the attention of the Chair and of the Senate to the presence of fifty-eight students from Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania, including the two girls from Germany to whom I have made reference, who are here under the guidance of Miss Mattern, Mrs. Houtz, and Mrs. Drumheller, their very able teachers and advisers.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair desires to welcome the guests of Senator Wagner from Schuylkill County and hope that they enjoy their stay in Harrisburg.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act to further amend Clause XXXIII of Section 23 of the act approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts" by prohibiting the sale of malt and brewed beverages between the hours of two o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock ante meridian on any day, and at any time on Sundays.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 411 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15, 1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," further regulating the hours when sales may be made by licensees.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. FREED read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act authorizing and requiring municipal authorities and public utility companies engaged in the supplying of water, to shut off the supply of water for nonpayment of sewer, sewerage, or sewage treatment rentals, rates, or charges imposed by municipalities; authorizing and requiring them to supply to such municipalities lists of metered water readings and flat-rate water bills and other data; authorizing them to act as billing and collecting agents for such municipalities; and conferring certain powers upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. McPHERSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to add section 4.1 to the act, approved the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1143) entitled "An act relating to free, public, nonsectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth; providing for their establishment, maintenance, and regulation, and for the maintenance and regulation of such free, public, nonsectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, and townships; and providing that all library property, and all gifts, devises, grants, or endowments for library purposes, shall be exempt from taxation; and providing that the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, and townships may levy taxes, condemn private property, and borrow money for library purposes; and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violations of library regulations; and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects," by further regulating county libraries, permitting cities, boroughs, towns and townships to withdraw from county library districts and payment of county library tax.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Messrs. MALLERY, STEVENSON, MAHANY and HALUSKA read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims; the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by giving municipal claims equal priority with taxes in the distribution of certain moneys recovered under the provisions of said act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. WAGNER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 381, entitled:

An Act to amend further Section 1146 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing revised minimum salaries for certain part-time teachers and supervisors of general extension education classes and activities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. RUTH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An Act to further amend Act No. 286 as approved with amendments June 4, 1943, and with amendments approved subsequent thereto, entitled "Regulating and improving the civil service of certain departments and agencies of the Commonwealth; vesting in the State Civil Service Commission and a Personnel Director certain powers and duties; providing for classification of positions, adoption of compensation schedules and certification of payrolls; imposing duties upon certain officers and employees of the Commonwealth; authorizing service to other State Departments or agencies and political subdivisions of the Commonwealth in matters relating to civil service; defining certain crimes and misdemeanors; imposing penalties; making certain appropriations, and repealing certain acts and parts thereof" by further extending the merit provisions thereof, by increasing the duties and obligations of the commission and of the director, by providing for systematic and meritorious salary increments, by clarifying salary provisions of employment with maintenance, by modifying the examination requirements, by according regular status to employes with required periods of service, by making definite provisions covering sick leave and vacation leave and by strengthening the provisions covering furlough and re-employment.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. BARR and WALKER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043) entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes, exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by permitting employes to make up back payments to the retirement system from the time they entered school service, and securing to such employes the full benefits of the retirement system from the time they entered school service.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. BERGER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (c) of Section 401 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for special permits for certain vehicles of nonresidents.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to

nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE STATE VETERANS' COMMISSION

Joseph B. Johnston, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate T. H. Bement, Centerville, Crawford County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Rome, Crawford County, to serve until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harold A. Deterline, 88 Broadway, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, to serve until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Wilbur E. Nothstein, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, February 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEBERS OF THE ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Vincent P. Lupinaced, Sewickley, Allegheny County, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Charles C. Curtis, Allentown, whose term expired.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOOD,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOOD,

That the Senate do advice and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

INTERROGATION

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Majority Floor Leader, Senator Walker.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALKER. It is always a pleasure, Mr. President.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. Walker, on February 19, Senator Dent, Senator Lane and Senator Bane introduced a resolution, Resolution No. 114, which requested certain information from Milo Draemel, Secretary of Forests and Waters. According to the records, this Resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules, of which you are the Chairman. Has the Rules Committee considered this Resolution?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Senate, on Page 101 of the Senate History, Senate Resolution 114, presented by Senators Dent, Lane and Bane, was referred to the Committee on State Government. I am just a little confused.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I yield to the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Barr.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, I remember very distinctly that that Resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Now, it is supposed to be in the State Government Committee.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am sorry if the Committee on Rules does not have the Resolution in question. I will say to the gentleman from Northampton County, Senator Yosko, that we will be very happy to consider the Resolution, but we do not have it.

(The Senate was at ease)

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I would still ask for an answer to the question on Resolution 114.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, the Rules Committee up to this point has not considered the Resolution.

Mr. President, might I advise the gentleman from Northampton that Resolution 114, as printed on Page 101 of the Senate History, is the one we are discussing, and I would like to recommend his attention to the distin-

guished gentleman from Crawford, who has the Resolution he is talking about.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Crawford, Senator Mahany.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the gentleman from Crawford permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAHANY. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. Mahany, on February 19, 1951, Senators Dent, Lane and Bane introduced a resolution which is Resolution No. 114. The record indicates that it was referred to the Committee on State Government. Has that Resolution been considered by the Committee on State Government?

Mr. MAHANY. It has not as yet been considered, Mr. President.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I have had numerous inquiries as to why the name of Milo F. Draemel has not been before the Senate for confirmation. Frankly, Mr. President, I was going to move today to take the nomination from the table so that we could take a vote on the confirmation of Mr. Draemel. However, some Senators from this side thought we would like to have some of the information that they requested in this Resolution, as well as the resolution that was submitted by Mr. Andrews in the House. These resolutions, apparently, are still in Committee and have not been considered.

Mr. President, I am going to withhold my motion to take the nomination of Mr. Draemel from the table for a period of two weeks, and give the Committee a chance to consider these resolutions. I suppose Mr. Draemel could answer the inquiries outlined in the resolution if he wanted to, but he would have the right to assume, too, that he should wait until the resolutions come to him officially. If we do not act on the resolutions in two weeks, he also has the right to assume that somebody is trying to shield something. There are newspaper stories and rumors floating around that there are irregularities in the Department of Forests and Waters. If there are irregularities, we of the Senate have the right to know what they are, and we have the right to an answer to these inquiries.

I, therefore, trust that the Committee on State Government, as well as the Committee on Rules in the House, release the resolutions which they have in their possession and transmit them to Mr. Draemel so that he can answer the inquiries contained in these resolutions.

If the resolutions are not released within two weeks, I am not making any threats, but I will ask that the nomination be taken from the table so that we can vote either for or against Mr. Draemel within a two week period. If there is anybody who has anything against Mr. Draemel, I think they ought to get up on the Floor and talk about it; if they have nothing against him, then I think we ought to confirm him, as we confirmed all the other Members of the Governor's Cabinet.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Northampton County, Senator Yosko.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the gentleman from Northampton permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. YOSKO. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I desire to ask the gentleman from Northampton if he has located Resolution 114 in the State Government Committee.

Mr. YOSKO. In the Journal?

Mr. WALKER. Is it in the State Government Committee?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. Mahany said it was.

Mr. WALKER. I would like to further ask the gentleman from Northampton if he is a Member of the State Government Committee?

Mr. YOSKO. Yes, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. I desire to ask the gentleman from Northampton if he has been attending the meetings of the State Government Committee.

Mr. YOSKO. I have.

Mr. WALKER. I desire to ask the gentleman if at any time during the meetings of the State Government Committee, he ever asked the Chairman of the Committee to consider Resolution 114?

Mr. YOSKO. I did not. However, Mr. President, I would like to clarify my answer. It was my impression that the Resolution in question was in the Committee on Rules. Insofar as bringing it up in the State Government Committee, I should know by looking at the record that is true, but I had no knowledge up until the present time that the Resolution was in the State Government Committee. The next time that Committee meets, if he Chairman does not bring it up voluntarily, I will so move.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, apropos to the discussion that is going on on the floor, I think it would be foolish to continue the condition that we have facing us in the Senate. Here is a man who has been serving as the Secretary of Forests and Waters for a period of four and a part of a fifth year, and we find that his name has been presented to this Senate Session, for confirmation. The question of whether or not he is confirmed is very important not only to the Members of the Senate and the people of Pennsylvania, but I would say more personally so to Mr. Draemel himself.

Now, whether he has been or has not been a good public officer is a question that must be resolved before the Senate can pass upon him. I think all the purposes would be served if we were to suggest, and it can only be a suggestion, that Mr. Draemel appear before either the Executive Nominations Committee of the Senate or at an open meeting of the Senate Members who care to attend, and that the questions that have been raised upon the operation of his particular Department can then be resolved as to whether they are fictitious or whether they are factual. I think the gentleman deserves that consideration. If his name were to appear upon the floor at this moment, I would be torn between the question of whether or not I would be serving the best interests of the people of Pennsylvania, no matter which way I voted.

There have been stories in the newspapers that have every indication that something is wrong, and yet, being a person who does not believe in condemnation or conviction or indictment of an individual upon stories that have not been proved to be true, I would be faced with the problem of resolving in my own conscience whether or not I was doing justice to this individual, and remember if you do not do justice to the individual you cannot do justice to the people as a whole.

Mr. President, I think we are living in a terrible age

in our country today, where persecution of an individual in public life seems to be the rule of the day rather than the exception, where school children are losing their faith in the elected officials of the Commonwealth, of this great Nation and of the communities in which we live, where the accusing finger of scorn and ridicule is pointed at every man who seeks public office, where today the greatest demonstration, the greatest show upon the airways is a TV show in New York City involving public officials and giving it to the scandal-mongering crowd in this country who want to destroy the very foundations of the Government we live in, a show unparalleled in the history of the human race. You cannot do those things and keep this form of government alive.

Mr. President, we have presently legislation presented to us that every day curtails the individual mental freedoms of individuals, of the persons within our Government. It seems today that the only man with any standing in his community is the man who can point an accusing finger at a public official and say, "There goes a thief." That seems to be the only man or person in the community that has any standing. I think for the dignity of the offices which we fill, let us get this matter out in the open and clear it up. If there has been something wrong in Mr. Draemel's administration, then he and any other public official who is guilty of wrongdoing ought to be prosecuted, but I do not believe that any person ought to be prosecuted upon hearsay evidence or the whims of any individual.

For instance, Mr. President, right here in our Senate today we have a Member of the Senate whom we all honor as a Member of the Senate, who took himself out of the job that he liked, the position in government that he loved, and, thinking he was doing a service to his people, sought another office, and from the day he entered that office he has been the victim of a personal campaign, a campaign aimed at the destruction of his superior officer in that community, although not deliberately or intentionally aimed at him. If that is the type of government we are trying to preserve, I question the justice of preserving it.

Mr. President, I think the time has come when men of good will and men of character must stand up. Sure there are rackets. There are rackets everywhere in the whole world. There is no spot in this whole world of ours that does not have something that can be termed a racket, if you wish to call it that. I have often said that if you took two men and put them on a desert island, the first thing they would seek would be a place for shelter, for protection against whatever dangers may be upon that island. The second thing they would seek would be food for their stomachs, and the third thing, they would find some flat stones and try to outpitch each other as to who would carry the water from the ocean. There is a natural human element in it. Why, we sit around and the first thing you hear a group of men say is, "I will bet you this and I will bet you that," and in all probability they are not gamblers. It is just a human element, and there are a great number of people who have found that human element to be so strong, they have sought to make a living at it, and they will do it in spite of anything we or anybody else says or does. The good ministers have preached against it from the pulpits ever since the beginning of time, and they have not stopped it and they are men of good will.

Mr. President, if Mr. Draemel is not guilty of any misdemeanor in the administration of his office, he ought to be confirmed by this Senate so that the cloud is removed; if he has done something, then let us, as duty bound citizens and officials of the Commonwealth, do our proper job and do something about it. I tell you that a political office is not worth seeking under conditions today. As my father often said, "If you are in a crowd and a man starts hollering thief, you look in his pocket for your purse," and that is what I think of these great loud reformers, who disgrace the name of reformer. A sincere reformer is a great asset in any community, but a person seeking revenge upon another for political purposes is a disgrace not only to the community but to the race of people from which he sprang.

Mr. President, let us take an instance right here while I am on my feet and have this subject hot in my blood. Let us take two parallel cases. You have an investigation started almost two years ago in the City of Philadelphia that spent less than fifty thousand dollars. You have an investigation started, for political reasons in Allegheny County, in the City of Pittsburgh, that has spent well over a hundred thousand dollars, and has now come in for a deficiency appropriation, and if all the findings that they have are all that they are going to get, it is a disgrace upon the office of the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. It is nothing but a political hay ride and a fishing expedition from the start until it is over. Right now they are on a six weeks vacation in order that they can drag it out into the General Election. If that is the only way that they can win office in that County, then the office they are seeking is not worth it, and the men seeking office are a disgrace upon their party and upon the people of the Commonwealth. If you cannot get elected upon the merits of your political sagacity, your political strategy and your political honesty, you have not any business serving. In all the years that I have sought public office, and I thank God for this, I have yet to stand upon a platform in my district or in the State of Pennsylvania, when I sought the office of Lieutenant-Governor, and maligned any person or party. I do not believe that it is the key to good government and I think these political persecutions ought to stop; the way to stop them is to expose the people who start them, and I venture to say that the great majority of the persons who started them, in every instance, are not fit people to associate with the decent citizens in their communities.

Mr. President, I know the people who have started it out my way and I know whereof I speak. Scavengers upon the body politic from the day they were born and going down through life doing no good for anybody. The whole thing leads up to this. If we in public office have not any respect for the offices that we hold, then the citizens cannot have any respect for us. The time has come when we have got to take a stand and I say it is now. Either we give some credit and dignity to public office or let the whole system be destroyed, because it will be destroyed of its own weight if we do not stand and defend it. We are a democracy and we make mistakes, and we will make them as long as we are in existence. The perfect form of government has always denied people liberties. We do not deny people liberties, but I say to you Members of the Senate, unless we can uphold the dignity of the office of the Senate, we cannot expect the people to dignify the office either.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to apologize to the gentleman from Northampton. I am sorry that Senate Resolution No. 114 is not in the Rules Committee. It sounds like it is a very interesting resolution, and I am sure the Rules Committee would love to read it some day.

Mr. President, we have gotten pretty far afield, and I am not quarreling at all with what the gentleman from Westmoreland has said about the dignity of public office. I subscribe wholeheartedly to his political philosophy in that vein, and I do wish that he had been the Democratic nominee for Governor of Pennsylvania in 1950. That public office would have had a lot more dignity than it did when their nominee was out trying to blast every public official that had been fortunate enough to even aspire to public office. I certainly subscribe wholeheartedly to the philosophy of Senator Dent rather than the philosophy of the person who was their nominee.

Mr. President, I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, I am a little confused on how Admiral Draemel got into this Senate Resolution No. 114, and if the Senate will be at ease for a couple of minutes I would like to privately interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland and see if at long last we have come to an agreement.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, as follows:

AN ACT

To protect property and prevent sabatogate by prohibiting [for a limited period of time] during a period of national emergency or war certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel there on conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties

Section 1 Short title and definition (a) This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Sabotage Prevention Act"

(b) For the purposes of this act a national emergency shall exist when so proclaimed both by the Governor and President of the United States

Section 2 Destroying or Injuring Real and Personal Property Whoever with intent to injure interfere with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war or whoever with reason to believe that his act may injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war during a period of national emergency or war shall wilfully injure or destroy or shall attempt to so injure or destroy any [real or personal property within this State is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof] (1) war material war premises or war utilities or the tools implements machines receptacles used or employed in the making producing manufacturing repairing and distribution thereof within this State is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) years or both (2) National defense material National defense premises or national defense utilities or the tools implements machines receptacles used or employed in the making producing manufacturing repairing and distribution thereof is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) years or both

Section 3 Making or causing articles to be made in defective manner first degree murder whoever with intent to injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war or whoever with reason to believe that his act may injure interfer with or obstruct the United States any Associate nation this State or any other state in defense or in preparing for or carrying on war during a period of national emergency or war shall wilfully make or cause to be made in a defective manner or attempt to make or cause to be made in a defective manner any [article or thing which he has reasonable grounds to believe is intended to be used in connection with defense or with the prosecution of the war] (1) War material or any tool implement machine utensil or receptacle used or employed in making producing manufacturing or repairing any such war material is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty (30) years or both (2) Nationad defense material or any tool implement machine utensil or receptacle used or employed in making producing manufacturing or repairing any such national defense material is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) years of both

Section 2 Said act is hereby amended by adding after Section 3 thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 3.1 Murder in the first degree limitation of indictments and prosecutions (a) In every case where the life of a human being is destroyed by or as a result of any of the acts prohibited in Sections two and three of this act the offender shall be deemed guilty of

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title and sections 1 2 and 3 of the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" are hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

murder in the first degree (b) Indictments and prosecutions may be brought and exhibited for any violation of Sections two and three of this act at any time during the life of the violator

Section 3 Sections 4 5 6 7 and 8 of said act are hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 4 Witnesses' privileges no person shall be excused from attending and testifying or producing any books papers or other documents before any court magistrate referee or grand jury Upon any investigation proceeding or trial for or relating to or concerned with a violation of any section of this act or attempt to commit such violation upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or evidence documentary or otherwise required of him by the State may tend to convict him of a crime or to subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may so testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation proceeding or trial except upon a prosecution for perjury or contempt of court based upon the giving or producing of such testimony

Section 5 Unlawful entry on property any individual partnership association or corporation or any political subdivision engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture transportation or storage of any product to be used in the defense of the United States or of this State or for the prosecution of war by the United States or the manufacture transportation distribution or storage of gas oil coal electricity or water or any of said natural or artificial Persons owning or operating or both Any public utility whose property except as hereinafter otherwise provided is surrounded by a fence or wall or a fence or wall and buildings may post around such property At each gate entrance dock or railway entrance a sign reading "No entry without permission" Provided that the following kinds of property may be similarly posted in the manner hereinafter provided without the necessity of fencing

(a) Property fronting on water at intervals of not more than three hundred feet along the water front

(b) Dams or breasts dikes and similar structures at both ends of such structures and also on such structures at suitable intervals

(c) Ponds and reservoirs created by dams breasts or similar structures at intervals of not more than three hundred feet on each side of the pound or reservoir

(d) Streams or other property immediately below dams or breasts dikes and similar structures at intervals of not more than three hundred feet on each side of such stream or property

(e) Water conduits flumes canals races waterways and electric telephone telegraph gas oil and water transmission or distribution lines at intervals of not more than one thousand feet

Whoever without permission of such individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision or its or their representative shall wilfully enter upon premises so posted or shall wilfully destroy deface or remove any such sign shall during a period of national emergency or war on conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 6 Unlawful entry upon reservoirs ponds and dams Where any dam breast ramp power house or other structure located on any navigable stream or river or on any stream or river declared by law to be a public highway and the pond or reservoir created thereby is used or being prepared to be used by any individual partnership association or corporation of or authorized to do business in this state or by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the generation manufacture transportation and distribution of electricty of for the storage of water for domestic industrial or water power purposes the Water and Power Resources Board of the Department of Forests and Waters with the approval of the governor may at the request of and at the expense of such individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision or at the expense of the Commonwealth Where no private interest is involved post along each side of the pond or reservoir created by such dam or breast at intervals of not more than three hundred feet of water front from such dam or breast or any ramp and at intervals of not more than three hundred feet of water front on each bank of the river or stream below such dam breast ramp power house or other structure as the case may be Signs reading "No entry on these waters or property without permission Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Water and Power Resources Board"

Whoever without permission of the Water and Power Resources Board shall wilfully enter or approach upon any dam or breast or on the waters of the pond or reservoir so posted during a period of national emergency or war shall on conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 7 Restricting use of certain highways Any individual partnership association corporation or political subdivision engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture transportation or storage of any product to be used directly or indirectly in the defense of the United States or of this State or in the prosecution of war by the United States or in the manufacture transportation distribution or storage of gas oil coal electricity or water or any of said natural or artificial Persons operating any public utility who has property so used which he or it believes will be endangered if public use and travel is not regulated restricted or prohibited on one or more highways or parts of highways may petition the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof to close one or more of said highways or parts of highways to public use and travel or to regulate or resrtict by regulation the use and travel upon one or more of said highways or parts of highways upon receipt of such petition The proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof as the case may be shall set a day for hearing and give notice thereof by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in the political subdivision in which such property is located Such notice to be at least seven days prior to the date set for hearing if after hearing the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof determine the public safety and the safety of the property of the petitioner requires it They may by regulation close to public use and travel or may by regulation restrict or regulate the use and travel upon one or more of said Highways or parts of highways provided however that the proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof may issue written permits to travel over the premises so closed to responsible and creditable persons for such term under such conditions and in such form as the public authorities may prescribe Notices in letters at least three inches high containing the following "Closed by order of passing prohibited under penalty" or "Public travel on this highway restricted or regulated by order of penalty for violation" shall be posted conspicuously at each end of the premises closed or regulated or restricted by such order The proper authorities of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof may at any time revoke or modify any regulation they have made

Whoever violates any regulation made under this section during a period of national emergency or war shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or to undergo imprisonment for not exceeding ten (10) days or both

Section 8 Rights of labor Nothing in this act shall be construed to impair curtail or destroy the rights of employes and their representatives to self-organization to form join or assist labor organizations to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing and to engage in concerted activities for the purpose of

collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection

Section 4 Section 8.1 of said act as added by the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 637) is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 8.1 Powers of foresters forest rangers fish wardens and game protectors for the purpose of enforcing and accomplishing the objectives of the act herein amended and for so long a period as said act shall remain in effect All foresters and forest rangers all fish wardens and all game protectors appointed and serving as such under the laws of this Commonwealth are hereby vested with the same powers as are by law conferred upon constables and other peace officers and such officers may arrest on view without first procuring a warrant therefor persons detected by them violating any of the provisions of said act or detected under such circumstances as to warrant the reasonable suspicion that such person or persons have committed are committing or are about to commit any offense or offenses against the provisions of said act

Section 5 Section 9 of said act is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows

Section 9 Effective period this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment [and shall remain in effect so long as a state of war exists between the United States and any foreign country]

Section 6 The provisions of this act shall become effective thirty days after final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed,		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same whithout amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 16, as follows:

An Act to further amend clauses six seven twenty and twenty-three of Section two of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053) entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities defining as public utilities certain corporations companies associations and persons providing for the regulation of public utilities including to a limited extent municipalities engaging in public utility business by prescribing defining and limiting their powers and liabilities and regulating the exercise surrender or abandonment of their powers privileges and franchises defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons associations companies and corporations including to a limited extent municipal corporations subject to this act and administering the provisions of this act authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued assumed or kept by persons associations companies corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act conferring upon the commission power to vary reform or revise certain contracts conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction alteration relocation protection or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities and of such facilities by or over public highways to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities imposing upon persons associations companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation the cost of administering this act prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act" by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clauses six seven twenty and twenty-three of section two of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053) entitled "An act relating to the regulation of public utilities defining as public utilities certain corporations companies associations and persons providing for the regulation of public utilities including to a limited extent municipalities engaging in public utility business by prescribing defining and limiting their duties powers and liabilities and regulating the exercise surrender or abandonment of their powers privileges and franchises defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons associations companies and corporations including to a limited extent municipal corporations subject to this act and administering the provisions of this act authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued assumed or kept by persons associations companies corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act conferring upon the commission power to vary reform or revise certain contracts conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction alteration relocation protection or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities and of such facilities by or over public highways to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages author-

izing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities imposing upon persons associations companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation the cost of administering this act prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act" as last amended by the acts approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 838) and the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1705) are hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2 Definitions The following words terms and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise

* * * * *

(6) "Common Carrier by Motor Vehicle" means any common carrier who or which holds out or undertakes the transportation of passengers or property or both or any class of passengers or property between points within this Commonwealth by motor vehicle for compensation whether or not the owner or operator of such motor vehicle or who or which provides or furnishes any motor vehicle with or without driver for transportation or for use in transportation of persons or property as aforesaid and shall include common carriers by rail water or air and express or forwarding public utilities in so far as such common carriers or such public utilities are engaged in such motor vehicle operations but shall not include (a) a lessor under a lease given on a bona fide sale of a motor vehicle where the lessor retains or assumes no responsibility for maintenance supervision or control of the motor vehicle so sold or (b) transportation of school children in any motor vehicle owned by any school district or operated under contract with any school district which transportation is lawfully paid for by the school district from district funds or (c) any owner or operator of a farm transporting agricultural products from or farm supplies to such farm or any independent contractor or cooperative agricultural association hauling agricultural products or farm supplies exclusively for one or more owners or operators of farms (d) any person or corporation who or which uses or furnishes for use dump trucks for the transportation of ashes rubbish excavated and road construction materials (e) transportation of property by the owner to himself or to purchasers directly from him in vehicles owned and operated by the owner of such property and not otherwise used in transportation of property for compensation for others (f) transportation of voting machines to and from polling places by any person or corporation for or on behalf of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth for use in any primary general or special election (g) transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots (h) transportation by towing of wrecked or disabled motor vehicles or (i) any person or corporation who or which furnishes transportation for any injured ill or dead person

(7) "Contract Carrier by Motor Vehicle" means any person or corporation who or which provides or furnishes transportation of passengers or property or both or any class of passengers or property between points within this Commonwealth by motor vehicle for compensation whether or not the owner or operator of such motor vehicle or who or which provides or furnishes with or without drivers any motor vehicle for such transportation or for use in such transportation other than as a common carrier by motor vehicle but shall not include (a) a lessor under a lease given on a bona fide sale of a motor vehicle where the lessor retains or assumes no responsibility for maintenance supervision or control of the motor vehicle so sold or (b) any bona fide agricultural cooperative association transporting property exclusively for the members of such association on a nonprofit basis or any independent contractor hauling exclusively for such association or (c) any owner or operator of a farm transporting agricultural products from or farm supplies to such farm or any independent contractor hauling agricultural products or farm supplies exclusively for one or more owners or operators of farms (d) transportation of school children in any motor vehicle owned by any school district or operated under contract with any school district which transportation is lawfully paid for by the school district from district funds or (e) any person or corporation who or which uses or furnishes for use dump trucks for the transportation of ashes rubbish excavated or road construction materials or (f) transportation of voting machines to and from polling places by any person or corporation for or on behalf of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth for use in any primary general or special election (g) transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots (h) transportation by towing of wrecked or disabled motor vehicles or (i) any person or corporation who or which furnishes transportation for any injured ill or dead person

* * * * *

(20) "Service" is used in this act in its broadest and most inclusive sense and includes any and all acts done rendered or performed and any and all things furnished or supplied and any and all facilities used furnished or supplied by public utilities or contract carriers by motor vehicle in the performance of their duties under this act to their patrons employes other public utilities and the public as well as the interchange of facilities between two or more of them but shall not include any acts done rendered or perfomed or any thing furnished or supplied or any facility used furnished or supplied by public utilities or contract carriers by motor vehicle in the transportation of voting machines to and from polling places for or on behalf of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth for use in any primary general or special election or in the transportation of any injured ill or dead person or in the transportation by towing of wrecked or disabled motor vehicles or in the transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots

* * * * *

(23) "Transportation of Passengers or Property" means any and all service in connection with the receiving transportation elevation transfer in transit ventilation refrigeration icing storage handling and delivering of property baggage or freight as well as any and all service in connection with the transportation or carrying of passengers but shall not mean any service in connection with the receiving transportation handling or delivering of voting machines to and from polling places for or on behalf of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth for use in any primary general or special election or [in] the transportation of any injured ill or dead person or the transportation by towing of wrecked or disabled motor vehicles or the transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from woodlots

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof other than elected officers and employes State-aided colleges and schools to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Title, page 1, lines 1 to 6 of title, by striking out all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof "Requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof or any employes of State-aided colleges and schools other than elected State or local officers to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the Attorney General, State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners"; Amend Sec 1, page 3, line 8, by striking out the word "but" and inserting in lieu thereof "and which has been named as a foreign subversive organization by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The term"; Amend Sec. 1, page 3, lines 12 to 15, by striking out the words "and which has been named" in Line 12, and all of lines 13, 14 and 15, and inserting in lieu thereof "Subversive person" shall mean any person who commits, attempts to commit or aids in the commission or advocates, abets, advises or teaches by any means any person to commit, attempt to commit or aid in the commission of any act intended to overthrow, destroy, alter or assist in the overthrow, destruction or alteration of the form of the Government of the United States or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision of either of them by force or violence, or who is a member of a subversive organization or a foreign subversive organization"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, line 17, by inserting after the word "fifty-one" the following: "or thereafter"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, line 18, by inserting after the word "subdivisions" the following: "or of any college or school which receives State aid"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, line 19, by inserting after the word "holding" the following: "State or local"; Amend Sec. 2, page 3, line 19, by striking out the words "or of any col-"; Amend Sec. 2, page 4, line 1, by striking out the words "lege or school which receives State aid"; Amend Sec. 2, page 4, line 2, by inserting after the word "hundred" the following: "fifty-one to make a written statement under oath or affirmation which statement shall contain notice that it is subject to the penalties of perjury"; Amend Sec. 2, page 5, line 16, by striking out the words "statement shall be prepared and the execution" and inserting in lieu thereof "oath or affirmation shall be"; Amend Sec. 2, page 5, lines 18 and 19, by striking out the words "whether appointed or elected as to" and inserting in lieu thereof "and"; Amend Sec. 2, page 6, line 1, by striking out the words "and as to all county commissioners"; Amend Sec. 2, page 6, line 7, by striking out the words "a statement" and inserting in lieu thereof "oath or affirmation".

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading,

go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190, as follows:

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate subsidiary or component part providing for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Nonprofit Corporation Law the Corporation Act of 1874 or of any other law general special or local any church or religious corporation which desires to change its corporate name because of or as a result of a union merger or consolidation of the national or international church body with which such church or religious corporation is an affiliate subsidiary or component part such corporation is hereby authorized to file a certificate of change of name with the Department of State which certificate shall set forth the name and registered office of the corporation and the name the corporation intends to assume under the provisions of this act If the Department of State finds that the proposed name is available for corporate use it shall register the name and shall issue to the corporation or its representative a certificate that the proposed change of name has been duly registered

Section 2 Upon registration of the certificate of change of name by the Department of State such church or religious corporation shall thereafter be known as and bear the name set forth in its certificate of change of name but such change of name shall not in any respect change the identity of or affect abate defeat alter or amend any of the powers rights privileges property duties liabilities or obligations of any such church or religious corporation all of which shall remain in full force and effect as though its name had not been so changed

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 201, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1705 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" as reenacted by the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1955) is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1705 Sinking Fund Regulations and Investments It shall be the duty of the board of commissioners to cause accounts of the sinking fund and other accounts relating to the indebtedness of the township to be kept and to see to the proper application and superintend the investment of moneys therein in accordance with law The commissioners shall meet as often as may be necessary and keep a record of the proceedings The board of commissioners shall not direct the investment of any moneys to the credit of the sinking fund except in loans of the township the loans of the Commonwealth [or] the loans of the United States [and the] or in deposits in banking institutions or in shares of building and loan associations or federal savings and loan associations the deposits or shares of which are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the federal savings and loan insurance corporation respectively and which deposits or shares shall at no time exceed the maximum amount so insured The income derived from such investments or on any bank balances credited to the sinking fund shall be credited and applied only to the sinking fund

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed,		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 202 as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act aproved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions the authorization issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined of bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions imposing penalties and repealing existing laws" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 403 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An act amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions the authorization issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as herein defined of bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions imposing penalties and repealing existing laws" as amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred

forty-three (P. L. 500) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 403 Use of Money in Sinking Fund Investment The money or other assets in the sinking fund shall be applied to the payment of any taxes covenanted to be paid on the general obligation bonds for the payment of which such fund was created to the payment of interest on such bonds and to the payment of the principal of such bonds at their maturity Any money in the sinking fund not needed for the time being for any of the above purposes may be invested in obligations issued by the United States of America and general obligation bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof or in deposits in banking institutions or in shares of building and loan associations or Federal Savings and Loan Associations the deposits or shares of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation respectively and which deposits or shares shall at no time exceed the maximum amount so insured The moneys and other assets held in the sinking fund shall not be used for any other purpose except for such other investment purposes as may be specially authorized by law

Any investments including bonds of the municipality held in the sinking fund may be sold at any time by the body board or commission having the management and control of such sinking fund

Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to require the sale of any obligations bonds or notes legally held in a sinking fund at the time this act takes effect

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 305, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidence of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 316, as follows:

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue with respect thereto

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia and the Mellon National Bank and Trust Company of Pittsburgh and their respective successors are hereby appointed as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth for any bond issues now outstanding or hereafter issued by the Commonwealth and as such agents are hereby authorized and empowered to authenticate bonds to keep records of transfer to receive and disburse payments of principal and interest and to perform all other acts and duties pertaining to their agency as authorized and directed by the Board of Finance and Revenue as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The Board of Finance and Revenue shall have the power and its duty shall be with respect to all future bond issues by the Commonwealth to select and designate the particular duly authorized loan and transfer agent to service such bond issue and to fix the compensation and the terms and conditions under which such loan and transfer agent shall perform its agency

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, as follows:

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The county commissioners of all counties of the second class are hereby authorized and empowered to establish equip and maintain fire training schools or centers for the purpose of giving instruction and practical training in the prevention control and fighting of fires to the members of paid fire departments and volunteer fire companies in any city borough town or township within such county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed,		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, as follows:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "As act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1408 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1408 Effect of Merger or Consolidation Upon the merger or consolidation becoming effective the several corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation shall be a single incorporated institution which in the case of a merger shall be that incorporated institution designated in the plan of merger as the surviving incorporated institution and in the case of a consolidation shall be the new incorporated institution provided for in the plan of consolidation [The separate existence of all corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation shall cease except in the case of a merger that of the surviving incorporated institution and their articles and certificates of incorporation shall be considered forfeited] In the case of a merger the surviving incorporated institution and in the case of a consolidation the new incorporated institution shall be considered the same business and corporate entity as the several corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation and the corporate existence of each of the several corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation shall be merged and in the new incorporated institution in the case of a consolidation [Such corporations shall be continued bodies corporate for a period of three years after the time of such forfeiture for the purpose of actions at law or in equity authorized by this section to be continued against them or for the purpose of winding up

their affairs but they shall not continue the business for which they were incorporated in any manner whatsoever] The surviving or new institution as the case may be shall not thereby acquire authority to engage in any business or exercise any right which is forbidden to a bank a bank and trust company a trust company or a savings bank as the case may be when originally incorporated under this act The surviving or new incorporated institution shall be subject to all the restrictions limitations or duties imposed upon such incorporated institutions when originally incorporated under this act All the property real personal and mixed of each of the corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation and all debts or obligations due to any of them including subscriptions to share and other choses in action belonging to either or any of them shall be taken and deemed to be transferred to and vested in the surviving or new incorporated institution as the case may be without further act or deed The surviving or new incorporated institution shall thenceforth be responsible for all the liabilities and obligations of each of the corporations so merged or consolidated but the liabilities of the merging or consolidating corporations or of their shareholders directors trustees or officers shall not be affected nor shall the rights of the creditors thereof or of any persons dealing with such corporations or any liens upon the property of such corporations be impaired by such merger or consolidation and any claim existing or action or proceeding pending by or against any of such corporations may be prosecuted to judgment as if such merger or consolidation had not taken place or the surviving or new incorporated institution may be proceeded against or substituted in its place In the case of a merger the articles of incorporation of the surviving incorporated institution shall be deemed to be amended to the extent if any that changes in its articles are stated in the articles of merger and in the case of a consolidation the statements set forth in the articles of consolidation and which are required or permitted to be set forth in the articles of incorporated institutions formed under this act shall be deemed to be the articles of incorporation of the new incorporated institution The aggregate amount of the net assets of merging or consolidating banks bank and trust companies trust companies or national banking associations which was available for the payment of dividends immediately prior to such merger or consolidation shall continue to be available for the payment of dividends by such surviving or new incorporated institution except for any portion thereof which has been transferred to capital by the issuance of shares or otherwise or to surplus or reserve

The aggregate amount of the net assets of merging or consolidating savings banks which was available for the payment of interest or dividends immediately prior to such merger or consolidation shall continue to be available for the payment of interest or dividends by the surviving or new savings bank except for any portion thereof which has been transferred to surplus reserve or the expense fund

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Leader,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Kephart,
Freed,		Stevenson,	Presiding Officer

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that (House Bill No. 34), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred nineteen of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety regulating the use of highways and the operation of vehicles tractors street cars trackless trolley omnibuses bicycles pedestrians and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth providing for the titling including liens encumbrances and legal claims registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof upon payment of prescribed fees prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue the Department of Highways peace officers mayors burgesses magistrates aldermen justices of the peace the courts and the clerks thereof owners of vehicles and garage keepers providing that records are admissible as evidence imposing upon owners counties cities boroughs incorporated towns townships within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles imposing penalties imposing certain costs upon counties providing for the disposition of fines forfeitures fees and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds" by further providing for the prevention of noise by motorcycles

be recommitted to the Committee on Highways, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. SNOWDEN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 138, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consoli-

dating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties andfor their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the sales made upon order of court and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish particularly shad and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill No. 175, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Com mittee on Appropriations.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 290, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 319, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes' by provding for the method of valuation taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission

go over in its order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of and to add Section 2802-A to the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the Historical Preservation Fund providing for the payment of certain moneys into it and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982) entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties" by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth or State public bodies to dedicate sell convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth and validating dedications sales conveyances and leases heretofore made.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P.L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the giving of notice of sale, the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act, and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "An act relating to statutory laws; prescribing and enacting clause for statutes; fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted; providing for notice of application for local and special legislation, for the correction of errors in statutes, and for the printing and publication of statutes; prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes; defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes; and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments, re-enactments and repeals of statutes," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act to reenact, revise and amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus; conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas; defining procedure in all cases; authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth; providing for the imposition of costs; allowing appeals; specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken; and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 21, 1951, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:10 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, March 21, 1951, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, March 20, 1951

The House met at 12:00 o'clock noon.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

Rev. Charles F. Trunk, Jr., guest chaplain, pastor of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

We thank Thee, O God, for Thy great goodness to us; and we praise Thee as the source of all our wealth. As Thou hast made us stewards for this historic time, may we fulfill with wisdom the trust that is ours.

Make this house Thy House and these men Thy men, so that today they will build in our Master's Name for Thy tomorrow. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, March 19, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. KLINE and MURRAY.

HOUSE BILL No. 703.

An Act to amend subsection three of section one of the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1210) entitled "An act relating to group life insurance; describing permitted policies and restrictions thereon, the premium basis thereof and rights thereunder; limiting the amount of such insurance; prescribing standard policy provisions; and requiring notice of conversion privileges," by extending the types permitted.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Messrs. GEER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 704.

An Act to further amend Section 20 of the act approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 900) entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health; and, in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths, and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses, and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages, and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act, entitled 'An act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties,' approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five, and providing penalties for violations of the act," by increasing fees of local registrars of vital statistics.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. WILT and GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 705.

An Act to amend the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 534), entitled "An act relating to appointment of deputy constables," by defining the jurisdiction of deputy constables.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 706.

An Act to further amend Section 614 and clause 2 of Subsection (b) of Section 615 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain coststs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by making further provisions for the revocation and suspension of operators licenses and learner's permits.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. VARNER and SPENCER.

HOUSE BILL No. 707.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1013), entitled "An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry; prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons, regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid, and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the orphans' court; and prescribing the duties of the clerk of the orphans' court," by prohibiting the issuance of a marriage license to persons financially unable to support a family.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 708.

An Act requiring certain non-profit and cooperative associations and corporations to obtain the approval of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission before beginning to furnish telephone service in areas not theretofore served; providing for regulation of such services after approval; and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. SCHMIDT and CORR. HOUSE BILL No. 709.

An Act to further amend Section 1, of Article XVI of the act, approved the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 20), entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class," by changing the qualifications as to the appointment of police magistrates in second class cities.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. SCHMIDT and CORR.

HOUSE BILL No. 710.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the

public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and scribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of preauthorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees; and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing second class cities, by ordinance, to establish traffic courts; extending the jurisdiction of police magistrates in certain cases, and making changes with respect to disposition of certain fines and proceedings on information and warrant where such traffic courts are so established.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 711.

An Act to further amend subsections (a) and (b) of section 16 of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 487), entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in boroughs, towns, and townships as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; requiring the county commissioners of the various counties to act as a registration commission therefor; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by further providing for hours of registration, and removing certain obsolete provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. WEIDNER. HOUSE BILL No. 712.

An Act to further amend subsections (a) and (b) of section 17 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 849) entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the third class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure fo rthe conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, elections officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; imposing penalties, and repealing existing legislation," by further providing for hours of registration.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Messrs. GUTHRIE and HELM.
HOUSE BILL No. 713.

An Act to amend the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by authorizing boards of school directors to enter into contracts with and make appropriations to the county board of school directors for services; further providing for the appointment and payment of a secretary and a treasurer of the county board of school directors and auditing the treasurer's accounts; and providing for the assessment of school districts for special services furnished by the county board of school directors.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. McMILLEN and HELM.
HOUSE BILL No. 714.

An Act to provide for minimum compensation and increments for administrators and members of the faculty of State Teachers Colleges; providing for leaves of absence; imposing certain duties upon the Boards of Trustees and Presidents of State Teachers Colleges and the Superintendent of Public Instruction and repealing inconsistent laws.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. GOODLING and TOMPKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 715.

An Act establishing a retirement system for game protectors of the Pennsylvania Game Commission, providing for payments upon reitrement, death, disability, involuntary retirement, and of certain medical expenses from the State Employes' Retirement Board; providing for contributions by game protectors of the Pennsylvania Game Commission and the Commonwealth; providing for the guarantee by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; providing for the subrogation of the Commonwealth to the rights of the member or dependents against certain third parties; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rigts from taxation and judicial processes; making an appropriation from the Game Fund; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 716.

A Supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Appropriation Acts, page 62), entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools for two years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year endin May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine," providin for deficiencies in certain appropriations made by the act for the fiscal biennium ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 717.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Public Assistance and providing for certain allocations therefrom for the purpose of carrying out the Public Assistance Law for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and for the payment of assistance and expenses accrued or incurred prior to and remaining unpaid on May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 718.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to aid certain school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. HOUSE BILL No. 719.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Welfare to reimburse State-aided hospitals for part of the cost of training student nurses in approved schools of nursing.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REAGAN HOUSE BILL No. 720.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the purpose of excavating archeological sites and for classifying, cataloging and preparing the materials found on such sites for exhibition, or for research purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. DAVIS and BRETH.
HOUSE BILL No. 721.

An Act to further amend clause (c) of Section 285 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by authorizin the Board of Fish Commissioners to make certain expenditures with or without bids.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Messrs. CONWAY and DALRYMPLE.
HOUSE BILL No. 722.

An Act to provide for the installation of windshields and tops on track motor cars operated by common carriers by railroads.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railways.

By Messrs. CONWAY and DALRYMPLE.
HOUSE BILL No. 723.

An Act to provide for the installation of head and rear lights on track motor cars operated by common carriers by railroads.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railways.

By Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 724.

An Act to add subsection (c) to Section 2503 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending revising, consolidating and changing the laws relatingthereto," by supplying an omission from former law providing for reimbursement for nonresident children; and validating such reimbursements heretofore made.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. SCHMIDT, OLSEN and VERONA.
HOUSE BILL No. 725.

An Act to amend Sections three hundred eight and three hundred ten of the Act approved the 28th day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053), entitled "Relating to the regulation of public utilities; defining as public utilities certain corporations, companies, associations, and persons; providing for the regulation of public utilities, including, to a limited extent, municipalities engaging in public utility business, by prescribing, defining, and limiting their duties, powers and liabilities, and regulating the exercise, surrender or abandonment of their powers, privileges, and franchises; defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle; conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies, and corporations, including, to a limited extent, municipal corporations subject to this act and administering the provisions of this act; authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates; placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other matters; authorizing a permissive or mandatory sliding scale method of regulating rates; providing for the supervision of financial and contractural relations between public utilities and affiliated interests, and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued, assumed, or kept by persons, associations, companies, corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act; conferring upon the commission power to vary, reform, or revise certain contracts; conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to regulate or order the construction, alteration, relocation, protection, or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities, and of such facilities by or over public highways, to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings, and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages; authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages; providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings; conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities; imposing upon persons, associations, companies, and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation, the cost of administering this act; prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action; giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission, and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties; and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act;" by providing that public utilities shall give written notice and serve each political subdivision, municipal corporation and other designated interested party with copies of all changes in existing tariffs and all data and evidence submitted to the commission in support thereof; and by further providing the commission shall hold a public hearing not less than sixty days from time of filing proposed change concerning the lawfulness of such rate; and by further providing that the rate in force at the time of filing the change shall continue for a period of six months from date thereof and an additional period not exceeding six months pending decision; and by further providing that the commission shall not by the establishment of temporary rates or by rule or otherwise cirvumvent, alter or modify provisions of this amendment relative to changes in existing law; and by further providing that the changes in established rates during the year one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one which do not comply

with sections three hundred eight and three hundred ten shall be void and the previously existing rates reestablished until changed in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred eight and three hundred ten as herein amended; and by further providing that temporary rates may be established by the commission only after notice and hearing as required by section three hundred eight.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Messrs. GOOD, WEIDNER and HEADLEE.

HOUSE BILL No. 726.

An Act to amend the title and further amend Subsections A and C of Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145) entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by including townships of the second class within the classes of political subdivisions authorized to impose taxes under the provisions thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON, WILBUR H. HAMILTON, SARRAF, READINGER and FLACK.

HOUSE BILL No. 727.

An Act to fix the salaries and compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court, the judges of the Superior Court, the judges of the courts of common pleas, the judges of the orphans' courts, the judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and the judges of the County Court of Allegheny County, certain associate judges not learned in the law; and repealing certain acts inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. GOODLING and SEYLER.

HOUSE BILL No. 728.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hnndred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for biennial visual examination of certain pupils by qualified practitioners under the same conditions, limitations and qualifications as biennial medical and dental examinations.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and GUTENDORF.

HOUSE BILL No. 729.

An Act to further amend Section 10 of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1625), entitled "An act providing for the creation, maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the third class; and imposing certain charges on counties," by extending service allowance to include periods of employment with the State.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. GOODLING and BRETH.

HOUSE BILL No. 730.

An Act to further amend Section 502 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the issuance of permits for the hunting of anterless deer and repealing the provisions for abrogation of open season on anterless deer.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 731.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by providing for the appointment of boards of health and health officers, prescribing their powers and duties; providing for the enforcement of the administration of health laws by such board and officers; providing for a president and secretary of such boards; imposing duties on the Secretary of Health and providing for payment of expenses by townships.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 732.

An Act to repeal the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 535), entitled "An act providing for the redemption of real property purchased by political subdivisions at tax sales upon the payment of the amount charged against the same and costs by installment payments, and prescribing the procedure therefor," in so far as it relates to counties of the fourth class and cities, boroughs, townships and school districts situate in such counties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GUTENDORF. HOUSE BILL No. 733.

An Act to amend Section 211 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 512), entitled "An act relating to the administration and distribution of decedents' estates, trust estates, minors' estates and absentees' estates, both as to real and personal property, and the procedure relating thereto; including the disposition of such estates or portions thereof and the determination of title thereto without the appointment of a fiduciary in certain cases; the appointment, bond, removal and discharge of ,duciaries of such estates, their powers, duties and liabilities; the rights of persons dealing with such fiduciaries, and the rights of persons claiming an interest in such estates or in property distributed therefrom whether as claimants or distributees, and containing provisions concerning guardians of the person of minors, the powers, duties and liabilities of sureties and of foreign fiduciaries, the abatement, survival and control of actions and rights of action, and rights of action, and the presumption of death; and also generally dealing with the jurisdiction, powers and procedure of the orphans' court and of the registrar of wills in all matters relating to fiduciaries," by increasing the amount of the family allowance.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 734.

An Act to further amend section 20 of the act approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the bound-

ary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by permitting fishing in certain streams emptying into Lake Erie during the thirty days prior to the beginning of trout season.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 735.

An Act authorizing the Pennsylvania Historical Commission, on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to acquire by gift or purchase, Penn Treaty Park, from the City of Philadelphia; providing for the control, management, supervision, restoration, improvement and maintenance thereof, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mrs. MARKLEY and Mr. STIMMEL.
HOUSE BILL No. 736.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Public Instruction for the training of teachers of the deaf.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 737.

An Act to amend Section 1 and to repeal Section 2 of the act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 925), entitled "An act defining the rights of persons accused of contempt of court arising out of violation of injunctions; limiting eligibility of judges in such cases; and prescribing procedure and penalties," by providing procedure where any person is charged with indirect criminal or civil contempt; providing for selection of judges in such cases; and changing the penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. HOUSE BILL No. 738.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 381), entitled "An act concerning arbitration, and to make valid and enforceable written provisions and agreements for the arbitration of disputes in certain contracts, including contracts to which the State or any municipal subdivision thereof may be a party; regulating the procedure under such provisions and agreements; and conferring certain powers and imposing certain duties upon the courts with reference thereto," by permitting the enforcement of agreements to arbitrate and agreements to reinstate employes, providing for docketing of arbitration, and further providing for effect of judgment entered in prothonotary's docket.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

By Messrs. GOOD and GAFFNEY.
HOUSE BILL No. 739.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 1012), entitled "An act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less, either with or without security, to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities; fixing the rate of interest and charges therefor; requiring thet licensing of lenders; and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act," by reducing the rate of interest that may be charged on small loans.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

By Mr. ERB. HOUSE BILL No. 740.

An Act to further amend Sections 411 and 545 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto, "by prohibiting auditors from being employed by a township in any capacity involving the handlin of township moneys and further defining the duties of auditors.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

By Mr. REESE. HOUSE BILL No. 741.

An Act to add Section 420.1 to the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties, "by providing that reasonable attorneys" fees and expenses actually incurred by employes or their dependents in successful claims for compensation or petitions for the review or setting aside of agreements shall be paid by the employer as costs of the proceeding.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Mr. HOCKER. HOUSE BILL No. 742.

An Act to further amend Section 602 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district atorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by limiting the size of advertisements.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Mr. HOCKER. HOUSE BILL No. 743.

An Act to amend Section 1205 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by changing the time for closing polls.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Mr. HOCKER. HOUSE BILL No. 744.

An Act to amend Article VIII of the act, approved tn first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the

public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, streets cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by requiring overhead exhaust outlets on diesel motor vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. TOMPKINS, MADIGAN and STANK.

HOUSE BILL No. 745.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating the Pennsylvania Library Council; prescribing its powers and duties; providing for a State librarian and for certification of libraries and librarians and for minimum standards for public library service; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. MURRAY, ROYER and WOOD.

HOUSE BILL No. 746.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, establishing annual sessions of the General Assembly.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 113.

An Act to amend subsection (i) of section 4 of the Act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 604) entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by increasing the power of the Authority to borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

SENATE BILL No. 141.

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Highways to lay out, open, construct and maintain a road to be a part of the system of State Highways in Bucks County.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

SENATE BILL No. 152.

An Act to amend Sections Fifteen and Seventeen of the act approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 715), entitled "An act empowering, authorizing and directing the Secretary of Highways to acquire toll bridges located wholly within Pennsylvania; providing the procedure therefor, and prescribing certain duties of the Governor, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to be exercised in connection therewith; conferring jurisdiction in condemnation proceedings on certain courts of common pleas; authorizing the Secretary of Highways to enter into agreements with a state authority or agency for the acquisition of such toll bridges; providing for the operation of such bridges as toll bridges after acquisition, providing a plan for making such bridges free bridges under certain terms and conditions, and for their control and maintenance after acquisition; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the Secretary of Highways to procure and pay for certain insurance for bridges acquired under the provisions of said act and providing for the assignment of route numbers to such bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

SENATE BILL No. 199.

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking

associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

SENATE BILL No. 216.

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Reed Dauphin County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE BILL No. 244.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by vesting all equities benefits dividends or rights under pension annuity contracts in the policemen or their dependents providing for deductions to defray expenses for auditing providing for return of funds if not used within a reasonable time by the various political subdivisions

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

SENATE BILL No. 245.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 2 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine amending the twenty-fourth section by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities towns townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth" by providing for payment to the Department of the Auditor General to defray costs and expenses of auditing the fund and accounts receiving disbursements restricting payments to firemen and their dependents

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

SENATE BILL No. 273.

An Act to amend Subsection (d) of Section 4 and Section II of the act approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 604), entitled "An act to promote the welfare of the people of the Commonwealth; creating a State Highway and Bridge Authority as a body corporate and politic with power to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip, furnish, and operate highway and bridge projects, and roadside rests, and to lease the same, and to fix and collect fees, rentals, and charges for the use thereof; authorizing and regulating the issuance of bonds by said Authority, and providing for the payment of such bonds, and the rights of the holders thereof; and to enter into agreements with the Government of the United States or any Federal agency; and authorizing the Department of Highways to grant, assign, convey, or lease to the Authority lands, easements, or rights of way of the Commonwealth and interests therein, and to acquire lands therefor; authorizing said Authority and the Department of Highways to enter into agreements providing for mutual cooperation in furtherance of the construction of any project hereby authorized; granting the right of eminent domain; empowering said Authority to sell and convey projects and property to the Commonwealth; and providing that no debt of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; and making an appropriation," by authorizing the leasing of certain projects upon their being opened to public use.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

SENATE BILL No. 304.

An Act authorizing, in certain cases, the renewal of motor vehicle operators' licenses for persons honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States or from any women's organization officially connected therewith, without a learner's permit, examination or additional fee; and while in such service the operation of motor vehicles without renewal of operator's license; and the temporary suspension of existing laws requiring the same.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

SENATE BILL No. 325.

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the Board of Trustees of the Harrisburg State Hospital, to sell and convey certain land used in connection with the Harrisburg State Hospital and appropriating the proceeds from the sale of such land for the purpose of acquiring other land for use in connection with such hospital.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

WILSON HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome one hundred and two students of the senior class of Wilson High School, accompanied by their Principal, B. Anton Hess, and their teachers, Lloyd Miller, Aaron Miller and Samuel Clauser. They are the guests of the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Weidner.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent leave of absence was granted as follows:

Mr. Royer for Mr. BOMBERGER for the week because of illness.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. MADIGAN from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled 'An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for payments on account of pupil transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better graduation.

Mr. BREISCH from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 921, and Section 922 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the tenure of members and officers of county boards of school directors.

Mr. McGEE from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, House Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by regulating the conduct and operation of public eating and drinking places within this Commonwealth; defining public eating and drinking places; requiring their licensing; defining licensor; conferring certain powers on the Department of Health of this Commonwealth and on the local health authorities; providing for appeals in certain cases and conferring jurisdiction in such cases upon certain courts; providing for summary proceedings for violations of this act; and prescribing penalties.

Mr. HAROLD G. MILLER from the Committee on Cities—Third Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by further regulating the organization, hours of service, vacations and sick leaves of firemen.

Mr. SHUSTER from the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class, reported as amended, House Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act regulating the appointment, promotion, suspension, reduction, removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents, deputy superintendents and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class, and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes.

Mr. HOCKER from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties.

Mr. POLASKI from the Committee on Cities—Third Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Fund by cities.

Mr. PETA from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493), entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cesspools, in cities of the second class, second class A and third class and imposing fines, penalties and forfeiture for the violation thereof," by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON from the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class, reported as amended, House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 14 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 233), entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care, maintenance, and relief of aged, retired and disabled employees of the Bureau of Police in cities of the second class; providing a pension fund for said employees; and providing for the payment of certain dues, fees, assessments, fines, and appropriations thereto; regulating membership therein; creating a board for the management thereof, providing the amount, mode, and manner of payment to beneficiaries thereof, and for the care and disposition of said fund; providing for the payment into this fund by cities of the second class of all monies heretofore payable into any other funds, organizations, corporations, or associations having the same or similar purposes, and of such additional monies as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act," by changing the amount of pension payments to beneficiaries.

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Township, reported as committed, House Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act to add clause LVII to Section 1502 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by empowering the township commissioners to regulate the streets, sewers, public squares, common grounds, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, culverts, and drains and the heights, grades, widths, slopes, and construction thereof, and to grant rights therein for the installation of public utilities in said streets without the consent of the abutting property owners.

Mr. READINGER from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, House Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act which became a law the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 194) entitled "An act to enlarge the jurisdiction of justices of peace and regulating the fees of constables making sales under this act," by enlarging the jurisdiction of aldermen, magistrates and justices of the peace.

Mr. HOCKER from the Committee on Professional Licensure, reported as committed, House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act relating to the practice of professional nursing; providing for the licensing of nurses and for the revocation and suspension of such licenses subject to appeal and for their reinstatement; providing for the annual renewal of such licenses; regulating nursing in general; prescribing penalties and repealing certain laws.

Mr. SARRAF from the Committee on Professional Li-

censure, reported as committed, House Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections two hundred two, four hundred eighteen and one thousand three hundred ten of the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct fo the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of state normal schools, or teachers colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain department, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses.

Mr. RIGBY from the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class, reported as amended, House Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care, maintenance, and relief of aged, retired and disabled employes of the bureau of fire in cities of the second class; creating a board for the management thereof; providing the mode and manner of payment to beneficiaries, and for the care and disposition of its funds; and providing for the transfer and payment of all moneys and securities in existing funds in similar boards superseded by the fund and board herein created, "by changing the compensation of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Board and changing the amounts of contributions by members to the fund, and changing the amounts of payments to beneficiaries.

Mr. MIKULA from the Committee on Cities—Third Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 418, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boy and girl clubs.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts.

Mr. MINTESS from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, (P. L. 1449), entitled "An act establishing a court of record in the county of Allegheny for control, care, guidance, treatment, trial, placement and commitment of delinquent, neglected and dependent children under sixteen years of age and of persons over sixteen years of age contributing to or encouraging relinquency, neglect or dependency of children; defining the jurisdiction and powers of the court, and regulating procedure therein; providing for the transfer thereto of certain powers, functions and duties from other courts, providing for the election of judges thereof, the appointment of probation officers, other necessary staff officials and assistants, providing for housing of same, and providing for detention facilities; making the contributing to or encouraging of the delinquency, neglect or dependency of children a misdemeanor; and providing penalties," by further regulating the powers, duties and procedure of the juvenile court; and allowing appeals to the county court of Allegheny County.

Mr. NAUGLE from the Committee on Boroughs, reported as committed, House Bill No. 496, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1132 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by permitting retirement of members of the police force after twenty years of total service, deleting requirement for continuous service for such retirement.

Mr. ROSE from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions; permitting defendants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the ground that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof.

Mr. FERSTER from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approve the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the provisions relating to admission of beginners.

Mr. SEYLER from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death.

Mr. HALL from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1764 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments.

Mr. GOOD from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine

hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vicational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors, courts and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assessment lists and tax duplicates.

Mr. CLAPPER from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 579, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-three of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for payment of salaries of teachers when schools are closed.

Mr. SCHMIDT from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

Mr. CORR from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

Mr. HEWITT from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

Mr. KRATZ from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, House Resolution No. 3.

Mr. McMILLEN from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto, "by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Mr. ROYER presented a communication from the Joint State Government Commission which was read by the Clerk as follows:

March 20, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith a Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with Public Assistance in Pennsylvania, Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER
Chairman.

(For Report—See Appendix)

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL No. 156

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 19, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 156, Printer's No. 30, entitled "An Act to amend Section 9 of the act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665) entitled 'An act to carry into effect section one of article fifteen of the Constitution giving cities of the first class the right and power to frame adopt and amend their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government and providing the procedure therefor imposing certain restrictions limitations and regulations imposing duties upon city councils city officers county boards of elections courts and the Secretary of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment of certain expenses by such cities and imposing penalties' by changing the requirements for publication in newspapers of charter proposals and amendments."

JOHN S. FINE.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. Immediately upon the calling of the recess there will be a Republican Caucus in the new House Caucus Room.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for thirty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. WEIDNER and GOOD.

HOUSE BILL No. 747.

An Act to further amend Section 1207 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding

of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices ment of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing for the payment of all fines collected to the various cities, boroughs, towns or townships.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Messrs. LEVEN and PICHNEY.

HOUSE BILL No. 748.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 6 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252,) entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," providing for the issuing of location approved permits.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. LEVEN and PICHNEY.

HOUSE BILL No. 749.

An Act to amend Section 402 in part, of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34 P. L. 15), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and districts attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," providing for the issuing of location approval permits for proposed licensed hotels or restaurants.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD.

HOUSE BILL No. 750.

An Act to amend Section 1047 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by increasing compensation of auditors.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Mr. KENT. HOUSE BILL No. 751.

An Act to amend the Act of June 27, 1923, P. L. 858, As amended and Supplemented up to September 1, 1947, entitled "Establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes; defining the uses and purposes thereof, and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties" by extending hospital employe coverage and continuing the right of the low-rate members to transfer to the high-rate plan, by reducing the required length of service to earn a minimum retirement, by providing occufpational death benefits, by liberalizing occupational disability benefits, and by increasing prior service obligations.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. KENT and GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 752.

An Act to add Section 3 to the act, approved the nineteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 138) entitled "An act providing for payment of costs in criminal cases by the proper county," by making costs payable by the county to aldermen and justices of the peace, due and payable at the end of each calendar month.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. KENT and GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 753.

An Act limiting in certain cases the right of appeal to the court of common pleas from decisions of magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. KENT and GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 754.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 132) entitled "An act relating to payment of costs in cases of felony," by making costs due and payable by the county to aldermen or justices of the peace, due and payable at the end of each calendar month.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. KENT and GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 755.

An Act to further amend Section 1208 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of the highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject mater of this act; conferring

powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by regulating jurisdiction of magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace in civil actions arising from use of vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. GREER and WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 756.

An Act to further amend clause (6) of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending the time within which State mental hospital employes may become members.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. RIGBY. HOUSE BILL No. 757.

An Act to add Article XVI.I to the act, approved the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 20), entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class," by providing for the establishment of a traffic court in cities of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. McGEE. HOUSE BILL No. 758.

An Act to repeal Section 4 of the act, approved the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 377), entitled " An act to alter the times of holding Courts in the County of Tioga, and for other purposes."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. ROYER. HOUSE BILL No. 759.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the preservation, protection and development of buildings and grounds at Ephrata Cloisters, a famous historical shrine belonging to the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ROSE. HOUSE BILL No. 760.

An Act prohibiting discriminatory practices and policies based upon race, religion, color or national origin in educational institutions; creating the Pennsylvania Fair Educational Opportunities Commission; defining its functions, powers and duties; providing for judicial review and enforcement; providing for loss of State appropriations as a penalty; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302 of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" by providing that employers' reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

PUPILS OF SPRING CITY HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House, the Civics Class of the Spring City High School, under the supervision of their teacher, Mr. Rothermel. They are the guests of the gentlemen, from Chester, Messrs. Leisey and Harney.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 24, entitled

An Act to amend Section 304 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof, and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the board of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments boards commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by increasing the membership of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL POSTPONED

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the second reading postponed calendar.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 28, entitled

An Act to further amend section 703 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing the compensation paid to township commissioners.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Townships for the purpose of further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 274, entitled

An Act to further amend Section 1001 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by increasing the compensation of the township auditors.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Townships for the purpose of further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 276, entitled

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458) entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate anl politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first second second A and third classes prescribing the rights powers and duties of such authorities authorizing such authorities to acquire construct improve maintain and operate parking projects to conduct research of the parking problem and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities and to borrow money and issue bonds therefore providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government State political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates" by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, entitled

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 125), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild anmils; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game, predators and unprotected birds.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 43

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled

An Act to amend Section 714 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further regulating the possesion and transportation of big game.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 301 and 302 and to amend Sections 304 and 408 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the board of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the membership and organization of the Pennsylvania Game Commission the Pennsylvania Fish Commission the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission and the State Council of Education

BILL PASSED OVER

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, I ask that this bill be passed over.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to pass over House Bill 18, Printer's No. 42? Is there objection?

Mr. ANDREWS. I would inquire as to when it is proposed to bring this particular bill up for consideration.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Wood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOOD. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. The question was when it was proposed to bring this bill up for consideration upon the floor?

Mr. WOOD. At Monday's session.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the gentleman. We have no opposition to that idea. Mr. Speaker, in view of the gathering storm, as far as this bill is concerned, I think the gentleman is well advised to consult the resources of his storm cellar. I am surprised that the Monday laurel should have been so soon turned into Tuesday willow.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection, and consent is granted. The bill is passed over.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198) entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminal causes and suits for penalties granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits conferring powers and imposing duties on the clerk of courts of Allegheny county and providing for the disposition of fees and appointment of officers and employes and for jurors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Bill, page 2, lines 5 to 13, by striking out "is hereby amended to read as" in line 5, and all of lines 6 to 13.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 5), page 3, lines 1 to 18, both inclusive, by striking out all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof:

"as amended by the act, approved the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 505), and as repealed in part by the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1308), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Section 5. (a) The prothonotary and the clerk of courts of Allegheny county shall be the [clerk] clerks of the court hereby created, and each shall assume and perform all of the duties of [clerk] clerks thereof, to the same extent and in the same manner as is now required for the court of common pleas and the court of over and terminer and quarter sessions of the county respectively or as directed by the judges of the court. At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office, in charge of a clerk, or clerks, appointed by the prothonotary, or the clerk of courts, with the approval of the majority of the judges of said court, who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept in such place, as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the particular business of the court at such place. The number [duties] and compensation of said clerks to be fixed by a [majority of the judges of said court] the salary board of Allegheny County; and such compensation to be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny County, in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law. All other necessary assistants shall be appointed by a majority of the judges of said court, and their number, [duties] and compensation shall be fixed by [a majority of the judges of said court] the salary board of Allegheny County, and their compensation shall be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny County, in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law. The duties of all clerks and assistants shall be prescribed by a majority of the judges of said court."

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 6), page 9, line 9, by striking out the word "the" where it appears the first time in said line

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 6), page 9, line 11, by striking out the word "other" and inserting in lieu thereof: "orders"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the offering of amendments at this time? Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, that the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

House Bill No. 161, Printer's No. 33

was passed over at the request of the Speaker.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, as follows:

An Act validating certain deeds and conveyances made by trustees without setting forth their authority to convey

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Whenever heretofore real property has been conveyed to any person as trustee without naming the cestuis que trustent and without declaring the purpose of the trust and such trustee has thereafter in good faith made a conveyance of such property to a third person in his own name as trustee without disclosing the cestuis que trustent or without showing his right to make such conveyance when the deed given by such trustee is otherwise in proper form and capable of conveying the estate intended such deed and conveyance are hereby made good and valid and effectual to transfer pass and convey the estate right title and interest of the cestuis que trustent for whom the trustee held in and to such real property

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,

Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 188, as follows:

An Act relating to the admissibility in evidence and the proof of official records documents and proceedings both domestic and foreign and of copies thereof and extracts therefrom and certificates in reference thereto

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Federal Official Records Admissibility A book of records regularly kept by any public officer of the United States when acting under any law or regulation or other authority is admissible to evidence any matter recorded therein and pertaining to the duties of the office

Section 2 State Official Records Admissibility A book of records regularly kept by any public officer in this State or another state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States or any governmental subdivision thereof when acting under any law or regulation or other authority is admissible to evidence any matter recorded therein and pertaining to the duties of the office

Section 3 Foreign Official Records Admissibility A book of records regularly kept by any public officer in a foreign state recognized by the United States Department of State or in any dominion or colony or other possession thereof when acting under any law or regulation or other authority is admissible to evidence any matter recorded therein and pertaining to the duties of the office

Section 4 Federal Miscellaneous Documents Certified Copies of Official Records Authentication A book of records made by any public officer of the United States and kept in a public office when itself relevant and admissible for any purpose may be evidenced without producing the original by a copy certified by the officer or his deputy having lawful custody thereof under the seal of the office if there be a seal or if not then under the seal of the United States court of the district in which the office is located

Section 5 Federal Records Attested Copies Under Seal Certified The records and judicial proceedings of any court of the United States may be evidenced by a copy attested by the clerk of the court with the seal of the court annexed together with a certificate of the judge chief justice or presiding magistrate that the attestation is in due form

Section 6 State Legislative Records Certified Copies The proceedings and acts of the Legislature of any state or territory or the legislative body of any other jurisdiction of the United States may be evidenced without producing the original by a copy certified by the officer having lawful custody thereof under the seal of the state or other jurisdiction

Section 7 State Judicial Records Atested Copies Under Seal Certificates The records and judicial proceedings of a court of record of this State or any other state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States may be evidenced without producing the original by a copy attested by the clerk of the court with the seal of the court annexed and when the record is without this State then with a certificate annexed of the judge chief justice or presiding magistrate that the attestation is in due form

Section 8 State Miscellaneous Official Records How Admissible (a) The records kept in any public office of this State or any other state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States not appertaining to a court may be evidenced by a copy attested by the keeper of the record with the seal of his office annexed if there be a seal

(b) If the office be without this State htne shall also be annexed a certificate of the presiding justice of the court of the county or district or parish in which such office may be kept or of the governor or secretary of state or chancellor or keeper of the seal of the state or territory or other jurisdiction that the attestation is in due form and by the proper officer If the certificate is given by the presiding justice of a court it shall be further authenticated by the clerk or prothonotary of the court who shall certify under his hand and seal of his office that the said presiding justice is duly commissioned and qualified or if the certificate is given by the governor or secretary or chancellar or keeper of the great seal it shall be under the great seal of the state or territory or other jurisdiction in which it is made

Section 9 Foreign Legislative and Executive Records Certified Copies The proceedings and acts of the legislature or of the executive in any foreign state recognized by the United States Department of State or in any dominion or colony or other possession thereof may be evidenced by a copy certified by the lawful custodian thereof under the great seal of the state or other government of which the legislature or the executive is a part

Section 10 Foreign Judicial Records Certified Copies under Seal Certificates The records of any court in a foreign state recognized by the United States Department of State or in any dominion or colony or other possession thereof may be evidenced by a copy certified by the lawful custodian thereof under seal of the court together with a certificate by a judge of the court that the attestation is in due form followed by a certificate of a diplomatic or a consular officer of the United States under the seal

of his office that the person certifying is the lawful custodian of the records of such court or by a certificate to the same effect by the officer having custody of the great seal of the state or other government under which the court is held with that seal annexed

Section 11 Foreign Miscellaneous Official Records Certified Copies under Seal Certificates The records not appertaining to a court kept in any public office of a foreign state recognized by the United States Department of State or of any dominion or colony or other possession thereof or of any governmental subdivision thereof may be evidenced by a copy certified by the lawful custodian thereof under the seal of his office together with a certificate by a diplomatic or a consular officer of the United States under seal of his office that the person certifying is the lawful custodian of such records or by a certificate to the same effect by the officer having custody of the great seal of the state or other government in which the office is located with that seal annexed

Section 12 Entries or Extracts of Records A copy certified as in sections four to eleven above of one or more entries or other separable parts of such a book of records is admissible if it purports to contain all of that part of the record that is relevant to the purpose for which it is offered

Section 13 Entries Lacking in Records A certificate made by any of the foregoing officers as provided in sections four to eleven stating after diligent search no records or entry of a specified tenor is found to exist in the records or files of his office is admissible

Section 14 Federal and State Documents Filed in Public Office Certified Copies Original A copy of a document not being a conveyance of title or other interest in property required or allowed by law to be filed in a public office of the United States or of this State or any other state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States is admissible to evidence the original when certified by the lawful custodian of the records of that office under seal of office Provided That in any case the court may on request of a party order the production of the original document for any purpose

Section 15 Official Certificates of Returns Copies Authentication A certificate or return required by law or regulation to be made and filed by any officer of the United States or of this State or any other state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States having duties of administration or inspection or supervision stating that in the course of his duty he has personally done or observed a matter is admissible as well as a copy thereof if authenticated as provided in section eight

Section 16 Federal Official Documents Federal Register Printed Copies The official records and other documents being enactments or regulations or decisions or rulings or proceedings or reports or other official acts of Congress or any Federal executive department or subdivision therein or of any Federal court or commission or board or agency or public institution may be evidenced by the Federal Register or by a printed book or pamphlet or periodical purporting to be published by the Government Printing Office by authority

Section 17 State Official Documents Printed Copies The official records and other documents being enactments or regulations or decisions or rulings or proceedings or reports or other official acts of the legislative or executive or judicial branch of the government of this State or of any other state or a territory or other jurisdiction of the United States or of any court or commission or board or agency or public institution thereof may be evidenced by a printed book or pamphlet or periodical purporting to be printed by authority

Section 18 Foreign Official Documents Printed Copies The official records and other documents being codes or statutes or judicial decisions or official acts of heads of executive departments in any foreign government recognized by the United States Department of State or any dominion or colony or possession thereof may be evidenced by a printed book or pamphlet or periodical purporting to be published by authority

Section 19 Unofficially Printed Judicial Opinions and Laws The judicial opinions of the Supreme Court of any state or territory or other jurisdiction of the United States and the legislative act and resolutions thereof may be evidenced by a printed book proved to be commonly admitted as evidence in the courts of that jurisdiction

Section 20 Repeal All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swartz,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitutions having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 195, Printer's No. 64

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, as follows:

An Act changing the procedure in civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth providing for trial without jury and for the filing of agreements therefor providing for the payment of jury fees

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 In all civil actions hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas in any of the judicial districts of this Commonwealth the complaint before it shall be received by the prothonotary shall contain on the back thereof an indorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his complaint pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar indorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer or in the case of a trespass action where no answer is filed at the time of filing a demand for a jury trial pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedures as the several courts of common pleas shall prescribe in accordance with the rules of civil procedure promulgated by the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth

Section 2 The decision of the court shall be rendered by the trial judge in the nature of a verdict at the end of the testimony After verdict counsel for any party may file motions for new trial or motions for judgment non obstante veredicto in accordance with existing laws thereto appertaining

Section 3 The act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 109) entitled "An act to provide for the submission of civil cases to the decision of the court and to dispense with trial by jury" is hereby repealed

Section 4 All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitutions having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

PUPILS OF CENTERVILLE SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair welcomes to the House the ninth grade pupils of the Centerville School, Cumberland County, under the supervision of their teacher, Mr. Oyler. They are the guests of the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. Stoner.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 235, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making special provisions for the taxation of private forest reserves

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby resolves as follows

Section 1 The following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

Section one of article nine is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax and shall be levied and collected under general laws but the General Assembly may be general laws exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit institutions of purely public charity and real and personal

property owned occupied and used by any branch post or camp of honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines and the General Assembly may by general laws set up standards and qualifications for private forest reserves and make special provisions for the taxation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitutions having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ANDREWS. I desire to interrogate the Majority Leader.

The SPEAKER. Will the Majority Leader permit himself to the interrogated?

Mr. SMITH. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. Can the Majority Leader inform the House as to how many bills of this general tenor are likely to come before us? This is a bill to give Blair County an additional judge and I understand that a bill is in the offing to give Somerset County an additional judge. Is there any program as to how many counties are to have additional judges?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, in answering that I am afraid that I am going to have to be very indefinite. These bills have been put in by the Members and I cannot say how many are going to be put in or how many are even in at this time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Well, would it not be possible to sort of hold these bills until we have accumulated a package and then debate, or least if we do not debate, receive information from the various counties as to the need for an additional judge in the respective counties, and have some idea as to how many judges we are putting into the pool instead of passing them one at a time?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I do not know whether this type of legislation could even be put in an omnibus bill, if you want to call it that.

Mr. ANDREWS. I do not mean that, but to have all of the bills from the Members that want additional judges on the calendar for consideration, and we would consider them county by county as to the need.

Mr. SMITH. We probably could do that Mr. Speaker, but I know how the gentleman feels about these lawyers' bills and having a whole calendar of lawyers I do not know how I should feel about that. I do not know, Mr Speaker, but I think it is possible to do that. I think this bill that is out on third reading, we should pass this one, and if in the future we can arrange to do what the gentleman requests I would be perfectly agreeable to doing it. I have no objection either way.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I did not want to take the time of the House today to have the Members from Blair County give us the facts, figures as to their court calendar, the number of days that their judges are in court and as to whether or not this particular situation needs an additional judge. If we are to pass this bill today, that is what I would insist upon, knowing all of the facts and figures and the data, and I would want to be in a position to interrogate at length. So if the sponsors are agreeable to defer any action upon this bill and not do it today, but do it next week, maybe when we have more time.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I understand that the sponsor of this bill is prepared to stand for interrogation and if the gentleman on the other side would like to interrogate him, I would suggest that he go right ahead.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inquire of the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Erb, whether he would have objection to this bill being passed over at this time?

Mr. ERB. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Miller.

Mr. HAROLD G. MILLER. Mr. Speaker, this bill has been on the calendar since last Wednesday and I am sure that this has been ample time for the Minority Leader to inquire of us the information he desires.

The SPEAKER. Does the Minority Leader desire to interrogate the gentleman from Blair, Mr. Miller.

Mr. ANDREWS. I do. It is not a question Mr. Speaker, of whether I know the facts and figures; it is a question of whether the House knows the facts and figures and whether we are or are not simply adding an unnecessary judge to the state payroll.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Blair Mr. Miller, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HAROLD G. MILLER. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. How many days in the year does the Blair County court devote to criminal cases?

Mr. MILLER. Mr. Speaker, I cannot answer that question. If he would ask me a question I am prepared to answer, I would—but I do not mean to evade the question.

The SPEAKER. Will Mr. Andrews ask a question the gentleman is prepared to answer?

Mr. ANDREWS. How many days in the year does the Blair County court devote to the consideration of civil cases?

Mr. MILLER. I cannot answer that.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman has asked the wrong question again.

Mr. ANDREWS. How many criminal cases are tried before the Blair County court in the course of a year?

Mr. MILLER. I cannot answer that question, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. How many civil suits are brought before the Blair County court for consideration in the course of a year?

Mr. MILLER. Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman requests, we will agree to pass this bill over, and at that time I will give him the information I have and get the additional information for him.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker, I desire to assure the gentleman from Blair that I have no disposition to oppose the creation of an additional judge in Blair County if there is any need in that County for an additional judge. I am of the conviction that before we spawn additional judges this House should be satisfied that there is a need for the spawning.

BILL PASSED OVER

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to passing this bill over at this time? The Chair hears none, and the bill is passed over.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 341, as follows:

An Act giving liens against real property priority over each other in point of time fixing the time which priorities extend and imposing duties on judges and certain court and county officers and employes

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Lien Priority Law"

Section 2 Liens against real property shall have priority over each other on the following basis

(1) Purchase money mortgages from the time they are delivered to the mortgagee if they are recorded within thirty days after their date otherwise from the time they are left for record

(2) Other mortgages and defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages from the time they are left for record

(3) Verdicts from the time they are recorded by the court

(4) Adverse judgments orders and decrees from the time they are rendered

(5) Amicable judgments from the time the instruments on which they are entered are left for entry

(6) Writs which when issued and indexed by the prothonotary create liens against real property from the time they are issued

(7) Other instrument which when entered or filed and indexed in the prothonotary's office create liens against real property from the time they are left for entry or filing

Section 3 (a) The recorder of deeds shall endorse upon each mortgage and defeasible deed and on the record thereof the time when each is left for record

(b) The person who records a verdict or a judgment order or decree rendered in open court shall endorse on the record thereof the time it was recorded

(c) The judge who signs a judgment order or decree shall endorse thereon the time he signed it

(d) The prothonotary shall endorse upon (1) each instrument on which an amicable judgment is entered or which otherwise creates a lien against real property the time it was left for entry or filing and (2) each writ creating a lien against real property the time it was issued

(e) The prothonotary shall note on the dockets in his office where each verdict judgment order decree instrument or writ creating a lien against real property is entered the time it was recorded rendered left for filing or issued

Section 4 (a) The act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 440) entitled "An act relating to the lien of mortgages and defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages and protecting the lien of mortgages given by purchasers to sellers if recorded within thirty days from the date of such mortgage" is hereby repealed

All other acts and parts of acts are hereby repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act

(b) This act does not affect the priority of tax liens nor does it repeal or otherwise affect any provision of the act approved the third day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1234) known as the "Judgment Lien Law"

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall become effective on the first day of September one thousand nine hundred fifty-one and shall apply only to liens created on and after that date

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McKinney,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Seyler,

Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	Metz,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Goodling,	Maxwell,		Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeding to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An Act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase of and payment for policies of insurance on commission property

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An aet concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1401 Continuance of Game Fund Appropriation All license fees fines permit fees and other moneys received and collected (a) under the provisions of any law repealed and replaced by this act and now held in the State Treasury as the Game Fund or (b) that may be hereafter paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of any act so repealed or replaced or (c) that may be paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of this act shall be placed in the separate fund known as "The Game Fund" and shall be held separately and apart solely for the following purposes

* * * * *

(i) For the purchase of such furniture furnishings stationery supplies materials fuel motor vehicles tractors trucks boats horses and other equipment as may be necessary for the conduct of the work of the commission and for the maintenance of equipment and for the payment of premiums on bonds for such officers or employes of the commission as may be required also to furnish them policies of Workmen's Compensation Insurance and policies of liability insurance covering the aforesaid motor vehicles and the person operating same also to purchase policies of insurance of any kind which the commission may desire to carry on buildings contents of buildings furniture machinery and equipment under its control or in its custody and to pay the requisite premiums which bonds or insurance policies shall have been contracted for by the Department of Property and Supplies as agent of the commission

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE POSTPONED

Agreeably to order,

The bill having been called up from the postponed calendar by Mr. Gibson.

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 238, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 256 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448) entitled "An act relating to fish and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth" by authorizing fish wardens to make arrests without warrants under certain circumstances

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 256 of the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448) entitled "An act relating to fish and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 256 Powers of Fish Wardens A fish warden shall have power

(a) To enforce all the laws of the Commonwealth relating to fish (b) to execute all warrants and search-warrants for the violation of the fish laws (c) to serve subpoenas issued for the examination investigation and trial of all offenses against the laws relating to fish (d) carry firearms or other weapons in the performance of his duties (e) to search without warrant any boat conveyance vehicle fish-box bag coat basket or other receptacle for fish when he has reason to believe that any provision of any law of this Commonwealth relating to fish has been violated (f) to seize and take possession of any and all fish which may have been caught taken or killed at any time in any manner or for any purpose or had in possession or under control or have been shipped or about to be shipped contrary to the laws of this Commonwealth fish so seized shall be disposed of in any manner as the Commissioner may direct (g) to enter upon any land or water in the performance of his duty (h) to demand and secure proper assistance in case of emergency (i) to purchase fish for the purpose of securing evidence (j) to arrest without warrant any person found in the act of doing any of the following offenses or in sursuit immediately following the doing of any such offenses (1) obstructing an owner or his tenant ingress egress or regress to his property or cattle ways (2) digging in or driving upon fields under cultivation (3) leaving garbage bottles cans rubbish or any other type of debris in or along streams or adjacent lands (4) leaving gates open breaking or cutting down fences (5) committing any nuisance and (6) disturbing any live stock or property of another upon lands adjacent to any stream

Any person convicted of committing any of the offenses set forth above shall be sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars ($10) and costs for each such offense and upon a second conviction for any such offense shall have his license revoked for a period of one year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—150

Amarando,	Goodling,	Madigan,	Rubin,
Barkdoll,	Graybill,	Markley,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Greer,	Mazza,	Sax,
Beech,	Gutendorf,	McConnell,	Schmidt,
Berkstresser,	Guthrie,	McCormack,	Scott,
Blair,	Hagerty,	McDermit,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hall,	McInroy,	Snider,
Bolton,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Spencer,
Bower,	Harney,	Metz,	Stank,
Breth,	Headlee,	Miller, H. G.,	Stoner,
Brown,	Helm,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Hersch,	Monroe,	Tahl,
Cella,	Hewitt,	Moore, C. E.,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Hunter,	Moran,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jenkins,	Muldowney,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jones, G. E.,	Murray,	Toomey,
Corr,	Jones, J. M.,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Jones, P. F.,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Penglase,	Varner,
Davis,	Jump,	Pettigrew,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kamyk,	Pfaff,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Keller,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kent,	Pitzer,	Watkins,
Erb,	Kline,	Polaski,	Weidner,
Ewing,	Kohl,	Polen,	Wescott,
Fenrich,	Kornick,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Westrick,
Ferster,	Kratz,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Filo,	Lafore,	Readinger,	Wheeler,
Firmstone,	Lederer,	Reese,	Williams,
Flack,	Leisey,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Leven,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Limper,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lopresti,	Riley, R. L.,	Young,
Gibson,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madden,	Rovansek,	Sorg,
Good,		Royer,	Speaker

NAYS—33

Andrews,	Greenwood,	McCullough,	Seyler,
Banker,	Guarnieri,	Mills,	Shotwell,
Baumunk,	Haudenshield,	Munley,	Smith,
Bucchin,	Hoggard,	Musto,	Swope,
Cochran,	Kubacki,	Naugle,	Toll,
DuBois,	Light,	Peta,	Wargo,
Dunn,	Lovett,	Petrosky,	White,
Filip,	Maxwell,	Reagan,	Wilt,
			Yetzer,

NOT VOTING—24

Bear,	Johnson,	McGee,	Rose,
Boies,	Kolankiewicz,	McKinney,	Rosen,
Bomberger,	Leonard, L.,	Mihm,	Scanlon,
Breisch,	Leonard, W. C.,	Mikula,	Schuster,
Costa,	Loftus,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Duffy,	Lutty,	Olsen,	Welsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION

JOINT SESSION

Mr. GREENWOD offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), That the Senate and

House of Representatives meet in Joint Session Wednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT GOVERNOR

Mr. FROST offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

"Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate, (if the Senate shall appoint such committee), be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives to escort His Excellency, the Governor, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session on Dednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. pursuant to a concurrent resolution already adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives."

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee on the part of the House to escort His Excellency, the Governor to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session on Wednesday, March 21, 1951, Messrs. Frost, Guthrie and Readinger.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE

Mr. WATKINS offered a resolution which was read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

"Resolved, That the Speaker appoint a committee of two to escort the Members of the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending the Joint Session of the General Assembly."

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT SENATE

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending a Joint Session of the General Assembly on Wednesday, March 21, 1951, Messrs. Watkins and Scanlon.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. GEER offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

Mr. BLAIR offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 22

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Resolution No. 22 on page 8 of today's calendar.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows:

SHUT-IN'S DAY

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas, The Governor of this Commonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits, flowers, messages, gifts, and other acts of solicitude; and kindness; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That Pamphlet Laws Concurrent Resolution No. 3 approved the 5th day of April 1949 P. L. 2136) is hereby amended to read as follows

Resolved (if the Senate concurs) That the Governor of this Commonwealth is hereby requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th [this year and annually thereafter] every year as "Shut-In's-Day" and to call upon the people of this State to observe the day by remembering the sick and disabled through personal visits flowers messages gifts and other acts of kindness and to make of the same a fitting occasion to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and the disabled throughout the state and be it further

Resolved That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Earl Rutter Turtle Creek Pennsylvania the founder of "Shut-In's-Day"

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION No. 19

Mr. FENRICH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 19 on page 8 of today's calendar.

The resolution was read, considered and adopted as follows·

In the House of Representatives, March 13, 1951

The Sarah Heinz House located on the north side of Pittsburgh is currently celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of its founding

During the half century of its existence it has developed one of the best youth training programs in the United States furnishing the youth of the north side of Pittsburgh splendid opportunities to engage in sports games camping and handicrafts at a cost to them which is practically nominal

The achievements of the Sarah Heinz House constitute a solid answer to the blight of juvenile and parental delinquency that clutters the headlines of our newspapers daily This institution in the public interest run by private funds has built character over five decades and is now building character for the grandchildren of the children it began to serve

The Sarah Heinz House has increased its worth by retaining the unsolicited interest and support of the children it fosters when they mature and has an "alumni" association as large proportionately as any university now therefore be it

Resolved (by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania) That we hereby extend our congratulations to the Sarah Heinz House in Pittsburgh on its fiftieth anniversary for its many achievements over the years and to all those benefactors who have been instrumental in guiding it along its successful paht and be it further

Resolved That the Chief Clerk shall transmit copies of this resolution to Mr. R. J. Jeffrey Sarah Heinz House Pittsburgh Pennsylvania Mr. H. J. Heinz II Heinz Manufacturing Company Pittsburgh Pennsylvania and Mrs. Joseph Quashnock Mt. Troy Road North Side Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

PUPILS OF PENNTOWNSHIP SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the House the seventh grade pupils of the Penn Township School under the guidance of their teacher, Mr. Guy E. Rhykerd. They are the guests of the gentleman from Perry, Mr. Toomey.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. TOLL asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. SARRAF. Mr. Speaker, immediately after adjournment there will be a meeting of the Democratic Members from Allgeheny County in the old House Caucus Room.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Banking, Building and Loan, Mr. Cooper, Chairman, Room 330, Wednesday, March 21, at 9:15 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. LOPRESTI. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 21, 1951, at 9:30 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 2:24 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1951. No. 25.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, March 21, 1951.

The Senate met at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

In the absence of the Senate Chaplain, the prayer was offered by the Senator from Berks, Doctor Ruth.

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou hast given us another opportunity to show the efforts that we make to make this place, this State, a home for all.

We thank Thee for the heritage that has come down to us through the years, of men and women who have given their best that this might be the greatest State of the Union, where men can live together in love, in piety and in faithfulness. Today as we stand at the helm of guiding those opportunities, give us the same faith that our fathers had that we may do as well.

We ask this in Thy holy name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. BERGER, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. ROBINSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 385, entitled:

An act to further amend Section 502 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, P. L. 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importations, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by providing that if the vote cast on the question of granting a liquor license shall result in a tie, the status quo shall obtain.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 32 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," further providing that in the event of a tie vote on local option question, the status quo shall obtain.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. FREED read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 404 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candicates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county board of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by providing for additional clerks of election in election districts having more than twelve hundred qualified electors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

JOINT SESSION

The hour of nine-fifty o'clock, a. m., having arrived,

Messrs. Watkins and Scanlon, a committee on the part of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House of Representatives was ready for the reception of the President and Members of the Senate for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor, and the submission of the Tax Program to the Joint Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly.

The President and Members of the Senate proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives.

SENATE RETURNS FROM HOUSE

After some time the President and Members of the Senate returned to the Senate Chamber.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the Chair.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. CHAPMAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. CHAPMAN. Mr. President, last week I sponsored jointly with Senators Meade and Stiefel a resolution pertaining to the urgency of the completion of the proposed Independence Hall Mall in Philadelphia. As this year marks the One Hundred Seventy-fifth Anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, this great "title-deed" of the human race engendered on the soil of Pennsylvania, it is for us Pennsylvanians to become attuned to the significance of our greatest national shrine—the Independence Hall. It is in connection with our sacred shrine that I desire today to make a statement.

The building in Philadelphia now known as Independence Hall was built as the colonial capitol of Pennsylvania. In the late 1720's a group of Philadelphians, headed by Andrew Hamilton and his son-in-law William Allen, started a movement to build an adequate and suitable meeting place for the Provincial Legislature. At that time there was agitation to have some other Pennsylvania town made the provincial capitol and Hamilton and his associates wished to forestall this movement by building a permanent capitol in Philadelphia. Hamilton, an eminent lawyer remembered for his part in the Peter Zenger case, chose the site on Chestnut Street and made the architectural plans for the red brick building, which was begun in 1732. By 1735 the Provincial Assembly began to meet in the east room on the first floor of the unfinished structure. The Liberty Bell was placed in the tower in 1753, but the building was not completed until five years later.

When the First Continental Congress met in Philadelphia in September, 1774, the provincial assembly was in session and this hall was not available for the Congress, which met in Carpenter's Hall, at Fourth and Chestnut Streets, which had been completed in 1771 by the Carpenter's Company of the City and County of Philadelphia. In those days the Pennsylvania Capitol was generally called the "State House." On September 16, 1774, George Washington wrote in his diary that he had "Dined at the State House at an Entertainment given by the City, to the Members of Congress." The Second Continental Congress met in the State House and there Washington was chosen Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army in 1775 and the Declaration of Independence was adopted and signed in 1776. Later the Articles of Confederation and the Federal Constitution were drafted and signed in the same room. After the British evacuated Philadelphia in 1778, it took a month to make the State House a fit place for their sessions again. On July 15 of that year, President Henry Laurens of Congress wrote:

> Various impediments prevented earlier assembling. One was the offensiveness of the air in and around the State House, which the Enemy had made an Hospital and left it in a condition disgraceful to the Character of civility. Particularly they had opened a large square pit near the House, a receptacle for filth, into which they had also cast dead horses and the bodies of men who by the mercy of death had escaped from their further cruelties. I cannot proceed to a new subject before I add a curse on their savage practice.

It was not until many years afterward that the old State House became known as Independence Hall and the room in which Congress and the Constitutional Convention had sat became known as the "Declaration Chamber." The State Capitol was moved to Lancaster in 1790 and to Harrisburg in 1812, and the old State House was purchased by the City of Philadelphia for $70,000. From 1802 to 1825 a large part of Independence Hall was rented to Charles Wilson Peale, naturalist and portrait painter, for use as a museum. In 1943 President Roosevelt, acting under authority of an act of Congress, declared the group of historic buildings in Independence Square a national memorial and shrine to be maintained jointly by the National Parks Service and Philadelphia. In addition to Independence Hall, the group consists of the West and East Wings, which are connected to the main building by arcades, Congress Hall, in which Congress set from 1790 to 1800, and the Courthouse or Old City Hall, in which the Supreme Court of the United States met during the same period.

I known of no finer evaluation of the significance of Independence Hall than the one made by Richardson Wright in his prologue to a book entitled "Diary of Independence Hall" by Harold Donaldson Eberlein and Cortlandt Van Dyke Hubbard:

> "That ancient Philadelphia dowager, Independence Hall, can look back on her past with understanding, merriment and equanimity. Some things she is proud to remember, others she's better forget.
>
> She has known both the heights of exaltation and grubby treatment as well. She sheltered men who strove to stabilize a colony. She adapted herself to being a gaol for war prisoners and a hospital for the fever-ridden. She watched the gestation of revolt and served as midwife to the birth of a nation. She accepted the affront of being turned into a museum for curios, was tinkered at by this person and that, and long knew shabby leglect.
>
> No, having become a national shrine, preserved for all time, she is looked upon with affectionate regard by the local citizenry and approached with reverence by all to whom liberty is a precious heritage.
>
> None can enter her doors but is humbled by the realization of what happened there. We treat her halls sofetly. The welter of perplexities through which the young nation struggled recedes into the shadowy past

of battles long ago. Yet the men who laboured there remain very much alive. They left something of themselves in her walls—something of Washington and Jefferson, Adams and McKean, Read and Rodney, Hancock, Biddle, Cadwalader, Gerry, Wolcott, Franklin, Matlack, Light Horse Harry Lee and both the youthful and the aged LaFayette."

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof or any employes of State-aided colleges and schools other than elected State or local officers to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the Attorney General State Civil Service Commission the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may the Senate be at ease?

(The Senate was at ease.)

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, for the information of the Senate, after a conference with the sponsor of the bill, we have no objection to the bill going over in its order.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, as follows:

An Act to amend the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the sales made upon order of court and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 612 of the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor craeating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its power and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 612 Hearing and Order If upon hearing the court is satisfied that service of the rule has been made upon the parties named in the rule in the manner provided by this act and that the facts stated in the petition are true it shall order and decree that said property be sold at a subsequent day to be fixed by the court freed and cleared of all tax and municipal claims mortgages liens charges and estates of whatsoever kind to the highest bidder and that the purchaser at such sale shall take and thereafter have an absolute title to the property sold free and clear of all tax and municipal claims mortgages liens charges and estates of whatsoever kind except ground rents separately taxed Out of the proceeds of such sale shall be paid the costs set forth in the upset price at the prior sale and the additional costs incurred relative to this sale including the fee for title search not to exceed fifteen dollars ($15) and the court order may specify that no sale shall be made except to the county unless a bid equal to such costs is offered The remainder of said proceeds shall be distributed by the county treasurer as hereinbefore provided After the purchaser shall have paid over the purchase price the bureau shall make and deliver a deed in the manner hereinbefore provided When aforesaid petition for sale is presented within three (3) months after the date of the former sale th court on its order shall direct that no further advertisement is required In cases where said petition is presetned after the three (3) month period has expired the court shall in its order fixing a subsequent sale direct that the readvertisement of such sale need not be published three (3) consecutive weeks nor include a list and description of the lands to be sold but need only be advertised by one (1) insertion in one (1) or two (2) newspapers as hereinbefore provided for such advertisements at least (30) days prior to the sale and include the purpose the time and place and the terms of such sale with a reference to the prior advertisement

In any such petition for sale the bureau may if it deems the same advantageous request the court to fix the place of sale at the property to be sold and if the court is convinced the taxing districts interested will be benefited thereby it shall order the sale to be held on the property to be sold

Section 2 Section 612.1 of said act as added by the act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1579) is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 612.1 County Commissioners May Bid and Purchase Property [When no Bids Offered] Whenever any property shall be put up for public sale upon order of court as provided in section six hundred twelve the county commissioners are hereby authorized to bid [the sum of one dollar ($1)] for said property at such sale and if no higher bid is offered the property [is] shall be sold to them for the county and the county shall take and have an absolute title free and clear of all tax and municipal claims mortgages liens and charges and estates of whatsoever kind except ground rents separately taxed in the same manner and to the same extent as a private purchaser would have taken

Any property purchased at such sale by the county may thereafter by the county commissioners be (1) leased to any taxing district to be used for public purposes (2) used for any suitable public purpose by the county or (3) sold in the manner as any other real property owned in fee simply by the county

Section 3 Section 703 of said act as amended by the acts approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1579) and the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1602) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 703 Such Properties to be Sold Under Provisions of Article VI All properties so turned over to the bureau which have not been sold at private sale as hereinbefore provided with the exception of such properties leased to a previous owner or other member of his family dwelling therein and receiving or within the preceding sixty (60) days having received assistance from any public agency shall be sold by the bureau at public sale held not later than the first day of June one thousand nine hundred [fifty-one] fifty-two or at a public sale held not later than [two] three years after this act [becomes effective as to] has been accepted by such taxing district Such sales shall be made if requested by the county commissioners taxing district or trustee which delivered possession thereof to the bureau in the same manner as if said property was being sold at a first sale on a tax claim as provided in Articles III and VI and if no such request is made upon petition to court for an order to sell clear and free of all claims liens mortgages and estates in the same manner with like proceedings and with like effect as if said properties had been first exposed to public sale as provided in Article VI but not sold because of insufficient bid The sale of properties turned over to the bureau under the provisions of this article shall except as herein otherwise provided be subject to all the provisions of Article VI in so far as they may be applicable and when sold at public sale by order of court as above provided such properties shall be sold free and discharged from all tax and municipal claims mortgages liens charges and estates whatsoever

It is the intent of this section that where said property is exposed to a first public sale at the request of the county commissioners or trustee as above provided but is not sold because of insufficient bid the property shall thereafter be sold by order of court as herein provided freed and discharged from all liens and encumbrances as provided under Article VI

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 305, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" as last amended by the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 779) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1412 Merger Consolidation or Conversion of Banks or Bank and Trust Companies into National Banks A One or more banks or bank and trust companies and one or more national banking associations operating under the laws of the United States may pursuant to the laws of the United States be merged into one of such national banking associations or consolidated into a new national banking association operating under the laws of the United States and a bank or bank and trust company may pursuant to the laws of the United States be converted into a national banking association provided that the banks or bank and trust companies participating in such a merger or consolidation and the bank or bank and trust company being converted into a national banking association shall comply with the following requirements established by this section

(1) The plan of merger or consolidation or of conversion has been approved in the manner and after the advertising and notice required by this act in the case of mergers or consolidations of incorporated institutions by at least a majority of all the directors of any bank or bank and trust company participating in such plan and in the case of a merger or consolidation by the holders of two-thirds of its outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon and in the case of a conversion by the holders of fifty-one per centum of its outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon

Sections 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Walker,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watson,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wood,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Yosko,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Taylor,
Freed,	McMenamin,		Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of and to add Section 2802-A to the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments board and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the Historical Preservation Fund providing for the payment of certain moneys into it and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Comittee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due to the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982) entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties" by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth or State public bodies to dedicate sell convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth and validating dedications sales conveyances and leases heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I would like to call attention to the gentlemen of the Senate to this codification of the law dealing with landlord and tenant so they can study it over the week end and the Senate can act on it the first of the week.

Mr. President, I would further call the attention of the gentlemen of the Senate to the fact that the codification was prepared by the fact-finding body of the legislature.

Therefore, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 131, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 138, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors and providing for the nomination and election of delegates

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the giving of notice of sale the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 173, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-sever (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the lay relating thereto," eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 290, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WALKER offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1), page 10, lines 11 to 18, both inclusive, by striking out all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof "For the purposes of this act, the value of any taxable shares of stock issued by any investment company, registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission, shall be that part of the current value of such shares to be determined by multiplying said current value by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the total value of so much of the personal property owned by the registered investment company as would be taxable by this act if owned by a resident of Pennsylvania, and the denominator of which shall be the total value of all of the personal property owned by the registered investment company."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second section and title were read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, as amended,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading, as amended?

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 319, on second reading, go over in its order, as amended, in order to give the gentlemen of the Senate an opportunity to see the amended bill.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 331, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 332, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend Clause (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "physician."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I have been requested by the sponsors of this bill to have it go over in order, and to call the attention of the gentlemen of the Senate to the fact that there was a summary furnished to each Member of the Senate with this consolidated bill relating to third class cities, with the thought in mind that the gentlemen of the Senate could familiarize themselves

with this and check it with the third class cities so that action can be taken by the Senate next week.

Therefore, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 357, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to reenact revise and amend the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas defining procedure in all cases authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth providing for the imposition of costs allowing appeals specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bil No. 441, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certification of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 501, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare and the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL SIGNED

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32), entitled "The Sabotage Prevention Act," by amending section two relating to penalties.

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (M. Harvey Taylor) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth:

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JOHN S. FINE

Submitting Tax Program to a Joint Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly, Wednesday Morning, March 21, 1951.

To the Honorable, The General Assembly
of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On Monday of this week I presented to you, the Members of the Legislature, the Biennial Budget for 1951-1953 with my Budget Message. In that message and Budget I showed that I am recommending $853,000,000 of appropriations for the 1951-1953 biennium, and promised to give you my recommendations today for revenues to meet that amount. In my Budget Message, I showed that the estimate of revenue from certain existing taxes for 1951-1953 is $680,000,000 which, with an estimated surplus of $10,000,000, is $163,000,000 short of the $853,000,000 of the recommended appropriations.

Before taking up revenues, there are some comments I want to make about the Budget and, especially, I want to show why a large amount of additional revenue is necessary.

I want to reiterate and emphasize the statement I made in my Budget Message. It was that the large amount of obligations to be financed because of legislative mandates prior to this Administration, and the tremendous tax burdens the people are now carrying, made it imperative to cut requested appropriations to an irreducible minimum.

An examination of the Budget shows just how that was done. Appropriation requests were pruned and repruned. There is no fat in this Budget. Rather, my concern is on the other side. We are predicting for two of the most uncertain years imaginable. Since the advent of the Korean war, prices have been going up; and who can tell what will happen to them in the two years from next June 1st. Some of the appropriations may prove to be insufficient—we may have pruned too close. We hope we have not done so.

I made a special attempt to single out the essential functions and to give them special attention in the allotment of funds. At the head of the list are Civil Defense, Health, and Education. Provision was made for continuing the excellent program of examining school children. The medical hospitals—both State-owned and State-aided—were allotted additional funds; provisions was made for additional patients and better and enlarged care and treatment at the mental hospitals. The tuberculosis sanatoria Crippled Children's Hospital will be able to take in more patients with the funds recommended.

The problem of the treatment and care of indigent

patients with active tuberculosis is not completely solved. The Department of Health is now making a thorough study of this problem.

The State is now treating in its three sanatoria 1,764 patients with tuberculosis.

	Patients in Sanatoria	Unused Beds Due to Lack of Medical-Nursing Staff
Mt. Alto	707	218
Cresson	573	58
Hamburg	484	120
	1,764	396

There are at present 471 cases listed and waiting admission to these institutions. Personnel difficulties preventing complete occupancy, if and when solved, would enable these institutions to provide treatment for 396 cases. It would be vain to expand our facilities until we have the staff and personnel to utilize our present capacity. Cities and counties are caring for 1,524 cases in local tax-supported institutions.

To assist local communities, as Philadelphia, in bearing some of this case load, new legislation has been introduced (House Bill 54). This will permit many cases to be cared for in local hospitals and help to relieve the wating lists by reimbursing local political subdivisions for a part of their costs. The Health Department is now studying this legislation, as well as the problem of using our facilities to the fullest extent, and should have recommendations at a later date. Stream pollution elimination will be continued; and adequate provisions was made for all other Health Department functions.

For the whole Department of Public Instruction, including universities and colleges and public school subsidies, $368,000,000 is recommended, as compared with $298,000,000 in the present biennium—an increase of $70,000,000. Of this increase public school subsidies consume $48,000,000, and universities and colleges about $10,000,000 additional. The appropriation I recommended for the universities and colleges represents a 40 per cent increase to help those institutions with dwindling enrollment and other financial problems in the trying period ahead.

In view of decreasing student enrollments which likely will be accelerated by defense demands, good judgment dictates that consideration of State co-operation in the establishment of a Free City College in Philadelphia be at this time deferred.

In these times of international tension, when bombers from a hostile country could reach our State within a few hours, we would be derelict in our duty if we did not take whatever steps can sanely be taken to safeguard the people and minimize the damage from such a castrophe. There is much conflicting opinion existing in the Federal Government and among the states on what can sanely be done now. I am recommending that a reserve appropriation for Civil Defense be established, so that in this way the Legislature can provide for such a contingency without running the risk of a Special Session for that sole purpose, which would be costly in money but infinitely more costly in time.

The obligations which confront this Administration from legislative mandates prior to its inception amount to $112,000,000. The reserve for Civil Defense considered necessary is $20,000,000. Twenty million dollars is considered necessary as additional aid to the public schools beyond the requirements of present law; and about $10,000,000 additional is required for the universities and colleges during these critical years. Also, $10,000,000 additional is considered necessary for the Welfare institutions due to higher costs and additional patients and the staffing of new buildings as the latter become available. There was a large reduction in the amount allotted for Public Assistance, $61,000,000; but this was more than offset by the $63,000,000 surplus from the 1947-1949 biennium which was used to finance the Budget of the present biennium. This is a way of showing the need of $163,000,000 of additional revenue.

A more simplified way of showing the need follows: The total appropriations I am recommending, as shown in the Budget, amount to $853,000,000, as compared with $766,000,000 in the present biennium—an increase of $87,000,000. Total funds available for the next biennium from certain existing taxes and surplus are estimated at $690,000,000. This is $76,000,000 less than the present Budget of $766,000,000; and, since my recommendations exceed the present Budget by $87,000,000, the total amount needed is $163,000,000.

The Budget I presented calls for General Fund appropriations, as stated, in the total amount of $853,513,930. To meet that amount of appropriations, I recommend that all emergency taxes, excepting the soft drink tax, be re-enacted. I recommend that the manufacturers' exemption from the capital stock tax be postponed for two years. With all such emergency taxes re-enacted, General Fund receipts are estimated at $680,000,000. With an estimated surplus of $10,026,557, which remains after providing for $16,583,545 of deficiencies, there is an estimated $690,026,557 of available funds for the 1951-1953 biennium. This amount is $163,487,253 less than the required funds necessary for the recommended appropriations.

Early last year there were those in the Duff Administration who estimated that we probably would need about $150,000,000 in additional taxes for the 1951-1953 biennium. Then on June 24th came the outbreak of conflict in Korea. The National economy immediately started to soar. Our own fiscal picture in consequence looked far better. A rise in income and a lessening in expenditures, particularly in the Department of Public Assistance, could be foreseen. Estimates were then drastically revised. By fall of last year, 1950, income had increased somewhat. Industry made plans to produce war materials, and we anticipated a further sharp and precipitous drop in expenditures for public assistance. These two factors alone were expected to whittle down previously anticipated revenue needs. Some were optimistic enough to predict that outgo and income might conceivably balance. But these expectations did not materialize until after the first of the present year, and then not fully. When income did take an upward trend it was not as big a rise as many leaders versed in fiscal affairs had expected, nor did expenditures drop to a degree where a decrease would be reflected appreciably in this biennium.

We now anticipate, with good reasons, a marked decline in the number of those on the public assistance rolls. There is unmistakably a big increase in employment now that the war economy actually is taking larger shape. Employment opportunities should increase, and, more, they should be sustained. Then, too, we will have stricter super-

vision by the Department of Public Assistance. These encouraging factors should effect the reduction in expenditures for this Department as indicated in the Budget.

The foregoing shows some of the dificulties of predicting State finances under the abnormal conditions existing since the outbreak of the Korean War. This is not only true of State finances—it is true in business and in many walks of life.

The most severe criticism that can be levelled against those upon whom I relied for advice in fiscal affairs last year, and whose counsel I followed, is that they were overly optimistic. But who is so infallible as to assert that they were unduly optimistic as that time and in the circumstances which motivated their predictions? True, subsequent events disproved their optimism. The passage of time has been even more severe in the exposure of the pessimism of others. We erred in optimism by over $100,000,000 in estimates; the opposition erred in its pessimism by more than $200,000,000. However, two wrongs do not make a right. Nor do I suggest a balancing of these wrongs to attempt escape from a mistake through means of a lesser degree of error.

Frankness and honesty impels me to a full admission of our own error. This wrong and this error must be admitted, candidly, humbly. No one regrets this mistake more than I, because it now confronts me with the unpleasant task of proposing new forms of taxes which I, in good conscience, thought could be avoided. Do not misunderstand me, I am not now trying to excuse that error. Nor do I for a moment condone it. We did err in our estimates by our failure, if you wish to so term it, to forsee the great increase in expenditures and new demands of this abnormal period.

We are now confronted with the problem of raising the required funds. We can be thankful at least a problem more than twice our margin of error is not posed for us by the fulfillment of the prediction of the opposition that $300,000,000 to $350,000,000 would be required for the next biennium. We, all of us, must be realistic in trying to meet the conditions with which we are faced and which we must have the courage to meet. It is not easy to impose the taxes we must raise. I take no pride in the paternity of any new tax measures I recommend to you. Those who may be critical for these proposals may with good integrity, ask themselves: "What would I propose as taxes to raise $163,000,000 with equitable contribution by the taxpayer?"

Today we are faced with the fact that the cost of everything are rising fast. The upward flight is due to the Korean conflict and the prospect borne of it for a Third World War. That is the situation. It is here in government as it is in every business, every industry—yes, even in every household in Pennsylvania. All of us must face it, however much we dislike it. Just as it costs you more today than it did six months ago to run your house or business, so it costs more to conduct the business of the Commonwealth.

That is why we have to impose additional taxes today that were not foreseen even back six months ago. That is why I cut to the bone the appropriations I have asked the General Assembly to approve that we may run the State's business properly. I shall insist that the State's business be run economically during the next two years.

I am convinced that the reductions I have made will not impair the services rendered our citizens by the various departments of the State government.

In preparing the Budget I likewise slashed requests for construction appropriations I did this because I feel that under the increasing stringencies which necessarily are a part of any wartime economy, materials will not be available for public works at anywhere near the level some people contemplated. However, if the war economy should at any time permit, construction can be taken care of under the State Authorities.

I have given a great deal of thought to the problem of raising this $163,000,000 of additional revenue. I have conferred with legislators, with representatives of many groups, and with many individuals, about this problem.

I firmly believe that the financial requirements of the Commonwealth have outgrown our present revenue system. I am firmly convinced the situation demands a broadening of the tax base. To further postpone this imperative step would be the timid answer to political expediency. A sound State financial structure is now essential. We can tolerate no further delay.

Over the years there has grown up a system of selected sales taxes, including the profits of the Liquor Stores, which along with two major taxes on corporations, constitute the bulk of our State revenue system.

As you know, there was a large amount of additional revenue raised in 1947. That was accomplished in a large part by increases in existing taxes, which increases have been continued since that time.

I believe you will agree with me that we have gone as far as we can go in increasing most existing taxes. There are ominous signs that to go further we would reach the point of diminishing returns, if indeed we have not already passed that point. I am convinced that existing taxes in relation to the taxes in surrounding states are as high as they should be.

The point I want to make here is that we cannot secure $163,000,000 in additional revenue by making all existing taxes top-heavy.

That is the situation at the present time. In recommending a program for additional revenue, I am looking ahead two years, and even beyond that. One of the great increases in State appropriations is that for the public schools. For instance, in the 1945-1947 biennium $125,000,000 was appropriated for public school subsidies, only a part of the amount provided for education. In 1949-1951, $203,000,000 was appropriated for the same purpose. My recommendation for 1951-1953 is $250,000,000—double that of 1945-1947.

Now, let's look forward to the 1955-1957 biennium. School costs, under our existing laws, are estimated to be $96,000,000 above the amount required in the present biennium.

The present taxation system has been stretched to its limit. A new source or new sources are necessary to meet the increasing financial needs of the Commonwealth. In looking for new sources we are circumscribed by the Constitutional provision that all taxes shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. We have considered all possibilities, and have arrived at the decision that an individual flat rate income tax of ½ per cent will distribute the burden most widely and will be the least burdensome to the people of the State. It will fall least heavily upon those who can least afford to pay additional taxes.

The greater part of the need for additional revenue arises from financing the Soldiers' Bonus, Civil Defense, and additional public school subsidies and payments to the Teachers' Retirement Fund. It seems to me that all citizens of this State should share in paying off the Soldiers' Bonus, in paying for Civil Defense, and in helping to pay the cost of educating our children. With the Federal Government rates of income tax from 20 to 91 per cent of our net income—and in all probability they will go higher—I regret that it becomes a necessity to ask this contribution of ½ of 1 per cent from our citizens for these worthy purposes which are so clearly a common responsibility of all of us.

A consideration in recommending this income tax is its anti-inflationary character. Still another consideration is that the tax paid will be deductible in computing tax liability for the Federal income tax. The net effect of this feature will considerably reduce the size of this tax for many taxpayers.

For many years tax study groups in this State have recommended an unincorporated business tax, to help equalize the situation between incorporated and unincorporated businesses and to require unincorporated businesses to contribute to the support of the State Government. Under this tax the net income of unincorporated businesses will be included.

In weighing the relative effects of this tax with other broad based taxes, such as general sales and gross receipts, the conclusion is inevitable that with the income tax less harm would be done to business in areas such as Philadelphia and others adjacent to surrounding states, as Delaware, New York and New Jersey, none of which have a sales tax.

An important consideration with any new tax is the problem of collection. Since this income tax would have a withholding tax feature affecting most taxpayers, it has distinct advantages for collection purposes. Moreover, its collection will be aided by a certain amount of correlation between the reported income for this tax and the Federal income tax.

In the consideration of this tax I was aware that it would conflict with the salary and wage tax and tax on net profits of businesses in Philadelphia and a number of other localities. But, in my opinion, the State cannot be excluded from this great field of taxation because some local governments have taken previous action. The State has reserved to local governments a great tax base —real property—and should not be circumscribed to the extent of being excluded from another tax base such as income taxation. Especially is this true when the State is assuming the cost of so many functions of government, the cost of which in other states falls upon local governments, or falls more heavily upon local governments than in this Commonwealth.

This conflict will need, however, the earnest deliberation of the Legislature. The Legislature should give authority to Philadelphia and other local governments to continue their tax along with this State tax. I shall be glad to co-operate with you in solving this problem.

I am also recommending an increase in an existing tax, the Corporate Net Income Tax, because I believe that under the stimulus of defense production and greatly increased Federal taxes corporations can pay that increase in the next two years without undue burden, and I believe that we should keep the income tax on the individual at the lowest possible rate when we consider the whole tax burden which people are now carrying. By increasing the Corporate Net Income Tax one per cent, it appears that we can, with a 1/2 per cent individual income tax, derive sufficient funds to meet our immediate requirements.

My recommendation in this message is estimated to yield the following amounts:

GENERAL FUND REVENUE AND RECEIPTS

	Actual and Estimated 1949-1951	Estimated 1951-1953	1951-1953 Over or under* 1949-1951
Taxes			
Bonus	2,543,000	3,400,000	857,000
Gross Receipts Tax	20,909,500	20,375,000	534,500*
Insurance Premium Tax	23,105,000	20,335,000	2,770,000*
Malt Beverage Tax	46,378,000	46,000,000	378,000*
Legal Documents and Transfer of Securities	1,229,000	1,250,000	21,000
Inheritance Taxes	40,917,000	42,077,609	1,160,609
Cigarette Tax	87,519,000	89,000,000	1,481,000
Liquor Tax	35,557,000	36,800,000	1,243,000
Soft Drink Tax	29,073,000		29,073,000*
Other Taxes, Penalties and Interest	1,759,500	1,299,780	459,720*
Capital Stock, Shares and Loans	115,791,000	121,612,500	5,821,500
Corporate Net Income Tax	149,880,000	220,000,000	70,120,000
Individual Flat Rate Income Tax		119,487,253	119,487,253
Total Taxes	554,661,000	721,637,142	166,976,142
Licenses and Fees	10,979,713	11,410,270	430,557
Fines and Penalties	1,081,398	1,117,880	36,482
Miscellaneous Revenue	11,197,889	9,987,110	1,210,779*
Institutional Reimbursements	20,580,000	19,334,971	1,245,029*
Liquor Store Profits	80,000,000	80,000,000	
Total	678,500,000	843,487,373	164,987,373

The increase in the existing Corporate Net Income Tax from 4 per cent to 5 per cent is estimated to yield $44,000,000, which is just slightly higher than the amount estimated for each per cent of the existing 4 per cent tax for the fiscal years 1950-1951.

The individual income tax recommended is a flat rate tax of 1/2 of 1 per cent, and estimated to raise $119,000,000 for the 1951-1953 biennium. A bill will be submitted to you shortly which will provide for a comprehensive system for the levy and collection of an annual tax upon the income of residents of Pennsylvania, subject to deductions permitted by the Constitution, and upon the income received by non-residents from property owned or from any business or occupation carried on within this State. Provisions will be made for the withholding of this tax on salaries and wages. The Department of Revenue will be charged with the administration and enforcement of the Act.

The amount of the tax for different amounts of income would be as follows:

TABLE OF FLAT RATE INCOME TAX

Income	Tax At 1/2 Per Cent	Income	Tax At 1/2 Per Cent
$1,000	$5.00	$6,000	$30.00
2,000	10.00	7,000	35.00
3,000	15.00	8,000	40.00
4,000	20.00	9,000	45.00
5,000	25.00	10,000	50.00

I have explained to you that the common functions of government to be carried out require a large amount of additional revenue, most of which is the result of legislative mandates prior to this Administration. I have recommended the measures which I consider best for all of our taxpayers, consonant with good fiscal practices. However, if you should arrive at a better solution of this problem with sufficient additional revenue, you would have my co-operation.

JOHN S. FINE.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce bills at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Messrs. LANE and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 388, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507), entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes, and, in cities coextensive with counties, for city and county purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes," by providing for determination of the annual rate of such tax by the county commissioners.

Which was committed to the Committe on Local Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 389, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring shot-firers in mechanized mines to have helpers and defining the duties of such helpers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 390, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 9 of Article 4 of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756) entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by providing for the installation and use of water pipes and sprinklers to allay coal dust at certain operations in mechanized mines.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1 of Article V and to add section 10 to Article VIII of the act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by further regulating inspection of mines by fire bosses regulating transportation of portable machinery.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Messrs. LANE and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 392, entitled:

An Act to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon railroads by requiring common carriers by railroad to furnish flag protection to all trains occupying the main track; and to provide a penalty for the violation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

REQUESTING INFORMATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF FORESTS AND WATERS AND REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. YOSKO, offered the following resolution which was twice read, and referred to the Committee on Rules:

In the Senate, March 21, 1951.

Whereas, Many of the facts, figures and documents pertaining to the affairs of the Commonwealth's Department of Forests and Waters have apparently been classified as "top secret," and

Whereas, Both press and public have upon occasion been denied access to facts, figures and documents properly a public record, and

Whereas, As a result of the failure upon the part of the Department of Forests and Waters to establish a helpful public relations policy, rumors and charges detrimental to the Department have been circulated, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Committee on State Government of this Senate be requested to obtain from the Department of Forests and Waters and report to this body the following information:

(1) A complete list of all purchases of land for various projects, the prices paid for the various parcels together with the assessed valuation of each parcel.

(2) Total cost of surveys made by the Department from January 1, 1947, to January 1, 1949, together with a breakdown of the survey cost for each particular item or project.

(3) Names and salaries of departmental personnel who were non-residents of Pennsylvania at the time of their employment by the Department of Forests and Waters, or immediately prior thereto.

(4) List of salary increases over and above original salary base of departmental executive personnel employed on any phase of the Schuylkill River project.

(5) List of engineering fees, paid to whom and for what particular projects or surveys.

(6) List of financial commitments, if any, made by the Department of Forests and Waters, during last three years before funds were legally available for its use.

(7) Terms of the contract with the company organized by the Department of Forests and Waters for the purpose of handling the engineering phases of the Schuylkill River project.

(8) The reasons why departmental records relating to the public business have not been made available for the use of the representatives of the press.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I do not want to delay adjournment today of the Senate nor do I want to go into the message of the Governor in toto. I just want to refer to the last two lines of the Governor's remarks, which to refresh your minds I will read, and I quote:

"However, if you should arrive at a better solution of this problem with sufficient additional revenue, you would have my cooperation."

Mr. President, I think that the Governor is entitled to the courtesies of the Senate and Members of the Legislature and the benefit, if any, of our studies of the State's fiscal problems, and the recommendations, if any, that we may make, and I believe that that is a proper approach to a governmental duty. I have long been a critic of the type of senatorial activity in the Federal Government where the opposition has sniped for years and I regret, too, that the Governor saw fit to inject into his statement today some very cutting words relative to the Federal Budget, and I assume he knows no more about that than I do. He excuses the increase in Pennsylvania on the ground of increased cost, but does not give the same consideration to those that have the same problems and for the same reasons in the Federal Government. However, you will note that although there is a great deal of criticism against the Federal Budget, and the words "fat" and "lard" are used quite extensively, it is also true that there are hearings held upon the departmental requests.

Mr. President, I have looked through the budget, and for the information of the Senate, so that the Members of this Senate may take a little something home to study, I want them to take Page 1 and Page 38 of the Budget. I want them to take the figures used by the Governor under "Funds Available" on Page 1. Then, take on Page 38 the item headed "Summary of General Fund Revenues and Receipts," and take the "Total General Fund Revenue," and make a comparison between Page 1 and Page 38, because that will be the subject of my discussion on Monday.

Mr. President, I think it is only fair that I should tell the Senate that I, too, am seeking the truth in the matter. I am not interested in the political angle of it. If I am wrong in my assumptions, you will better be able to tell me so if you know what I am going to talk about.

I do not believe, and I say it now from an offhand study of the Budget Message and of the budget itself, that we need one hundred and sixty-three million more dollars. I do not believe that we necessarily must put an income tax burden upon the people of Pennsylvania. Under some conditions I subscribe to a broader tax base, and under Act 481, upon the floor of the Senate I said that we would rue the day that we passed that piece of legislation. I think the day has arrived. I do not believe at this moment that this is an all-inclusive tax and budget message. I believe the Governor, with the advice that he has received, is trying to do his best in the matter, but I do not believe that any person can base a tax or a need for revenue upon a campaign speech.

Mr. President, I have told people, and they have not believed me, that when the campaigns were on, the talks of surpluses were nothing but catchall phrases, hoping to get the votes.

Mr. President, I think that in 1946, the Democratic Party was defeated largely by the well publicized statement that there was a two hundred million dollar surplus in the budget. Governor Duff was elected I think to a great extent upon that statement. I said then that there was no such animal and I said last year that there was no such animal when it was again used in the campaign. However, if the people, through the medium of the newspapers, want to keep on being fooled, that is no blight upon my conscience. I do not suppose much of what I say will ever get to the public, but some day somebody may read it.

Mr. President, if the Members of this Senate will take the speeches made in 1947 and 1949 by the Democratic leaders, you will find that every statement we made has been borne out by the facts. We were ridiculed by the opposition, but the facts remain.

I say now publicly there is no need for additional taxes in Pennsylvania. I say now that the budget itself, as I have said before, may not contain "fat" but it contains a great deal of "milk" and "water." I want you now to agree with me, if you can, that if the Governor is sincere in desiring to be cooperative, the proper thing for the Senate to do, the Appropriations Committee to do, is to call before it every department head with his request for his departmental expenses, and the Budget Director, to tell us how they have arrived at the figures and how they have arrived at the budget. If we do not do that, we are guilty of committing the same errors that we have committed for many years in Pennsylvania, and remember, it is more serious now than at any time in our history, because the history has been that when a tax is placed upon the books, that tax becomes a permanent feature of our haphazard tax structure. I agree with the Governor that our tax system in Pennsylvania is outmoded. We have said that for years. I say that at this time we ought to take the word "emergency" away from the so-called emergency taxes passed in 1935 and 1937 by the Earle Administration, for which we were defeated by the people of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, I say that it is time we make them what they are, permanent taxes, permanent in every aspect, and stop this business of coming in here and fighting through every two years a set of taxes that are no more an emergency set of taxes than the man in the moon; they are absolutely no emergency taxes because since 1935 they have been permanently placed upon the books of this Commonwealth. I think that the time has come when we should have the courage to stand before the people and say, "These are the taxes of Pennsylvania," so that the next Legislature when it meets will not be asked to come before the people and reinaugurate taxes that have been on the books for years.

Mr. President, if after three months we are not entitled to two weeks to study the budget, then I agree that we ought to meet four or five days a week, put your tax bills in—you have the votes—pass them over the opposition, railroad the situation through and go home within three weeks from today. However, if you are going to allow a perusual and study of the budget, we may have to stay two months or more, but in the face of the fact that you are now placing a new type of taxation upon the people of Pennsylvania, you ought to study its effects.

When the original income tax was passed by the Federal Government, it was passed with the cry that it was an emergency proposition. I have the arguments that were given in the Federal Congress at the time by the proponents of the tax measure, and Lord only knows what has happened to the Federal Income Tax. You need not believe that a half of one per cent wage tax or earnings tax, whatever you want to call it, now placed upon the people is the last word. If you are going into that phase of taxation, let us take the argument of the Governor, in which he said, If I remember rightly that to some this tax, by virtue of the fact that it is deductible from Federal Income Tax, will be a reduction in taxes. That, of course, is a logic I cannot follow through. However, he did say that, and if that is true then perhaps we ought to study the tax structure, eliminate certain other phases of taxation and then put on a broad base tax, but put it on the basis that we can say that this is sufficient money for Pennsylvania for the next biennium, and the next biennium and the next biennium.

Mr. President, I cannot understand the negative language in the Governor's message, and this to me is double-talk if ever I heard any, and I think it is fair to say it that way without being unduly critical, in which he says and I quote:

"Still further evidence of the fact that this budget has been severely pruned is that $35,000,000 has been cut from normal departmental requests for appropriations, not including requests for construction."

Now, Mr. President, in effect he is telling us he saved us thirty-five million dollars by the departments asking for thirty-five million more than what they received, money that they have never spent or ever had budgeted before. He saved thirty-five million dollars. Now, by the same logic he could have saved two hundred fifty million dollars by having the departments ask for two hundred fifty million more than what they needed. That is a negative argument. The fact that your administrative costs have gone up in this biennium—some of you who are harboring the illusion that there is a cut in the budget are not being fair to yourselves or your constituents, because the departmental expenses have gone up.

Then, Mr. President, he said that there has been an increase in school teachers from something like one hundraed twenty-five million to two hundred fifty millions of dollars since the 1945 biennium. That is true, mandated increases by the Legislature, but who in this room would suggest that teachers' salaries go back to the 1945 maximum and minimum? We cannot do that. So, that is a proper item. However, just take your budget and search it. Your administrative cost of the Executive Branch of Government directly under the Governor, have gone up from thirty-one odd million dollars to seventy-two million dollars in the same period.

These items are items of interest to the people of Pennsylvania, and I do not hope to break the news with them. I am hoping to tell you, as Members of the Senate, that regardless of who the Governor is, regardless of who the Chief Executive is, we still are the persons who are responsible for the tax program in Pennsylvania. We still are the persons who are responsible for the appropriations in Pennsylvania, and the last two lines which I quote again, and I quote them because those last two lines contain the meat of the entire situation in Pennsylvania:

"However, if you should arrive at a better solution of this problem with sufficient additional revenue, you would have my cooperation."

Mr. President, if we accept this budget and the Governor's tax program in toto, we are in effect saying to the people of Pennsylvania that we know no better, that we have searched for nothing better, and that what we ought to do is come to Harrisburg, take the little petty bills that are presented to us—some appear on the Calendar today—pass them, wait for the Governor to give us his message, take the bills that he drafts which are sent over here, pass them and go home, that we are no longer a separate branch of government.

Mr. President, I have said this even in the Democratic days and I say it now. This budget needs pruning, this budget needs cutting. There has not been one person dropped from the pay rolls in Pennsylvania under this budget, not one person dropped from the pay rolls. We were told that two hundred fifty thousand dollars would take care of civil defense on the floor of the Senate. I said twenty million dollars. I was laughed at, the papers ridiculed me, but in this budget it is twenty million dollars for civil defense. I can only say I was right. It will not do the people any good, but these are things that are important and things that from now until Monday you and I have a chance to study in a sincere effort to show that there is no need in Pennsylvania, no need in Pennsylvania, and I emphasize that with every bit of sincerity at my command, there is no need in Pennsylvania for an income tax.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unaminous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland, we certainly are not going to discuss the budget this morning. That was the shortest non-discussion of the budget we will hear, I will assure you of that.

Mr. President, may I suggest to the gentleman from Westmoreland, I agree with him one hundred per cent when he discusses some of the idiosyncrasies in performance as compared to platform.

Mr. President, the first campaign in which I was permitted to indulge, not as a voter but in an endeavor to arouse the voters by ringing door bells, was the campaign of 1916, in which the winning candidate at that time had a slogan of, "Relect Wilson because he kept us out of war," and I certainly suggest to the gentleman from Westmoreland that it has been my observation, not as a political matter but merely as a student of government, that a long series of Democratic administrations has sug-

gested to me that the field of performance as far as they are concerned is sown with the seeds of confusion.

Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that we are just as deeply interested on this side of the aisle in taking this budget apart slowly, step by step, reconstructing it so that the people of Pennsylvania will know that as far as the General Assembly is concerned, the fifty Members of the Senate are going to do their utmost to give a clear, concise picture of the fiscal problems facing Pennsylvania without attempting to confuse it with a cloak of political bric-a-brac.

May I say, Mr. President, that the statement contained in last two sentences that were quoted over and over and over by the gentleman from Westmoreland from the Governor's message is made with all sincerity. Since I have been a Member of this Senate, I have had the pleasure of listening to the gentleman from Westmoreland get up shortly after every budget message and give his budget message to the Commonwealth. That budget message I have always very carefully read, and may I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, I have filed them away, and when we start to discuss the Dent budget for the 1951-1953 Session I will have on my desk the Dent budget for 1945, the Dent budget for 1947 and the Dent budget for 1949.

May I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, when he reverts to that twenty million dollars for civil defense, his suggestion carried more weight with the Chief Executive in that particular phase than did mine. I said two hundred fifty thousand and he said twenty million dollars. You can see what happens now. Evidently he has a lot of influence in the Executive Department because that is what you find in the budget.

Mr. President, may I say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that if he has any more suggestions to make, he can keep on making them, because he is having a lot of luck with them. When we start taking this budget apart and putting it together again, may I suggest that we do so with the idea of not criticizing either political party, but let us see if we cannot give the people of Pennsylvania the truth.

Mr. President, we are not going to get to first base in discussing this budget if we start to revert to how we are attempting to hide things in here that should not be here. For example, the gentleman from Westmoreland mentioned the fact that not one payroller has been dropped from the pay roll in this budget. Why, Mr. President, there is a gyro off Capitol Hill at this present time, and every Department Executive knows it. Every employee we have is being weaned away from us by the exorbitant salaries that are being paid by the Federal government. There is not a day goes by that we do not have a graphic example, and I give this example just as an illustration. A typist at twenty-one hundred eighty dollars under the State pay roll starts out as a typist in the Federal Government at thirty-four hundred eighty dollars. No wonder we are losing employees on Capitol Hill. They are being weaned away from us by the exorbitant salaries paid by the Federal Government. We cannot hope to meet those salaries in this budget, and we are not going to try to. It is not a question of dropping employes. We are going around on our hands and knees trying to beg people to stay with us.

Let us be fair with the people of Pennsylvania when we start to analyze this budget, and nobody, Mr. President, will be more constructively critical of the figures in here or the modus operandi to arrive at a crystallization of opinion than the gentlemen on this side of the aisle.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. Presilent, I appreciate that all of this started back in Wilson's day, and I guess we can blame the budget increases on the fact that Wilson made a statement in his campaign that he would not take us back into war or rather there would be no war. However, bringing it up to date, I think that if the gentleman will look into the facts on Federal Government pay rolls, he will find that just as we have classifications, the Federal Government also has them. You may blame it on what that illusive non-governmental agency calls Civil Service, something that took out of the hands of men in public life the right to set salaries and the right to hire people, because they said that Civil Service would take politics out of government. It has perhaps taken politics out of government but it has certainly put it into the hands of a few people who, regardless of what title they go under, still work on the old operation of taking care of their friends regardless of what they are.

Mr. President, I might say that weaning away is not only a process that the Federal Government might be accused of, because I understand that even college presidents are being weaned away from presidencies of colleges at seventy-five hundred dollars a year to take fifteen thousand dollar jobs.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, for seventeen years I have been here in the General Assembly and each Session the same story gets out about budgets, and a budget politician tries to disguise how to cut budgets but not hurt any of his friends.

Mr. President, today we have in Pennsylvania the greatest hodgepodge tax system than any state in the United States. On the State level, the county level, the borough, the township and the city level, we have overlapping government expenditures of money that are not necessary, and I think this is the opportune time, in answer to the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, to present a bill to provide for the creation of the State-Local Relationship Committee, in which the people shall be selected from business, from the Economy League, from the Chambers of Commerce, from the Manufacturers Association, who will actually make a study of government and bring government and taxes up to date, because as it is now, there is no rhyme or reason to the taxation system.

Mr. President, we have the largest budget, I believe, any State in United States has, with the exception of New York, and one which has increased in the last fifty years a thousand per cent. I believe it is time for us to get some people in there to help us with a little bit of brains because, God knows, this budget as given to us does not mean anything but a jumble of figures. We do not know what they represent, who they represent or what type of work is being done.

Therefore, Mr. President, I rise in place and present to the Chair a bill to provide a State-Local Relationship Committee, which will make a study of government services as well as the tax problems of Pennsylvania. This is in line with the "Little Hoover Commission" which all you Republicans are always talking about.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOLLAND, read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act to provide for creation of a "State-Local Relationship Committee," prescribing duties of said committee, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BERGER, read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 394) entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred six of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by eliminating the provisions making it unlawful to carry unloaded rifles and shotguns in or on any vehicle or conveyance unless said rifles and shotguns are in cases or securely wrapped, and also eliminating the provisions making it unlawful to possess cartridges or shells for hunting in vehicles or conveyances unless they are in unbroken original cartons, or securely wrapped.

Which was commited to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

Mr. BRYNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BRYNE, read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 395, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 5 of the act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 566), entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof, and out of the treasury of said cities; and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by providing for the refund of contributions upon the death of any pensioner when such contributions exceed beneficiary payments made to such pensioner.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, March 26, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:51 o'clock a. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Monday, March 26, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, March 21, 1951.

The House met at 9:30 a. m.
The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

Honorable Charles R. Reagan, a Member of the House from Union County, offered the following prayer:

May Thy yoke help these sincere servants to carry the burden that is theirs. Make Thy presence felt so that no one can forget Thee or ignore Thee; for in Thee do we trust and Thy strength is made perfect in our weakness. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, March 20, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

SENATE MESSAGES

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session Wednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock a. m. in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Resolved, (if the Senate concurs), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate, (if the Senate shall appoint such committee), be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives to escort His Excellency, the Governor, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session on Wednesday, March 21, 1951 at 10:00 o'clock a. m. pursuant to a concurrent resolution already adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House for the Joint Session has performed that duty, and the Senate is now present.

The SPEAKER. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

The Lieutenant-Governor is invited to preside over the Joint Session of the General Assembly, the President pro tempore and the Secretary of the Senate are invited to the rortrum.

The Members of the Senate will be seated in the chairs provided for them in the well of the House.

The Chair has the honor to present the Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth, the Honorable Lloyd H. Wood who will preside over the Joint Session of the General Assembly.

JOINT SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LLOYD H. WOOD PRESIDING

COMMITTEE ESCORTING GOVERNOR

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE. Mr. President, the committee appointed to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House.

Mr. DIEHM. Mr. President, I have the honor to present His Excellency, John S. Fine, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The PRESIDENT. Members of the General Assembly, I have the honor and the privilege of presenting His Excellency, John S. Fine, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, who will now address you.

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR JOHN S. FINE

To the Honorable, The General Assembly
Of The Comonwealth Of Pennsylvania:

On Monday of this week I presented to you, the Members of the Legislature, the Biennial Budget for 1951-1953 with my Budget Message. In that message and Budget I showed that I am recommending $853,000,000 of appropriations for the 1951-1953 biennium, and promised to give you my recommendations today for revenues to meet that amount. In my Budget Message, I showed that the estimate of revenue from certain existing taxes for 1951-1953 is $680,000,000, which, with an estimated surplus of $10,000,000, is $163,000,000 short of the $853,000,000 of the recommended appropriations.

Before taking up revenues, there are some comments I want to make about the Budget and, especially, I want to show why a large amount of additional revenue is necessary.

I want to reiterate and emphasize the statement I made in my Budget Message. It was that the large amount of obligations to be financed because of legislative mandates prior to this Administration, and the tremendous tax burdens the people are now carrying, made it imperative to cut requested appropriations to an irreducible minimum.

An examination of the Budget shows just how that was done. Appropriation requests were pruned and repruned. There is no fat in this Budget. Rather, my concern is on the other side. We are predicting for two of the most uncertain years imaginable. Since the advent of the Korean war, prices have been going up; and who can tell what will happen to them in the two years from next June 1st. Some of the appropriations may prove to be insufficient—we may have pruned too close. We hope we have not done so.

I made a special attempt to single out the essential functions and to give them special attention in the allotment of funds. At the head of the list are Civil Defense, Health, and Education. Provision was made for continuing the excellent program of examining school children. The medical hospitals—both State-owned and State-aided—were allotted additional funds; provision was made for additional patients and better and enlarged care and treatment at the mental hospitals. The tuberculosis sanatoria

and Crippled Children's Hospital will be able to take in more patients with the funds recommended.

The problem of the treatment and care of indigent patients with active tuberculosis is not completely solved. The Department of Health is now making a thorough study of this problem.

The State is now treating in its three sanatoria 1,764 patients with tuberculosis.

	Patients in Sanatoria	Unused Beds Due to lack of Medical-Nursing Staff
Mt. Alto	707	218
Cresson	573	58
Hamburg	484	120
	1,764	396

There are at present 471 cases listed and awaiting admission to these institutions. Personnel difficulties preventing complete occupancy, if and when solved, would enable these institutions to provide treatment for 396 cases. It would be vain to expand our facilities until we have the staff and personnel to utilize our present capacity. Cities and counties are caring for 1,524 cases in local tax-supported institutions.

To assist local communities, as Philadelphia, in bearing some of this case load, new legislation has been introduced (House Bill 54). This will permit many cases to be cared for in local hospitals and help to relieve the waiting lists by reimbursing local political subdivisions for a part of their cost. The Health Department is now studying this legislation, as well as the problem of using our facilities to the fullest extent, and should have recommendations at a later date. Stream pollution elimination will be continued; and adequate provisions was made for all other Health Department functions.

For the whole Department of Public Instruction, including universities and colleges and public school subsidies, $368,000,000 is recommended, as compared with $298,000,000 in the present biennium—an increase of $70,000,000. Of this increase public school subsidies consume $48,000,000, and universities and colleges about $10,000,000 additional. The appropriation I recommended for the universities and colleges represents a 40 per cent increase to help those institutions with dwindling enrollment and other financial problems in the trying period ahead.

In view of decreasing student enrollments which likely will be accelerated by defense demands, good judgment dictates that consideration of State co-operation in the establishment of a Free City College in Philadelphia be at this time deferred.

In these times of international tension, when bombers from a hostile country could reach our State within a few hours, we would be derelict in our duty if we did not take whatever steps can sanely be taken to safeguard the people and minimize the damage from such a catastrophe. There is much conflicting opinion existing in the Federal Government and among the states on what can sanely be done now. I am recommending that a reserve appropriation for Civil Defense be established, so that in this way the Legislature can provide for such a contingency without running the risk of a Special Session for that sole purpose, which would be costly in money but infinitely more costly in time.

The obligations which confront this Administration from legislative mandates prior to its inception amount to $112,000,000. The reserve for Civil Defense considered necessary is $20,000,000. Twenty million dollars is considered necessary as additional aid to the public schools beyond the requirements of present law; and about $10,000,000 additional is required for the universities and colleges during these critical years. Also, $10,000,000 additional is considered necessary for the Welfare institutions due to higher costs and additional patients and the staffing of new buildings as the latter become available. There was a large reduction in the amount allotted for Public Assistance, $61,000,000; but this was more than offset by the $63,000,000 surplus from the 1947-1949 biennium which was used to finance the Budget of the present biennium. This is a way of showing the need of $163,000,000 of additional revenue.

A more simplified way of showing the need follows: The total appropriations I am recommending, as shown in the Budget, amount to $853,000,000, as compared with $766,000,000 in the present biennium—an increase of $87,000,000. Total funds available for the next biennium from certain existing taxes and surplus are estimated at $690,000,000. This is $76,000,000 less than the present Budget of $766,000,000; and, since my recommendations exceed the present Budget by $87,000,000, the total amount needed is $163,000,000.

The Budget I presented calls for General Fund Appropriations, as stated, in the total amount of $853,513,930. To meet that amount of appropriations, I recommend that all emergency taxes, excepting the soft drink tax, be re-enacted. I recommend that the manufacturers' exemption from the capital stock tax be postponed for two years. With all such emergency taxes re-enacted, General Fund receipts are estimated at $680,000,000. With an estimated surplus of $10,026,557, which remains after providing for $16,583,545 of deficiencies, there is an estimated $690,026,557 of available funds for the 1951-1953 biennium. This amount is $163,487,253 less than the required funds necessary for the recommended appropriations.

Early last year there were those in the Duff Administration who estimated that we probably would need about $150,000,000 in additional taxes for the 1951-1953 biennium. Then on June 24th came the outbreak of conflict in Korea. The National economy immediately started to soar. Our own fiscal picture in consequence looked far better. A rise in income and a lessening in expenditures, particularly in the Department of Public Assistance, could be foreseen. Estimates were then drastically revised. By fall of last year, 1950, income had increased somewhat. Industry made plans to produce war materials, and we anticipated a further sharp and precipitous drop in expenditures for public assistance. These two factors alone were expected to whittle down previously anticipated revenue needs. Some were optimistic enough to predict that outgo and income might conceivably balance. But these expectations did not materialize until after the first of the present year, and then not fully. When income did take an upward trend it was not as big a rise as many leaders versed in fiscal affairs had expected, nor did expenditures drop to a degree where a decrease would be reflected apprciably in this biennium.

We now anticipate, with good reasons, a marked decline in the number of those on the public assistance rolls. There is unmistakably a big increase in employment now that

the war economy actually is taking larger shape. Employment opportunities should increase, and, more, they should be sustained. Then, too, we will have stricter supervision by the Department of Public Assistance. These encouraging factors should effect the reduction in expenditures for this Department as indicated in the Budget.

The foregoing shows some of the difficulties of predicting State finances under the abnormal conditions existing since the outbreak of the Korean War. This is not only true of State finances—it is true in business and in many walks of life.

The most severe criticism that can be levelled against those upon whom I relied for advice in fiscal affairs last year, and whose counsel I followed, is that they were overly optimistic. But who is so infallible as to assert that they were unduly optimistic at that time and in the circumstances which motivated their predictions? True, subsequent events disproved their optimism. The passage of time has been even more severe in the exposure of the pessimism of others. We erred in optimism by over $100,000,00 in estimates; the opposition erred in its pessimisim by more than $200,000,000. However, two wrongs do not make a right. Nor do I suggest a balancing of these wrongs to attempt escape from a mistake through means of a lesser degree of error.

Frankness and honesty impels me to a full admission of our own error. This wrong and this error must be admitted, candidly, humbly. No one regrets this mistake more than I, because it now confronts me with the unpleasant task of proposing new forms of taxes which I, in good conscience, thought could be avoided. Do not misunderstand me, I am not now trying to excuse that error. Nor do I for a moment condone it. We did err in our estimates by our failure, if you wish to so term it, to forsee the great increase in expenditures and new demands of this abnormal period.

We are now confronted with the problem of raising the required funds. We can be thankful at least a problem more than twice our margin of error is not posed for us by the fulfillment of the prediction of the opposition that $300,000,000 to $350,000,000 would be required for the next biennium. We, all of us, must be realistic in trying to meet the conditions with which we are faced and which we must have the courage to meet. It is not easy to impose the taxes we must raise. I take no pride in the paternity of any new tax measures I recommend to you. Those who may be critical of these proposals may, with good integrity, ask themselves: "What would I propose as taxes to raise $163,000,000 with equitable contribution by the taxpayers?"

Today we are faced with the fact that the costs of everything are rising fast. The upward flight is due to the Korean conflict and the prospect borne of it for a Third World War. That is the situation. It is here in government as it is in every business, every industry—yes, even in every household in Pennsylvania. All of us must face it, however much we dislike it. Just as it costs you more today than it did six months ago to run your house or business, so it costs more to conduct the business of the Commonwealth.

That is why we have to impose additoinal taxes today that were not foreseen even back six months ago. That is why I cut to the bone the appropriations I have asked the General Assembly to approve that we may run the State's business properly. I shall insist that the State's business be run economically during the next two years.

I am convinced that the reductions I have made will not impair the services rendered our citizens by the various departments of the State government.

In preparing the Budget I likewise slashed requests for construction appropriations. I did this because I feel that under the increasing stringencies which necessarily are a part of any wartime economy, materials will not be available for public works at anywhere near the level some people contemplated. However, if the war economy should at any time permit, construction can be taken care of under the State Authorities.

I have given a great deal of thought to the problem of raising this $163,000,000 of additional revenue. I have conferred with legislators, with representatives of many groups. and with many individuals, about this problem.

I firmly believe that the financial requirements of the Commonwealth have outgrown our present revenue system. I am firmly convinced the situation demands a broadening of the tax base. To further postpone this imperative step would be the timid answer to political expediency. A sound State financial structure is now essential. We can tolerate no further delay.

Over the years there has grown up a system of selected sales taxes, including the profits of the Liquor Stores, which along with two major taxes on corporations, constitute the bulk of our State revenue system.

As you know, there was a large amount of additional revenue raised in 1947. That was accomplished in a large part by increases in existing taxes, which increases have been continued since that time.

I believe you will agree with me that we have gone as far as we can go in increasing most existing taxes. There are ominous signs that to go further we would reach the point of diminishing returns,, if indeed we have not already passed that point. I am convinced that existing taxes in relation to the taxes in surrounding states are as high as they should be.

The point I want to make here is that we cannot secure $163,000,000 in additional revenue by making all existing taxes top-heavy.

That is the situation at the present time. In recommending a program for additional revenue, I am looking ahead two years, and even beyond that. One of the great increases in State appropriations is that for the public schools. For instance, in the 1945-1947 biennium $125,000,000 was appropriated for public school subsidies, only a part of the amount provided for education. In 1949-1951, $203,000,000 was appropriated for the same purpose. My recommendation for 1951-1953 is $250,000,000—double that of 1945-1947.

Now, let's look forward to the 1955-1957 biennium. School costs, under our existing laws, are estimated to be $96,000,000 above the amount required in the present biennium.

The present taxation system has been stretched to its limit. A new source or new sources are necessary to meet the increasing financial needs of the Commonwealth. In looking for new sources we are circumscribed by the Constitutional provision that all taxes shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. We have considered all possibilities. and have arrived at the decision that an individual flat rate income tax of ½ per cent

will distribute the burden most widely and will be the least burdensome to the people of the State. It will fall least heavily upon those who can least afford to pay additional taxes.

The greater part of the need for additional revenue arises from financing the Soldiers' Bonus, Civil Defense, and additional public school subsidies and payments to the Teachers' Retirement Fund. It seems to me that all citizens of this State should share in paying off the Soldiers' Bonus, in paying for Civil Defense, and in helping to pay the cost of educating our children. With the Federal Government rates of income tax from 20 to 91 per cent of our net income—and in all probability they will go higher—I regret that it becomes a necessity to ask this contribution of ½ of 1 per cent from our citizens for these worthy purposes which are so clearly a common responsibility of all of us.

A consideration in recommending this income tax is its anti-inflationary character. Still another consideration is that the tax paid will be deductible in computing tax liability for the Federal income tax. The net effect of this feature will considerably reduce the size of this tax for many taxpayers.

For many years tax study groups in this State have recommended an unincorporated business tax, to help equalize the situation between incorporated and unincorporated businesses to contribute to the support of the State Government. Under this tax the net income of unincorporated business will be included.

In weighing the relative effects of this tax with other broad based taxes, such as general sales and gross receipts, the conclusion is inevitable that with the income tax less harm would be done to business in areas such as Philadelphia and others adjacent to surrounding states, as Delaware, New York and New Jersey, none of which have a sales tax.

An important consideration with any new tax is the problem of collection. Since this income tax would have a withholding tax feature affecting most taxpayers, it has distinct advantages for collection purposes. Moreover, its collection will be aided by a certain amount of correlation between the reported income for this tax and the Federal income tax.

In the consideration of this tax I was aware that it would conflict with the salary and wage tax and tax on net profits of businesses in Philadelphia and a number of other localities. But, in my opinion, the State cannot be excluded from this great field of taxation because some local governments have taken previous action. The State has reserved to local governments a great tax base—real property—and should not be circumscribed to the extent of being excluded from another tax base such as income taxation. Especially is this true when the State is assuming the cost of so many functions of government, the cost of which in other states falls upon local governments, or falls more heavily upon local governments than in this Commonwealth.

This conflict will need, however, the earnest deliberation of the Legislature. The Legislature should give authority to Philadelphia and other local governments to continue their tax along with this State tax. I shall be glad to co-operate with you in solving this problem.

I am also recommending an increase in an existing tax, the Corporate Net Income Tax, because I believe that under the stimulus of defense production and greatly increased Federal taxes corporations can pay that increase in the next two years without undue burden, and I believe that we should keep the income tax on the individual at the lowest possible rate when we consider the whole tax burden which people are now carrying. By increasing the Corporate Net Income Tax one per cent, it appears that we can, with a ½ per cent individual income tax, derive sufficient funds to meet our immediate requirements.

My revenue recommendation in this message is estimated to yield the following amounts:

GENERAL FUND REVENUE AND RECEIPTS

	Actual and Estimated 1949-1951	Estimated 1951-1953	1951-1953 Over or under* 1949-1951
Taxes			
Bonus	2,543,000	3,400,000	857,000
Gross Receipts Tax	20,909,500	20,375,000	534,500*
Insurance Premium Tax	23,105,000	20,335,000	2,770,000*
Malt Beverage Tax	46,378,000	46,000,000	378,000*
Legal Documents and Transfer of Securities	1,229,000	1,250,000	21,000
Inheritance Taxes	40,917,000	42,077,609	1,160,609
Cigarette Tax	87,519,000	89,000,000	1,481,000
Liquor Tax	35,557,000	36,800,000	1,243,000
Soft Drink Tax	29,073,000		29,073,000*
Other Taxes, Penalties and Interest	1,759,000	1,299,780	459,720*
Capital Stock, Shares and Loans	115,791,000	121,612,500	5,821,500
Corporate Net Income Tax	149,880,000	220,000,000	70,120,000
Individual Flat Rate Income Tax		119,487,253	119,487,253
Total Taxes	554,661,000	721,637,142	166,976,142
Licenses and Fees	10,979,713	11,410,270	430,557
Fines and Penalties	1,081,398	1,117,880	36,482
Miscellaneous Revenue	11,197,889	9,987,110	1,210,779*
Institutional Reimbursements	20,580,000	19,334,971	1,245,029*
Liquor Store Profits	80,000,000	80,000,000	
Total	678,500,000	843,487,373	164,987,373

The increase in the existing Corporate Net Income Tax from 4 per cent to 5 per cent is estimated to yield $44,000,000, which is just slightly higher than the amount estimated for each per cent of the existing 4 per cent tax for the fiscal year 1950-1951.

The individual income tax recommended is a flat rate tax of ½ of 1 per cent, and estimated to raise $119,000,000 for the 1951-1953 biennium. A bill will be submitted to you shortly which will provide for a comprehensive system for the levy and collection of an annual tax upon the income of residents of Pennsylvania, subject to deductions permitted by the Constitution, and upon the income received by non-residents from property owned or from any business or occupation carried on within this State. Provision will be made for the withholding of this

tax on salaries and wages. The Department of Revenue will be charged with the administration and enforcement of the Act.

The amount of the tax for different amounts of income would be as follows:

Table of Flat Rate Income Tax

Income	Tax at ½ Per Cent	Income	Tax at ½ Per Cent
$ 1,000	$ 5.00	6,000	$30.00
2,000	10.00	7,000	35.00
3,000	15.00	8,000	40.00
4,000	20.00	9,000	45.00
5,000	25.00	10,000	50.00

I have explained to you that the common functions of government to be carried out require a large amount of additional revenue, most of which is the result of legislative mandates prior to this Administration. I have recommended the measures which I consider best for all of our taxpayers, consonant with good fiscal practices. However, if you should arrive at a better solution of this problem with sufficient additional revenue, you would have my cooperation.

The PRESIDENT. Governor Fine on behalf of the General Assembly I wish to thank you for your message.

The committee on the part of the Senate and the House of Representatives will escort His Excellency, the Governor to his chambers.

The business for which the Joint Session of the General Assembly was convened, having been completed, I declare this Joint Session adjourned. The Senators will please reassemble in the Senate chamber.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR.

PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT SESSION TO BE PRINTED IN JOURNAL

Mr. BARKDOLL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the proceedings of the Joint Session of the House and Senate held today be printed in full in this day's Journal.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. ERB and MILLS. HOUSE BILL No. 761.

An Act to further amend Section 20 to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vocational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors, courts and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by making delinquent taxpayers pay certain costs of collection.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. FERSTER and BEAVER. HOUSE BILL No. 762.

An Act requiring the disinfecting of vehicles or conveyances that have been used to haul animals affected with or exposed to transmissible diseases; imposing duties and conferring powers on the Department of Agriculture; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Dairy Industries.

By Messrs. TAYLOR and BYRNE. HOUSE BILL No. 763.

An Act providing for regulation, licensing, and bonding of weighers of export and import cargoes at any port in Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. GUARNIERI. HOUSE BILL No. 764.

An Act to amend Section 3 of the act, approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 538), entitled "An act relating to the regulation of rates for insurance which may be written by stock or mutual casualty insurance companies, associations or exchanges, including fidelity, surety and guaranty bonds and all other forms of motor vehicle insurance, and title insurance; to rating and advisory organizations; conferring on the Insurance Commissioner the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons, associations, companies and corporations, and of enforceing the provisions of this act; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before the commissioner, and procedure for review by the courts; giving the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction over certain proceedings; prescribing penalties and providing for enforcement thereof, and repealing inconsistent acts," by requiring that rates relating to motor vehicle insurance shall be uniform within any one city.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. GUARNIERI. HOUSE BILL No. 765.

An Act providing that where a verdict has been rendered for the plaintiff in any action for the recovery of damages to real or personal property, the court shall fix and assess as part of the damages, a reasonable fee for plaitiff's counsel.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. TAHL and RUBIN. HOUSE BILL No. 766.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 998), entitled "An act for the prevention and treatment of mental diseases, mental defect, epilepsy, and inebriety; regulating the admission and commitment of mental patients to hospitals for mental diseases and institutions for mental defectives and epileptics; governing the transfer, discharge, interstate rendition, and deportation of mental patients; providing for the payment by individuals, counties, or the Commonwealth of the cost of the admission, care, and discharge of mental patients; and imposing penalties," by imposing certain restrictions on private mental hospitals and increasing licenses fees and penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. BLAIR. HOUSE BILL No. 767.

An Act to amend the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by authorizing the issuance of non-debt revenue bonds for improvement of a boroughs electric light plant.

Referred to the Committee on Boroughs.

By Messrs. TOLL, LEVEN and LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 768.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 412 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special

and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests, creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by increasing the compensation of election officers in counties of the first and second classes.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. GEER. RESOLUTION No. 23.

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Whereas, Problems relative to the family, to divorce, to non-support, and to the custody of children are of the essence of our social order; and

Whereas, Criticism and complaint concerning the adjudication of domestic problems in Allegheny County have been expressed to a degree that a general dissatisfaction with the disposition of such cases has become manifest; and

Whereas, A specialized treatment of domestic matters by courts separately organized with competent personnel for the same has been in popular and effective vogue in other jurisdictions; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Joint State Government Commission be authorized to study the advisibility and to examine the expediency of the establishment of a Domestic Relations Court in Allegheny County for the exclusive purpose of determining all actions arising from divorce, custody, non-support, and other domestic relations.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. BLAIR. RESOLUTION No. 24.

In the House of Representatives, March 20, 1951.

Whereas, For almost two years the Fort Le Boeuf Chapter of the Daughters of American Colonists and interested citizens of the Borough of Waterford have maintained and staffed the Fort Le Boeuf Memorial, a new historic property of the Commonwealth, which was acquired too late for provision to be made for it in the last general appropriation; and

Whereas, They have improved and kept open to the public a historic shrine which is significant as the scene of George Washington's first service to his country, as the site of the first French fort in the headwaters of the Allegheny, and as a center for the settlement of Northwestern Pennsylvania; and

Whereas, Such examples of citizens acting to help the State without compensation or credit are unfortunately all too rare; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby extends its thanks to the members of the Fort Le Boeuf Chapter of the Daughters of American Colonists and to the citizens of the Borough of Waterford, Erie County, for maintaining and caring for the Commonwealth property at Fort Le Boeuf Memorial until a State appropriation could be made available, and cites them as an unusual example of people acting to aid in a State undertaking; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Mrs. Cynthia Ensworth, Regent of Fort Le Boeuf Chapter of the Daughters of American Colonists, and to Mr. Fred Giesler, Burgess of Waterford.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

PUPILS OF ANNVILLE HIGH SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the House the Junior History Class of the Annville High School here under the supervision of their teachers, Miss Witmeyer and Miss Lehman. They are the guests of the gentleman from Lebanon, Mr. Light.

COMMUNICATION

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication and a resolution from the Borough of Sharon Hill memorializing the legislature to enact legislation authorizing and enabling employees to register under the Social Security Act.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bill numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 47.

An Act to amend clause (i) of section one thousand four hundred and one of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by providing for the purchase and payment for policies of insurance on commission property.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 5.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on the Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictment and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of War or National emergency.

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 22.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 20, 1951.

Whereas The Governor of this Comonwealth has been requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" that the people of this State

be urged to remember the sick and the disabled through their personal visits flowers messages gifts and other acts of solicitude and kindness therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That Pamphlet Laws Concurrent Resolution No 3 approved the 5th day of April 1949 (Pamphlet Laws 2136) is hereby amended to read as follows

Resolved (if the Senate concurs) That the Governor of this Comonwealth is hereby requested and authorized to proclaim March 30th [this year and annually thereafter] every year as "SHUT-IN'S DAY" and to call upon the people of this State to observe the day by remembering the sick and disabled through personal visits flowers messages gifts and other acts of kindness and to make of the same a fitting occasion to display our National colors in conjunction with their personal visits and expressions of sympathetic concern to the sick and the disabled throughout the state and be it further

Resolved That the Chief Clerk be directed to send a copy this resolution to Earl Ruter Turtle Creek Pennsylvania the founder of "SHUT-IN'S DAY"

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 5.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-two (P. L. 32) entitled "An act to protect property and prevent sabotage by prohibiting for a limited period of time certain intentional injuries to and interferences with real and personal property prohibiting certain intentional defects in workmanship limiting the privileges of certain witnesses prohibiting certain entries upon real property and waters authorizing the closing of highways or the regulation or restriction of travel thereon conferring powers on Water and Power Resources Board and providing penalties" by changing certain penalties changing time within which indictments and prosecutions may be brought in certain cases making certain homicides murder in the first degree by extending provisions of the act to periods of war or national emergency

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. TOLL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 6 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases.

Mr. BOLTON from the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Asociations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds, bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations, unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time.

Mr. ZIEGLER from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Honorable S. Harry Myers.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 30. entitled:

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for payments on account of pupil transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better gradation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 921 and Section 922 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the tenure of members and officers of county boards of school directors.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by regulating the conduct and operation of public eating and drinking places within this Commonwealth defining public eating and drinking places requiring their licensing defining licensor conferring certain powers on the Department of Health of this Commonwealth and on the local health authorities providing for appeals in certain cases and conferring jurisdiction in such case upon certain courts providing for summary proceedings for violations of this act and prescribing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by further regulating the organization hours of service vacations and sick leaves of firemen

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act regulating the appointment promotion suspension reduction removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents assistant superintendents inspectors and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Fund by cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493) entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business of work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class second class A and third class and imposing fines penalties and forefeiture for violation thereof" by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 14 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 233) entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care maintenance and relief of aged retired and disabled employees of the Bureau of Police in cities of the second class providing a pension fund for said employees and providing for the payment of certain dues fees assessments fines and appropriations thereto regulating membership therein creating a board for the management thereof providing the amount mode and manner of payment to beneficiaries thereof and for the care and disposition of said fund providing for the payment into this fund by cities of the second class of all monies heretofore payable into any other funds organizations corporations or associations having the same or similar purposes and of such additional monies as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act" by changing the amount of pension payments to beneficiaries.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act to add clause LVII to Section 1502 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by empowering the township commissioners to regulate the streets sewers public squares common grounds sidewalks curbs gutters culverts and drains and the heights grades widths slopes and construction thereof and to grant rights therein for the installation of public utilities in said streets without the consent of the abutting property owners.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act which became a law the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 194) entitled "An act to enlarge the jurisdiction of justices of peace and regulating the fees of constables making sales under this act" by enlarging the jurisdiction of aldermen magistrates and justices of the peace.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act relating to the practice of professional nursing providing for the licensing of nurses and for the revocation and suspension of such licenses subject to appeal and for their reinstatement providing for the annual renewal of such licenses regulating nursing in general prescribing penalties and repealing certain laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 202 418 and 1310 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by changing the name of the State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act creating and establishing a fund for the care maintenance and relief of aged retired and disabled employes of the bureau of fire in cities of the second class creating a board for the management thereof providing the mode and disposition of its funds and providing for the transfer and payment of all moneys and securities in existing funds in similar boards superseded by the fund and board herein created" by changing the compensation of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Board and changing the amounts of contributions by members to the fund and changing the amounts of payments to beneficiaries.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporate nonsectarian boy and girl clubs.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 1449) entitled "An act establishing a court of record in the county of Allegheny for control care guidance treatment trial placement and commitment of delinquent neglected and dependent children under sixteen years of age and of persons over sixteen years of age contributing to or encouraging delinquency neglect or dependency of children defining the jurisdiction and powers of the court and regulating procedure therein providing for the transfer thereto of certain powers functions and duties from other courts providing for the election of judges thereof the appointment of probation officers other necessary staff officials and assistants providing for housing of same and providing for detention facilities making the contributing to or encouraging of the delinquency neglect or dependency of children a misdemeanor and providing penalties" by further regulating the powers duties and procedure of the juvenile court and allowing appeals to the county court of Allegheny County.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 496, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1132 of the act approved the fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519) entitled "An act concerning boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs" by permitting retirement of members of the police force after twenty years of total service deleting requirement for continuous service for such retirement.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions permitting defendants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the grounds that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions relating to admission of beginners.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-four of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1704 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties county institution districts cities of the third class boroughs towns townships certain school districts and vocational school districts conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts and various officers of said political subdivisions and prescribing penalties" by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assessment lists and tax duplicates.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 579, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty three of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for payment of salaries of teachers when schools are closed.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenue for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 30 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by increasing the legal size of pickerel that may be taken from inland waters.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act assenting to the provisions of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in fish restoration and management projects, and for other purposes," approved August ninth, one thousand nine hundred and fifty, and conferring certain powers and duties on the Pennsylvania Fish Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302 of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" by providing that employers' reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ROBERTSON offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 302), page 4, line 4, by inserting after the word "based" the following:
"And Provided further, That no compensation shall be charged to the account of any base year employer under the provisions of this subsection unless such base year employer was also the last employer by whom the compensated employe was employed prior to the date on which he filed his valid application for benefits. Nothing herein contained shall affect the rate or amount of benefits to which a claimant may be entitled under the provisions of Article IV of this act, based upon the claimant's entire base year wages."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be trnscribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 319 of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the employer's right of subrogation.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DOWLING offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 2, line 10, by striking out the bracket before the word "where."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 2, line 13, by inserting a backet before the word "for."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 2, lines 16, 17 and 18, by striking out "] Where a third person is liable to the employe or the" in line 16, and both of lines 17 and 18.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 3, lines 1, 2 and 3, by striking out both of lines 1 and 2 and the words "per centum of the amount recovered" in line 3.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 3, line 3, by inserting a bracket after the word "only."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 319), page 3, line 5, by inserting after the word "employer" the following:
"Reasonable attorney's fees and other proper disbursements incurred in any litigation or in effecting a compromise settlement shall be prorated between the employer and employe, his personal representative, his estate or his dependents."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DOWLING offered the following amendment:

Amend Title, page 1, last line of title, by striking out all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof:
"by providing for the proration of attorney's fees and expenses in subrogation cases."

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous censent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, today a legislative child has been born. apparently born of confusion, sired by indecision, with misinformation attending as the midwife. However, judging by the happy faces I see and by the tumultuous applause, I would gather that this child if indeed not indirectly sired by the majority Members by some sort of artificial insemination that it was at least a welcome advent.

I would gather from the statements made by His Excellency, the Governor, that you had all been consulted, that one by one you had travelled into the office of the Chief Executive and almost on bended knee had said "For God's sake, Governor, give us a flat income tax."

This particular proposal has been a well kept secret. Either you were bound by some sort of unusual understanding, the Governor was mistaken, or the members of the majority party are the most pronounced prevaricators I ever saw. Because last night I circulated among Members of this House whom I have learned to regard as leaders and I asked "What is likely to be the name of the baby that will be born tomorrow?" And one by one, with the most honest look that I ever saw in the eyes of a Republican, they said "So help me Heaven, I don't know. I don't have the faintest idea of what the Governor is going to propose; I have not been consulted."

Now it was not necessary, I presume the way we operate, that you should have been consulted. Perhaps it is not yours to question why; yours just to do and die, and come up to the mark and say "That is it."

I did not arise primarily for the purpose of discussing the budget this morning. I wanted to comment on the

fact that we have on our shoulders a billion two hundred and some million dollars as an over-all budget.

We have met intermittently since the first of January. We meet today without benefit of advice from the Budget Office. I have consulted with more than one Republican leader to ask to what extent the Budget Office was co-operating with the Members of this House in enabling us to reach a clear conclusion as to the financial situation, the needs of our Commonwealth, and I have been told by your Republican leaders that the more they talked to the Budget Officer the more they were confused.

This budget reminds me of the method used to balance one of Governor Martin's budgets. They wrangled and they worried and finally the Budget Officer said "I'll tell you what we will do; how we will balance the budget. We will just lop $21 million off the expenditures, and we will boost estimated receipts by $69 million and that will balance the budget."

A casual survey of this budget would lead me to suspect that that same method was used in balancing this budget.

Now we have a billion two hundred million on our shoulders. Two years from now the billion two hundred million may be a billion four hundred million, and we will meet presumably under the same situation of unpreparedness, of inability to cope with the deceptions, the persistent misinformation which it has been the policy of the Budget Office to disseminate—and every leader on the other side knows it.

I think that this General Assembly should do something to establish its own position as a coordinate branch of our state government, and as a step in that direction I am introducing a bill for which I would like to have Republican co-sponsorship.

I have not sought Republican co-sponsorship for this bill up until this time, but I am going to drop this bill into the hopper, and before I do, if there is any Member on the other side of the House that cares to co-sponsor it I would be glad to welcome his cooperation.

This bill will be accompanied by a resolution. The bill simply provides for an annual salary of Members of this House of five thousand dollars a year, and the resolution declares it to be the sense of the General Assembly that the House and Senate should convene in annual session.

It is my conviction that only by establishing a salary schedule that will make it possible for the Members of this House to devote an increased amount of time to the considerations of the problems that face us, and only by meeting in annual session will we ever be able to pass intelligently upon budgets carrying a billion, two hundred million.

You have heard some discussion concerning who is right and who is wrong concerning their estimates as to what new money would be needed at this session. For myself and for the Minority in the Senate I can say that the published record shows declarations upon the floor of this House that we both said that when this day arrived the amount of new money that would probably be needed would be $160 million.

I made that statement over a year ago, and it was the figure that I used throughout the campaign. I was not deluded by Harold Stassen who said we would need 300 million; I was not deluded by Jay Cook, who said we would need 350 million. Nor did it happen that I was deluded by any Democratic leader who also might have thought,—probably following the leadership of Stassen and Cook and others,—that the figure would be 300 million.

But we did say, and all of our leaders said, that it is time we found out something concerning the incidence of taxes in the Commonwealth; that it is time we found out what the Federal taxes, the local taxes, the State taxes meant to business, meant to the individual taxpayer, and it is time that we endeavor to establish a scientific tax by means of an inquiry that would show the relative amounts that the various taxpayers in the Commonwealth are now paying. Is business overtaxed, is it undertaxed? Is the consumer overtaxed, or is he undertaxed?

Now, the so-called normal taxes—I may not have the exact figures I am using them principally from memory, I think I am approximately right—the normal taxes, and various taxes on business bring us in somewhere between $240 million and $250 million. Then the emergency taxes —and the emergency taxes with the exception of the capital stock tax are consumer taxes—raise probably $315 million.

Then we have the liquor store income, which is also a consumer tax. That comes along with $80 million. Now, I do not know, and I am not prepared to say this morning, that the consumer is overtaxed as compared with business, but I say that when you have a Federal income tax and you have a local wage tax and you come along with a flat state income tax, it is high time that we begin making a scientific inquiry as to who actually is paying these taxes. What amount of all the taxes that we levy on business stays put?

We will have more to say about this general situation as the days go by. I am just wondering how much of the program that the people thought they were buying at the last election has been scrapped. I am not one of those who favor economy at any price. I believe that good schools are worth what they cost. I believe that an over-all sound health program is worth what it costs. There are other essential services that are worth what they cost.

But there are other things that have been promised—I wonder, maybe the Majority floor leader could tell me. On September 30, 1950 there was a specific promise made that there would be financial aid to economically stricken coal communities by means of a revolving fund. The nawspaper story said:

> "In a rally last night at Scranton, a former Superior Court judge proposed a revolving state fund to provide funds for communities desperately in need in order to invite industry to them."

Quite likely that has gone by the board,—I do not know. If that is not rue, if it is in works. Well—that will be that.

Then I have another, on October 26 the judge said that Pennsylvania is going forward with low-cost housing projects so that poor citizens may have a decent place in which to live. Now has that proud and glowing promise been scrapped? Has the revolving fund for the hard coal communities been scrapped? I think we ought to know.

Those are things to be balanced against other needs of the state. Perhaps they do not have any place in an over-all program. I am wondering whether the Committee on Education is satisfied with the program that has been outlined. I say that if the Committee on Education and the Members of this House are not satisfied with the amount of the increase for education it is our business to find a little more money somewhere for education.

The proposal is that we have a budget, we have a tax program. We do not have expert advice upon which to rely and so our duty becomes one of rubber-stamping the budget and rubber-stamping the tax program, permitting the Executive to write in its entirety a legislative program.

I thank the Members of the House for their interest and if there is not any Republic who will put his name on this bill with me, which is designed to increase the salaries of Members of the House, I will send it up all by myself. I am not committing any member of the minority party to support this proposal. Anyway apparently there are no volunteers on the other side. Well perhaps, gentlemen, you are worth exactly the price you place upon yourselves.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman be kind enough to hold that bill, and if he desires any sponsors of this side of the House it may be he can get them.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ANDREWS. Oh, gladly, gladly.

Mr. SMITH. I was afraid, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman would agree.

In regard to the gentleman's bill, I think he would probably have to ask first of all for unanimous consent to have the entire membership of the House sign the bill. I do not believe there is enough room on the front page, nor has he given us sufficient time. So I would suggest that he hold the bill up for a few days, if that is his offer, and maybe he will find he has more sponsors than he realizes.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, would I be permitted to place this bill in the keeping of the Majority Leader as trustee?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman really trusts me and if he trusts me to that extent, I will keep it right here in my desk under lock and key, with permission for him to check on it day by day.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Smith assumes a grave fiduciary responsibility.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have a resolution which is not very long and I would crave the privilege of reading it.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to the reading of the resolution? Is there objection? The Chair hears none and consent is granted.

Mr. ANDREWS. Whereas, the problems awaiting legislative action are continually arising, and especially during a period of uncertainty and change; and

"Whereas, the present practice of offering a biennial solution to the legislative complexities that accumulate during an interim term too frequently precludes the responsive action required by public necessity; and

"Whereas, the periodic peak loads of accelerated activity that are thrust upon the governmental departments and bureaus not only dislocate their normal work routine but cause inconvenience and uneasiness to their personnel and occasionally engender short tempers in all; therefore be it

"Resolved, That it is the considered opinion of the House and the Senate that the General Assembly of Pennsylvania shall convene annually to take the pulse of public thought, to precuss its basic trends of action, and to remedy current exigencies promptly before they can crystallize into chronic complaints."

The SPEAKER. This is not a privileged resolution and will be filed with the Clerk under the rules.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, may I interrogate the Majority Leader?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would first like to ask the gentleman a question.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I want to ask mine first.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I want to ask mine first.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is unable to decide.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I bow to the gentleman if he would prefer asking his question first as long as he has the floor.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, has the Majority Leader any idea as to how many of my resolutions are sewed up in that Rules Committee at the present time?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I probably do not know the number but I would say all of them. The gentleman would know the number better than I.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman inquire how many dead people there are in the cemetary?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, on some future occasion that remark will deserve a seething commentary.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will wait anxiously.

Will the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I shall.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if he is asking for joint sponsorship of his resolution.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I am. I would appreciate it.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, if he will take it away from the desk and pass it over to my desk, I will also take trusteeship of that.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would so request.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I believe the Governor himself has made a statement to that effect and that is one of the reasons for our offering a constitutional convention bill. There is definitely a need for annual sessions to be held; it is a difficult thing to budget our needs for a two year period, and if the gentleman would like to pass the resolution over, he possibly can have joint sponsorship on that too.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I accept the gentleman's offer to act as trustee with thanks.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman withdraw his resolution for the purpose of adding additional sponsors?

Mr. ANDREWS. Yes, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman has covered a lot of territory this morning. I am very much afraid, because of lack of time, that I will not be able to answer

all of his questions. However, there are some of his statements that I am at this time in position to answer.

First of all, I would like to say that I think the gentleman has a bad viewpoint as to the kind of a child that has been sponsored by the Republican party. He insinuates it might not be just quite legitimate. It is. We are going to be proud of it. The tax basis that has been offered today, I am sure, he will agree is fair and just. It broadens the tax base.

It is an easily collected tax. The gentleman has even admitted himself that it is a painless tax. I am quite sure that before this session ends we will be proud of its parentage. He knows that we need new taxes—I think we all know that.

The gentleman has made reference to statements that were made prior to September. I am quite sure that if he will refer—and I am sure he has a copy of it—to the platform of the Democratic party he will definitely see that it states that there will be a Republican deficit.

I would like to remind him that the budget now has an estimate of a surplus of $10 million—no deficit.

The gentleman claims that he hit $150 or $160 million on the head. I admire him for his ability. I think he has great ability in budget affairs, but I would suggest that he pass on some of that judgment to some of the members of his party. Evidently he was right and the candidates of his party were entirely wrong. They mentioned definitely $300 million would be needed in additional funds.

They even went so far, the latter part of October, one of the very top candidates of his party, to say that there would be a $350 million need for new taxes.

The Governor today brought that out in his message. If the gentleman was right in his statement I admire him, but I do not think the candidates of his party should have ignored by what he said and put something in the platform, their own platform, admitting that there would definitely be a deficit.

In regard to the revolving fund, I understand that there is today in the House a bill on the subject and the Committee is making a study of it. That is the only answer I can give to the gentleman. If he will look it up he will see that there is such a bill.

If the gentleman desires answers on those other questions, I am sure that at a later date we can get together and I will be able to give him the answers that I am sure will satisfy him that we of the majority party are serving the public of the State.

We in the Republican party are not trying to hide anything. If we have erred in any of our statements—and we probably did prior to the campaign, we are admitting our error. I think it would be just as nice if the minority party would admit its error when it said there would be a deficit and that $300 million of new taxes would be needed. We have a surplus and only need $163 million. We are going to submit a tax program that is a fair and equitable tax program, and as I have suggested, we will be proud of the child that was born today.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 160 as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198) entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminal causes and suits for penalties granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits conferring powers and imposing duties on the clerk of courts of Allegheny county and providing for the disposition of fees the appointment of officers and employes and for jurors

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 5 of the act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198) entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" as mended by the act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 505) and as repealed in part by the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1308) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 5. (a) The prothonotary and the clerk of courts of Allegheny County shall be the [clerk] clerks of the court hereby created, and each shall assume and perform all of the duties of [clerk] clerks thereof to the same extent and in the same manner as is now required for the court of common pleas and the court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the county, respectively, or as directed by the judges of the court. At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office, in charge of a clerk, or clerks, appointed by the prothonotary or the clerk of courts, with the approval of the majority of the judges of said court who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept in such place as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the particular business of the court at such place the number [duties] and compensation of said clerks to be fixed by [a majority of the judges of said court] the salary board of Allegheny County and such compensation to be paid out of the Treasury of Allegheny County in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law all other necessary assistants shall be appointed by a majority of the judges of said court and their number [duties] and compensation shall be fixed by [a majority of the judges of said court] the salary board of Allegheny County and their compensation shall be paid out of the Treasury of Allegheny County in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law the duties of all clerks and assistants shall be prescribed by a majority of the judges of said court

(b) All fees received by the prothonotary and the clerk of courts from the business of the County Court, may, as in the case of other fees received by them, be applied to the payment of the salaries of said officers respectively, their clerks and assistants, and any other expenses in connection with the discharge of their duties.

All fees or other sums received by any clerk or employe of said court shall be paid into the treasury of Allegheny County.

(c) The president judge of the court may appoint such tipstaves and officers, or employes, as are reasonably necessary to perform the duties usually pertinent to such officers in and about the court-rooms or elsewhere. Their number and compensation shall be determined, from time to time, by a majority of the judges of the court.

The court shall appoint such official stenographers as shall be necessary. Said stenographers shall be appointed, and discharge their duties, and be paid compensation under and subject to the stenographers' act of one thousand nine hundred and seven, its amendments and supplements.

Section 2 Section 6 of said act as amended by the act approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 21) and as amended in part by

the acts approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 51) the twenty-eighth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 515) the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L.183) and the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 184) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 6 The court hereby created shall have jurisdiction

(a) In all civil actions wherein only a money judgment is sought to be recovered and in all actions of replevin in which the sum demanded or the value of the property does not exceed twenty-five hundred dollars except in cases where the title to lands or tenements may come in question

(b) In all proceedings brought against any husband or father wherein it is charged that he has without reasonable cause separated himself from his wife or children or from both or has neglected to maintain his wife or children and in all proceedings where any child of full age has neglected or shall neglect to maintain his or her parents not able to work or of sufficient ability to maintain themselves The court shall have authority to issue writs of habeas corpus in all proceedings provided for in this clause

(c) In all cases of appeals from summary convictions and from judgments in suits for a penalty before a magistrate or court not of record as provided by law

[(d) The jurisdiction hereby conferred in clause (b) and (c) shall be exclusive]

(e) In cases where money has been paid into court or the court acquires control over specific personal property and conflicting claims arise thereto the court may add to the record parties interested by voluntary intervention or by service of process and may cause the necessary parties to interplead for the purpose of determining their respective rights and the money or property in question shall thereupon be paid or delivered over to the person found to be entitled thereto The parties shall file such statements of their respective claims as may be necessary to define the issue as the court may by rule or otherwise prescribe The court shall have power to require the parties to such interpleader to stay proceedings in this or other courts until such interpleader is finally determined The court shall have power to order such sale or disposition of property or money within its control as may seem proper either pending such interpleader or after its determination

(f) In all such civil actions as may be transferred to it by order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County upon consent of counsel for all parties where the sum demanded or the value of the property replevied does not exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars except in cases where the title to lands or tenements may come in question

(g) In all cases involving the support of a child born out of wedlock where the father admits parentage and where he is willing to support the child

(h) In all criminal actions and suits for penalties except that it shall not have jurisdiction in the trial of indictments for arson burglary murder voluntary manslaughter treason or misprison of treason or for violation or conspiracy to violate the election or registration laws of this Commonwealth or for embezzlement by any public officer or any offense involving breach of official duties by any public officer Nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed to deprive the court of exclusive jurisdiction in any case where such jurisdiction is granted by this section

(i) In all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons eighteen years of age or over accused of disorderly street-walking

(j) In all proceedings wherein it is charged that a mother has deserted her child or children or has neglected to maintain her child or children or wherein it is alleged that a grandfather or a grandmother has negelcted to maintain his or her grandchild or grandchildren

(k) In all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one years who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets

(l) All children not under the age of eighteen years deserting their homes without good and sufficient cause or keeping company with dissolute or vicious persons against the lawful commands of their fathers mothers or guardians or other persons standing in the place of a parent shall be deemed disorderly children

(m) The jurisdiction hereby conferred in clauses (b) (c) (i) (j) (k) and (l) shall be exclusive

The judges of said County Court shall be ex officio justices of the peace When defendants are bound over for trial in any case indictments may be presented against them before the grand jury in accordance with existing laws which indictments may be tried either in existing courts or in the County Court as the case may be

All cases of desertion and nonsupport instituted in the court of quarter sessions pursuant to authority of the existing law which are pending and undisposed of in said court at the time this amendment takes effect together with all orders decrees judgments or sentences are hereby transferred to the County Court The said County Court is hereby authorized to hear determine and dispose of the cases hereby transferred and shall have full power and authority to enforce any and all orders decrees judgments or sentences heretofore entered or imposed in such cases by the court of quarter sessions with the same power and effect as if such cases had been originally instituted in the County Court

Section 3 Section 8 of said act as last amended by the act approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred nineteen (P. L. 535) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 8. (a) In any case brought in this court in which the parties are entitled by the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth to a trial by jury, the plaintiff, if he desires a trial by a jury, shall, at the time of filing his statement, indorse thereon, or file separately, a written demand for a jury trial, in substantially the words, "Jury trial demanded," signed by himself or his counsel, and, if no such demand is made by the plaintiff, but a trial by jury is desired by the defendant, he shall in like form, at the time of filing his answer, demand a trial by jury (except a municipality, not being required to file an answer, shall, when defendant, make its demand at least three days exclusive of Sunday before the time fixed for the hearing by the writ). If neither party shall make a demand in writing for a trial by jury, he shall be deemed to have waived his right to trial by jury, and the court shall proceed to try the case without a jury. The party making demand for trial by jury may withdraw the same with the written consent of the other side, filed in the case, and the parties shall be deemed to have waived their right to trial by jury, and the court or any judge thereof may proceed to try the case without a jury the same as if the demand had never been made.

(b) Cases tried by the court without a jury shall be tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe: Provided, That at the trial in the county court of cases before a judge, without a jury, either party may present to the trial judge such requests for findings of law or fact as he may desire, which requests shall be answered by the trial judge; to which answer either party may, within the time prescribed by the court, except; and thereupon such requests for findings and the answers of the court thereto shall become part of the record. The testimony shall be taken stenographically at the expense of the county, and transcribed at the expense of the party desiring such transcript, or at the expense of the county, if the court so orders; and such testimony, when transcribed and certified by the trial judge, shall also become part of the record.

(c) When a jury trial is demanded by either party, the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law, [the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county: Provided, further, That when a jury trial is demanded the court] and shall make a separate list of such cases,

from time to time, as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county-seat. It shall be the duty of the proper officers of Allegheny County to provide such jurors for service in the County Court as may from time to time be requested by order of the president judge, or as may be fixed by general order of the president judge. Jurors shall be summoned as provided by law, and shall receive the same compensation and be subject to the same duties and liabilities as jurors summoned to serve in the courts of common pleas of said county.

Section 4 Said act is hereby amended by adding after section 14 thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 14.1 It shall be the duty of the presiding judge of said court to assign sufficient judges to the trial of criminal cases so that all cases exclusively triable in the said court in which prosecutions may be begun therein or which may be brought therein for trial by the district attorney shall be tried and disposed of as soon as possible after indictment found

It shall be the duty of the district attorney of said county to prosecute all cases in which prosecutions have been begun in the County Court or which have been returned to court by aldermen or justices of the peace for trial and which are exclusively triable in the County Court or which the district attorney elects to try in said court Fees and costs shall be allowed and imposed by said court in criminal cases as fixed by law in cases arising in the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in Allegheny County

In desertion and nonsupport cases there shall be no preliminary hearings but the person accused shall be immediately brought before the court for trial

Except as modified by this act or by its own rules duly adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure shall be the same in the County Court in all matters of which it has jurisdiction as in similar matters prosecuted and determined in courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace of the county of Allegheny

Section 5 Section 15 of said act is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 The said court shall have power to establish rules for the conduct of business of the court and from time to time alter and change the same but no rule shall require the parties to file written pleadings other than as required by the provisions of this act Subject to the provisions of this act the court shall have all the powers of a court of quarter sessions of the peace and oyer and terminer in the county of Allegheny including the power to issue writs of habeas corpus Any clerk of said court shall be empowered to administer oaths or affirmations

Section 6. The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Commonwealth the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 18, Printer's No. 42

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 161, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the pease of said county

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby resolves as follows

Section 1 The following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That section eight article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The said courts in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny respectively shall from itme to time in turn detail one or more of their judges and in the case of the courts of Allegheny County may also detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter

sessions of the peace of said counties in such manner as may be directed by law

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 195, Printer's No. 64 and

House Bill No. 273, Printer's No. 70

were passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 276, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458) entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first second second A and third classes prescribing the rights powers and duties of such authorities authorizing such authorities to acquire construct improve maintain and operate parking projects to conduct research of the parking problem and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government State political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates" by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act aproved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458) entitled as amended "An act creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first second second A and third classes prescribing the rights powers and duties of such authorities authorizing such authorities to acquire construct improve maintain and operate parking projects to conduct research of the parking problem and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government State political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates" as amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 969) is hereby further amended to read as follows

An Act

Creating as bodies corporate and politic "Parking Authorities" in cities of the first second second A and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class prescribing the rights powers and duties of such authorities authorizing such authorities to acquire construct improve maintain and operate parking projects to conduct research of the parking problem and to establish a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities and to borrow money and issue bonds therefor providing for the payment of such bonds and prescribing the rights of the holders thereof conferring the right of eminent domain on such authorities empowering such authorities to enter into contracts with and to accept grants from the Federal Government State political subdivisions of the State or any agency thereof exempting the property and securities of such parking authorities from taxation and conferring exclusive jurisdiction on certain courts over rates

Section 2 Section two and subsections (a) and (b) of section four of said act section two and subsection (a) of section four which were amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 969) are hereby amended or further amended to read as follows

Section 2 Findings and Declaration of Policy

It is hereby determined and declared as a matter of Legislative finding.

(a) That residential decentralization in cities of the first second second A and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class has been accompanied by an ever increasing trend in the number of persons entering the business sections by private automobile as compared with other modes of transportation

(b) That the free circulation of traffic of all kinds through the streets of cities of the first second second A and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class is necessary to the health safety and general welfare of the public whether residing in the city borough or township of the first class or traveling to through or from the city borough or township of the first class in the course of lawful pursuits

(c) That the greatly increased use by the public of motor vehicles of all kinds has caused serious traffic congestion on the streets of cities of the first second second A and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class

(d) That the parking of motor vehicles on the streets has contributed to this congestion to such an extent as to interfere seriously with the primary use of such streets for the movement of traffic

(e) That such parking prevents the free circulation of traffic in through and from the city borough or township of the first class impedes rapid and effective fighting of fires and the disposition of police forces in the district and endangers the health safety and welfare of the general public

(f) That such parking threatens irreparable loss in valuations of property in the city borough or township of the first class which can no longer be readily reached by vehicular traffic

(g) That this parking crisis which theratens the welfare of the community can be reduced by providing sufficient off-street parking facilities properly located in the several residential commercial and industrial areas of the city borough or township of the first class

(h) That the establishment of a parking authority will promote the public safety convenience and welfare

(i) That it is intended that the authority cooperate with all existing parking facilities so that private enterprise and government may mutually provide adequate parking services for the convenience of the public

Therefore it is hereby declared to be the policy of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to promote the safety and welfare of the inhabitants thereof by the creation in first second second A and third class cities boroughs and townships of the first class of bodies corporate and politic to be known as "Parking Authorities" which shall exist and operate for the purposes contained in this act Such purposes are hereby declared to be public uses for which public money may be spent and private property may be acquired by the exercise of the power of eminent domain

Section 4 Method of Incorporation

(a) Whenever the [city] council of any city or borough or the board of commissioners of any first class township shall desire to organize an Authority under the provisions of this act it shall adopt a resolution or ordinance signifying their intention to do so

In the event that such resolution or ordinance sets forth the proposed articles of incorporation in full it shall not be required any law to the contrary notwithstanding in publishing such resolution or ordinance under the provisions of existing law to publish such proposed articles of incorporation in full but it shall be sufficient compliance with such law in such publication to set forth briefly the substances of such proposed articles of incorporation and to refer to the provisions of this act Thereafter the [city] council of any ctiy or borough or the board of commissioners of any first class township shall cause a notice of such resolution or ordinance to be published at least one time in the legal periodical of the county in which such Authority is to be organized and at least one time in a newspaper published and of general circulation in such county Said notice shall contain a brief statement of the substance of said resolution or ordinance including the substance of such articles making reference to this act and shall state that on a day certain not less than three days after publication of said notice articles of incorporation of the proposed Authority will be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

(b) On or before the day specified in said notice the [city] council of any city or borough or the board of commissioners of any first class township shall file with the Secretary of the Commonwealth articles of incorporation together with proof of publication of the notice as aforesaid Said articles of incopration shall set forth

(1) The name of the Authority

(2) A statement that such Authority is formed under the provisions of this act

(3) The name of the city borough or township of the first class together with the names and addresses of its council or board members

(4) The names addresses and term of office of the first members of the board of said Authority

All of which matter shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this act Said articles of incorporation shall be executed by the incorporating city borough or township of the first class by its proper officer and under its municipal seal

Section 3 Subsection (a) of section five and subsection (a) of section eight of said act are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 Purposes and Powers General

(a) The Authority incorporated under this act shall constitute a public body corporate and politic exercising public powers of the Commonwealth as an agency thereof and shall be known as the Parking Authority of the city borough township of the first class but shall in no way be deemed to be an instrumentality of the city borough or township of the first class or engaged in the performance of a municipal function The Authority shall be for the purpose of conducting the necessary research activity to maintain current data leading to efficient operation of off-street parking facilities for the fulfillment of public needs in relation to parking establishing a permanent coordinated system of parking facilities planning designing locating acquiring holding constructing improving maintaining and operating owning leasing either in the capacity of lessor or lessee land and facilities to be devoted to the parking of vehicles of any kind Provided however That the Authority shall not have the power to engage in the sale of gasoline the sale of automobile accessories automobile repair and service or any other garage service and shall not engage in the sale of any commoditiy of trade or commerce

The Authority shall have power to lease portions of the first floor of the parking facilities for commercial use where in the opinion of the Authority such leasing is desirable and feasible in order to assist in defraying the expenses of the Authority Such lease shall be granted on a fair competitive basis

Section 8 Governing Body

(a) The powers of each Authority shall be exercised by a board composed of five members the majority of whom shall be residents of such city borough or township of the first class and all of whom shall be residents of the county wherein the city borough or township of the first class is located The mayor of the city the president of the borough council or president of the board of township commissioners shall appoint the members of the board one of whom shall serve for one year one for two years one for three years one for four years and one for five years from the first day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven Thereafter the said [mayor] appointing officer shall not sooner than sixty days nor later than thirty days prior to June first in each year in which a vacancy occurs appoint a member of the board for a term of five years to succeed the member whose term expires on the first day of June next succeeding Vacancies for unexpired terms that occur more than sixty days before the end of a term shall be promptly filled by ap-

pointment by the mayor Members of the board may be removed at the will of the appointing power

Section 4 Section nine of said act as amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 969) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 9 Acquisition of Lands

The Authority shall have the power to acquire by purchase or eminent domain proceedings either the fee or such rights title interest or easement in such lands as the Authority may deem necessary for any of the purposes mentioned in this act Provided however That no property devoted to a public use nor any property of public service company property used for burial purposes places of public worship nor property which at the effective date of this act is used as a facility or facilities for the parking of motor vehicles so long as said property is continuously so used and so long as the operation of the said facility complies with parking and traffic ordinances of the city borough and township of the first class shall be taken under the right of eminent domain The right of eminent domain shall be exercised by the Authority in the manner provided by law for the exercise of such right by cities [of the class] boroughs and townships of the first class in which the Authority exists Provided That the viewers may take into consideration and may assess damages for expenses incurred for the removal of fixtures equipment and merchandise

The right of eminent domain herein conferred by this section may be exercised only within the city borough and township of the firts class

Court proceedings necessary to acquire property or property rights for purposes of this act shall take precedence over all causes not involving the public interest in all courts to the end that the provision of parking facilities be expedited

Section 5 Sections ten and fourteen of said act are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 10 Moneys of the Authority

All moneys of any Authority from whatever source derived shall be paid to the treasurer of the Authority Said moneys shall be deposited in the first instance by the treasurer in one or more banks or trusts companies in one or more special accounts and each of such special accounts to the extent the same is not insured shall be continuously secured by a pledge of direct obligations of the United States of America of the Commonwealth or of the city borough or township of the first class creating the Authority having an aggregate market value exclusive of accrued interest at all times at least equal to the balance on deposit in such account Such securities shall either be deposited with the treasurer or be held by a trustee or agent satisfactory to the Authority All banks and trust companies are authorized to give such security for such deposits The moneys in said accounts shall be paid out on the warrant or other order of the chairman of the Authority or of such other person or persons as the Authority may authorize to execute such warrants or orders Every Authority shall have at least an annual examination of its books accounts and records by a certified public accountant A copy of such audit shall be delivered to the city borough or township of the first class creating the Authority A concise financial statement shall be published annually at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city borough or township of the first class where the principal office of the Authority is located If such publication is not made by the Authority the city borough or township of the first class shall publish such statement at the expense of the Authority If the Authority fails to make such an audit then the controller auditors or accountants designated by the city borough or township of the first class are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to examine at the expense of the Authority the accounts and books of the Authority including its receipts disbursements contracts leases sinking funds investments and any other matters relating to its finances operation and affairs.

The Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall have the right to examine the books accounts and records of any Authority

Section 14 Termination of Authority

When any Authority shall have finally paid and discharged all bonds which together with the interest due thereon shall have been secured by a pledge of any of the revenues or receipts of a project it may subject to any agreements concerning the operation or disposition of such projects convey such project to the city borough or township of the first class creating the Authority When any Authority shall have finally paid and discharged all bonds issued and outstanding and the interest due thereon and settled all other claims which may be outstanding against it it may convey all its property to the city borough or township of the first class and terminate its existence A certificate requesting the termination of the existence of the Authority shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth If the certificate is approved by the city borough or township of the first class creating the Authority by its ordinance or ordinances the said Secretary shall note the termination of existence on the record of incorporation and return the certificate with his approval shown thereon to the board which shall cause the same to be recorded in the office of the recorder or deeds of the county Thereupon the property of said Authority shall pass to the city borough or township of the first class and the Authority shall cease to exist

Section 6 Section fifteen of said act as amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 969) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 15 Exemption from Taxation and Payments in Lieu of Taxes

The effectuation of the authorized purposes of Authorities created under this act shall and will be in all respects for the benefit of the residents of cities of the second second A and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class for the increase of their commerce and prosperity and for the improvement of their health safety and living conditions and since such Authorities will be performing essential governmental functions in effectuating such purposes such Authorities shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments upon any property acquired or used by them for such purposes Provided however That in lieu of such taxes or special assessments an Authority may agree to make payments to the city or the county or any political subdivision The bonds issued by any Authority their transfer and the income therefrom including any profits made on the sale thereof shall at all times be free from taxation within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 7 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—206

Amarando,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greer,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, R. K.	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Harney,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Snider,
Boorse,	Helm,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,

Breth,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jump,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Kent,	Needham,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Olsen,	Varner,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Light,	Readinger,	White,
Filo,	Limper,	Reagan,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Frost,	Lovett,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lyons,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Madden,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good,	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Goodling,		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Bomberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 484, Printer's No. 73 and

Senate Bill No. 237, Printer's No. 75

were passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 769.

An Act to further amend clause (a) of section one thousand eight hundred three and clause (e) of section one thousand eight hundred six of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for an reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative department boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by further regulating the leasing of State forest and park lands by the Commonwealth and defining the powers and duties of the Department of Forest and Waters and the rights of lessees with respect to such leased lands.

Referred to the Committee on Game and Forestry.

By Messrs. BOWER, REAGAN and TOMPKINS. HOUSE BILL No. 770.

An Act to further reenact and amend the act, approved the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 249), entitled, as amended "An act to provide revenue by imposing an excise tax, payable by those herein defined as manufacturers and bottlers of bottled soft drinks, and syrups as herein defined, prepared, use, sold, transported or delivered within the Commonwealth and by others; requiring persons as herein defined engaged in the manufacture, bottling, distribution, sale and transportation of syrup and bottled soft drinks to secure permits; prescribing the method and manner of evidencing the payment and collection of such tax or assessing the tax; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue and those manufacturing, bottling, distributing, selling and transporting syrup or bottled soft drinks and providing penalties," by extending the provisions thereof for a further period of time; and appropriating the proceeds thereof for flood control.

Referred to the Committee on Wayes and Means.

By Messrs. WILBUR H. HAMILTON and DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 771.

An Act authorizing deductions from the wages or salary of any Commonwealth employee for the purchase of United States Saving's Bonds.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mrs. MARKLEY and Mr. SCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 772.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for the training of uneducable mentally handicapped children at day care training centers provided by the Department of Public Instruction, and the care, training and supervision by the Department of Welfare of children uneducable and untrainable in the public schools; increasing State reimbursements for courses of handicapped children; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. HEWITT. HOUSE BILL No. 773.

An Act to further amend Clause 9 of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending the time within which State employes may become "original members"; and further regulating back payments.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 774.

An Act to amend Section 201 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessment for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating and subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by such counties; prescribing certain duties of an certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by further defining real estate to be valued and assessed for taxation.

Referred to the Committe on Counties.

By Mr. WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 775.

An Act to further amend Section 201 of the act, approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 853), entitled "An act relating to taxation; designating the subjects property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for all local purposes; providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation of persons, property and subjects of taxation for county purposes, and for the use of those municipal and quasi-municipal corporations which levy their taxes on county assessments and valuations; amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto; and repealing existing laws," by further defining real estate to be valued and assessed for taxation.

Referred to the Committe on Counties.

By Messrs. WILBUR H. HAMILTON and CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 776.

An Act to amend Section 506 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 789), entitled, as amended "An act relating to insurance; establishing an insurance department; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating to the licensing, qualification, regulation, examination, suspension, and dissolution of insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and certain societies and orders, the examination and regulation of fire insurance rating bureaus, and the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers; the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies, associations or exchanges; providing penalties, and repealing existing laws," by requiring notice of dissolution of stock or mutual fire insurance companies, associations or exchanges to be given to policyholders or members.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 777.

An Act to further amend sections six and seven of article four of the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 756), entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," by requiring the approval of the Secretary of Mines to the use of the bolting method of roof support in bituminous mines.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. MAZZA. HOUSE BILL No. 778.

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 12 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," by removing the prohibition against the issuance, or the having of more than one distributor's, importing disbutor's or class of license by any person.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. FERSTER and BEAVER.

HOUSE BILL No. 779.

An Act to further amend Section 502 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, P. L. 15), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premies, and the granting of licenses, subject ti local openon, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by providing that if the vote case on the question of granting a liquor license shall result in a tie, the status quo shall obtain.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. FERSTER and BEAVER.

HOUSE BILL No. 780.

An Act to further amend Clause XXXIII of Section 23 of the act approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252) entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts" by prohibiting the sale of malt and brewed beverages between the hours of two o'clock ante medidian and seven o'clock ante meridian on any day, and at any time on Sunday.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. FERSTER and BEAVER.

HOUSE BILL No. 781.

An Act to further amend Section 411 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 15—1933-34), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Publican Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," further regulating the hours when sales may be made by licensees.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. FERSTER and BEAVER.

HOUSE BILL No. 782.

An Act to further amend Section 32 of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 252), entitled as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof, restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," further providing that in the event of a tie vote on local option question, the status quo shall obtain.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. KRATZ and BOORSE.

HOUSE BILL No. 783.

An Act to amend Article X of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," empowering counties to open drains and ditches and prescribing penalties for stopping or damaging the same.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Messrs. KRATZ and BOORSE.

HOUSE BILL No. 784.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 16 of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 487), entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in boroughs, towns and townships as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of thei rright to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors requiring the county commissioners of the various counties to act as a registration commission therefor; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissionersfi registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county elections boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; and imposing penalties," by providing that hours for registration be prescribed by the commission and be uniform throughout the county, and during a registration period.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Messrs. KRATZ and BOORSE.

HOUSE BILL No. 785.

An Act to amend Section 1828 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by further defining what shall constitute unlawful interference in other election districts.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Messrs. KRATZ and BOORSE.

HOUSE BILL No. 786.

An Act to further amend Section 315 of the act, apuroved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the method for the filling of vacancies in boards of school directors in school districts of the second, third and fourth classes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. KRATZ and BOORSE.

HOUSE BILL No. 787.

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 17 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 849), entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the third class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal

officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; imposing penalties; and repealing existing legislation," by providing that hours for registration be prescribed by the commission and be uniform throughout the county, and during a registration period.

Referred to the Committee on Elections and Apportionment.

By Messrs. HARRY W. PRICE, JR., and CELLA. HOUSE BILL No. 788.

An Act providing for the construction and equipping of the Pennsylvania Institution for Mental Defectives; providing for the acquisition of land; providing for the care, maintenance and control of inmates; imposing duties and conferring powers on the Department of Welfare and the Department of Property and Supplies.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 16.

An Act to further amend clause six seven twenty and twenty-three of Section two of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1053) entitled "An act relating to the registration of public utilities defining as public utilities certain corporatios companies associations and persons providing for the regulation of public utilities including to a limited extent municipalities engageng in public utility business by perscribing defining and limiting their duties powers and liabilities and regulatng the exercise surrender or abandonment of their powers privileges and franchises defining and regulating contract carriers by motor vehicle and brokers in order to regulate effectively common carriers by motor vehicle conferring upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission the power and duty of supervising and regulating persons associations companies and corporations including to a limited extent municipal corporations subject to this act and administering the provisions of this act authorizing the commission to fix temporary rates placing the burden of proof on public utilities to sustain their rates and certain other maters authorizing a permissive or manadtory sliding scale method of regulating rates providing for the supervision of financial and contractual relations between public utilities and affiliated interests and supervision and regulation of accounts and securities or obligations issued assumed or kept by persons associations companies corporations or municipal corporations subject to this act conferring upon the commission power to vary reform or revise certain contracts conferring upon the commission the exclusive power to reguiate or order the construction alteration relocation protection or abolition of crossings of facilities of public utilities and of such facilities by or over public highways to appropriate property for the construction or improvement of such crossings and to award or apportion resultant costs and damages authorizing owners of such property to sue the Commonwealth for such damages providing for ejectment proceedings in connection with the appropriation of property for crossings conferring upon the commission power to control and regulate budgets of public utilities imposing upon persons associations companies and corporations (except municipal corporations) subject to regulation the cost of administering this act prescribing and regulating practice and procedure before the commission and procedure for review by the courts of commission action giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive original jurisdiction over certain procedings prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for violations of the provisions of this act and regulations and orders of the commission and the procedure for enforcing such fines and penalties and repealing legislation supplied and superseded by or inconsistent with this act" by exempting from the provisions thereof transportation of pulpwood or chemical wood from wood-lots.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

SENATE BILL No. 202.

An Act to further amend Section 403 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 159) entitled "An ast amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating to the borrowing of money by certain political subdivisions the authorization issuance and sale of general obligation bonds as here in defined of bonds imposing no general obligation of debt and of bonds not deemed to constitute a debt for certain purposes and to the funding of debt and the refunding of bonds regulating the keeping and use of sinking funds imposing powers and duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and upon corporate bodies and officers of political subdivisions imposing penalties and repealing existing laws" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

SENATE BILL No. 316.

An Act designating certain banking institutions as additional loan and transfer agents of the Commonwealth and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board of Finance and Revenue with respect thereto.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE BILL No. 318.

An Act authorizing counties of the second class to establish fire training schools for the paid and volunteer firemen of municipalities within the county.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

SENATE BILL No. 168.

An Act to amend the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the yaws relating to delinquent county city except of the first class and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the colection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a

method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax colectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the sales made upon order of court and extending the time limit when certain properties must be sold.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 190.

An Act relating to the change of corporate names of churches or religious corporations as a result of the union merger or consolidation of the national or international church body of which such corporation is an affiliate subsidiary or component part proving for the filing of a certificate of change of name by such corporations with the Department of State and the effect thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

SENATE BILL No. 201

An Act to amend Section 1705 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing investment of sinking fund moneys in deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Referred to the Committee on Townships.

SENATE BILL No. 338.

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

SENATE BILL No. 339.

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act aproved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporatons authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders atorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. The Chair would remind the Members that there will be a Republican Caucus immediately after today's session in the new House Caucus Room.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. PITZER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday, March 26, 1951 at 4:30 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11:42 a. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 26, 1951. No. 26.

SENATE

MONDAY, March 26, 1951

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. JOHN C. MOORE, Pastor of Christ Episcopal Church, Coudersport, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Whose Kingdom is everlasting and power infinite, bless this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and so rule the hearts of Thy servants, the Governor of this State and all others in authority, that they knowing whose ministers they are, will above all things seek Thy honor and glory, and that we and all the people, duly considering whose authority they bear, may faithfully and obediently honor them according to Thy blessed word and ordinance. Through Jesus Christ our Lord, Who with Thee and the Holy Ghost, liveth and reigneth forever, one God world without end. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. WAGNER, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, nominations for appointment as Notaries Public.

CONSIDERATION OF NOTARIES PUBLIC

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of nominations for appointment as Notaries Public, sent to the Senate, by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, on March 26, 1951.

Mr. DIEHM. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The nominations were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth Digby, Pittsburgh, 1706 First National Bank Bldg.
Mrs. Anna Killeen, Pittsburgh, 1112 James St.
Miss Stephanie A. Kloiber, Pittsburgh, 135 Ivory Ave.
F. M. Lacey, Pittsburgh, 145 Plymouth St.
Miss Ottilie M. Lacher, Pittsburgh, 351 Fifth Ave.
Miss Dorothy A. Wratcher, Springdale.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Jane E. Steel, Beaver Falls.
Mrs. Lillian Wanner, Hopewell Twp., Aliquippa.

BERKS COUNTY

A. D. Spencer, Reading.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Wilfred J. Sisk, Loretto.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Rolland L. Smolizer, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

William Campbell, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby.
Thomas E. McHugh, Jr., Chester.

ELK COUNTY

Clarence J. Arnold, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Grace McClinton, Girard.
Walter S. Nowotny, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Virginia M. Cornish, Uniontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

T. T. Wompierski, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY

Maurice E. Barnhart, Butler Twp., Drums.

McKEAN COUNTY

Miss Dorothea Rhone, Bradford.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

W. R. Donachy, Lower Merion Twp., Wynnewood.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Mrs. Martha Flagler, Williams Twp., Raubsville.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Cecilia Fisher, 5123 Lancaster Ave.
Paul J. Lauff Jr., 6743 Upland St.
Walter Schwartz, 1201 Chestnut St.
David Shapiro, 5624 Arlington St.
Mrs. M. T. Szajner, 213 S. Broad St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Martha Ruscitti, Donora.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

R. A. Long, Salem Twp., New Alexandria.

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Vincent J. Davern, Meadville, 3-29-51.

ERIE COUNTY

Miss Julia C. Emig, Erie, 3-29-51.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

A. D. Dresser, Pittsburgh, 1819 Grant Bldg., 4-1-51.
H. H. Montgomery, Pittsburgh, P. & L. E. R. R., 4-1-51.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Culler, Charleroi, 4-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Margaret E. Murphy, 1227 N. Broad St., 4-12-51.
Miss Hildred E. Hill, 1432 Linc. Liberty Bldg., 4-13-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. R. Gloria Brannan, Pittsburgh, 4939 Second Ave.
John M. Clancy, Pittsburgh, 532 First Ave.
T. S. Perkins, Jr., Pittsburgh, Humes Trailer Co., Wabash and Wonder Sts.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

George Goodhart, Jr., Ford City

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Ella H. Gartlan, Reading

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Mabel E. Morgan, Doylestown

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. Esther V. Kring, Johnstown

CENTRE COUNTY

S. H. Poorman, Bellefonte

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Charles W. Sauder, Highspire

DELAWARE COUNTY

Harry H. Hoopes, Sharon Hill

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Verna M. Mirtz, Scranton

LUZERNE COUNTY

George M. Laputka, Hazleton
Miss Lorraine C. Palermo, Hazle Twp., Hazleton

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Charles D. Himes, Pottstown
Mrs. Mildred R. B. Rice, Hatboro

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Lois M. Bayha, 117 S. 17th St.
Miss Kathryn M. Byrne, Quartermaster Depot, 22nd & Johnson Sts.
W. J. Dean, 3435 N. Broad St.
Miss Kay Fashay, 206 Fruit Trade Bldg.
Frank C. Forderer, Jr., 2729 N. Front St.
Miss Kathryn M. Shea, 1720 Cherry St.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Mrs. Seyvilla R. Hyser, Canonsburg
Miss Helen Thomas, Washington
Mrs. Dorothy R. Underwood, Washington

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Chester R. Shank, Scottdale
Kenneth R. Stauffer, Unity Twp., Latrobe

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Maurice D. Smith, 1716 Arch St., 3-29-51

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Raymond A. Kline, Red Hill, 3-30-51
Robert H. Nagle, Pottstown, 4-1-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Elsie Klinge, 1524 Chestnut St., 4-1-51
Louis J. McGrath, 5256 Horrocks St., 4-5-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Gertrude G. Curran, Duquesne, 4-6-51
L. G. Wesley Orr, Pittsburgh, 428 Penn Ave., 4-9-51

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss Edith F. Foster, Johnstown, 4-12-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Raymond S. Ehrman, Pittsburgh, 410 7th Ave., 4-14-51

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Kathryn M. Wiles, Bradford, 4-15-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Cyril A. Schiller, Pittsburgh, 126 6th St., 4-16-51

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Catherine L. Fossett, Media, 4-16-51

MIFFLIN COUNTY

Howard E. Stine, Lewistown, 4-16-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Harry M. Matthews, Pitcairn, 4-20-51

BEAVER COUNTY

J. E. Stauffer, Ambridge, 4-20-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Robert G. Kinsley, 5151 Walnut St., 4-20-51
Albert L. White, 5134 Greene St., 4-20-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss A. D. Corcoran, Homestead, 4-21-51

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Miss Ruth Baird, Vernon Twp., Meadville, 4-21-51

LUZERNE COUNTY

Andrew Gdovin, Hazleton, 4-21-51

MERCER COUNTY

L. N. Dilley, Greenville, 4-21-51

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Homer P. Hoffman, Cheltenham Twp., Cheltenham, 4-21-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Ruth E. Bauman, 3043 Chestnut St., 4-21-51
Harry W. Dunkelberger, 443 N. 12th St., 4-21-51
Joseph P. Meehan, 148 N. 15th St., 4-21-51
Miss Catharine M. Stely, 123 S. Broad St., 4-21-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

M. G. Wolff, Pittsburgh, 339 6th Ave., 4-22-51

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Mabel S. Mitchell, Langhorne, 4-22-51

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Mrs. L. Margaret Wilkinson, Ebensburg, 4-22-51

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Doreen McKay, Upper Darby Twp., Upper Darby, 4-22-51

LEHIGH COUNTY

Elmer W. Osenbach, Allentown, 4-22-51

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Madeline M. Brosie, Sharon, 4-22-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Edana Gregg, 1428 S. Penn Square, 4-22-51
Miss Frances K. McGlynn, 5321 Wayne Ave., 4-22-51
R. Spencer Wood, Jr., 1213 N. 5th St., 4-22-51
Clarence B. Wrigley, 812 Western Saving Fund Bldg., 4-22-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Louise M. Rodgers, Pittsburgh, 3101 Liberty Ave., 4-23-51

BLAIR COUNTY

John H. Robertson, Duncansville, 4-23-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Ernest T. Wright, 326 N. 12th St., 4-23-51

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Florence E. Wilhelm, Upper Darby Twp., Drexel Hill, 4-24-51

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Thomas H. Davies, Olyphant, 4-24-51

McKEAN COUNTY

L. R. Brunner, Bradford, 4-24-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Charles F. Larrisey, 2832 A Street, 4-24-51
Miss Eva Roberts, 1324 Western Saving Fund Bldg., 4-24-51

VENANGO COUNTY

Howard E. Lindblad, Emlenton, 4-24-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Joseph W. McDowell, 3207 Kensington Ave., 4-25-51

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

E. G. Manspeaker, McKeesport, 4-26-51

DELAWARE COUNTY

Newlin P. Palmer, Chester, 4-26-51

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Arthur S. Bailey, 1822 W. Columbia Ave., 4-26-51

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the dates shown:

To compute from date of confirmation

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Mrs. Mary W. Kolander, Shaler Twp., Allison Park
Richard K. Rohrich, Pittsburgh, 309 Ross St.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

P. A. Lantzy, Jr., East Franklin Twp., Cowansville

BEAVER COUNTY

John M. McCabe, Ambridge

BLAIR COUNTY

James O. Decker, Altoona

BUTLER COUNTY

Sidney Green, Butler Twp., Butler
Melvin L. O'Dell, Butler

CLARION COUNTY

Floyd Seigworth, Washington Twp., Fryburg

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Dominick Lemme, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

George A. Ream, East Pennsboro Twp., South Enola

DELAWARE COUNTY

Henry W. Jones, Chester

JEFFERSON COUNTY

William R. McLain, Big Run

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Martha G. Helman, Ephrata
Mrs. Elsie A. Kinch, Denver
Mrs. E. J. Rae, Lancaster

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Martin Mostovy, 3019 W. Berks St.
Mrs. Hazel R. Nemesh, 1926 E. Washington Lane

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

John C. Koval, Mt. Pleasant Twp., Latrobe

To compute from the dates set opposite their names

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Miss Marguerite C. Daniells, Harrisburg, 3-24-51.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. M. J. Mohler, Mechanicsburg, 4-2-51.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Josiah Specht, Somerset, 4-2-51.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Martha E. Franz, Harrisburg, 4-7-51.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

T. Walter McGrath, 157 N. 15th St., 4-12-51.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Walter S. Marr, Irwin, 4-15-51.

JOHN S. FINE.

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. DIEHM, That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-third of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 48, PRINTER'S No. 9

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 48, Printer's No. 9, entitled "An Act to amend Section 3 of the act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 137) entitled 'An act provided for the appointment powers and control of members of volunteer fire companies as special fire police and conferring powers on them at fires attended by their fire companies in any city borough town and township' by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 50, PRINTER'S No. 10

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 50, Printer's No. 10, entitled "An Act authorizing and directing the Department of Property and Supplies to convey to Harrisburg Hospital certain real estate located in the City of Harrisburg County of Dauphin and heretofore granted by John Harris and Mary Harris his wife to certain Commissioners in trust for public use forever."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 99, PRINTER'S No. 29

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 99, Printer's No. 29, entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Property and Supplies to sell and convey a tract of land situate in the Township of Donegal Washington County Pennsylvania with the approval of the Governor."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 111, PRINTER'S No. 20

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 111, Printer's No. 20, entitled "An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 851) entitled 'An act fixing the pay and mileage of jurors and witnesses' by increasing the compensation to be received by jurors."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 112, PRINTER'S No. 21

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 112, Printer's No. 21, entitled "An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor to sell a tract of land situate in Coolbaugh Township Monroe County and owned by the Commonwealth to the United States of America for use in the military defense of the

United States of America authorizing the conveyance of such land by deed without warranty and defining the method of execution of such deed."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE BILL No. 139, PRINTER'S No. 25

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 139, Printer's No. 25, entitled "An Act to amend the title and Section 5 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 134) entitled 'An act relating to fireworks defining fireworks prohibiting the sale offering or exposing for sale and use of fireworks except in certain cases authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to issue permits for fireworks displays and to regulate the same imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Motor Police sheriffs police officers and constables and providing penalties' by correcting the name of the Pennsylvania Motor Police to the Pennsylvania State Police."

JOHN S. FINE.

APPROVED AND SIGNED SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 118

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 22, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Concurrent Resolution (Serial No. 118) designating the bridge over the Susquehanna River connecting the State Highway system in Cumberland County with the system of State highways in Dauphin County, at Forster Street in the City of Harrisburg, as the M. Harvey Taylor Bridge, and authorizing the Department of Highways to erect suitable tablets or markers along said bridge.

JOHN S. FINE.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Hon. Eleanor C. Evans, Brookline, Delaware County, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Public Assistance, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1954, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate W. J. Brown, Central Avenue, Chicora, Butler County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Millerstown, Butler County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice W. R. Brown, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Alton J. Jones, P. O. Marshalls Creek, Monroe County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Porter, Pike County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE COUNCIL OF CIVIL DEFENSE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the State Council of Civil Defense, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955:

Emery F. Bacon, 121 Delano Drive, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Mrs. Katherine S. Carpenter, Jersey Shore, Lycoming County.

Dr. Theodore A. Distler, Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Louis J. Feldmann, Esq., 9 West Diamond Avenue, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

William J. Mainel, Huntingdon Valley, Montgomery County.

JOHN S. FINE.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198), entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" by conferring upon said court certain jurisdiction in the trial of criminal causes and suits for penalties granting powers to said court for trial of such causes and suits.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 161, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County to detail one or more of the judges of the County Court to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said county

Which was committed to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 458), entitled as amended "Parking Authority Law," by extending the provisions of the act to boroughs and townships of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes, for a meeting of the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elasped the Senate will be in order.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

"PUBLIC ASSISTANCE IN PENNSYLVANIA"

Mr. SCARLETT, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Joint State Government Commission,

Harrisburg, March 20, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with Public Assistance in Pennsylvania, Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER

Baker Royer, Chairman

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Messrs. BLASS and SNOWDEN read in place and present to the Chair Senate Bill No. 396, entitled:

An Act providing that retired judges not engaged in the practice of law may be called upon to preside specially at any session of the severals courts in any county by the president judge.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. FLEMING (By request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 397, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 11 of the act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043), entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by providing for retroactive service allowance of certain employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 4 and 8 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1198), entitled "An act providing for the conservation and improvement of land affected in connection with the mining of bituminous coal by the open pit mining method; regulating such mining; and providing penalties," by increasing the amounts of bonds to be filed by operatiors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Messrs. WADE and WAGNER read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 11.1 of the act, approved, the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858) entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending the time for the retention of membership in the State Employes' Retirement Association by any contributor who ceases to be a State employe and becomes a public school employe and a member of the Public School Employes' Retirement Association.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 12.1 of the ac,t approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043) entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providingfor the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by extending the time for the retention of membership in the Public School Employes' Retirement Association by any contributor, who ceases to be a public school employe, and becomes a State employe and a member of the State Employes' Retirement Association.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Mr. McPHERSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act relating to judgments and instruments documents and papers having the effect of judgments providing that the exact time of day they are delivered to the prothonotary shall be the official time of entry and determine their priority as to other liens.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MALLERY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1307 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further providing for the payment of tuition costs and the actual per pupil costs of children who are inmates of certain children's insitutions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of The Door of Hope Home for Girls, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Apropriations.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act to add Clause (15) to Section 14 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 89), entitled "An act relating to the form, execution, revocation, operation, and interpretation of wills; to nuncupative wills; to the appointment of testamentary guardians; to elections to take under or against wills and the procedure in reference thereto," by providing for a rule of construction with respect to cemetery lots owned by a testator or in which he has a right of interment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CHAPMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the board of trustees of Warren State Hospital, to acquire a certain tract of land with the buildings thereon adjacent thereto for the use of said hospital; and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. STEVENSON and MALLERY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 305 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2017), entitled "An act creating in each county (except of the first class) as a separate corporation, and in each city of the first and second class as a part of the city government, an institution district for the care and maintenance of certain indigent persons and children; prescribing the powers and duties of county commissioners, county treasurers, city departments of public welfare, the State Department of Welfare and the State Department of Public Assistance in respect thereto; abolishing certain poor districts and terminating the terms of directors, overseers, guardians and managers of the poor and poor district auditors, and providing for the temporary employment of certain of them; providing for the transfer, vesting, sale and disposition of the property of poor districts, and the payment of their obligations; imposing certain existing obligations on institution districts and on the Commonwealth; regulating the affairs of poor districts until abolished; revising, amending, changing and consolidating the law relating to the care of the poor; and repealing existing laws," by requiring the approval of the court of quarter sessions for the erection and alteration of institutions and further prescribing the powers of the Department of Welfare.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 407, entitled:

An Act to further amend the title and section one of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine (P. L. 424), entitled, "An act providing that in all counties of the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth class, advertisements and notices, required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation, unless dispensed with by special order of court, shall be published in the legal newspaper, issued at least weekly, of the proper county, designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices," as amended, extending the provisions of the said act to all counties, and further defining publications excepted from its operation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. SILVERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 408, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 412 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by increasing the compensation of election officers in counties of the first and second classes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Messrs. LANE, DENT and NEFF read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

An Act to further amend clauses (a), (b) and (c) of section 306, and section 307 of the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," by changing the maximum and minimum rates and the total amounts and aggregate of compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 410, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for occupational disease contracted by an employe arising out of and in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; imposing duties on the Department of Labor and Industry, the Workmen's Compensation Board, Workmen's Compensation Referees, and deans of medical schools; creating a medical board to determine controverted medical issues; establishing an Occupational Disease Fund in custody of the State Workmen's Insurance Board; imposing upon the Commonwealth a part of the compensation payable for certain occupational diseases; making an appropriation; and prescribing penalties," by changing the maximum and minimum rates and total amounts and aggregate of compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 411, entitled:

An Act to further amend in part Section 404 of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937, P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis; requiring employers to keep records and make reports, and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons; providing procedure and administrative details for the determination, payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation; providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies; creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer; and prescribing penalties," by increasing weekly benefit rate.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Mr. LANE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 412, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Memorial Hospital Association, Monongahela City, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. NEFF, HOLLAND and DENT read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 413, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven, (P. L. 1161), entitled "An act to provide for the prompt, peaceful and just settlement of labor disputes between public utility employers engaged in furnishing electric, gas, water and steam heat services to the public and their employes which cause or threaten to cause strikes, lockouts, slowdowns or similar work stoppages and consequent interruptions in the supply of a public utility service on which a community served is so dependent that severe hardship would be inflicted on a substantial number of persons by a cessation of such service; providing procedures for the adjudgment and settlement of such disputes; declaring that the public policy of the Commonwealth requires the continuation, without cessation, of such public utility services; and providing means, including regulations, affecting the rights, powers and privileges of employers and employes for the enforcement of such public policy, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

They also read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act, approved the thirthieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1161) entitled "An act to provide for the prompt, peaceful and just settlement of labor disputes between public utility employers engaged in furnishing electric, gas, water and steam heat services to the public and their employes which cause or threaten to cause strikes, lockouts, slowdowns or similar work stoppages and consequent interruptions in the supply of a public utility service on which a community served is so dependent that severe hardship would be inflicted on a substantial number of persons by a cessation of such service; providing procedures for the adjustment and settlement of such disputes; declaring that the public policy of the Commonwealth requires the continuation, without cessation, of such public utility services; and providing means, including regulations, affecting the rights, powers and privileges of employers and employes for the enforcement of such public policy, and providing penalties," in so far as it applies to any public utility which is engaged in interstate commerce.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Messrs. HOLLAND and WOOD read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 415, entitled:

An Act authorizing the establishment in the Pennsylvania State College, through the extension services of said institution an educational program in industrial and labor relations, stating the objectives and purposes of said program; conferring obligations and duties on the trustees and president of said institution; providing for the establishment of an advisory committee, its appointment, and defining its powers and duties; making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 704 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the oragnization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by changing and clarifying the provisions with respect to payment of dividends from paid-in surplus.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. DENT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 417, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Council of Civil Defense for the payment of salaries and administrative expenses, and providing for additional appropriation of funds, limited by the needs, to meet future emergencies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. BARR asked and obtained unanimous consent to addres the Senate.

Mr. BARR. Mr. President, on behalf of Senator Lane and myself I present the following resolution, and I wish the Senate would listen to it while it is read because I think it is of vast importance. I might add at this time that last week as we went over to hear the Governor's Budget Address, I had a folder on my desk dealing with this subject and I do not know just how to say it, but anyhow the folder disappeared and my memory is pretty good and I can remember a number of things that were in this folder.

RESOLUTION REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

URGING THAT A COMMITTEE OF SENATORS BE APPOINTED TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATION OF THE STATUS OF THE KEYSTONE MUTUAL CASUALTY COMPANY

Messrs. BARR and LANE offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Rules:

In the Senate, March 26, 1951.

Whereas, The Keystone Mutual Casualty Company, at the suggestion of the Attorney General was declared insolvent and ordered liquidated on June 26, 1947; and

Whereas, It appeared from the results an independent audit ordered by the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Dauphin that the Company is now and was in 1947 substantially solvent; and

Whereas, The public press has carried numerous stories of the conflicting claims to this controversy; and

Whereas, After four (4) years the Insurance Department of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, charged with the liquidation of this Company, has accomplished no visible results; and now therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania, through the office of the President pro-tem appoint a committee of Senators to conduct a general investigation of the status of the Keystone Mutual Casualty Company, and present its findings and recommendations to the Senate for action previous to their adjournment.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. WATKINS, offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 26, 1951.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at three o'clock, p. m., E.S.T.; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconcene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock, p. m., E.S.T.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE RESOLUTION

STATE POLICE TO REMOVE RESTRICTED SPEED SIGNS ERECTED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE SECRETARY OF HIGHWAYS

Mr. SNOWDEN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 26, 1951.

Whereas, "The Vehicle Code" authorizes the establishment of restricted speed zones on the roads and streets of the Commonwealth in certain cases and under certain conditions, by either Local Authorities or by the Secretary of Highways, and

Whereas, In certain cases Local Authorities are required to secure the approval of the Secretary of Highways before restricted speed zones may be established, and

Whereas, Many signs designating restricted speed zones have been erected in areas and at locations which, in the eyes of the users of the highways, do not warrant restricted speeds; therefore be it

Resolved, That the State Police make a survey of all restricted speed zones and signs on State Highways, and direct the removal of all restricted speed signs which have been erected without the aproval of the Secretary of Highways and submit a report to the Secretary of Highways relative to any existing restrictive speed zones in which the restriction of speed does not appear to be warranted, and be it further

Resolved, That it is the intent of the Senate that restricted speed zones should be established only when necessary for the safety of the public, and that unwarranted or unlawful existing restricted speed zones be eliminated.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, before going into the next order of business, I desire permission at this time to make a statement for the record.

Mr. President, the question of the needs of the Commonwealth for the next biennium is one that poses a grave problem to the Members of the General Assembly. In order that we have some record from which we may be able to discuss the matter in future debate, if any, upon the subject of the Budget, over the Easter week end I have tried to put down on paper my impressions of the Budget and the problems that face us.

This is the beiennium of 1951-1953. We are again faced with the eternal, biennial question of raising taxes and juestifying our position to the people of the Commonwealth.

I refuse to believe, even in the face of history, that it is impossible to change a budget message of the Governor or to cut the cost of government by logic, fact and courage.

It appears to be an established custom in Pennsylvania for the Legislature to accept carte blanche the Executive's Budget and tax recommendation.

I have been accused over the past three bienniums of making an unsound appraisal of the State's revenues. Just for the record, let us take a look into the past for a guide to the future.

Knowing beforehand how little of what I say will reach the average citizen, I am reserving the right to extemporize as I proceed when necessary to more clearly illustrate a significant point in this analysis. This phase of our Budget battle is the saddest of all, the inability to reach the

people with Democratic Minority's viewpoint. However, that will not dampen our spirits, nor will it dull the edge of our pruning knife. We will give what we think is an honest appraisal, and to show our sincerity we, herewith, request public hearings upon the revenues, expenditures and the entire Budge before action is taken on the Governor's Wage and Income Tax proposal.

As I noted before, I have given previous analyses to the Senate in prior bienniums. Let us see how our figures compared then and now.

Since 1943, we have, in speaking for the Minority, charged that a deliberate misrepresentation of revenues and expenditures has been contained in the Budget Messages. The figures prior to that are not at my command at the moment, but I remember distinctly the number of times we have attempted to get into the daily press a truer picture of the financial structure in Pennsylvania than the Budget Message contains.

Every biennium I have analyzed tax by tax, expenditure by expenditure, and we have, at least to the satisfaction of the record, been consistent in our position of an underestimation of real tax revenues.

The record briefly stated is this:

The 1947-1949 Budget Message said total revenues available would be (Page 46—13th Message 1947) $558,018,209.

The actual revenue collected in 1947-1949 (this is revenue and not income) Page 45—15th Message 1951, was $647,467,266.78, or a difference of $89,349.057 in General Fund Revenues. (Budget analysis by Dent, 1947).

This figure of $89,000,000 plus is in line with my prediction at that time, which was widely ridiculed upon the Floor, that the Budget Director was underestimating the income by approximately $80,000,000.

The figures for 1949-1951 are just as interesting. However, an actual picture will not be obtainable until the 1953 biennial Message, due to the practice of carrying estimates and actuals for the entire budget period of two full bienniums before actual returns are available for legislative study. That, my friends, is one of the greatest weaknesses in our system of appropriating money in the state of Pennsylvania. However, the figures available at the printing of the 1951 Budget, and mind you, it may go back as far as January, 1951, there are still six good income producing months available in this biennium, but we find that even at this early date, the misrepresentation in revenue available for the 1949-1951 biennium is actually $25,500,000 over the Budget Director's estimates. I have said before and I will say now that it will reach $100,000,000 before the biennium is over.

If these biennium figures are true to form, then the margin of misrepresentation and underestimation of revenues will be even greater than the amount proved in the 1947-1949 period.

To show that this is not a hit-and-miss analysis by the Minority, let us take a quick look at the figures for 1945-1947.

General Fund Revenues. The estimate on page 53 of the 12th Message 1945, gives an estimate of $369,000,000. Actual revenues received, as contained on page 47 of the 15th Message 1951, shows $432,556,667, or an underestimation of $63,556,557. It may be that some of you can excuse a $63,000,000 miss as an everyday occurrence in government, but actually, Members of this Senate, if these underestimates were not deliberate, the need for new taxation would not have arisen every two years. I can prove this again, if you will be tolerant and give me your attention, when I take the Governor's Message and biennium budget for 1951-1953.

On January 2, 1945, Governor Martin said, and I quote, "Estimated receipts for 1945-1947 are $80,500,000 below the estimated receipts for the present biennium." He said then that we would receive $80,000,000 less in the 1945-1947 biennium than what had been estimated the previous biennium. If your memory is clear, I remember distinctly, and you should remember that I stood upon this Floor and said that that figure was exaggerated. However, let us see what the record shows. The record shows, the actual picture shows that the difference was a little over $16,000,000, giving Governor Martin a cushion of $64,000,000. It seems like a waste of time for me to further illustrate the point, but even so, the truth will eventually seep down to the ordinary citizens of this Commonwealth, and when they find out what has been going on for many years here in Harrisburg, they may demand the public hearings we are pleading for.

Mr. President, I say again by way of emphasis that no new wage or income tax is needed in Pennsylvania this year. I will prove this beyond a shadow of a doubt before the Senate votes on this tax bill, if you are willing to have it proved to you.

These figures do not include the Motor License Fund. For purposes of developing the picture of underestimation of revenues, for the specific and premediated purpose of increasing revenue sources on the part of the Administration the following figures give the actual difference between total estimates and total income.

Governor Martin's 1945-1947 Budget Message said, that the estimate for that biennium would be $708,316,703. The actual amount of money collected by this Commonwealth was $848,965,657, or a difference or so-called surplus over and above the estimate, of $140,648,844.

Governor Duff's 1947-1949 Budget Message stated the total estimate of revenue available for that biennium was $954,968,321. The actual income for that period in Pennsylvania was $1,108,840,446, or a difference of $143,872,125.

Now, let us take the latest figures that we can possibly secure. Governor Duff's 1949-1951 Budget Message said the total estimate of revenue available for that biennium would be $1,030,404,651. The actual revenues received, or the total income of the Commonwealth, was $1,253,438,513, or an underestimation of revenues and total income of $223,033,852.

Mr. President, the foregoing figures prove that when the Democratic Minority took their position against new taxes, they were justfied by the record. The same will hold true today.

Every Governor seems to be at the mercy of his financial advisers. Governor Fine in his address on March 21, 1951, said, and I quote: "The most severe criticism that can be leveled against those upon whom I relied for advice in fiscal affairs last year, and whose counsel I followed, is that they were overly optimistic."

Gentlemen, you cannot keep following these same advisers and escape the just criticism you will deserve, if you pass an unneeded wage and income tax in this Session of the Legislature.

Mr. President, the 1951-1953 Budget and its weaknesses, as I see them, and as we agree they are, are:

First, in this section of my discussion, I want to deflate the ego of any person who thinks that he or she has performed a major pruning operation on the 1951 Budget appropriations in regard to departmental expenditures. Governmental operations, other than subsidies, show the following comparison. I will only read round figures.

1943, $98,000,000; 1945, $120,000,000; 1947, $163,000,000; 1949, $195,000,000; 1951, $214,000,000.

These are expenditures over and above subsidies. These are governmental operation figures, an increase since the 1943-1945 biennium of $116,000,000 or about 120 per cent increase in operational administrative cost of government; and increase over the last biennium of $19,000,000 or about ten per cent increase over the last biennium. This increase, in spite—in spite, mind you— of non-recurring appropriations for specific departments, such as $600,000 saved in the Department of Property and Supplies by virtue of the fact that the State had given up its vacations for boys at Indiantown Gap, that was financed so timely by the taxpayers during the Duff campaign. Also a reduction of over $10,000,000 to the Department of Forests and Waters for construction and land purchases taken over by the General State Authority.

As an example of the increases that just sneak up on the budget makers is a $50,000 increase to $600,000 for the Governor's salary and expenses, and that, mind you, in the face of the fact that as to the expenses of the Legislators, when it was proposed that they get an increase of $50 a month of expense money in this day and age, we were told that that was impossible, because it would cost $50,000 a biennium and that we did not have the money, but that $50,000 being one-half actually of the expenses of the Governor's office. Then there is an increase of $15,000 for our Honorable President of the Senate, or up to $48,000.

This is true all along the line in administrative offices, and if you do not think it so, just read the Budget.

However, there is a reduction in one department, and you can guess which one that is. Yes, the Legislative Department has a nice little reduction. This can easily be understood when you note that the salary schedule in the Senate in 1951 is exactly the same as when I came here in 1935. It seems that government is dear for some people and dear to others. The Auditor General must also be in the "doghouse," because his is the only department of government whose expenses are maintained at the status quo.

Mr. President, I do not intend to take the time to really pot shoot this Budget. I do not intend to take the time of the Senate to read what I found out after spending two full days looking at it, but I suggest to you Members of the Senate, before you give any Governor, Democratic or Republican, a carte blanche on revenues and expenditures, you look into the departments.

The only difference that I can find in Governor Duff's so-called emergency taxes and Governor Fine's emergency taxes is the dropping of the pop tax of twenty-nine millions, as they put it, and putting on a one per cent additional corporate net income tax. Is it not about time that we as men make these taxes permanent, either change our tax structure or get away from this business of coming in here ever since the Earle Administration, when we carried the brunt of passing the emergency taxes to feed the people of Pennsylvania, when the budget items at that time were sixty-five per cent for relief needs alone and today it has dwindled down to where in this budget it amounts to a little over twelve per cent of the whole budget, and yet you are still carrying the same taxes and calling them emergency taxes. What is the emergency? Government itself must be the emergency.

Now, Mr. President, if this is true, and the budget so states, and if his statement concerning future outlook has any merit, Governor Fine ought to have an income of at least fifteen million dollars more than Governor Duff had for the present biennium. However, you cannot have a fair analysis of income revenue if you talk out of both sides of your mouth at the same time. On Page 13, and I think it is interesting that you read that page of the Governor's Message, dated March 21, 1951, we find the following statement and I quote:

"The increase in the existing corporate net income tax from four per cent to five per cent is estimated to yield $44,000,000, which is just slightly higher than the amount estimated for each per cent of the existing four per cent tax for the fiscal year of 1950-1951."

Mr. President, this tax yields by historical fact between thirty-eight and forty-five million dollars per cent of tax—this is my own statement that I have arrived at after studying the past five biennial budgets—per cent of tax depending upon industrial activities. The public assistance rolls rise and fall about the same as the tax yield in corporate net income. That is why we find in Governor Fine's message some seventy million dollars less allowed for relief in this biennium.

Now, Mr. President, the Governor states it is sixty million dollars net. It is sixty million dollars less, counting the amount shown from 1949 to 1951, plus or rather compared to his specific amount of budgeting. However, there are ten million dollars in the fore part of the budget that he said he will use out of so-called surplus before the end of the biennium, giving a total expenditure of two hundred six million dollars for public relief, as compared to one hundred thirty-six million that the Governor has in this Budget. That is seventy million dollars of non-recurring expense according to his Budget

Mr. President, going back to Governor Fine's Message, let us look at Page 12 for the same days relief. There we find an interesting summation of revenues for General Fund purposes. This shows a total revenue from the corporate net income tax of two hundred twenty million dollars or seventy million dollars more than was available for the Duff Administration in the field of taxation, or about forty-one million dollars more than the Duff taxes, with the pop tax eliminated.

The question comes back to the added expense of government or mandated expenses that Governor Fine falls heir to.

First we have approximately one hundred twelve million dollars of mandated increases in appropriations for the Soldiers' bonus, schools, and General State Authority rentals. This appears to be the figure accepted by the Governor and by most of the Legislators I have discussed this problem with. I will accept that figure for purposes of comparison. If this is true, then we shall see how much real difference there is between this item

of need and how much is available from revenue sources already accounted for.

First, Mr. President, let us take the extras. We pick up and I go back to the sixty million dollar figure, allowing the Governor the ten million dollar cushion. We pick up the sixty million dollars not allocated to relief. Second, we pick up approximately sixteen million dollars of non-recurring appropriations to the Schuylkill River Project. Third, we pick up fifteen million dollars more of non-recurring appropriations for public housing. Fourth, we pick up at least nine million dollars which is not contained in the budget, nine million dollars from the Federal Government for categorical relief which we have never received in Pennsylvania, giving at least nine million dollars in that Department more than we had in the Duff Administration. Next, we pick up four million dollars in miscellaneous revenue from the Garrett Estate that is contained in the Budget, but not contained in revenues. This gives us a total of $104,000,000 of non-recurring and miscellaneous revenues for for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania over and above the amount of revenue that Governor Duff had from 1949 to 1951.

That is significant and important if you are really interested in the revenues of the Commonwealth. $104,000,000 of actual cash that we will have more than what was had by Governor Duff, and if you take the $112,000,000 of mandated expenses, you only have a difference of $8,000,000 in the entire picture, but let us look at the picture, let us face the civilian defense proposition.

Mr. President, the Governor proposes an expendidture of $20,000,000 or does he propose an expediture of $20,000,000? The people believe that we need $20,000,000 for defense, the people and the papers so say, but did they read the Message? He says that $20,000,000 is going to be held in reserve, but he said that $1,200,000 of it would be used for expenses of administration of civilian defense. I figured out pretty well. I am a Member of the Commission. If they spend it justly, and honestly and equitably, I expect to get $120,000, a lot more than I ever had, and I might need some defense before the Kefauver Committee. However, there is $1,200,000 which he said must be used for administrative expenses. That is nothing but plain tommyrot. No man acquainted with civilian defense can tell you what it is going to cost, and the Governor admits that, because in his own Message he says, and I quote from Governor Fine's Message:

"It appears that in case of an actual war emergency requiring greater expenditures than provided, the Constitution would allow us to borrow funds immediately."

Mr. President, that is what I have been saying week after week here on the Senate Floor, and to do the thing right I introduced today a bill by the enactment of which, if you will accept it, you can save at least 98 per cent of the $20,000,000, because you cannot spend it until you need it and you should not tax the people for it before you need it. That is a principle of government you must never get away from. You cannot tax the people of Pennsylvania for unexpended money. You cannot allocate $20,000,000 and say in the same Message that you cannot spend it and tax the people for it. If you start doing that, there is no limit to the amount of taxes that you can put upon the people of this Commonwealth.

Mr. President, I say, give the Governor under his supervision, the same as New York and any other sensible State Legislature is doing, let him have, let us have, let we the people have all the money that is needed to alleviate a situation created by an actual emergency, but only give a basic sensible amount, an amount calculated upon the direct needs, and let us set up a civilian defense administration for somewhere near the figure that the gentleman from Allegheny quoted. I think he was sincere and I think he was right. You can establish a wonderful administrative office of civilian defense for a quarter of a million dollars. All you do is disseminate news anyway, disseminate the order of procedure to the people in the various districts. You cannot do anything else.

Gentlemen of the Senate, this statement coincides with and I think it fully vindicates my position all along on the matter of financing civil defense. I disagree emphatically with the proposal to spend $1,200,000 for administrative purposes. With the limited action that can be put into this effort, that sum will be an invitation to waste and political job seeking. I know and you know what the answer to the billion dollar budget is. We have failed to stop the raids upon our treasury at the beginning and wake up at the end of the biennium with a full grown department "of voting age," upon our hands. That is the crux of the whole situation. You cannot stop it once you start it; the time to stop it is before you let it get too big. I said that to you when you created the Department of Commerce. You made a very humble appropriation of $150,000. You gave them the status of a cabinet office and you spent $3,000,000 in the last biennium, over $780,000 of it for propaganda in booklet form, carrying a full picture of the Governor during the campaign, and that is all it was spent for. If you want to spend that money for that purpose, go ahead and do it, but it is not justice, it is not equitable, it is not fair to the people of the Commonwealth.

Mr. President, let us have civilian defense but let us have it in the spirit of sacrifice, for no other method will prepare the people for the ordeal and the catastrophe of a war. Let us put up an intelligent and reasonably calculated fund for the administration costs, then give the Governor by a Legislative Act, if necessary, the power to spend with his approval all the necessary funds out of current State income and revenue. We always have a credit of twenty million dollars. The bill is here and it is now in the hopper. If you are interested in doing it, you have the vehicle. I believe if you let the habitual job seeker in this Commonwealth know that we have twenty million dollars for the defense effort, you will have the longest line of applicants since we opened up the Public Assistance Department, which is one of our heirs and for which I assume my share of blame. I was one of the persons who was against the setup but because of the same political pressure that you are under today, being in the majority, I, too, went along, and I want to say publicly that that is one of the most grievous mistakes I have made in my political career. Of all the monstrosities ever foisted upon the body politic, the Department of Public Assistance rates number one. If we do this we can eliminate, as I said, about ninety-eight per cent of this appropriation of twenty million dollars

and we can still have a workable, reasonable, competent department of civil defense.

Mr. President, let us recapitulate a little. In doing all this, we do not cut out any of the added services that the Governor wants, because we can still recommend ten million dollars that the Governor asks for for the Welfare Department's expanded program of beds and supplies for the new institutions. We are only correcting some of the institutional ailments that are now in existence. Eleven million dollars for the universities and teachers colleges, which we understand are in dire need. The Governor asked for it; we can give it to him out of the revenues that we have without an additional income or wage tax. A one million dollar loan for the Public School Authority for advanced rentals, which will be returned to us as soon as the institutions that we are creating in the Public School Authority start paying money back to us. One million five hundred thousand dollars for the fulfillment of the creation of the Point Park Project in the city of Pittsburgh; four million dollars for the development of the Mall in Philadelphia. These things we can still do. We can still progress as a government. We can still keep this State of Pennsylvania going forward, but we do not need an income or wage tax. One million dollars for dredging the so-called desilting basins of the Schuylkill in a certain section that is still needed, according to the Governor's Office. A total of twentiy-eight million dollars, and under the financing program that I have read to you and that is contained within the Budge,t, you still give the Governor a five million dollar cushion.

This, my friends, is not the real cushion because the underestimation of the revenue will prove, as it has proved for the last four bienniums, that we have a far greater cushion than that which I have called your attention to. The fact that department salaries and expenses are a major expense ought to give us some leeway in a sincere attempt to reduce the expenditures for this biennium.

I wish you would read in the Governor's Message—I think I ought to read it because I do not like to be misquoted on this statement. It is too important. I want you to hear this. This is on Page 11 of the Governor's Message and I quote:

"Still further evidence of the fact that this budget has been severely pruned is that thirty-five million dollars has been cut from normal departmental requests for appropriations, not including requests for construction."

Gentlemen of the Senate, he saved thirty-five million dollars because the departments asked for thirty-five million more than he gave them. If they would have asked for one hundred fifty million, the Governor would have saved the people one hundred fifty million dollars just by turning them down. It reminds me of Abbott and Costello, "Who's on first and what's on second?"

In conclusion, Mr. President, if we fail to get the necessary information and cooperation to do this, we still have a very, very heavy cushion of normal increased revenues because of the inflated earnings under the so-called emergency taxes. I thought by including the word "normal" I would give the emergency taxes more of a permanency than they seem to enjoy in the minds of the Legislature.

Mr. President, in conclusion, there is no need for a wage and income tax at this time. If and when such a tax must be considered because of need, it should be considered in relation to other taxes. The total State economy and the whole tabloid of governmental functions must be re-examined. In an effort to be of service to the people, the Democratic Minority stands ready to cooperate. However, cooperation does not mean recapitulation. It means an honest exchange of views, a trading of information and a desire to cut expenses and limit expenditures. When the proper time comes, item by item I will be glad to review for any that doubt the things that I have said here today are contained within the Message of the Governor. I will point out the pages and the dates.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, with a few well chosen words of some four hours duration, I would like to reply to this. I would like to advise the gentleman from Westmoreland that eventually the tax program and the Budget will before us, at which time I will be very happy to review with him our mutual budget problems.

Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that there are a few things in which he and I agree. It is very difficult for two boys who originated in Armstrong County to come here, out of the wilds of that rural community, and attempt to understand a billion dollar budget. I am glad that he has been spending some time on it.

I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland that, appreciating my own shortcomings, I have taken the liberty of having some Budget experts who are not connected with the government, who happen to be Certified Public Accountants, to attack this Budget as though they were Indians descending on a fort in one of our western thrillers, and tear it apart, and eventually I will discuss it with the gentleman because if there are any "bugs" in it, I am for putting them right out in the middle of the floor, discussing them and correcting them.

Mr. President, I agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland about emergency taxes. Emergency taxes are somewhat like the temporary buildings we have in the back of the Capitol Building. They were put up temporarily. We have a saying, "Nothing is so permanent as a temporary tax."

Mr. President, I want to say, because I think it should be said, that one of the most sincere statements that has ever been placed in a Budget Message is contained in the one that is before us now, in this Fifteenth Annual Budget Message, when the Governor says very carefully that if anybody can come up with a better program or a better suggestion, he will be for it, he will cooperate with them. He meant it when he put that clause in there, he still means it, and I am sure that everybody on the Majority side of the aisle means it. I think we ought to say this to the people of Pennsylvania, because we are all going to receive and we have all received a lot of mail from people who are disturbed by newspaper comment. They are disturbed about our problem here and they want to help us solve it. Some of the criticism has been constructive and some of it has just been strictly of the destructive nature.

Mr. President, I think one of the interesting things in this Budget which the gentlemen of the Senate and the public must realize, is the fact that only eight and two-tenths per cent of this Budget goes for the salaries of employees of the Commonwealth. It is so easy to suggest that one of the first things we should do is to fire everybody on Capitol Hill and thereby materially reduce taxes. I think the people of Pennsylvania will have to understand that there has been a sincere attempt to cut a little of the fat or squeeze all of the water out of this Fifteenth Annual Budget, and I would like to say to the people of Pennsylvania that if it is possible to get any more reductions, we all propose to do it.

Mr. President, I would hope for nothing better out of a Budget discussion, whether it be within the confines of this Senate Chamber or whether it be at public hearings, than to assure the people of Pennsylvania that the General Assembly, and particularly what is sometimes facetiously referred to as the Upper Branch of the General Assembly, proposes to see to it that an honest approach is going to be made to the fiscal problem of Pennsylvania, and that a sincere attempt will be made to solve our tax problems.

We are not going to be able to solve them, gentlemen, if we approach them from a strictly partisan standpoint, because over the years we are going to find out that that is not the solution. One of Pennsylvania's outstanding political figures—he belongs to the Majority Party in Allegheny County and the Minority Party in Oakmont—has said repeatedly that the best politics in the world is good government, and to that we all subscribe and we are all going to see to it that we do the best we can with the tools we have.

Mr. President, as far as the Budget Message is concerned, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, I have a heap of figures here. I have graphs, and charts and statistics. I have some reports, as I say, from a firm of Certified Public Accountants, dealing with this Budget that I propose to discuss with the Senate when it becomes germane to our tax problems, and as soon as we have been able to crystallize the conclusions that this group has come to.

Now, Mr. President, there are one or two things I think we must keep in mind. They are, perhaps, sins of commission that we cannot avoid, and that is as to some of the Budget figures that we must take into consideration. Remember this, gentlemen, that out of the additional moneys that must be realized in this 1951 Budget or the Fifteen Annual Budget, if you want to put it that way, is the fact that $112,000,000 of this additional money comes from commitments which you and I made in prior Sessions of the General Assembly. They are not commitments that have been made by this administration or by this Session of the General Assembly. They are commitments which we are duty bound to live up to and, of course, they have been paraphrased before. You have got a Soldier's Bonus of sixty million, a teachers salary increase, school subsidies of forty-two million and the Authority rentals of ten millions. Now, in addition to that you have a fifteen million dollar item which represents the increased salaries which were granted to State employes during 1950, making a total of one hundred twenty-seven million dollars of additional moneys that we are pledged to, which are not part of the commitments of this General Assembly but which are the commitments of our predecessors, many of whom are still sitting here today.

Now, in addition to that Mr. President and gentlemen of the Senate, we have some commitments that have been suggested in this Budget and which we must keep in mind. We have civil defense. There the figure has been suggested of twenty million dollars. The first time I heard that twenty million dollar figure, Mr. President, it was given out on the floor of this Senate by the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland. He is entirely correct when he quotes my figure of two hundred fifty thousand dollars. I know that nobody would assume that there is a chiseler in the Sanhedrin. My suggestion of two hundred fifty thousand dollars was made in all sincerity, and two hundred fifty thousand dollars is still an estimate that I will stick to. Teachers and public education, twenty million dollars; the universities and colleges—every gentleman of the Senate knows very well that every school that gets an appropriation from the General Assembly has been in with long budgets, showing how they must have more money with which to operate, and every one of them has talked to us sincerely about their educational problem, and in this budget is a ten million dollar item for that.

Mr. President, during the 1949-1950 interim, the General State Authority, of which I happen to be a member and of which Senator Dent from Westmoreland is a member, built, in compliance with the recommendation of the General Assembily a large number of mental hospitals all over Pennsylvania. We are proud of the mental hospital program, we are proud of this Pennsylvania, each and everyone of us, and, Mr. President, everybody knows that in order to staff and operate those hospitals it is going to take additional funds and in this budget is an item of ten million dollars for that. Then there is an item that is, perhaps, unfair to say miscellaneous, but there is a ten million dollar item in the Budget which includes additional money for crippled children's homes, tubercoulsis sanatoriums and additional millions for the State-aided hospitals.

You and I know, Mr. President, that every one of the State-aided hospitals has earnestly requested more money so that they can continue to offer that fine, high degree of service to the people of Pennsylvania that they have in the past. They are not going to get all that they ask for. That is understandable in the light of our fiscal picture, but there is in that item, ten million dollars set up which is headed miscellaneous in the Budget and which will have to be considered.

Now, Mr. President, whether or not there have been overestimates or underestimates in prior budgets, or in this Budget now before us, is a question I would like to discuss very seriously with the gentleman from Westmoreland as soon as the matter becomes germane to the problem that is confronting the Senate when the tax program is before us. I agree with the gentleman from Westmoreland, and I want him with particularity to remember that this was said on the floor of the Senate. I want him to remember if there is any tax measure which has been suggested or which would be presented to the Senate that the Senate finds is not necessary, those of us on this side of the aisle will be very eager to make the motion to eliminate that particular tax

measure. The levying of taxes is not a pleasant duty.

I can remember, Mr. President, when we sat here on the floor of the Senate, when one side of the aisle voted "Yea" on all appropriations and "Nay" on all tax measures, and they did not like to be placed in that position, and I want to say to the Minority that the Majority does not find any sadistic pleasure in levying taxes. It is one of the unpleasasnt duties of any taxing authority that must be met.

Now, Mr. President, if we meet it as intelligent Pennsylvanians, without any political rancor or partisanship fervor, we are going to get along a whole lot farther. I think it would be a splendid thing, Mr. President, and I know what I am about to say is the seed that falls on shallow ground, and that statement in itself is going to be misinterpreted, but I think one of the fine things in this tax program would be if the newspapers of Pennsylvania would take the trouble and the pains to tell the people of Pennsylvania just what this problem is so that the people of Pennsylvania can help us to solve it. It is not a problem that belongs to the Republican Party or to the Democratic Party, and it is not a problem that can be bandied about in a facetious vein by any group of people in Pennsylvania. The people of Pennsylvania would like to know what this problem is. They would like to know the cold analytical facts without any personal embellishment from any individual who might be the transmitting agency.

Mr. President, if we can get this problem squarely before the people, the people will help us solve it for all of Pennsylvania. Nobody is looking for personal aggrandizement out of this thing. It is a serious problem that we all want to solve, and the sooner we sit down and try to solve it as fifty people on the team, rather than two warring factions, the Commonwealth will be a lot better off.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, sometimes I would like to promote the gentleman from Allegheny County, because I think that if he would go to Washington as a Republican Senator and take that same attitude, there would not be so much misinformation about the government in Washington, about its inflated pay rolls and all the expenses that go on down in Washington.

Mr. WALKER. I accept, Mr. President.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I would like to say to the Gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Walker, if you decide to run for United States Senator, I will vote for you on the Republican ticket, if you will do the same for me on the Democratic ticket. I would like to continue this debate, as it were, on the shores of the Potomac.

However, Mr. President, I recently attended a dinner. It was a magnificent dinner. It was given by the Manufacturers Association of Pennsylvania. It was the first time that I was ever privileged to be there, and I want to publicly thank the Manufacturers Association for their liberality and for their thoughtfulness in inviting my colleagues and myself to this dinner, and I also received a very liberal education while there. I noticed that the principal speakor of the evening was one Senator Byrd of Virginia, and the whole theme of his long speech was on Federal expenditures, cutting the fat out of the budget and cutting down the employees and the salaries paid. He is so good at it that every Republican organization that can get him for a price, gets Senator Byrd to come and speak for them, and he is a Democratic Senator from Virginia. So, if that is true, I think maybe I ought to be in line for an invitation to speaek to the Manufacturers Association. My theme is the same, cut the Budget and cut expenses, and I am not the only one, because, if you will look in the book, I am going by the book from now on, the good book is going to guide me. I am no longer going to be trapped. I will tell you where I am getting it, so you will know that I am telling the truth—the Legislative Journal of January 2, Tuesday, Page 70 and I quote:

"We propose to eliminate the Soft Drink Tax. We are mindful that new obligations have to be financed. But we anticipate that the increases in revenue, the decreases in expenditures arising from this changed situation, coupled with strict economy and good management, will be sufficient to avoid any additional taxes."

Mr. President, that comes from the Republican platform of 1950. Now, we Democrats were defeated because the people believed this. We were defeated four years prior to that bcause the people believed it then. It is easy to say, "Let us keep it nonpartisan," but you cannot keep it partisan during the campaign and expect it to be nonpartisan on the Floor of the Senate. It is a partisan proposition.

Mr. President, we Democrats say there is fat, lard, grease, anything you want to call it in the Pennsylvania Budget. We say that we have the figures to prove our point. We say that you knew last summer, the same as you know now, that the Legislature had mandated, as you say, $127,000,000. That was a known fact. That was knowledge contained in the books, the good book—it tells everything. We mandated the expenses and in my speech before the Senate a few minutes ago I called your attention to the mandated expenses. I did not say that Governor Fine was responsible. I said he fell heir to $112,000,000 of mandated expenses. There they are, but you knew that when you wrote this platform, and you knew that there was not going to be a surplus.

Mr. President, speaking of surpluses, let us look at one figure here that ought to interest every man in this Senate. The Governor states in his Message that he has $10,000,000 surplus from the Duff Administration. Now, in the eyes of the public, that immediately represents a $10,000,000 saving that was made in the Duff Administration, but he does not tell the people of Pennsylvania that the revenues, up until this book was printed, the revenues in Pennsylvania are $25,000,000 more than he estimated them to be. So, actually he spent $15,000,000 more than he asked us for two years ago.

Mr. President, there is not a $10,000,000 surplus. There is a $15,000,000 deficit. That is what it is. If you are in business, you have got to admit that income and outgo have a proper relationship when talking about your net worth. The net worth of Pennsylvania is based upon its revenues and its expenditures. There is no surplus in this Budget. There is no surplus in the economy, as it were, of the Duff Administration. You took $25,000,000 out of a mandated fund and you put it into relief, and I told you on the floor of the Senate, and I can get the

speech and the page where I made it on, that you were going to need twenty-five million dollars more for relief. I said you were going to need it, you needed it and you took it out of a fund that was already created for building purposes, and turned over to the General State Authority the job of creating the buildings. I know that and I think the people ought to know it. I know that you took ten more million dollars out of these extra funds that came in.

Look into the picture—why, the traveling expenses alone of this Commonwealth would keep a good sized state going. There is little or no check on travel expenses and allowance in the Commonwealth. I know because I have seen some of it going on for the years that I have been here, but you cannot, just like a voice in the wilderness, say we will cut a hundred here and a thousand here when you are in troublbe, and you are in trouble in Pennsylvania. We cannot afford to stick an income tax on the people of this State. No individual within the hearing of my voice can tell where it will end up. Philadelphia started with a half per cent, and it is now up to one and a half per cent. I say that a man with six children, a family earning twenty-five hundred dollars a year will pay more money on Pennsylvania's half per cent income than he will pay to the Federal Government.

There is another item, and that is very important. Look here, this is something that ought to interest every man in this Senate. Taxes if needed—this is out of the Republican Platform—taxes if needed to provide for the internal security of the Commonwealth, that was intended for civilian defense and for the general welfare of the people of Pennsylvania. That is intended for you and I, and will be levied without placing undue burdens upon any group or class. Where does an income tax of a flat nature place its burden? It places its burden squarely upon the man who can claim no deductions, who can hide no income because he is on a pay roll; the everyday worker of the Commonwealth just as it has been in the past will pay the load. If we needed it, if this State of ours was on its bended knees and we needed one per cent or a half per cent, or twenty per cent or ninety-nine per cent, it would not be too much for the people of this State to sacrifice, but you do not need it. The money is here. You are letting the same man underestimate your revenue and overestimate your need, and if you continue to do so—I mean it—I am going to cooperate, but I will not under any circumstances go away from the facts as they are contained in his own Budget Message. They are right here where you can see them. The figures I quote are contained in the budget messages from 1943 to 1951, and I think everyone of you ought to come up and take a look at it.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. ROSENFELD asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I would like to address myself for a moment to the comments made by the Majority Leader, that he is willing that all of us should act as fifty people on the team, and in thinking about the budget particularly, it seems to me that we are starting at the wrong end. Here we are met with possible expenditures for the next biennium of over a billion dollars, and as I think and as I thought about how these figures are derived and how they are arrived at, it occurs to me suddenly that you have a secretary of each department who sits down, and he sets out figures and probably sends them to the Budget Secretary who looks at them and changes them or does not change them, depending upon what he thinks or how he feels, and he sends them over to the Governor and the Governor looks at them and either upon advice or because he happens to know what a particular situation is, he decides either to accept them or change them according to what he thinks or feels. So, in the final analysis with regard to any particular department, you have three people, roughly, perhaps a few more, in the entire Commonwealth who have decided what a particular department should have for the next two years, and then what do we get? We get a printed message that this is required by the Commonwealth for the next two years.

Again, Mr. President, I say that three or possibly a few more men have acted upon the expenditure of millions and millions of dollars for each department, and no more, and we, the legislative arm of the Commonwealth, fifty strong in the Senate and two hundred nine in the House, have nothing but these figures before us.

Now, Mr. President, if we acted as a team, the first thing we would do would be to sit down and see what committee we have that can sit down with the proper heads, with the Budget Secretary or the Governor, or one of his representatives, and let us see whether somebody is wrong, whether somebody is right. Now, that is the only way we can act as a team. Otherwise, we can yell across the room here that we are right and the Majority Party is wrong, and they will do vice versa and none of us will ever know whether either of us were right or wrong.

Now, Mr. President, if we are really sincere about this thing and we really want to sit down and act as a team to determine what the real expenditures of this Commonwealth are, we can only do it by a committee which will sit in hearing and which will discuss the needs of the Commonwealth, which will discuss the needs of each department. Otherwise, all we have here is a compilation which has been made up or passed upon by three or four men for each department and nothing more. I think it is high time in this year of our Lord nineteen hundred fifty-one that we adress ourselves to a direct method of determining what the real needs of the Commonwealth are, and if we do that we can save an awful lot of hours debating across the halls of this Senate whether one side is right or whether one side is wrong.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I will accept the gentleman's amendment of a team of forty-nine and a half if that is what he is shooting at, and may I say to him for his own information, the membership of the House is two hundred eight, not two hundred nine. We appreciate the fact that in Philadelphia you sometimes get the fast count, but will you please just keep the numerical strength as it is?

Mr. President, may I suggest this? I have been under the impression that the Appropriations Committee from

the House and the Appropriations Committee from the Senate have a Subcommittee that—my assumption was that it was functioning during the interim in an attempt to keep abreast of these figures, and I will say to the gentleman from Philadelphia, I am heartily in favor of calling in everybody that has asked for money from the appropriations side of this responsibility, and see whether or not the money requested is necessary and whether or not the fund, the amount that is asked, is adequate or is excessive, because in that way then we will satisfy the people that we are trying to do the thing that they sent us down here to do.

Mr. President, I am heartily in accord with the thought that we should have people in and discuss it, and I think that should be true also of all the appropriations, whether they are departmental, whether they are for boards and bureaus and commissions or whether they are for hospitals and schools. I have watched with a great deal of interest, Mr. President, appropriation bills being introduced by the score. The History shows a lot of them. Everybody is awfully anxious to get an appropriation for his pet pig back home, and may I say to the gentleman from Philadelphia, let us call them all in and find out whether or not we cannot save some money.

May I say to the gentleman from Philadelphia, when I spoke about being a team I was sincere, and I am assuming that the gentleman from Philadelphia is willing to grant me at least the courtesy of appreciating the sincerity in which the remark was made.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I would like to add an amendment to a statement of the gentleman from Allegheny when he answered Senator Dent. He said that he hoped the newspapers would go to the pain and trouble to tell the people of Pennsylvania the true story of the Budget. The only way to tell the true story of the Budget is by public hearings, at which the newspaper men are there.

Mr. President, I am in favor of going to the pain and trouble to tell the people of Pennsylvania what the figures really represent, but I am not in favor of having a closed hearing in the Appropriations Committee or any subcommittee. I am in favor of having a hearing so the people will know what we are paying for advertising, what we are paying for political writers, what we are paying for the Milk Control Commission, what we are paying for telephone bills in this State, which are completely out of proportion to business.

Mr. President, these are things I think the people would like to know and I think the newspaper men should be all in at this hearing. I think we should bring in the Department heads separately and let them give an accounting to the people of Pennsylvania on how they have arrived at the figures we now have in this jumble of figures now amounting to a billion of dollars. I hope you will agree with me that you think the public should be at least advised on how their money is being spent. I am in favor of having them on television. It might prove to be a good television show to tell the people how we are squandering the people's money, how we have a Department of Commerce here that is a very fine political organization, and which is a means of raising funds for the political organization of the Republican Party or the party in power, either way.

Mr. President, these are things I would like to find out, and I do hope that the Majority Leader will agree to make all these hearings public, and if necessary, we can arrange to have the television and radios in so that the people of Pennsylvania will wake up to the fact that there are two rackets; one, gambling, and the other is a racket which is being perpetrated upon them by loaded pay rolls and spending by political parties.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER. asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, my colleague has just suggested that I be promoted, I am now a racketeer. Racketeers are getting a prominent place in television and are becoming stars on the Hit Parade. The gentleman from Allegheny's statement reminds me of Jimmy Durante. He keeps saying, "Everybody is trying to get in the act."

Mr. President, if there is anybody I failed to invite into these public hearings, I am sorry. You are all invited. The gentleman from Allegheny is invited, the press is invited, everyone is invited. Only those who are held in the "pokey" are not invited.

Mr. President, I want these hearings to be public. I want the press to be there, and I hope, Mr. President, that the day we have the Department of Commerce there, the gentleman from Allegheny will take the time to come to the hearings, and I think he will find out that after he listens to what the Department of Commerce has done to promote Pennsylvania all over the United States and what they have done to help Pennsylvania continue its pace as a great industrial State, I think there will be a cessation of these capricious speeches on the floor of the Senate about padded payrolls and political hacks because, may I say to the gentleman from Allegheny, I have never noticed that there is even a percentage of what he is complaining about in Harrisburg, as compared to our great Capitol City in Washington where we do not even have the chance of a minority. It will be interesting, Mr. President—they are always talking about what they would do when they were in the Majority. God knows, Mr. President, what a great day it will be if we ever get to be the Majority in Washington. Then, we will see whether or not we can put to work some of these suggestions that we have been making in the political rostrums over the past twenty years.

Now, Mr. President, the public hearings will be held. Everybody is invited. Will the gentlemen of the press please make a note? Please come to the hearings. We well see that adequate space is provided. We will call in the Departments one at a time. We will give the gentlemen of the press, the gentlemen of the Majority and the gentlemen of the Minority an opportunity to thoroughly explore every figure in that Budget. We want the people of Pennsylvania—now that is repetitious, Mr. President, and I am doing it deliberately in the hope that perhaps somewhere on the Minority side, at least one out of twenty will understand what I am saying.

We hope to be able to give the people of Pennsylvania the absolute truth on the fiscal picture of Pennsylvania so that they can help us solve it.

Now, Mr. President, I know very well that when I sit down I will not have the last word on this subject, because I have been trying for twelve years to get the last word with the Minority, and I have not succeeded yet. May I say, Mr. President, as far as I am concerned, I do not propose to discuss the Budget any further this afternoon, because a few of us have to go back to school this evening to study, and we have the Calendar to complete yet and it is with the hope that springs eternal in the human breast that I sit down in the hope that this will be the end of the Budget Message for today.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, you know Senator Walker makes me think of an incident which I witnessed quite recently. A lawyer was giving an argument on why a labor union man, who was fired from the labor union, should be put back to work. This was given by a Pittsburgh lawyer, and it was one of the finest arguments on why a man should be put back to work. I remember Mr. Lewis, who is the owner of the Pittsburgh Courier, said to him, "Now, you have been giving a fine argument. I know that the union members think that you are a fine lawyer. Suppose you get on our side of the desk and I know you can give just as good an argument on why he should be fired."

I think he is a very fine lawyer for this reason. Just a few days ago he used the argument in passing or trying to force the civilian defense bill being passed that this was the work of the brains of Washington, and that because it was written by the brains of Washington it should be passed. Now, he states that he feels a little differently now, and I think he should pay more attention to Senator Byrd and the words that he said and the rest of the Dixiecrats in Washington, who are helping the Republicans and do exactly what your party is doing in Washington. I say cut expenditures, see where they are and dig them out.

Mr. President, I know Senator Walker has been very fine in the civilian defense. We asked for a public hearing. We wanted the press to know what was going to be done. Senator Dent told them that they were going to go a little bit hog wild with the mony. Senator Walker said that the people of Pennsylvania should not have a chance to appear, that the men who knew more about civilian defense than we do should not be brought down to Harrisburg and attend public hearing, that this bill had to go through because it was the brains of some bureaucrat in Washington. I wish he would keep his argument straight. One day he is arguing to put the bill through because it has Washington approval, and the next day he is arguing just the opposite. He is a fine lawyer.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

MEMBERS OF THE STATE COUNCEL OF CIVIL DEFENSE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Members of the State Council of Civil Defense, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1955:

Emery F. Bacon, 121 Delano Drive, Pittsburgh,, Allegheny County.

Mrs. Katherine S. Carpenter, Jersey Shore, Lycoming County.

Dr. Theodore A. Distler, Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

Louis J. Feldman, Esq., 9 West Diamond Avenue, Hazleton, Luzerne County.

William J Meinel, Huntingdon Valley, Montgomery County.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. BERGER,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATION TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I call from the table the nomination of D. Thomas Evans, Recorder of Deeds in and for the County of Cambria, for the purpose of consideration at this time.

The nomination was read as follows:

RECORDER OF DEEDS, CAMBRIA COUNTY

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 5, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate D. Thomas Evans,, 340 Highland Avenue, Johnstown, Cambria County, for appointment as Recorder of Deeds in and for the County of Cambria, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice Clark Powell, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. LETZLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nomination.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stiefel,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Toole,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Wade,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Wagner,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Walker,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Watkins,
Chapman,	Leader.	Robinson,	Watson,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Wolfe,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Wood,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Yosko,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Taylor,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Freed	McMenamin,	Stevenson,	

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill No. 22, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (g) of Section 2801-A of and to add Section 2802-A to the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by creating the Historical Preservation Fund providing for the payment of certain moneys into it and making an appropriation therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill No. 23, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend part of Section 302 and Sections 307 and 1501 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343) entitled "An act relating to the finances of the State government providing for the settlement assessment collection and lien of taxes bonus and all other accounts due the Commonwealth the collection and recovery of fees and other money or property due or belonging to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof including escheated property and the proceeds of its sale the custody and disbursement or other disposition of funds and securities belonging to or in the possession of the Commonwealth and the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth the resettlement of accounts and appeals to the courts refunds of moneys erroneously paid to the Commonwealth auditing the accounts of the Commonwealth and all agencies thereof of all public officers collecting moneys payable to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof and all receipts of appropriations from the Commonwealth and imposing penalties affecting every department board commission and officer of the State government every political subdivision of the State and certain officers of such subdivisions every person association and corporation required to pay assess or collect taxes or to make returns or reports under the laws imposing taxes for State purposes or to pay license fees or other moneys to the Commonwealth or any agency thereof every State depository and every debtor or creditor of the Commonwealth" by providing for the Historical Preservation Fund and for disbursements therefrom.

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 103, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one

thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982) entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties" by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth or State public bodies to dedicate sell convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth and validating dedications sales conveyances and leases heretofore made.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution districts taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" by further regulating the giving of notice of sale the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1368) entitled "An act amending revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county city except of the first and second class and second class A borough town township school district except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A and institution district taxes providing when how and upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes the return and entering of claims therefor the collection and adjudication of such claims sales of real property including seated and unseated lands subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property and the proceedings therefor creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county except a county of the first class to act as agent for taxing districts defining its powers and duties including sales of property the management of property taken in sequestration and the management sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners taxing districts and trustees at tax sales providing a method for the service of process and notices imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts and repealing existing laws" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 602 Notice of Sale Prior to any scheduled sale the bureau shall give notice thereof once a week for three (3) consecutive weeks in two (2) newspapers of general circulation in the county if so many are published therein and once in the legal journal if any designated by the court for the publication of legal notices Such notice shall set forth (a) the purpose of such sale (b) the time of such sale (c) the place of such sale (d) the terms of the sale including the approximate upset price (e) the descriptions of the properties to be sold as stated in the claims entered each description commencing with

"

Name of Owner

"

description

The description may be given in intelligible abbreviations

Such published notice shall be addressed to the "owners of property described in this notice and to all persons having tax liens tax judgments or municipal claims against such properties"

In addition to such publications notice of the sale shall also be given by the bureau by United States registered mail return receipt requested postage prepaid to each owner as defined by this act at least ten (10) days before the date of sale addressed to his last known post office address or if no post office address is known or if the notice addressed to the owner is not delivered to the owner by the postal authorities such notice shall be posted on the property

The published notice the mail notice and the posted notice shall each state that the sale of any property may at the option of the bureau be stayed if the owner thereof or any lien creditor of the owner on or before the date of sale enters into an agreement with the bureau to pay the taxes in instalments in the manner provided by this act and the agreement entered into

In case the property of any corporation limited partnership or joint-stock association is advertised for sale the bureau shall give to the Department of Revenue the notice required by section one thousand four hundred two of the Fiscal Code of the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 343)

No sale shall be defeated and no title to property sold shall be invalidated because of proof that mail notice is herein required was not received by the owner provided such notice was given as prescribed by this section

The costs of such advertisement and notices shall be taxed as part of the costs of such proceedings and shall be paid by the owner the same as other costs

Section 607 Bureau's Return to Court Notice Confirmation Appeal (a) It shall be the duty of the bureau not later than (60) days after a scheduled sale was held to make a consolidated return to the court of common pleas of the county wherein it shall set forth (1) a brief description of each property exposed to sale (2) the name of the owner in whose name it was assessed (3) the name of the owner at the time of sale and to whom notice by mail was given as provided by this act (4) a

reference to the record of the tax claiam on which the sale was held [(4)] (5) the time when and the newspapers in which the advertisement for sale was made with a copy of said advertisement [(5)] (6) the time of sale [(6)] (7) the name of the purchaser if any and [(7)] (8) the price for which each property was sold or that no bid was made equal to the upset price and the property was not sold Upon the presentation of said return if it shall appear to said court that such sale has been regularly conducted under the provisions of this act the said return and the sales so made shall be confirmed nisi

* * * * *

(g) If no objections or exceptions are filed or where objections or exceptions are finally overruled and the sale confirmed absolutely the validity of the tax its return for nonpayment the entry of the claim or the making of such claim absolute and the proceedings of the bureau with respect to such sale except as to the giving of notice as required by the act or the time of holding the sale or of petitioning court for an order of sale shall not thereafter be inquired into judicially in equity or by civil proceedings by the person in whose name such property was sold his or her or theirs or his her or their grantees or assigns or by any lieu creditor or other person whatever There shall be no period of redemption after such sale and the sale shall be deemed to pass a good and valid title to the purchaser free from any liens or encumbrances whatsoever except such liens as are hereafter specifically saved and in all respects as valid and effective as if acquired by a sheriff's deed

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 305, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidence of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such turnpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 360, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus; conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas; defining procedure in all cases; authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth; providing for the imposition of costs; allowing appeals; specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken; and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 131, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights, obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them, and amending, revising, changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, there are two bills on today's Second Reading Calendar, Senate Bill No. 138 and Senate Bill No. 290—these two bills deal with constitutional convention—and in order to expedite matters I am going to move that the bills be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations so that we can properly amend them.

Therefore, Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 138, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a revision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania by a constitutional convention and a vote of electors; and providing for the nomination and election of delegates.

be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout, regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 290, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a referendum to determine the will of the electorate in regard to constitutional convention.

be recommitted to the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. PEELOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 319, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes' by provding for the method of valuation taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "Physician"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 357, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to reenact, revise and amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any departmental administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 27, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 6:22 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Tuesday, March 27, 1951, at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, March 26, 1951

The House met at 4:30 p. m.
The SPEAKER, (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

Reverend William L. Thompson, Pastor of the First Church of Christ, Lock Haven, pastor and guest of the gentleman from Clinton, Hon. Clarence E. Moore, offered the following prayer:

Eternal God, the centuries are in Thy Hands, so also are the minutes. We, as humans, have only the minutes, yet we need the wisdom of the centuries.

Therefore, we pray, permit Thy Wisdom to dominate the minutes of this legislative session. Slay within us every tendency to make light of our responsibilities. Cause us to act always for the good of the people whom we represent.

In the joy of this season we approach the problems before us. Give us Thy Peace, we pray, in the fulness of our trust in Thee and from within the will of our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER . Are there any corrections to the Journal of Wednesday, March 21, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. There will be a Republican Caucus immediately after the calling of a recess.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for twenty minutes. The Chair hears none and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the attention of the Majority Leader, not that I have any intention of interrogating him today. I feel that doubtless some of the information that he carries around in his head, and which he doubtless imparts to the Majority party caucus, should be more generally distributed, so that we hight all share in the financial secrets which we find embodied in the Governor's budget.

As I see the budget there is $120 million in so-called mandated increases, the expenses incident to the bonus and similar items $120 million. Now it is worth while giving serious thought at a time when it is propesed to enact new taxes as to how much money is actually needed —new money that is, if any. If you have looked at the budget you will see that there has been a decrease over the amount appropriated or spent during the present biennium of $60 mllion in public assistance. So we mark $60 million down on the ledger that we did spend and we will not have to spend this time.

Now there is the recurring item of $16 mill for Forests and Waters and there is a non-recurring item of $15 million for public housing. There is $9 million that we are going to get from the Federal Government for public assistance that we did not get before.

We are going to get $4 million from the Garrett Estate and we are going to have so they tell us, an increase, a natural increase of $41 million in the corporate income tax that we do not increase even.

Then we will take the $60 million and the $16 million and the $15 million and the $9 million and the $4 million and the $41 million, we have $145 million.

Now it is proposed to establish a reserve fund of $20 million for civilian relief for an emergency. I seriously urge you upon the attention of this House that if we come squarely up against an emergency that the Commonwealth, the Governor, can borrow for the purpose of any disaster, riot, insurrection, needs of war, all the money the Commonwealth needs, all the money that the Commonwealth operating through the General Assembly could appropriate, and that we do not need $20 million somewhere in the bank awaiting the time of emergency, because we can finance the emergency without convening the Legislature when the emergency arises.

So I say in all seriousness that in the face of $120 million of mandated increases in the state budget, that we look squarely in the face of $165 million in non-recurring items and one of decreases in public assistance and in the civilian defense reserve fund, and on the basis of the figures I seriously urge upon the Majority Leader that he personally study the budget and that in due season, at the proper time when he has further consulted the Budget Office . . . you know, consulting the Budget Office makes me think of the men called upon to explain a very intricate problem.

He said "Now have I talked sufficiently to confuse you so much that you do not have any more questions to ask."

I would say to the Majority Leader that he probably has discovered that when he talks to the Budget Secretary that the Budget Secretary could well reply "Now have I talked sufficiently so that you do not have any more questions to ask; do not know and cannot ask any more questions?"

Another matter, the Department of Public Assistance said that in the calendar year 1949 the income of Pennsylvania citizens amounted to practically $15 billion, the income of the citizens. I presume that means the income, the personal income of the citizens.

Now it is proposed to enact a one half of one per cent state-wide income tax to raise $120 million.

Now if the people of the Commonwealth have a total income of $15 billion and you have a half of one per cent income tax, you are not raising $120 million in a two-year period; you are raising nearer $160 million. That is another thing to put down on your book, to figure out.

I would like to have at the proper time from anyone who represents the administration, who can fathom the intricacies of the budget, a reply and straighten out my mind concerning these budget figures which I am at this time presenting.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

I appreciate, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman's kindness in flattering me by saying that I might have these figures in my head. At this time I do not.

There are several things, though, that he has asked me that I feel I might be able to answer in some degree. I will try to answer all of his questions when I have consulted with the Budget Office, and for his information, let me tell him that I am a Dutchman, a persistent guy and I am not going to give up. I will get the answers.

So far as civil defense is concerned and the $20 million, I agree with the gentleman that under our Constitution, in case of emergency, we can borrow unlimited sums; but it might be doubtful what an emergency would be In the meantime while we are waiting for an emergency, there are going to be necessary expenses.

It is also possible that the Federal government might come along with an appropriation under which we as a Commonwealth would have to match those funds. We must have money available to do that, to be able to match it so that we will not lose any of it in this state. I would think that this $20 million might possibly be called insurance. It insures that we do not lose any money that is made available to us.

The gentleman has made the statement that Public Assistance has given a figure of $15 billion of public income in this State. I think that figure probably includes public assistance, as one thing. It includes direct relief and would probably include work relief, government retirement payments, veterans' pensions, workmen's compensation, social security, and military money, reservists' pay. That would reduce our total income—I am just stating round figures now—probably to $12 billion in our state, rather than a total of $15 billion.

That is the only answer that I can give at this time to the gentleman. I will do my best to get all the answers for him in due time.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEE TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Appropriations to meet during the session of the House.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 6 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State Departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by nonprofit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system in-

cluding certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for payments on account of pupils transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better graduation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 921 and Section 922 of the act aproved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the tenure of members and officers of county boards of school directors.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by further regulating the organization hours of service vacations and sick leaves of firemen

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HAROLD G. MILLER offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2103), page 3, line 15, by striking out the word "thirty" and inserting in lieu thereof "fourteen."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2103), page 3, line 17, by striking out the following words "Any employe may accumulate his sick."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2103), page 3, line 18, by striking out the following words "leave for a period not to exceed three years."

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Fund by cities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493) entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class second class A and third class and imposing fines penalties and forfeiture for violation thereof" by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act to add clause LVII to Section 1502 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consilidating and changing the law relating thereto" by empowering the township commissioners to regulate the streets sewers public squares common-grounds sidewalks curbs gutters culverts and drains and the heights grades widths slopes and construction thereof and to grant rights therein for the installation of public utilities in said streets without the consent of the abutting property owners

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary for the purpose of further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boys and girls clubs

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions permitting defendants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the ground that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions relating to admission of beginners

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1704 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties county institution districts cities of the third class boroughs towns townships certain school districts and vocational school districts conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts and various officers of said political subdivisions and prescribing penalties" by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assessment lists and tax duplicates

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 579, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-three of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for payment of salaries of teachers when schools are closed

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. MAZZA. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommited to the Committee on Education for the purpose of further study.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 195, Printer's No. 49

Senate Bill No. 215, Printer's No. 39 and

Senate Bill No. 217, Printer's No. 40

were passed over at the request of the Speaker.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 18, Printer's No. 42

was passed over at the request of the the Speaker.

There being no objection

House Bill No. 195, Printer's No. 64

was passed over at the request of Mr. Moran.

Agreebly to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 273, as follows:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 In addition to the judge provided for in the act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 167) entitled "An act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election and commissioning of judges learned in the

law for the said districts" and additional law judge is hereby authorized and provided for the court of common pleas of the twenty-fourth judicial district who shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the Constitution and laws for the president judge of the court of common pleas of said district and who shall hold his office for a like term and by the same tenure and shall have the same power authority and jurisdiction and shall be subject to the same duties restrictions and penalties and shall receive the same compensation provided for by law for judges learned in the law as if the same office had been established in the time of and subject to the provisions of the act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 1410) entitled "An act to fix the salaries and compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court the judges of the Superior Court the judges of the courts of common pleas the judges of the orphans' courts the judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and the judges of the County Court of Allegheny County certain associate judges not learned in the law and repealing certain acts inconsistent herewith"

Section 2 At the next municipal election in November one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one the qualified electors of the twenty-fourth judicial district shall elect in the same manner prescribed by law for the election of the president judge of the court of common pleas of the district a competent person learned in the law to serve as additional law judge of the court of common pleas of the twenty-fourth Judicial district from the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and fifty-two roa a ferm of ten years Vacancies in the office hereby created whether caused by death resignation expiration of term or otherwise shal be filled in the same manner as is required by law in case of a similar vacancy in the office of president judge of said court

Section 3 The Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a competent person learned in the law as such additional law judge of the court of common pleas of the twenty-fourth judicial district to serve until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fifty-two

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have no desire to unduly prolong discussion concerning this bill, nor do I have any desire to embarrass the sponsors of it by any questions that I may ask.

I have risen to discuss this bill because measures like this emphasize the fact that as far as spawning new judges is concerned we have no formula; we have no standard.

If you will look at the population of the various judicial districts throughout the Commonwealth, you will find that there are some judges who serve less than 40,000. You will find other judicial jurisdictions where the population within the jurisdiction is over 150,000.

We are told that we do not have enough judges. If you will take a survey of the state, you will find that we have too many ailing judges; too many judges that are physically incompetent to perform the duties incumbent upon them.

The need for a judge in Blair county does not arise by reason of any pronounced increase in new business. In fact, over the last ten years, over the last twenty years, there has been no increase in the Civil cases brought before the court in Blair county. Neither has there been any increase in the number of days it has been necessary for the court to devote to the consideration of civil business.

The judge is not old, he is not as old as I am. He is only 69 and is running for re-election, and has the situation rather well in hand out there in Blair county. He has had it rather well in hand these many years.

Has the court asked for assistance? The court has not. Has the bar association by a two-thirds vote asked for an additional judge? The bar association has not. The bar association in Blair county, by a split vote, not more than half, a bare majority, voted that the County needed another judge.

Well, the county under the law is entitled to a juvenile court judge. You get this judge, this additional judge, and sure as shooting the County will come in under its legal right and ask for a juvenile court judge. The creation of a juvenile court judge in Blair county will probably solve the problem.

I say we have too many judges that are too old, who have ill health. The judge in Blair county has been in ill health for quite a long time. In my own County the judge who will seek re-election is seventy-four years old. He will be nominated and he will be elected. At the end of his term he will be eighty-four. Well maybe he will be good at that time. I do not know. He may improve with the years.

There is a difference of opinion in Blair county. The Altoona Tribune wants to know why two judges, and then goes on at some length to urge the view that Blair county does not need two judges.

The other paper out in Altoona, the Tribune which is the minor paper—it does not amount to so much maybe, possibly because it is partially Democratic sometimes, I do not know—but the powerful paper, the Altoona Mirror goes on to ask what is this bill? It concludes by stating that in the bar association it was voted on by only 37 lawyers, a little more than half the membership—21 favored a second judge, 16 did not.

The second question referred to the establishment of a second judge in the Orphans Court. On this question, 15 of the 16 negative lawyers voted, voted 8 yes and 7 no. So there is no united demand on the part of the press or on the part of the bar in Blair county for this judge.

Other counties will come in asking for the creation of additional judges. They may be needed. What I am urging is that the majority party create some sort of standard by which it will be possible to determine when a new judge is needed and where, and when a new judge is needed according to the standard the General Assembly automatically would create the new judge.

But we are just going helter-skelter now. We spawn them whenever a part of the bar association asks that they have a new judge. On the basis of population as compared with other counties Blair county is entitled to another judge. If you compare it with Bucks it needs a judge. If you compare it with Chester, with York, even with Berks, you can compare it with my own county, it needs another judge.

But when the judge now on the bench in Blair county was in good health, was on the job, he did not want an additional judge, they did not need a new judge. Now they are creating a new judge in Blair county simply because they have an old man and a sick man on the bench.

If that is the standard to which we want to adhere, very well, let us understand that when you get an old man and a sick man on the bench, you add another judge. I do not believe that is a proper standard. I hate to vote against this bill, and yet I hate to vote for it, because as soon as that judge gets warm in his seat he will be up here asking for an increase in salary. He will want more tipstaves and he will want more this and he will want more that, and we automatically increase expenses back home everything we here at Harrisburg create another judge.

I say, I hate to oppose this particular bill, because the representatives from Blair county have as much right to ask for an additional judge as a lot of the other counties that have been getting additional judges. And they have as much right as some of the other counties that will come in. And so, I hope that I will be the only man that votes against this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—140

Banker,	Gutendorf,	McInroy,	Scott,
Beech,	Guthrie,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Blair,	Hall,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Bloom,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McNally,	Smith,
Boies,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bolton,	Harney,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Haudenshield,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hunter,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Cella,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Swope,
Clendening,	Jones, P. F.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cooper,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Corr,	Jump,	Murray,	Thompson, R. L.,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	Tompkins,
Dalrymple,	Keller,	Naugle,	Toomey,
Davis,	Kent,	Needham,	VanSant,
Dennison,	Kline,	Petrosky,	Varner,
Dowling,	Kohl,	Pichney,	Verona,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pitzer,	Wachhaus,
Dunn,	Lafore,	Polaski,	Wargo,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Waterhouse,
Ewing,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Watkins,
Fenrich,	Loftus,	Readinger,	Weidner,
Ferster,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Wescott,
Filo,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Whalley,
Firmstone,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Wheeler,
Flack,	Madden,	Rovansek,	White,
Frost,	Markley,	Royer,	Williams,
Gibson,	Maxwell,	Rubin,	Wilt,
Gleason,	Mazza,	Sarraf,	Yeakel,
Goodling,	McCormack,	Sax,	Young,
Graybill,	McCullough,	Schmidt,	Ziegler,
Greer,	McDermit,	Schuster,	Sorg, Speaker

NAYS—42

Andrews,	Good,	Limper,	Rose,
Beaver,	Guarnieri,	Lutty,	Rosen,
Berkstresser,	Hagerty,	Madigan,	Seyler,
Breth,	Headlee,	Monroe,	Taylor,
Byrne,	Hoggard,	Muldowney,	Toll,
Cochran,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Varallo,
Conway,	Jones, J. M.,	Olsen,	Welsh,
Coyle,	Kolankiewicz,	Penglase,	Westrick,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Yester,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Yetzer,
Filip,	Lederer,		

NOT VOTING—25

Amarando,	Geer,	Light,	Reagan,
Barkdoll,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Reese,
Baumunk,	Hersch,	McGee,	Reidenbach,
Bear,	Hocker,	Metz,	Riley, R. L.,
Bomberger,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Scanlon,
Bucchin,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	Wood,
Gaffney,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, as follows:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game predators and unprotected birds

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" as amended by the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 810) is hereby further amended to read as follows

(a) Unlawful Methods and Devices

Section 704 Unlawful Methods of Hunting It is unlawful for any person to shoot at or to shoot for any wild bird or wild animal unless it is plainly visible to him or to dig cut or smoke or in any other manner take any live wild bird or wild animal other than a predator out of its den or place of refuge except that woodchucks may be dug out of their dens in cultivated fields under the conditions stipulated in the preceding section

Except as otherwise provided it is unlawful to hunt for catch take kill or wound or attempt to catch take kill or wound any wild bird or wild animal of any kind through the use of (a) what is commonly knawn as an automatic gun or an automatic firearm of any kind except that semi-automatic shot guns may be used for hunting and killing small game predators and unprotected birds (b) or a magazine shotgun to hunt for any bird or animal other than big game which contains more than three shells at one time in the magazine and chamber combined or a swivel gun or an air-rifle or the apparatus known as a silencer (c) or from an automobile or vehicle or boat or craft of any kind propelled by any mechanical power (d) or to set lay or prepare for use or to use any bait hay grain or other food or any trap snare set-gun net bird-lime deelick pit-fall turkey blind or turkey pen the term "set-gun" as herein used meaning any contrivance device or firearm capable of discharging or projecting a deadly charge or missile which is set to operate in the absence of the owner (e) or to make use of or take advantage of any artificial light battery or other contrivance or device except that artificial lights such as are ordinarily carried in the hand or on the person may be used for the purpose of taking raccoons opossums and skunks (f) or to make use of any method or device not specifically permitted by this act for the purpose of catching taking wounding or killing wild birds or wild animals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—149

Andrews,	Gutendorf,	McInroy,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Hagerty,	McKinney,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hall,	McMillen,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Seyler,
Blair,	Harney,	Metz,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Smith,
Bolton,	Hunter,	Mikula,	Snider,
Bower,	Jenkins,	Miller, H. G.,	Sollenberger,
Breisch,	Johnson,	Mills,	Spencer,
Breth,	Jones, G. E.,	Mintess,	Stank,
Brown,	Jones, J. M.,	Monroe,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Jones, P. F.,	Moore, H. A.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moran,	Tahl,
Cella,	Jump,	Muldowney,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Kamyk,	Munley,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Kent,	Naugle,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Kline,	Needham,	Toll,
Conway,	Kohl,	Olsen,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Kolankiewicz,	Penglase,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Varallo,
Costa,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Varner,
Coyle,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Verona,
Dalrymple,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Wachhaus,
Davis,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Leisey,	Polen,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Weidner,
DuBois,	Leven,	Readinger,	Welsh,
Fenrich,	Light,	Reagan,	Wescott,
Filip,	Limper,	Reilly, J. M.,	Westrick,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Riley, R. L.,	Wheeler,
Firmstone,	Lutty,	Robertson,	White,
Frost,	Lyons,	Rose,	Williams,
Gaffney,	Madden,	Rovansek,	Yeakel,
Gibson,	Maxwell	Royer,	Yester,
Gleason,	McConnell,	Rubin,	Yetzer,
Good,	McCormack,	Sarraf,	Ziegler,
Goodling,	McCullough,	Sax,	Sorg,
Greer,			Speaker

NAYS—26

Baumunk,	Graybill,	Lovett,	Price, R. A.,
Bear,	Guarnieri,	Markley,	Rosen,
Boies,	Guthrie,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Boorse,	Hamilton, R. K.,	Moore, C. E.,	VanSant,
Duffy,	Headlee,	Najaka,	Wood,
Ferster,	Helm,	Petrosky,	Young,
Flack,	Hocker,		

NOT VOTING—32

Amarando,	Geer,	Madigan,	Re'denbach,
Banker,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Rigby,
Barkdoll,	Hersch,	McDermit,	Scanlon,
Bomberger,	Hewitt,	McGee,	Shotwell,
Dennison,	Hoggard,	Murray,	Swope,
Dunn,	Keller,	Musto,	Watkins,
Erb,	Leonard, L.,	Peta,	Whalley,
Ewing,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wilt,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, as follows:

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302 of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" by providing that employers' reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection (f) of Section 302 of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 1897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" as added by the act approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1854) is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 302 Establishment and Maintenance of Employer's Reserve Accounts The department shall establish and maintain for each employer a separate employer's reserve account in the following manner

* * * * *

(f) Subsequent to June thirtieth one thousand nine hundred forty-nine such account shall be charged with all compensation by even dollars paid to each individual who received from such employer wage credits constitutiong the base of such compensation in the proportion that such wage credits with such employer bears to the total wage credits received by such individual from all employers but no employer's reserve account shall be charged with any compensation paid to any employe who voluntarily left the service of such employer Provided That no compensation shall be charged to such account under the provision of this subsection (f) if a charge has been made under any other provision of this section to such account with respect to the wages of the compensated employe upon which such compensation was based and Provided further that no compensation shall be charged to the account of any base year employer under the provisions of this subsection unless such base year employer was also the last employer by whom the compensated employe was employed prior to the date on which he filed his valid application for benefits nothing herein contained shall affect the rate or amount of benefits to which a claimant may be entitled under the provisions of Article IV of this act based upon the claimants entire base year wages

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor of that bill to explain the purpose of the bill.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, House Bill 545, Printer's No. 110, is presented for the action of this House to take care of this particular situation: in the event that I, as an employer, would have an employe, who stayed with me, say five to ten years, and then left me voluntarily or left me under a situation which is not compensable under the unemployment act, and then went to work for a second employer. If the second employer fires the employe within a year, the act as presently constituted and the unemployment compensation fund as presently organ-

ized, takes the base year which in the situation which I have just noted, would go over into a period in which the man was normally employed.

What this bill does is to state that the person who has hired the employe during the base year here and which has nothing to do with his now being unemployed, his account in the Unemployment Compensation Bureau would not be charged with the amount of unemployment compensation paid to this particular employe, and the amount of funds expended for unemployment compensation would be charged to the employer actually discharging the employe. It does not change in any way the manner of figuring the amount of unemployment compensation nor does it eliminate or change the amount which the employe will receive. It merely sets up as to which of the employers' funds shall be charged under Unemployment Compensation.

I do not know whether that answers the gentleman's question or not.

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if an employe should be fired by the last employer, would he be eligible for unemployment compensation from the last employer or the former employer, provided he would not have enough time with the last employer?

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman's question, the base year would be made up from both employers. He would be paid on that base year, but the employer that would be charged under Unemployment Compensation would be the employer who fired him, and not the employer when separation was agreeable to both parties. In other words the first employer is not chargeable under the act.

Mr. MORAN. Then, under this bill, Mr. Speaker, the employe could not lose, is that right?

Mr. ROBERTSON. That is absolutely right.

Mr. MORAN. Then I am satisfied, Mr. Speaker.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 99 and

Senate Bill No. 237, Printer's No. 75

were passed over at the request of the Speaker.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. TAHL from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 716, entitled:

A Supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Appropriation Acts, page 62), entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools for two years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year endin May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine," providin for deficiencies in certain appropriations made by the act for the fiscal biennium ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one.

Mr. ROSE from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Public Assistance and providing for certain allocations therefrom for the purpose of carrying out the Public Assistance Law for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and for the payment of assistance and expenses accrued or incurred prior to and remaining unpaid on May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine.

Mr. SARRAF from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 719, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Welfare to reimburse State-aided hospitals for part of the cost of training student nurses in approved schools of nursing.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 26, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at four-thirty o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, Hon. William H. Milliken from Delaware County.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. GEER offered a resolution which was filed with the Clerk.

CONGRATULATIONS

Messrs. KOHL, GUTENDORF, JUMP, MIKULA and FLACK offered a resolution which was read and considered as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 26, 1951.

Whereas, The Honorable Leonard A. Najaka, a member of this august body since 1946 representing the fourth district of Luzerne County has found occasion for uplifted spirits and for added strength, joy and steadfastness in the pursuance of all tasks due to a new found responsibility; and

Whereas, It has become known that Mr. Najaka's inspiration for new spirit, strength, joy and added accomplishment is the birth to him and his wife, the former Clementine Belefsky, of a baby daughter, Susan, weight six pounds, seven and one-half ounces at Nanticoke State Hospital, on Good Friday, March 23, 1951; and

Whereas, The said birth is a noteworthy occasion of which due recognition is hereby taken by this House and Mr. Najaka's many friends; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House extend its congratulations and best wishes to the new father and mother; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk send a copy of this resolution to Mrs. Najaka at her residence at Glen Lyon, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, according to the traditions, the long established customs and practices in this House, such an occasion as the resolution celebrates has become fixed as one where I am due for at least one can of tobacco, and I have not got the tobacco.

He is the wisest father I have encountered in the House because when he has come through with all the expenses, a cigarette will probably be all he can afford.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was unanimously adopted.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Najaka.

Mr. NAJAKA. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank Mr. Andrews for that little speech. He will have a can of tobacco tomorrow.

To my colleagues from Luzerne County, I wish to thank them for this privileged resolution. And speaking for the mother and daughter, Susan, I wish to say: "Thank you."

The SPEAKER. The Chair also congratulates the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Najaka and hopes for a speedy recovery.

The Chair noted that he appeared at the microphone with his attending physician.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Cities—Third Class, Mr. Dalrymple, Chairman, Room 521, Tuesday, March 27, at 10:30 a. m.

Education, Mr. Sollenberger, Chairman, Room 324, Tuesday, March 27, at 11:30 a. m.

Judiciary, Mr. McKinney, Chairman, Room 520, Tuesday, March 27, at 11:00 a. m.

Municipal Corporations, Mr. Boorse, Chairman, Room 521, Tuesday, March 27, at 10:00 a. m.

Professional Licensure, Mr. Flack, Chairman, Room 325, Tuesday, March 27, at 11:30 a. m.

Welfare, Mr. Haudenshield, Chairman, Room 330, Tuesday, March 27, at 10:00 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. VAN SANT. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Tuesday, March 27, 1951 at 1:00 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:56 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1951. 139th of the General Assembly.

Vol. 32. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1951. No. 27.

SENATE

TUESDAY, March 27, 1951.

The Senate met at 3:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. JOHN C. MOORE, Pastor of Christ Episcopal Church, Coudersport, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Direct us, Oh Lord, in all our doings with Thy most gracious favor and further us with Thy continual help, that in all our works begun, continued and ended in Thee, we may glorify Thy holy name, and through Thy gift of faith bring our perplexities to the light of Thy wisdom and receive Thy blessed encouragement and a clearer knowledge of Thy will.

We thank Thee, Oh Father, for all of these, Thy gracious gifts. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. PROPERT, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. BARR asked and obtained leave of absence for himself for Wednesday and Thursday.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a meeting of the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

THE HONORABLE THOMAS F. LANSBERRY PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. HARE. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I would like to call the attention of the Senate this afternoon to the presence of a gentleman I am quite proud to call a friend. Fifteen years ago he served as a page boy in this Senate, and in 1943, he and I went away together in the United States Navy as enlisted men, and today he is carving out a future for himself as President Judge of my county, one of the youngest and one of the most efficient that the bench has ever had back there, The Honorable Thomas F. Lansberry.

LADIES AUXILIARY OF WHITE HALL REPUBLICAN CLUB PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. FREED. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I do not have any school girls here of high school age but I do have their ma's and grandma's here, and they came to the occasion, thinking that we might be acting on Senate Bill No. 27, because they do believe in singing "God Bless America," and then they pledge allegience to the flag and wind up with singing our good old National Anthem. I will not get political now at all, but it so happens that the President of this Club is Mrs. Helen Kotch and her assistant today or publicity girl is Mrs. Ann Black, and they are from the Ladies Auxiliary of the White Hall Republican Club. Will they please rise in place?

REPORT FROM THE JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

"COMMONWEALTH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS: STRUCTURE AND COSTS"

Mr. WAGNER, on behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, submitted the following report which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Joint State Government Commission
Harrisburg, March 27, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with "Commonwealth Retirement Systems: Structure and Costs," Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the Senate have been delivered to the office of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,
BAKER ROYER,
Baker Royer, Chairman.

The PRESIDENT. The report will be noted in the Journal and will be printed in full in the Appendix.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

In the Senate, March 26, 1951.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at three o'clock p. m., Eastern Standard Time, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it reconvene on Monday, April 2, 1951, at four thirty o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the twenty-fourth judicial district.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of section 704 of the act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "The Game Law," by permitting the use of semi-automatic shotguns for the hunting and killing of small game, predators and unprotected birds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend Subsection (f) of Section 302, of the act, approved the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (1937 P. L. 2897), entitled "Unemployment Compensation Law," by providing that employers reserve accounts shall not be charged with compensation paid to certain employes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, in beginning my talk I want to reiterate what I said on this floor a number of times. I have the deepest respect and admiration for Senator Sordoni, the present Secretary of the Department of Commerce. In fact, my respect for him has increased after he was appointed when he stated he would not accept a Fifteen Thousand Dollar a year salary due to the fact that his duties as Secretary of Commerce did not require full time.

Senator Sordoni has been a very successful businessman. He has always had to work hard for the money he earned.

I believe that if we had more Senator Sordoni's appointed to political offices in Pennsylvania and they were permitted to put efficiency in the administration of their office, we would be cutting taxes today instead of raising them

I have requested the payroll of the Department of Commerce. It was not given to me for about three weeks, or shall I say until they cleaned up a little matter of getting rid of a man who was placed by the Ketchum, McCloud and Grove Advertising Company in Pittsburgh.

This man was supposed to work for a period of about a month and was to do work in connection with the celebration of Pennsylvania Week. It seems that his one month's job was stretched out to a period of two years, for they found that this man was very clever in writing political statements and speeches.

Warren Wheaton wrote speeches and driected all the publicity as Chairman of the Duff-Fine Publicity Committee. Now they had to find a job for him as he is the writer of Governor Fine's speeches and news releases. So this non-political part of the Department of Commerce found Mr. Wheaton as their Public Relation Specialist at a salary of Twelve Thousand Dollars a year.

I ask any of the Senators who think that Mr. Wheaton works in the Department of Commerce to check up on him, as I have been reliably informed that you will find him in the Governor's Office in charge of Governor Fine's publicity. The Department of Commerce never was rightfully used to advertise Pennsylvania but to advertise the Governor of Pennsylvania.

The State was merely used as a back drop to promote the Governor

Since the Chamber inception under Governor James, it was used to promote the candidacy of every Governor to either the United States Senate or President of the United States. It succeeded in two out of three cases.

Now, let's go into the payroll. They have a Director of Tourists and Recreation Information at a salary of $8,472 a year. He has an executive assistant at the same wage as the Director, or $8,472 a year. There is a Senior Public Information Assistant at $4,176 a year and just a plain Public Information Assistant at $3,516 a year. There is a Junior Public Information Assistant at $3,204 a year.. There are Advertising Publicity Clerks, two of them, at $3,024 a year. There are five Junior Publicity Clerks each receiving $1,956 a year. I might add that they are pretty good in creating titles.

Now the Public Relations Specialist gets $12,000 a year. They have a Publicity Director who get $3,472 a year and they have an array of Stenographers from Supervision Secretary Stenographers at $4,176 a year to two Advertising Secretary Stenographers at $3,204 a year. One Senior Secretary Stenographer at $3,024 a year. One correspondent secretary at $2,700 a year and two Secretary Stenographers at $2,700 a year; one Junior Secretary Stenographer at $2,328 a year; one Senior Stenographer Typist at $2,328 a year and three Stenographical Clerks. I suppose these Clerks assist all these Stenographers at $1,956 a year. In addition, they have Photographers all the way from Advertising Photographers at $3,516 a year and Senior Photographers at $3,204 a year; Photographers at $3,024 a year and Assistant Photographer Clerks at $2,328 a year. They have Controllers at $6,000 a year; Assistant Controllers at $4,176 a year and Junior Accountants at $3,516 a year. They have Senior Industrial Representatives at $4,668 a

year and a Chief Industrial Representative at $6,900 a year. They have Reproduction Machine Operators at $2,328 a year and one Junior Reproduction Machine Operator at $1,956 a year.

Mr. President, I spent twenty years in Advertising and Sales. I ran a business of over two million dollars a year. We advertised as heavily as the State of Pennsylvania ever has, and we operated with about one-tenth of the employees that this Department has.

Three Photographers on a yearly basis and a Photographer Clerk is more than Life Magazine has, and you will agree with me that Life will take more pictures than the Department of Commerce. I am positive with all the Public Information employees that they have on the payroll, they must have to ask each other questions to keep busy if they are in the office.

Now, I have heard the expression many times of being clipped by politicians. I believe this Department does a swell job of clipping the public and for the first time in my life I have seen the job on the payroll for the Department of Commerce carried on its payroll one Senior Clipping Clerk at $2,328 a year and two Junior Clipping Clerks at $1,956 a year. Of course, I realize that they are supposed to clip newspapers, but I honestly believe the specialty of this Department is clipping the public.

Now, Mr. President, I am not going into the payroll of the State Planning Board because the same system is used in that as is used in the Department of Commerce. They have enough employes on the payroll to make plans for not only Pennsylvania, but the whole United States. I am going to ask unanimous permission instead of reading it to have it placed in the Legislative Journal, and I only hope that the Journal gets out in time to have some interested party go over this that knows a little about it.

Mr. President, I have heard many speeches about economy and efficiency in the Government by Senator Martin, Senator Duff and Governor Fine and I have read a number of editorials praising their speeches and pointing to them as examples of men who are trying to do a job of cutting the expenses of the Government. I have never heard or seen such hypocrisy practised and was practised in the last election and is still being practised by these men.

I believe that Governor Duff in his four years as Governor outdealt the New Dealers.

We are talking new taxes. If you were in business and your expenditures were greater than your income, you would do only one thing; you would start to cut your expenditures until they met the income.

I have been told by good authority that there is practically no difference in this budget today as there was in Governor Duffs.

Mr. President, I would suggest that we of the Senate give an ultimatum to the heads of the State Departments, that a Hundred Million Dollars be cut from the budget. If this ultimatum is given, you will not hurt the service given by the State at all.

The only thing you will require is a day's work from every employee and the drones who only come around on payday to collect their salaries will be eliminated.

I have in the last year visited many State offices as a visitor, not as a State Senator, and observed time and time again that there are only a few in every office that really work and others are there because they have political pull.

The workers on the payroll if they are kept on, can run this Government easily a Hundred Million Dollars cheaper than it is being run.

The Department of Commerce can be transferred to the Internal Affairs without any trouble. All the records they use are secured from Internal Affairs.

Let us bring back a little more confidence in Government by putting efficiency and economy into it. I hope the Majority Leader doesn't start to talk about Washington as he always does. No one here is elected to do a job in Washington. We are elected to do a job in Pennsylvania.

Let us accept our own responsibility instead of excusing ourselves. There is no use of us passing bills requiring loyalty oaths of employees to defend the Constitution when we permit the waste of money that results in high taxes and a drain of the economic system of our great State. Let us make an example of Pennsylvania as a State where efficiency and economy is really practiced and not merely mentioned in speeches.

Mr. President, after I finished writing my speech, I secured some inside information from a very reliable source and, according to this information, there is a question as to the value of the tremendous sums that have been spent by the Department of Commerce.

I quote in part from this source of information:

> "I believe the General Assembly will probably find that over the course of the past ten years business enterprises have expanded in other states both in number and in the value of products at a substantially greater rate than in Pennsylvania. I believe that the General Assembly will also find that some of the country's leading industries have considered establishing new or additional manufacturing facilities in Pennsylvania, but have refrained from doing so because of excessive and discriminatory taxes at the state level."

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to place in the Legislative Journal the record of the pay rolls of the State Planning Board and the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission.

STATE PLANNING BOARD

No. of Positions	Title	Grade	Salary Range of Grade
1	Executive Director	24	$8,472-$10,000
1	Assistant Director (In charge of research) ..	23	6,900- 8,472
1	Chief of Housing & Redevelopment Division ...	23	6,900- 8,472
1	Assistant Chief of Housing & Redevelopment Division	22	5,772- 6,900
1	Administrative Assistant .	20	4,668- 5,196
1	Sr. Auditor	19	4,176- 4,668
3	Jroject Building Inspectors	17	3,204- 3,516
1	Chief Research Assistant	22	5,772- 6,900
1	Principal Technician	21	5,196- 5,772
1	Local Planning Consultant	21	5,196- 5,772
1	Recreation Planning Specialist	21	5,196- 5,772
1	Recreation Technician ..	20	4,668- 5,196
2	Sr. Research Assistants ..	19	4,176- 4,668
1	Jr. Real Estate Expert ..	19	4,176- 4,668
1	Adv. Field Representative	18	3,516- 4,176
1	Planning Consultant	18	3,516- 4,176

1	Research Assistant	18	3,516-	4,176
3	Technicians	18	3,516-	4,176
2	Assistant Research Assistants	16	3,024-	3,204
1	Project Engineer	21	5,196-	5,772
1	Sr. Draftsman	16	3,024-	3,204
1	Draftsman	15	2,700-	3,024
1	Pr. Library Assistant ..	16	3,024-	3,204
1	Sr. Library Assistant	14	2,328-	2,700
3	Sr. Secretary-Stenographers	15	2,700-	3,024
2	Secretary Stenographers .	14	2,328-	2,700
1	Pr. Stenographer Typist .	14	2,328-	2,700
2	Pr. Typist Clerks	13	1,956-	2,328
1	Administrative Assistant .	17	3,204-	3,516
1	Administrative Assistant .	16	3,024-	3,204
1	Adv. Clerk	15	2,700-	3,024
1	Sr. General Clerk	14	2,328-	2,700
1	Sr. Statistical Clerk	14	2,328-	2,700
1	Sr. Mimeograph Operator	12	1,776-	1,956
1	Adv. Messenger Clerk ..	13	1,956-	2,328

PENNSYLVANIA AERONAUTICS COMMISSION

No. of Positions	Title	Grade	Salary Range of Grade	
1	Executive Director	24	$8,472-	$10,000
1	Airport Superintendent .	20	4,668-	5,196
1	Administrative Assistant .	19	4,176-	4,668
1	Pr. Aviation Inspector ..	20	4,668-	5,196
1	Adv. Aviation Inspector .	19	4,176-	4,668
1	Sr. Aeronautics Construction Inspector	18	3,516-	4,176
1	Chief Aeronautics Technician	22	5,772-	6,900
1	Research Assistant	18	3,516-	4,176
1	Sr. Airport Engineer	22	5,772-	6,900
1	Airport Construction Engineer	21	5,196-	5,772
1	Jr. Airport Construction Engineer	20	4,668-	5,196
1	Specialist in Aviation Education	22	5,772- (Pt. time)	6,900
1	Adv. Stenographer Secretary	16	3,024-	3,204
2	Adv. Stenographer Clerks	14	2,328-	2,700
1	Sr. Stenographer Clerk ..	13	1,956-	2,328
1	Account Clerk	13	1,956-	2,328
1	Supv. Aircraft Mechanic	17	3,204-	3,516
1	Sr. Maintenance Foreman	15	2,700-	3,024

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, my few comments in answer to the remarks of the gentleman from Allegheny are somewhat handicapped. I have been barred from discussing what goes on in Washington and, of course, I do not blame the gentleman for wanting to eliminate that as a subject of discussion, because from my observation that from the few Democrats elected to do a good job in Washington, no wonder he does not want to talk about it.

I would like to suggest to the gentleman from Allegheny that if he will read the speeches that were made by former Governor Duff, and the speeches that have been made by our present Chief Executive, Governor Fine, he will find in there that the mantle of those speeches has been woven entirely by the gentlemen who deliver the speeches. Neither former Governor Duff nor Governor Fine have ever needed or have ever used ghost writers. The phraseology, the vocabulary, the type of delivery is all theirs. They are as much the editors and the authors of their speeches as is the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny in the inspiring tribute which he pays to the Department of Commerce here on the floor of the Senate.

Mr. President, may I also suggest to the gentleman from Allegheny that if somebody would ever open up a volume of the official records from Washington, D. C. and start to read the number of non-military personnel that has been placed upon the Federal pay roll, say in the last sixty days, it would be a revelation and an amazing disclosure to the taxpayers, not only of Pennsylvania, but the other forty-seven States of the Union.

May I also suggest, Mr. President, if the gentleman from Allegheny is going to protest against the Department of Commerce, that he come up with something concrete that is wrong with what they are doing, whether it be a sin of omission or a sin of commission. The gentleman keeps complaining about them wasting money and he points out that they hired employes to do the very things the Department was created to do.

Mr. President, I would complain if they did not have people down there that were supposed to sell Pennsylvania to the United States. That is their job and they are doing it, and they have hired people to do it. After all, Senator Sordoni, as remarkable as he is, cannot do it all himself. He must have a little assistance and he has employees down there, and if the gentleman from Allegheny is suggesting that the Department is overstaffed, or that it is overpaid or that it is underpaid, I would suggest to the gentleman that he go down and have a conference with Mr. Sordoni and come up with facts and not merely some hybrid conclusions that he wants to draw by innuendo and insinuation; once more that old hackneyed business of trying to sow the seed of suspicion, the thing that the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator McGinnis, and I abhor so greatly. I would suggest to the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that he have some constructive criticism and not these suspicious remarks that he is constantly making on the floor of the Senate.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I do not want to get into the debate any more than the Senator from Allegheny wants to get into it. However, I think he, too, recognizes the position that he takes and the weak point upon which he stands when he compares the proposition proposed by the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Holland, to the situation as he thinks it is in Washington. I understand that all of the statements that have been made by the Republican orators in Washington have been based upon the same type of investigation as has been made by the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Holland.

Mr. President, I have said for a long time that I would like my facts to be as close to the truth as it is possible to get them, but to stand up here and complain that the Senator from Allegheny is wrong because something in Washington is wrong is not entirely a positive argument. You cannot legitimatize a child born out of wedlock by having another one. That is exactly what he seems to be wanting to do.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair is a bit confused. Is this a contest to determine the paternity of an illegitimate child?

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am afraid that is what it is, and on behalf of the illegitimate union, I think we should protest. We have been called a lot of things, Mr. President, on the floor of the Senate, but never by each other.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I just wanted to illustrate very explicitly that if Washington is wrong, it does not excuse us. If what we do is wrong, we cannot excuse it on the ground that Washington does something twice as bad. I am trying to place upon the record the fact that what has happened in Washington, although it is indirectly a responsibility of ours, it is no greater responsibility of ours than if is of every citizen in the Commonwealth. Too many people in Pennsylvania are confused. I received letters from people asking me to do something about legislation that is down in Washington before the Federal Congress, and I write to them and tell them that we have nothing to do with the Federal Congress. They turn around and read the papers and see that everything that has happened in this Session, if it points to criticism of the State Government, why, we are answered by the fact that the Federal Government is twice as bad.

Now, Mr. President, I do not know how bad the Federal Government is. If the pepole of Pennsylvania want to send me there to find out, I submit that I am willing to go. However, until they do I cannot say that they have too many employees. I cannot say that their budget is overburdened with fat. I cannot say those things. Senator Duff says it is. Now, Senator Duff is in a better position to know than what I am, but I submit to the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Walker, that we are in a better position to talk about our Budget, a better position to talk about our Departments, a better position talk about our State economy than we are about the Washington affair, and I say, for the benefit of all the people of Pennsylvania, let us stick to our knitting and stay in our own back yard.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. YOSKO asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, during this Session I have heard it said by the Majority Leader, at least three or four times, that the Commerce Department did a great job in so far as progress in Pennsylvania is concerned. Now, I am not going to argue whether the Department of Commerce should remain or whether we should abolish it and let the Department of Internal Affairs do the work. Neither do I want my remarks to be construed to mean that I am opposed to Senator Sordoni. I met Senator Sordoni, I like him, he is a successful businessman, and I think, if the Department of Commerce remains, he will do a good job, but so far as the work of the Department of Commerce in the past is concerned in bringing about a better Pennsylvania, it seems to me that in any progressive movement an increase in population would follow. If the Department of Commerce did the great progressive job that the Majority Leader says was done in Pennsylvania, then I think the last census would have indicated that the population in Pennsylvania would have increased. Instead of that, the population of Pennsylvania deceased, in spite of the Department of Commerce, to the extent where we are losing three Congressmen in Washington.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HOLLAND asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, you know the gentleman from Allegheny County always forces me to have the last word. I am not trying to sell Pennsylvania. All I am trying to do is to put some efficiency in government, by transferring a department that should not be a department in itself into the proper department where it belongs. The Department of Commerce belongs in the Department of Internal Affairs, and it can be run there for about $100,000, where we are spending now $1,400,000.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. ROSENFELD asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, just so Senator Holland will not have the last word, the question seems to recur, and I think that what we argued yesterday is rearing its head again today, and probably tomorrow, and next week and the week after. Do we need clipping clerks in the Department of Commerce or don't we need clipping clerks in the Department of Commerce? Frankly, I do not know the answer and I do not know whether anybody on this Floor knows the answer.

I am prompted to remind the Senate that I have neglected to add the assistant clipping clerks, and I am frank enough to admit that I do not know the answer to that one either, but I think the Majority Leader yesterday indicated that there would be an opportunity for all of us soon, by way of public hearings, I believe, so that once and for all this problem can be definitely resolved.

Mr. President, we may after that have some differences of opinion, but I believe that all of us will know what we are talking about, and I am hoping that within the next few days or the next week some arrangements will be made for those public hearings. If not, I do not mind telling the Members of the Senate now that I will be forced to introduce a resolution which will make this possible, and I think that no matter how much time is spent on those hearings, there will be an awful lot of time saved on the floor.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President and my fellow team mates, I appreciate very much, on behalf of Senator Sordoni, the glowing tributes that are always paid to him at the beginning of every remark we get from the other side of the aisle. They always extol the virtues of the individual involved in the Department, and then proceed to blast the Department into little bits.

Mr. President, let me suggest to the gentlemen of the

Senate, that Senator Sordoni, as I have been told by the Members of the Minority Party, started out as a poor boy and he has amassed a fortune and has made of himself a great industrial leader in Pennsylvania. Now, gentlemen, he did not do that by encouraging drones on his pay roll, and he does not propose to do that by encouraging drones on the pay roll of the Department of Commerce. Now, if he is half as good as you claim he is, he is not going to have assistant clipping clerks down there that he does not need, and may I suggest that when we have these public hearings, you gentlemen attend and find out from Senator Sordoni whether or not he has one clipping clerk too many.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. CROWE, from the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article two, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by providing for annual sessions of the General Assembly.

Mr. PECHAN, from the Committee on Military Affairs and Aeronautics, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1412 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards, and commissions shall be determined," by setting forth the duties of the Deputy Adjutant General in charge of Veterans' Affairs.

Mr. CHAPMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the board of trustees of Warren State Hospital, to acquire a certain tract of land with the buildings thereon adjacent thereto for the use of said hospital; and making an appropriation therefor.

He also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish particularly shad and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam the Holtwood Dam and the Conowingo Dam and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation

Mr. KEPHART, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act providing for the sentencing of persons convicted of certain crimes to an indeterminate sentence having a minimum of one day and a maximum of life in certain cases; authorizing the criminal courts to impose such a sentence and certain temporary sentences in connection therewith, requiring psychiatric examinations of such persons before the imposition of such a sentence, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Welfare and the Pennsylvania Board of Parole, and providing for the parole, conditional parole or absolute discharge of persons so sentenced and the procedure relating thereto.

Mr. RUTH, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1209), entitled "An act to authorize the acquisition, by purchase or condemnation, of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the river Delaware, and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act," authorizing the commission to establish and maintain a museum or museums for the preservation and display of relics and reproductions relating to Washington's Crossing of the Delaware.

He also from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (b) of Section 1 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183) entitled "An act relating to strikes by public employes; prohibiting such strikes; providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment; providing for reinstatement under certain conditions; providing for a grievance procedure; and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities, and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board," by changing method of selecting panels for the adjustment of grievances of school district

He also from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act, approved the fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293), entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase, condemnation or gift of lands for the establisment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park; providing for the control, management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission; authorizing the commission to make and to enforce rules and regulations for its preservation, development and visitation; and making appropriations," empowering the commission to deputize special constables.

Mr. HOLLAND, from the Committee on State Government, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act to provide for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions under the old-age and survivor insurance provisions of Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended; creating the State-Federal Social Security Board and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board; authorizing the Board to enter into agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and with political subdivisions under certain terms and conditions; providing for the Commonwealth's contribution under agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and for the collection and payment of employer and employe contributions; authorizing interstate cooperation in certain cases; creating a Contribution Fund and making an appropriation.

He also from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land, buildings and appurtenances, located in the Township of Manheim, Lancaster County, and certain personal property therein; and making an appropriation.

He also from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School, with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction, to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected no the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

Mr. ROSENFELD, from the Committee on State Government, reported as committed, House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital and ceding jurisdiction to the United States

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WALKER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 418, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 289), entitled "An act relating to nonprofit corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties and immunities upon them and their officers and members; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the first class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign nonprofit corporations may be admitted or may continue to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, prothonotaries of such courts, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions and officers; authorizing certain local public officers and State departments to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by permitting the Department of State to copy and destroy or return certain documents; permitting corporations to borrow money, acquire and dispose of real estate, and make, alter, amend, and repeal by-laws with the approval of a majority of the members present and entitled to vote thereon; permitting a change of registered office pursuant to action of directors; permitting directors to fill vacancies in the board of directors resulting from an increase in the number of directors; deleting certain requirements as to the appointment, compensation and duties of agents; providing that meetings of members at which directors are to be elected may be adjourned for periods of fifteen days each; fixing the method of cumulative voting in cases where directors are elected separately by the members of different classes; providing that foreign corporations which shall have done business in Pennsylvania without procuring a certificate of authority to do so shall be conclusively presumed to have appointed the Secretary of the Commonwealth their agent to accept service of process in cases arising out of acts of omissions of such corporation in the Commonwealth, and specifying the duties of the Secretary upon receipt of such process.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. WADE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 419, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 599), entitled "An act relating to motion picture exhibitions and sound motion picture exhibitions, together with orchestral or other instrumental musical or mechanical musical accompaniment, prelude, playing, or selection in connection with or incidental thereto on Sunday; prohibiting motion picture exhibitions and sound motion picture exhibitions, and orchestral or other instrumental musical or mechanical musical accompaniment, prelude, playing, or selection incidental thereto on Sunday during certain hours, and also during other hours, unless the electors of a municipality approve thereof; regulating the employment of persons in conducting such exhibitions on Sunday; providing for referendums to ascertain the will of the electors; and providing penalties; and repealing inconsistent laws," by increasing the penalty for those who repeat the offense of operating on Sundays.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BARR read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 420, entitled:

An Act to amend Sections 521, 522 and 523 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1242), entitled "An act relating to roads, streets, highways and bridges; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws administered by the Secretary of Highways and by the Department of Highways relating thereto," by providing that in cities of the second, second A and third class, the Commonwealth construct and maintain streets designated as State highways; providing that the Commonwealth construct and maintain structures forming parts of said streets; and providing that the Commonwealth assume responsibility for the establishment of lines, widths and grades, the taking, opening, relocation, widening and change of grades of the streets so designated, the cost of construction and the payment of damages occasioned by the taking or opening.

Which was committed to the Committee on Highways.

Messrs. CHAPMAN and STIEFEL read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 421, entitled:

An Act appropriating the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand dollars ($250,000) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one to the School of Medicine of Temple University Philadelphia Pennsylvania towards the maintenance and equipment of the Institute for Research into the Cause or Causes of Cancer and its Diagnosis Prevention and Treatment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, aproved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further regulating the creation of certain independent school districts, the annexation of parts of certain school

districts by school districts of cities, boroughs and townships, and the creation of certain separate districts when certain new cities, boroughs and townships are created; and providing for a referendum in such cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. KEPHART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four hundred fifty-two of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for an reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," as amended, by further changing the provisions relating to the maximum compensation of the State Civil Service Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on State Government.

Messrs. CHAPMAN and HOLLAND read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 424, entitled:

An Act to establish regulatory measures and licensure for stated institutions and to make available to such institutions for scientific investigation experiment or instruction unclaimed and unredeemed dogs and cats impounded in any pound maintained and operated in whole or in part by public funds in any city county borough or township within the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pensylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Alton J. Jones, P. O. Marshalls Creek, Monroe County, for the appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Porter, Pike County, until the first Monday of January 1952, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Commonwealth of Pensylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Hon. Eleanor G. Evans, Brookline, Delaware County, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Public Assistance, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1954, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, to fill a vacancy.

JOHN S. FINE.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pensylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, March 26, 1951.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate W. J. Brown, Central Avenue, Chicora, Butler County, for appointment as Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Millerstown, Butler County, until the first Monday of January 1952, vice W. R. Brown, deceased.

JOHN S. FINE.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Mr. WATSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations read by the Clerk.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. MALLERY,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon the nominations reported at today's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. WATSON and Mr. WOOD,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreebaly to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pachan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Mr. WATSON. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROWE, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection A of Section 221 and to amend Section 241 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by extending non-resident fishing privileges to Canadians and redefining resident.

MOTION THAT RESOLUTION No. 113 BE TAKEN FROM TABLE

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, with the co-sponsorship of Senator Freed, I presented a Resolution on February 6, which is now known as Senate Resolution No. 113, commending the AMVETS of Pennsylvania for promoting the blood typing program, and calling upon the departments of State government to cooperate with them. This Resolution was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, and on March 20th it was reported from that Committee, and I understand from the rules of the Senate it was laid on the table.

Mr. President, I now move that the Resolution be taken from the table for immediate consideration.

Mr. McGINNIS. I second the motion, Mr. President.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may the Senate be at ease?

(The Senate was at ease)

MOTION THAT RESOLUTION No. 113 BE TAKEN FROM TABLE WITHDRAWN

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, at the request of the Majority Leader, I would like to present this Resolution to the Republican Caucus for consideration before it is acted on. I will withdraw my motion to take is from the table for consideration this afternoon.

Mr. McGINNIS. Mr. President, I withdraw my seconding the motion.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILL ON THIRD READING AMENDED

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof, other than elected officers, to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent at this time to offer an amendment on behalf of Messrs. Mallery, Lane, Neff and myself.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend Sec. 3, page 7, lines 1 to 16, inclusive, by striking out all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof

Section 3 Before any employe shall be discharged under the provisions of this act, he shall have the right to a hearing before the Department of Justice at a time and place to be fixed by it. Notice thereof to be given to the employe and employers at least ten days prior to the hearing. The Department of Justice, after such hearing, shall determine whether or not the employe is subject to discharge, as provided by this act and shall give notice of its determination to the employe and his employer within five days after the hearing. Any employe aggrieved by the determination of the Department of Justice may, within thirty days after receiving notice thereof, take an appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, I should like to offer at this time an amendment to Senate Bill No. 27, which would give to an organization the same rights as it does now under the present amendment to an individual. In other words, this amendment provides that before an organization (and I call the Chair's attention to the fact that a political body is within the term "organization") can be declared to be a subversive organization by the Attorney General or the Justice Department, such organization shall likewise have a right to be heard and if dissatisfied with the determination of the hearing, have a right to appeal to the Dauphin County Common Pleas Court.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may the Senate be at ease?

(The Senate was at ease).

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, after consultation between both sides of the aisle, I ask at this time to withdraw my amendment so as not to confuse the printer today, but I intend to offer it tomorrow.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading, as amended?

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, go over in its order, as amended.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 103, as follows:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982) entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties" by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth or State public bodies to dedicate sell convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth and validating dedications sales conveyances and leases heretofore made

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The title of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982) entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties" is hereby amended to read as follows

An Act to authorize the Commonwealth or State public bodies as defined to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by dedicating selling conveying or leasing any of its property by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency parks playgrounds streets and other improvements and facilities and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties

Section 2 Section four of said act as amended by the act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1628) is hereby reenacted and further amended to read as follows

Section 4 Cooperation in Redevelopment For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in the operation of an authority and in the planning acquisition clearance replanning and redevelopment activities of an authority the Commonwealth or any State public body may upon such terms with or without consideration as it may determine

(a) Dedicate sell convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority

(b) Cause parks playgrounds recreational or community facilities or any other works which it is otherwise empowered to undertake to be furnished in or adjacent to any area selected for redevelopment

(c) Furnish dedicate close pave install grade regrade plan or replan street roads roadways alleys sidewalks or other places which it is otherwise empowered to undertake

(d) Enter into agreements extending over any period with a redevelopment authority or with the Federal government respecting action to be taken by the Commonwealth or such State public body pursuant to any of the powers granted by this act and

(e) Do any and all things necessary or convenient to aid and cooperate in the redevelopment undertaken by a redevelopment authority

(f) In connection with any public improvements made by the Commonwealth or a State public body in exercising the powers herein granted the Commonwealth or such State public body may incur the entire expense thereof

(g) The Secretary of Property and Supplies is authorized with the approval of the Governor and the Attorney General to execute and deliver on behalf of the Commonwealth conveyances deeds and leases authorized under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section

Section 3 Every dedication sale conveyance and lease of any of its property heretofore made by the Commonwealth or any State public body to any redevelopment authority for any purpose authorized by this act and the titles transferred thereby if valid in other respects is hereby made valid notwithstanding any defect in the title of the act amended hereby

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 173 as follows:

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 No person shall possess ready for serving offer to serve or serve at any public eating place trout imported from any country outside the territorial limits of the United States unless notice thereof is printed or otherwise set forth on the menu in type or lettering not smaller than that normally used to designate the serving of other food items

Section 2 Every person firm or corporation and every officer agent servant or employee of such person firm or corporation who violates the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon summary conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not in excess of fifty dollars ($50.00) Each instance in which imported trout is served to a patron of a public eating place in violation of this act shall constitute a separate offense

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. McCREESH. Mr. President, Senate Bill No. 173,

as I understand it—I do not know much about bills—is going to create another farce upon the small businessman. The small businessman in the State of Pennsylvania at the present time has a hard enough time to get along the way he is doing now, and if you impose this bill upon him, you will make him spend a lot of money to keep up with his new bill. In my estimation, this bill is just short of something of a new racket, because the first thing you know, you will have every Senator in the Senate introducing bills of the same type and before we know it we are going to be going into every businessman's place in the State and telling him what to do.

Mr. President, I am against the bill because I have attended two meetngis this morning, and at one meeting there were five Republicans and two Democrats, and nobody in the room knew what the bill was all about and they decided to give it up and try it again.

Mr. President, we have a lot of bills on the legislative books now that should really be wiped off the calendar, because it is just a thought of some State Senator here or there, where he gets a letter to do this, that or the other, and the first thing you know you have a bill. So, I am going to vote against this bill and if possible try to do something to help the poor businessman along.

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I do not think the gentleman, as he explained, understands much about any bill and so I will endeavor to explain to him what this is all about.

Mr. President, this is to protect Pennsylvania industry. We have a number of commercial trout hatcheries in Pennsylvania that have been seriously harmed by the importation of Danish trout, and all the bill requires is that if any trout appears on a menu and the trout comes from outside the territorial limits of the United States, it must be so labeled. It is no hardship. Anyone can wrie "Danish" in front of trout on their menu. They can do it with a pencil if it is necessary, and that is all it does.

No, Mr. President, the commercial hatcheries in Pennsylvania are needed by the sportsmen who have to stock private streams that they have on their club grounds. It is needed by the Fish Commission because they buy fish eggs and fish from these hatcheries to supplement the fish they already have.

No, Mr. President, this Danish trout is produced at a cost of about forty-five cents a pound. It comes here frozen and comes here through the Marshall Plan, and it is a direct threat to Pennsylvania industry and that is what the bill is here for.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I do not quite like the implication made by the gentleman from Monroe with reference to my colleague from Philadelphia County. I think Senator McCreesh, from Philadelphia County, knew what he was talking about when he said you are imposing a hardship upon the small businessman. Once you start, Mr. President, to place upon your menu where and from whence comes a certain item, you must do it with beef, chicken, sugar and every other edible item. Why, it is silly that we must place upon our menu the written word that this fish comes from a foreign country, and it was because of the Marshall Plan. If that is the situation, I feel sorry for the men in this Chamber who would stoop so low as to oppose or uphold any bill just because it has the Marshall tag on it. It does not make sense for us to pass legislation of this nature. I never heard of it and you are starting something, and only God knows where it may end. This bill should be defeated for the reason stated by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McCreesh.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I dislike very much to oppose legislation sponsored by my colleague, Senator Crowe. However, I believe that we are subjugating the bill to a field that is going to cause us considerable trouble, because eventually some one here is going to suggest that maybe we should place the name of Wisconsin before the butter we sell over the counters of our stores.

On top of that, Mr. President, in reading the penalty provisions of this bill, you will note that it says, "every person firm or corporation and every officer agent servant or employe of such person firm or corporation who violates the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon summary conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not in excess of $50".

Now, Mr. President, the question in my mind is whether or not we can place summary jurisdiction upon a misdemeanor. I do not believe it can be done, and I believe the penalty would have to be changed on this.

REQUEST THAT BILL GO OVER IN ORDER

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 173, on third reading, go over in its order until we straighten out a few things on it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, with genuine regret, I must object to the request of the gentleman from Washington. I think the bill should be acted upon. It does not come under the heading of legislation which requires waiting for but, nevertheless, I think the Senate understands the bill, and I think we should act on it today.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I cannot get worked up over this kind of legislation. If it were not so serious it would be laughable. The plea is made here that we are going to protect some Pennsylvania hatcheries. If anybody thinks that trout is not a luxury, just go down to the Penn-Harris and order a trout dinner. The trout that comes in from Denmark, the trout that is caught in the coastal waters usually sells in restaurants below the type of restaurants that sell brook trout. Brook trout has never appeared on the menus of restaurants that sell the so-called "blue plate special," and the hardship that is being created is created upon the people who like fish and like trout particularly.

Mr. President, it is impossible to sell domestic grown trout for everyday menu purposes in Pennsylvania, and it is just as logical to say, as Senator Haluska has called your attention to, there is a great deal of food that appears on our daily menus that is brought into this Country, some under the Marshall Plan because the Marshall Plan is conceivably part of our system of trying to create a world of peace. I do not think fish belong in the Marshall Plan or that it has anything to do with it. However, I do not think this trout ought to turn into a red herring.

Mr. President, I do not think that we ought to stoop

to this type of legislation. We have got a great deal of important work to do. You cannot pass special legislation to take care of one, or two or three trout hatcheries. Those trout hatcheries went into business primarily for the purpose of raising trout for specific use. Danish trout has been coming into this Country for a century or more; other fish have been coming into this Country for a century or more. If tomorrow somebody starts to do something in Pennsylvania and he decides that the Legislature ought to pass a bill to throw a protective wall around him, do you think that the Legislature of Pennsylvania ought to do it?

I think the major sugar supply of this Country comes from Cuba, and yet the Louisiana sugar industry was on its knees a few years ago. Should we say that Louisiana sugar should have preference, and we are not allowed to import? That is not our jurisdiction.

Mr. President, I think that this type of legislation deserves a bipartisan vote of "no". I would hate to see this bill voted on on party lines. It makes us a laughing-stock to the people of Pennsylvania. If there is anybody on my side that thinks it is good legislation, vote for it, but by the same token, some of you men who think on the other side, ought to vote against it.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the distinguished gentleman from Monroe, Mr. Crowe.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Monore, Mr. Crowe, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROWE. I will, Mr. President.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Monroe, Senator Crowe, how do you propose that this law, if passed and approved, would be enforced?

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, why, by the Department of Health.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I would like to inquire of the gentleman from Monroe, Senator Crowe, how?

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, just like they enforce all the rest of the Pure Food Laws.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I would like to further inquire of the gentleman from Monroe, Senator Crowe, how do they do that?

Mr. CROWE. Mr. President, I do not know the modus operandi of the Department of Health, but they seem to get along all right.

Mr. YOSKO. Thank you, Senator Crowe.

Mr. President, the only way that you can enforce this act, if it becomes a law, is by hiring a lot of investigators to visit restaurants and other places where food is served. Here we are, gentlemen of the Senate, talking about a billion dollar budget. We are talking about levying an income tax on the people of Pennsylvania to finance the functions of government. Certainly, we do not want to add other people on the pay roll to police eating places in Pennsylvania with a law such as this, and I say, what sense is there in passing a law that you cannot enforce and you need an army to enforce this. For that reason, Mr. President, I think it is a bad bill.

Mr. President, in addition to that, what evidence has been submitted to us that the industry that the gentleman from Monroe talks about has suffered any injury? I think it is a bad bill, and for that reason I for one am going to vote against it.

REQUEST THAT BILL GO OVER IN ORDER WITHDRAWN

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, due to the fact that the Majority and Minority Floor Leaders are of one mind today, and they feel we should act upon this bill as of now, I withdraw my motion that this bill go over in order. I must take the position of opposing this type of legislation because I do not believe that in its present form it belongs upon our statute books.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30

Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Watson,
Fleming,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,	Wolfe,
Freed,	Meade,	Taylor,	Wood,
Hare,	Pechan,		

NAYS—20

Bane,	DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Ruth,
Barr,	Haluska,	McGinnis,	Silvert,
Barrett,	Holland,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,
Byrne,	Lane,	Neff,	Toole,
Dent,	Leader,	Rosenfeld,	Yosko,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the a ffirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REMARKS BY SENATOR DENT

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I just want to note that we of the Democratic Party believe in free trade and free enterprise, and the Republicans are against free fish. I just want to say this in all seriousness. There is not a man in this room—and I think I am as good a judge of fish as any man in this room—that can tell a piece of imported trout from ninety-nine other species of fish once it is cooked and on the menu.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, as follows:

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission authorizing the

issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike making such tunrpike bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free providing for grade separations grade changes relocations restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways affected by the turnpike providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the commission and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Pennsylvania Turnpike Delaware River Extension Act"

Section 2 In order to facilitate vehicluar traffic across the Commonwealth the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission heretofore created by virtue of the provisions of the Act approved the 21st day of May 1937 (P. L. 774) and the supplements and amendments thereto is hereby authorized and empowered to construct operate and maintain a turnpike at such location as shall be approved by the Governor and the Department of Highways from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike system at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on or near the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and there to construct operate and maintain a bridge across the Delaware River under the terms of such compact as may be approved between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey Provided however That the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may in its sole discretion enter into such agreement as it may deem expedient to acquire the use operation and maintenance of any bridge across the Delaware River heretofore or hereafter constructed together with connecting roads tunnels and bridges and further to issue turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth notes or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of any and all construction

Section 3 The turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under the provisions of this act shall not be deemed to be a debt of the Commonwealth or a pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth but such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall be payable exclusively from the fund herein provided therefor from tolls All such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall contain a statement on their face that the Commonwealth is not obligated to pay the same or the interest thereon except from tolls and that the faith and credit of the Commonwealth is not pledged to the payment of the principal or interest of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness The issuance of turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness under the provisions of this act shall not directly or indirectly or contingently obligate the Commonwealth to levy or to pledge any form of taxation whatever therefor or to make any appropriation for their payment

Section 4 The following words and terms shall have the following meanings

(a) The word "commission" shall mean the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission heretofore created by the act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven (P. L. 774) or if said commission shall be abolished any board commission or officer succeeding to the principal functions thereof or upon whom the power and functions given by this act to said commission shall be given by law

(b) The word "owner" shall include all individuals co-partnerships associations or corporations having any title or interest in any property rights easements or franchise authorized to be acquired by this act

(c) The words "the turnpike" shall mean the turnpike to be constructed as heheinafter provided from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike system to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and shall be deemed to include not only the turnpike and all connecting roads tunnels and bridges connected therewith but also all property rights easements and franchises relating thereto and deemed necessary or convenient for the construction or the operation thereof

(d) The term "cost of the turnpike" shall embrace the cost of constructing the turnpike and all connecting roads tunnels and bridges the cost of all lands property rights rights of way easements and franchises acquired which are deemed necessary or convenient for such construction the cost of all machinery and equipment financing charges interest prior to and during construction and for one year after completion of construction cost of traffic estimates and of engineering and legal expenses plans specifications surveys estimates of cost and of revenues other expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of the enterprise administrative and legal expense and such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing herein authorized the construction of the turnpike and connecting roads tunnels and bridges the placing of the same in operation and the condemnation of property necessary for such construction and operation Any obligation or expense contracted for by the commission with the Department of Highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or with the United States or any agency thereof for traffic surveys preparation of plans and specifications supervision of construction and other engineering administrative and legal services and expenses in connection with the construction of the turnpike or any of the connecting roads tunnels and bridge shall be regarded as a part of the cost of the turnpike and shall be reimbursed or paid out of the proceeds of the turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness hereinafter authorized

Section 5 The exercise by the commission of the powers conferred by this act in the construction operation and maintenance of the turnpike shall be deemed and held to be an essential governmental function of the Commonwealth

Section 6 The commission shall have the following powers and duties

(a) It shall maintain a principal office at such place as shall be designated by the commission

(b) The commission may contract and be contracted with in its own name

(c) The commission may sue and be sued in its own name plead and be impleaded Provided however That any and all actions at law or in equity against the commission shall be brought only in the proper courts at the County of Dauphin

(d) The commission shall have an official seal

(e) The commission shall make necessary rules and regulations for its own government and shall have power and authority to acquire own use hire lease operate and dispose of personal property real property and interests in real property and to make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers under this act and to employ engineering traffic architectural and construction experts and inspectors and attorneys and such other employes as may in its judgment be necessary and fix their compensation Provided however That

all contracts and agreements relating to the construction of the turnpike and connecting roads tunnels and bridges shall be approved by the Department of Highways and the turnpike and connecting roads tunnels and bridges shall be constructed under the supervision of the Department of Highways

(f) The turnpike when completed and opened to traffic shall be maintained and repaired by and under the control of the commission through the Department of Highways of the Commonwealth and all charges and costs for such maintenance and repairs actually expended by said Department of Highways shall be paid to it by the commission upon certification thereof out of tolls Such turnpike shall also be policed and operated by such force of police tolltakers and other operating employes as the commission may in its discretion employ

(g) The commission shall have authority at its own cost to provide grade separations with respect to all public roads and State highways intersected by the turnpike and to change and adjust the lines and grades thereof so as to accommodate the same to the design of such grade separation Provided however That the damages incurred in changing and adjusting the lines and grades of such public roads and State highways shall be ascertained and paid by the commission in the same manner as is provided for by this act in regard to the location and construction of the turnpike

(h) If the commission shall find it necessary to provide a grade separation or change the site of any portion of any State highway or public road or vacate the same it shall cause it to be reconstructed and restored forthwith at the commission's own proper expense on the most favorable location and in as satisfactory a manner as the original road or vacate it as the case may be Provided That the method of acquiring the right-of-way and determining damages incurred in changing the location of or vacating such road or State highway shall be ascertained and paid for by the commission in the same manner as is provided for by this act in regard to the location and construction of the turnpike In such cases the plan of such reconstruction and restoration or vacation shall be submitted to the supervisors of the proper township for approval and in the event of failure of the supervisors to approve the plan then it shall be submitted to the Department of Highways for final approval In the case of State highways the plan shall be submitted to the Department of Highways for its approval

(i) The commission shall also have authority to petition the court of quarter sessions of the county wherein is situate any public road or part thereof affected by the location therein of the turnpike for the vacation relocation or supply of the same or any part thereof with the same force and effect as is now given by existing laws to the inhabitants of any township of such county and the proceedings upon such petition whether it be for the appointment of viewers or otherwise shall be the same as provided by existing law for similar proceedings upon such petitions

(j) The commission shall otherwise have all of the powers and perform all of the duties prescribed by the act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven (P. L. 774) and any supplements or amendments thereto

(k) Adequate compensation shall be made by the commission out of funds provided under the authority of this act for damages to all public or private property taken injured or destroyed in carrying out the powers granted by this act or such property may be restored or repaired and placed in its original condition as nearly as practicable as the commission may deem it expedient in any particular case

Section 7 (a) Each member of the commission shall be reimbursed for the necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties performed under the provisions of this act

(b) All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority of this act and sufficient funds shall be provided under the authority of this act to meet any liability or obligation incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act

(c) Before the issuance of any turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences under the provisions of this act each appointed member of the commission shall execute a bond in the penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) and the secretary and treasurer shall execute a bond in the penalty of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) each such bond to be approved by the Governor and to be conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of his office under the provisions of this act which bonds shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth

Section 8 (a) The commission is hereby authorized and empowered to condemn by resolution any lands interests in lands property rights rights of way franchises easements and other property deemed necessary or convenient for the construction and efficient operation of the turnpike or necessary in the restoration or relocation of public or private property damaged or destroyed and the date of such resolution shall be the effective date of condemnation

(b) The commission is hereby authorized and empowered to acquire by purchase whenever it shall deem such purchase expedient any lands interests in lands property rights rights of way franchises easements and other property deemed necessary or convenient for the construction and efficient operation of the turnpike or necessary in the restoration or relocation of public or private property damaged or destroyed whether the same had theretofore been condemned or otherwise upon such terms and at such price as may be considered by it to be reasonable and can be agreed upon between the commission and the owner thereof and to take title thereto in the name of the commission

Section 9 (a) Whenever a reasonable sum representing the damages cannot be agreed upon or whenever the owner is legally incapacitated or unable to convey valid title or is absent or unknown either the commission acting through the Department of Justice or any owner or owners shall apply to the court of common pleas of the county in which the property is located or in the case of property located in two or more counties then in any one of such counties for the appointment of viewers to determine as hereinafter provided the amount of damages resulting from the taking Whereupon said court or any law judge thereof shall appoint three disinterested freeholders to view such property and estimate the value thereof None of the freeholders shall be a resident of the county wherein such application shall be made The court shall fix a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same The viewers shall cause at least ten days' personal notice of the time and place of such meeting to be given to the Attorney General to the commission and to the owner or owners if resident within said county If the owner is a corporation such notice shall be given to the president secretary or treasurer thereof if such officer resides within said county If neither owner nor any of such officers reside within the county or cannot be found therein or is unknown notice of such first meeting shall be given as the court may direct The viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully and impartially to perform the duties required of them under the provisions of this act shall at the time fixed for the first meeting proceed to ascertain as accurately as may be the value of such land property rights rights of way easements or franchises and to that end may require the attendance of any person whose testimony may be pertinent thereto and production of any such books or papers as the viewers may deem necessary If any person shall refuse to appear and testify before such viewers or refuse to produce such books and papers when they are required then the court or any judge thereof shall on application of the viewers or a quorum thereof make such order therein as may be necessary Whenever the viewers shall have ascertained the value of the lands property rights rights of way easements or franchises they shall prepare a full report of

their labors Upon the completion of the report the viewers shall fix a time when they shall meet and exhibit same Ten days written notice of the time and place of such meeting together with a copy of said report shall be given to the commission to the Attorney General and to the owner or owners of the property condemned At the time and place mentioned in such notice the viewers shall meet and publicly exhibit the report and hear all exceptions thereto After making any changes in such report as they may deem necessary the same shall be filed in the court Within thirty days after the filing of the report in the court the commission acting through the Department of Justice or any person interested may file exceptions thereto Whereupon the court shall either confirm the report absolutely or modify it or refer it back to the same or to any viewers with like powers and duties of the former viewers Within thirty days after the final action on the report by the court the commission acting through the Department of Justice or any person interested may demand a trial by jury From the action of the court on exceptions or from any judgment after a jury trial an appeal may be taken by any party to the Supreme or Superior Court Each of the viewers shall receive a sum not exceeding ten dollars for each day actually and necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed and all necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties Title to any property condemned by the commission shall be taken in the name of the commission Prior to physical entry upon the land the commission shall be under no obligation to accept and pay for any property condemned or any costs incidental to any condemnation proceedings Provided however That in any condemnation proceedings the court having jurisdiction of the suit action or proceeding may make such orders as may be just to the commission and to the owners of the property to be condemned and may require an undertaking or other security to secure such owners against any loss or damage by reason of the failure of the commission to enter upon accept and pay for the property but neither such undertaking or security nor any act or obligation of the commission shall impose any liability upon the Commonwealth except such as may be paid from the funds provided under the authority of this act

The commission in its discretion may vacate any portion or all of the land condemned either prior to or after physical entry upon the land or any part thereof and prior to final determination of damages In such cases the commission shall be under no obligation to accept and pay for any property condemned and subsequently vacated Provided however that in any such case the court having jurisdiction of the suit action or proceeding may make such orders as may be just to the commission and to the owners of the property and may require an undertaking or other security to secure such owners against any and all loss or damages occasioned to the owner from the time of the original condemnation to the time of the modification thereof but neither such undertaking or security nor any act or obligation of the commission shall impose any liability upon the Commonwealth except such as may be paid from the funds provided under the authority of this act

(b) In addition to the foregoing powers the commission and its authorized agents and employes may enter upon any lands waters and premises in the State for the purpose of making surveys soundings drillings and examinations as it may deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of this act and such entry shall not be deemed a trespass nor shall an entry for such purposes be deemed an entry under any condemnation proceedings which may be then pending Provided however That the commission shall make reimbursement for any actual damages resulting to such lands waters and premises as a result of such activities

(c) All counties cities boroughs townships and other political subdivisions and municipalities and all public agences and commssions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvana notwithstanding any contrary provision of law are hereby authorized and empowered to lease lend grant or convey to the commission upon its request upon such terms and conditions as the proper authorities of such counties cities boroughs townships other political subdivisions and municipalities or public agencies and commissions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may deem reasonable and fair and without the necessity for any advertisement order of court or other action or formality other than the regular and formal action of the authorities concerned any real property which may be necessary or convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes of the commission including public roads and other real property already devoted to public use

Section 10 Whenever the commission has condemned any lands rights rights of way easements and franchises or interests therein as hereinbefore provided and has tendered a bond or other security to secure the owner or owners for damages and the same has been accepted or if the acceptance of said bond has been refused and the same has been filled in and approved by the court of common pleas in the county in which the property is located or in the case of property located in two or more counties then in any one of such counties the commission shall have the right to immediate possession of the property covered by the bond and may enter thereon in the name of the commission If the owner lessee or occupier of any of said premises or any building or structure thereon shall refuse to remove his personal property therefrom or give up possession thereof the commission may proceed to obtain possession in the manner now provided by law for the obtaining possession by the Secretary of Highways of occupied structures

Section 11 (a) The commission is hereby authorized to provide by resolution at one time or from time to time for the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth for the purpose of paying the cost as hereinabove defined of the turnpike which resolution shall recite an estimate of such cost The principal and interest of such bonds shall be payable solely from the special fund herein provided for such payment The bonds shall be dated shall bear interest at such rate or rates not exceeding six per centum per annum payable semi-annually shall mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their date or dates as may be determined by the commission and may be made redeemable before maturity at the option of the commission at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the commission prior to the issuance of the bonds Provided however That the amount of premium on any bonds shall not cause the yield to be more than six per centum per annum from the date of such bonds to the date of their redemption The bonds may be issued in series with varying provisions as to rates of interest maturity and other provisions not inconsistent with this act but all bonds of whatever series shall share ratably in the tolls hereinafter pledged as security therefor The principal and interest of such bonds may be made payable in any lawful medium The commission shall determine the form of bonds including any interest coupons to be attached thereto and shall fix the denomination or denominations of the bonds and the place or places of payment of principal and interest thereof which may be at any bank or trust company within or without the Commonwealth The bonds shall bear the facsimile signatures of the Governor and of the commission and the facsimile of the official seal of the commission shall be affixed thereto attested by the secretary and treasurer of the commission and any coupons attached thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the chairman of the commission In case any officer whose signature shall appear on any bonds or coupons shall cease to be such officer before the delivery of such bonds such signatures shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if he had remained in office until such delivery All turnpike revenue bonds issued under the provisions of this act shall have and are hereby declared to have all the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the negotiable instruments law of the Commonwealth The bonds may be issued in coupon or in

registered form or both as the commission may determine and provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bond as to principal alone and also as to both principal and interest and registered and coupon bonds shall be interchangeable The commission may sell such bonds in such manner and for such price as it may determine to be for the best interest of the Commonwealth but no such sale shall be made at a price so low as to require the payment of interest on the money received therefor at more than six per centum per annum computed with relation to the absolute maturity of the bonds in accordance with standard tables of bond values The proceeds of such bonds shall be used solely for the payment of the cost of the turnpike and shall be disbursed upon requisition of the chairman of the commission under such restrictions if any as the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or the trust indenture hereinafter mentioned may provide If the proceeds of such bonds by error or calculation or otherwise shall be less than the cost of the turnpike additional bonds may in like manner be issued to provide the amount of such deficit and unless otherwise provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in the trust indenture shall be deemed to be of the same issue and shall be entitled to payment from the same fund without preference or priority of the bonds first issued If the proceeds of the bonds shall exceed the cost of the turnpike the surplus shall be paid into the fund hereinafter provided for the payment of principal and interest of such bonds Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds the commission may under like restrictions issue temporary bonds with or without coupons exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issuance of the latter The commission may also provide for the replacement of any bond which shall become mutilated or be destroyed or lost Such turnpike revenue bonds may be issued without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things than those proceedings conditions and things which are specified and required by this act

Such bonds are hereby made securities in which all State and municipal officers and administrative departments boards and commissions of the Commonwealth all banks bankers savings banks trust companies saving and loan associations investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business all insurance companies insurance associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business and all administrative executors guardians trustees and other fiduciaries and all other persons whatsoever who now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the Commonwealth may properly and legally invest any funds including capital belonging to them or within their control and said bonds or other securities or obligations are hereby made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any State or municipal officers or agency of the Commonwealth for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the Commonwealth is now or may hereafter be authorized by law

(b) The commission is hereby authorized to provide by resolution from time to time for the issuance of Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission notes or other evidences of indebtedness to provide for preliminary or interim financing up to but not exceeding the estimated total cost of the turnpike and to pledge as collateral for such notes turnpike revenue bonds issued under the provisions of this act All such notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall contain a statement on their face that the Commonwealth is not obligated to pay the same or interest thereon and that the faith and credit of the Commonwealth is not pledged to the payment of the principal or interest of such notes or other evidences of indebtedness The issuance of turnpike notes or other evidences of indebtedness under the provisions of this act shall not directly or indirectly or contingently obligate the Commonwealth to levy or to pledge any form of taxation therefor or make any appropriation for their payment

Section 12 All moneys received from any bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued pursuant to this act shall be applied solely to the payment of the cost of the turnpike or to the appurtenant fund and there shall be and hereby is created and granted a lien upon such moneys until so applied in favor of holders of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or the trustee hereinafter provided for in respect of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness

Section 13 In the discretion of the commission such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness may be secured by a trust indenture by and between the commission and a corporate trustee which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or outside of the Commonwealth Such trust indentures may pledge or assign tolls and revenue to be received but shall not convey or mortgage the turnpike or any part thereof Either the resolution providing for the issuance of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or such trust indenture may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders or holders of notes or other evidences of indebtedness as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law including convenants setting forth the duties of the commission in relation to the acquisition of properties and the construction maintenance operation and repair and insurance of the turnpike and the custody safeguarding and application of all moneys It shall be lawful for any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth to act as depository of the proceeds of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or revenues and to furnish such indemnity bonds or to pledge such securities as may be required by the commission Such indenture may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders or holders of notes or other evidences of indebtedness and of the trustee and may restrict the individual right of action of bondholders or holders of notes or other evidences of indebtedness as is customary in trust indentures securing bonds debentures of corporations notes or other evidences of indebtedness In addition to the foregoing such trust indenture may contain such other provisions as the commission may deem reasonable and proper for the security of bondholders or holders of notes or other evidences of indebtedness All expenses incurred in carrying out such trust indenture may be treated as a part of the cost of maintenance operation and repair of the turnpike

Section 14 The accomplishment by the commission of the authorized purposes stated in this act being for the benefit of the people of the Commonwealth and for the improvement of their commerce and prosperity in which accomplishment the commission will be performing essential governmental fuctions the commission shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments on any property acquired or used by it for the purposes provided in this act and the bonds or other securities and obligations issued by the commission their transfer and the income therefrom including any profits made on the sale thereof shall at all times be free from taxation within the Commonwealth

Section 15 The commission is hereby authorized to fix and to revise from time to time tolls for the use of the turnpike and the different parts or sections thereof and to charge and collect the same and to contract with any person partnership association or corporation desiring the use of any part thereof including the right of way adjoining the paved portion for placing thereon telephone telegraph electric light or power lines gas stations garages stores hotels restaurants and advertising signs or for any other purpose except for tracks for railroad or railway use and to fix the terms conditions rents and rates of charges for such use Such tolls shall be so fixed and adjusted as to provide a fund at least sufficient with other revenues of the turnpike if any to pay (a) the cost of maintaining repairing and operating the turnpike and (b) the bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and the interest thereon and all sinking fund requirements and other requirements provided by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds notes or other evidences of inedtebdness or by the trust indenture as

the same shall become due Such tolls shall not be subject to supervision or regulation by any other State commission board bureau or agency The tolls and all other revenues derived from the turnpike except such part thereof as may be required to pay the cost of maintaining repairing and operating the turnpike and to provide such reserves therefor as may be provided for in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or in the trust indenture shall be set aside at such regular intervals as may be provided in such resolution or such trust indenture in a sinking fund which is hereby pledged to and charged with the payment of (1) the interest upon such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness as such interest shall fall due (2) the principal of the bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness as the same shall fall due (3) the necessary fiscal agency charges for paying principal and interest and (4) any premium upon bonds retired by call or purchase as herein provided The use and disposition of such sinking fund shall be subject to such regulations as may be provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or in the trust indenture but except as may otherwise be provided in such resolution or trust indenture such sinking fund shall be a fund for the benefit of all bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued hereunder without distinction or priority of one over another Subject to the provisions of the resolutions authorizing the issuance of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or of the trust indenture any moneys in such sinking fund in excess of an amount equal to one year's interest on all bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness then outstanding may be applied to the purchase or redemption of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness All bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness so purchased or redeemed shall forthwith be cancelled and shall not again be issued

Section 16 The commission is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds of the Commonwealth for the purpose of refunding any turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under the provisions of this act and then outstanding The issuance of such turnpike revenue refunding bonds the maturities and other details thereof the rights of the holders thereof and the duties of the Commonwealth and of the commission in respect to the same shall be governed by the foregoing provisions of this act in so far as the same may be applicable and by the following provisions

(a) No turnpike revenue refunding bonds shall be delivered unless delivered in exchange for turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness to be refunded thereby except in the amount necessary to provide for the payment of matured or redeemable turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness maturing or redeemable within three months including any redemption premium thereon

(b) No turnpike revenue refunding bonds shall be issued unless issued to refund turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness which have matured or will mature within three months or unless the interest rate of the turnpike revenue refunding bonds shall be at least one-fourth of one per centum less than the interest rate borne by the turnpike revenue bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness to be refunded

Section 17 Any holder of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under the provisions of this act or any of the coupons attached thereto and the trustee under the trust indenture if any except to the extent the rights herein given may be restricted by resolution passed before the issuance of the bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or by the trust indenture may either at law or in equity by suit action mandamus or other proceedings protect and enforce any and all rights granted hereunder or under such resolution or trust indenture and may enforce and compel performance of all duties required by this act or by such resolution or trust indenture to be performed by the commission or any officer thereof including the fixing charging and collecting of tolls for the use of the turnpike

Section 18 When all bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and the interest therein shall have been paid or a sufficient amount for the payment of all bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and the interest to maturity thereon shall have been set aside in trust for the benefit of the holders of such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and shall continue to be held for that purpose the turnpike and the connecting roads tunnels and bridges shall become a part of the system of State highways and shall be maintained by the Department of Highways free of tolls and thereupon the commission shall be dissolved and all funds of the commission not required for the payment of the bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness and all machinery equipment and oher property belonging to the commission shall be vested in the Department of Highways

Section 19 The foregoing sections of this act shall be deemed to provide an additional and alternative method for the doing of things authorized thereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing Such sections being necessary for the welfare of the Commonwealth and its inhabitants shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes thereof

Section 20 The provisions of this act are severable and if any of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction the decision of such court shall not effect or impair any of the remaining provisions It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that this act would have been adopted had such unconstitutional provisions not been included therein

Section 21 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

Section 22 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, as follows:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochcial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further defining "Medical Examiner"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1401 Definitions As used in this subdivision of this article the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings

* * * * *

(4) "Medical Examiner" means a physician legally qualified to practice medicine [in] and surgery within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments within the Commonwealth who has been appointed or approved by the Secretary of Health

Section 1421 Medical Examiners for Special Purposes In addition to medical and dental examinations required under the provisions of subdivision (a) of this article every school district of the first second and third class shall also annually appoint medical examiners whose duties shall include the vaccination of children of indigent parents official re-vaccination of children having temparary vaccination certificates physical examination of children incident to the issuance of employment certificates as requqired by the provisions of the Child Labor Act conducting routine classroom inspections incident to the control of contagious diseases approve the return of pupils who have been absent due to a contagious disease or suspected contagious disease and such other duties as may be required by the board of school directors or the Secretary of Health They shall anually make a sanitary survey of the building and grounds Such medical examination shall be made in the presence of the parent or guardian of the pupil when so requested by parent or guardian All such medical examiners shall be physicians legally qualified to practice medicine [in] and surgery within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments within this Commonwealth Where additional examination of the eyes is recommended by the medical examiners and desired by the school boards such additional examinations may be made by ophthalmologists or optometrists as shall be determined by the medical examiner The physicians ophthalmologists and optometrists making such examinations shall be paid such amounts as the board of school directors may determine Health officers of municipalities may be appointed as medical examiners in school districts

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed.	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, as follows:

An Act to amend Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "physician"

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Clauses (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 101 Definitions The following words and phrases when used in any law hereafter enacted unless the context clearly indicates otherwise shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section

* * * * *

(80) "Osteopath" [an individual] a physician licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to practice osteopathy

(81) "Osteopathic surgeon" [an individual] a physician licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to practice osteopathy and osteopathis surgery

* * * * *

(87) "Physician" an individual licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of medicine and surgery in any or in all of its branches within the scope of the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 639) and its amendments or in the practice of osteopathy or osteopathic surgery within the scope of the act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 46) and its amendments

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 360, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to habeas corpus; conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas; defining procedure in all cases; authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth; providing for the imposition of costs allowing appeals; specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken; and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 441, as follows:

An act providing for the reception as evidence of certification of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 The certification of a duly authorized representative of any administrative department board or commission attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual as shown by the required official records shall be received as evidence in all courts in this Commonwealth in the trial of any case.

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Pechan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed,	McMenamin,		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 501, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either Department upon the advice of the Attorney General may maintain an action in the name of the Commonwealth for an injunction or other process restraining or prohibiting any person copartnership association or corporation from establishing conducting or operating without a license any private nursing home private hospital private boarding home private mental hospital or any other private institution whenever a license to engage in such activity is required by law and such licenses are issued by the department instituting suit

Section 2 Any such action shall be instituted in the court of common pleas in any county where the alleged unauthorized activity is committed The court may issue a temporary restraining order or injunction under the act but shall determine any such action on its merits as soon as possible whether in term or in vacation Appeal from any final decision of such court to the Superior or Supreme Court shall be as in similar cases.

Section 3 No bond shall be required of and no costs shall be taxed against the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department on account of any such action

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall be construed as supplementary to all other acts dealing with the same subject matter No action brought under the provisions of this act shall prevent the prosecution or institution of any civil or criminal action otherwise provided by law for violation of any licensing act or departmental rule or regulation promulgated thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Bane,	Haluska,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barr,	Hare,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Barrett,	Holland,	Neff,	Taylor,
Berger,	Kephart,	Peehan,	Toole,
Blass,	Kessler,	Peelor,	Wade,
Byrne,	Lane,	Propert,	Wagner,
Chapman,	Leader,	Robinson,	Walker,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Dent,	Mahany,	Ruth,	Watson,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Silvert,	Wood,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Freed	McMenamin.		

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 131, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS POSTPONED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 192, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225) entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" eliminating the power of the Game Commission to fix bag limits in certain cases

be placed on the Second Reading Postponed Calendar.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 319, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1 of the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 507) entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" by providing for the method of valuation of taxable shares of stock in any investment company registered as such with the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

be placed on the Second Reading Postponed Calendar.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 357, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to reenact, revise and amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

SENATE BILL NO. 212 CALLED UP FROM POSTPONED CALENDAR

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the second reading postponed calendar, Senate Bill No. 212, for consideration at this time.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352), entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration, operation, and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River, and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with the State of New Jersey; creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenues derived from tolls collected at such bridges; transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the State of New Jersey, amending the agreement entitled, "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties," as heretofore amended; to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, improvement, maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River, including approach highways; the financing thereof and the fixing, charging and collecting of tolls for the use of such bridges.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. WOOD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce bills at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WOOD read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 425, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four hundred eleven of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, (P. L. 1225), entitled, "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by changing the shooting restrictions on regulated shooting grounds.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

He also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 426, entitled:

An Act to amend section seven hundred twenty-one of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals and amending, revising, consolidating and changing the law relating thereto," by changing the period for retriever trials.

Which was committed to the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now preceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny County Pennsylvania containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth certain land buildings and appurtenances located in the Township of Manheim Lancaster County and certain personal property therein making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act providing for the sentencing of persons convicted of certain crimes to an indeterminate sentence having a minimum of one day and a maximum of life in certain cases; authorizing the criminal courts to impose such a sentence and certain temporary sentences in connection therewith, requiring psychiatric examinations of such persons before the imposition of such a sentence, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Welfare and the Pennsylvania Board of Parole, and providing for the parole, conditional parole or absolute discharge of persons so sentenced and the procedure relating thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act to provide for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions under the old-age and survivor insurance provisions of Title II of the Federal Social Security Act as amended creating the State-Federal Social Security Board and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board authorizing the Board to enter into agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and with political subdivisions under certain terms and conditions providing for the Commonwealth's contribution under agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and for the collection and payment of employer and employe contributions authorizing interstate cooperation in certain cases creating a Contribution Fund and making appropriations.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1412 of the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 177) entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments boards commissions and officers thereof including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools or Teachers Colleges abolishing creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments boards and commissions defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers and of the several administrative departments boards commissions and officers fixing the salaries of the Governor Lieutenant Governor and certain other executive and administrative officers providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments boards and commissions and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments boards and commissions shall be determined" by setting forth the duties of the Deputy Adjutant General in Charge of Veteran Affairs.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article two, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by providing for annual sessions of the General Assembly.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1209), entitled "An act to authorize the acquisition, by purchase or condemnation, of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the river Delaware, and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act," authorizing the commission to establish and maintain a museum or museums for the preservation and display of relics and reproductions relating to Washington's Crossing of the Delaware.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection A of Section 221 and to amend Section 241 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by extending non-resident fishing privileges to Canadians and redefining resident.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (b) of Section 1 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183) entitled "An act relating to strikes by public employes; prohibiting such strikes; providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment; providing for reinstatement under certain conditions; providing for a grievance procedure; and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities, and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board," by changing method of selecting panels for the adjustment of grievances of school district employes; and imposing additional duties on such panels.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the board of trustees of Warren State Hospital, to acquire a certain tract of land with the buildings thereon adjacent thereto for the use of said hospital; and making an appropriation therefor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and to enforce and visitation and making appropriations" empowering rules and regulations for its preservation development the commission to deputize special constables

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 28, 1951, at 1:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:14 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Wednesday, March 28, 1951, at 1:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, March 27, 1951

The House met at 1:00 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and everlasting God Who makest us both to will and to do those things that be good and acceptable unto Thy divine Majesty; we make our humble supplications unto Thee for these Thy servants. Let Thy fatherly hand, we beseech Thee, ever be over them; let Thy Holy Spirit ever be with them in the knowledge and obedience of Thy Word, that in the end they may obtain everlasting life, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Monday, March 26, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. WILBUR H. HAMILTON. HOUSE BILL No. 789.

An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872) entitled, "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth, "by prohibiting any mortgagee or pledgee from requiring that property securing a loan be insured by a particular insurance company.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. DOWLING. HOUSE BILL No. 790.

An Act repeal the act, approved the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight (P. L. 109), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the eighteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five (P. L. 30), entitled 'An act to authorize changes of venue in criminal cases,' forbidding changes of venue in criminal prosecutions by any court on application of the Commonwealth or prosecutor."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. STIMMEL and GIBSON. HOUSE BILL No. 791.

An Act to amend Article X of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by fixing the annual salaries and increments of certain members of the professional staff of the Department of Public Instruction; conferring certain powers and imposing certain duties upon the State Council of Education with respect to salaries and qualifications of certain members of such staff and repealing inconsistent acts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. SAX and SARRAF. HOUSE BILL No. 792.

An Act providing for treatment and cure in designated State institutions of persons habitually addicted to the use of opiates, and for their admission to, and care therein, and the payment of the cost thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Messrs. SAX and SARRAF. HOUSE BILL No. 793.

An Act to further amend Section 12 of the act, approved the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 758), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health by regulating the possession, control, dealing in, giving away, delivery, dispensing, administering, prescribing, and use of certain drugs, and keeping records thereof; by regulating the use of drugs in the treatment of the drug habit; by providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses of physicians, dentists, veterinarians; pharmacists, druggists, and registered nurses for certain causes, and by providing for the enforcement of this act, and penalties," by increasing the penalties for the illegal sale, dispensing or giving away of drugs.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 794.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 198) entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," by enlarging the jurisdiction of said court in certain cases of appeals and making said jurisdiction exclusive.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By HOUSE BILL No. 795.

An Act to further amend Section 12 of the act approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 626), entitled "An act providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation of all subjects of taxation in counties of the second class; creating and prescribing the powers and duties of a Board of Property Assessment, Appeals and Review; imposing duties on certain county and city officers; abolishing the board for the assessment and revision of taxes in such counties; and prescribing penalties," by conferring exclusive jurisdiction on the county court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals from the Board of Property Assessment, Appeals and Review.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 796.

An Act to further amend Section 616 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by conferring exclusive jurisdiction on the county court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals by persons whose operator's license or learner's permit has been suspended or who has been deprived of the privilege of applying for an operator's license or learner's permit.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 797.

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 8 of the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 845), entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary mercantile license tax on persons engaging in certain occupations and businesses therein; providing for its levy and collection; for the issuance of mercantile licenses upon the payment of fees therefor; conferring and imposing powers and duties on boards of public education; receivers of school taxes and school treasurers in such districts; saving certain ordinances of council of certain cities, and providing compensation for certain officers, and employes and imposing penalties," as reenacted and made permanent, by conferring exclusive jurisdiction on the county court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals from decisions of the collector in administering and enforcing the provisions of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 798.

An Act to further amend subsections (a) and (b) of Section 9 of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1168), entitled "An act to protect the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively; creating the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania labor Relations Board, officers of the State government, and courts; providing for the right of employes to organize and bargain collectively; declaring certain labor practices by employers to be unfair; further providing that respresentatives of a majority of the employes be the exclusive representatives of all the employes; authorizing the board to conduct hearings and elections, and certify as to representatives of employes for purposes of collective bargaining; empowering the board to prevent any person from engaging in any unfair labor practice, and providing a procedure for such cases, including the issuance of a complaint, the conducting of a hearing, and the making of an order; empowering the board to petition a court of common pleas for the enforcement of its order, and providing a procedure for such cases; providing for the review of an order of the board by a court of common pleas on petition of any person aggrieved by such order, and establishing a procedure for such cases; providing for an appeal from the common pleas court to the Supreme Court; providing the board with investigatory powers, including the power to issue subpoenas and the compelling of obedience to them through application to the proper court; providing for service of papers and process of the board, prescribing certain penalties," by conferring exclusive jurisdiction on the County Court of Allegheny County in cases of appeals from the Labor Relations Boards.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 799.

An Act to add Section 57 to the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1237), entitled "An act affecting marital relations; prescribing grounds and regulating proceedings for divorce and the annulment of bigamous marriages; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating thereto," by extending the jurisdiction of, granting powers to and imposing duties on the County Court of Allegheny County.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. KOHL. HOUSE BILL No. 800.

An Act to amend Section 2 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 287), entitled "An act to protect the lives and limbs of miners from the dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth, and to provide for the examination of persons seeking employment as miners in the anthracite region, and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in anthracite coal mines, and providing penalties for a violation of the same," by increasing compensation of members of the "Miners' Examining Board" and making the salary and expenses of such members payable out of the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. YESTER and LUTTY. HOUSE BILL No. 801.

An Act to amend Section 931 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by providing that certain county roads when abandoned shall become townships roads, or borough or city streets as their location shall determine.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. SOLLENBERGER and HELM.
HOUSE BILL No. 802.

An Act to add a new section 1309 to the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and providing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by creating a Bureau of Higher Education in the Department of Public Instruction.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. BLOOM and WILLIAM C. LEONARD.
HOUSE BILL No. 803.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Forests and Waters for the purpose of maintaining dikes along Darby Creek in Tinicum and Darby Townships, Delaware County and in Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. TOMPKINS and GIBSON.
HOUSE BILL No. 804.

An Act establishing a retirement system for fish wardens of the Pennsylvania Fish Commission; providing for payments upon retirement, death, disability, involuntary retirement, and of certain medical expenses from the State Employes' Retirement Fund, under the administration of the State Employes' Retirement Board; providing for contributions by fish wardens of the Pennsylvania Fish Commission and the Commonwealth; providing for the guarantee by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds;

providing for the subrogation of the Commonwealth to the rights of the member or dependents against certain third parties; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial processes; making an appropriation from the Fish Fund; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. WILT and GEER. HOUSE BILL No. 805.

An Act providing a method of annexation of townships of the second class and parts thereof to cities and boroughs and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. KELLER. HOUSE BILL No. 806.

An Act to further amend subsection C of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by increasing the aggregate amount of taxes that may be levied by school districts of the second, third and fourth class.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. HARRY W. PRICE. HOUSE BILL No. 807.

An Act to further amend the title and section two of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 408) entitled as amended "A supplement to the twenty-fourth section of an act, entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, amending the twenty-fourth section, by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of the two per centum tax on premiums paid by foreign fire insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities, towns, townships and boroughs, within this Commonwealth," by providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the tax on premiums paid by domestic fire insurance companies, to the treasurers of the several cities, towns, townships and boroughs and for the distribution of such moneys by the treasurers.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Messrs. BOLTON and KRATZ.
HOUSE BILL No. 808.

An Act to amend Section 17 of the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149), entitled as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth, which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax, and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation," by exempting from such tax liquid fuels used for the operation of fire apparatus and police vehicles and providing refunds of taxes paid on such liquid fuels.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WESCOTT. HOUSE BILL No. 809.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Commonwealth," by penalizing the use of mechanical devices in the sale or distribution of cigarettes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. KUBACKI. HOUSE BILL No. 810.

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for full compensation to additional employes during certain periods of sickness; and changing the requirements of proof of sickness.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. READINGER and WEIDNER.
HOUSE BILL No. 811.

An Act to add section 1501.1 to the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning, townships of the second class, and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by empowering township supervisors to compel connection with and use of sewer systems constructed by municipal authorities to impose penalties, to enforce regulations and orders, and to connect properties of owners failing or neglecting to make connection.

Referred to the Cmmittee on Townships.

By Messrs. LEDERER and DUFFY.
HOUSE BILL No. 812.

An Act to add Section 552.1 to Article VIII of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by authorizing board of county commissioners to provide amplifying system in court rooms.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. LEDERER. HOUSE BILL No. 813.

An Act providing for additional vacation leave for time spent on official duties over and above their regular tour of duty by members of the first department in cities of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. GEER and PAUL F. JONES.
RESOLUTION No. 25.

In the House of Representatives, March 26, 1951.

Whereas, The Juvenile Court of Allegheny County was established on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, by Act No. 312 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and

Whereas, The said Juvenile Court of Allegheny County has now been in operation since 1933; and

Whereas, There have been certain complaints made known to the Representatives from Allegheny County by lawyers therein and other individuals who claim that they have not been given fair treatment in the said Court; and

Whereas, The Juvenile Court of Allegheny County by its act does govern and have complete control over the lives of those children which come within its jurisdiction and that the said court can hear or rehear a case within its own discretion; and

Whereas, Great sums of money have been expended for the upkeep of the said court and it is impossible to know whether or not these sums of money are being properly directed toward the correction of juvenile delinquency and whether it is possible that this money could be more properly appropriated in the same court; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania Joint State Government Commission be directed to appoint a committee of three of its members, residents of Allegheny County, to make the following investigation:

1. To hear all complaints against the Juvenile Court of Allegheny County and to determine whether or not such complaints are sincere.

2. If, upon determination by the said committee it is concluded that these complaints are sincere and that there is just cause for further examination, then the said committee shall examine all of the records of the cases upon which these complaints have been made to determine whether or not there is sufficient cause for the decisions and penalties made in such cases.

3. Further, if the said committee finds evidence to substantiate and justify the complaints that were made, then the said committee shall, before the next meeting of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, investigate and rehear all complained cases which have resulted in the confinement of any children in institutions in this Commonwealth, and determine whether or not any of these confinements are unjustified and unfair in whole or in part, and whether or not there are children who are in the wrong institution for their correction; and be it further

Resolved, That the said committee shall report its conclusions to the next meeting of the General Assembly and recommend whether or not the Juvenile Court of Allegheny County should be continued and, if so, what changes in legislation are necessary to make it operate more perfectly toward the purpose it was intended.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill numbered and entitled as follows:

SENATE BILL No. 169.

An Act to amend Section 602 and subsections (a) and (g) of Section 607 of the act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P.L. 1368), entitled "An act amending, revising and consolidating the laws relating to delinquent county, city, except of the first and second class and second class A, borough, town, township, school district, except of the first class and school districts within cities of the second class A, and institution district taxes; providing when, how and upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for such taxes; the return and entering of claims therefor; the collection and adjudication of such claims, sales of real property, including seated and unseated lands, subject to the lien of such tax claims the disposition of the proceeds thereof, including State taxes and municipal claims recovered and the redemption of property; providing for the discharge and divestiture by certain tax sales of all estates in property and of mortgages and liens on such property, and the proceedings therefor; creating a Tax Claim Bureau in each county, except a county of the first class, to act as agent for taxing districts; defining its powers and duties, including sales of property, the management of property taken in sequestration, and the management, sale and disposition of property heretofore sold to the county commissioners, taxing districts and trustees at tax sales; providing a method for the service of process and notices; imposing duties on taxing districts and their officers and on tax collectors, and certain expenses on counties and for their reimbursement by taxing districts; and repealing existing laws," by further regulating the giving of notice of sale, the effect of failing to give notice as required by the act, and the bureau's return of sale to court for confirmation.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Under what order would the Chair prefer that I offer a Discharge Resolution?

The CHAIR. The Chair would prefer that the gentleman, under the rules, offer his discharge resolution under the order of business of Resolutions following the completion of the calendar.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the Chair.

WHITEHALL WOMEN'S REPUBLICAN CLUB WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the House the Whitehall Women's Republican Club, Lehigh County, Mrs. Helen Kotsch, President. They are the guests of the lady from Lehigh, Mrs. Markley.

MEMBER OF NEW YORK ASSEMBLY WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the House Representative Mildred Taylor of the New York Assembly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. MIKULA from the Committee on Cities—Third Class, reported as committed, House Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising, and consolidating the law relating thereto," by prescribing a minimum period of continuous service and in certain cases a minimum age for police retirement.

Mr. McNALLY from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 644), entitled "An act relating to and regulating the solicitation of moneys and property for charitable, religious, benevolent, humane, and patriotic purposes," by transferring the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the act from the Department of Welfare to the Department of Revenue.

Mr. SCHMIDT from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 220, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1661) entitled "An act to impose a temporary tax on real estate for public school purposes in school districts of the first class for current expenses," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Mr. FERSTER from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, House Bill No. 221, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1676), entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property; providing for its levy and collection; conferring and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority, board of revision of taxes, receiver of school taxes, school treasurer, board of public education in such districts, and courts; providing for compensation to certain officers and employes; and imposing penalties," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Mr. YOUNG from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An Act relating to mental health including mental illness, mental defect, epilepsy, and inebriety; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the laws relating thereto.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 652 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the measure of pupil teacher ratio in computing the real estate tax for school purposes in school districts of the first class and first class A.

Mr. SEYLER from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, House Bill No. 269, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto;" by providing for the establishment by the Department of Public Instruction of a standardized driver-training program in the public schools and providing for assistance to school districts in certain cases.

Mr. PAUL F. JONES from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and further amend the act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 733), entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property; providing for its levy and collection; confering and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority, board of revision of taxes, receiver of school taxes, county treasurer, board of public education in such districts and courts; providing for compensation to certain officers and employes and imposing penalties," by eliminating certain classes of taxable items, providing that corporations, limited partnerships and joint-stock associations holding certain taxable securities as mere custodian for the real owner shall not be taxed therefor, and providing that the act shall apply only to school districts of the first class A.

Mr. RUBIN from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 512, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 4 of and to add Section 36.1 to the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties, county institution districts, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships, certain school districts and vocational school districts; conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts, and various officers of said political subdivisions; and prescribing penalties," by requiring taxing districts to pay the premiums on corporate bonds of the tax collector, in townships of the first class and further regulating the fixing of the compensation of elected tax collectors.

Mr. READINGER from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for increments for professional employes holding a Master's Degree or its equivalent.

Mr. GUARNIERI from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 602, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and the act, approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259), entitled, as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer, of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies, to the treasurers of the several cities, boroughs, towns and townships, and for the payment thereof into police pension funds, and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirecertain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement ment System, and for Pension Annuity Contracts, and in Fund, for certain purposes," by extending the menefits of the act to certain county police pension funds.

Mr. CORR from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred nine of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for qualifications of principals.

Mr. HELM from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 656, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1709 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L.), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for traveling expenses of members of joint school boards and joint school committees in attending meetings of the same.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 696, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause XIII of Section 702 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing supervisors to provide insurance for employes of the township and providing for payments to beneficiaries.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1137 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by authorizing boroughs to purchase annuity or life insurance contracts for the purpose of paying pensions, annuities or disability or death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1415 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing townships to purchase annuity contracts or life insurance policies for payment of pensions, annunities, and disability and death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 699, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1917 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by permitting lands or buildings to be set aside or acquired as recreation places, and to provide for the supervision, operation and maintenance thereof without approval by the electors.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 700, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103), entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by further defining, clarifying, adding to, and otherwise changing the laws relating to the affairs of townships.

Mr. DALRYMPLE from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 701, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by changing requirements for contracts and purchases and imposing penalties.

Mr. GUARNIERI from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 702, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by further regulating the affairs of boroughs, and revising, amending, and changing the law relating thereto.

Mr. SAX from the Committee on Judiciary, reported as committed, House Bill No. 746, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, establishing annual sessions of the General Assembly.

Mr. GRANVILLE E. JONES from the Committee on Welfare, reported as committed, House Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction and equipping of the Pennsylvania Institution for Mental Defectives; providing for the ecquisition of land; providing for the care, maintenance and control of inmates; imposing duties and conferring powers on the Department of Welfare and the Department of Property and Supplies.

Mr. CELLA from the Committee on Welfare, rereported as committed, House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act relating to the examination detention hearing commitment care treatment rehabilitation probation and discharge of any person who is not insane but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior or who lacks the customary standards of judgment self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts or who combines any one or more of such conditions so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others imposing certain duties on district attorneys courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases

Mr. BLAIR from the Committee on Muncipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act requiring approval of the interested electorate to initiate housing projects.

REPORT OF JOINT STATE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION

COMMONWEALTH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS: STRUCTURE AND COSTS, SESSION OF 1951

Mr. ROYER presented a communication from the Joint State Government Commission which was read by the Clerk as follows:

March 27, 1951.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

On behalf of the Joint State Government Commission, I have the honor to transmit herewith A Report of the Joint State Government Commission dealing with "Commonwealth Retirement Systems: Structure and Costs," Session of 1951.

Copies of this report for distribution to the members of the House of Representatives have been delivered to the office of the Chief Clerk of the House.

Respectfully submitted,

BAKER ROYER, Chairman

BR:mf
Enc.

(For Report see Appendix)

REPUBLICAN AND DEMOCRATIC CAUCUSES

The SPEAKER. For the information of the Members, immediately upon the calling of a recess, there will be a Republican Caucus in the new House Caucus Room and a Democratic Caucus in the old House Caucus Room.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess for sixty minutes. The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. WILLIAMS and POLEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 814.

An Act to further amend Sections 4 and 8 of the act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1198), entitled "An act providing for the conservation and improvement of land affected in connection with the mining of bituminous coal by the ope npit mining method; regulating such mining; and providing penalties," by increasing the amount of the bond which the operator must file and the annual charges against completion.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. ROYER. HOUSE BILL No. 815.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905) entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley amnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the ridign of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by providing that the Department of Revenue furnish one registration plate for every vehicle.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 816.

An Act providing for a three platoon system for members of paid fire departments and certain members of volunteer fire departments, fixing maximum working hours for such members, with certain exceptions; providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BOLTON. HOUSE BILL No. 817.

An Act to amend Section 1017.1 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by further regulating the passing of school buses.

Referred to the Committee on Motor Vehicles.

By Mr. DALRYMPLE. HOUSE BILL No. 818.

An Act to amend the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the minimum compensation and increments of members of the teaching and supervisory staffs of school districts and vocational school districts and repealing certain provisions of said act.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. TAHL. HOUSE BILL No. 819.

An Act making an appropriation to The Franklin Institute of the State of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ZIEGLER. HOUSE BILL No. 820.

A Supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by permitting certain members to obtain credit for military service who were not eligible members at time of entry into military service.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. NAJAKA. HOUSE BILL No. 821.

An Act requiring the employment by any political subdivision of unemployed owners of real estate situate within the political subdivision for the purpose of pay-

ment of the amount of unpaid taxes assessed against such real estate.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. PETA. HOUSE BILL No. 822.

An Act to further amend Section 10 of the act, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 710), entitled "An act allowing and regulating boxing, sparring, and wrestling matches and exhibitions; establishing a State Athletic Commission; making an appropriation therefor; and appropriating moneys received for monument and memorial purposes; and prescribing penalties," by changing the count and providing that if a boxer is knocked down three times in one round, the fight shall be stopped.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Messrs. HELM and TOMPKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 823.

An Act requiring certain employers to make deductions from employes' earnings for the support of children and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. RIGBY (By request) HOUSE BILL No. 824.

An Act to further amend clause (b) of subsection E of Section 1 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145), entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, tohwns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxese; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing and appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by decreasing the tax rate on retail dealers and proprietors in cities of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Mr. FILO. HOUSE BILL No. 825.

An Act to further amend Section 2 of the act, approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 1012) entitled "An act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security, to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities; fixing the rate of interest and charges therefor; requiring the licensing of lenders; and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act," by imposing maximum on amount of interest chargeable on such small loans.

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

By Mr. SMITH. HOUSE BILL No. 826.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1043), entitled "An act establishing a public school employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof; establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon boards having the employment of public school employes; exempting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by redefining the term "final salary" and further providing the manner of computing employes' annuities.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. COSTA and CELLA.
HOUSE BILL No. 827.

An Act to further amend the act approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 566) entitled "An act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof, and out of the treasury of said cities; and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by reducing the retirement age to fifty-five.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class

By Messrs. MINTESS and TOMPKINS.
HOUSE BILL No. 828.

An Act providing for an regulating the licensing and practice of practical nursing and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Messrs. McCORMACK and RUBIN.
HOUSE BILL No. 829.

An Act to amend clause (b) of Section 1 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183), entitled "An act relating to strikes by public employes; prohibiting such strikes; providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment; providing for reinstatement under certain conditions; providing for a grievance procedure; and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities, and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board," by requiring panel to be set up within five days after the receipt of a request therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Labor Relations.

PUPILS OF GOUGLERSVILLE SCHOOL WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome to the Hall of the House thirty-one seventh and eighth grade students of the Gouglersville School, Cumru Township, Berks County, sponsored by the local Parent-Teachers Association, Mr. Ludwig, Mrs. Zimmerman and Mrs. Royer. They are here under the supervision of their teacher, Lester Wentling. They are the guests of the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Weidner.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 716, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Appropriation Acts page 62) entitled "An ast to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred

and forty-nine and for the payment of blls incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine" providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made by the act for the fiscal biennium ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Public Assistance and providing for certain allocations therefrom for the purpose of carrying out the Public Assistance Law for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and for the payment of assistance and expenses accrued or incurred prior to and remaining unpaid on May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred forty-nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 719, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Welfare to reimburse State-aided hospitals for part of the cost of training student nurses in approved schools of nursing

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act regulating the appointment, promotion, suspension, reduction, removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents assistant superintendents inspectors and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes

The first to eleventh sections inclusive were separately read and agreed to.

The twelfth section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 12, page 11, lines 3 and 4, by striking out both of said lines.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Thompson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Thompson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Is it the intention by offering this amendment that the effective date of this bill, if it becomes a law, shall be September 1st of this year?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. That is correct.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Now would the gentleman please state the reason for the change from the bill becoming effective immediately and September 1st.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Mr. Speaker, this bill is a bill that puts the Pittsburgh Police Department under civil service. By that I mean, it puts the entire Department under civil service, up to the rank of Inspector.

The original bill that I introduced included the Inspectors to be placed under civil service, but because of the protests of the Mayor of Pittsburgh, who said the Inspectors are policy markers when he appeared in front of our Committee twice to argue this point, we deleted the inspectors from the bill in Committee.

Now, I understand statements have been made by the Director of Public Safety that the defectives of the city of Pittsburgh are not now considered to be under civil service. They are political appointments outright by the Mayor. The Director of Public Safety has made the statement that these men, these 37 city detectives, have been tested and examined by the Civil Service Commission of the City of Pittsburgh, and that the results of these tests and examinations are now known to the Civil Service Commission; but that nothing can be done about this matter because of the pending bill in Harrisburg that would put the entire Police Department under civil service.

Therefore, I have offered these amendments to postpone the effective date of this bill until September first so that the Mayor of Pittsburgh and his Director of Public Safety and his Civil Service Commission will have plenty of time to put into effect any reforms or any changes that they wish to make among their city detectives.

Embodied in this bill, of course, is the usual thing that is in any civil service bill and that is this: that when the bill becomes effective anybody holding a position of city detective or city patrolman, or any other position in the Pittsburgh Police Department up to the rank of Inspector, will be, as the expression is, frozen into their jobs.

The Director of Public Safety, as I have read his statement to the press, insinuated that this bill will interfere with the Mayor's prerogative of reorganizing this Detective Bureau. By making this bill effective the first of September, it gives him five more months to reorganize his Detective Bureau to suit himself, because at the present time these men are not affected in any manner whatsoever by civil service status.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, is it not a fact that at the present time there has been instituted, or rather I should say the benefits of the Civil Service Act of the City of Pittsburgh have been extended to the detective force?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. The only knowledge I have of that is what I have read in the papers.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Well, is not the gentleman's argument then, a recognition of the fact that these men have been given an examination under the Civil Service Act of the City of Pittsburgh?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. I understand from the newspapers, and the gentleman says, that the Director of Public Safety has stated that these men have been examined and I believe even, if I remember correctly, in the Monday morning paper, I believe that the Chairman of the Civil Service Commission also made the statement that these men had been examined, and that their scores were now known, but that nothing could be

done about making any changes until they received word from Harrisburg as to what is going to happen to this bill.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, that is all based upon what appears in the newspaper as a reported statement on the part of these officials. Is that correct?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. That is correct. That is where I got my information.

Mr. SCHMIDT. But it is an admitted fact that the City has taken steps to carry out the provisions of civil service insofar as the detective force of the City of Pittsburgh is concerned.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. So far as I know, that is correct.

Mr. SCHMIDT. The fact that this has been done, does that make any necessity for the change in the bill as now written that it should take effect immediately upon passage of this proposed Civil Service Act?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Yes, I think this amendment is necessary, because for a good many years now the present Mayor of Pittsburgh has held office,—I believe at least over the last five years, and previous to that time he had had a tremendous amount of influence on the government of the City of Pittsburgh. And as a matter of fact, two years ago this same bill was passed by this House and it was opposed by the city administration.

Five months ago, I believe, the Mayor announced that he intended to put the city detectives under civil service. Now at the present date the announcement has been made that the examinations have been completed but that this bill is affecting or holding back the city from making the corrections, if any are required, that they may consider necessary.

Therefore, this amendment is to give the city officials plenty of time to make whatever corrections they deem necessary, if any.

Mr. SCHMIDT. In other words, it is the thought of the proponents of this amendment that they question the sincerity of the administration of the City of Pittsburgh in carrying out the provisions of the Civil Service Act of the City of Pittsburgh insofar as detectives are concerned?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. I would like to answer that in this way: I am primarily interested in the fundamental principle of this bill. The city detectives are incidental to the bill. The bill so far as the Police Department of the City of Pittsburgh is concerned has a complete civil service, starting with patrolmen and running up to the office of Inspector, and it so happens that at the present time the detectives of the City of Pittsburgh do not come under civil service.

Under this bill they would automatically be included, and the only interest, so far as I can see where this detective issue comes into this thing, is in the fact that this bill covers them under civil service, but the detectives really, as far as I am concerned, are a side issue in the bill. The main principle of the bill is to provide the police with civil service protection, that is, the entire department.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman were thoroughly convinced that these grades that he states are being withheld purposely were to be made known today or tomorrow, there would then be no necessity for this amendment that he now offers?

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. I believe that that is possibly correct. However, I would point out to the gentleman that we have been most cooperative with the Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh in this matter.

This bill was introduced early in this session and has been held in Committee, permitting the Mayor to appear before the Committee two times to speak on it. Up to the present date, I would say that we have been most cooperative and the only reason that I saw fit to introduce these amendments was to give the city administration plenty of time to do whatever they intended to do about their city detectives. In other words, if there are to be any changes or if they have any feeling that we are trying to crowd them on time, I wanted to give them plenty of time.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the particular amendment at this time. When the bill comes up for final passage, I shall talk further on the bill; but insofar as the amendment at hand is concerned, I feel that, as has been stated by the sponsor of the amendment, the only purpose behind this amendment is to force, as you may say, some action on the part of the city administration in making known the grades that were earned by the present members of the detective bureau who have been subjected to the test by the City Civil Service ordinance. There is no reason for questioning whether or not these grades will be made known. The only indication that there is is the report that appears in the paper that these grades were being held up subject to the decision of this House on the bill before us.

Now this bill is only in the House, and assuming that it might pass this House, it still has to go through the Senate; there would be no reason whatsoever to delay those grades for such a period of time.

These men, as I stated before, have taken examinations under civil service, and the city administration at the proper time will make known the effect of these grades, and I would ask each and every one of you to vote down this amendment because if you do it, you are always going to find where some administration, whether it be Republican or Democrat, in any municipality, is held in doubt by a Member of the Legislature, this will be a method of so called questioning the sincerity of that administration and I say it is wrong. We first have to see what the administrative action may be.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I will ask you to vote for these amendments. These amendments are offered only in a spirit of giving the city administration of Pittsburgh plenty of time to find out anything they want to know about their present city detectives and to do anything they intend to do regarding them. These amendments are not offered in the manner of using a hammer to force somebody to do something. As a matter of fact, we give them five more months in which to take any action that they see fit.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 6 of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well as to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HELM offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 2562), page 3, line 3, by striking out the words "County or District Superintendent of the district of residence" and inserting in lieu thereof "sending districts."

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HELM offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 2564), page 3, line 19, by striking out all of said line.

Amend Sec. 2 (Sec. 2564), page 4, line 1, by striking out the words "trict of residence" and inserting in lieu thereof "sending district".

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The title was read and agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-four of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act rleating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act providing a method for the reestablishment of townships of the first class from any city to which they have been annexed and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto.

The first section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SPENCER and ROBERTSON offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1, page 1, lines 1, 2 and 3, by striking out "Manner in Which Townships of the First Class May" in line 1, and both of lines 2 and 3.

Amend Sec. 1, page 2, lines 1 to 4, both inclusive, by striking out all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof:

Reestablishment Authorized.—Within ten years after the annexation of a township of the first class to a city, a petition may be presented to the court of quarter sessions of the county wherein the whole or the greater portion of the territory of the former township is located for the reestablishment of the annexed territory as a township of the first class.

They were agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The second to sixth sections inclusive were separately read and agreed to.

The seventh section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs. SPENCER and ROBERTSON offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 7, page 5, line 11, by striking out the word "shall" and inserting in lieu thereof: "may".

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The eighth to tenth sections were separately read and agreed to.

The eleventh section was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Messrs SPENCER and ROBERTSON offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 11, page 6, line 20, by striking out the word "and".

It was agreed to.

The section was agreed to as amended.

The twelfth to sixteenth sections were separately read and agreed to.

The title was read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Messrs SPENCER and ROBERTSON offered the following amendments:

Amend Title, page 1, line 2 of title, by striking out the word "and".

Amend Title, page 1, last line of title, by inserting

after the word "thereto" the following: "and reestablishing the same as separate school districts."

They were agreed to.

The title was agreed to as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered. To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and providing penalties" by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

And said bill having read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transscribed for third reading.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 195, Printer's No. 49

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

Senate Bill No, 215, Printer's No. 39,

Senate Bill No. 217, Printer's No. 40 and

Senate Bill No. 243, Printer's No. 60,

were passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

House Bill No. 18, Printer's No. 42,

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 30, as follows:

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for payments on account of pupil transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better gradation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" as amended by the acts approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 456) the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1195) and in part by the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 457) is hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof a new clause to read as follows

Section 2541 Payments on Account of Pupil Transportation School districts shall be paid by the Commonwealth for every school year on account of pupil transportation which and the means and contracts providing for which have been approved by the Department of Public Instruction in the cases hereinafter enumerated an amount to be determined by multiplying the cost of approved reimbursable pupil transportation inicurred by the district by the district standard reimbursement fraction In addition thereto the Commonwealth shall pay to school districts which own their own vehicles an annual depreciation charge of ten per centum (10%) to be calculated on the basis of the certified cost at which the district acquired the vehicle for which depreciation is claimed

Such payments for pupil transportation shall be made in the following cases

* * * * *

(5) To all school districts for pupils transported to and from schools used for the purpose of better gradation and approved by the county superintendent of schools

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,

Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Peta,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

House Bill No. 42, Printer's No. 84,

was passed over at the request of Mr. GOODLING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 77, as follows:

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by further regulating the organization hours of service vacations and sick leaves of firemen

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section two thousand one hundred three of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" as last amended by the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 807) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2103 Platoon System Hours of Service Vacation Sick Leave The director of the department having charge of the fire bureau in each city shall divide the officers and members of companies of the uniformed fire force in the employ of suchm cities [or in the case of a volunteer fire department the] and any other firemen and drivers regularly employed and paid by the city excepting the chief engineer and assistant chiefs and those employed subject to call into [two] three bodies or platoons [one to perform day service and the other to perform night service] to perform service during such hours as the director shall fix except as herein otherwise provided The hours of day service shall not exceed ten commencing at eight o'clock in the morning the hours of night service shall not exceed fourteen commencing at six o'clock in the afternoon and hours of day service shall not exceed [sixty] fifty hours in any one calendar week and the hours of night service shall not exceed [eighty-four] seventy hours in any one calendar week unless the hours of day and night service shall be equalized in which case neither the hours of day or night service shall exceed [seventy-two] fifty-six in any one calendar week Provided That for the duration of the present war and six months thereafter the hours of service may exceed the number hereinbefore provided as the maximum number of hours of service and in such cases council shall provide for the payment of extra compensation for any hours of service at the same rate as paid for regular service in excess of such maximum hours of service The employes of such fire forces shall be allowed to have at least [twenty-four] forty-eight consecutive hours of rest in every calendar week [and] to have an annual vacation of not less than fourteen working days and shall be entitled to fourteen days sick leave annually without diminution of the salary or compensation fixed by ordinance or resolution In cases of riot serious conflagration times of war public celebrations or other such emergency the chief engineer of the bureau of fire or the assistant chief deputy or chief officer in charge at any fire shall have the power to assign all the members of the fire force to continuous duty or to continue any member thereof on duty if necessary No member of [either] any of said shifts bodies or platoons shall be required to perform continuous day service or continuous night service for a longer consecutive period than two weeks nor be kept on duty continuously longer than ten hours in the day shifts bodies or platoons [of] or fourteen hours in the night shifts bodies or platoons excepting as may be necessary to equalize the hours of duty and service and also excepting in cases of emergency as above provided

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of January one thousand nine hundred fifty-two

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,

Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 187, as follows:

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" as reenacted and amended by the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1955) is hereby further amended by adding immediately following section 1415 thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 1416 Special School Police The board of township commissioners by resolution may appoint special school police who shall have the duty of controlling and directing traffic at or near schools and shall be empowered to make arrests in connection with the performance of their duties Such police shall serve at the pleasure of the board of township commissioners and shall not come within the civil service provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swope,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act requiring owners and operators of tourist camps having heated cabins to provide adequate chimneys or escape vents for harmful gases and imposing penalties.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to move that House Bill 195, be committed to the Committee on Judiciary for clarification and possible amendment. It is not the idea to send this bill back to committee to kill it. We absolutely are sending it to the Committee on Judiciary for clarification. This bill originally was reported from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, therefore, I do not want anybody to get the impression that we are trying to kill the bill by sending it back to Committee. We absolutely want this bill passed in this session. We would like to have the Committee on Judiciary give it the consideration it merits.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, as follows:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Funds by cities

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" as amended by the act aprpoved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 1032) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 4324 Payments to Firemen's Pension Funds by City There shall be paid to the firemen's pension funds by every city annually a sum of money not less than one-half nor more than one per centum of all city taxes collected by the city other than taxes levied to pay interest on or extinguish the debt of the city or any part thereof

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective the first day of January one thousand nine hundred fifty-two

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—205

Amarando,	Goodling,	Markley,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Maxwell,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	Mazza,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McConnell,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCormack,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McDermit,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McGee,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McInroy,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McKinney,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McMillen,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	McNally,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Metz,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mihm,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Mikula,	Spencer,
Breisch,	Hersch,	Miller, H. G.,	Stank,
Breth,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Stimmel,
Brown,	Hocker,	Mills,	Stoner,
Bucchin,	Hoggard,	Mintess,	Swartz,
Byrne,	Hunter,	Monroe,	Swope,
Cella,	Jenkins,	Moore, C. E.,	Tahl,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Moore, H. A.,	Taylor,
Clendening,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Thompson, E. F.,
Cochran,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, R. L.,
Conway,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Toll,
Cooper,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Murray,	Tompkins,
Corr,	Jump,	Musto,	Toomey,
Costa,	Kamyk,	Najaka,	VanSant,
Coyle,	Keller,	Naugle,	Varallo,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Needham,	Varner,
Davis,	Kline,	Olsen,	Verona,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Penglase,	Wachhaus,
Dougherty,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Wargo,
Dowling,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Waterhouse,
DuBois,	Kratz,	Pettigrew,	Watkins,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Pfaff,	Weidner,
Dunn,	Lafore,	Pichney,	Welsh,
Erb,	Lederer,	Pitzer,	Wescott,
Ewing,	Leisey,	Polaski,	Westrick,
Fenrich,	Leonard, L.,	Polen,	Whalley,
Ferster,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Filip,	Leven,	Price, R. A.,	White,
Filo,	Light,	Readinger,	Williams,
Firmstone,	Limper,	Reagan,	Wilt,
Flack,	Loftus,	Reese,	Wood,
Frost,	Lopresti,	Reidenbach,	Yeakel,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Geer,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Gibson,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gleason,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Good,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
		Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—2

Bower, Reilly, J. M.,

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 207, as follows:

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493) entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class second class A and third class and imposing fines penalties and forfeiture for violation thereof" by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The second paragraph of section 2 of the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493) entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class second class A and third class and imposing fines penalties and forfeiture for violation thereof" as last amended by the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 168) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2

* * * * *

The mayor of said cities is hereby authorized and required to appoint a practical plumber of at least ten years experience and not engaged or connected directly or indirectly with the plumbing business as plumbing inspector whose duty it shall be to supervise superintend and inspect all plumbing house and building drainage in conformity with the provisions of this act And the several cities are hereby authorized and required to make proper provision for the payment of the salary of the said plumbing inspector as provided by law Whenever the mayor of any city of the third class finds it impossible to secure as a plumbing inspector a qualified person who is not engaged in or connected with the plumbing business he shal have the power to appoint a person who is engaged in or connected with such business providing such person has the other qualifications herein prescribed In such event the mayor shall as the occasion may arise appoint a substitute inspector who shal supervise superintend and inspect the work done by the regular inspector or by the firm with which he is connected in the course of their private business Such substitute inspector shal be paid for such work reasonable compensation to be fixed by council.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor to explain the purpose of the bill.

Mr. KENT. Mr. Speaker, this bill, to give a little history of it, was passed by this House during the last session, and through an inadvertence on the part of my colleague Senator Mahany it never got out of committee in the Senate.

What the bill does briefly and very simply is this: the situation has arisen in one of my third class cities, and I think it has in other third class cities of Pennsylvania, where they are unable to find a plumbing inspector who will qualify under the present law. The reason being that the law now requires that the plumbing inspector be a master plumber of ten years' experience and not engaged or in any way connected with the plumbing business.

We have found in the last few years in Meadville that we are unable to find a plumbing inspector who would qualify under that law because there is no plumber available who is not engaged in some way in the plumbing business.

This bill would eradicate that situation to the extent that in any third class city where the same situation existed and they could not find probably a plumber who had retired and would take a job of plumbing inspector which pays about $50 a month; in that event they could appoint a plumber who was engaged in the business and had ten years experience as a plumbing inspector.

The bill goes a little further and provides that in the event a third class city has to appoint that type of person, the Mayor has the power to appoint another plumbing inspector to inspect the inspector's work, so that he cannot get away with anything. He is the super-inspector.

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman for his explanation, but that clause that says the inspector inspects the inspector sounds very good. Maybe we ought to have that in a lot of other places.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, as follows:

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boys and girls clubs

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Article XLV of the act approved the thenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one

(P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cites of the thrd class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows

Section 4505 Aid to Incorporated Non-sectarian Boys and Girls Clubs Council by ordinance may provide and approprite from any moneys in the city treasury not otherwise appropriated annually such sum or sums as they deem necessary toward the maintenance of any non-sectarian boys or girls club incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States the purposes and aims of which tend to promote the health welfare character and citizenship of the members and the general well-being of the people of the city

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House preceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 524, as follows:

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions permitting dedenfants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the ground that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Hereafter in all criminal prosecutions in this Commonwealth in which the jury shal have rendered a verdict against the defendant the defendant may in addition to making a motion in arrest of judgment on the grounds that there is error appearing on the face of the record may make a motion in arrest of judgment on the grounds that the evidence was insufficient to sustain the charge and if the court after consideration of the entire record shall decide that there is not sufficient evidence to sustain the conviction it shall forthwith discharge the defendant and dismiss the case

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnierl,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,

Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House preceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 534, as follows:

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial scholos amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions relating to admissio nof beginniners

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1304 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changng the laws relating thereto' 'as amended by the act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 978) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1304 Admission of Beginners [Unless otherwise directed by the board of school directors the period of admission of beginners to the public schools shall be confined to the first two weeks of the school term Beginners becoming six (6) years of age after the beginning of the school term and before the first day of February of any year shall be admitted during the first two weeks of the school term or during such additional periods for the admission of beginners as the board of school directors in any school district may fix No beginner shall be less than five (5) years and seven (7) months of age at the time of admission] The admission of beginners to the public schools shall be confined to the first two weeks of the annual school term in districts operating on an annual promotion basis and to the first two weeks of either the first or the second semester of the school term in districts operating on a semi-annual promotion basis Admission shall be limited to beginners who have attained the age of five years and seven months before the first day of September if they are to be admitted in the fall and to those who have attained the age of five years and seven months before the first day of February if they are to be admitted at the beginning of the second semester A beginner who is less than five years and seven months of age may be admitted when such admission is recommended by the supervisor of special education or by a properly certified public school psychologist The school may refuse to accept or retian beginners who have not attained a mental age of five years

The term "beginners" as used in this section shall mean any child that should enter the lowest grade of the primary school or the lowest primary class above the kindergarten level

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House preceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 1704 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1704 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1704 Joint Authority of Boards Title of Property The several boards of school directors establishing and maintaining such joint schools or departments are hereby authorized to meet jointly and exercise the same power and authority over the same as the several boards exercise over the schools in their respective districts or they may agree that the affairs of the joint school or department shall be managed by a joint school committee as provided in section one thousand seven hundred seven of the act to which this is an amendment Whatever matter is required by law to be decided by a vote of the majority of all the directors of a school district shall in a joint school or department also be required to be decided by a majority vote of all the directors in each district except where the affairs of a joint school or department are managed by a joint school committee in which case such matters shall be decided by a majority vote of all the members of the committee The title to any real estate acquired for the purpose of establishing any such joint school or department shal be held in the name of one or more of the districts establishing the same as they may agree

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Gutendorf,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 559, as follows:

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties county institution districts cities of the third class boroughs owns townships certain school districts and vocational school districts conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts and various officers of said political subdivisions and prescribing penalties" by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assesment lists and tax duplicates

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section sixteen of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties county institution districts cities of the third class boroughs towns townships certain school districts and vocational school districts conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts and various officers of said political subdivisions and prescribing penalties" as amended by the act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 649) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 16 Adding Names to Duplicates In case the tax collector or a deputy tax collector shall at any time find within the taxing district any resident or inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years whose name does not appear upon the duplicate of such taxing district he shall report the name of such person forthwith to the assessor who made the assessment used by the taxing district

The assessor shall thereupon promptly certify the said name to the taxing district which made the assessment which shall then promptly certify such name to the tax collector reporting such name If the board of school directors of any school district or the board of supervisors of any township of the second class shall at any time find within the school district or township any resident or inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years whose name does not appear upon the duplicate of the district or township it may by resolution determine that the name of such person belongs on the tax assessment list and on the tax duplicate and certify the same to the tax collector with direction to collect the proper taxes from such person for the current year and for the preceding year or the two preceding years if he was liable for such taxes under existing law The school board or township supervisors shall at the same time certify such name to the [assessor who made] county board for the assessment and revision of taxes or other authority charged with the

duty of making the assesment used by the school district or by the township

Upon receiving any name as aforesaid the tax collector shall add the name and assessment of such person to the duplicate of the proper taxing district and proceed to collect the tax or taxes assessed against such person as herein provided

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 655, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 508 Majority Vote Required Recording The affirmative vote of a majority of all the members of the board of schoo ldirectors in every school district duly recorded showing how each member voted shall be required in order to take action on the following subjects

Fixing length of school term

Adopting textbooks

Appointing or dismissing district superintendents assistant district superintendents associate ssuperintendents principals and teachers

Appointing tax collectors and other appointees

Adopting the annual budget

Levying and assessing taxes

Purchasing selling or condemning land

Locating new buildings or changing the locations of old one

Dismissing a teacher after a hearing

Creating or increasing any indebtedness

Adopting courses of study

Establishing additional schools or departments

Designating depositories for school funds

Entering into contracts of any kind including contracts for the purchase of fuel or any supplies where the amount involved exceeds one hundred dollars ($100)

Fixing salaries or compensation of officers teachers or other appointees of the board of school directors

Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall render such acts of the board of school directors void and unenforcible

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield.	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,

Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 99 and

Senate Bill No. 237, Printer's No. 75

were passed over at the request of the Speaker.

RESOLUTION

DISCHARGING COMMITTEE

Mr. ANDREWS offered a resolution which was read and considered as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Labor Relations be discharged from further consideration of House Bill No. 55, Title: "An act prohibiting certain practices of discrimination because of race, color, religious creed, ancestry or national origin by employers, employment agencies, labor organizations, and others, as herein defined; creating the Pennsylvania Fair Employment Practice Commission in the Department of Labor and Industry; defining its functions, powers and duties; providing for procedure and enforcement; providing for formulation of an educational program to prevent prejudice; providing for judicial review and enforcement; and imposing penalties."

Said bill having been referred to the Committee on Labor Relations, on February 5, 1951.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, history once again is repeating itself. We face an issue that has been pending before this General Assembly definitely since the 1945 session.

In the 1945 session, the 1947 session, the 1949 session events followed the pattern. We had a bill admittedly controversial in nature. It was submitted to Committee. It was a bill that had been endorsed by both parties and by the Governor. It dangled in Committee, died in Committee, notwithstanding efforts to bring it upon the floor for a vote.

This bill has been pending in Committee since February 5th. It is a cardinal feature of the program, the platform on which the Governor of this Commonwealth was elected. It is a part of the program to which many Members of this House have declared their allegiance, and yet it has been slumbering in Committee.

What reason is there why a bill admittedly of wide concern should slumber in Committee during a period when there has been little important business before the House? Why should this bill be carried along until the last hectic days of the session? It can now be considered at length, calmly, soberly—we have plenty of time; there is every reason for action.

The issue before the House is very plain. Does this House want to bring this bill upon the floor or does this House once again desire to take refuge behind the hostile attitude of a Committee? If the Committee had wanted to act the Committee could have acted.

Now I am well aware of the time honored tradition, that this House is supposed to abdicate its sovereignty in the face of the Committee. Two hundred Members of this House may desire the opportunity to vote upon a measure and yet the tradition is that even though two hundred Members want to vote upon a measure it is possible for eight Members or ten Members to deny them that right.

I am simply asking this House today to register its attitude as far as any FEPC legislation is concerned. If you want to kill this bill, today is the time to kill it. I shall not again endeavor to discharge a Committee from an FEPC bill, although another measure is pending. It is for this House to make the record; it is for this House to say where it stands. If you do not want this bill, keep it in Committee. If you want this bill, bring it out or obtain some definite commitment either from the Majority Leader that the bill will come out, or from the Chairman of the Committee that the bill will come out, or from the Governor of this Commonwealth that he will jolly well see to it that this bill will come out.

Former Governors have been for bills of this kind and they have not come out. Former Majority Leaders have been for bills of this kind and they have not come out. Members of Committees have been for this kind of bill and they have not come out. Now while we have plenty of time, let us take our stand. If we are for this bill bring it out; if we are against the bill we will say no, no, we must not interfere with the sacred prerogatives of the Committee They are the keepers of our conscience, they, the Committee, and not this House are the custodians of the pledges made by candidates. A little group of men are the keepers of the conscience and the pledge of the parties.

Will we let this little group of men say that the Governor was wrong, the platform committees were wrong, and we are so afraid of a tradition that we cannot register the convictions which we commonly share?

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I think the gentleman on

the other side of the House has rather exaggerated what the meaning of a discharge resolution is.

I feel that the Members of this House should know one thing, that a vote to discharge a Committee is certainly not a vote on the merits or demerits of a bill; nor is it a vote on the principles of a bill. We would be taking upon ourselves, as Members of this House, the breaking of a principle of democratic government, if we voted to discharge Committees because they had bills in them that we wanted out.

I am quite sure there are a lot of Members sitting in this House today that have personal bills that they are distinctly and definitely interested in. They certainly would not like the idea of having a Committee setup vote to discharge every bill.

If I am correct in my figures, there are over eight hundred bills in this House today. If we are going to break down the principle of our committee institution why have them? Let us put all the bills on the floor of the House and let us stay here for two or three years and vote on them; that is what we would be doing.

Also, Mr. Speaker, in our constitution I would like to quote from Article III, Section 2. It definitely states that "No bill shall be considered unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom and printed for the use of its Members."

I can assure every Member of this House that voting to discharge a Committee is not voting for the principle of FEPC, whether we want it or whether we do not want it, let me assure you of that.

I can assure the gentleman that the Committee is considering the bills. This resolution refers to House Bill 55. There are others bills in the Committee—542 is also a FEPC bill. I do not believe they are ignoring these bills, but I certainly can assure him that this Committee in not reporting the bills out at this time is not breaking any principle. There are a lot of important bills in Committees, not only FEPC, but also a lot of other administrative bills.

Our Republican platform definitely stated that it would support a FEPC bill. The Governor has stated that, and I can assure the gentleman that if the Governor or the Republican party had any intention of not supporting FEPC legislation they would not have included $350 thousand in their budget for a FEPC Commission. If the gentleman will check the budget that has been offered, he will see that there is a distinct amount of $350 thousand in it.

Let me again reiterate that a vote to discharge a Committee is definitely not a vote on the principle of a bill. We would be breaking down our very democratic type of government if we voted on every bill on that basis.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have no intention of unduly prolonging the discussion, but I should like to call to the attention of the Majority Leader the facts that there is a vast difference between a bill that may be charged with personal interest and a bill that may be charged with local interest. Here is a bill that is charged with statewide interest. It embodies the pledges made by representative and responsible party leaders. There is a vast difference. I am sure that if the gentleman from Philadelphia, the Majority leader, will consult his memory and his conscience, and recall his experience with legislative committees he will scarcely say that they and they alone embody the essentials of democracy. They do not embody the essentials of democracy, because they operate behind closed doors; because their record is secret; because nobody knows in Committee who votes for this and who votes for that.

I assure the gentleman that how a Member votes today will be a matter of common knowledge, and that is the difference between the Committee system and the Committee tradition to which the gentleman adheres, and the democratic theory to which we adhere. We want to know how Members vote and we cannot find that out when a committee meets. We cannot establish responsibility. We do not know who thrusts the dagger in our back, but we do know when we get a record vote to discharge a Committee. That is all I have to say, and it terminates the discussion as far as I am concerned.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, again I feel that the gentleman is definitely implying that a vote on the discharge of a Committee is a vote on the principles of a bill. I again would like to state and definitely remind him that it is not a vote on the principles of a bill. I think it is the procedure of democratic government to have secret votes.

I would also like to remind him that there is minority representation on that committee that also has a right to vote. Regardless of how they vote, I do not believe that their vote or any other vote should be divulged. That has not been the process of democratic government, and it should not be today. Voting to discharge this committee, does not involve the principle of FEPC. It is a principle of government that is involved, not the principles of the bill under discussion.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, this afternoon takes me back just two years when this same question came before this House. And were it not for the fact that I know that Charley Smith is over on the other end of the microphone, I would hear the same voice and the same words of Charley Brunner: "Gentlemen, a vote against this resolution is not a vote against the principles of FEPC."

I want to tell you that the session continued for six weeks after those words were said two years ago, and as each and every one of you here today know, we got no FEPC bill. In fact the eminent leader of the opposition party in the Senate told us after the last session, when the newspapers were on the necks of everyone who opposed this resolution, that such a bill was going to be studied by the Joint State Government Commission, and that we would have an appropriate report back to us. Those are the promises we get. It is never a vote against the bill. It is not against the principle of FEPC, but you cannot have it.

Now, Members of this session, each and everyone of you received a questionnaire during the last campaign, from the state organization representing FEPC in which, among several questions, they asked you, "Would you vote for the discharge of a Committee having an FEPC bill before it, if such a bill were held in Committee?" And if memory serves me right, there were many of you on the other side who answered that you would. I say to you again you cannot be for FEPC and oppose this resolution.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I disagree with the gentleman's last statement. I am for FEPC as an individual, and when the bill comes on the floor of the House I will prove it by voting for it.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Rose.

A verification of the roll was requested by Messrs. Rose, Andrews and Williams.

The roll was verified and was as follows:

YEAS—83

Amarando,	Headlee,	Monroe,	Rovansek,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Moran,	Sarraf,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Muldowney,	Scanlon,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Munley,	Schmidt,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Musto,	Schuster,
Breth,	Jones, J. M.,	Needham,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Jones, P. F.,	Olsen,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kamyk,	Penglase,	Stank,
Cochran,	Kolankiewicz,	Peta,	Swope,
Conway,	Kornick,	Petrosky,	Taylor,
Corr,	Lederer,	Pettigrew,	Thompson, E. F.,
Coyle,	Leven,	Pfaff,	Toll,
Dougherty,	Limper,	Polaski,	Varallo,
Fenrich,	Lopresti,	Polen,	Verona,
Filip,	Lovett,	Price, R. A.,	Wargo,
Filo,	Lutty,	Readinger,	Welsh,
Gaffney,	Maxwell,	Reese,	Westrick,
Good,	McDermit,	Reidenbach,	Wheeler,
Guarnieri,	McNally,	Rose,	Williams,
Hagerty,	Mihm,	Rosen,	Yester,
Hamilton, R. K.,	Mills,		

NAYS—112

Banker,	Geer,	Madden,	Scott,
Barkdoll,	Gibson,	Madigan,	Shoemaker,
Baumunk,	Gleason,	Markley,	Shotwell,
Bear,	Goodling,	McConnell,	Smith,
Beech,	Graybill,	McCormack,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Greer,	McCullough,	Spencer,
Bloom,	Gutendorf,	McInroy,	Stimmel,
Bolton,	Guthrie,	McKinney,	Stoner,
Boorse,	Hall,	McMillen,	Swartz,
Bower,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Tahl,
Breisch,	Harney,	Mikula,	Thompson, R. L.,
Brown,	Haudenshield,	Miller, H. G.,	Tompkins,
Cella,	Helm,	Miller, J. C.,	Toomey,
Clapper,	Hewitt,	Moore, C. E.,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Hocker,	Moore, H. A.,	Varner,
Costa,	Johnson,	Najaka,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Naugle,	Waterhouse,
Davis,	Jump,	Pichney,	Watkins,
Dennison,	Keller,	Pitzer,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kent,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Kline,	Reagan,	Whalley,
Dunn,	Kohl,	Reilly, J. M.,	White,
Erb,	Kratz,	Rigby,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Lafore,	Riley, R. L.,	Wood,
Ferster,	Leisey,	Robertson,	Yeakel,
Firmstone,	Leonard, W. C.,	Royer,	Young,
Flack,	Light,	Rubin,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Lyons,	Sax,	Sorg, Speaker

NOT VOTING—12

Bomberger,	Greenwood,	Leonard, L.,	McGee,
Clendening,	Hersch,	Loftus,	Mintess,
Duffy,	Kubacki,	Mazza,	Murray,
			Yetzer,

So the question was determined in the negative and the resolution was not adopted.

REASON FOR VOTE

Mr. TAHL offered the following reason for his vote.

I am voting "No" on the resolution to discharge the Committee from considering House Bill 55, because we were assured by the Majority Leader that this bill will move, more particularly in view of the fact that the Governor's Budget includes $350,000 for the operation of the FEPC bill.

I am in favor of said bill and will vote for it when it is reported out of Committee.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 2

Mr. GOODLING. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Resolution No. 2 on page 14 of today's calendar.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, February 5, 1951.

The largest group of unknown Revolutionary soldiers from all states lie in unmarked graves at Valley Forge—over 3,000.

A grave of an unknown Revolutionary soldier at Valley Forge was so designated and marked many years ago by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

This marked grave at Valley Forge has been nationally known as "The Grave of the Unknown Soldier of the American Revolution."

Valley Forge has long been accorded the distinction that this commemoration suggests and is increasingly recognized by the American people; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania hereby memorializes the Congress of the United States to adopt legislation officially designating as the "Tomb of the Unknown Soldier of the American Revolution," the grave at Valley Forge, Pennsylvania, so designated and marked by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives forward certified copies of this resolution and of its adoption to the President of the United States, the Presiding Officers of both Houses of Congress, and to each Senator and Member in Congress from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION RECOMMITTED

Mr. GOODLING. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be recommitted to the Committee on Rules for further study.

The motion was agreed to.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I rise for a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Does the Committee on Rules have a statistician who keeps track of the mortuary record and can tell us how many dead men there are now in that Committee?

The SPEAKER. Will the Chairman of the Committee on Rules answer the gentleman's inquiry.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to give the gentleman the same answer that the Speaker did. How many dead are there in the cemetary?

Mr. ANDREWS. All of them.

Mr. SMITH. I think the gentleman has the right answer.

The SPEAKER. This is a gloomy subject.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, noting the enthusiasm with which various Members on the other side of the House have from time to time introduced resolutions, it is a salutory situation that we are now informed that they are all dead.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mrs. VARALLO asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mrs. VARALLO. Mr. Speaker: as housewives, the women who are members of the Democratic delegation from Philadelphia, we are, as I believe, quite properly interested in domestic protocol.

We have to see to it that our men folks fare forth into the world properly adorned.

We are particularly interested in making certain that the handsome, affable, statesmanlike leader of our Philadelphia delegation presents a proper front upon all historic occasions. Members of the House will tonight pay a belated tribute to St. Patrick. There are those who say St. Patrick was a Frenchman; others contend he was a Welshman. According to the family tree of the distinguished leader of Philadelphia's Democratic delegation in this House, St. Patrick was an Irishman.

Bridget O'Houlihan Murphy Scanlon was his aunt, and Joe Scanlon of Philadelphia is one of her lineal descendents. Indeed, it was she who made the broom with which St. Patrick swept the snakes out of Ireland. It is Joe Scanlon's proud boast that he has a piece of that very broom today, which he treasures as a family heirloom.

However, Mr. Speaker, in order that Joe Scanlon may, at tonight's celebration in honor of St. Patrick, be accorded the conspicuous attention he so richly deserves by reason of his heritage, the women who are members of the Philadelphia delegation are presenting him with a necktie—a necktie that will stamp him as a member of the immortal St. Patrick's clan.

He is commanded to wear this tie at the celebration this evening and, Mr. Speaker, it is our hope that he doesn't choke with pride—but if he doesn't appear at the affair tonight properly arrayed, we hope he chokes!

The SPEAKER. The Chair will suggest that the gentleman present himself at the Bar of the House, and that the lady from Philadelphia put the tie on for him.

Mr. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, I listened with interest to my colleague from Philadelphia, Mrs. Varallo. I would like to state, rather I would like to raise an objection to her stating that St. Patrick was an Irishman. Two years ago on St. Patrick's day I convinced a certain Italian gentleman that St. Patrick's father was an Italian and I still stand for that fact.

I want to thank the lady from Philadelphia for the tie and she can rest assured that it will be on me tonight.

FORMER MEMBER WELCOMED

The SPEAKER. The Chair is pleased to welcome a former Member of the House, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Hon. Edward T. Gallagher, Jr.

PERMISSION GRANTED COMMITTEES TO MEET DURING SESSION

Mr. COOPER asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations to meet during the session of the House.

Mr. WATERHOUSE asked and obtained permission for the Committee on Workmen's Compensation to meet during the session of the House.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ROBERTSON. House Bill 62 is presently reported out of Committee. My inquiry is whether I can add an additional sponsor's name to that bill.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will read the applicable part of Rule 18 of the House:

> "No House bill shall have more than two sponsors, and no sponsor shall be added after a bill is reported from Committee."

Mr. ROBINSON. I thank you, Mr. Speaker.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, in this particular case could the Rule be suspended?

The SPEAKER. A Rule may always be suspended by unanimous consent of the House, or by 105 votes.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, my inquiry is whether the House will agree to suspend Rule 18. I believe the Speaker stated that would be necessary in order to permit the name of Dr. George J. Sarraf, the gentleman from Allegheny County, to be added as an additional sponsor to House Bill 62 which is presently out of Committee.

The SPEAKER. So that the gentleman will understand, and for the information of the House, a Rule may be suspended by a vote of 105 members, or the same result may be accomplished by unanimous consent, rather than to insist upon the procedure necessary to suspend the Rule.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask unanimous consent of the House to have an additional sponsor added to House Bill 62 presently on the calendar, or will be on the calendar tomorrow morning. The name is George J. Sarraf, the gentleman from Allegheny.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to add the name of the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Sarraf to House Bill No. 62? Is there objection? The Chair hears none and consent is granted.

Mr. RAY L. RILEY IN THE CHAIR

SENATE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 331.

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

HOUSE BILL No. 332.

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "An act relating to statutory laws; prescribing and enacting clause for statutes; fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted; providing for notice of application for local and special legislation, for the correction of errors in statutes, and for the printing and publication of statutes; prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes; defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes; and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments, re-enactments and repeals of statutes," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon," and "physician."

HOUSE BILL No. 441.

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

HOUSE BILL No. 501.

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGES

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate

Senate Bills for concurrence Nos. 103, 173 and 305.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. KELLER from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 222, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of, and the act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1669), entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax in persons engaging in certain businesses, professions, occupations, trades, vocations and commercial activities therein; providing for its levy and collection; conferring and imposing powers and duties on the Board of Public Education, receiver of school taxes and school treasurer in such districts; and prescribing penalties," by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years; and deleting certain obsolete provisions.

Mr. WILLIAMS from the Committee on Workmen's Compensation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (P. L. 736), entitled as amended "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties,' as re-enacted and amended, providing for the payment of compensation to volunteer firemen or their dependents," by extending the provisions thereof to certain persons who extinguish forest fires; and further defining compensation in the case of self employers.

Mr. BOLTON from the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks

Mr. YESTER from the Committee on Banking and Building and Loan Associations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. GUARNIERI asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, on the occasion of St. Patrick's Day and the dinner that we shall all attend this evening, and also being partly musically inspired, and inspired by the muses I wish to offer this tune which I dedicate to the Republican Majority in this House. It is entitled,

"The Talk of the State." It is to be sung according to the lyrics to the tune of "Talk of the Town." I think we are familiar with the former tune which was once very popular, "The Talk of the Town." Well, these are the lyrics and we can all sing it, of course, tonight if we want to at the St. Patrick's Day dinner.

THE TALK OF THE STATE

We can't go any place
We hate to show our face
People stop and stare
It's so hard to bear
Everybody knows we're in session
It's the talk of the State

We promise voters much
We give them such and such
We don't know why we're here
We have no program clear
Everybody knows we're in session
It's the talk of the STATE

We send out invitations to voters and relations
Announcing we're candidates

Voters and relations vote our confirmation
How can we face them, What can we say?

The weather is mighty fine
It's three thousand on the line
The pay days are too few
and There ain't enough to do

Everybody knows we're in session
It's the talk of the State.

Dedicated to the Republican Members of the House. In honor of St. Patrick's Day Dinner.

Mr. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Guarnieri to sing that song.

Mr. GUARNIERI. Mr. Speaker, perhaps at the present time I do not choose to sing. I'd rather sing this evening and I think that, of course, you all can join in song at the gala St. Patrick dinner. I may have certain qualifications or abilities, but one thing I do lack, although I may play the piano, is the ability to vocalize. I would very much like to favor my colleague with an out burst of song. Of course, I may favor him with that, but of course, at the same time cause undue annoyance to the ears of the other Members here, so I think when we are in a joyous mood this evening after a bit of nectar, having been imbibed, perhaps the Members will make allowance for the raucousness of my voice at that time, rather than at this time in the Hall of the House. So I will ask the gentleman to withdraw his request at this time and postpone it for later. Would he please do that?

Mr. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman, and I think I thank God.

THE SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) IN THE CHAIR

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman from Lycoming, Mr. Riley, for presiding.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 830.

An Act to amend Sections 5 and 8 of the act, approved the sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1551), entitled "An act authorizing cities of the first class to adopt and enforce zoning ordinances; regulating and restricting the height, location, size, bulk and use of buildings and/or land, the areas to be occupied by buildings in proportion to the size of the lots upon which they stand, the size of courts, yards and other open spaces appurtenant thereto, and the density of population, and for these purposes to establish districts and buondaries; to designate and regulate residential, commercial and industrial or other uses within such districts and boundaries; and providing for the appointment of a zoning commission and a board of adjustment, the creation of a bureau of zoning, and setting forth the duties and functions of said commission, board and bureau; providing for the administration and enforcement of rules and ordinances authorized by this act, and penalties for violations thereof," requiring unanimous approval of city council of proposed changes; providing that members of the board shall not be officers or employes of the Federal government or of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions and that members must be present to concur.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Mr. WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 831.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (P. L. 596), entitled "An act requiring cities of the second class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities, and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions," by reducing the amount of pensions and further regulating the administration and payment of such pensions in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Cities and County—Second Class.

By Messrs. TOLL and LEVEN.

HOUSE BILL No. 832.

An Act fixing the fee for witnesses at coroner's hearings.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Messrs. LEDERER and PENGLASE.

HOUSE BILL No. 833.

An Act to amend Section 1 of Article IV of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (P. L. 581), entitled "An act for the better government of cities of the first class of this Commonwealth," by requiring all employes of cities of the first class to be citizens of the United States.

Referred to the Committee on City and County—First Class.

By Messrs. READINGER and YETZER.

HOUSE BILL No. 834.

An Act to amend Section 1 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1070), entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An act relative to Berks County Prison, and to discharged convicts,' approved the deighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight," by increasing the compensation for expenses of members of the board of inspectors.

Referred to the Committee on Welfare.

By Mr. RAY L. RILEY. HOUSE BILL No. 835.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission for the purchase of a lot of ground and Tiadaghton Elm Tree in Clinton County, Pennsylvania; to establish the same as an historic monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. COSTA. HOUSE BILL No. 836.

An Act relating to business opportunity brokers and salesmen; providing for the licensure, regulations and supervision of persons engaged in such businesses; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Public Instruction and the State Real Estate Commission with respect thereto and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Professional Licensure.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 837.

An Act providing for the compulsory retirement at a certain age and after a certain number of years of service of judges of the Court of Common Pleas subject to recall for temporary service; providing for payments by way of pensions to be made on such retirements, and declaring a vacancy to exist in the office of any judge so retired.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. HOUSE BILL No. 838.

An Act to add section 11.2 to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred twenty-three (P. L. 858), entitled "An act establishing a State employes' retirement system, and creating a retirement board for the administration thereof, establishing certain funds from contributions by the Commonwealth and contributing State employes, defining the uses and purposes thereof, and the manner of payments therefrom, and providing for the guaranty by the Commonwealth of certain of said funds; imposing powers and duties upon the heads of departments in which State employes serve; excepting annuities, allowances, returns, benefits, and rights from taxation and judicial process; and providing penalties," by adding to the retirement rights and benefits under the State Employes' Retirement System of State employes and former State employes with certain employment records in political subdivisions, defining "political subdivision" for such purposes imposing duties on the retirement board and providing for the duties of and back payments by such persons the Commonwealth and political subdivisions.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Messrs. HAROLD C. MILLER and WATERHOUSE. HOUSE BILL No. 839.

An Act to further amend sections one and two of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 275), entitled "An act dividing the cities of this State into three classes with respect to their population, and designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification thereof in accordance therewith," by classifying cities into five classes and providing for the government of cities of the third class A.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. HALL. HOUSE BILL No. 840.

An Act imposing an income tax on residents of Pennsylvania as herein defined including trust and estates and on income of non-residents derived from property, business or other sources in Pennsylvania; defining taxable income and requiring filing of returns thereof; providing for the assessment, collection and lien of said tax; providing for administration and enforcement of the act by the Department of Revenue; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain persons, fiduciaries, partnerships, associations, corporations, political subdivisions, State officers, employes and departments; saving certain local taxes; and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MIKULA. HOUSE BILL No. 841.

An Act to reenact and further amend the title and the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 208), entitled, as amended, "An act to provide revenue for State purposes by imposing an excise tax, for a limited period of time, on the net incomes of certain corporations, joint-stock associations, and limited partnerships; providing for the assessment, collection, settlement and resettlement of taxes, and reviews and appeal therefrom; conferring powers, and imposing duties on certain persons, corporations, joint-stock associations, limited partnerships, State and county officers, boards, and departments; making an appropriation; and providing penalties," by increasing the rate of tax, and extending the provisions of the act for a further limited period of time.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MADDEN. HOUSE BILL No. 842.

An Act to further amend section twenty-one of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 420), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' aproved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," postponing the manufacturing exemption with regard to capital stock tax and the franchise tax on domestic and foreign corporations, joint-stock associations, limited partnerships and companies, for a further limited period of time.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. EWING. HOUSE BILL No. 843.

An Act to further amend section twenty-three of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 420), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," by increasing the rate of tax imposed upon the gross receipts of certain companies, limited partnerships, associations, joint-stock associations, copartnerships and persons.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. YEAKEL. HOUSE BILL No. 844.

An Act to reenact and further amend the title and the act, approved the fourteneth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 341), entitled, as amended, "An act to provide revenue by imposing a State tax upon sales or gifts of cigarettes by dealers as herein defined; requiring persons engaged in the sale of cigarettes at wholesale and retail to secure permits; prescribing the method and manner of collecting such tax; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue, and persons, as herein defined, engaged in the sale of cigarettes at retail or wholesale; and providing penalties," by providing that the provisions of said act shall continue in effect until repealed.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GREER. HOUSE BILL No. 845.

An Act to reenact and amend the title and the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (Special Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (P. L. 13), entitled "An act imposing an emergency State tax for a limited period of time on liquor, as herein defined, sold by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the collection and payment of such tax; and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue and the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board," as previously reenacted and amended, by extending the provisions thereof, for a further limited period of time.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FROST. HOUSE BILL No. 846.

An Act to further amend section three of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 284), entitled, as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as manufacturers and by others, on malt or brewed beverages used, sold, transported, or delivered within the Commonwealth; prescribing the method and manner of evidencing the payment and collection of such tax; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue, and those using or engaged in the sale, at retail or wholesale, or in the transportation of malt or brewed beverages taxable hereunder; and providing penalties," increasing the rates of certain taxes for a further limited period of time.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KRATZ. HOUSE BILL No. 847.

An Act to amend section four of the act, approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1199), entitled "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as users, on fuels used within the Commonwealth in internal combustion engines for the generation of power to propel motor vehicles using the public highways; providing for the collection and lien of the tax and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such users to secure licenses, to file bonds as a guarantee of payment of taxes, penalties, interest, fines, uncollectible check fees and Attorney General's fees, to file reports and to compile and retain certain records; imposing duties on dealers, wholesalers and carriers for hire; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds of taxes; penalties and interest illegally or erroneously collected from licensed users; and making appropriations," by extending the provisions of the additional tax for a limited time.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ROYER. HOUSE BILL No. 848.

An Act to further amend sections four and ten of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149), entitled as amended, "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth, which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax, and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; provding for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an apropriation," by extending the provisions of the additional tax for a limited time; and further providing for the distribution of the addtional tax to certain political subdivisions of this Commonwealth, with certain conditions.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Cities and County—Second Class, Mr. Ewing, Chairman, Room 521, Wednesday, March 28, at 11:00 a. m.

Counties, Mr. Guthrie, Chairman, Room 323, Wednesday, March 28, at 11:00 a. m.

Game and Forestry, Mr. Goodling, Chairman, Room 331, Wednesday, March 28, at 10:15 a. m.

Liquor Control, Mr. John M. Reilly, Chairman, Room 325, Wednesday, March 28, at 10:30 a. m.

Motor Vehicles, Mr. Dennison, Chairman, Room 522, Wednesday, March 28, at 11:00 a. m.

Townships, Mr. Reagan, Chairman, Room 522, Wednesday, March 28, at 10:30 a. m.

Ways and Means, Mr. Hall, Chairman, Room 522, Wednesday, March 28, at 11:30 a. m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. FENRICH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, March 28, 1951 at 1:00 p. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 5:45 p. m.) the House adjourned.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

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SENATE

WEDNESDAY, March 28, 1951

The Senate met at 1:00 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. JOHN C. MOORE, Pastor of Christ Episcopal Church, Coudersport, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, grant to us such searchings of heart that we, the chosen officers of this Commonwealth, shall without fear or favor boldly maintain the law that truth and morality, religion and honor may be established among us, and that we may do justly, love mercy and walk humbly before Thee, our eternal light and guide. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WALKER and Mr. McCREESH, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act to add clause (5) to section two thousand five hundred forty-one of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by providing for payments on account of pupil transportation where school buses are used for purposes of better gradation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 77, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two thousand one hundred three of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "Third Class City Law," by further regulating the organization, hours of service, vacations and sick leaves of firemen.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act to further amend Article XIV of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "First Class Township Law," by authorizing the appointment of special school police and defining their powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred twenty-four of the act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "Third Class City Law," by requiring certain payments to be made to the Firemen's Pension Fund by cities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act to further amend the second paragraph of section 2 of the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 493), entitled as amended "An act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cesspools, in cities of the second class, second class A and third class and imposing fines, penalties and forfeiture for the violation thereof," by further providing for the appointment of the plumbing inspector in certain cases in third class cities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 418, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XLV of the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "Third Class City Law," by authorizing such cities to appropriate money to incorporated nonsectarian boy and girl clubs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act relating to criminal prosecutions permitting defendants to make motions in arrest of judgment on the grounds that the evidence is insufficient to sustain the charge and providing for the effect thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1304 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by changing the provisions relating to admission of beginners.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1704 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by clarifying the powers of joint school committees in managing the affairs of joint schools or departments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act to further amend section sixteen of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine, hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050), entitled "Local Tax Collection Law," by authorizing supervisors of townships of the second class to add names to the tax assessment lists and tax duplicates.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 508 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by requiring a record vote of school directors on the adoption of the annual budget.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a meeting of the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. WADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. YOSKO, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 704 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth, conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by changing and clarifying the provisions with respect to payment of dividends from paid-in surplus.

He also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364) entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporation; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by permitting the Department of State to copy and destroy or return certain documents; permitting directors to fill vacancies in the board of directors resulting from an increase in the number of directors; deleting certain requirements as to the appointment, compensation and duties of agents; providing that meetings of shareholders at which directors are to be elected may be adjourned for periods of fifteen days each; fixing the method of cumulative voting in cases where directors are elected separately by the holders of different classes of shares; providing that courts having jurisdiction over trustees who are evenly divided as to how shares shall be voted may direct the voting of such shares; deleting requirements as to the voting of shares of foreign corporations owned by other corporations; providing that articles of incorporation may be amended to eliminate the preemptive rights of shareholders, and providing for the purchase of and payment for shares of any shareholders who dissent therefrom; specifying cases of merger or consolidation of which sixty days' notice to shareholders must be given; providing that shareholders of a parent corporation shall have no right to dissent from a merger or consolidation of such parent and one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries thereof, provided the state of incorporation and relative rights and preferences of the shareholders of the parent corporation are not changed thereby; providing that foreign corporations which shall have done business in Pennsylvania without procuring a certificate of authority to do so shall be conclusively presumed to have appointed the Secretary of the Commonwealth their agent to accept service of process in cases arising out of acts of omissions of such corporation in the Commonwealth, and specifying the duties of the Secretary upon receipt of such process.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such board; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate

assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payable by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by authorizing the payment of additional compensation to subordinate assesors by the boroughs, townships and school districts in which he makes assessments.

He also, from the Committee on Local Government, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act to amend section 15 of the act, approved the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 298) entitled "An act authorizing the creation of, and providing for, and regulating the maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fourth class, imposing certain charges on counties and fixing penalties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances.

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on Forests and Waters, Game and Fish, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 394, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred six of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by eliminating the provisions making it unlawful to carry unloaded rifles and shotguns in or on any vehicle or conveyance unless said rifles and shotguns are in cases or securely wrapped, and also eliminating the provisions making it unlawful to possess cartridges or shells for hunting in vehicles or conveyances unless they are in unbroken original cartons, or securely wrapped.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

Mr. KESSLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 427, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1612 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the Public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by further providing for State scholarships for graduates of State secondary schools.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WAGNER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 371 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278) entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending, and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by increasing the permitted tax levy for general purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

Mr. PROPERT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eagleville Sanatorium for Consumptives, Montgomery County, for altering, repairing and improving the Nurses Home and the Male Help Building.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. STIEFEL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Welfare for the maintenance of the Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was commited to the Committee on Appropriations.

Messrs. McCREESH and MALLERY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An Act to further amend claus (c) of Section 9 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 2051) entitled "An act relating to public assistance; providing for and regulating assistance to certain classes of persons designated and defined as dependent children, aged persons, blind persons, and other persons requiring relief; providing for the administration of this act by the Department of Public Assistance and county boards of assistance hereby created for this purpose; authorizing the Department of Public Assistance to cooperate with, and to accept and disburse moneys received from, the United States Government for assistance to such persons; providing for the liquidation of the State Emergency Relief Board, Boards of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund, and Boards of Trustees of Pension Fund for the Blind; and repealing laws relating to mothers' assistance, pensions for the blind old age assistance, and the State Emergency Relief Board, by increasing pensions for the blind.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

Messrs. HALUSKA, MALLERY and MAHANY read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven (P. L. 1333), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election exenses and election contests: creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county board of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consliding the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," by providing for nominations and elections of county officers in counties about to undergo a change in classification ,and imposing certain duties upon county commissioners, county boards of elections, and others.

Which was committed to the Commitee on Elections.

Messrs. LANE, STEVENSON and PEELOR read in place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 433, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections thirty-one and thirty-two of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1278), entitled "An act relating to counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; and revising, amending and consolidating the laws relating thereto," by reclassifying counties of the sixth and seventh classes, and providing for elections pursuant to changes of classification by counties.

Whichwas committed to the Committee on Local Government.

STUDENTS OF STEWARTSTOWN HIGH SCHOOL PRESENTED TO SENATE

Mr. LEADER. Mr. President, I wish to announce the presence here in the Senate Chamber of a very fine group of students from York County. They are thirty members of the Freshman Class of Stewartstown High School, who are presently studying Pennsylvania History. They are here under the leadership of their instructor, Mr. Dewey Taylor.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair should like to ask the guests of Senator Leader to please rise in place and take a bow.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. NEFF asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. NEFF. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, I would like to at this time make a few remarks in regard to the Governor's Budget Message of last week. I know that we have heard several dissertations in regard to that Message. This will be in the form of, let us say, a layman's review and report on the Budget, not nearly as all inclusive as was Senator Dent's with a background of fiscal government and experience to draw upon, or as pointed and specific, department-wide, as were the remarks of the distinguished gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, as of yesterday, but as I reviewed the Budget there were several items that caught my attention, which I feel should be commented upon here in this body.

I call your attention to Page 1 of the Budget Message, top of the Column 2, and I read:

"The financial program set up two years ago for this biennial period has operated successfully and as planned with the exception of expenditures for public assistance and for public school subsidies. Due primarily to strikes, public assistance expenditures have far exceeded expectations. Fortuniately a $25,000,000 contingent appropriation was made. That appropriation is now nearly exhausted and there is need of a deficiency appropriation of $10,000,000 to complete the biennium."

I take exception to that statement by the Governor, as I believe would anyone who is cognizant of the facts.

In the first place, the administration of the Department of Public Assistance has been under fire from several sources for a period of months not the least of which has been the Joint State Government Commission. The Press of the State also has repeatedly made an issue of the gross misappropriations of the tax payers funds by this same agency or department.

Further, I know, and I am sure that many other members of this body know, that the charges leveled by the Joint State Government Commission and the Press at this Department are not only fully justified and warranted but can be construed to have only scratched the surface of a sordid story of a degenerate State administrative body.

Why did the Governor, in the face of the obvious facts, not have courage to frankly state the facts as to why there is a deficit of $35,000,000 in this Department of Government?

I do not like to be kidded, and I do not appreciate a kidder in high office in matters as serious as a $35,000,000 misappropriation of taxpayers money.

I am not naive enough to belive that the Governor would have blandly admitted the truth of the matter and to have reported that, due to necessities of a political compaign in the year 1951, it was poltically expedient to retain as temporary wards of the State on public assistance an undetermined number of chislers and ward heelers, or to admit even now that twenty percent of those receiving a monthly dole from the State in the form of public assistance are the backbone of the hoodlum fringe of numbers writers and common gamblers in the Commonwealth.

However, I was surprised and mortified to read that not only did the Governor evade the truth of the matter, but he had the effrontery to lay at labor's doorstep the odious responsibility for this deficit.

Since when did the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the home of the Farrel Act, a State of dubious rank in the matter of unemployment and workmen's compensation benefits, find a justification in its statutes to pay a subsidy of $35,000,000 during a biennium to striking workers?

The answer to that is not of the sixty-four dollar variety, it is quite simple and even the Governor should know it. The State did not pay this money to Pennsylvania's destitute because of strike action.

I know whereof I speak, for I know who suffers most due to strikes; I know who provides the meager aid to strikers; I know who pays the coal bills of the less fortunate, who provides the medical care for the ill, and who buys the shoes for the kiddies, and believe me it isn't the State or the Department of Public Assistance.

I would feel confident of the truth if I stated that not more than one-half of one per cent of all the strikers in this Commonwealth ever asked or received State aid in time of strike, and that certainly will not add up to a fraction of $35,000,000.

The Governor, in making such an unwarranted charge, has perpetrated an unfairness on a segment of our people. That is not only unfair and untrue, but it should be corrected for the record by the Governor himself, and believing John S. Fine to be of the same caliber as the size of the position he holds, I ask that he do so.

An other matter that I view as cause for comment I find on Page 8 and I read:

"At the last Session of the Legislature an appropriation of $500,000 was made for the first time to promote nurses training in private hospitals. Under that appropriation, eighty-nine hospitals received aid in nurses' training courses. The appropriation was not sufficient, and was exhauted last July. I am recommending a deficiency appropriation of $440,000 to complete the biennium. As it is tremendously important to increase our nursing corps, I recommend an appropriation of $940,000 for this purpose."

I wish to premise my remarks on this matter by stating that I do not take issue with the need for accelerated nurses' training facilities or the need for properly preparing trainees in ever increasing numbers.

However, does it not seem strange that an administrative body can totally and fully disregard the mandate of

the Legislative Body to the extent of expending ninety per cent more than the sum allotted to it, and have not one word of comment or criticism directed toward it; in fact, to have such questionable procedure in a left-handed manner condoned by the Chief Exectutive of the State, when he recommends to the General Assembly that the exact amount of the past appropriation, plus the deficit, be granted for the coming or next biennial period.

My only observation to such procedure is, thank goodness for the taxpayer that the original appropriation was not $10,000,000, because by the same yard stick the Governor would now be asking for $20,000,000.

Seriously, I believe that this type of administration is subject to the severest type of criticism. A flagrant disregard of the intent and mandate of the Legislature such as this cannot be condoned.

On Monday, the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland, the Minority Leader, and again on Tuesday of this Week, Senator Holland of Allegheny, each in turn made a case and a plea before this body for economy in government as an alternative to increased taxation. I, for one, was impressed. I, for one, believe them to have been sincere in recognition of the grave problem encumbent upon us as Legislators, to give to our constituents the best in government at a minimum cost in taxation. So, I listened carefully to their remarks and conclusions that could only have come after long and earnest application to the problem at hand. I am sorry to say that the appreciation that I had for their work did not seem to be shared by a number of others in this chamber. As evidence of this lack of appreciation, issue was taken with their respective comments, and, as is too often the case, ridicule uncalled for and unbecoming to this body was leveled, even to the extent of, by inference, comparing one of these men to a nationally known comedian. And so it is that I shall in all probability be subjected to the same type of a barrage for a similar plea for economy in government. However, If such criticism is my lot, it shall be excused by me, as I am sure it was by these two gentlemen, upon due recognition of its origin.

As I continued my perusal of the Governor's Budget recommendations, I found on Page 22 a request for $6,000,000 for the State Police, and further along, in accordance with a note on Page 22, I found on Page 50, under Motor License Revenue, a request for $14,000,000 for the State Police (both figures are round numbers), or a total request by the Governor of $20,000,000 for the State Police for the coming biennial period.

Now here is an excellent place to start paring the budget and pared it must be.

If it is necessary to economize in government, let us do so where the pinch will be felt the least. I do not feel that this government can afford to spend $20,000,000 for the maintenance of a force of township traffic cops.

Under the procedure established by the Martin Administration, the State Police have degenerated to the place where they perform a limited number of duties, and these not entirely in line with good government. Among these are certain traffic law enforcements for which they are to be commended.

Under the Wilhelm-Martin manifesto that has become an unbreakable code of ethics, they are not permitted to prosecute law violators in the various counties and political subdivisions unless requested to do so by the local authorities or on specific orders from Harrisburg. Under such system, no group of police officers can maintain a semblance of morale, and certainly their value in dollars and cents to the taxpayers, when it amounts to $20,000,000 per biennium, is to be questioned.

In certain counties and other political subdivisions, this group of State officers has degenerated, due to this vicious code of procedure, into little more than a whip to be used by politicians to keep their larceny-minded and racketeeering henchmen in line. This, I know, is no secret, or perhaps I sould say, no revelation to the members of this body, and that being true, I hope that even at a time when crime in America is enjoying an unsavory and disdainful popularity, some of you perhaps can agree that either our State Police be given the status of policemen or be recognized as a group of township traffic cops and bagmen for partisanism politicians and be curtailed accordingly.

It is my sincere belief that this budget request of the Governor can be curtailed to the point that no new tax shall be necessary. Furthermore, I also believe, contrary to an expression of opinion on the part of the Majority Leader as of yesterday, that an appreciable savings can and should be made through a reduction in the number of departmental employees.

The Majority Leader in that instance, made point of the fact, as he put it, that only eight per cent of the budget request could be attributed to salaries. Eight per cent sounds insignificant, does it not, and it was meant to. However, eight per cent of the budget request is approximately $60,000,000, and a twenty per cent decrease that might be prudently wrought, without a damaging blow being dealt in the standard of service rendered, would bring about a savings of $12,000,000. Certainly, even in an atomic age of billion dollar budgets, that is worth the effort. From a more practical view, a new Governor has been elected and the soverign state saved for another four years for the good old G.O.P. A little reduction in the number of pay rollers would not be more than a return to normal, or a reflection on his predecessor.

Let us not forget that the power to tax is the power to destroy. Let us not in any manner be party to destroying the confidence of Pennsylvanians in a thing we all love, our way of life.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I want to say at the outset to the distinguished gentleman from Lawrence, Senator Neff, that under no circumstances, at any time, do I ever want to suggest that any remarks from either side of the aisle would be adverse criticism, and I want to reassure the gentleman that at any time the distinguished gentleman from Westmoreland, Senator Dent, and I exchange criticism, there is nothing personal about it, and he and I both understand it. I certainly would join Senator Neff in resenting any personal criticism or individual chastisement or scolding that might be made here on the floor of the Senate.

Mr. President, I would like to make a few observations

on his comments on the budget, but first let me say to him that under no circumstances do I want him to feel that anything I might say as to his remarks would be personal criticism, and I do not want him to feel that I am attempting in any way to handcuff him or to bar him from making observations on the Budget or on any other type of legislation that might be before the Senate. We certainly welcome any suggestions that any gentleman of the Senate might have that will improve the fiscal picture of the Commonwealth.

Now, Mr. President, there are one or two things that were suggested that I would like to comment on.

First, on the question of the recommendation of the Joint State Government Commission. Now, Mr. President, as the gentleman knows, the Joint State Government Commission, in a way, is the fact-finding arm of the Legislative Body; it is composed entirely of Members of the General Assembly, it is staffed by Members of the General Assembly, and the sole purpose of the Joint State Government Commission is to endeavor to ascertain, during the interim between Sessions, facts that will assist us in legislating when we come back for each biennial session. As the gentleman will recall, during the 1949-1950 interim, a condition arose which was brought to the attention of the Joint State Government Commission, and the Commission met and decided that they would go ahead and look into this matter of public assistance which they did, but before they looked into it they discussed it very carefully with the fiscal department's set up by law to approve deficiencies. They discussed with them the feasibility of creating a recognized deficiency in their appropriation, to see if they could bring to light some of these matters that had been brought to us as rumors. As a result there was a very careful investigation made, nonpartisan and nonpolitical, and certain recommendations have grown out of that that we feel, Mr. President, will materially contribute to savings in the Administration and the handling of this public assistance problem. I think, Mr. President, that a lot of the facts that were developed by the Joint State Government Commission, and that development, again let me repeat, came from both sides of the political aisle, have contributed in a great measure to the savings which are reflected in the budget in the Department of Public Assistance appropriation.

Mr. President, the gentleman also commented upon the appropriation that was made for nurses training. Now, Mr. President, the General Assembly contributed in a great measure to this problem. I think we are a little embarrassed that it is in here because we do not like to see our own sins of omission or commission brought to light, because we are personally responsible for the figure of $500,000 which was the appropriation to promote nurses training in private hospitals, because as the Budget Message so clearly states, this was the first time that an educational field of this type had been entered into by the General Assembly, and we were somewhat naive in approaching it. We endeavored to solve it with a half million dollar appropriation, and we thought at that time it would be sufficient, but the hospitals and the young ladies seeking training responded so far beyond our expectations that it became necessary to create a deficiency appropriation, and that is what the $440,000 is for. As a matter of fact, I am advised that in a number of hospitals they have not even as yet been paid since last July, and that deficiency appropriation will cover that and the $500,000, plus the deficiency appropriation, is hooked together as the figure which we are recommending as an appropriation for this purpose in the next biennium.

Now, Mr. President, if the General Assembly feels that $940,000 is not sufficient, then it is incumbent upon us to enlarge that appropriation. However, if we feel that the nurses training in the hospitals can be curtailed, then, of course, that curtailment would be reflected in the diminution of the fund set up in the Budget. However, I think that the experience that we have had with this Budget appropriation is such that it is a little too early to decide whether we should increase or decrease the $940,000. I think from what experience we have had, it is indicated that at least for the last biennium it was $940,000, and if we set that figure as the appropriation at this time, we might be able to come somewhat nearer the proper figure. I agree with Senator Neff on the question of kidding about it when he suggests that if it were $10,000,000, that the appropriation would have been for an additional $10,000,000. I think the kidding has escaped from this side of the aisle over to the other side of the aisle, because the gentleman couldn't be serious about it.

Now, on his comments about the State Police, Mr. President, there are two State Police appropriations, one is from the General Fund and one is from the Motor Vehicle Fund. In the General Fund, which is found on Page 22 of the Budget, there is an increase in the appropriation to the State Police of $318,000 over and above what we gave them in 1949. If the gentleman of the Senate will recall, and I am speaking from memory because, as Senator Neff can readily understand, I have had no opportunity to go back and get the numbers of the bills, but as I recall, in the 1949 Session we did increase the number of State Police, and that automatically increases not only on your pay roll but if also increases the contribution which the State makes to the State Police Retirement Fund, which is a separate entity and it is handled in an entirely separate manner from the manner in which we handle other retirement funds on Capitol Hill. Then, too, we have reflected in this General Fund appropriation the same thing that will be reflected in every department on Capitol Hill, and that is an increased appropriation for salaries to take care of the increases which were given in 1950, and for that reason there is the $318,000 increase over the $5,800,000 budget. It is not, percentage wise, an exorbitant increase. It reflects this natural sphere of inflation that you are in.

Now, Mr. President, back on Page 50 of the Budget is the appropriation to the State Police from the Motor License Fund. Now, there have been a lot of serious requests from well-meaning citizenry to have the General Assembly at this Session again materially increase the number of State Policemen so that the highways can be more easily patrolled, and so that the fellows who are patrolling the highways will not have such long tours of duty. I think that problem has been brought individually to every Member of the Senate, as well as every Member of the House, and the question is going to be before us before we adjourn sine die as to whether or not we should increase the number of State Police and assign

them, perhaps, specifically to this highway patrol program, so that our ever-increasing highway program can be better handled from a traffic standpoint.

Now, Mr. President, the gentleman from Lawrence, Senator Neff, must understand that the Motor License Fund appropriation to the State Police, which is $14,250,000, comes from the Motor License Fund and not from the General Fund, and that is done deliberately because of the services performed by this particular branch of the highway patrol system, and if the gentleman will refer to the budget from the Turnpike Commission, I think he will find that there is also an appropriation to the State Police to compensate for the patrolling by the Highway Police or the State Police of the Turnpike, and, naturally, as soon as the East Branch of the Turnpike was opened up, there was an increase in the number of men assigned to the Turnpike and, therefore, their appropriation was increased. The same thing will be true when they open up the western end, and if we live long enough, the same will be true when they open up the northern end of the Turnpike, and for that reason the separate appropriations are for specific services furnished.

Mr. President, I want to say to the gentleman that under no circumstances do I feel that there is any attempt at all on the part of the Executive Branch of the Government to deliberately falsify figures in this Budget in order to promote or promulgate any political plan of the past or the future. There is bound to be, and I appreciate the gentleman's sincerity—there is bound to be a genuine concern by all of the two hundred fifty-eight members of the General Assembly to see to it that we present the factual fiscal picture to the people of Pennsylvania. That is the thing we are most interested in, and we want to crystallize conclusions that will reflect that factual picture. I appreciate the contribution the gentleman has made, and I hope in turn he will appreciate what the facts are that we are trying to give to him for his consideration.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. NEFF asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. NEFF. Mr. President, I am duly appreciative of the remarks of the Majority Leader. I would like for his edification to state that I recognize the manner in which the State Police are paid and from what various sources of revenue their pay is derived, that portion of the budget that goes to finance activities of the State Police.

I only say this—to reiterate it once again—that if they are going to be State Police worth $20,000,000 to the taxpayers of the Commonwealth, regardless of what fund the moneys come from, it is tax revenue. Let them be State Police and do the job, and not hamstring them from Harrisburg. It has gotten to the point where in the various political subdivisions in this State, a State Policeman cannot be a policeman unless he is given the O.K. by the district attorney of the various counties or called in by a borough magistrate or the mayor of a city. He cannot go out and make arrests and prosecute law violators as he should.

Mr. President, I am not quibbling that $20,000,000 is too much if the State Policemen are permitted to police the State as they should, but it has not been the practice for them to do that. As a result, I believe that in any body of this kind, the morale of the group, after a period of eight or ten years, would certainly be at low ebb.

Now, Mr. President, as I have followed the remarks of the gentleman from Allegheny in regard to the deficiency appropriation for nurses training, it might be understood or misunderstood by some member of this body, or someone within the hearing of my voice, that I object to expanding facilities for the training of nurses. As I stated in my original address, and I quote:

"I wish to premise my remarks on this matter by stating that I do not take issue with the need for accelerated nurses training facilities or the need for properly prepared trainees in ever increasing numbers."

Mr. President, that is just what I meant and I hope that it is not misunderstood, but I do not see how we can condone an administrative agency in expending moneys ninety per cent over and above the original legislative mandate for that body, and whether it is for nurses training, civil defense or anything of a non-emergency nature, it is just not good government. I think that we should let ourselves be heard on matters of this kind, and this is an outstanding example of a total disregard of the mandate of the Legislature. Here is a deficiency appropriation request for ninety per cent of the original grant.

I hope I have made myself clear that I in no way wish to impede this fine program, but this is an outstanding example of maladministration and should not be condoned.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. DENT asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I do not think that we will have another opportunity this week to make suggestions or to discuss the problem that will be before us very shortly, and that problem is the problem of the Budget and the finances to provide for the necessities of the Budget. I just want to make this suggestion to the Members of the Senate on both sides of the Aisle. I suggest that every member of this Senate take home with them the release from the Study Commission of the General Assembly, the Joint State Government Commission, relative to public assistance in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I have stated before and I want to restate here now that the Department of Public Assistance is a creature of the Legislature. The Department of Public Assistance was created because some people were of the opinion that it would be the most equitable manner in which to dispense relief.

Mr. President, I have said before and I want to repeat again that the problem as it was known in those days is no longer with us. We have on public relief today in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania sons and daughters of families that have been on relief from the time those sons and daughters were born, and the sons and daughters themselves are married and have children of their own and they have never been off of relief. That is one of the most serious things that faces this General Assembly, whether we have, as men, the courage to destroy this monstrosity that has been built up over the years, and its backbone is the fact that it has the categorical reliefs upon which it can always lean to keep itself in existence.

Mr. President, I have tried on many occosions to have

the Senate study the proposition of taking the categorical reliefs and putting them back into the Department of Welfare, and treating the question of unemployed relief as a minor problem in the Commonwealth, instead of becoming the major problem in the Commonwealth.

I was one of those who helped to create it and I state publicly that I am willing to be one of those to help destroy it. I say to you men that unless we are courageous enough, we will make the fit people of this Commonwealth unfit trying to take care of the unfit.

Mr. President, there is a problem there, but it is no longer the acute human problem that it was back in 1935, when that legislation was created. We have now a permanency in the relief setup. Do you realize that we quibble upon the floor of the Senate whether to pay an injured workman twenty-five or thirty dollars a week, whether to pay an unemployed person, through no fault of his own, who left employment for a short period of time, whether to pay him twenty-five or thirty dollars a week, and then we turn around and keep a person on relief for a generation, the best part of a whole generation, and give him as high as two hundred eighty-six dollars a month for his family, and yet the individual with just as large a family, who is unemployed because of injury or unemployed because of a drop in employment in the industry that he is employed in, through no fault of his own, will receive one hundred dollars a month.

Now, Mr. President, let us face this situation. We spent in Pennsylvania this biennium that we are in right now, we have spent today the best part of $206,000,000, plus over $60,000,000 of Federal Funds. We are spending in Pennsylvania for relief almost as much as we spend for our entire highway program, and we pride ourselves on being the most forward-looking state in the Commonwealth of States in our highway expenditures.

If we want to do something let us set aside our political considerations. I think I speak for the Minority when I say to you, that we are willing to sit down and discuss this problem on a nonpartisan basis. It cannot be done any other way.

Mr. President, I have in my files absolute knowledge of the existence in the Department of Public Assistance of a situation that we had never looked for. For instance, during the last campaign in certain areas the visitors and the employees were asked to contribute to the campaign fund with the promise that they would get a raise. I know that our Presiding Officer, who was a candidate at that time, did not ask them to contribute, and I do not think—and I sincerely mean this—I do not think the President of the Senate, Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd Wood, would have allowed it to happen if he knew about it. We were supposed to have cloaked these people with immunity from political interference by giving them civil service, but civil service is not the answer. The answer is with this Legislature; we, the elected representatives of the people, have to have the courage to do a job that needs doing.

Mr. President, we talk about Federal expenditures and we have a right to talk about Federal expenditures. We may criticize them and we have a right to criticize them, because in the end we are the ones who pay always, for once we leave the enclosure of the brass rail, we, too, become ordinary citizens, no longer Senators able to speak on the floor of the Senate and say what we feel or how we feel about things, but I want to tell you Members of the Senate that you are only kidding yourself when you put $136,000,000 into the Budget for relief. I venture to say that when we come back here in the next two years, if we do, some of us will I am sure, and when we do we will find that we will have spent closer to $180,000,000 because you cannot stamp that kind of a fungus growth out over night. It has attached itself to the body politic and it is slowly but surely sapping the blood of the people of Pennsylvania.

You have got to do something about public relief in this Commonwealth. The unemployed question is no longer the problem that it was back in the depression days. Have we not reached the point in our economic life where we can say that it is stabilized, at least to the extent that we can act upon that problem now, and not continue to carry it on under the same system that we carried it on during a depression? Separate your categorical reliefs; they are permanent reliefs and they are problems that will be with us so long as a human being lives within the confines of the Commonwealth. They are, relief for the aged, relief for the blind, relief for dependent children and relief for widowed mothers. Those are the four categorical reliefs that remain with us. Those are the ones that we must maintain, but you cannot tell me that we have to maintain over $268,000,000 worth of expenditures for relief in this Commonwealth at this time of our existence.

If you want to get the real meat of your Budget, if you want to start upon a project to really give this Commonwealth a stepping stone to economy, dig into the public assistance program of this Commonwealth, and do not dig into it by referring to what some other State does. The problem is ours and the problem is definitely one that must be dealt with by Pennsylvania, by Pennsylvanians, and I assure the Republican Majority of the Senate of Pennsylvania that if they want to take their pruning knives out on that Department, I will supply the hone.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. HALUSKA asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, although I agree with my friend from Westmoreland County that any discussion upon the subject of relief should be nonpartisan, I want to bring to mind one important factor. That is that while we are talking so much about the Budget, about relief, they are the underdogs, the underprivileged. Back in 1935 I believe I conducted the first investigation in the Commonwealth pertaining to relief, and while I found a number of chiselers and while I am still looking for them, back in my County I must say, to the best of my knowledge, there are no chiselers. There might be one here and there, but they are far and few between.

Mr. President, life has expanded to a greater age, and we have people on relief now permanently that are sixty-five, seventy and seventy-five years old, and whom we must feed, who will never have the opportunity of ever going back to private employment. We have widows, we have the underprivileged, we have cripples and we

shall never get away from the fact that we must feed these underprivileged. Now, whether we should conduct an office at Harrisburg or back in our counties is a matter of conjecture, but I say the day shall never come, and I hope it never does come, when we shall close our eyes to the need of those peopie who are hungry.

Mr. President, we are raising everybody on the Hill, increasing their salaries, but we have done very little to increase the Budget of these poor people who must apply for relief, and, God knows, we have many of them. You might say, "Well, times are prosperous." They are for some of us, but we have a certain class of people who never again will go back into private employment. Even today with all of our prosperity, we have men forty-five, fifty years and fifty-five years of age who cannot get a job in private industry. They are too old. They are too slow for the mechanical age. What are we going to do with them? They must be fed whether we like it or not. So, I do not think, with all of this emphasis upon relief, that we are having too many chiselers. It is our duty to feed them unless we can provide employment and that is impossible.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. LANE asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, I do not wish to prolong this discussion in regard to public relief, but there have been certain statements made here that I think I should clarify.

First, Mr. President, any law that is passed is just as good as its administration, and if there is poor administration there must be something wrong with the law. I for one have been in contact over a period of years with the local relief boards, and I say to you that, speaking for the boards in western Pennsylvania, they are endeavoring to do a good job. I believe that the prolem lies right here under the Capitol Dome.

Mr. President, we have passed legislation creating a monstrosity because those boards, those local boards are ham-strung to the point where they are more or less ex-officio. They are trying to do a good pob, and ordinarily go out and make their own investigations. They work in conjunction with our institution districts in the county, and I think they are to be commended for the work they are doing. I agree that we have spent millions of dollars on the public relief, but you know, Mr. President, that is a problem of society. It is here, we have to face it. First things come first, and I believe the job to do is to remedy the evil that exists in this legislation. The only way that can be done, in my opinion, is to give your local boards the authority to go out and administer the law as they interpret it, not compelled to operate by mandates that are sent out by the Capitol, because we must not lose sight of the fact that the Department of Public Assistance is supposed to administer to the needs of ten odd millions of people in this Commonwealth, and to do the job in the sixty-seven counties from the Capitol building in Harrisburg is virtually an impossibility. So, I defend these local boards. I say to you that the local boards in Greene and Washington Counties are doing a splendid job, and if we give them the right to do the job as they see it, they will do a better job.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS SENATE

Mr. WALKED asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I do not want to make any remarks until I get my very favorite audience back with me because I do not want to interfere with the discussion on the other side of the aisle on this question of public assistance which was established during the time they were in the majority, because I appreciate it. I want to keep it nonpartisan and nonpolitical, and if I get into it, it will become a political discussion, and I know we would not want to have a political discussion on the floor of the Senate at this time, especially on public assistance. I have a few notes, too, on public assistance, how it got started, this monostrosity that was created right after the second administration of Gifford Pinchot. I say it that way so that it is nonpartisan and nonpolitical.

Mr. President, in order to keep this on a high nonpolitical basis, I would like at this time to move that the Senate take a five minute recess to permit a meeting of the Senate Committee on Judiciary General, the meeting to be held in the Conference Room, sometimes facetiously referred to as the "love nest" at the rear of the Senate Chamber, and I think if the gentleman will go there we will be able to get rid of this strain of discussing nonpolitical problems.

RECESS

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a meeting of the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. KEPHART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. McPHERSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McPHERSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported amended, Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to establish and maintain common trust funds for the investment and reinvestment of the moneys of charitable uses or trusts the charge or administration of which has been committed to their care or of the estates of minors of which they may be guardians providing for the administration of funds so established and prescribing the nature and kinds of investments which may be made therein.

BILLS SIGNED

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General

Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act to amend Clauses (80), (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019), entitled "Statutory Construction Act," by changing the definition of "osteopath," "osteopathic surgeon" and "Physician."

House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certification of authorized representatives of departments boards or commissions attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual

House Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare and the Department of Health or any departmental administrative board commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person association copartnership or corporation from engaging in an activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department and setting out the method of procedure therefor

Whereupon,

The President (Lieutenant-Governor Lloyd H. Wood) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

CALENDAR

THIRD READING CALENDAR

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 27, on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof other than elected officers and employes State-aided colleges and schools to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the State Civil Service Commission the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners.

go over in its order, temporarily.

The PRESIDENT. It there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 175, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing and directing the Joint State Government Commission to make a comprehensive study of the migratory habits of fish, particularly shad, and the stocking and tagging of shad below and above the Safe Harbor Dam, the Holtwood Dam and the Conewingo Dam, and to cooperate with the federal government in connection therewith; prescribing powers and duties and making an appropriation.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, as follows:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1352) entitled "An act providing for joint action by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey in the administration operation and maintenance of bridges over the Delaware River and for the construction of additional bridge facilities across said river authorizing the Governor for these purposes to enter into agreement with the State of New Jersey creating a Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof including the power to finance the construction of additional bridges by the issuance of revenue bonds to be redeemed from revenues derived from tolls collected at such bridges transferring to said commission all powers now exercised by existing commission created to acquire toll bridges over the Delaware River and making an appropriation" authorizing the Governor to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with the State of New Jersey amending the agreement entitled "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties" as heretofore amended to enlarge the jurisdiction and power of said commission with respect to the acquisition construction rehabilitation improvement maintenance and operation of bridges across the Delaware River including approach highways the financing thereof and the fixing charging and collectiing of tolls for the use of such bridges.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 The Governor is hereby authorized to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with the State of New Jersey amending the agreement entitled "Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey Creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties" which was executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the nineteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the eighteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four as amended by the Supplemental Agreement which was executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the eighth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven and was executed on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the third day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven such supplemental compact or agreement to be in substantially the following form

"Supplemental agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey amending the agreement entitled 'Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a Body Corporate and Politic and Defining Its Powers and Duties' as heretofore amended by extending the jurisdiction and powers of the commission

Whereas The Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission (hereinafter referred to as the 'commission') was created by a compact or agreement entitled 'Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint

Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties' executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the nineteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four pursuant to an act of its General Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 1352) as last amended by an act of said General Assembly approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 827) and executed on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the eighteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four pursuant to an act of its Senate and General Assembly approved June eleventh one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four (Chapter 215 Laws of 1934 R S (1937) 32 8-1) to which compact or agreement the consent of the Congress of the United States was given by section 9 of an act of the Congress approved August 30 1935 (Public No. 411 74th Congress 49 Stat 1051 1058) and

Whereas Said compact or agreement was amended by a supplemental agreement executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the eighth day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven pursuant to an act of its General Assembly approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (P. L. 592) and executed on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the third day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven pursuant to an act of its Senate and General Assembly approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven (Chapter 283 Laws of 1947) to which supplemental agreement the consent of the Congress of the United States was given by an act of the Congress approved August 4 1947 (Public No 355 80th Congress 61 Stat 752) and

Whereas It is necessary to protect the investment made by the commission in the bridge now under construction between the City of Trenton New Jersey and the Borough of Morrisville Pennsylvania and the investments made by said Commonwealth and said State in the approach higways connected with said bridge and in order to finance additional bridges over the Delaware River and thereby facilitate the flow of traffic between said Commonwealth and said State now therefore

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey do hereby solemnly covenant and agree each with the other as follows

Paragraph (a) of Article X of the Agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission as a body corporate and politic and defining its powers and duties which was executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the nineteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and was executed on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the eighteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four as amended by the Supplemental Agreement which was executed on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by its Governor on the eighth day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and was executed on behalf of the State of New Jersey by its Governor on the third day of July one thousand nine hundred and forty-seven be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

(a) The commission may acquire construct rehabilitate improve maintain repair and operate bridges for vehicular or pedestrian traffic across the Delaware River between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey at any locations north of the boundary line between [Mercer County and] Burlington County and Camden County in the State of New Jersey as extended across the Delaware River to the Pennsylvania shore of said river The word "bridge" as used in this Agreement shall include such approach highways in said Commonwealth or said State as may be determined by the Commission with the approval of the highway department of said Commonwealth or said State to be necessary to facilitate the flow of traffic in the vicinity of any such bridge or to connect such bridge with the State highway system or other traffic facilities in said Commonwealth or said State

The commission may combine for financing purposes any bridge or bridges hereafter constructed or acquired by it with any or all of the bridges described or referred to in any trust indenture securing bridge revenue bonds of the commission at the time outstanding subject to any limitations or restrictions contained in such trust indenture"

Section 2 Upon its signature on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey the supplemental compact or agreement hereinabove set forth shall become binding and shall have the force and effect of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the commission shall thereupon become vested with all the powers rights and privileges and be subject to the duties and obligations contained therein as though the same were specifically authorized and imposed by statute and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be bound by all of the obligations assumed by it under such supplemental compact or agreement and the Governor shall transmit an original signed copy thereof to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for filing in his office

Section 3 The Governor is hereby authorized to apply on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Congress of the United States for its consent and approval to such supplemental compact or agreement

Section 4 Nothing contained in this act nor in the supplemental compact or agreement authorized by this act shall be deemed to supersede abrogate or repeal in any way any powers heretofore granted to the commission This act and said supplemental compact or agreement shall be regarded as conferring supplemental and additional powers to the commission and shall not be regarded as being in derogation of any powers now existing

Section 5 This act shall become effective immediately upon its signing by the Governor and the passage by the State of New Jersey of a substantially similar act embodying the supplemental compact agreement between the two States hereinabove set forth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Chapman,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Dent,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed	McMenamin	Snowden,	Yosko,
Haluska,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 360, as follows:

An Act relating to habeas corpus conferring jurisdiction upon the judges of the courts of Common Pleas defining procedure in all cases authorizing service to be made upon persons anywhere in the Commonwealth providing for the imposition of costs allowing appeals specifying the appellate court to which appeals may be taken and repealing inconsistent legislation including that conferring jurisdiction on courts of Quarter Sessions

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Any judge of court of Common Pleas within this Commonwealth shall have jurisdiction at any time to issue a writ of habeas corpus upon application by or on behalf of any person (hereafter called the relator) alleged to be unlawfully imprisoned or detained in any penitentiary prison reformatory house of detention mental institution or other place (a) within the judge's judicial district or (b) outside of his judicial district if the relator was committed by action of any court of the judge's judicial district

Section 2 The judges of the several Orphans' Court of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and of the Allegheny County Court shall continue to exercise the jurisdiction of habeas corpus which they have under existing law

Section 3 An application for a writ of habeas corpus shall be by petition duly verified by the relator or by someone on his behalf Upon the presentation of a petition to any judge having jurisdiction he may if he believes the circumstances justify it direct the writ to issue forthwith or he may allow a rule to show cause why the writ should not be issued returnable in not more than twenty days Service of the writ or the rule to show cause as the case may be shall be made forthwith in such manner as the judge shall direct anywhere in the Commonwealth upon the warden superintendent or other person in charge of the penitentiary prison reformatory house of detention mental institution or other place in which the realtor is imprisoned or detained Notice shall also be given to such other interested parties (including the district attorney in proper cases) and in such manner as the judge shall direct If a rule has been allowed the judge who allowed it or in case of his absence or disability any other judge of his court may upon or after the return day order the writ to issue or discharge the petition

Section 4 In ordering the writ to issue the judge shall fix a date for a hearing which shall be held as promptly as may be and may or may not order the realtor to be produced at the hearing as the circumstances may warrant and except when the realtor is charge with a nonbailable offense or has been convicted and sentenced the judge may in his discretion fix bail in such amount as he deems appropriate for the appearance of the relator at the time and place of hearing and may order his discharge meanwhile

Section 5 After hearing the judge shall dismiss the writ order the discharge of the relator or make such other order as shall be appropriate He shall impose costs which shall include the actual expenses if any of bringing the relator to the place of hearing

Section 6 From the decision of any judge upon any petition for a writ of habeas corpus or upon any order made pursuant to a hearing on the writ an appeal may be taken as in other cases When the basis of the petition is an alleged defect or illegality in a criminal proceeding the appeal shall be to the court which has appellate jurisdiction in cases involving the crime with which the person imprisoned or detained is charged or of which he has been convicted In all cases involving the custody of minors or of persons alleged to be mentally ill appeals shall be to the Superior Court In all other cases appeals shall be to the Supreme Court

Section 7 Section 2 of the act of April 4 1837 (P. L. 377) entitled "An act to alter the times of holding Courts in the county of Tioga and for the purposes" is hereby repealed insofar as it relates to the allowance and issuance of writs of habeas corpus and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 8 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally??

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Bane,	Hare,	McPherson, Jr.,	Stevenson,
Barrett,	Holland,	Meade,	Stiefel,
Berger,	Kephart,	Neff,	Taylor,
Blass,	Kessler,	Pechan,	Toole,
Byrne,	Lane,	Peelor,	Wade,
Chapman,	Leader,	Propert,	Wagner,
Crowe,	Letzler,	Robinson,	Walker,
Dent,	Mahany,	Rosenfeld,	Watkins,
Diehm,	Mallery,	Ruth,	Watson,
DiSilvestro,	McCreesh,	Scarlett,	Wolfe,
Fleming,	McGinnis,	Silvert,	Wood,
Freed,	McMenamin,	Snowden,	Yosko,
Haluska,			

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SECOND READING CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act giving the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of America of a certain tract of land in the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, containing approximately two hundred forty-seven acres, for use as a site for a Veterans' Administration Hospital, and ceding jurisdiction to the United States.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies, with the approval of the Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, to acquire on behalf of the Commonwealth, certain land, buildings and appurtenances, located in the Township of Manheim, Lancaster County, and certain personal property therein; and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill

No. 25, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. STEVENSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School, with the approval of the Department of Public Instruction, to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth a stone amphitheater erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan School.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, at the suggestion of the chairman of the Committee on Judiciary General, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 104, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the sentencing of persons convicted of certain crimes to an indeterminate sentence having a minimum of one day and a maximum of life in certain cases; authorizing the criminal courts to impose such a sentence and certain temporary sentences in connection therewith, requiring psychiatric examinations of such persons before the imposition of such a sentence, conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Welfare and the Pennsylvania Board of Parole, and providing for the parole, conditional parole or absolute discharge of persons so sentenced and the procedure relating thereto.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that House Bill No. 131, on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the rights obligations and liabilities of landlord and tenant and of parties dealing with them and amending revising changing and consolidating the law relating thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 219, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the coverage of certain officers and employes of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions under the old-age and survivor insurance provisions of Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended; creating the State-Federal Social Security Board and conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Board; authorizing the Board to enter into agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and with political subdivisions under certain terms and conditions; providing for the Commonwealth's contribution under agreements with the Federal Security Administrator and for the collection and payment of employer and employe contributions; authorizing interstate cooperation in certain cases; creating a Contribution Fund and making an appropriation.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1412 of the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards, and commissions shall be determined," by setting forth the duties of the Deputy Adjutant General in charge of Veterans' Affairs.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article two, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by providing for annual sessions of the General Assembly.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 4 of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (P. L. 1209), entitled "An act to authorize the acquisition, by purchase or condemnation, of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the river Delaware, and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act," authorizing the commission to establish and maintain a museum or museums for the preservation and display of relics and reproductions relating to Washington's Crossing of the Delaware.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 357, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to reenact revise and amend the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto."

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection A of Section 221 and to amend Section 241 of the act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 448), entitled "An act relating to fish; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating to fish in the inland waters and the boundary lakes and boundary rivers of the Commonwealth," by extending non-resident fishing privileges to Canadians and redefining resident.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 375, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (b) of Section 1 of the act, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1183) entitled "An act relating to strikes by public employes; prohibiting such strikes; providing that such employes by striking terminate their employment; providing for reinstatement under certain conditions; providing for a grievance procedure; and providing for hearings before civil service and tenure authorities, and in certain cases before the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board," by changing method of selecting panels for the adjustment of grievances of school district employes and imposing additional duties on such panels.

be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. LETZLER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I am going to try to keep this on a nonpartisan basis. Everything is to be nonpartisan, but I think this is the dirtiest trick ever done. I talked to two Members of the Senate, who are both interested in schools. I talked to Senator Hare, who represents the Pennsylvania Teachers Association. I also talked to Mr. Wagner, the head of the Education Committee. Both of them agreed that they would hold this bill over until Monday, until we had a discussion with some of the men who are more acquainted with it than I am.

Mr. President, I think this it hitting below the belt, because all this bill does is this: It makes the arbitration of the school board the same as is done by all other governmental functions in Pennsylvania. In an arbitration when they deny the right to strike, they appoint a one man representing the employees, one man representing the department which is concerned and they in turn appoint a third man or agree on the third man. As the bill now stands, the bill states that in the board of education, they appoint a member of the board of education, an employee of the board of education and then the Department of Public Instruction comes in and they are represented. So, you have a loaded board. This has caused more dissatisfaction of the employees of the Board of Education in Pittsburgh than anything in the world.

First of all, Mr. President, there is still a question in this bill, whether or not denying the right to strike is constitutional, but this was a fair way of settling an industrial dispute which may become greater. I say the only fair way is to use the same system that is used by the State, by the municipalities, by the government, where there is an equal representation and a person who is considered nonpartisan and non-biased comes in as the third.

Now, Mr. President, it was agreed by the two people who objected to hold this bill over until Monday, and I am going to ask, Mr. President, that this sneak punch that was just put over, be rescinded or reconsidered. I ask that we reconsider the motion.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I think it is unfortunate that you cannot be friendly with people without being accused of breaking faith. I told the Senator quite frankly that I did not like this bill because it presumes that there is a bargaining agent for school teachers, which there is not in most parts of the State. You are practically asking somebody to come in and establish a union of school teachers, which some people may like and some may not care for, but in the absence of such an agency, this thing cannot operate.

I said I did not care for the bill, and the Senator from Allegheny asked me not to kill it and I said I would not kill it, and I made the suggestion—I do not mind, I guess I can tell it on myself—I made the motion in Caucus that the bill be re-referred to the Education Committee, which is the most familiar Committee with problems of schools when these things come up, and I suggested further that it was a good Committee to re-refer it to inasmuch as the Senator from Allegheny County, who has just spoken, is a Member of the Education Committee.

Now, Mr. President, there was no bad faith, there was no misrepresentation, there was no breach of any promise, there was no discussion with me personally as to the bill going over. The request was that it be not killed, and it has not been killed, and if the gentleman attends the meeting of the Education Committee, as Chairman of that Committee, I assure him that the bill will get thorough consideration. I am not in the position at the moment to promise him that we will let it stay the way it is.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President and Members of the Senate, looseness of speech is one of the things I most abhor. The gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Holland, came to my seat after we came up from Caucus, and in these words informed me that he was bringing a man by the name

of Fetteroff into Harrisburg next Monday, and he would like to have Senator Wagner and I talk with him. At no time did he discuss this bill staying on the calendar, and he never received that promise.

Now, Mr. President, he was hitting below the belt and the belt was pretty high.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I said to Mr. Wagner that I would appreciate it if they would hold this bill on the calendar until they can discuss it. They were the only two men who came to me and took issue on the bill.

Now, Mr. President, I say to him that he is hitting a little lower than the belt on that statement, and I resent it. I resent it because I asked him to hold it on the calendar. I even told Mr. Wagner that I was willing to go along with taking out of that bill the part that teachers were not considered in this bill. We have employees, men who really work and clean up the buildings and the cafeteria workers in the Board of Education in Pittsburgh. I agreed with him to take out of the bill the bargaining agency.

Mr. President, we keep bills on the calendar here for a long long while before they make up their minds, and I do not see why there is any difference. It is not going to harm the bill to keep it on the calendar. If they want to make this a partisan proposition, I am willing from now on to make it a good Democratic-Republican fight for the rest of the Session, and I also tell you, Mr. President, that if it comes down to a point where we have got to have a battle on this thing, I am going to demand that every bill be read at length from now until the last day of the Session, and I never break my word when I say it.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, the gentleman has just stated that he declared he was willing to keep the bill on the calendar. That is correct. He is the only one I heard make such declaration. The promise, on the other hand, was made that the bill would not be killed.

Now, Mr. President, this bill is not being re-referred to the Education Committee for the purpose of killing it. There is not any partisanship in its because if you will look at the sponsors, you will notice that half of them is the Republican Floor Leader of the Senate.

Now, it is just silly to say that there is anything personal or partisan in the matter of putting the bill where it can be considered by anybody familiar with the procedure in problems of this kind in school affairs, and this legislation was originally designed basically for school teachers' problems. Now, this is simply not workable the way it is, and I do not see why anybody has an obligation to keep it on the calendar in unworkable shape until it can be straightened out. He told me, too, about the gentleman, Mr. Fetteroff, who he was going to bring down to see me, and he told me that before this Senate convened. I assume that he probably already knew it was in the hands of the Education Committee, and that is why he was bringing him to see me as Chairman, but we are straining a point. I have had bills on the Calendar that have been re-referred to committees and I never raised an insurrection. I never shot anybody or administered poison nor did I swear vengeance upon them, because it seemed to be good judgment at the time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I am a little reluctant to get in the middle of this argument, being half a Floor Leader. I want to say to the gentlemen of the Senate, and especially my co-sponsor and long time personal and political friend from Allegheny, Senator Holland, that while I am discussing this with the Senate, without any subterfuge, and delivering my remarks principally to him, this is not the first time today that inadvertently I have got out on the well known limb.

I understand, Mr. President, that this bill has in it a clause that the Committee would like to correct. Now I understand there is absolutely no intention on the part of the Education Committee, or the two Members of the Senate who have suggested bringing this back to the Committee on Education, to kill the bill. My co-sponsor is a Member, Mr. President, of that Committee.

Mr. President, I do not mind being heard if he would just listen to what I am trying to say to him. I do not want to hit him below the belt and I do not want to talk about him behind his back. I am endeavoring to explain to the gentleman, Mr. President, that it is my clear understanding from a sincere statement made by a colleague of ours here in the Senate, whose character and integrity I certainly would not attack for a second, that this bill is being brought back to the Committee on Education in a sincere attempt to correct what they say is a flagrant defect in the bill.

Now, Mr. President, my so-sponsor is a member of that committtee and a very active, intelligent member of that committee, and I have absolute confidence in his ability to see to it that our interests are going to be protected in that committee. I have said over, and over and over again that I do not like to co-sponsor a bill. If there is any attempt to kill this bill, for any personal reasons, he and I stand shoulder to shoulder in an endeavor to get it back out of committee.

Now, Mr. President, I believe what the gentleman who are desirious of helping us on this bill have said. I do not think it is a blow in the black, or stab in the back or hitting below the belt. I think that we ought to consider seriously what Senator Neff said awhile ago. It is so easy to attack each other personally when we have been on this Floor a couple of hours and everybody is under hypertension.

Now, Mr. President, if he will just relax and consider the fact that there are fifty gentlemen here on the floor working together as a team, trying to help each other along, and if there is an effort to amend the bill so as to make it workable, I suggest to my co-sponsor that we try this method and if it does not work, he and I are going to try something else, but I say to him in all sincerity, I see no reason for reading bills at length or going off into the wide blue yonder just because he wants to get the bill back.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

RECESS

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes, to permit a Democratic Caucus.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, we have had a caucus of the Democratic Members to discuss the motion, and the alternative suggested by the gentleman from Allegheny. I want to say seriously that the seriousness of the legislation is known to both the sponsor and to the Members of the Senate who have looked into that legislation.

Mr. President, as I understand it, and I want to present it to the Senate just as I understand it, the gentleman from Allegheny is disturbed over the possibility of the bill being sent to another committee and there dying an unnatural death. Now, I can understand his suspicion, because over the years that has happened on more than one occasion, and being very much wrapped up in this legislation and fearful of the consequences in Allegheny County in their particular school board if some legislation is not passed to alleviate that situation, he is disturbed over the possibility of the bill not being given the kind of consideration he thinks it ought to have. However, I am going to leave it entirely in the hands of the Majority Members, since I understand they have taken caucus action on the matter, and I want to leave it entirely in their hands.

I do believe it would be better if the bill were left on the Calendar and the gentlemen who know more about that particular phase of what this legislation is trying to do will come down Monday and will discuss it with those who are interested while it is on the Calendar. However, if they deem it better that it go back to committee and decide that that is the way they must vote, I assure you that we will try to cooperate, but we want to take the word of the gentleman from Schuylkill that if it does go back to committee, he will give us every opportunity to have the bill amended and the bill come out on the floor again. That is the proposition as we see it. We would rather have it stay on the Calendar if the committee feels it can. If not, we will go along with whatever you decide to do.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. President, I would very much like to see the bill go back to the Education Committee. As chairman of that committee, I will be very happy to entertain suggested amendments by all interested parties that will accomplish what is intended and avoid what would have been done.

Mr. President, I shall further be happy to sit down with any of the Committee, and either or both sponsors of the measure, so that they may join in the consideration of it.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 405, on second reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Property and Supplies with the approval of the Governor and the board of trustees of Warren State Hospital, to acquire a certain tract of land with the buildings thereon adjacent thereto for the use of said hospital; and making an appropriation therefor.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that House Bill No. 493, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1293) entitled "An act to establish The Brandywine Battlefield Park Commission and to authorize the acquisition by purchase condemnation or gift of lands for the establishment of The Brandywine Battlefield Park providing for the control management and supervision of the property to be acquired for such park by such commission authorizing the commission to make and enforce rules and regulations for its preservation development and visitation and making appropriations" empowering the commission to deputize special constables

be recommitted to the Committee on State Government, for the purpose of further study.

Mr. BERGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE BILL No. 27 CALLED UP

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I call up from the Third Reading Calendar Senate Bill No. 27, which was passed over in its order temporarily, for consideration at this time.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, as follows:

An Act requiring every person in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision thereof or any employes of state-aided colleges and schools other than elected state or local officers to take an oath of loyalty and imposing certain duties upon the Attorney General State Civil Service Commission the Superintendent of Public Instruction and county commissioners

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 For the purposes of this act

"Organization" means an organization corporation company partnership association trust foundation fund club society committee association political party or any group of persons whether or not incorporated permanently or temporarily associated together for joint action or advancement of views on any subject or subjects

"Subversive Organization" means any organization which engages in or advocates abets advises or teaches or a purpose of which is to engage in or advocate abet advise or teach activities intended to overthrow destroy or alter or to assist in the overthrow destruction or alteration of the constitutional form of the government of the United States or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any political subdivision of either of them by force or violence and which has been named as a subversive organization by the attorney general of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

"Foreign subversive organization" means any organization directed dominated or controlled directly or indirectly by a foreign government which engages in or advocates abets advises or teaches or a purpose of which is to engage in or to advocate abet advise or teach activities intended to overthrow destroy or alter or to assist in the overthrow destruction or alteration of the

constitutional form of the government of the United States or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any political subdivision of either of them and to establish in place thereof any form of government the direction and control of which is to be vested in or exercised by or under the domination or control of any foreign government organization or individual and which has been named as a foreign subversive organization by the attorney general of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the term does not and shall not be construed to mean an organization the bona fide purpose of which is to promote world peace by alliances or unions with other governments or world federations unions or governments to be effected through constitutional means

"Subversive person" shall mean any person who commits attempts to commit or aids in the commission or advocates abets advises or teaches by any means any person to commit attempt to commit or aid in the commission of any act intended to overthrow destroy alter or assist in the overthrow destruction or alteration of the form of government of the United States or of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision of either of them by force or violence or who is a member of a subversive organization or a foreign subversive organization

Section 2 Every person who on the first day of September one thousand nine hundred fifty-one or thereafter shall be in the employe of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any of its political subdivisions or of any college or school which receives state aid other than those holding state or local elective offices of any kind shall be required on or before the first day of October one thousand nine hundred fifty-one to make a written statement under oath or affirmation which statement shall contain notice that it is subject to the penalties of perjury and shall be in the following form

"I ..... do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania against all enemies foreign and domestic that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter

"And I do further swear (or affirm) that I do not advocate nor am I knowingly a member or an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overhtrow of the government of the United States or of the State by force or violence and that during such time as I am a member or an employe of ..... I will not advocate nor knowingly become a member nor an affiliate of any organization group or combination of persons that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States or of this State by force or violence"

Such oath or affirmation shall be required by the State Civil Service Commission as to all persons in the employ of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and all employes of colleges or schools which receive State aid and by the county commissioners of each county as to all persons employed by them and by each political subdivision other than the various school districts within their respective counties and by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction as to all persons employed in the public school system of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Any such person failing or refusing to execute such oath or affirmation or who admits he is a subversive person according to the provisions of this act shall be discharged immediately

Section 3 Before any employe shall be discharged under the provisions of this act he shall have the right to a hearing before the Department of Justice at a time and place to be fixed by it Notice thereof to be given to the employe and employer at least ten days prior to the hearing The Department of Justice after such hearing shall determine whether or not the employe is subject to discharge as provided by this act and shall give notice of its determination to the employe and his employer within five days after the hearing An employe aggrieved by the determination of the Department of Justice may within thirty days after reciving notice thereof take an appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, during this Session I am sure that every Member of this Senate received mail from their constituents or people around the State on the various bills that were before the Senate for consideration, and I am sure that that same thing holds true on Senate Bill No. 27. As a matter of fact, the mail that I have received was greater in number on Senate Bill No. 27 than any other bill that was before this Senate. I am not going to make a speech on Senate Bill No. 27. I am not going to talk for or against the bill, but I am going to read a letter here that is typical of ninety per cent of the letters that I have received relative to this bill, and this is what the letter says:

"I urgently ask that the bill, Senate Bill No. 27, which has been introduced by Senator Pechan, be given a public hearing before it is passed. This bill requires that all public employees swear that they are not subversive persons. It would seem that a really subversive person would not hesitate to sign anything which would further his plan. This bill will, therefore, hit at the loyalty of really loyal citizens. I have taken the oath to the flag ever since I went to school some forty-five years ago. Why now should my loyalty, my honor, my truthfulness be questioned? There are certain sentiments which honorable citizens expect from themselves without question, and these new loyalty oaths are humiliating and indicate a lack or breach of trust on which our democracy is based. Please give this factor your careful consideration."

Mr. President, what is the writer of this letter and other letters requesting? Nothing more than a chance to be heard. This bill does not affect all of the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. It effects only some people, and that group has written letters to me and I am sure to every Member of this Senate requesting a chance to be heard.

Mr. President, we are here and we represent the sum total of all the people in Pennsylvania, and we are here to legislate in accordance with their wishes. If the people want to be heard, I think we ought to give them a chance to be heard. We have held public hearings, for instance, on the insurance bills. There was no harm done, and I am sure the Chairman of the Insurance Committee will say that the hearings were helpful. We had hearings on the sex offenders bills and I am sure the chairman of that committee will say that there was no harm done. The testimony to be heard, I think, was helpful to the committee because they were amended in some respects. We have had hearings on the bills to create an Accountant General in Pennsylvania, and as a result of those hearings a subcommittee was appointed, of which I have the honor to be a member, and we propose to study the bill with the object of amending it and remove those objectionable features from the bill to make it a good and workable bill. We have held hearings on the adoption bills, and there was no harm done. I think the hearing was helpful to all

of us. We held a hearing on the social security bill, and I do not think any harm came from that. I had the honor of serving on that subcommittee and the bill was amended after we got opinions from various persons who come to the hearing and gave their views, and so on down the line, and, frankly, I cannot see where any harm could come from having a hearing on this bill and giving those people who are affected by the bill a chance to be heard. Perhaps they could make some suggestions that might suggest amendments that would be satisfactory to all concerned.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT BILL

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 27, be recommitted to the Committee on State Government, for the purpose of a public hearing.

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. SILVERT. Mr. President, I have been a Member of this Body for a short time, just a little less than three months. I have learned in that time that I come from a district that very much likes to express itself, and I have gotten communications, letters, from the first day I entered this Senate, but at no time did I get the number of communications both by letter, by wire, by telephone, as I did on Senate Bill No. 27.

Now, Mr. President, the tenor of all the communications was simply this: We feel that this bill is unnecessary. We feel that it will not catch a single subversive because we all know that subversives will take the oath and pay no attention to it, and will not hesitate to take the oath.

Now, Mr. President, I should like to say that these communications came from individuals and organizations of the highest repute in Philadelphia and the State of Pennsylvania. I should like to say this: One of the phone calls I received was from a lady who lives in an elite section of Philadelphia, in Chestnut Hill. She said to me, "I am a teacher. I have been a teacher for twenty-five years. I am a Quaker. Hardly anyone could accuse me of being a communist, a fellow traveler or sympathetic to Communism." She said, "My family has been here since 1682. If this bill passes," she said, "I will have a decision to make whether to give up my career or to do something which is against my conscience."

Now, Mr. President, I say these communications have come from worthwhile organizations and it may be that all of the Members of the Senate have received the same communications from the organization that I am about to refer to, but I think it is worthwhile putting this communication on record. I refer to a communication from the Citizens Council on Democratic Rights, headed by a former Justice of the Supreme Court, Owen J Roberts, who I am sure all of us in Pennsylvania must recognize and have a great deal of regard for.

"Senate Bill 27, introduced into the present Session of the General Assembly, with the laudable purpose of apprehending subversives in the employ of the State and its schools, we believe would fail of its purpose and endanger and destroy some of our most precious and fundamental rights and liberties. The real traitors will not be reached by registration provisions and loyalty oaths. They are past masters in tricks of evasion. The innocent will be made the victims. Intolerance and repression and fear will be the outcome of such legislation—legislation which would jeopardize the most cherished freedoms guaranteed by the bill of rights.

"We are all opposed, individually, and as an organization, to Communistic totalitarianism and every other form of tyranny. We are aware of the insidious methods employed by a large percentage of that small group of persons who today sympathize with Communism. At the same time, we must never forget that our constitutional guarantees were enacted to protect all citizens, especially in times of crisis. So, in this time of great stress, we must go back to fundamental principles. We must bear in mind the basic, simple truths that teachers, scientists, inventors, and educators are prompted by curiosity and a desire to explore. They work best in an atmosphere of freedom. We must show the world that in our American way we can make national security and individual freedom work hand in hand.

"Federal laws have been enacted to cover all phases of internal security wherever it is threatened. Among these are:

"The Espionage Act, the Peace Time Sedition Act, the Subversive Organizations Registration Act, the Foreign Agents Registration Act, and the Internal Security Act of 1950."

Now, Mr. President, it was just this morning that I received a wire asking for a public hearing, and I am not going to read the wire. I just want to read some of the names attached to this wire:

"Charles Arensberg, President, The Pennsylvania State Bar Association.

"Dr. Millard E. Gladfelter, Provost, Temple University, Philadelphia, Pa.

"George A. Walton, Principal Emeritus, George School, Newtown, N. J.

"J. Barclay Jones.

"Francis Bosworth.

"Charles B. Nutting.

"Claude Bowman.

"Gilbert White, President, Haverford College, Haverford, Pa.

"John W. Nason, President, Swarthmore College Swarthmore, Pa.

"Walter Michaels, Chairman, Bryn Mawr Chapter, American Association of University Professors.

"Alexander H. Frey.

"Glenn Morrow.

"Conyers Read.

"Paul Bruton, Chairman, Academic Affairs Committee, Citizens Council on Democratic Rights, Philadelphia, Pa.

Now, we might say, Members of this Senate, that these men are idealists, but remember this, that this Country has been made great by idealists. Let us give these idealists an opportunity to tell us in person what they think about this bill. I join in the motion to recommit this bill for a public hearing.

Mr. LEADER. Mr. President and gentlemen of the Senate, I heartily agree with the remarks made by my distinguished colleague, Senator Silvert, and I want to urge the passage of this motion to recommite Senate Bill No. 27 for public hearing.

At the outset, I want to make it perfectly clear that I

am not opposed to taking oaths, that I have done it many times both in the armed forces of the United States and elsewhere, and that I will not hesitate for a moment to take the oath embodied in Senate Bill No. 27, but one of the fundamentals of our Democracy is to protect the rights of minorities. In this instance, I am thinking more of religious than political minorities.

Some of my ancestors came to this Country, to this State on Penn's invitation, and my conscience would not permit me as a descendant of those people to ignore the wishes of the descendants of the founder of this Commonwealth.

Mr. President, It would be quite easy to go along with this type of legislation. One who does not may not be considered a red hot, or perhaps I should say a white hot patriot, but, on the other hand, it seems to me that we have reached a sad state of affairs when one must persecute the idealists' in order to be a successful, practical politician. In this instance, I prefer to be an impractical politician, if any politician at all.

Mr. President, it may be well worth your while to walk over to the Governor's Reception Room and look over the Violet Oakley murals and read the inscriptions. You will refresh your memories as to the reason for William Penn's coming to America, the principles which motivated his founding this Commonwealth, the philosophy which has permeated and predominated our government for all these years, and I believe that any governor, incidentally, who happens to look up with a feeling of statesmanship could certainly do nothing but veto this type of legislation.

Perhaps Penn and the people who excepted his invitation to come to this State as a haven for those who were persecuted for political and religious reasons appear to us, who think of ourselves as moderns, as having some queer mental quirks or being just a little bit in need of a psychiatrist.

Perhaps we should remind ourselves that there are people in this Commonwealth who put principle above the making of money, above position and career and, perhaps, even above holding political office. Yet, these people are a bulwark of freedom, both political and religious; they are the yeast that leavens the entire loaf; they are the residence of stored up goodness to be a source of inspiration during periods of spiritual depression.

Mr. President, we must never forget that the destruction of freedom from within does not come as a result of a single tremendous blow, but rather from a chipping away at the edges. Just a few days ago we commemorated the crucifixion of the greatest Idealist of all time for simply going about doing good. I say to you that we have no more right to harass, demoralize or embarrass these idealists of today than the practical politicians of His day had to do it to Him.

Therefore, Mr. President, I urge that this bill be recommitted.

In the Senate, March 28, 1951.

Mr. MALLERY. Mr. President, I venture the opinion that my colleagues on the left, who have spoken in behalf of the motion to recommit this bill, were shocked beyond words, as were most of the people in our Country, when they learned that communists had been employed in the production of atomic bombs. Many of the people in our Country were likewise righteously indignant when they learned that our State Department and other departments of our Federal Government had in their employ communists. The price of liberty is eternal vigilance. The Federal Government, Democrats and Republicans alike, I believe, have made an honest endeavor to rid the pay rolls of the Federal Government of those who would accept American money, the taxpayers' dollars, and at the same time not only bite the hand that feeds them, but destroy our Government.

Senator Silvert referred to a gentleman, former Justice of the Supreme Court, for whom I have always had the highest regard. I studied law under Mr. Roberts at The Law School of the University of Pennsylvania. Apparently he and many other good citizens did not understand the purposes of this bill. One purpose of this bill, as I see it, is to rid the pay rolls of our State and Municipal Governments, and our State-aided schools and State-aided colleges, of any subversive who may be on their pay rolls. I do not how anyone personally who is a communist or a subversive. We have been talking for the past week about the expenditure of tax money for the operation of our State Government, and it does seem to me that if we do any one thing at least we should see to it that none of the tax money of Pennsylvania gets into the hands of subversives.

I read an article sometime ago which I believe appeared in most of the metropolitan newspapers of Pennsylvania, which is brief and which states: "There is no academic freedom at such respectable universities as Fordham, Southern Methodist, Notre Dame or Yeshiva. No professor at such university has the freedom to teach, let us say, atheism."

I sincerely hope that the same might be said about all of the privately endowed universities in our Country. The article goes on to state: "To hold an opinion is a right." This bill does not interfere with the right of anyone to hold any opinion which he wishes to hold.

The article also states: "To hold a job is a privilege accorded under certain conditions." I believe it is the thought of the overwhelming majority of the people of Pennsylvania that they do not want their children, by any chance, to be under the instruction of or even associate with people who believe in the overthrow of our Country.

Mr. President, there has been one criticism made which I believe to be proper. I believe every elected employee of Pennsylvania should be required to take the same oath. I hope that when the bill reaches the House, that such an amendment will be made. I urge my colleagues to vote for the bill.

Mr. HALUSKA. Mr. President, I will support the motion for a public hearing. I see no harm in a public hearing. I think it is good. It is an important bill and I think the people should have the opportunity to express themselves. I will support any amendment that may strengthen this bill, and I will support the bill when it somes to a vote.

Mr. President, I certainly feel happy that over on my side of the aisle we have independent thought, that we have no caucus action on this matter. We are free to think for ourselves and to vote accordingly. Just how we are going to vote here, I do not know. It is up to each individual. However, Mr. President, someone said if you cannot convince, confuse. I am not convinced that this bill will serve the purpose the sponsor has in mind, but

neither am I confused, because I am satisfied that it will serve some purpose at least, some logical purpose if nothing else.

Mr. President, I had three brothers and four nephews, like many others have here, who served in the last war, who fought and slept in foxholes for what? For what we are fighting for today in Korea, to rid this world of ours of communism, and if any school teacher cannot take the oath, to my mind he or she should resign. I have taken my oath on five different occasions on this Hill, and the five times I have been elected I did not hesitate. We are sitting on a powder keg today. We are shedding blood, we are giving up all we have to have a free Country, and if our forefathers were living today, if William Penn were living today, I think he would take this loyalty oath. I cannot see why these Quakers and school teachers appointed to positions in the State government, local government of any nature, should hesitate in any manner whatsoever.

The time has arrived when we must speak. If we have on our pay roll communists, this is the time we should find out. If they take this oath and perjure themselves, then we have them where we want them. Now we have nothing on them.

I do not think the bill goes far enough. Every person in the Commonwealth, regardless of who he or she may be, should be required to take the oath of loyalty. We are fighting for that cause and if we do not fight, we create a haven within a haven for these people, and we are going to regret it.

So, Mr. President, I say I will support the motion for a public hearing. I will support any amendment that is placed in the bill, but in the final analysis I will support the bill as it is.

Mr. PECHAN. Mr. President, I am very reluctant to get into this act. I think if any bill in this Senate in my tenure here has ever had a public hearing, it is Senate Bill No. 27. Those of you who are Members of this Senate, and the visitors, know that for the last three weeks we just could not move around from being collared by—and I do not want to say this word—by "pinks," and Reds and innocent dupes of these people.

Now, Mr. President, I do not know why anybody would hesitate to take a loyalty oath to this Commonwealth or to the United States of America. The oath, as it is specifically given in Senate Bill No. 27, is the same oath that every civil defense worker is taking who is giving his time for free. I got a thrill when I stood before that Bar and took the oath of loyalty. Why, when I am at a Kiwanis meeting or a school meeting, and swear Allegiance to the Flag and to the Republic for which it stands, I get a little thrill in my heart.

Mr. President, I had a teacher the other day from one of the eastern schools, and, mind you, all this propaganda is coming from one little group in and around Philadelphia. I have not had one letter opposing this bill from any school teacher who is a member of the Pennsylvania State Education Association. Now, I do not know what they have in Philadelphia and I do not care, but I am tremendously suspicious of those people. I had a teacher the other day. She had a political science class, young girls eighteen or nineteen years of age, and she was questioning me about why we needed this bill. In the discussion, one thing brought on another and I said, "do you think it is un-American that we should teach American history and our democratic way of life?" She said, "No, but you ought to teach Russion history and communism." I said, so you can take that twig and bend it to your thinking."

Now, Mr. President, as the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Haluska, has just said, if these communists, these "pinks" and these innocent dupes will sign it, they are cheats, liars, and we do not want them, but if they do sign it at least we have them for perjury, and we may get some Alger Hisses out of them.

Mr. President, I hope this is the end of it. I have lost sleep over this thing, and I am against the recommittal of this bill.

Mr. SILVERT. M. President, I should like to call the attention of this Senate that we have on our statute book, passed in 1949, the School Code for school teachers, and may I just read a very short paragraph dealing with the reasons for which they may be dismissed:

"The only valid causes for termination of a contract heretofore or hereafter entered into with a professional employe shall be immorality, incompetency, intemperance, cruelty, persistent negligence, mental derangement, advocation of or participating in un-American or subversive doctrines."

Mr. President, teachers are already covered by the Act of 1949. Any district superintendent, anyone in authority in a school, now has the power to remove any subversive teacher, and I think that this bill, as far as they are concerned is unnecessary.

Mr. LANE. Mr. President, much has been said here this afternoon in regard to this loyalty oath, and I will support the motion for a public hearing. However, in the event that the motion fails, I am solidly in support of this type of legislation

Mr. President, you know, as I sat here this afternoon and listened to all these speeches, I wondered what the objection is, if the legislation is unnecessary. I think it is an honor and a privilege to be an American, and I say to you, Mr. President, that any public employee that draws taxpayers' money should willingly swear Allegiance to this Nation of ours, and if we have the "pinks," let us smoke them out. Some say it will not accomplish anything. Well, if it will not accomplish anything, what is the objection to it?

The other day I picked up the newspaper and I read an article by Cecil B. DeMille, in which he says, "Loyalty Oaths Protest Bewildering in View of American Concepts." This is rather an extended article. I am not going to read it in detail, but I just want to preface it and read certain important items in it, and I ask that the complete aricle be spread on the Legislative Journal.

"These are Times of strange contrasts. And none is stranger than the indignation which the loyalty oath seems to arouse among certain of our citizens.

"Several years ago we made a picture about the beginnings of America, centering around a little fort that is now the great city of Pittsburgh.

"It was American history in every particular—the story of people who knew the price of freedom and paid for it in terms of indescribable pain and torment.

"Those early settlers were caught up by a deep pent-up emotion, a volcanic desire to be free. Clamoring, demand-

ing, hard-living, they swarmed across five mountain ranges in matter of fact disregard of life and danger.

"Out of this release of pent-up emotion came a concept of freedom. And from that concept grew America.

"LOYALTY OATH

"I wonder what one of those first Americans would say today were he to be asked to take a loyalty oath—to declare his love for America, which is all a loyalty oath asks? I wonder what his reply would be to the question of whether at any time he had advocated an organization dedicated to the overthrow of America?

"The spirit that founded this nation was, at the same moment, both a loyalty oath and a rejection of the principles of Communism. And any American should be eager to affirm that spirit or disaffirm whatever seeks to destroy it.

"A bold sophistry is practiced by some who have declined to take the loyalty oath. They say no one has a right to make an issue of a person's Americanism. I cannot believe that any real American would reject in this glib manner a liberty for which so many have sacrificed their lives.

"QUESTION OF SILENCE

"They say the anti-communist oath violates free speech yet freedom of speech is illusory if we must sacrifice a more precious right in order to practice it.

"A man has a right to remain silent, assuming he is willing to accept the consequences of his silence.

"As an American he has the right. But he does not have the right to be silent when his silence is decisively un-American.

"That very point was made by the late Justice Cardozo long before it was suggested there might be anything "unconstitutional" about publicly declaring one's love for his country or despising its enemies.

"Justice Cardozo, whose opinions were not tyrannized by rules, gave a concise reply to loyalty oath objections, in a minor case:

" 'There is no privilege of silence when, if tolerated, reticence would thwart the public good'

"EVIL NOT PURIFIED

"Without extending the meaning of Cardozo's phrase, it would seem to say that an American may stand on constitutional grounds up to the point when his position becomes unconstitutional.

"Individual liberty, as we conceive it, is not a tool or a coverup. Ideological racketeers cannot use it to conceal their motives, like a mobster employing a henchman to hide his crime.

"Silence in the face of a patriotic duty to speak could conceivably become as much a threat to national safety as an overt act of treason.

"Clothing an evil with the garment of the Constitution does not purify the evil.

"Americans who are not afraid to stand up and be counted are aware that certain elements are finding the Bill of Rights a convenient and, unfortunately, effective shelter. At a time when two great ideologies are in a death struggle, it is unbelievable that the greatest charter of human freedom could be used as a cover for manipulations which seek to destroy it.

"GROUNDS FOR WORRY

"We're spending millions of dollars to halt the spread of Communist tyranny abroad, but that will be pounding sand in a rathole unless we keep American ideals alive in America.

"We should not fear foreign bombs dropping on Seattle or Detroit nearly so much as the decay of our own national spirit.

"There are grounds for worry when a popular actress can stand up before an audience of 26,000 and say that she wants no part of American ideals—and that audience, instead of protesting, applauds. Or when teachers in our schools see their way clear to unite in resistence to a loyality oath, or make themselves gravely suspect by refusing to disclaim any connection with the Communist cause.

"It is a curious spectacle.

"America is the envy of the rest of the world today because it has kept open the doors of private enterprise.

"CALLED IMPERIALISM

"The Communists call it "American imperialism."

"If imperialism means keeping free nations on their feet—

"If it means feeding millions of men, women and children in countries that can never pay us back except by friendship—

"If it means the American schools and missions strung around the world from Egypt to Japan—

"If it means letting the people know that American free enterprise has produced the word's highest living standards, highest production, highest wages—

"If it means spreading to other countries the idea of free speech, a free press, freedom of religion, free elections—

"If American imperialism means these things, then it's bred in the bones of every real American.

"And he should be proud to stand up for it."

Mr. President, I am not going to hamstring the proponents of this public hearing. I will be glad to attend this public hearing and hear the opposition. I want to know what the opposition is, but after the public hearing I am going to vote for this legislation, and I ask all red-blooded Americans to stand up and support your Nation.

Mr. NEFF. Mr. President, I have followed this bill from the first day it was placed upon the Calendar. I thought it was too loosely drawn. I thought the ramifications and possibilities of injustices were present in the bill. I was privileged with my colleagues, Senator Mallery, Senator Pechan and Senator Lane, to amend the bill on two different occasions.

Personally, I do not see any reason for objection at this time, and I say that knowing something about communists and the way they work. I have been privileged to be a member of an organization whom the communists found expedient to descend upon in the manner of leeches upon a festering sore, because they thought they could use us, and no organization in America has fought against communists with the vigor and the intensity, as unrelentingly as have we in labor. We hate them, we know what they are and what they stand for.

Mr. President, normally I would be against any at-

tempt by anyone to block passage of a measure such as this. Originally, I had intended, once the measure had been amended, to vote for it, but I do not know now whether or not I can vote for it. Innumerable requests have been made to the Members of the Senate for a public hearing. I recall two years ago that we resorted to extraordinary measures on this side of the aisle to give a group of gasoline retail dealers a hearing. Senator Yosko has pointed out we have had hearings on many matters this Session that were requested, not by thousands of citizens in this State, but by a few.

Now, Mr. President, it has been said outside of the enclosure here, "Let us get this measure off the Calendar, let us get it over in the House and they will take care of it over there." I do not feel that way. If we have a measure that is affecting the people of this State, minority groups or otherwise, I think that we here must consider the measure fully and then in good conscience either vote it up or down and not saddle our associates in the House with our problem.

Mr. President, as I previously said, I do not believe there is a thing objectionable in the bill at this time. I do not believe anyone working for this government in this Commonwealth, who is an honest, sincere American, can object to the measure. However, if thousands of our constituents, and literally it is thousands, have asked us for a public hearing, I can see no reason why we should enclose ourselves in this brass rail and decide amongst ourselves that this problem is one that vexes us, that it is a thorn in our side, and we will give the job to the House.

Mr. President, I do not know whether I can vote for a measure premised on that kind of thinking. I think the people of this State have a right to come down here, have a right to buttonwhole the Senators, have a right to tell us and to speak their minds on legislation, whether it be legislation dealing with subversive activities or whether it be just a simple matter, perhaps a matter having to do with trout, but whatever the matter may be, that is their right, and I think when we took the office here and took the oath here, we have obligated ourselves to hearing the pleadings without any limitations on the people of this State and give them a chance to be heard.

Mr. President, I am bewildered. Normally, I would vote for the measure. I am afraid that if it is not sent back to committee, as the gentleman from Northampton has moved, and a public hearing granted to these many, and many of them are fine people, who have asked for a public hearing, that I am going to have to vote against it.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, may I suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate, both sides of the aisle have been very patient on quite a lengthy debate on the motion, which, under the Senate Rules, is not debatable, and may I suggest if there is a discussion on the bill that it be reserved until the bill is before us on final passage. I do not want to be technical, but there has been considerable debate on the motion for a public hearing. It is a motion to recommit which is not debatable under our Rules, and may I suggest to the gentlemen of the Senate, the continued violation of the Rule is becoming embarrassing to both sides. If there is any discussion on the merits of the bill, I suggest that it be reserved until the bill is before us on final passage.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, I would like to suggest that rather than have me get up twice to argue on the merits of the bill, and in order not to lose the trend of thought that has been carried through the prior debates, that I be permitted to discuss the bill at this time.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, the gentleman tempts me. If I could be certain that this is the last time he would get up on this bill, I certainly would not object to his speaking on it. I enjoy his speeches, but it is the second lap that I get confused on.

Mr. ROSENFELD. I do not intend to speak on the bill on final passage, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Rosenfeld, may proceed.

Mr. ROSENFELD. Mr. President, it has been a long time since I thought I knew almost everything about everything. Growing up, having experiences, being elected to a body of this kind, meeting men and people from all walks of life and being able to exchange ideas has convinced me over the years that I know less and less than I thought I knew before, and I am thorougthly convinced, as I get older and times goes on that I will come to the conclusion definitely that I will know less next week than I know today or that I thought I knew today.

Mr. President, I think that everyone who rose to discuss this bill this afternoon has done so in good conscience and has felt that what he said has been the thing that his own conscience has decreed is the right thing. As a matter of fact, I find after listening to almost everyone that in a great measure I am inclined to agree with almost everyone who got up on the floor of the Senate, but I think many of us, in our effort to get rid of this hot potato, are trying to close our minds to the problem involved here, because nobody has really touched on the basic problem as I know many on this floor really see it.

Mr. President, we are talking about loyalty oaths and whether people should or should not take loyalty oaths. Well, some of us have different opinions about those things. We know about the Quakers, we know about the Friends, and we know how they feel in their own conscience about taking oaths. Some of us may agree with them and some of us may not agree with them, and the argument thus far on the floor this afternoon has limited itself to the question of whether some one should or should not be required to take a loyalty oath.

I say, personally, that at a time like this it becomes a serious problem whether people who, in good conscience, do not like to take loyalty oaths, should be permitted to exercise that good conscience at the present time. I will admit is is debatable, but I certainly think that they should have a right to come before a committee of this Senate and express themselves, and give their reasons. I am certain that I am not the only one on this floor who from day to day learns things, and I do not see why any of the Members of this Senate should close their minds to what is a brand-new concept in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, we are not dealing here with something

that is old. We are not dealing here with something that has been a law on the statute books of Pennsylvania before. We are dealing with a brand-new thing, and I know and you gentlemen know that we have given hearings and public hearings for things that were of much less importance.

Now, Mr President, I could talk at length about how I feel about communists and fellow travelers because, like Senator Neff, I have had by hands full with them over the years. Any of you who will take the trouble to pick up the Pennsylvania Manual of 1949, will notice on page 111, that Senator Watkins and I had the distinction of being the only Senators running for office that year who were opposed by the communists. Now, whether he had a fight on his hand or not, I cannot speak for Senator Watkins, but I tell you that I know who they are and I know what they are, and if this was not a public place and I could use the proper adjectives, I could really express myself properly. I do want you to know that I hate them with all the hate it is possible for me to bring up within my system, but that is no reason for me to vote for this kind of a bill.

Mr. President, Senator Mallery said he does not know a communist, but I do. I know a lot of them. Senator Pechan, whether he knows them or not I do not know, but I do know that they apparently did not oppose him when he ran for office, and if I were a vicious or vindictive individual I could say, "That looks very very suspicious," but I know it is ridiculous. I could read and add to this record hundreds of communications from organizations that I know are good organizations, from religious groups, but I do not want to encumber the record.

Mr. President, I do think, however, the one thing that pinpoints the real problem here is a post card which I received yesterday and which reads as follows. It is postmarked Ardmore.

"Dear Senator:

"Please do not pass the loyalty oath bill. It is un-American, un-Democratic. I am even afraid to sign my name to this for fear I will be put on the subversive list. What a state of affairs."

Mr. President, all I can do is echo the same sentiment, "What a state of affairs."

Mr. President, getting back now to the bill itself, this is the beginning of something which, if it goes unchecked, can produce something like Senate Bill No. 87, also introduced by the sponsor of this bill, which would require eventually that people give an awlful lot of information which might require eventually that we carry cards in our pockets showing that we are all right, which might require eventually that we put on arm bands so the people can identify us as we walk down the street. I say for this reason Senate Bill No. 27, referred to all afternoon here as the loyalty oath bill, is more than a loyalty oath bill, and you will find many people who would support this proposition who otherwise will not support it because it is not a loyalty oath bill.

Mr. President, I myself at this time would support a loyalty oath bill that did not have the kinks in it that this bill has. Now, I would like to point out just a few in passing. Number one, there is nothing in the title of this bill that has anything to do with organizations, and yet the body of the bill deals with organizations, subversive organizations and foreign subversive organizations. To my mind, there is no question that it is clearly unconstitutional for that reason alone.

Number two, we have defined "organization" to include political party. Why we do it, I do not know. Maybe it is a good thing, but assuming that the Attorney General, who is given the right to make the declaration here, decides that a certain political party is subversive, what have you accomplished? Your election laws still permit that poltical party to stay on the ballot. Your election laws still permit people to run for office on that political party's ticket. Your election law still permits people to vote for candidates of that political party.

Next, Mr. President, the bill provides on page 5, "Any such person failing or refusing to execute such oath or affirmation or who admits he is a subversive person, according to the provisions of this act, shall be discharged immediately." I would like everyone here to know that the fellow who commits perjury, and who is caught and who may even be arrested and prosecuted, is not to be discharged under this section. There is no provision here for his discharge. The only provision here is that he shall be discharged if he fails or refuses to execute the oath or admits he is subversive.

Next, Mr. President, you have made the oath subject to the penalties for perjury. The penalties for perjury are seven years in jail. The penalties for perjury provide that the person so convicted shall be forever disqualified from being a witness in any matter in controversy. Let us assume that some day we reach the point where we convict some of these people. Let us suppose we reach the point some day where they are willing to give real information as to who the subversives are. You have forever shut the door from being able to get that kind of testimony because the section in our Criminal Code on perjury prevents it.

Finally, Mr. President, you provide a section three, that the Department of Justice, after such hearing, shall determine whether or not the employee is subject to discharge and will so advise the employee and his employer. Now, let us assume that the employer does not discharge the employee. Then what? There is no provision in the bill for it at all. Nobody knows what can be done because it is not covered.

The most important thing, however, is this and I say this without regard to the fact that you may or may not conscientiously be for or against loyalty oaths. That is a matter for your own conscience and, as I say, I myself at this time would be in favor of it. You have given the Department of Justice, you have given the Attorney General, the right to determine whether any organization is subversive.

Now, Mr. President, I appreciate the fact that the result of that, good or bad, will depend upon the Attorney General, his character and his ideals, but I think it is an awful gamble to take when you provide that he may do so without calling in the organization, without calling anybody in, without giving them a chance to have a hearing, without giving them a chance to speak to clear themselves in case they are under suspicion. You have, by direction I think, because I have requested that amendment and the sponsor of this bill purposely and specifically kept it out. I think it is bad, I think it is un-Democratic,

I think it is un-American, and I think if you will extend the idea behind this bill to the forty-eight different States of these great United States and to give the Attorney General of each of those forty-eight States the right to the right to come in, whoever they may be, I can just picture what the Attorney General of Mississippi will do, picture what the Attorney General of Mississippi wil do, what the Attorney General of Oklahoma will do, what the Attorney General of Nebraska or South Carolina will do, and that is the principle that I think is most damaging to this whole proposition.

Now, Mr. President, I do not stand up here before you to waste time or to try to convince you that you should vote one way or the other. You have your own minds and I know you will do what you feel in good conscience is the proper thing to do, but I do hope in some measure that I have been able to make some of you undertsand the bad features of this bill. I do hope you will believe me and feel as sincerely as I do that if there were a hearing on this thing, and I do not care whether it is public or private, if there were a hearing on this thing where these groups could come in and indicate to us what their feeling is, I am sure we would accomplish the thing in the good democratic, American way, without hammering this down the throats of people who in good conscience cannot accept it the way it is.

Mr. YOSKO. Mr. President, I just want to make it clear that my remarks were on the motion to recommit for a public hearing. I did not argue on the merits of the bill which, of course, many of those that spoke did do. If I were to argue on the merits of the bill, I would certainly include those in the bill to take this oath who receive relief from the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, we just got a report here a short time ago which indicates that $16,000,000 was handed out in part to relief chiselers, and I think those that live from the Commonwealth, from the good citizens of the Commonwealth, certainly ought to be required to take this loyalty oath, over and against the people who have proven themselves to be decent, honest to God loyal citizens of this Commonwealth. Last year I introduced a bill to deny any subversive person relief, and that bill died in committee, and when I introduced that bill, the so-called "pinks" made a march on Harrisburg. They got me out there in that lobby and the treatment they got from me out there they will never forget. I will guarantee you that same crowd will never come up here again to try to manhandle me the way they did before, because I have no use for them and I will deal with them in my own way if and when the opportunity presents itself.

Mr. President, I want to make it clear that the motion that I made, and all remarks I made in connection with the motion, were strictly on a public hearing and I did not argue on the merits of the bill.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

(A voice vote having been taken the question was determined in the negative.)

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DENT. Mr. President, on final passage I think it is important that our position be made clear upon the bill for the benefit of those who, for purposes of their own, try to misunderstand everything that is being done in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Mr. President, as a background, I want it clearly understood that I intend to vote for this piece of legislation. I intend to vote for it in my capacity as a leader of the great Democratic Party in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

In 1946, I was privileged to be a candidate of that Party for the office of Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Pennsylvania. I was personally maligned all over this Commonwealth by newspaper editorials, newspaper articles and by my opponents, some of the opponents on the Republican ticket who were running against me, who said that I was friendly to communists, was running with a man for the United States Senate by the name of Joseph Guffey who was in league with Moscow. This man's family had its roots in my own home county since pre-Revolutionary days. I have never known Joe Guffey to be a communist or communistically inclined, but during that particular campaign the cry of the compaign at that time was communism.

Mr. President, I was driving along in my car one night, late at night, going from one town to another to appear at public meetings, and I heard my opponent of that day making a radio speech. He distinctly attacked me personally, my Americanism. He attacked the things that he said I believed in, and it was all based upon a vote that I had given on the Senate floor.

Back in 1945, there was a piece of legislation introduced in the Senate, removing the communists from the ballot in Pennsylvania by legislative act. I took the position then that it was unconstitutional. I said, "This is no way to attack a political party; that under our Constitutions, Federal and State Constitutions, these people, if they want to band themselves into a political party and call it communist, have a right to do so."

Mr. President, I have never knowingly voted for a piece of legislation that in my own mind, after a study and determination, was contrary to the Constitution. I have never knowingly allowed any person to act contrary to the Constitution without raising my voice in defense of the Constitution. However, my vote of "Nay" at that time was the single, sole, solitary opposing vote in this Senate; the vote was 49 to 1. I was the only person in this Senate who voted against that piece of legislation.

Mr. President, during the 1946 campaign, personally and for my party, I had done a great injustice, not that the injustice was one of conscience, but it was an injustice because of the fact that we live in a day and age when what we do is misinterpreted by those who are in power to disseminate the information of the actions of this Body, those who have the power to create opinions by the writing of editorials, operating under freedom of the press. They have the only agency in the Commonwealth to create opinion.

Mr. President, I would be derelict in my duties to the Democratic Party if I did not vote for this piece of legislation today. I agree in principle and in fact with the statements of Senator Rosenfeld, the statements of Senator Leader, the statements of Senator Silvert. I agree

with these men. This legislation should not be before us today. However, in my capacity as the spokesman for my party, it has taken from me the personal privilege of voting on this particular issue.

Mr. President, I cannot permit my party to be further stigmatized as a party friendly to un-American activities. I know and every decent citizen knows that the Democratic Party was born within the brain and in the conscience of Thomas Jefferson, the greatest American of them all, the greatest liberal of them all, but I also know that were he alive today and presented with the same problem, his decision would be resolved, I believe, along the same lines that mine are.

Mr. President, I want to say that my vote in 1945, the sole singular vote against that bill, was vindicated, because Governor Duff, now United States Senator Duff, as Attorney General of the Commonwealth, had that legislation taken from the books, the statute books, because it was declared unconstitutional, but of all the newspapers and the people in my community, who felt that they were doing what they thought was right, burned me in effigy upon my front lawn and, although I was characterized as a Red and a near Red or a "pink," or whatever you want to call it, there was never an apology made to my family, there was never a word of retraction made after the bill was declared unconstitutional.

So, Mr. President, in the face of that injustice, in fairness to my family, I will vote for this legislation. We are living in a day when stool pigeons have become number one citizens. We are living in a day when men will hide behind the decent emblem of patriotism to do things that they would not do openly, but as a leader of my party I must subscribe to the days that we live in, and speaking for the Democratic Party at this moment, I am proud that my group are going to vote as individuals on this matter, leaving it upon my shoulders to carry whatever must be carried, whether it be a cross or a halo for the party itself.

Mr. President, I will vote for this measure because the injustices of the day demand me to vote for it.

Mr. McCREESH. Mr. President, I think that we must admit today that we are living in the greatest Country in the world, and I think that every Senator on this floor today should vote for this bill. I would be scared and I would be ashamed to go back home to my family if I voted against this bill.

Mr. McGINNIS. Mr. President, I think it is clear to everyone on this floor that this is the most controversial bill that has come into this Senate this year. I received more protests, telegrams against this bill than against all the other bills, and I am convinced of this: You will not catch a single communist, you will not do any good, and it is very offensive to the Quakers, very offensive to half of our school teachers of this State, and all it will do, just as it has done here today, is create controversies, disputes and you hurt a lot of the best people we have in Pennsylvania.

Mr. HOLLAND. Mr. President, I believe that the right to petition the Legislature for a hearing is a fundamental part of government, and when the Quakers, who in most instances have been here longer in this Country and this State than some of the Members of the Senate, are refused the right to come here and be heard in public hearings, my conscience alone requires that I vote against this bill.

Mr. President, I want to point out to Mr. Mallery that the men on the Committee on Atomic Energy had to take an oath. Hiss had to take an oath, but that did not stop them from being communist spies.

Mr. President, we have the Alien Sedition Law on the books here, and in 1937, I fought to keep it on the books because I thought it was a good bill at that time. You know, Mr. President, not one person in Pennsylvania up to the time that Judge Musmanno started the case in Pittsburgh, was ever tried under the Alien Sedition Law. Any of these people we are trying to get can be gotten under the laws that we now have, and I believe it is an insult to the Friends and to the Quakers, who have asked us in their quaint way to be heard in the public hearing, for us to say, no, to them, because after all they have played an important part in making Pennsylvania what it is today.

Mr. President, due to the refusal of this committee to have a public hearing, I am forced to vote against this bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42

Bane,	Haluska,	Meade,	Taylor,
Barrett,	Hare,	Pechan,	Toole,
Berger,	Kephart,	Peelor,	Wade,
Blass,	Kessler,	Propert,	Wagner,
Byrne,	Lane,	Robinson,	Walker,
Chapman,	Letzler,	Ruth,	Watkins,
Crowe,	Mahany,	Scarlett,	Watson,
Dent,	Mallery,	Snowden,	Wolfe,
Diehm,	McCreesh,	Stevenson,	Wood,
Fleming,	McMenamin,	Stiefel,	Yosko,
Freed	McPherson, Jr.,		

NAYS—7

DiSilvestro,	Leader,	Neff,	Silvert,
Holland,	McGinnis,	Rosenfeld,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. BLASS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 575) entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware River, and the improvement of the facilities for transportation across the river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor

on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement with the State of New Jersey amending Articles I, II, IV, XI and VII of, and adding Article XIII, to the compact and agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, authorized and made pursuant to the act herein supplemented, by changing the name of The Delaware River Joint Commission to The Delaware River Port Authority, and the method of appointment of commissioners; removing the present Pennsylvania members of the commission, extending the jurisdiction, powers and duties of the Delaware River Port Authority and defining such additional jurisdiction, powers and duties; to take effect upon the enactment of substantially similar legislation by the State of New Jersey embodying the supplemental agreement between the two States in this act set forth and authorizing the Governor to apply on behalf of the Commonwealth to the Congress of the United States for its consent thereto.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House, as follows:

House Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act regulating the appointment promotion suspension reduction removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents assistant superintendents inspectors and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Local Government.

House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 6 of the act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055), entitled "Indeterminate Sentence, Probation and Penitentiary Parole Law," by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred fifty-four of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled, "Public School Code of 1949," by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 199

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking, and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers, and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State Departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

SENATE BILL NO. 18 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565), entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II; providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who, because of death or incapacity, cannot personally receive compensation; imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General; making an appropriation, and providing penalties," by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The PRESIDENT. The bill as amended will appear on tomorrow's Calendar.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's session.

Mr. HARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 575), entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware River, and the improvement of the facilities for transportation across the river; authorizing the Governor, for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with New Jersey; creating the Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commis-

sion; and making an appropriation," authorizing the Governor on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter into a supplemental compact or agreement with the State of New Jersey amending Articles I, II, IV, XI and XII of, and adding Article XIII, to the compact and agreement between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, authorized and made pursuant to the act herein supplemented, by changing the name of The Delaware River Joint Commission to The Delaware River Port Authority, and the method of appointment of commissioners; removing the present Pennsylvania members of the commission, extending the jurisdiction, powers and duties of the Delaware River Port Authority and defining such additional jurisdiction, powers and duties; to take effect upon the enactment of substantially similar legislation by the State of New Jersey embodying the supplemental agreement between the two States in this act set forth and authorizing the Governor to apply on behalf of the Commonwealth to the Congress of the United States for its consent thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act to amend section 15 of the act, approved the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 298) entitled "An act authorizing the creation of, and providing for, and regulating the maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fourth class, imposing certain charges on counties and fixing penalties," by further providing for disability retirement allowances.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such board; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payable by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by authorizing the payment of additional compensation to subordinate assessors by the boroughs, townships and school districts in which he makes assessments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364) entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the organization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporation; conferring certain rights, powers, duties, and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue, to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by permitting the Department of State to copy and destroy or return certain documents; permitting directors to fill vacancies in the board of directors resulting from an increase in the number of directors; deleting certain requirements as to the appointment, compensation and duties of agents; providing that meetings of shareholders at which directors are to be elected may be adjourned for periods of fifteen days each; fixing the method of cumulative voting in cases where directors are elected separately by the holders of different classes of shares; providing that courts having jurisdiction over trustees who are evenly divided as to how shares shall be voted may direct the voting of such shares; deleting requirements as to the voting of shares of foreign corporations owned by other corporations; providing that articles of incorporation may be amended to eliminate the preemptive rights of shareholders, and providing for the purchase of and payment for shares of any shareholders who dissent therefrom; specifying cases of merger or consolidation of which sixty days' notice to shareholders must be given; providing that shareholders of a parent corporation shall have no right to dissent from a merger or consolidation of such parent and one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries thereof, provided the state of incorporation and relative rights and preferences of the shareholders of the parent corporation are not changed thereby; providing that foreign corporations which shall have done business in Pennsylvania without procuring a certificate of authority to do so shall be conclusively presumed to have appointed the Secretary of the Commonwealth their agent to accept service of process in cases arising out of acts of omissions of such corporation in the Commonwealth, and specifying the duties of the Secretary upon receipt of such process.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 394, entitled:

An Act to further amend section eight hundred six of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by eliminating the provision making it unlawful to carry unloaded rifles and shotguns in or on any vehicle or conveyance unless said rifles and shotguns are in cases or securely wrapped, and also eliminating the provision making it unlawful to possess cartridges or shells for hunting in vehicles or conveyances unless they are in unbroken original cartoons, or securely wrapped.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 704 of the act, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 364), entitled "An act relating to business corporations; defining and providing for the oragnization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, winding up and dissolution of such corporations; conferring certain rights, powers, duties and immunities upon them and their officers and shareholders; prescribing the conditions on which such corporations may exercise their powers; providing for the inclusion of certain existing corporations of the second class within the provisions of this act; prescribing the terms and conditions upon which foreign business corporations may be admitted, or may continue to do business within the Commonwealth; conferring powers and imposing duties on the courts of common pleas, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; authorizing certain State departments, boards, commissions, or officers to collect fees for services required to be rendered by this act; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to corporations," by changing and clarifying the provisions with respect to payment of dividends from paid-in surplus.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WALKER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Thursday, March 29, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

Mr. MEADE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:07 o'clock, p. m., Eastern Standard Time, until Thursday, March 29, 1951, at 10:00 o'clock, a. m., Eastern Standard Time.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, March 28, 1951

The House met at 1:00 p. m.

The SPEAKER (Herbert P. Sorg) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend William Hugh Fryer, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, by Whom our fathers won their liberties of old; grant that we and all the people of this land may be strong to maintain our freedom against the assaults of those who by aggression seek to enslave us to their will. Guide, we beseech Thee, our Governor and all those Thy servants to whom has been committed the government of this state, giving them special gifts of wisdom and understanding, that in the defense of our liberties they may be the instruments of a lasting peace for all mankind, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. Are there any corrections to the Journal of Tuesday, March 27, 1951? If not, and without objection, the Journal is approved.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

SENATE BILL No. 103

An Act to reenact and amend the title of Section 4 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 982), entitled "An act to authorize State public bodies, as defined, to aid redevelopment authorities in the elimination of blighted areas and their redevelopment by entering into contracts to furnish and by furnishing to said authorities and to any Federal governmental agency, parks, playgrounds, streets and other improvements and facilities; and by donating or lending money and making appropriations therefor; by accepting payments and exercising certain other powers and duties," by confirming authorization heretofore granted to the Commonwealth and State public bodies, to dedicate, sell, convey or lease any of its property to a redevelopment authority; and by providing for the execution of instruments therefor on behalf of the Commonwealth; and validating dedications, sales, conveyances and leases heretofore made.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

SENATE BILL No. 173

An Act relating to the serving in public eating places of imported trout regulating the serving thereof and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

SENATE BILL No. 305

An Act to facilitate vehicular traffic across the Commonwealth by providing for the construction, operation and maintenance of a turnpike from a connection with the Eastern Extension of the Pennsylvanian Turnpike System at such point as the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission may decide is most feasible and practicable to a point on the Delaware River on the boundary line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and authorizing the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission to construct a bridge across the Delaware River or to acquire the use of a bridge heretofore or hereafter constructed for the further extension of the Pennsylvania Turnpike System and conferring powers and imposing duties on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission; authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue bonds of the Commonwealth payable solely from tolls to pay the cost of such turnpike; and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness; providing that no debt of the Commonwealth shall be incurred in the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act; providing for the collection of tolls for the payment of such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness and for the cost of maintenance, operation and repair of the turnpike; making such turnpike bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness exempt from taxation; constituting such bonds legal investments in certain instances; requiring suits against the commission to be brought in Dauphin County; prescribing conditions on which such turnpike shall become free; providing for grade separations, grade changes, relocations, restoration and vacation of public roads and State highways effected by the turnpike; providing for the purchasing or condemnation of land and procedure for determining damages in condemnation; granting certain powers and authority to municipal subdivisions and agencies of the Commonwealth to cooperate with the Commission; and authorizing the issuance of turnpike revenue refunding bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Highways.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 331

An Act to amend clause (4) of Section 1401 and Section 1421 of the act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "Public School Code of 1949," by further defining "Medical Examiner."

HOUSE BILL No. 332.

An Act to amend Clause (80) (81) and (87) of Section 101 of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1019) entitled "An act relating to statutory laws prescribing an enacting clause for statutes fixing the effective date and time of statutes hereafter enacted providing for notice of application for local and special legislation for the correction of errors in statutes and for the printing and publication of statutes prescribing rules for the interpretation of statutes defining certain words and phrases when used in statutes and prescribing rules for the construction and operation of amendments re-enactments and repeals of statutes" by changing the definition of "osteopath" "osteopathic surgeon" and "physician."

HOUSE BILL No. 441.

An Act providing for the reception as evidence of certifications of authorized representatives of departments, boards or commissions, attesting to the licensure status or non-licensure status of an individual.

HOUSE BILL No. 501.

An Act authorizing the Department of Welfare, the Department of Health, or any department administrative board, commission or officer of either department to proceed by injunction or other process in the court of common pleas in any county where an alleged unauthorized activity is committed, to prohibit and restrain any unlicensed person, association, copartnership or corporation from engaging in any activity for which a license is required to be issued by either department, and setting out the method of procedure therefor.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. ROBERTSON from the Committee on Counties, reported as committed, House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (P. L. 803) entitled as amended "An act providing for the creation, maintenance and operation of a county employes' retirement system in counties of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth class; imposing certain charges on counties, and prescribing penalties," by further defining county employ, substituting the chief clerk for the aduitor as a member of and secretary to the board in certain cases and extending the period in which a certain option may be exercised.

Mr. WHEELER from the Committee on Counties, reported as committed, House Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 7 of the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such board; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payable by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by further providing for omitted assessments.

Mr. BOLTON from the Committee on Townships, reported as amended, House Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 2445 of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206), entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class; amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto," by authorizing the issuance of non-debt revenue bonds for the alteration, addition to or enlargement of existing sewers, sewer systems and sewage treatment works and the pledging of revenue derived from the existing system in payment of such bonds and authorizing the issue and sale of non-debt revenue bonds at one time.

Mr. DAVIS from the Committee on Counties, reported as committed, House Bill No. 224, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 7 of the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1379), entitled "An act creating in counties of the third class a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; providing for the appointment of the members of such board by the county commissioners; providing for their salaries, payable by the county; abolishing existing boards; defining the powers and duties of such boards; regulating the assessment of persons, property, and occupations for county, borough, town, township, school, and poor purposes; authorizing the appointment of subordinate assessors, a solicitor, engineers, and clerks; providing for their compensation, payably by such counties; abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, so far as the making of assessments and valuations for taxation is concerned; and providing for the acceptance of this act by cities," by further providing for the preparation of assessment rolls and lists.

Mr. McMILLEN from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, House Bill No. 277, entitled:

An Act to amend section six hundred eighty of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by requiring new residents and residents becoming of age to notify assessors of such facts; and prescribing penalties.

Mr. COCHRAN from the committee on Motor Vehicles, reported as committed House Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (a) of Section 1103 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles, tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims, registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof; upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justrices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by prohibiting the installation of parking meters by local authorities at certain places.

Mrs. MARKLEY from the Committee on Motor Vehicles, reported as committed, House Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 905), entitled "An act for the protection of the public safety; regulating the use of highways, and the operation of vehicles; tractors, street cars, trackless trolley omnibuses, bicycles, pedestrians, and the riding of animals upon the highways of this Commonwealth; providing for the titling, including liens, encumbrances, and legal claims; registration of certain vehicles and licensing the operators thereof, upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of vehicles, and garage keepers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of their motor vehicles; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees, and miscellaneous receipts making an appropriation and providing for refunds," by authorizing the operation or movement of ambulances and police vehicles with a red light displayed to the front thereof.

Mr. LAFORE from the Committee on Motor Vehicles, reported as committed, House Bill No. 541, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 511 and Section 610 of the act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1005), entitled "An act

relating to and regulating tractors and trailers and their operation; providing for their registration, and the licensing of certain operators by the Oepartment of Revenue upon payment of prescribed fees; prescribing and limiting the powers of local authorities to deal with the subject matter of this act; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue, the Department of Highways, peace officers, mayors, burgesses, magistrates, aldermen, justices of the peace, the courts and the clerks thereof, owners of tractors and trailers; providing that records are admissible as evidence; imposing upon owners, counties, cities, boroughs, incorporated towns, and townships, within the Commonwealth, liability for damages caused by the negligent operation of tractors and trailers; imposing penalties; imposing certain costs upon counties; providing for the disposition of fines, forfeitures, fees and miscellaneous receipts; making an appropriation, and providing for refunds," by extending the time and increasing the fees for the issuance of special hauling and excessive size permits and increasing size for which permits may be issued.

Mr. BAUMUNK from the Committee on Game and Forestry, reported as amended, House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 502 of the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1225), entitled "An act concerning game and other wild birds and wild animals; and amending, revising, consolidating, and changing the law relating thereto" by regulating the issuance of resident hunters' licenses for antlerless deer and eliminating the provisions for special permits for antlerless deer and for abrogation of open season on antlerless deer.

Mr. HARVEY A. MOORE from the Committee on Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and further amend Subsections A and C of Section 1 of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 1145) entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class and school districts of the fourth class to levy, assess, and collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain additional taxes subject to maximum limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation of officers and employes to assess and collect such taxes; and permitting penalties to be imposed and enforced; providing an appeal from the ordinance or resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," by including townships of the second class within the classes of political subdivisions authorized to impose taxes under the provisions thereof.

Mr. YOUNG from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 848, entitled:

An Act to further amend sections four and ten of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 149), entitled as amended, "An act imposing a State aax, payable by those herein defined as distributors, on liquid fuels used or sold and delivered within the Commonwealth, which are practically, and commercially suitable for use in internal combustion engines for the generation of power; providing for the collection and lien of the tax, and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such distributors to secure permits, to file corporate surety bonds and reports, and to retain certain records; imposing duties on retail dealers, common carriers, county commissioners, and such distributors; providing for rewards; imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation," by extending the provisions of the additional tax for a limited time; and further providing for the distribution of the additional tax to certain political subdivisions of this Commonwealth, with certain conditions.

Mr. WEIDNER from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of the act, approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred fortly-seven (P. L. 1199), entitled "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as users, on fuels used within the Commonwealth in internal combustion engines for the generation of power to propel motor vehicles using the public highways; providing for the collection and lien of the tax and the distribution and use of the proceeds thereof; requiring such users to secure licenses, to file bonds as a guarantee of payment of taxes, penalties, interest, fines, uncollectible check fees and Attorney General's fees, to file reports and to compile and retain certain records; imposing duties on dealers, wholesalers and carriers for hire! imposing certain costs on counties; conferring powers and imposing duties on certain State officers and departments; providing for refunds of taxes; penalties and interest illegally or erroneously collected from licensed users; and making appropriations," by extending the provisions of the additional tax for a limited time.

Mr. GIBSON from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act imposing an income on residents of Pennsylvania as herein defined including trust and estates and on income of nonresidents derived from property, business or other sources in Pennsylvania; defining taxable income and requiring filing of returns thereof; providing for the assessment, collection and lien of said tax; providing for administration and enforcement of the act by the Department of Revenue, conferring powers and imposing duties on certain persons, fiduciaries, partnerships, associations, corporations, political subdivisions, State officers, employes and departments; saying certain local taxes; and imposing penalties.

Mr. GREER from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act to reenact and further amend the title and the act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 208), entitled, as amended, "An act to provide revenue for State purposes by imposing an excise tax, for a limited period of time, on the net incomes of certain corporations, joint-stock associations, and limited partnerships; providing for the assessment, collection, settlement and re-settlement of taxes, and reviews and appeal therefrom; conferring powers, and imposing duties on certain persons, corporations, joint-stock associations, limited partnerships, State, and county officers, boards, and departments; making an appropriation; and providing penalties," by increasing the rate of tax, and extending the provisions of the act for a further limited period of time.

Mr. KRATZ from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act to further amend section twenty-one of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 520), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," postpon-

ing the manufacturing exemption with regard to capitol stock tax and the franchise tax on domestic and foreign corporations, joint-stock associations, limited partnerships and companies, for a further limited period of time.

Mr. McCORMACK from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 843, entitled:

An Act to further amend section twenty-three of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 420), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," by increasing for a further limited period of time the rate of tax imposed upon the gross receipts of certain companies, limited partnerships, associations, joint-stock associations, copartnerships and persons.

Mr. McMILLEN from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 844, entitled:

An Act to reenact and further amend the title and the act, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (P. L. 341), entitled, as amended, "An act to provide revenue by imposing a State tax upon sales or gifts of cigarettes by dealers as herein defined: requiring persons engaged in the sale of cigarettes at wholesale and retail to secure permits; prescribing the method and manner of collecting such tax; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue, and persons, as herein defined, engaged in the sale of cigarettes at retail or wholesale; and providing penalties," by providing that the provisions of said act shall continue in effect until repealed.

Mr. SAX from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and the act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six (Special Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, P. L. 13), entitled "An act imposing an emergency State tax for a limited period of time on liquor, as herein defined, sold by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the collection and payment of such tax; and imposing duties upon the Department of Revenue and the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board," as previously reenacted and amended, by extending the provisions thereof, for a further limited period of time

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act to further amend section three of the act, apprived the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 285), entitled, as amended "An act imposing a State tax, payable by those herein defined as manufacturers and by others, on malt or brewed beverages used, sold, transported, or delivered within the Commonwealth; prescribing the method and manner of evidencing the payment and collection of such tax; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Department of Revenue, and those using or engaged in the sale, at retail or wholesale, or in the transportation of malt or brewed beverages taxable hereunder; and providing penalties," increasing the rates of certain taxes for further limited period of time.

Mr. McCORMACK from the Committee on Liquor Control, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto regulating and restricting the manufacture purchase sale possession consumption importation transportation furnishing holding in bond holding in storage traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships for the abatement of certain nuisances and in certain cases for search and seizure without warrant prescribing penalties and forfeitures and repealing existing laws.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act to further amend section four thousand three hundred two of the act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932) entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class and amending revising and consolidating the law relating thereto" by prescribing a minimum period of continuous service and in certain cases a minimum age for police retirement.

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (P. L. 644) entitled "An act relating to and regulating the solicitation of moneys and property for charitable religious benevolent humane and patriotic purposes" by transferring the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the act from the Department of Welfare to the Department of Revenue

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 220, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1661) entitled "An act to impose a temporary tax on real estate for public school purposes in school districts of the first class for current expenses" by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years and deleting certain obsolete provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 221, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1676) entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property providing for its levy and collection conferring and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority board of revision of taxes receiver of school taxes school treasurer board of public education in such

districts and courts providing for compensation to certain officers and employes and imposing penalties' by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years and deleting certain obsolete provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 222, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1669) entitled "An act to provide revenue for school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax on persons engaging in certain businesses professions occupations trade vocations and commercial activities therein providing for its levy and collection conferring and imposing powers and duties on the Board of Public Education receiver of school taxes and school treasurer in such districts and prescribing penalties" by continuing the provisions thereof for the year one thousand nine hundred fifty-two and succeeding years and deleting certain obsolete provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An Act relating to mental health including mental illness mental defect epilepsy and inebriety and amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 652 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parachial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the measure of pupil teacher ratio in computing the real estate tax for school purposes in school districts of the first class and first class A

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 269, entitled:

An Act to amend the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the establishment by the Department of Public Instruction of a standardized driver-training program in the public schools and providing for assistance to school districts in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 566) entitled "A supplement to the act approved the second day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (P. L. 736) entitled as amended 'An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employement establishing an elective schedule of compensation providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder and prescribing penalties' as reenacted and amended providing for the payment of compensation to volunteer firemen or their dependents" by extending the provisions thereof to certain persons who extinguish forest fires and further defining compensation in the case of self employers

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend the title and further amend the act approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 733) entitled "An act to provide revenue in school districts of the first class by imposing a temporary tax upon certain classes of personal property providing for its levy and collection conferring and imposing powers and duties on the county assessing authority board of revision of taxes receiver of school taxes county treasurer board of public education in such districts and courts providing for compensation to certain officers and employes and imposing penalties" by eliminating certain classes of taxable items providing that corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations holding certain taxable securities as mere custodian for the real owner shall not be taxed therefor and providing that the act shall apply only to school districts of the first class A

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 512, entitled:

An Act to further amend subsection (b) of Section 4 of and to add Section 36.1 to the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-five (P. L. 1050) entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes levied by counties county institution districts cities of the third class boroughs towns townships certain school districts and vocational school districts conferring powers and imposing duties on tax collectors courts and various officers of said political subdivisions and prescribing penalties" by requiring taxing districts to pay the premiums on corporate bonds of the tax collector in townships of the first class and further regulating the fixing of the compensation of elected tax collectors

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act requiring approval of the interested electorate to initiate housing projects

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred forty-four of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by further providing for increments for professional employes holding a Masters Degree or its equivalent.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 602, entitled:

An Act to reenact and amend the title and the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 259) entitled as amended "An act providing for the payment by the State Treasurer of one-half of the amount of the tax on premiums paid by foreign casualty insurance companies to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs towns and townships and for the payment thereof into police pension funds and in certain cases into the Municipal Employes' Retirement System and for Pension Annuity Contracts and in certain other cases into the State Employes' Retirement Fund for certain purposes" by extending the benefits of the act to certain county police pension funds.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand one hundred nine of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for qualifications of principals.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 656, entitled:

An Act to add Section 1709 to the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for traveling expenses of members of joint schol boards and joint school committees in attending meetings of the same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 696, entitled:

An Act to further amend clause XIII of Section 702 of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103) entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing supervisors to provide insurance for employes of the township and providing for payments to beneficiaries.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1137 of the Act approved the fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519) entitled "An act concerning boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs" by authorizing boroughs to purchase annuity or life insurance contracts for the purpose of paying pensions annuities or disability or death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 1415 of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by authorizing townships to purchase annuity contracts or life insurance policies for payment of pensions annuities and disability and death benefits to policemen or their dependents.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 699, entitled:

An Act to further amend Section 1917 of the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103) entitled "An act concerning townships of the second class and amending revising sonsolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by permitting lands or buildings to be set aside or acquired as recreation places and to provide for the supervision operation and maintenance thereof without approval by the electors.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 700, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the first day of May one thousand nne hundred thirty-three (P. L. 103) entitled "An act coscerning townships of the second class and amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by further defining clarifying adding to and otherwise changing the laws relating to the affairs of townships.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 701, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 1206) entitled "An act concerning townships of the first class amending revising consolidating and changing the law relating thereto" by changing requirements for contracts and purchases and imposing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 702, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519) entitled "An act concerning boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs" by further regulating the affairs of boroughs and revising amending and changing the law relating thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration House Bill No. 746, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania establishing annual sessions of the General Assembly.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction and equipping of the Pennsylvania Institution for Mental Defectives providing for the acquisition of land providing for the care maintenance and control of inmates imposing duties and conferring powers on the Department of Welfare and the Department of Property and Supplies

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act to amend clause (1) of subsection A of Section 1412 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by revising the procedure for the conversion of banks and bank and trust companies into national banks

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1408 of the act, approved the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624), entitled, as amended, "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations; providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations, with or without fiduciary powers, including the conversion of National banks into State banks, and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations; defining the rights, powers, duties, liabilities, and immunities of such corporations, of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business, with or without fiduciary powers, of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations, and of the officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, attorneys, and other employes of all such corporations, employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers, or of affiliated corporations, associations, or persons; restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation, association, or person, and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts, prothonotaries, recorders of deeds, and certain State departments, commissions, and officers; imposing penalties; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts," by making further provision concerning the effect of merger or consolidation of banking institutions.

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act relating to the examination, detention, hearing, commitment, care, treatment, rehabilitation, probation and discharge of any person who is not insane, but who suffers from such conditions of emotional instability or of impulsiveness or behavior, or who lacks the customary standards of judgment, self-control and discretion or who fails to appreciate the consequences of his acts, or who combines any one or more of such conditions, so as to render such person irresponsible and thereby dangerous to himself or to others; imposing certain duties on district attorneys, courts and the Department of Welfare in respect thereto; payment of maintenance costs and reimbursement in such cases.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 496, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 1132 of the act, approved the fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-seven (P. L. 519), entitled "An act concerning boroughs, and revising, amending, and consolidating the law relating to boroughs," by permitting retirement of members of the police force after twenty years of total service, deleting requirement for continuous service for such retirement.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 716, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Appropriation Acts page 62) entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and forty-nine" providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made by the act for the fiscal biennium ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Public Assistance and providing for certain allocations therefrom for the purpose of carrying out the Public Assistance Law for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred forty-nine and for the payment of assistance and expenses accrued or incurred prior to and remaining unpaid on May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred forty-nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 719, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Department of Welfare to reimburse State-aided hospitals for part of the cost of training student nurses in approved schools of nursing

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the use of certain revenues for the acquisition of bridges and toll bridges.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

Senate Bill No. 215, Printer's No. 39 and

Senate Bill No. 217, Printer's No. 40

were passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act validating certain deeds bonds and mortgages and trust indentures executed and delivered by non-profit corporations unless the validity thereof is raised by legal proceedings within a prescribed period of time.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Members of the House are invited by Mr. A. E. O'Brien to attend the Zembo Shrine Circus, Tuesday, April 3, 1951 at 8:00 o'clock p. m. at the Farm Show Arena as the guests of the Associated Pennsylvania Constructors. The Chief Clerk of the House, Mr. Habbyshaw, will reserve your ticket.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

BILLS PASSED OVER

There being no objection

House Bill No. 18, Printer's No. 42

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act to amend subsection (b) of Section 921, and Section 922 of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the tenure of members and officers of county boards of school directors.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. POLEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 921), page 2, line 14, by striking out the words "or upon" and inserting in lieu thereof: "Upon."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 921), page 2, line 15, by inserting after the word "residence" the following: "he shall hold his office until the next annual convention, at which a successor shall be elected for the balance of the unexpired term."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the offering of amendments at this time? Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 98, as follows:

An Act regulating the appointment promotion suspension reduction removal and reinstatement of employes (except superintendents assistant superintendents inspectors and chief clerks) in bureaus of police in cities of the second class and defining the powers and duties of civil service commissions in such cities for such purposes

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 All positions in the bureau of police except as hereinafter provided in cities of the second class shall be in the competitive class of the civil service of such cities This act shall not apply to or include superintendents of police under the direction of the department of public safety by whatever title his position may be designated nor his ranking assistant superintendent by whatever title his position may be designated nor to the inspectors or chief clerk in bureaus of police in such cities

Section 2 The civil service commissions in cities of the second class shall not have the power to change any rule or regulation which has been established and which is in force and effect on the date of the approval of this act in so far as the same shall apply to the positions provided for in this act to be in the competitive class nor shall any commission have the power to waive any such rule or regulation in any specific case or cases

Section 3 Each applicant for original appointment to any position in the competitive class in any bureau of police in any city of the second class shall undergo a physical examination which shall be conducted by a commission composed of doctors of medicine appointed for that purpose by the mayor Said commission shall certify to the civil service commission that the applicant is free from bodily or mental defects deformity or disease that might incapacitate him from the performance of the duties of the position he is seeking before such applicant is permitted to take any further examination No application for such appointment shall be received from any person who is under twenty-one years of age or over thirty-five years of age at the date of his application Nor shall any such application be received from any person who has not been a bona fide resident of the city for one year next preceding the date of his application Provided That any applicant for reinstatement as a member of the bureau of police who shall have served as an employe in such bureau of police for a period of more than six months and who at the time of his application for reinstatement shall be a resident of such city shall be eligible for such reinstatement even though such applicant shall be over the age of thirty-five years

Section 4 Reinstatements as employes in said bureau of police may be made without any restriction or restrictions as to time No examination other than a physical examination as directed by the civil service commission shall be required in any case of reinstatement Any person so reinstated shall be the lowest in rank in the bureau next above the probationers in such bureau

Section 5 No person employed in a competitive position in the bureau of police in any city of the second class shall be eligible for promotion from a lower grade to a higher grade until such person shall have completed at least four years service in the grade of patrolman

Section 6 Vacancies in positions in the competitive class shall be filled by promotions from among persons holding positions in a lower grade in the bureau of police Promotions shall be based upon merit to be ascertained by tests to be provided by the civil service commission and upon the superior qualifications of the person to be promoted as shown by his previous service and experience The civil service commission shall maintain a numerical list of those persons qualified for promotion to the next superior position which list shall be permanent and from which list the director of the department of public safety shall make all promotions in the order in which the names appear on said list The director of the department of public safety shall not pass over any name appearing on the civil service commission list for promotion until the promotion is first tendered to the first name thereon and then only when said person refuses said promotion or is physically unable to carry out the duties of the new position The civil service commission shall have the power to determine in each instance whether an increase in salary constitutes a promotion

Section 7 No employe in the competitive class in any bureau of police in any city of the second class shall be removed discharged or suspended for a period exceeding ten days as a penalty or reduced in rank or pay without his written consent except for just cause which shall not be religious or political nor in any event except by the decision of a court either of trial or inquiry duly determined and certified in writing to the mayor and approved in writing by the mayor which court shall be composed of three persons employed in said bureau of police equal or superior in rank therein to the accused Such decision shall only be determined by trial of charges with plain specifications made by or lodged with the director of the department of public safety of which trial the accused shall have due notice and at which he shall have the right to be present in person and represented by a brother employe or any attorney-at-law to act as his counsel The persons composing said court shall be appointed and shall be sworn by the director of the department of public safety to perform their duties impartially and without fear or favor The person of high rank in said court shall have the same authority to issue and enforce probess to secure the attendance of witnesses and administer oaths to witnesses as is possessed by any jutice of the peace of the Commonwealth if said person shall be equal in rank then the persons composing said court shall select one of their number to exercise such authority Such charges may be of disability for service in which case the court shall be one of inquiry whose decision may be for the honorable discharge of the employe concerned or of neglect or violation of law or duty inejciency intemperance disobedience of orders or unbecoming official or personal conduct in which cases the court shall be one of trial and its decision shall authorize the director of public safety to impose fines and pecuniary penalties to be stopped from pay or to suspend from pay or duty or both for a period fixed by them not exceeding one year or to dismiss from the service It shall be lawful for the director of the department of public safety at his discretion to suspend from duty before trial any employe charged as aforesaid until such trial can be had with or without pay as such court shall afterwards determine but no trial shall be delayed for more than ten days following the date of suspension

Section 8 After full and complete hearing the court of trial or inquiry shall determine its decision which shall be promptly certified in writing to the mayor After approval by the mayor in writing the director of the department of public safety shall notify the accused in writing of such decision including the penalty if any In every case of such removal discharge suspension reduction or fine the complete record of the proceedings and recision of the court of trial or inquiry approval by the mayor and notice of the director of the department of public safety shall be furnished forthwith to the civil service commission and entered upon its records Within ten days following the receipt of the written notice of the director of the department of public safety if served personally or within ten days from the date of the mailing of such written notice by the director of the department of public safety to the last known address of the accused employe the accused employe shall have the right to appeal to the civil service commission of such city The civil service commission shall review the entire record including the testimony before the court of trial or inquiry and shall have the right to affirm modify or revoke the decision of the court of trial or inquiry The civil service commission in arriving at its decision may permit the taking of additional testimony but shall not be bound to do so If

the civil service commission shall fail to sustain the decision of removal of the officer the person sought to be removed shall be reinstated with full pay for the entire period during which he has been prevented from performing his usual employment and no charges shall be recorded against him In the event the decision shall be modified or sustained by the civil service commission the person penalized shall have the right to appeal by petition to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days after receipt of written notice of such action by the civil service commission It shall be the duty of the civil service commission to give such notice In every case so appealed to the court of common pleas of the county the court shall hear the charges made against the accused de novo Notice of the taking of such appeal shall be served on the city solicitor within ten days following the taking of the appeal The court shall fix a time and place for hearing shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law and file a decision The issue before the court shall be whether the action of the trial court shall be affirmed or modified in any respect or whether the charges should be dismissed Where any policeman has been suspended by the action of the trial court and the charges are dismissed on appeal the policeman shall receive full compensation for the entire period of suspension

Section 9 If for reasons of economy or lack of funds it becomes necessary for any city of the second class to reduce any employes of its bureau of police then the city shall follow the following procedure

First If there are any employes in its bureau of police eligible for retirement under the terms of any police pension fund then such reduction shall be made by retirement on pension of the oldest in age and service

Second If the number of employes in its bureau of police eligible for retirement under the pension fund of said city is sufficient to affect the reduction in number desired by the city or if there is no eligible person for retirement or if no retirement fund exists in said city then the reduction shall be effected b ysuspending the last man or men starting with probationers that have been appointed Such removal shall be accomplished by suspending in numerical order commencing with the last man appointed all recent appointees until such reduction shall have been accomplished Whenever the number of employes in the bureau of police shall be again increased in number or if any vacancies occur the employes suspended under the terms of this act shall be reinstated to their former class before any new appointees are appointed in the inverse order in which they were suspended

Section 10 All persons holding appointive positions in the bureau of police in any city of the second class upon the effective date of this act shall continue to hold such positions subject to the provisions of this act except that they shall not be required to take any examinations required by this act other than examinations required for promotions

Section 11 So much of section one of article three of the act approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred on (P. L. 20) entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class" as relates to the removal and dismissal of policemen in cities of the second class as reenacted and amended by the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 1761) is hereby repealed

The act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 206) entitled "An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the cities of the second class in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania making violations of its provisions to be misdemeanors and providing penalties for violations thereof" and its amendments are hereby repealed in so far as they relate to employes in bureaus of police in cities of the second class

All other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, this is a civil service bill intended to restrict the present civil service bill now in force in the City of Pittsburgh insofar as the police department is concerned.

For many years we have had a civil service system for both our fire department and our police department. Until recently the police civil service bill covered policemen other than detectives and inspectors.

This bill as originally introduced endeavored to bring all ranks of the police under the civil service provision of the law up to and including our police inspectors. The bill has been amended and has removed from the provisions of the bill that part which would govern the inspectors, but still includes the detectives.

I may say for the information of this House that the City on its own volition, under its Mayor, has provided for the inclusion of the detective force under the provisions of our civil service law. In fact already, as I stated yesterday, the detective force has submitted itself to a written examination the result of which will be made known in the next few days.

This bill as it now appears on the floor contains certain provisions that I feel are not understood even by the sponsor of this bill. For that reason I wish to call them to his attention and to the attention of the House. I feel that after I have made known these provisions he may see fit to ask that this bill be recommitted to Committee.

The sponsor of the bill is the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Thompson, and he himself is a veteran. I desire to call his attention to the fact that under the provisions of this bill the provisions of the Act of 1945 wherein the preference that has been given to soldiers and sailors in promotion under civil service will be wiped out.

This bill as it now is before you states that the City shall conduct a civil service examination for detectives and police, that a list shall be prepared in numerical order according to grades and that thereafter promotions shall be made from this list in numerical order.

Under the provisions of our civil service act members of soldiers and sailors veterans' organizations are given a ten percent allowance insofar as their grade is concerned, but under this bill, once having received that ten percent the men being listed in numerical order, should a vacancy occur or a promotion be in order, the superintendent of the police department of the City of Pittsburgh will be required by mandate of this act to select men according to numerical order, thus eliminating any veteran who may be on the list but who may not be first in order.

I do not think that the sponsor of this bill himself realizes this because I know that he is a veteran and would not want to see the provisions of the Act of 1945 abrogated as they are under this bill which repeals all bills heretofore passed that are inconsistent with the provisions of this bill.

This bill also states that all the rules and regulations of the Civil Service Commission as they now exist shall be frozen. It leaves no right in the Civil Service Commission to make rules and regulations which may be

found necessary under certain conditions. It may be that the reason for this freezing is to prevent the use of civil service lists for political purposes. I do not care what type of commission you may be dealing with, whether it is civil service or another governmental board no matter what the answer of a board may be, there is the charge from those who are disappointed that it smacks of politics.

The Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh is endeavoring to better the conditions of the police force of the City of Pittsburgh. He has seen fit, as I say, to put the detectives under the provisions of this act and that they be given these examinations. He is anxious that scientific methods be employed in the carrying out of police duties in the City of Pittsburgh. If this bill is passed under the provisions that now exists in the bill, if the city finds it advantageous to hire an ex-member of the FBI or an ex-member of the State Police duly qualified to serve in some special capacity it is precluded from doing that under the terms of this bill, because this bill says that in order to be appointed to the force or promoted you must have been a citizen of the City of Pittsburgh for at least one year; you must have taken the examination; you must be in numerical order and before you are eligible for promotion you must have been a patrolman for at least four years.

Just recently we installed a new crime laboratory; it was necessary for the city to go to Chicago to select a man competent to head that department. If this bill had been on the books at that time the City of Pittsburgh would have been hamstrung in selecting such a man. If you are going to place restrictions, as your are in this bill, on civil service you might as well go to the n'th degree and do it on every other commission. Abolish your commissions and have bills that you can read and understand what the act says, and carry out the instructions of the act.

I would ask you gentleman in all sincerity,—this is not political; it is not a political bill, it should not be a political bill,—I ask that you vote this bill down if the sponsor of the bill insists upon a vote, but I would also ask the sponsor of the bill to reconsider his action in permitting it to come to a vote and that he himself voluntarily ask that this bill be recommitted to Committee for such amendment or further study as may be found necessary.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Mr. Speaker, there was considerable said about this bill on the floor yesterday and again today.

The gentleman from Allegheny Mr. Schmidt had explained to you that this bill is a bill that would put the police department of the City of Pittsburgh under its own civil service law. The gentleman mentioned that in Pittsburgh they are attempting to put the city detectives under civil service.

However, if the Mayor of Pittsburgh or council can put those detectives under civil service they can also remove them from civil service themselves. This bill if it becomes a law would make it an enactment of this Legislature.

As to veterans' preference I certainly fail to see anything in this bill that would interfere with veterans' preference. There is a law that veterans in any civil service examination get their fifteen points additional credit.

As far as the promotion list in the police department is concerned, it says that vacancies in the competitive class shall be filled by promotions from persons holding positions in a lower grade in the bureau of police. Promotions shall be based upon merit to be ascertained by test to be provided by the Civil Service Commission. This bill does not state what those tests shall be. The Civil Service Commission can follow their usual procedure and the qualifications of the person to be promoted are shown by his previous service and experience.

The Civil Service Commission can also keep a record of merits according to good service, and demerits according to the number of times the man has been before the trial board or had to be disciplined in some way.

> "The Civil Service Commission shall maintain a numerical list of those persons qualified for promotion to the next superior position, which list shall be permanent and from which list the Director of the Department of Public Safety shall make all promotions in the order in which the names appear on said list. The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall not pass over any name appearing on the Civil Service Commission list for promotion until the promotion is first tendered to the first name thereon."

Now that, as far as I can see, is not interfering in the least with a Civil Service Commission giving the veteran his regular preference, so many extra points because he is a veteran, and then if his name is at the head of the list that is it.

As a matter of practical fact I would have an idea that there is no body but veterans getting on the police department today, with the civil service examination plus the fifteen point preference. I believe that all these examinations for promotions would be among veterans themselves; it would not be a question of a veteran or a non-veteran.

The gentleman has mentioned the fact that the City brought in a specialist to run a crime laboratory. There is nothing in this bill that would prevent such a thing, as far as I can see. If they had to bring in a specialist and none is available, that is a specialized proposition. This bill only deals with members of the police department and I presume that would mean all the people who are on the Department of Public Safety payroll and considered part of the police department.

In this bill the Mayor of the City has the right to appoint the Superintendent of Police, he appoints the Director of Public Safety, the Assistant Superintendent of Police, the Chief Clerk and the Inspectors.

He also on trial boards has the right to appoint the board and the board must be equal in rank or superior to the person to be tried. These are the Mayor's appointments, these trial boards. He can appoint those boards from his own appointments among the Inspectors and the Assistant Superintendent probably.

The Civil Service Commission of Pittsburgh is also a body appointed by the Mayor, and those members can be appointed and discharged at will by the Mayor.

The police department of the City of Pittsburgh, the actual policemen, if they are to be free of political control, absolutely need the protection provided by this

bill, and I would ask the Members of this House to vote for it.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, under Section IV of the Act of 1945, properly known as the Soldiers and Sailors Preference Act, it reads as follows:

"Whenever any soldier possesses the requisite qualifications, and his name appears on any eligible or promotional list, certified or furnished as a result of any such civil service examination, the appointing or promoting power in making an appointment or promotion to a public position shall give preference to such soldier, not withstanding, that his name does not stand highest on the eligible or promotional list."

That is the provision under the Act of 1945.
Under this bill, it provides in Section 6 as follows:

"The Civil Service Commission shall maintain a numerical list of those persons qualified for promotion to the next superior positions which list shall be permanent, and from which list the Director of the Department of Public Safety shall make all promotions in the order in which the names appear on said list. The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall not pass over any name appearing on the Civil Service Commission list for promotion until the promotion is first tendered to the first name thereon, and then only when said person refuses said promotion or is physically unable to carry out the duties of the new position."

In the repealing clause of this Act, it says:

"All other Acts, and parts of Acts, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed."

If the provisions of this bill are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Act of 1945 then I am badly misinformed.

Also I want to call your attention to the fact that the portion I read says that this list shall be permanent, meaning that if at the time an examination is given for either appointment or promotion and a list, let us say, of a hundred is made up, no other examinations can be given under this Act until each and every name on that list has been used up. And if it should take four, five or ten years to use up that list, there will be no other examination given until this list is used up.

Every other civil service provision that I have ever known has provided that a list, an eligibility list, such as this shall either continue for one, two or maybe three years; there is a time restriction on it. So I say, that too, is a bad feature in this bill.

I better also say this, that the two daily newspapers in Pittsburgh have in their editorials requested that this Legislature not act upon these bills at this time.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I do not arise to state a party position; I do not arise to state a caucus position. I simply state a personal position, a personal conviction.

I have personally arrived at the point where I view any extension of civil service as a backward step. I believe a survey of civil service and the inequities that it has developed would convince anyone whose views were not controlled by political considerations that civil service, by and large, in all its ramifications has not improved the public service.

This particular bill freezes a certain number of detectives under the police structure of Pittsburgh. Doubtless Pittsburgh has some good detectives. I do not mean, and I do not believe the Mayor of Pittsburgh would say that all of his detectives were good. However, the detectives that he has carry the reputation of the administration. Somebody should be in a position to rid Pittsburgh of any member of the police force who does not perform his functions. The people of Pittsburgh should not have to depend upon a Civil Service Commission to do it.

One of the evils at Washington, one of the evils here at Harrisburg, is the fact that public servants assured of civil service status just nestle down comfortably in the post, proceed to develop a growing bureaucracy and the longer they are in, the more bureaucratic they become.

Civil service examinations in 99 percent of the cases are simply so much bunk. I do not believe I ought to have to know on what day of the year and of what year Caesar was assassinated in order to be a policeman. The questions that Civil Service Commissions ask are in part related to the job they have to do, and others are purely academic.

And so the reasons I am opposed to this bill are not the reasons urged by the gentleman from Pittsburgh on this side of the House, why he is opposed to the bill. I am opposed to the bill because it is an extension of civil service in a direction that cannot benefit the police force of Pittsburgh. I say if the police force of Pittsburgh does not function, the Mayor and his administration are to blame, and should be voted out of office. But I do not believe the Mayor of Pittsburgh and his administration should be blamed for a non-functioning police force that they cannot dismiss at will.

Mr. RONALD L. THOMPSON. Mr. Speaker, I agree with the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Andrews, that the Mayor of Pittsburgh would make his police department function one hundred percent by appointing a Public Safety Director who knew his business, a Superintendent of Police who knew his business, Inspectors who were policemen instead of politicians. I think without any civil service whatsoever, if those things were done the police department in the City of Pittsburgh would function just as well as any police department possibly could.

The unfortunate thing about it is that the Mayor of Pittsburgh—and I do not speak only for the present Mayor; any mayor that comes along, apparently is under such political pressure from board chairmen and from his political heelers throughout the city that they just do not do it. Therefore, the people of Pittsburgh have in the last few years been of the opinion, and I think that this is pretty universal in the city, that the police department should be braced up.

I do not say this bill is a perfect bill in so far as doing a job that it will make a perfect police department, but what I do say is this, that it is a step in the right direction. It will take the political pressure off the policeman's neck. If he wants to be a good policeman, it gives him that opportunity without being pushed around politically. Those are the good features of this bill.

As to what the gentleman from Allegheny. Mr. Schmidt, mentioned, that the newspapers in Pittsburgh have been writing that we should not pass this bill, I think we took care of that matter yesterday when I put in amendments that would make this bill not effective until the first of September. That is five months that the police department of the City of Pittsburgh can function on its present basis. During those five months, if the Mayor or his administration intends to do anything to take

care of any situation they may have in their detective department, they have penty of time to do it.

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, as a final statement, I merely wish to state this, that based upon the statement just made by the sponsor of this bill, the necessity arises out of the fact that we have a politically controlled group of policemen in the City of Pittsburgh who are not doing their duty, do not want to do their duty, and therefore we are going to pass this law and freeze them into office and let them stay there—that is the only logic that I can get out of his remarks—"Keep them there. They are not qualified, but we are going to make sure that they stay there."

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—113

Banker,	Geer,	Markley,	Scott,
Barkdoll,	Gibson,	Mazza,	Shoemaker,
Baumunk,	Gleason,	McConnell,	Shotwell,
Bear,	Goodling,	McCormack,	Smith,
Beech,	Graybill,	McCullough,	Sollenberger,
Blair,	Greer,	McInroy,	Spencer,
Bloom,	Guthrie,	McKinney,	Stimmel,
Bolton,	Hall,	McMillen,	Stoner,
Boorse,	Hamilton, W. H.,	Metz,	Swartz,
Bower,	Harney,	Mikula,	Tahl,
Breisch,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Thompson, E. F.,
Brown,	Hewitt,	Miller, J. C.,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cella,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Tompkins,
Clapper,	Johnson,	Moore, C. E.,	Toomey,
Clendening,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Moore, H. A.,	VanSant,
Cooper,	Jump,	Murray,	Varner,
Costa,	Keller,	Naugle,	Wachhaus,
Dalrymple,	Kent,	Pichney,	Waterhouse,
Davis,	Kline,	Pitzer,	Watkins,
Dennison,	Kohl,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Weidner,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Reagan,	Wescott,
DuBois,	Lafore,	Reilly, J. M.,	Whalley,
Dunn,	Leisey,	Rigby,	White,
Erb,	Leonard, W. C.,	Riley, R. L.,	Wilt,
Ewing,	Light,	Robertson,	Yeakel,
Ferster,	Lyons,	Royer,	Young,
Firmstone,	Madden,	Rubin,	Ziegler,
Frost,	Madigan,	Sax,	Sorg,
		Schuster,	Speaker

NAYS—79

Amarando,	Headlee,	McNally,	Rosen,
Andrews,	Hoggard,	Mihm,	Rovansek,
Beaver,	Hunter,	Mills,	Sarraf,
Berkstresser,	Jenkins,	Monroe,	Scanlon,
Boies,	Jones, G. E.,	Moran,	Schmidt,
Breth,	Jones, J. M.,	Muldowney,	Seyler,
Bucchin,	Jones, P. F.,	Munley,	Snider,
Byrne,	Kamyk,	Musto,	Stank,
Cochran,	Kolankiewicz,	Needham,	Taylor,
Conway,	Kornick,	Olsen,	Toll,
Corr,	Kubacki,	Penglase,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Lederer,	Peta,	Verona,
Dougherty,	Leven,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Filip,	Limper,	Pettigrew,	Welsh,
Filo,	Lopresti,	Pfaff,	Westrick,
Gaffney,	Lovett,	Polaski,	Wheeler,
Good,	Lutty,	Polen,	Williams,
Guarnieri,	Maxwell,	Readinger,	Yester,
Hagerty,	McDermit,	Reidenbach,	Yetzer,
Hamilton, R. K.,	McGee,	Rose,	

NOT VOTING—15

Bomberger,	Greenwood,	Leonard, L.,	Reese,
Duffy,	Gutendorf,	Loftus,	Swope,
Fenrich,	Haudenshield,	Najaka,	Wood,
Flack,	Hersch,	Price, R. A.,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 361, as follows:

An Act to further amend section 6 of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" by further regulating the manner of sentencing of convicts in certain cases

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1 Section 6 of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1055) entitled "An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" as amended by the act approved the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred twenty-thre (P. L. 975) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 6 Whenever any person cinvicted in any court of this Commonwealth of any crime punishable by imprisonment in a State penitentiary shall be sentenced to imprisonment therefor in any penitentiary or other institution of this State or in any county or municipal institution the court instead of pronouncing upon such convict a definite or fixed term of imprisonment shall pronounce upon such convict a sentence of imprisonment for an indefinite term Stating in such sentence the minimum and maximum limits thereof and the maximum limit shall never exceed the maximum time now or hereafter prescribed as a penalty for such offense and the minimum limit shall never exceed one-half of the maximum sentence prescribed by any court

Whenever any person is cinvicted of any crime punishable by simple imprisonment the court may in its discretion pronounce a sentence either for a fixed term or for an indefinite term as may seem proper under the circumstances of the case but in no case to exceed the maximum term prescribed by law as a penalty for such offense.

Provided That nothing herein contained shall be construed to derogate from the power of the judges of the courts of quarter sessions and of the courts of oyer and terminer or other court of record having jurisdiction of the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth after due inquiry to release on parole any convict cinfined in the county jail house of correction or workhouse of their respective districts as provided in section one of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (P. L. 1059) entitled "An act extending the powers of judges of courts of quarter sessions and of oyer and terminer in relation to releasing prisoners in jails and workhouses on parole" its amendments and supplements And provided further That no person sentenced for an indeterminate term shall be entitled to any benefits under the act entitled "An act providing for the commutation of sentences for good behavior of convicts in prisons penitentiaries workhouses and county jails in this State and regulations governing the same" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And provided further That before any parole shall be granted pursuant to the terms hereof notice of an intention so to do shall be given at least ten days prior thereto by the board of prison inspectors to the judge of the county who imposed the sentence if he be still in office but otherwise to the judge or judges of the court of oyer and terminer or the court of quarter sessions then in session or if there be no current term then the next ensuing term thereof and having jurisdiction of cases of the like character Similar notice shall also be given to the district attorney then in office in said county

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, once again I rise to register simply a personal opinion. I am not speaking for any caucus or any party.

I believe this is a bill that has not been properly considered—incidentally I do not often rise in defense of the courts—but this bill to my mind, transfers to the Parole Board, functions that should continue to be resident in the courts.

Over recent years, as I have been permitted to survey the situation, the powers and functions of the Parole Board have been slowly increasing. And to my mind, this is another step in the direction of increasing the powers of the Parole Board at the expense of the powers that should be resident in the courts. While I do not intend to protract the discussion at all, I simply register that as my personal conviction.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. Speaker, I do not propose to get into any protracted discussion on this myself. However, the purpose of this bill is to do just the contrary of what the Minority Leader speaks.

At the present time the courts have no power in cases where imprisonment is in the county jails or workhouses, which is considered as simple imprisonment as compared to imprisonment in the penitentiaries and have no power to sentence except upon a fixed term. They have no power to fix minimum and maximum sentences and because of that, they have run into serious conflicts with the Parole Board and they have run into serious conflict in Pennsylvania to keep control of their prisoners.

This bill is designed, in those cases where a person is sentenced to either a county jail or a workhouse, so that the court can fix a minimum sentence and on his own motion then, if he want to, or under the law at the end of the minimum term, to parole him and keep him under the supervision of the court rather than to have that supervision transferred to the Parole Board.

Although this is done in many cases throughout the state today, the question was raised on a very serious offense where a minimum and maximum term had been fixed on a sentence to a workhouse. The result of it was that the prisoner was discharged because of defectiveness of the sentence.

We are trying to correct it so the court can keep control of the defendants instead of transferring them to the Parole Board.

Mr. ANDREWS. My personal attorney, the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Lopresti, has just informed me that the gentleman from Cameron is right and that I am wrong. I have great faith in the legal acumen of the gentleman from Cambria, and when the gentleman from Cameron and the gentleman from Cambria both say I am wrong, why I guess I am wrong; and so I will have to vote for the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, as follows:

An Act to further amend Sections 2562 and 2564 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions

applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by changing the provisions for payments by districts for pupils attending in other districts

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 2562 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" as amended by the act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1365) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2562 Payments by Districts for Pupils Attending in Other Districts For each elemenetary or high school pupil attending a public school of another district the receiving district shall bill the sending district and the sending district shall pay the amount of the tuition charge per elementary pupil or the tuition charge per high school pupil as the case may be In the case of pupils attending the receiving district's public schools for less than a full school term the tuition charge per elementary or high school pupil shall be prorated by reference to the period of time over which such pupils actually attended the receiving district's schools

For each vocational or other extension education pupil attending an extension class of another district the receiving district shall bill the sending district if the attendance is previously approved by the sending district and the sending district shall pay the vocational or other extension tuition charge per pupil hour of instruction for each hour of attendance of each such pupil

Nothing herein shall prohibit the payment of a tuition for vocational or other extension pupils by a non-resident adult pupil sponsoring agency or employer

Section 2 Section 2564 of said act as last amended by the acts approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 678) and the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1365) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2564 Deductions from State Appropriations If any school district wherein a pupil resides who is entitled by law to attend an elementary school or a high school or an extension class for which extension class tuition has been approved by the sending district in another district neglects or refuses to pay any such tuition charge or sewer charge or sewer rental the Superintendent of Public Instruction is authorized to deduct from any moneys due any such district out of any State appropriation the amount due from such district to the district where the pupil attends and pay over said sum to the district entitled thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 538, as follows:

An Act to amend section 1154 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing for the payment of salaries of professional and temporary professional employes in cases of sickness or death

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 1154 of the act approved the tenth day of March one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools amending revising consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" as last amended by the act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 807) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1154 Payment of Salaries in Cases of Sickness or Death

(a) In any school year whenever a professional or temporary professional employe is prevented by illness or phyisical incapacity from following his or her occupation the school district shall pay to said [professional] employe for each day of absence the full salary to which the [professional] employe may be entitled as if said employe were actually engaged in the performance of duty for a period of five days Such leave shall be cumu-

lative from year to year but shall not exceed twenty (20) days leave with full pay in any one year

Whenever the boards of school directors of two or more school districts may establish any joint elementary public school high school or department or whenever two or more school districts shall merge or form a union school district the professional or temporary professional employes employed by the several boards of school directors establishing such joint school or department or merged or union school district shall be entitled to the sick leave accumulated in the individual school districts subsequently establishing such joint school or department or merged or union school district

The board of school directors shall require the [professional] employe to furnish a certificate from a physician or other practitioner certifying that said [professional] employe was unable to perform his or her duties during the period of absence for which compensation is required to be paid under this section

(b) Whenever a professional or temporary professional employe shall be absent from duty because of a death in the immediate family of said employe there shall be no deduction in salary of said employe for an absence not in excess of three school days The board of school directors may extend the period of absence with pay in its discretion as the exigencies of the case may warrant Members of the immediate family shall be defined as father mother sister son dapghter husband wife parent-in-law or near relative who resides in the same household or any person with whom the [professional] employe has made his home

(c) Whenever a professional or temporary professional employe is absent because of the death of a near relative there shall be no deduction in the salary of said employe for absence on the day of the funeral The board of school directors may extend the period of absence with pay in its discretion as the exigencies of the case may warrant A near relative shall be defined as first cousin grandfather grandmother aunt uncle niece nephew brother-in-law or sister-in-law

(d) All compensation required to be paid under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the [professional] employe in the same manner and at the said time said employe would have received his salary if actually engaged in the performance of his duties

(e) An board of school directors may adopt rules or regulations pertaining to the payment of salaries of [professional] employes when absent from duty extending the period of leave with pay in excess of that herein provided or authorizing leaves with pay for other purposes This act is not intended to repeal any rule or regulation of any board of school directors now in effect which does provide for such additional compensation or additional period of leave with pay

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, R. A.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madigan,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Markley,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Madden,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act providing a method for the reestablishment of townships of the first class from any city to which they have been annexed and regulating the proceedings pertaining thereto and reestablishing the same as separate school districts

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SEYLER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate one of the sponsors of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Robertson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ROBERTSON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SEYLER. I would like to ask the gentleman, the purpose of the bill.

As I understand it, it is to provide a procedure by which the township which has been admitted to a city, during a period of ten years can withdraw from the city. Is that substantially correct?

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman, that is correct.

Mr. SEYLER. I understand from the bill that the pro-

cedure provides that after the proper petition has been made and has been placed on the ballot, only the citizens of the city who are former members of the township involved will be permitted to vote on the proposal. Is that substantially correct?

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman, the bill states that those voters who are residents of that part of the city which was the original township are eligible to vote.

Mr. SEYLER. In other words, Mr. Speaker, I take it that that means that only those people residing in the former townships and now a part of the city.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is correct in that statement.

Mr. SEYLER. Then I ask the gentleman, Mr. Speaker, to refer to Page 6 of the Bill. On Page 6, Section 10, line 19, I read as follows:

> "All bonded indebtedness of such township as of date of annexation shall be the debt of such township as of the date of its reestablishment as a township."

And now the following passage I am particularly interested in:

> "And the township shall not be liable for any part of the bonded indebtedness of such city existing prior to its annexation."

The question I would like to ask, Mr. Speaker, is this: Will the township, after its secession, be liable for any part of the bonded indebtedness of such city made during the ten year or less period when the township was part of the city?

Mr. ROBERTSON. I believe, Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman will refer to Section 10, the following words on Page 7, lines 2 and 3

> "And the township shall not be liable for any part of the bonded indebtedness of such city existing prior to the annexation to such city."

The bill itself does not speak of any bonded indebtedness of the city during the period when the township was a part of the city. That should be left to the discretion of the court ordering the vote under the petition, and you will see that the requirements of the petition state that that particular question shall be taken up and the court informed of the various and sundry parts of the bonded indebtedness of the two separate subdivisions.

Mr. SEYLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask the gentleman to cast his memory back to the events of the last session of Legislature. I ask him whether he remembers House Bill 321. And I will read the title to the Bill to refresh the gentleman's memory.

> "An act requiring the consent of the electors of a township when such township or any part thereof is to be annexed to a contiguous borough." Does the gentleman recall that bill?

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I do not recall that particular bill.

Mr. SEYLER. Mr. Speaker, the vote in the House was 126 to 60 in favor of that bill and the gentleman is recorded as voting "aye."

Another bill, Senate Bill 44, which before the House during that session was a bill requiring the consent of the electors of any political subdivision "when such political subdivision or any part thereof is to be annexed by a city of the first class," and for the information of the gentleman, the vote on that measure was 204 to 0. Does the gentleman recall that bill?

Mr. ROBERTSON. That bill I very definitely do recall.

Mr. SEYLER. And then thirdly, Mr. Speaker, I ask the gentleman if he recalls House Bill 19 introduced in the last session of the Legislature?

Mr. ROBERTSON. That was the same bill as Senate Bill 44, if I am not mistaken.

Mr. SEYLER. That is correct. And does the gentleman recall he was the sponsor of that bill?

Mr. ROBERTSON. I certainly do.

Mr. SEYLER. Now, Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for his answers.

All of those bills, Mr. Speaker, contain the principle that in any case of secession, or the withdrawing of one part of a political subdivision, it established the principle that all of the citizens of that political subdivision were involved and should, therefore, have some control over the withdrawing or the secession of a part of that from the whole. I submit that the same principle that in those bills is involved in this bill.

This bill proposes that a part of a city established in conformance with the law, which means that all the members of the township involved voted and they were admitted to the city, may secede. Having become part of the city, this bill proposes that they can withdraw from that city without a vote of the whole city, but with the vote of only a part. If it was right and proper at the last session for the gentleman and the other Members of this House to vote that in a case of secession, the vote should be taken of all of the members of the political subdivision in those townships, why is it not just as fitting and proper that in this session we should hold to that principle? The gentleman who voted for that principle last year regarding townships, cannot logically vote for the principle this year and say that in the case of a city, if one part wishes to withdraw, it should involve the vote of all the members of that part.

I have heard that this bill involves a local political dispute in one of our towns. I have no wish to enter into that phase of it, nor do I wish to remark on the ethics or the propriety of referring such a question to this Legislature.

There was a time, I believe, in the history of Pennsylvania, way back when it was quite proper to come to the Legislature and ask for a special enactment to take care of a local political situation; but the makers of our present Constitution found that inadvisable and established the principle that we should not settle local disputes by special legislation. Whether this is an attempt to get around such a provision of the Constitution I do not know, but what I am concerned with is the general effect of this legislation upon the whole state and upon the cities, primarily, because this bill deals with cities.

But the principle can be carried further and applied to boroughs or similar situations. If we are going to allow political subdivisions,—this only refers to first class townships—if we are going to allow them to come into a larger political subdivision by their own choice, stay in for a short time and then withdraw, we are establishing a principle which to my mind is a very dangerous one.

I ask you to consider the predicament of a city. A city is a large organism. It is not merely a bunch of people

or a territorial item; it is an organism set up for a specific purpose, to take care of certain problems of its citizens; sewage, garbage disposal, police, firemen, and so on. When they provide for that, they contract certain indebtedness to take care of it.

Now, for example, let us suppose that this bill is passed, a township comes into the city by its own choice; the city proceeds to make provision for the acceptance of that township. It builds, let us say, a sewage plant because the old one is inadequate with the addition of the new territory. Let us say that the township decides to withdraw, it proceeds under this bill to withdraw; the city is left definitely holding the bag, saddled with a sewage system or disposal system or whatever it is which it no longer needs in its entirety, and you cannot divide a sewage system in half and say let the township take half of it along. That is impossible. You have established something for an organic whole. The city to my mind is an organism. The same principle was applied quite a while ago with regard to our nation. The colonists joined and formed one nation; other states came into it. The question is, were they able to withdraw? Well, not by a vote of just the members of the state that wanted to withdraw. We fought a civil war to establish that principle.

It seems to me something of the same sort applies here. When you have established a political subdivision and it acts to meet its problems, it is no longer possible for one small part which came in voluntarily, of its own will, to withdraw and leave the larger political subdivision holding the bag.

I submit that we should vote on this, not as a matter of partisanship, not to clear up a local political issue, but we should vote on it as a matter of principle, and with the full view as to what this will mean to the cities and later on the boroughs and the townships themselves, in regard to this important problem of annexation.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I have just a few observations to make following the gentleman's talk.

First of all the gentleman spoke about sewage systems, water systems and items of that type, and I think the gentleman knows as well as all of us here know that there are a lot of presently existing sewer authorities and water authorities in this State which go beyond the municipal subdivision line.

I think the gentleman also knows and we know that those particular items are paid for by sewer rental and by water rental. So if the mere fact that you might have a sewage system which has been installed by a city, and I am not exactly certain that that is in the question here, the city will not be saddled by it for the simple reason that the sewer rentals and the water rentals will still go on.

The gentleman also brought your attention to the fact that this may be a change of a theory of good legislative practice which was installed in this Legislature last session. Along that line I would like to point out to the gentleman that the fact still remains that the contiguous group of the township, the former township that now wishes to secede is still the group which votes on it. They are the group that determines its own policies and its own future and I submit there is no change whatsoever as far as this situation is concerned.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor of this bill to how many communities this bill, if enacted, would apply?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Robertson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ROBERTSON. I shall, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. ANDREWS. I have asked the question; I think the gentleman heard the question.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, as I understand the question of the gentleman from Cambria it is, to how many particuluar situations would this apply at the present time—is that the question?

Mr. ANDREWS. That is the question.

Mr. ROBERTSON. As far as I know, Mr. Speaker, of my own personal knowledge there is none at the present time, of my own personal knowledge.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, then the gentleman is not in a position to assure us how many cities would be dismembered if this bill were passed.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, as far as I know now there is only one city of any of the three classes which has annexed an entire township, and I believe that is the City of Scranton.

Mr. ANDREWS. Is this bill proposed in the interest of a Scranton situation?

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I would rather have the co-sponsor of the bill answer that because he comes from that particular territory.

The SPEAKER. Mr. Robertson yields to the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Spencer.

Mr. SPENCER. Mr. Speaker, in answer to that question I was asked by a group of former residents of former townships to present this bill.

Mr. ANDREWS. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Speaker, we have, thanks to the gentleman, been able to localize this particular dispute. We localize it but we do not know whether some other city or how many other cities might be adversely affected.

I have no record here as to the townships that have been absorbed by cities and I think that before we prescribe a formula for secession, a formula for disrupting municipalities we ought to know how wide the range of our shooting is going to be.

The gentleman has referred to sewage disposal plants and all that sort of thing. What he says about that is true, but under his proposal, to township lacking roads, lacking streets, lacking alleys, could come into a city, get its alleys improved, get its streets improved, secure other improvements and say to the city as a whole "Thank you gentlemen, thank you very much. The time has now come when we think it would be well to secede."

Aside from that, I think this bill should at least go over until all the Members of the House have satisfied themselves that it does not apply to their own local situation.

The SPEAKER. Do the sponsors of this bill have any objection to its being passed over temporarily?

Mr. ROBERTSON. None, Mr. Speaker.

BILL PASSED OVER

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will withdraw its decision as to this bill having been agreed too on third reading, and the bill will be passed over. The Chair hears none, and the bill is passed over.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 18, as follows:

An Act to amend Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally reveice compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and prodiving penalties" by extending the time during which applications may be filed for veterans' compensation

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pen sylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Section 5 of the act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred forty-seven (P. L. 565) entitled "An act providing compensation to certain persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States or of any of her allies during World War II providing the method of making payment to representatives of persons who because of death or incapacity cannot personally receive compensation imposing certain duties on the Adjutant General making an appropriation and providing penalties" ies hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 Application for Compensation Applications for compensation shall be made to the Adjutant General not they have applied for or received a bonus gratuity or on such forms and in such manner as he shall prescribe

Applicants shall state on their application whether or compensation of a nature similar to that provided for by this act from any other state in the union

All aplications shall be made (1) personally by the veteran or (2) in case of death or mental incompetency preventing the making of a personal application then by such representative of the veteran as the Adjutant General shall by regulation prescribe An application made by a representative other than one authorized by such regulation shall be held void

The Adjutant General shall not accept or consider any application filed with him after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred [fifty] fifty-two

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boles,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Komyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

Senate Bill No. 77, Printer's No. 99

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, as follows:

An Act to further amend Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approvel the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or persons and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" by further regulating the names of bank and trust companies

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows

Section 1 Subsection A of Section 201 of the act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine

hundred thirty-three (P. L. 624) entitled as amended "An act relating to the business of banking and to the exercise of fiduciary powers by corporations providing for the organization of corporations with fiduciary powers and of banking corporations with or without fiduciary powers including the conversion of National banks into State banks and for the licensing of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations defining the rights powers duties liabilities and immunities of such corporations of existent corporations authorized to engage in a banking business with or without fiduciary powers of private bankers and employes' mutual banking associations and of the officers directors trustees shareholders attorneys and other employes of all such corporations employes' mutual banking associations or private bankers or of affiliated corporations associations or persons restricting the exercise of banking powers by any other corporation association or person and of fiduciary powers by any other corporation conferring powers and imposing duties upon the courts prothonotaries recorders of deeds and certain State departments commissions and officers imposing penalties and repealing certain acts and parts of acts" as last amended by the act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 1227) is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 201 Institution Name Change of Name A The name of an institution may be in any language but it shall be expressed in English letters or characters In the case of a bank it shall contain in English the word "bank" or "banking" in the case of a bank and trust company the words "bank" and "trust" or "bank and trust company" or "company for banking and trusts" in the case of a trust company the words "trust company" or "company for trusts" in the case of a savings bank the words "mutual savings bank" in the case of a private bank the words "private bank" or "unincorporated bank" and in the case of an employes' mutual banking association the words "employes' mutual" The name of a bank or private bank shall not contain the words "trust" or "savings" and the name of a savings bank shall not contain the word "trust" The name of an institution shall not contain any word which may deceptively lead to the conclusion that it is authorized to perform any act or conduct any business which is forbidden to it by law by its charter or otherwise The name of an institution shall not contain the words "Government" "Official" "Federal" "National" "United States" or abbreviations thereof

The name of an institution shall not be the same as or deceptively similar to that of any other corporation authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth or the name of any unincorporated body whatsoever voluntarily registered with the Department of State under any act unless such other corporation or unincorporated body is about to change its name or to cease doing business or is being wound up or in the case of a foreign corporation is about to withdraw from doing business in this Commonwealth and the written consent of such other corporation or unincorporated body to the adoption of its name or a deceptively similar name has been given and is filed with the Department of State and with the Department of Banking

Section 2 The provisions of this act shall become effectively immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—207

Amarando,	Goodling,	Maxwell,	Royer,
Andrews,	Graybill,	Mazza,	Rubin,
Banker,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Sarraf,
Barkdoll,	Greer,	McCormack,	Sax,
Baumunk,	Guarnieri,	McCullough,	Scanlon,
Bear,	Gutendorf,	McDermit,	Schmidt,
Beaver,	Guthrie,	McGee,	Schuster,
Beech,	Hagerty,	McInroy,	Scott,
Berkstresser,	Hall,	McKinney,	Seyler,
Blair,	Hamilton, R. K.,	McMillen,	Shoemaker,
Bloom,	Hamilton, W. H.,	McNally,	Shotwell,
Boies,	Harney,	Metz,	Smith,
Bolton,	Haudenshield,	Mihm,	Snider,
Bomberger,	Headlee,	Mikula,	Sollenberger,
Boorse,	Helm,	Miller, H. G.,	Spencer,
Bower,	Hersch,	Miller, J. C.,	Stank,
Breisch,	Hewitt,	Mills,	Stimmel,
Breth,	Hocker,	Mintess,	Stoner,
Brown,	Hoggard,	Monroe,	Swartz,
Bucchin,	Hunter,	Moore, C. E.,	Swope,
Byrne,	Jenkins,	Moore, H. A.,	Tahl,
Cella,	Johnson,	Moran,	Taylor,
Clapper,	Jones, G. E.,	Muldowney,	Thompson, E. F.,
Clendening,	Jones, J. M.,	Munley,	Thompson, R. L.,
Cochran,	Jones, P. F.,	Murray,	Toll,
Conway,	Jones, T. H. W.,	Musto,	Tompkins,
Cooper,	Jump,	Najaka,	Toomey,
Corr,	Kamyk,	Naugle,	VanSant,
Costa,	Keller,	Needham,	Varallo,
Coyle,	Kent,	Olsen,	Varner,
Dalrymple,	Kline,	Penglase,	Verona,
Davis,	Kohl,	Peta,	Wachhaus,
Dennison,	Kolankiewicz,	Petrosky,	Wargo,
Dougherty,	Kornick,	Pettigrew,	Waterhouse,
Dowling,	Kratz,	Pfaff,	Watkins,
DuBois,	Kubacki,	Pichney,	Weidner,
Duffy,	Lafore,	Pitzer,	Welsh,
Dunn,	Lederer,	Polaski,	Wescott,
Erb,	Leisey,	Polen,	Westrick,
Ewing,	Leonard, L.,	Price, H. W. Jr.,	Whalley,
Fenrich,	Leonard, W. C.,	Price, R. A.,	Wheeler,
Ferster,	Leven,	Readinger,	White,
Filip,	Light,	Reagan,	Williams,
Filo,	Limper,	Reese,	Wilt,
Firmstone,	Loftus,	Reidenbach,	Wood,
Flack,	Lopresti,	Reilly, J. M.,	Yeakel,
Frost,	Lovett,	Rigby,	Yester,
Gaffney,	Lutty,	Riley, R. L.,	Yetzer,
Geer,	Lyons,	Robertson,	Young,
Gibson,	Madden,	Rose,	Ziegler,
Gleason,	Madigan,	Rosen,	Sorg,
Good,	Markley,	Rovansek,	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House of Representatives has passed the same without amendment.

BILL PASSED OVER

There being no objection,

Senate Bill No. 237, Printer's No. 75

was passed over at the request of the SPEAKER.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. ANDREWS asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, once again I am compelled to take a purely personal position.

I notice in the budget that, as far as the Members of this House are concerned, there is no provision made for any additional compensation. We are having tax bills come into our lap and we will have salary boosters come into our lap. All that I can do about that, as I said, Mr. Speaker, is to take a purely personal position.

My personal position is this: that until we have cleared our thinking as to whether or not we are going to increase the compensation of Members of this House in the

future and whether we are going to make any provision for an increase in expense accounts during this session, until we have clarified that situation, my individual, personal protest, will be a motion to place every salary raiser on the postponed calendar and to place the tax measures on the postponed calendar.

We have for twenty years evaded the matter of whether or not Members of this House shall be adequately paid. I have proposed and placed in the keeping of the Majority leader as trustee a bill which would increase the salaries of future Members of the House to $5 thousand.

I have also committed into the keeping of that mausoleum known as the Rules Committee, that tomb from which none emerge, that receptacle into which apparently there is no Lazarus; with no one even if Lazarus were there, having the power to say: "Lazarus, come forth!"

I have another bill pending providing for annual sessions. I think there is merit in the proposal for annual sessions. I think there is merit in the proposal that the salaried compensation of the Members of this Assembly be increased. As a personal position, and I do not suppose that anybody other than myself will pay any attention to the motion, I propose every time a salary increase for anybody comes before this House, to move that it be placed upon the postponed calendar until we have solved our own problem.

I also propose to move that tax measures be placed upon the postponed calendar until we have faced the issue of whether or not we should get the annual session and whether or not we actually think we should have increased compensation and have the courage to take that sort of a stand.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I rather hesitate to stand up after hearing the applause on our side of the House. In fact if I did not have this microphone in front of me, I might have joined in with some of the applause, believe me.

I fear that I am placed in the position of the little boy who wants the penny and also wants the cake. The gentleman rather embarrassed me just a couple weeks ago by asking when the tax measures will be brought into the House. I would hesitate to put them on the postponed calendar now that they are in the House, Mr. Speaker.

As far as compensation is concerned, well, I think probably I could agree with the gentleman just the same as every Member on this side of the Houes. I feel that our compensation is not adequate for the services we perform.

I hope he does not put my desk in the same position as the Rules Committee as being a mausoleum. I still have trusteeship of the bill. The only trouble that I have had is in deciding which of the 120 Members are going to sponsor it on our side. I have to fight my way every morning into my office, because the sponsors are numerous, believe me.

As far as annual sessions are concerned, I will gladly agree with him on that. I think the Governor has agreed on that and the Governor is supporting that type of legislation.

I feel again that the tax measures should be on the calendar and should roll, but I do feel that when the compensation bill comes up for the Members, he will have numerous sponsors, as I have assured him before, on this side of the House. I agree with him wholeheartedly on that.

PERMISSION TO ADD ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Mr. PFAFF asked and obtained unanimous consent to add additional sponsors to a bill to be introduced by him.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS HOUSE

Mr. FILO asked and obtained unanimous consent to address the House.

Mr. Speaker, after that beautiful description of the Rules Committee that our Minority Leader gave just a minute ago, I can see where I am going to be a hopeless case. But I do want to bring to the attention of the House Resolution No. 20, Serial No. 29, which was introduced in the House on March 14th.

I know I do not read very many non-privileged resolutions and I do not think a lot of other Members do; but this is a matter of concern to all of us. On March 5th, in one of the leading newspapers in the city of Pittsburgh, a homesick mountaineer wrote a letter to the paper stating that the women of Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania, when compared to those of his home State, West Virginia, looked like hags and witches. I think this august body of the Legislature does not agree with that man.

This resolution that I put into the House describes the women of Pennsylvania adequately, and I think we all believe that the women in Pennsylvania are as beautiful, if not more beautiful, than in any other state in the Nation, and may I add especially when you return home tomorrow night or tonight.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 849.

An Act abolishing the Department of Commerce and the office of the Secretary of Commerce; transferring their powers and duties, the Pennsylvania Aeronuatics Commission and the State Planning Board to the Department of Internal Affairs; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Internal Affairs and the Secretary of Internal Affairs and making the Secretary of Internal Affairs a member, ex officio, of the State Planning Board and Chairman of the Pennsylvania Aeronautics Commission.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. CLENDENING. HOUSE BILL No. 850.

An Act to amend Section 2001 of the act, approved the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by changing the name of the Cheyney Training School for Teachers.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By. Mr. CLENDENING. HOUSE BILL No. 851.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), enttiled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administration work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, an dofficers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teaechers Colleges;

abolishing, creating, reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor an dother executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards,, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers, and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by changing the name of the Cheyney Training School for Teachers.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. DOWLING and ZIEGLER.

HOUSE BILL No. 852.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 129), entitled "An act authorizing and empowering the court of common pleas of the several counties of this Commonwealth to change, alter and direct the mode of preparing and keeping indices in the several offices of record in said counties, and for preparing, making and substituting new indices for old indices or parts thereof," by requiring the Recorder of Deeds to collect additional fees when records are reindexed pursuane to order of court and imposing duties on the county commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. CLAPPER. HOUSE BILL No. 853.

An Act to amend two thousand five hundred eighteen of the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto" by providing forfeitures from state appropriations to school districts for employing teachers holding emergency certification.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. MIKULA and FLACK.

HOUSE BILL No. 854.

An Act to further amend clause (17) of subdivision (4) of subsection (1) of section four of the act approved the fifth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-six ,1937 P. L. 2897) entitled "An act establishing a system of unemployment compensation to be administered by the Department of Labor and Industry and its existing and newly created agencies with personnel (with certain exceptions) selected on a civil service basis requiring employers to keep records and make reports and certain employers to pay contributions based on payrolls to provide moneys for the payment of compensation to certain unemployed persons providing procedure and administrative details for the determination payment and collection of such contributions and the payment of such compensation providing for cooperation with the Federal Government and its agencies creating certain special funds in the custody of the State Treasurer and prescribing penalties" including services of industrial insurance agents within the definition of employment.

Referred to the Committee on Workmen's Compensation.

By Messrs. WATERHOUSE and SHOEMAKER.

HOUSE BILL No. 855.

An Act to further amend the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (1933-34, P. L. 15), entitled, as amended "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and use of alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties," by permitting the sale and possession of wine in packages not bearing the official seal of the board.

Referred to the Committee on Liquor Control.

By Messrs. REIDENBACH and ROBERT A. PRICE.

HOUSE BILL No. 856.

An Act to add Section 107.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30) entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicablbe as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," by providing for the payment of compensation to all employes of school districts in monthly or semi-monthly instalments.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Messrs. REIDENBACH and ROBERT A. PRICE.

HOUSE BILL No. 857.

A Supplement to the act, approved the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 1643), entitled "An act relating to the collection of city, county, school and poor taxes within the territoriral limits of cities of the second class A; establishing the office of collector of taxes therein; defining its duties and powers; changing the powers of and imposing duties upon cities of the second class A, counties, school districts and poor districts, and the officers thereof; and imposing penalties," by providing for the appointment, removal and reduction of employes of the office of collector of taxes in cities of the second class A; establishing a civil service commission and prescribing its powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Messrs. REIDENBACH and ROBERT A. PRICE.

HOUSE BILL No. 858.

An Act to reenact and amend the title of and the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (P. L. 1192), entitled "An act affecting anthracite coal mines and operations; establishing the Pennsylvania State Anthracite Mine Cave Commission; defining its jurisdiction and powers; imposing duties upon owners and operators of anthracite coal mines; and imposing penalties," by further providing for the establishment, jurisdiction and powers of the commission; imposing further duties on such owners and operators and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Messrs. READINGER and KUBACKI.

HOUSE BILL No. 859.

An Act to amend the act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one (P. L. 932), entitled "An act relating to cities of the third class; and amending, revising and consolidating the law relating therto," by making drivers of fire-fighting apparatus or ambulances for certain volunteer fire companies eligible to the city pension fund.

Referred to the Committee on Cities—Third Class.

By Mr. READINGER. HOUSE BILL No. 860.

An Act concerning devices, bequests or gifts in trust for the care and maintenance of cemeteries, burial grounds, or cemetery lots; trustees and substituted trustees thereof; sureties of said trustees; the investment of such trust funds; accounts of said trustees; approving actions and proceedings prior to this act, and repealing conflicting laws.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. WILT. HOUSE BILL No. 861.

An Act to further amend Section 301 of the act, approved the ninth day of Aprirl, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine (P. L. 177), entitled "An act providing for and reorganizing the conduct of the executive and administrative work of the Commonwealth by the Executive Department thereof and the administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers thereof, including the boards of trustees of State Normal Schools, or Teachers Colleges; abolishing, creating reorganizing or authorizing the reorganization of certain administrative departments, boards, and commissions; defining the powers and duties of the Governor and other executive and administrative officers, and of the several administrative departments, boards, commissions, and officers; fixing the salaries of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and certain other executive and administrative officers; providing for the appointment of certain administrative officers and of all deputies and other assistants and employes in certain departments, boards, and commissions; and prescribing the manner in which the number and compensation of the deputies and all other assistants and employes of certain departments, boards and commissions shall be determined," by further providing for the term of office of president of the Game Commission.

Referred to the Committee of Game and Forestry.

By Mr. McCULLOUGH. HOUSE BILL No. 862.

An Act to add Section 510.1 to the act, approved the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (P. L. 30), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relatingn thereto," by authorizing school directors of school districts in townships of the second class to appoint special school police and defining the power and duties of such police.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. WEIDNER.

(Concurrent)) RESOLUTION No. 26.

In the House of Representatives, March 28, 1951.

As a part of the platform on which he was elected Governor of this Commonwealth, the Honorable James James H. Duff pledged the eradication of pollution in the Schuylkill River.

He lived up to his promise during his governorship by advocating the necessary legislation and insisting upon expeditious administration with the result that by the end of his term, the greater portion of the project was completed—in spite of the many other increased and additional demands for and upon State funds in general and post-war construction in particular.

His vision and courage in fostering this program will have a longlasting effect on the health and welfare of the public and on the beauty and conservation of the natural resources of our richly endowed Commonwealth; now therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the first dam completed as a part of the Schuylkill River project, located in Tilden and Windsor Townships, Berks County, shall be designated as the James H. Duff Dm; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Forests and Waters shall erect suitable tablets or markers to perpetuate this rqesolution.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. ERB from the Committee on Counties, reported as committed, House Bill No. 252, entitled:

An Act to amend Section 605 of the act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (P. L. 571), entitled "An act relating to assessments for taxation in counties of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes; designating the subjects, property and persons subject to and exempt from taxation for county, borough, town, township, school, except in cities and county institution district purposes; and providing for and regulating the assessment and valuation thereof for such purposes; creating in each such county a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; defining the powers and duties of such boards; providing for the acceptance of this act by cities; regulating the office of ward, borough, town and township assessors; abolishing the office of assistant triennial assessor in townships of the first class; providing for the appointment of a chief assessor, assistant assessors and other employes; providing for their compensation payable by uch counties; prescribing certain duties of and certain fees to be collected by the recorder of deeds; and eliminating the triennial assessment," by requiring the recorder's record of conveyances to contain complete post office addresses of grantees.

RESOLUTION

CONGRATULATIONS

Messrs. BLOOM, ROBERTSON and WILLIAM C. LEONARD offered a resolution which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 28, 1951.

During the past five years, Bob Clendening has served his county, his State, and his country well. As a Member of the Legislature, his time and talent have been aptly applied to the solution of many problems. As the father of an expanding family, he has given five children to his community.

The family group has long been recognized as a basic building stone in our American pattern of living. And anyone who fashions this stone in a rugged mold of expansiveness, contributes greatly to the intrinsic strength and wealth of his country. Hence, the five Clendening additions to the human resources of their community become not noly potential agents for creative activity, but are factors for the expression of sound citizenship and the amenities of a full life.

It is significant that Bob Clendening, who professes a lively idealism in his views of our American mores, performs mightily to transform these concepts into living realities. More than passing attention should be given to Bob's fait accomplis—five children in five years—a rec-

ord of achievement that arouses envy and stirs admiration and implies a rigorous home discipline in timing and accuracy; therefore be it

Resolved, That this House of Representatives announce its unrepressed joy at the arrival of a fifth child—a seven pound two ounce boy, John Harry—into the home of the Clendenings, and offer its devout prayer that Mrs. Clendening and her son will prosper well; and be it further

Resolved, That this House express the hope that the chain reaction of blessed events will run unbroken for many years in the House of Clendening; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to Mrs. Clendening at the Delaware County Hospital.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. BLOOM. Mr. Speaker, in the mailbox of each of the Members they will find a cigar, the best available cigar; and to the ladies, a package of cigarettes. This was sent to the House by young John, and the cigars and the cigarettes carry with them the profound esteem and respect which John and the entire quintet have for the colleagues of Bob Clendening.

Young John, when the third child was born during the last session, when a cigar was presented to the Minority Leader, expressed some concern because of his lack of enjoyment of cigars,—so the youngsters told brother John, and today John, because of the lofty ideals of the Minority Leader, and the velvety tongue in which he expresses himself has sent to the Minority Leader five cans of Prince Albert and Velvet tobacco.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I arise to express my appreciation to John, all his brothers and sisters and to his happy parents.

Mr. FILO. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman that had the baby was overly generous with his contribution to the Minority Leader. God help us if we are all going to be tobacco smokers. Later on it is going to be a liability to have babies.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was unanimously adopted.

The SPEAKER. The chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Clendening.

Mr. CLENDENING. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of my wife, my family and myself, I would like to express my appreciation for the time taken today from our busy session to give recognition to our happy home event.

It would seem that up to this point in the session we are establishing a precedent for some sort of rule on parental or maternal procedure which has caused me some concern. We have provided cigars for the gentlemen, we have provided cigarettes for the ladies, smoking tobacco for the pipe-smokers. I am still a little bit concerned about the ladies. Whether that is appropriate or not under the rules. Therefore, I would like to suggest that following the session, if they have any suggestions that would be more appropriate to the occasion, I would certainly like to hear about them to rectify any inappropriate action taken up to this time.

Mr. SPEAKER. The Chair can well understand the reason for asking for such advice.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. CARR. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Thursday, March 29, 1951 at 10:00 a. m.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3:17 p. m.) the House adjourned.

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